

STATE OF MAINE

REPORT

OF THE

ATTORNEY GENERAL

for the calendar years 1951 - 1954

incorporated by the legislature, which could make it a body politic and a political subdivision of the State.

ROGER A. PUTNAM Assistant Attorney General

October 22, 1953

To Harold A. Pooler, M. D., Superintendent, Bangor State Hospital Re: Transfer of Patients to Veterans' Hospital

This is in answer to your inquiry of yesterday relative to the transfer of patients from your institution to the Veterans Administration hospital at Togus.

A search of the statutes discloses that subparagraph III of Section 18 of Chapter 230 of the Public Laws of 1949, known as The Uniform Veterans' Guardianship Act, provides that under certain conditions a patient at a State institution may be transferred for care and treatment to an agency of the United States or, more specifically the Veterans' Administration. This statute provides that upon effecting any such transfer the committing court or proper officer thereof shall be notified thereof by the transferring agency. The transferring agency in this instance would be the Bangor State Hospital, and this condition must be complied with.

Relative to the question of the original commitment papers, there is no provision in the law specifically covering it; but it would be the opinion of this office that the original papers should always be at the institution where the patient resides. In this case I would suggest that you keep certified or true copies of these papers for your files.

I would also suggest that you get some sort of receipt from the committing court or officer to prove that you have complied with the statute.

The question may be raised that commitment to the Veterans Administration hospital is not commitment under the original papers, in that it is not the hospital designated in the commitment papers. This, again, is covered by the above cited section of Chapter 230, P. L. 1949, in that it provides that any person transferred to an agency of the United States will be deemed to be commited pursuant to the original commitment.

> ROGER A. PUTNAM Assistant Attorney General

> > October 30, 1953

Hon. Burton M. Cross, Governor of Maine Re: Commission to Revise Probate Rules

Section 49 of Chapter 140 of the Revised Statutes of 1944 provides in part as follows:

"The governor may at any time, upon the request in writing of a majority of the judges of the courts of probate and insolvency, appoint a commission composed of 3 judges and 2 registers of probate, who may make new rules and blanks, or amendments to existing rules and blanks, which new rules and blanks, or amended rules and blanks shall, when approved by the supreme judicial court or a majority of the justices thereof, take effect and be in force in all courts of probate and insolvency.

The expenses of such commission or commissions shall be reported to the governor and upon the approval of the same by the governor and council, they shall be allowed and paid in the same manner as other claims against the state."

The elevation of Judge Randolph Weatherbee to the Superior Court and the death of Judge Carroll Chaplin have created two vacancies in the commission appointed by Frederick Payne, April 11, 1952. The question is now asked as to the procedure in filling the said vacancies.

Appointments to the commission are personal to the Governor, and vacancies occurring due to death or resignation of members may be filled by appointment by the Governor of a person qualified to carry on the duties contemplated by the statute. The only limitation in making the appointment is that contained in the statute, that the commission be composed of 3 judges and 2 registers of probate.

It is the opinion of this office that petition by all probate judges that a commission be appointed would indicate that there is a necessity for new rules and blanks or amendments to existing rules and blanks, the last rules of practice and procedure having been approved in 1916. We would add that the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court feels that, the request having been made, then the work of the commission should be completed.

JAMES G. FROST Deputy Attorney General

November 4, 1953

To Hon. Burton M. Cross, Governor of Maine Re: Contingent Account

Section 24 of Chapter 14, R. S. 1944, as amended, provides:

"The governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may allocate from the state contingent account amounts not to exceed in total the sum of \$450,000 in any fiscal year."

From the foregoing it is obvious that the Governor stands above and apart from the Council and without his consent or agreement that an amount of money should be allocated from the contingent account the advice and consent of the Council is not necessary. It therefore appears that if, in his discretion, the Governor does not desire to appropriate money to a certain amount, the Council cannot force him to do so, as they would be transcending their powers.

> ROGER A. PUTNAM Assistant Attorney General