MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills and adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature coming from the

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

July 2007

STAFF:

OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
13 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, ME 04333
(207) 287-1670
&
LOCK KIERMAIER, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST
OFFICE OF FISCAL AND PROGRAM REVIEW
5 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, ME 04333
(207)287-1635

JON CLARK, DEPUTY DIRECTOR

KAREN NADEAU-DRILLEN, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST

MEMBERS:

SEN. DENNIS S. DAMON, CHAIR SEN. BILL DIAMOND SEN. CHRISTINE R. SAVAGE

REP. BOYD P. MARLEY, CHAIR
REP. CHARLES D. FISHER
REP. GEORGE W. HOGAN, SR.
REP. EDWARD J. MAZUREK
REP. ANN E. PEOPLES
REP. CHARLES KEN THERIAULT
REP. WILLIAM P. BROWNE
REP. DOUGLAS A. THOMAS
REP. RICHARD M. CEBRA
REP. KIMBERLEY C. ROSEN

STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS



This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature, which was in session from December 6, 2006 to June 21, 2007.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
	v accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINA	IL PASSAGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	
	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report)	Ought Not To Pass report acceptedCommittee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
OTP-ND	
P&S XXX	
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note that the effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session is **September 20, 2007**. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills.

Joint Standing Committee on Transportation

municipality meets the definition of a compact or built-up section, and when the municipality is not eligible to opt out of summer maintenance, the department shall prepare a capital and maintenance plan to ensure that the section of state or state aid highway is in good repair at the time of transfer. It also removes language limiting application of the provision to certain municipalities that have previously opted out of summer maintenance of these highways.

LD 1022

An Act To Amend the Laws Pertaining to the Removal of Submerged Vehicles

ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
NASS R	ONTP	

This bill strengthens the laws concerning submerged motor vehicles, snowmobiles and motorboats by requiring them to be removed within 48 hours of submersion instead of 30 days, as in current law, safety and weather conditions permitting, and making an owner strictly liable for any removal or clean-up costs if the owner refuses or fails to remove the motor vehicle, snowmobile or motorboat within the time directed. This bill increases the penalty for a submerged motor vehicle, snowmobile or motorboat from \$200 to \$500 for each day the motor vehicle, snowmobile or motorboat is unlawfully submerged.

LD 1053 An Act To Amend the Laws Governing the Placement of an On-premises Sign

ACCEPTED ONTP REPORT

_	Amendments Adopted
ONTP MAJ	
	ONTP MAJ OTP-AM MIN

Under current law, an on-premises sign must be located within 1,000 feet of the principal building where the business is carried on. This bill amends the law to allow on-premises signs within 1,000 feet of the location where the business is carried on and explicitly recognizes that storage areas, parking lots, warehouses and other auxiliary structures are considered locations where the business is carried on.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-350)

This amendment, which is the minority report of the Joint Standing Committee on Transportation, replaces the bill but preserves the essential purpose of the bill to allow on-premises signs at locations beyond 1,000 feet of the principal building where a business, facility or point of interest is carried on or practiced.

The amendment provides that on-premises signs must be located within 1,000 feet of the location of the business, facility or point of interest. The location of the business, facility or point of interest includes the buildings, parking lots, storage and processing areas or other structures or features that are essential and customary to the conduct of the business, facility or point of interest but does not include driveways, fences or similar features.

The amendment also provides that current restrictions regarding on-premises signs located adjacent to the interstate system are based on whether the sign is located within or beyond 50 feet of the location of the business, facility or point of interest rather than within or beyond 50 feet of the principal structure of the business, facility or point of interest.

Under the amendment, all on-premises signs must be located on land that is owned by the entity owning the business, facility or point of interest and contiguous to the location of the business, facility or point of interest. An on-premises sign may not be separated from the location of the business, facility or point of interest by a