MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

State Of Maine 122nd Legislature

First Regular Session and First Special Session

Bill Summaries

Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs

August 2005

Members:

Sen. Elizabeth H. Mitchell, Chair Sen. Elizabeth M. Schneider Sen. Karl W. Turner

Rep. Jacqueline R. Norton, Chair
Rep. Edward D. Finch
Rep. Elaine Makas
Rep. Emily Ann Cain
Rep. Connie Goldman
Rep. Barbara E. Merrill
Rep. Vaughn A. Stedman
Rep. Gerald M. Davis
Rep. Peter Edgecomb
Rep. Scott E. Lansley

Staff:

Phillip D. McCarthy, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

Maine State Legislature



OFFICE OF POLICY & LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Room 215 Cross State Office Building Augusta, Maine 04333-0013
Telephone: (207) 287-1670
Fax: (207) 287-1275

122nd Legislature First Regular Session and First Special Session

Summary of Legislation Considered by the Joint Standing Committees August 2005

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. A subject index for each committee is included immediately before the bill summaries for that committee, and a numerical index by LD number is included at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX	
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE	One body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PAS	SAGE Emergency hill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill failed to get majority vote Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
<i>OTP ND</i>	
<i>OTP ND/NT</i>	
P&S XXX	
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is *June 29, 2005*; and for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Special Session is *September 17, 2005*.

Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs

LD 797 An Act Authorizing the State Board of Education To Mediate School Attendance Disputes

ONTP

Sponsor(s) NUTTING J BRYANT-DESCHENE Committee Report ONTP

Amendments Adopted

LD 797 proposed to authorize the State Board of Education to mediate a dispute between school administrative units over an attendance disagreement when a student wishes to attend a school that is close geographically but outside the school administrative unit in which the student lives.

LD 807 An Act Regarding Veterans' Educational Assistance Benefits at the University of Maine System

ONTP

Sponsor(s)

MOODY

Committee Report

Amendments Adopted

LD 807 proposed to prohibit the University of Maine System from charging a late fee or any other additional fee to a recipient of a federal military educational assistance benefit.

LD 811 An Act To Assist the Implementation of the Essential Programs and Services School Funding Model

ONTP

Sponsor(s)
PERRY A
RAYE

Committee Report
ONTP

Amendments Adopted

LD 811, which was a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208, proposed to amend the Essential Programs and Services Funding Act in ways designed to assist school administrative units in implementing the law.

LD 820 An Act To Amend the Curriculum Requirements for High School Students

ONTP

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportPINEAUONTPMAJMARTINOTP-AMMIN

Amendments Adopted

LD 820 proposed to require every high school student to receive instruction in the legislative process in order to graduate. The instruction would provide the student with an understanding of the legislative process and include a requirement that the student follow through the legislative process a piece of legislation sponsored by a local

Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs

legislator. The student would give an oral, written or electronic presentation on the process and the final disposition of the piece of legislation.

LD 845 An Act Regarding Private Schools' Using Public Tuition Funds

ONTP

 Sponsor(s)
 Committee Report
 Amendments Adopted

 MOODY
 ONTP

LD 845 proposed requiring an opinion by the Attorney General that a private school does not provide a nonsectarian education before the Department of Education would be able to deny the private school public funds for tuition purposes.

LD 856 An Act Allowing School Unions To Improve Efficiency

PUBLIC 130

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportAmendments AdoptedMERRILLOTP-AMH-234DAMON

LD 856 proposed to allow a school union to be the fiscal agent for the schools in the union. This bill proposed to allow municipalities to turn over the school appropriation for schools directly to the school union if the towns in the school union agreed through a referendum or a town meeting vote. The school union would be authorized to hire personnel that are shared between different schools in the union, such as a school nurse.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-234) proposed to clarify that the superintendent of a school union may be designated as the treasurer of the school union and that the union committee could perform the function of fiscal agent of the school union if these designations were approved by a majority of the voters of each municipality within the school union. The amendment also proposed to require that the article that is placed before the voters in each municipality within the school union to approve these designations would specify the functions to be performed by the fiscal agent, would state that the agreement under which the union committee may perform the function of fiscal agent may not exceed a period of 3 years and would include a schedule for regular payment of the warrants approved in each municipality to the union committee. The agreement under which the union committee could perform the function of fiscal agent could also be renewed by the voters of each municipality within the school union in accordance with these same approval procedures.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 2005, chapter 130 provides that the superintendent of a school union may be designated as the treasurer of the school union and that the union committee may perform the function of fiscal agent of the school union if these designations are approved by a majority of the voters of each municipality within the school union. The law also authorizes a school union to hire personnel that are shared between different schools in the union.