

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

STATE OF MAINE
ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
FIRST REGULAR SESSION

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON
Judiciary

BILL SUMMARY



JULY, 1983

Prepared by:

John R. Selser, Legislative Counsel
and
Martha E. Freeman, Legislative Counsel
Judiciary Committee

Office of Legislative Assistants
State House, Station 13 Augusta, Maine 04333
(207) 289-2486

1504 AN ACT CONCERNING PROBATION AND SUS- Trafton PL 1983, c. 268
PENDED PRISON SENTENCES (new draft LD
875)

SUMMARY: Permits a court sentencing a criminal offender to provide for suspended and unsuspended portions of the prison sentence. These changes delete provisions in current law that limit the amount of a prison term that may be suspended by the court. With these changes a court may sentence a criminal offender to any suspended portion of a term of imprisonment and any unsuspended portion of a term of imprisonment, as long as the total does not exceed the maximum term authorized for the crime.

1523 AN ACT TO AMEND THE FORECLOSURE Soule PL 1983, c. 447
LAWS

SUMMARY: Amends certain foreclosure laws to: make it clear that mortgages of any amount may be foreclosed in District Court; conform the foreclosure statute to civil action practice in general; make the method of commencing a foreclosure action clear; address the joinder of certain parties; make it clear that the redemption period begins to run from judgment; address possession and public sale after the redemption period; and address reporting the sale and challenging the accounting.

1526 AN ACT TO MAKE CONFIDENTIAL CERTAIN Benoit PL 1983, c. 281
DOCUMENTS OF THE MAINE HUMAN RIGHTS (new draft LD
COMMISSION 647)

SUMMARY: Allows the terms of settlement agreements between parties involved in a complaint before the Human Rights Commission to be confidential unless both parties consent to its release. Permits the Human Rights Commission to delete data identifying 3rd parties, not a party to the complaint, from their records. Other data in the records remains subject to the right-to-know law.