

STATE OF MAINE

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON

Judiciary

BILL SUMMARY



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Joyce

PL 1983, c. 152 (new draft of LD 273)

The original bill sought to create mandatory sentences for repeat SUMMARY: offenders who committed certain crimes against elderly victims. The new draft states instead that a judge may consider the age of the victim in sentencing an offender to a punishment that does not diminish the gravity of the offense.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR CONSIDERA-

SENTENCING CRIMINAL OFFENDERS

TION OF THE AGE OF THE VICTIM IN

1328

- 1344 AN ACT CONCERNING COMPENSATION PL 1983. c. 538 Swazev FOR WITNESSES
- SUMMARY: Increases the mileage allowance for witnesses from 10 cents a mile to 22 cents a mile.
- AN ACT TO AMEND VARIOUS PROVISIONS Soule PL 1983, c. 450 1360 OF THE MAINE CRIMINAL CODE
- SUMMARY: Makes technical corrections in various parts of the Criminal Code adding a definition of "conduct which manifests a including: depraved indifference to the value of human life" to the section on murder; rewording a section concerning the revocation of probation to make it clear that a new sentence is not imposed at that time but, rather, that the court may choose to vacate the suspension of execution of a sentence imposed after conviction when probation is revoked; and adding a provision making it clear that time spent in a county jail or other facility by a person sentenced to imprisonment awaiting transfer to the place of imprisonment is to be deducted from the time he is to be imprisoned under his sentence.
- AN ACT TO MAKE EXTREME ANGER OR 1368 Pear son PL 1983, c. 372 EXTREME FEAR BROUCHT ABOUT BY ADE-QUATE PROVOCATION AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE WHICH REDUCES MURDER TO MANSLAUGHTER, AND TO CREATE THE ORIME OF INTENTIONAL OR KNOWING MANSLAUCHTER
- Currently, a defendant's extreme anger or extreme fear brought SUMMARY: about by adequate provocation may be used to reduce his punishment from that imposed for murder to that imposed for manslaughter. This amends the murder and manslaughter provisions to make extreme anger or extreme fear brought about by adequate provocation an affirmative defense to murder, and to allow the prosecution to charge voluntary manslaughter rather than murder when it concedes the existence of the mitigating circumstances of extreme anger or extreme fear brought about by adequate provocation.