



DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

PROSECUTIONS IN MAINE

ANNUAL REPORT DECEMBER, 2005

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December 1, 2006

Senator Margaret Rotundo, Senate Chair Representative Joseph C. Brannigan, House Chair Members, Joint Standing Committee on Appropriations & Financial Affairs 3 State House Station Augusta ME 04333-0003

Senator William Diamond, Senate Chair Representative Patricia A. Blanchette, House Chair Members, Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice & Public Safety State House, Room 211 Augusta ME 04333

Senator Barry J. Hobbins, Senate Chair Representative Deborah Pelletier-Simpson, House Chair Members, Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary State House, Room 438 Augusta ME 04333

Re: 2005 Annual Report on Domestic Violence Prosecutions in Maine

Dear Senators and Representatives:

In accordance with 5 M.R.S.A. § 204-A, I am pleased to submit the 2005 Annual Report compiling information and data from the domestic violence prosecutors throughout the State of Maine. As required by statute, the information assembled in this report has been produced in cooperation with the eight district attorneys. The Passamaquoddy Tribe at Pleasant Point has also submitted information for inclusion in this report.

During 2005, Maine had a total of 19 homicides. Ten (or 52.6%) of those deaths involved domestic violence. These figures are identical to those from 2004. Over the

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128 Sweden St., Ste. 2 Caribou, Maine 04736 Tel: (207) 496-3792 Fax: (207) 496-3291 Senator Margaret Rotundo, Senate Chair Representative Joseph C. Brannigan, House Chair Senator William Diamond, Senate Chair Representative Patricia A. Blanchette, House Chair Senator Barry J. Hobbins, Senate Chair Representative Deborah Pelletier-Simpson, House Chair December 5, 2006 Page 2

past 20 years, approximately 53% of all homicides in the State of Maine have involved domestic violence.

According to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division of the Maine Department of Public Safety ("Crime in Maine – 2005"), domestic violence assaults increased 5.2% in 2005. Of a total of 11,843 reported assaults, 5,459 or 46.1% were identified as occurring between household or family members. This represents a domestic assault taking place roughly every hour and a half in Maine.

Once again, the information compiled in this report demonstrates that domestic violence prosecutions continue to be a significant part of the caseload of the district attorneys throughout the State of Maine as well as the Criminal Division within my Office. We hope this information is helpful to you.

Please feel free to contact me or any of the district attorneys if you have any questions regarding this report.

Sincerely,

G. Steven Rowe Attorney General

WRS/nh Encs.

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STATE OF MAINE

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ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HOMICIDE REPORT DECEMBER, 2005

Homicides in 2005	19
Domestic Violence Homicides in 2005	10
Grand Jury Indictments	8
Relationship with victim	
Married	3 3
Live-in partner	
Parent	1
Daughter	1
Son	1
Weapon/Manner of death	
Firearm	6
Knives	1
Strangulation	1
Blunt Force Trauma	2
Protection from Abuse Orders	
Protection from Abuse Orders in effect	0
Ages and Genders of victims/perpetrators	
Age range for victims	20 years old to 98 years old
Age range for perpetrators	19 years old to 86 years old
Victims	
Males	3
Females	7
Perpetrators	
Males	10
Females	0
Case Status	
Pending trial	2
Found guilty of murder	1
Found guilty of manslaughter	0
Found not guilty	1
Murder/Suicides	6

YORK COUNTY PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT I

Prosecutorial District One 2005 Domestic Violence Report

This report presents an overview of the approach employed in District One to prosecution of domestic violence (DV) cases and provides some raw statistics on DV cases.

District One is the second largest district in the state serving York County, an arca with a year round population of over 200,000 and a summer population of approximately 350,000. District One is also the fastest growing district in the state averaging a 15% population growth in each of the past five decades.

In 2005, over 12,000 criminal matters were referred to the District Attorney's office: a 20% increase in three years. DV cases account for just under 10% of these matters: 1,103 in 2005. In 2003, the legislature eliminated funding for one of the district's two DV prosecutors. After a two-year vacancy, a federal grant allowed for the temporary hiring of a replacement DV prosecutor part way through 2005.

Statistics in this report are summarized by cases prosecuted not by defendant. This fashion of reporting will result in a lower "guilty" percentage since one defendant may have multiple matters pending against him or her. Often global plea agreements are reached to eliminate the risk of not guilty verdicts at trial. These plea agreements will often include a stiffer sentence in one matter and the dismissal of another.

The type of cases labeled as DV varies. In District One, crimes of violence between parents and children; siblings and other family members; as well as violence between current or former intimate partners are all labeled as DV. In addition, DV crimes vary from a first time shoving incident between a married couple going through a divorce to an incident of violence in a relationship where one partner has a demonstrated pattern and history of abuse, sometimes both violent and non-violent.

DV resources are targeted more heavily to these latter cases. Since 2002, District One has participated in a DV court project that allows for case dispositions that require the defendant's participation in periodic judicial review before a judge for a period of up to two years after sentencing as well as participation in a certified Batters' Intervention Program (BIP).

The approach of District One is for prosecutors to be active in all aspects of DV criminal matters. Prosecutors assist Police Departments (PDs) in developing investigative tools, training and provide on call, 24 hour, 7 day a week support to individual officers. PDs are encouraged to refer all DV matters to the DA's office even if the officer is in doubt about a charging decision. Prosecutors can then request additional information and make a charging decision.

DV cases will often present significant obstacles that may ultimately prevent a judge or jury from concluding beyond a reasonable doubt that a crime has occurred. These obstacles often include: 1) a lack of physical evidence; 2) a lack of witnesses other than the alleged perpetrator and victim; and 3) changing feelings and most often a decreasing willingness of victims/witness to actively participate in the prosecution as time away from violent incident increases and the day for trial approaches.

District One does not "screen out" from prosecution these difficult cases simply because they may present significant obstacles to eventual prosecution. However, this practice does ultimately reduces the "guilty" percentage as a great number of difficult cases charged will ultimately be dismissed as the ability to try the case diminishes as the trial date approaches.

The reason District One has adopted a practice of always charging in these difficult cases is two-fold: 1) pretrial bail conditions such as no contact, participation in a BIP and requirement of financial support can be set after charges are filed that allow the alleged victim a period of safety and stability where they can begin to get more control over their lives and families; and 2) in a small minority of cases the willingness of the victim/witness to actively participate at trial will increase especially in a safer environment.

Lastly, District One uses a variety of tools to achieve dispositions that aid the alleged victim and implement the intent of the legislature enacting the DV statutes. In strong cases, jail time, probation, administrative release and deferred disposition are used to require the defendant to accept responsibility for their actions and to participate in a BIP program and the judicial review process. In more difficult cases, prosecutors will often defer prosecution while the defendant is placed on restrictions and required to participate in a BIP program and judicial review thus providing up to a year of safety and stability for the alleged victim. This procedure, called "filing", ultimately results in dismissal of the case upon successful completion of the conditions.

The result of this approach is that 90% of all matters referred to District One arc prosecuted. Only 10% are "no-billed" by a grand jury or declined for prosecution by a prosecutor. Of those prosecuted in 2005, guilty verdicts were obtained in 47% of the cases, filings were pursued in 12% of the cases and 41% of the cases were ultimately dismissed either after successful completion of filing conditions or unconditionally due to insufficient evidence at time of trial. In only one matter was the defendant found not guilty.

District One's goals for 2006 are: 1) to support and encourage the expansion of the DV court project to all district courts and the superior court in York County; 2) to add an additional DV prosecutor to address the 20% increase in DV cases in York County in the past 3 years; and 3) to create a DV unit comprised of three prosecutors in district and superior courts to prevent defendants from court and prosecutor "shopping".

2005 Statistics:		2005 Prosecution res	2005 Prosecution results:			
In review process:	117	Guilty:	418	42%		
Not prosecuted:	99	Not guilty:	1	-%		
Prosecuted:	887	Filing w/conditions:	108	11%		
Total handled	1,103	<u>Ultimate dismissals:</u>	360	36%		
		Total prosecutions:	887	100%		

CUMBERLAND COUNTY PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT II

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DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORT FOR 2005 PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT 2 CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Cases received in 2005 Cases Approved in 2005 Requested Information Prosecution Declined Stalking (misd.)	1320 903* 91 364* 5
Cases resolved in 2005	619 cases involving 510 defendants
Found Guilty Acquitted Filed Dismissed Felonies Gross Sexual Assault	 345 defendants 4 defendants 99 defendants 79 defendants 69 cases involving 60 defendants 3 cases
Probation	163 defendants

* Some of these cases may have been received in 2004 but not acted on until 2005. It would therefore be inaccurate to compare these figures with the total cases received in 2005 to determine charging and no-complaint rates.

The role of the domestic violence prosecutors in Cumberland County

From July 1999 through December, 2003, CCDA had 2 domestic violence prosecutors, one of whom resigned in December, 2003. We were been unable to fill the vacancy during 2004, leading to a significant change in the role and activities of the remaining prosecutor. We were unable to provide law enforcement training on domestic violence issues or to accept speaking engagements and involvement in task forces. We were unable to provide vertical prosecution (which was an important function of the DV Unit) in all cases. However, the vacancy was filled in June 20, 2005, and these activities and functions have resumed. Two attorneys now vertically prosecute all misdemeanor domestic violence cases that originate in Portland District Court (other prosecutors handle misdemeanors that originate in Bath/Brunswick and Bridgton District Courts), and all felony offenses. Each domestic violence prosecutor has a Victim Assistant assigned to assist victims of her cases.

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Resources available to DV prosecutors

CCDA has an investigator assigned to its DV Unit through the Cumberland County Sheriff's Office. There is one probation officer assigned to handle DV cases only, with a reduced maximum caseload that enables him to more closely monitor his probationers.

CCDA utilizes the services of a Maine Pretrial Services caseworker who is funded, in part, by a VAWA grant. That caseworker supervises defendants on bail, as well as defendants who are on deferred dispositions.

The greatest impediment to convictions

The greatest impediment to convictions is victims who are unwilling to testify, can not be located, do not show up in court under subpoena, and/or who recant. Although we aggressively prosecute without victims when possible, often there is insufficient evidence to proceed without the victim's participation.

ANDROSCOGGIN, FRANKLIN AND OXFORD COUNTIES PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT III



PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT III

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORT 2005

Norman Croteau District Attorney

Nicholas S. Worden Assistant District Attorney

Report for Domestic Violence Cases in Androscoggin County - 2005

I. The Role of the Domestic Violence Prosecutor

The number of domestic violence cases in Androscoggin County continues to rise. In the Lewiston District Court alone, slightly less than one thousand domestic violence cases were adjudicated. Superior Court caseloads also continue to rise as more defendants are charged with felonies due to prior domestic violence convictions.

A. What resources are available?

District Three does not have a dedicated Probation Officer for domestic violence (hereinafter DV) cases. Franklin County has a DV investigator through the Sheriff's Department and the Lewiston Police Department has a DV coordinator to assist in preparing cases for prosecution and promotion of victim safety.

Beginning in 2006, the Lewiston District Court joins five other sites across Maine offering the Domestic Violence Review Project. This special docket is devoted to defendants who are required to attend the Certified Batterer's Intervention Program. The Court monitors the defendant's and ensures they are compliant with the program and other terms of their probation.

B. What are the greatest impediments to conviction?

Sex based offenses and domestic violence crimes are often discussed as the type of offenses that the State should aggressively prosecute. Yet they are treated disparately in at least one fundamental way. Sex crimes, even at the misdemeanor level, are usually assigned a detective, who works on a particular case. Domestic violence crimes in most police departments are handled by the patrol officer. This is true even with felony level assaults. Without the resources dedicated to investigate these crimes, it is difficult to obtain the level of justice these cases deserve.

II. Statistics

Using the attached data to determine conviction rates does not necessarily reflect the number of defendants convicted. For example, a defendant may be charged by complaint with one (1) count of assault and one (1) count of criminal threatening. Because both charges arise out of the same incident, a plea or conviction of both charges would likely result in a concurrent sentence. Pursuant to a plea agreement, a defendant might plead guilty to an assault charge in return for the State's dismissal of an accompanying criminal threatening charge. The result would be a conviction rate of 50%. If our data was collected and analyzed based on defendants instead of charges, our conviction rate for this case would then be 100%. In short, the manner in which data is collected and analyzed must be considered in evaluating the quality and success of domestic violence prosecutions.

We wish to stress that these numbers, while an impressive and dramatic improvement over prior years, do not adequately describe the efforts of those involved in the prosecution of domestic violence in this prosecutorial district. Successful prosecution of a domestic violence case does not always or necessarily involve a conviction for a criminal charge. If we pay attention only to conviction rates, we ignore the defendant whose case was filed with the condition that he complete the Certified Batterer's Intervention Program or the victim who, after meeting with the Domestic Violence Victim's Advocate, leaves the marital home to avoid further abuse. The measures for successful prosecution are too numerous to list. It is important therefore to realize that numbers are only one measure.

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DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES DISTRICT COURT

2005	Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Guilty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
January	85	47	0	0	0	48	17	20	96%	74%
February	70	46	0	0	0	25	11	33	54%	68%
March	92	60	0	0	0	40	17	34	67%	70%
April	64	36	0	0	0	29	15	20	81%	66%
Мау	67	43	0	0	0	32	8	27	74%	80%
June	70	46	0	0	0	33	11	27	72%	77%
July	78	48	0	0	0	34	10	34	71%	77%
August	69	49	1	1	0	33	7	28	67%	81%
September	93	56	2	0	2	30	13	48	54%	67%
October	88	49	0	0	0	44	28	16	90%	61%
November	78	48	2	0	3	31	5	39	79%	88%
December	82	52	0	0	0	43	8	31	83%	84%
Totals	936	580	5	1	5	422	150	357	74%	74%

Bail Motions District Court

MONTH	MOTIONS	GRANTED	DENIED	PARTIAL	<u>PLEAS</u>
2005					
January	13	7	4	1	1
February	11	4	5	2	0
March	17	4	9	4	0
April	21	5	12	4	0
Мау	18	5	6	6	1
June	20	4	8	8	0
July	19	10	5	2	2
August	17	4	11	2	0
September	15	4	7	4	0
October	25	7	14	4	0
November	6	2	2	2	0
December	17	6	6	5	0
Totals	199	62	89	44	4

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DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES DISTRICT COURT

		Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Guilty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
	January										
	1/10/2006	12	10	0	0	0	9	0	3		
	1/12/2006	7	5	0	0	0	6	0	1		
	1/17/2006	13	8	0	0	0	9	2	2		
	1/19/2006	20	14	0	0	0	12	4	4		
	Totals	52	37	0	0	0	36	6	10	97%	86%
		Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Gullty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
	February				-	•	•		- • • • • • • • • •		
	2/2/2006	14	10	0	0	0	3	6	5		
	2/7/2006	10	8	0	0	0	3	1	6		
-1	2/9/2006	11	9	0	0	0	6	4	1		
-	2/14/2006	18	9	0	0	0	9	5	4		
	2/28/2006	15	7	. 0	0	0	5	3	7		
	Totals	68	43	0	0	0	26	19	23	60%	57%
		Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Guilty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
	March				-	•	•				
	3/2/2006	23	15	0	0	0	14	5	4		
	3/7/2006	18	11	0	0	0	7	4	6		
	3/9/2006	14	9	0	0	0	6	5	3		
	3/14/2006	8	8	0	0	Ō	5	1	2		
	3/16/2006	21	10	0	0	Ō	4	5	13		
	3/21/2006	8	5	Ō	0	0	3	2	3		
	3/23/2006	17	7	0	0	Ō	10	7	3		
	Total s	109	65	0	0	0	49	29	34	75%	65%
Quarterly											
Totals		218	145	0	0	0	111	54	67	77%	74%

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES DISTRICT COURT

		Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Guilty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
	April					_	-				
	4/24/2006	15	8	0	0	0	5	7	3		
	4/25/2006	17	11	0	0	0	· 11	2	4		
	4/ 26 /2006	21	18	0	0	0	11	4	6		
	Totals	53	37	0	0	[′] 0	27	13	13	73%	68%
		Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Guilty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
	May										
	5/ 22/2 006	4	4	0	.0	0	3	0	1		
1	5/ 23/20 06	22	11	0	0	0	10	3	9		
	5/24/2006	21	19	0	0	0	12	7	7		
12	To tais	47	34	0	0	0	25	10	17	74%	83%
		Cases	Def	Trials	Not Guilty	Guilty	Pleas/Agreements	Dismissed	Continued	Conv-Def	Conv-Cases
	June				-	•			- • • • • • • •	2011	
	6/ 26/2 006	10	6	0	0	0	3	4	3		
	6/27/2006	17	13	0	0	0	11	3	3		
	6/ 28/2 006	21	14	0	0	0	11	6	4		
	Totals	48	33	0	0	0	25	13	10	76%	66%
Quarterly											
Totals		148	104	0	0	0	77	36	40	74%	71%

KENNEBEC AND SOMERSET COUNTIES PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT IV

Cases Initiated for District 4

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Kennebec	Counties
WOA	Warrant of A	rrest	10	
SUM	Summons R	equested	1	
PVP	PV - Probati	on Violation Pend	lin 19	
PCR	PCR - Post-0	Conviction Review	v 1	
LOG	Logged In		7	
DEC	Prosecution	Declined	132	
CLO	Closed		502	
ASEN	Awaiting Ser	ntence	31	
APP	Appeal		2	
ACT	Active		21	
		Total Cases	726	

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Cases Resolved for District 4

	1/1/2005 and Prosecuted	12/31/2005 for	Kennebec Countie 9	es
Filed	b	14		
Disn	nissed	63	3	
Con	viction	461	1	
Acq	uittal	9		
Total	Cases Resolved	l: 556	5	

Sentencing for Cases Closed for District 4

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Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Kennebec	Counties
		SPLIT	93	
		PS	99	
		INC	192	
	,	FINE	71	
		FIL	1	
	Total all Se	entences:	456	

Cases in which CBI was a condition of Probation for District 4

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Kennebec	Counties
ADC	55			
KSC	9			
WDC	76			

Cases Initiated for District 4

Between	1/1/2005 and 12/31/2005 for	Somerset	Counties
WOA	Warrant of Arrest	3	
REQ	Requested Information	7	
PVP	PV - Probation Violation Pend	in . 8	
LOG	Logged In	1	
DEC	Prosecution Declined	34	
CLO	Closed	188	
ASEN	Awaiting Sentence	9	
ACT	Active	2	
	Total Cases	252	

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Cases Resolved for District 4

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for Somerset	Counties
NotProsecuted		16	
Dismissed		11	
Conviction		162	
Acquittal		1	
Total Cases Resolved:		l: 190	

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Sentencing for Cases Closed for District 4

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Somerset	Counties
		SPLIT	43	
		PS	49	
		INC	42	
		FINE	29	
	Total all Sentences:		163	

Cases in which CBI was a condition of Probation for District 4

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Somerset	Counties
SDC	51			
SSC	14			

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PENOBSCOT AND PISCATAQUIS COUNTIES PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT V

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Disposition of Offenses

Office of the Prosecutorial Attorney - District 5 - Bangor Domestic Violence Cases Closed from 1/1/05 and 12/31/05

Case dismissed after complaint being issued

Continued 6 months	38
Defendant pled guilty to other charges	256
Does Not Warrant Prosecution	8
Insufficient Evidence	35
Victim/Witness Unavailable/Uncooperative	107

Complaint denied before issuance

Complaint domod poro		
	Defendant pled guilty to other charges Does Not Warrant Prosecution	1 3
	Insufficient Evidence	52
	Mutual Incident	6
	Victim/Witness Unavailable/Uncooperative	3
Pled guilty or nolo		
	At arraignment in District Court	171
	At trial in District Court	407
	In Superior Court	161
Trial		
	Found guilty	17
	Found not guilty	16
	Total Offenses this period	1281

Cases Initiated for District 5

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Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Piscataquis	Counties
WRR	WRR - Warrant Issued		2	
REQW	REQW - Request for Warrant		3	
PR	PR - Probation Revocation		2	
DEC	DEC - Prosecution Declined		14	
CLO	CLO - Closed Out		74	
ACT	ACT - Active		3	
		Total Cases	98	

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Cases Resolved for District 5

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for Piscatad	uis Counties
NotProsecuted		3	
Disn	nissed	4	
Conviction		69	
Acquittal		1	
Total Cases Resolved:		: 77	

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Sentencing for Cases Closed for District 5

Between	1/1/2005 and	12/31/2005 for	Piscataquis	Counties
		INC	51	
		FINE	21	
Total all Sentences:		72		

SAGADAHOC, LINCOLN, KNOX AND WALDO COUNTIES PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT VI

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORT FOR 2005 DISTRICT VI

STATISTICS

Cases initiated in 2005	
Total submitted	362
Prosecution declined	23
Active or pending action	73
Closed 2004 cases	264
Cases resolved in 2005	
Convicted	239
Acquitted	8
Not prosecuted	14
Filed	1
Dismissed	42
Total resolved	304
Sentencing in cases closed in 2005	
Incarceration	153
Fine	45
Batterer's Intervention Program	not reported
Unconditional discharge	1
Community service work	2

NARRATIVE

Basis of the Statistics

The above statistics come from a Domestic Violence report generated by the Just Ware database program used in all counties except Cumberland.

Notes on Statistics

Cases initiated and case dispositions will not match. The time between case initiation and disposition can be considerable, sometimes six months to a year. Some of the cases initiated in 2004 are included in the 2005 disposition statistics.

Cases resolved with incarceration include sentences of straight jail time, straight probation and split sentences of jail plus probation.

There is an unexplainable discrepancy between the number of convictions and number of sentences or dispositions.

Between 2004 and 2005, there was an increase by 19 of cases initiated, a decrease by 7 of cases closed, a decrease by 4 of dismissals, a decrease by 37 of convictions, and a decrease by 40 of cases resolved. These decreases may be based in part on greater use of deferred disposition as a sentencing option. Sentencing for those cases will often be delayed into a subsequent year.

Characteristics of District VI

Four counties make up District VI. There are seven assistant district attorneys and a grant-funded juvenile prosecutor. There were no vacant positions in 2005. The seven assistant district attorneys continue to cover eight courts in the district.

There is no one attorney designated to prosecute all domestic violence cases in the district. The size of the district and multiplicity of courts makes that impractical. Instead, each county's attorneys prosecute the cases in their respective county. One attorney in the district has the responsibility of preparing this report.

Sagadahoc County continues to have a domestic violence investigator (d.v.i.) who works out of the District Attorney's Office. Knox County has a domestic violence investigator who works out of the Knox County Sheriff's Department. The Waldo County investigator previously was housed in the courthouse at the District Attorney's Office but will now be working from the Sheriff's Department. Lincoln County's d.v.i. is based in the courthouse but is separate from the District Attorney's Office.

The Knox County Domestic Violence Task Force continued to meet in 2005. Members still include law enforcement officers, the domestic violence investigator, victim witness advocates, probation officers, assistant district attorneys, defense attorneys, staff from New Hope for Women, and the director of Time For Change, which is the batterers' intervention program. Sagadahoc County also has an active working group on family violence which addresses similar issues.

Impediments to Prosecution in District VI

Prosecution has been most effective when the d.v.i. is part of the District Attorney's Office and/or is based in the courthouse. There is only one county (Sagadahoc) where the d.v.i. is based in the District Attorney's Office. In other counties, the d.v.i. is not always assigned to follow up and complete all investigations. In some areas there is regular turn-over in personnel. New officers do not always do a complete investigation. In the absence of regular and prompt follow-up by the d.v.i. the cases can have significant deficiencies.

The impediments to prosecution reported in 2004 have persisted. While deferred disposition can be useful, it can also delay resolution of cases for an additional six months or longer. Domestic Violence Court has been evaluated, particularly for Knox County, but not yet implemented. It is not clear there are sufficient judicial resources (judicial time, clerk time and a specialized probation officer) to operate an effective Domestic Violence Court in this region.

HANCOCK AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT VII

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORT FOR 2005

PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT VII

Cases initiated in 2005	293
Approved	242
Requested Information	3
Prosecution Declined	48
Cases resolved in 2005	233
Found Guilty	186
Acquitted	3
Filed*	0
Dismissed	38
Prosecution Declined	6
Resolution of cases in 2005	142
Jail	115
Probation	23
Fine	3
Batterer's Intervention Program**	

Incidents involving a firearm***

* District VII has a policy of no filings.

** The report is currently unable to tabulate the number of defendants sentenced to attend the Batterer's Intervention Program as part of their probation.

*** The report is currently not tabulating the number of domestic violence cases in which a firearm is used.

Narrative:

Prosecutorial District VII includes Hancock and Washington Counties. There are District Courts in Ellsworth, Machias and Calais and Superior Courts in Ellsworth and Machias. Because of the distances involved, two prosecutors are assigned to domestic violence cases, one in each county. Each prosecutor has a non-domestic violence caseload as well. District VII has two victim/witness advocates designated to domestic violence, one in each county. These positions are grant-funded.

District VII lost its domestic violence investigator in Washington County this year. Hancock County still has a detective/liaison officer who works out of the District Attorney's office on domestic violence and sexual assault cases. However, this position was not fully funded by this year's grant and grant funding will be reduced over the next few years to zero. The District Attorney's Office is lobbying the County Commissioners heavily for financial support of these important positions. AROOSTOOK COUNTY PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT VIII

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DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORT FOR 2005 Prosecutorial District VIII District Attorney, Neale T. Adams

Cases initiated in 2005	245
Warrant Outstanding	2
Probation Revocation	7
Grand Jury Eligible	3
Prosecution Declined	23
Closed	180
Active	30
Cases Resolved in 2005	201
Not Prosecuted	3
Filed	24
Dismissed	22
Conviction	152
Resolution of cases in 2005	68
Split	8
Probation	4
Inc	32
Fine	23
CSW	1

Cases in which CBI was a condition of P/P

The report has not tabulated the number of defendants sentenced to attend the Batterer's Intervention Program as part of their probation, principally because CBI was decertified in Aroostook last year.

The report is currently not tabulating the number of domestic violence cases in which a firearm is used.

Narrative: Prosecutorial District VIII is the entire Aroostook County. There are District Courts in Houlton, Presque Isle, Madawaska, Fort Kent and Caribou. There are four prosecutors who follow all cases from cradle to grave arising in their assigned courts. There are Superior courts in Houlton and Caribou. There are no special domestic violence prosecutors, detectives or victim advocates. All prosecutors handle all types of cases.

PASSAMAQUODDY TRIBE AT PLEASANT POINT

Oct. 2. 2006 4:10PM

Passamaquoddy Tribal Court at Pleasant Point

Number of Adult Domestic Violence Cases for 2005 - 3

ARRAIGNMENTS	<u>PENDING</u>	<u>FILED</u>	GUILTY	NOT GUILTY	DISMISSED	<u>NOLO</u>
2	0	0	2	0	1	0

Number of Juvenile Domestic Violence Cases for 2005 - 1

<u>ARRAIGNMENTS</u>	<u>PENDING</u>	FILED	•	<u>GUILTY</u>	<u>NOT GUILTY</u>	DISMISSED	<u>NOLO</u>
0	0	0		0	0	1	Q