

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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Public Documents of Maine:

BEING THE

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

Public Officers  Institutions

FOR THE YEAR

1893.

VOLUME II.

AUGUSTA :

BURLEIGH & FLYNT, PRINTERS TO THE STATE

1893.

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE

Inspectors, Warden & Subordinate Officers

OF THE

MAINE STATE PRISON.



1892.

AUGUSTA:
BURLEIGH & FLYNT, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.
1893.



GOVERNOR :

EDWIN C. BURLEIGH,
AUGUSTA.

Executive Councillors :

JAMES F. BRACKETT, LIMINGTON.

MARQUIS F. KING, PORTLAND.

MILTON C. WEDGWOOD, LEWISTON.

ORAMANDAL SMITH, LITCHFIELD.

PARKER SPOFFORD, BUCKSPORT.

F. MARION SIMPSON, CARMEL.

LEMUEL G. DOWNES, CALAIS.

Inspectors of Prison and Jails :

CHARLES W. JONES, AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTUS W. GILMAN, FOXCROFT.

AUGUSTUS BAILEY, GARDINER.

OFFICERS OF THE PRISON.

WARDEN :

SAMUEL H. ALLEN.

DEPUTY WARDEN :

IRA B. NORTHEY.

CLERK :

DANIEL L. WARREN.

CHAPLAIN AND TEACHER :

REV. CHARLES A. PLUMER.

PHYSICIAN :

JOHN E. WALKER, M. D.

COMMISSARY :

OSCAR BLUNT.

Wagon Master—Charles A. Pierce.

Yard Master—Joseph E. Mears.

Officer of the Guard—Edward A. Willis.

GUARDS :

Rufus E. Burrows,	Nelson S. Fales,	Joseph N. Parks,
Leonidas T. Wilson,	William H. Benner,	Dummer Potter.

NIGHT WATCHMEN :

Harvey S. Comery,	Benjamin F. Copeland,
Thomas F. Phinney,	Fred E. Copeland.

CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT :

Salesman—William Adams.

Overseers :

Wood and Furniture Shop—Almon B. Davis.

Blacksmith Shop—Sumner E. Cushing.

Paint Shop—John H. Feehan.

HARNESS DEPARTMENT :

Overseers :

James W. Williams,	Edward C. Bucklin.
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BROOM DEPARTMENT :

Overseers :

Artemas W. Allen,	Jefferson Faulkner.
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STATE PRISON.

During the past year the affairs of the prison have been conducted in a very satisfactory manner. The discipline has been good, the punishments few, the health of the convicts so good that the hospital has been turned into a school room, the food plain, but of good quality, and everything about the prison has been kept in perfect condition. The manufacturing industries have been as successful as could be expected under the circumstances. The number of convicts has not been so small for many years. The average this year has been sixteen less than last year, reducing the number of days labor of convicts 4.992 days, which at twenty-five cents per day would reduce our earning capacity one thousand two hundred and forty-eight dollars (\$1,248). There has been no appropriation from the State except for a portion of the officers' salaries, consequently whatever deficiency there has been has had to be made up by reducing the stock already on hand. The prison has never in its entire history been made self supporting, although reports at times have shown the institution as self sustaining. So far as we can learn there is no penal institution in the country that is self supporting or anywhere near it, and all talk of making our prison pay its running expenses is the sheerest nonsense. The thing for us to consider is not how to make the prison pay, but how little money we can lose in its operation.

After a careful study of the existing law restricting the employment of convict labor to 20 per cent of the convicts in any given industry, we are fully prepared to recommend its repeal. With our present small number of convicts, it is impossible to obtain the best results in employing them in so many diversified industries with so large a number of instructors and disciplinarians. No man, however great he may be, can be found for a warden who can attain that

degree of proficiency that will enable him to so successfully manage five different kinds of business as to obtain the maximum results in each ; and in these times of close competition maximum results are necessary in order to run a business without a loss. If our manufacturing could be reduced to two good industries, they to be selected by the Inspectors and Warden far better results could be obtained and at far less expense to the State. Our conditions and markets are so constantly changing that we believe that the employment of our convicts should not be governed by any fixed and inflexible law.

An opportunity was presented during the past year to lease the convicts to reliable parties in New York at a good price to manufacture pearl buttons—an industry that would conflict with not a single wage earner in the State ; but the parties desiring the service of all the men, we were obliged under the existing law to decline the offer.

The average number of convicts employed in the work shops during the past year has not been far from 80. These men are largely apprentices, not over 7 per cent of them having trades when they entered the prison. These 80 men as worked at the prison, do the work of about 40 paid men laboring in similar employments outside the prison, and without the aid of machinery of any kind do the work of about 20 men laboring in similar outside industries with the aid of machinery and labor saving devices. The idea that any industry or class of labor is materially injured by such competition as this, is the most arrant nonsense. The best interests of the State and the convict demand that the prisoners be employed at some financially productive trade, that will give them the means of earning a livelihood when they gain their liberty and again become a part of our social and industrial life.

The Inspectors and Warden are interested as much as any one to so employ the convicts that the products of their labor will come in competition with outside free labor as little as possible. Prior to this year the prison has had no regular chaplain other than the several clergymen of Thomaston who have held brief services in the prison chapel each Sabbath.

Early in June Rev. C. A. Plumer of Thomaston was appointed chaplain and teacher and since that time has devoted his entire time to this work, which seems to be a labor of love with him and has been attended with eminently satisfactory results. We visited his

school one evening recently, finding some thirty-five convicts thoroughly interested in securing for themselves the advantages of an education of which by force of circumstances they had been deprived earlier in life. The influence of a regular minister of the gospel in constant attendance at the prison has had a salutary moral effect both upon the convicts and the subordinate officers. We would recommend that the legislature make the chaplain a regular prison officer and provide a suitable salary for the same.

There has never been a matron to care for the female convicts at the prison, who have always been under the care of the male guards, and seldom ever see one of their own sex. So far as we can learn there is not another prison in the United States without a matron, and we earnestly recommend that the next legislature provide for one, that our female convicts may be kept in accordance with the demands of modern civilization.

A small engine and boiler is greatly needed and also some machinery to be used in the manufacturing carried on. If a fair degree of profit is expected from the labor of the convicts, an engine and some machinery are an imperative necessity. In these times of progress and development the convict who learns to run some kind of machinery is far better equipped to earn an honest living when he gains his liberty. It seems to us that the interest of the State and of the convict is best served by making use of machinery in prison work.

The propriety of lighting the prison and grounds by electricity has received consideration by us, as a matter of safety as well as convenience. To keep pace with the march of modern improvement, this institution should be placed in this particular upon an equality with the other institutions of the State. We would recommend that the State either put in a suitable plant for lighting the prison, or contract with some reliable company to furnish the light.

We recommend that some law be passed inflicting additional punishment upon life convicts who shall murder or attempt to murder any of the prison officers, than our present law provides for. The number of life convicts is proportionally large and constantly increasing. The only object in life that these men have is in some way to secure their liberty. They are the very worst criminals we have, and will hesitate at nothing that may give them their liberty,

and in some cases simply to satisfy their revenge upon some officer for a fancied wrong. No one knows better than they, that no further punishment can be inflicted upon them than is contained in their sentence. They are entirely above and beyond all law and so long as life lasts, their instincts of liberty will prompt them to plan escapes and commit the highest crime known to the law in order to carry their plans into execution. They should know that at no time does the law place them beyond a suitable and proper punishment for any crime they may commit.

The large number of pardons granted during the recent years compels us to consider this matter briefly at this time. While we do not presume to sit in judgment on the pardoning power of the State, we *do* deem it within our province to call attention to what we consider its abuses. The present Executive has, so far as we are able to judge, exercised this prerogative with wisdom and discretion. There is not a single convict who does not cherish the fond hope of Executive clemency encouraged by friends and the greed of unscrupulous attorneys. We find on examination of the prison records that since Maine became a State, 15 2-3 per cent, of all the prisoners committed to the prison have gained their freedom by virtue of a pardon. The judge, who spends several days in the trial of each criminal, becomes familiar with the circumstances and details as brought out in the careful and rigid examination of the case at a time when the prisoner has the whole power of the State to bring in his witnesses, and in certain cases able council furnished him at the expense of the State, is the best qualified to determine what sentence will best protect society and at the same time most suitably punish the criminal. They certainly have far better opportunities for knowing the proper punishment to be meted out to the criminal than the Governor and Council who listen to the argument of some able advocate for a few minutes as he presents the best side of his case and artfully conceals the dark side of it. We suggest the propriety of taking the pardoning power from the Governor and Council entirely, and giving it to the Supreme Court, and by them to be made use of only on discovery of new evidence; and after a careful study of a complete copy of all the evidence in the case given at the time of the trial.

The discipline of the prison in recent years has been such as to make the reformatory influences as potent as possible, and to so

habituate the convicts to a life of industry and regularity that they may yet be of some service to themselves and mankind in general. We do not believe in the ultra reformatory ideas of those people who are manifestly incompetent to discuss such matters, by reason of lack of contact and practical association with prison management; nor that morbid philanthropy which prescribes for the lifelong hardened murderer, "a love your neighbor as yourself" doctrine, that would treat the convict with base ball, flowers, ice cream, music and light literature as a means of reformation. Rigid, exacting and impartial discipline, good plain food and regular hours of labor at some profitable industry that gives the convict a good trade, is the reformatory method which experience teaches will produce the best results in institutions of this kind. If the convict on his reception into prison is subjected to a careful and searching examination, his antecedents and life history ascertained, the neglect of his conduct in youth, his disposition and depraved instincts ascertained, then the reformatory means as suggested by experience alone, can be applied. The success depends upon a thoughtful and careful application, of the remedy which experience has suggested as best suited to the needs of each individual case.

We are under obligations to the subordinate officers of the prison for their courteous treatment and attention. We also take this occasion to congratulate Warden Allen on his able and business like administration of the prison's affairs which has placed it on as solid a financial basis as it is possible to place it.

We append hereto a summary of the stock account.

C. W. JONES,	}	<i>Inspectors</i>
A. W. GILMAN,		
AUGUSTUS BAILEY.		
		<i>of</i>
		<i>Prison and Jails.</i>

STOCK ACCOUNT, 1892.

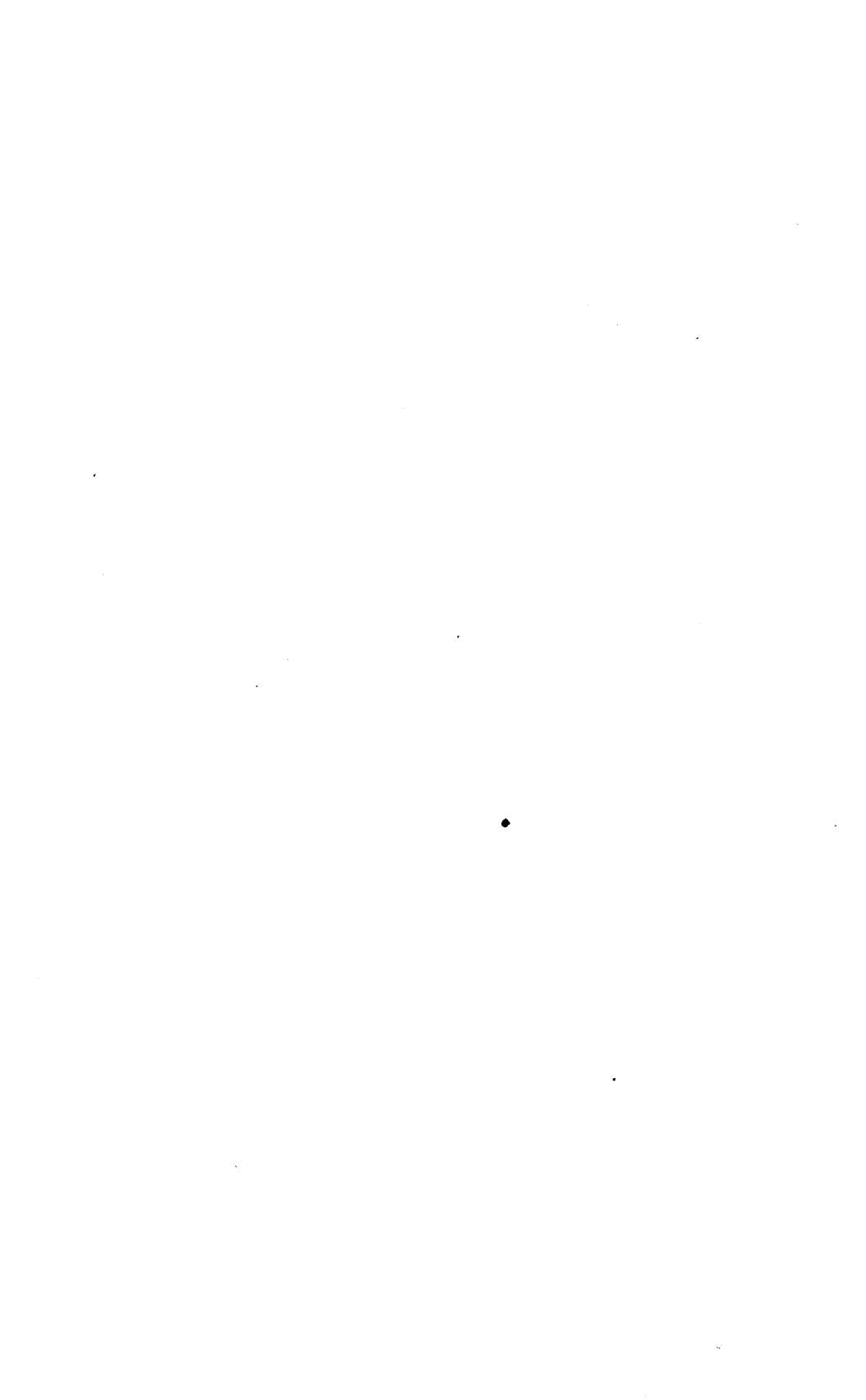
SUMMARY.

EQUIPMENT.			
Warden's house, furniture, etc.	\$775 35		
" office, "	292 00		
Inspectors' office, "	71 25		
Deputy warden's office, "	140 80		
Chaplain's office, "	45 90		
Dispensary, "	265 30		
Guard room, "	294 35		
" posts No. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, furniture, etc.	38 96		
Chapel, furniture, etc.	313 00		
Store room, No. 1, furniture, etc.	100 02		
" No. 2, "	105 05		
Cook room, "	447 45		
East wing, corridors, "	25 05		
West " " "	40 25		
New " " "	76 25		
Hospital, "	32 05		
Prison cells, "	442 85		
" library, "	415 55		
Officers' quarters, rooms 1, 2 and 3, furniture, etc.	41 35		
Female department, rooms 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, furniture, etc.	107 80		
Wash house, furniture, etc.	72 06		
Stable, "	1,009 05		
" live stock, "	675 00		
Hog house, furniture, etc.	18 75		
Outside yard, tools, etc.	2,875 00		
Prison " " "	173 75		
			\$8,897 19
BUILDING AND REPAIRS.			
Stock	\$563 98		563 98
FUEL AND LIGHTS.			
Stock	\$1,066 75		1,066 75
EXPENSE ACCOUNT.			
Stock	\$484 15		484 15
SUBSISTENCE ACCOUNT.			
Stock	\$1,352 98		1,352 98
CLOTHING ACCOUNT.			
Stock	\$ 528 78		
Not in use	1,103 46		
Female department	105 29		
Shoe shop	68 35		
Tailor shop	137 87		
In cells and in use	1,883 40		
Officers' quarters	62 10		
			3,889 25
HARNES DEPARTMENT.			
Tools, etc.	\$ 944 42		
Unmanufactured stock	9,789 45		
Harnesses	3,922 13		
			14,656 00

STOCK ACCOUNT—Concluded.

CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT.		
Blacksmith shop, tools, etc.....	\$1,286 71	
“ “ stock	3,169 36	
Wood shop, tools, etc.....	1,142 47	
“ stock	960 43	
“ unfinished work	1,781 00	
“ lumber.....	823 46	
“ stock in attic.....	535 34	
Paint shop, tools, etc.....	135 91	
“ stock	371 74	
Trim shop, tools, etc.....	130 68	
“ stock	1,745 05	
Repository, tools, etc.....	24 74	
“ stock	246 25	
“ new carriages.	8,798 00	
“ second hand carriages	625 00	
“ new sleighs	3,935 60	
		\$25,711 14
BROOM DEPARTMENT.		
Tools and fixtures	\$ 974 65	
Unmanufactured stock.....	3,419 91	
Brooms and brushes.....	1,488 20	
		5,882 16
FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.		
Tools and fixtures	\$ 89 50	
Unmanufactured stock.....	566 60	
Manufactured stock	432 25	
		1,088 35
RECAPITULATION.		
Equipment	\$8,897 19	\$63,591 95
Building and repairs	563 98	
Fuel and lights.	1,066 75	
Expense	484 15	
Subsistence.....	1,352 98	
Clothing	3,889 25	
Harness department	14,656 00	
Carriage “	25,711 14	
Broom “	5,882 16	
Furniture “	1,088 35	
		\$63,591 95
ASSETS.		
Stock per inventory	\$63,591 95	
Cash in bank	1,318 31	
“ on hand	218 35	
Old accounts receivable.....	678 81	
“ notes	3,667 95	
New accounts “	12,460 62	
		\$81,935 99
LIABILITIES.		
Amount due convicts.....	\$2,544 40	
Current liabilities	5,790 35	
		8,334 75
NET ASSETS		\$73,601 24

[NOTE. We have carefully examined the items of old accounts and old notes receivable, and in our judgment the old accounts are worth \$40 and the old notes not over \$400, consequently the prison assets should be reduced \$3,906.76. These notes and accounts are all the legacy from former administrations and should no longer be carried as assets.]



WARDEN'S REPORT.

To the Honorable Governor and Council:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor of presenting, for your information and consideration, the following statement of the operations and financial condition of the Maine State Prison for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1892.

At the close of the last fiscal year there were in progress certain improvements of an important and permanent character, to which I deem it advisable to again refer.

Of the sum of eleven thousand and five hundred dollars,—that was appropriated by an act of the Legislature of 1891, for buildings and repairs, sewerage, and the introduction of steam heating,—increased by the sum of eleven hundred and ninety-two dollars and forty-eight cents, received during the two years for rent of houses, etc., and placed to the credit of buildings and repairs account, there has been expended three thousand nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty-one cents for buildings and repairs, eight hundred and twenty-nine dollars and twenty-nine cents for sewerage, and seven thousand one hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty cents for steam heating; making a total expenditure, for the three above named purposes, of eleven thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars and seventy-two cents, a sum in excess of the appropriation, of four hundred and seventy-five dollars and seventy-two cents. It will be seen that the expenditures for steam heating have exceeded the sum of five thousand dollars,—that was appropriated for that purpose and credited to that account,—by the sum of two thousand one hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty cents.

This deficit, as is shown by the following financial exhibit, was charged to buildings and repairs account. You will also note that of the two thousand dollars that was appropriated for sewerage there remained a balance of eleven hundred and seventy dollars and sev-

enty-one cents, which balance, as will also appear by the accompanying exhibit, was placed to the credit of buildings and repairs account.

Upon making an estimate of the probable cost for putting in the steam plant, it was found that the appropriation for that purpose was totally inadequate, so much so that it was decided that an attempt to introduce steam heating into all of the apartments and buildings connected with the prison, would necessarily result in a failure to accomplish it; consequently only that part that was deemed to be of the most importance was commenced, and that was completed,—as has been shown,—only at the expense of the buildings and repairs account.

The parts of the prison plant into which steam heating has not been introduced include the hospital, the chapel building, the blacksmith and harness shops, the laundry and the fire-engine house. I would respectfully recommend that a sufficient additional appropriation be made for putting steam heat into the above named parts of the prison plant.

Jacket kettles for cooking by the use of steam, have been placed in the prison kitchen.

Besides the ordinary repairs upon the buildings and walks connected with the prison, and upon the dwelling houses owned by the State, there has been erected during the year a building twenty by forty-one feet, for the storing and protecting from the weather of the wagons, sleds and farming implements used by the prison.

I would again urge upon your attention, and that of the incoming Legislature, the importance of considering the recommendations made in my last annual report, relative to a wagon-master and fireman, or engineer.

There are various other changes in the management of the prison that might be urged, and that, in my judgment, if effected, would be for the interest of the State; prominent among which is the appointment of a Matron to supervise the labor and conduct of female convicts. In fact, I am led to the opinion, from an intimate and somewhat extended familiarity with the workings of the institution, that the statutes relative to prison management need a thorough and radical revision.

The appointment during the year, of a resident Chaplain who combines with the labors and duties of a moral and religious instructor those of teacher and librarian, is a matter for congratulation. From

a somewhat extended acquaintance with the present incumbent I am confident, and am pleased to here state, that he possesses the requisite qualifications and an especial adaptation for the performance of the important and responsible duties of his office. For information as to the results of efforts in his department I would refer you to his report herewith appended.

The report of the prison physician, who is, beyond question, eminent in his profession and who has been faithful to his trust, and conscientious in the discharge of his duties, is also herewith appended. I would also refer you to the succeeding pages for a statement of financial transactions during the fiscal year, and for statistical information relating to convicts.

As the period covered by this report concludes a term of four years it may not be considered ill-timed for me to here say that during that time I have endeavored to administer the affairs of the prison in such a manner as, in my judgment, would best subserve the interests of the State. In all matters of a pecuniary or financial character it has been my endeavor to exercise such care and economy as the exigencies of the case would seem to require or demand. In dealing with the convicts,—who are, in a certain sense, the wards of the State over whom it has been your pleasure to place me as guardian,—it has been my aim to administer justice with firmness, yet “tempered with mercy;” and while the ordinary and inevitable changes, occasioned by commitments, discharges, pardons, removals of the insane and by deaths, have occurred, it is a source of satisfaction to me, and is undoubtedly so to you, that during the term of four years no losses have been sustained by reason of escapes.

For whatever success has attended the administration of affairs, I would not neglect to accord to the subordinate prison officials their due share of praise; and I wish here to acknowledge my appreciation of their services, and to extend to them thanks for faithfulness in the discharge of their respective duties.

In conclusion, I desire to express my sincere thanks to Prison Inspectors, and Legislative and Council Committees, for kind and courteous considerations, and for valuable aid and counsel given during my term of office.

Yours respectfully,

SAMUEL H. ALLEN, *Warden.*

**STATEMENT—Showing Transactions of the Several Departments
from Nov. 30, 1891, to Nov. 30, 1892.**

		CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT.		
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	\$26,874 82	
		amount expended during the year for stock, pay of over- seers, etc.....	12,758 26	\$39,633 08
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand		
		tools and fixtures.....	2,720 51	
		unmanufactured stock.....	9,632 63	
		carriages, sleighs, etc.....	13,358 00	
			25,711 14	
		Sales.....	16,605 45	42,316 59
		Gain		2,683 51
		HARNESS DEPARTMENT.		
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	16,377 92	
		amount expended during the year for stock, pay of over- seers, etc.....	9,318 20	25,696 12
Nov. 13, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand		
		tools and fixtures.....	944 42	
		unmanufactured stock.....	9,789 45	
		harnesses, etc.....	3,922 13	
			14,656 00	
		Sales.....	11,729 43	26,385 43
		Gain		689 31
		BROOM DEPARTMENT.		
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	13,031 78	
		amount expended during the year for stock, pay of over- seers, etc.....	23,005 66	36,037 44
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand		
		tools and fixtures.....	974 05	
		unmanufactured stock.....	3,419 91	
		brooms and brushes.....	1,488 20	
			5,882 16	
		Sales.	31,052 74	36,934 90
		Gain		897 46
		FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.		
Nov. 31, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	1,542 18	
		amount expended during the year for stock, etc.	120 08	1,662 26

STATEMENT—Continued.

Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand			
		tools and fixtures.....	\$ 89 50		
		unmanufactured stock.....	566 60		
		manufactured stock.....	432 25		
			1,088 35		
		Sales.....	704 60		\$1,792 95
		Gain.....			130 69
EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT.					
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	9,969 40		
		stock purchased since.....	725 96		
					10,695 36
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand.....	8,897 19		
		sales.....	231 05		
					9,128 24
		Loss.....			1,567 12
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.					
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	3,727 25		
		stock purchased since.....	1,748 92		
					5,476 17
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand			
		tools and fixtures.....	111 18		
		stock not in use.....	1,727 28		
		clothing and beds in use....	2,050 79		
			3,889 25		
		Sales.....	893 05		
					4,782 30
		Loss.....			693 87
SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.					
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	1,015 65		
		stock purchased since.....	6,698 91		
					7,714 56
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand.....	1,352 98		
		Sales.....	1,172 79		
					2,525 77
		Loss.....			5,188 79
FUEL AND LIGHTS.					
Nov. 30, 1891.	Dr.	To stock on hand.....	729 78		
		stock purchased since.....	2,505 26		
					3,235 04
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand.....	1,066 75		
		Sales.....	84 14		
					1,150 89
		Loss.....			2,084 15

STATEMENT—Continued.

	EXPENSE DEPARTMENT.		
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	To materials purchased during the year.....	\$2,212 50
			\$2,212 50
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By stock on hand.....	484 15
		sales, etc., during the year,	513 39
			997 54
		Loss	1,214 96
	BUILDINGS AND REPAIRS.		
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	To amount expended for materials, labor, etc.....	729 73
		amount transferred from steam heating account.....	2,173 20
			2,902 93
Nov. 30, 1891.	Cr.	By amount due account.....	1,876 65
Nov. 30, 1892.		stock on hand.....	563 98
		amount received for rent, etc.....	533 52
		amount transferred from sewerage account.....	1,170 71
			4,144 86
		Gain	1,241 93
	STEAM HEATING ACCOUNT.		
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	To amount expended for materials and labor.....	5,869 86
Nov. 30, 1891.	Cr.	By balance due account.....	3,696 66
Nov. 30, 1892.		amount transferred to buildings and repairs account....	2,173 20
			5,869 86
	SEWERAGE ACCOUNT.		
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	To amount expended for materials and labor.....	421 48
		amount transferred to buildings and repairs account....	1,170 71
			1,592 19
Nov. 30, 1891.	Cr.	By amount due account.....	1,592 19
			1,592 19
	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.		
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	To loss on old notes receivable and consignment goods.....	1,853 11
			1,853 11
Nov. 30, 1892.	Cr.	By labor of convicts on account of Carman & Thompson....	286 12
		cooperage account.....	91 26
			377 38
		Loss.....	1,475 73
	INTEREST ACCOUNT.		
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	To amount paid.....	58 83
			58 83

STATEMENT—Concluded.

	Cr.	By amount received.....	\$143 97	\$143 97
		Gain		85 14
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	TRANSPORTING CONVICTS. To amount paid for transportation of convicts from jails to prison.....	301 25	
		Loss.....		301 25
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	DISCHARGED CONVICTS. To cash and clothing furnished convicts when discharged.....	1,138 70	
		Loss.....		1,138 70
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	OFFICERS' SALARIES. To amount paid for salaries during the year.....	8,932 07	
	Cr.	By amount received from State.....	8,800 00	8,932 07
		officers lost time.....	95 10	
		Loss.....		36 97
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	VISITORS' FEES. To amount transferred to prison library account.....	238 65	
	Cr.	By amount received.....	238 65	238 65
Nov. 30, 1892.	Dr.	PRISON LIBRARY. To amount expended during the year for books, magazines, papers, etc	261 22	
	Cr.	By amount transferred from visitors' fees.....	238 65	261 22
		Loss.....		22 57

STATEMENT SHOWING GAINS AND LOSSES DURING THE YEAR.

	Gain.	Loss.
Equipment department	-	\$1,567 12
Clothing department	-	693 87
Subsistence department	-	5,188 79
Fuel and lights	-	2,084 15
Expense department	-	1,214 96
Transporting convicts	-	301 25
Discharged convicts	-	1,138 70
Profit and loss	-	1,475 73
Prison library	-	22 57
Officers' salaries	-	36 97
Carriage department	\$2,683 51	
Harness department	689 31	
Broom department	897 46	
Furniture department	130 69	
Buildings and repairs	1,241 93	
Interest account	85 14	
Net department loss	7,996 07	
	\$13,724 11	\$13,724 11
Amount received from the State during the year	-	\$8,800 00
Add department loss	-	7,996 07
Net expense	-	\$16,796 07

BALANCE SHEET, DECEMBER 1, 1892.

Dr.			
Net assets December 1, 1891		\$81,597 31	
Amount due convicts		2,544 40	
Current liabilities		5,790 35	
			\$89,932 06
Cr.			
Stock on hand December 1, 1892		\$63,591 95	
Cash in bank		1,318 31	
Cash on hand		218 35	
Old accounts receivable		678 81	
Old notes receivable		3,667 95	
Accounts receivable		12,460 62	
Net department losses		7,996 07	
			\$89,932 06

SAMUEL H. ALLEN,
Warden of State Prison.

KNOX, ss—December, 1892.

Personally appeared Samuel H. Allen, and made oath that the foregoing statements, by him signed, are correct according to his best knowledge and belief.

Before me,

DANIEL L. WARREN, *Justice of the Peace.*

STATEMENT OF COSTS DURING THE YEAR.

ACCOUNT.	Net expense.	COST PER CONVICT.		
		Per year.	Per month.	Per day.
Officers' salaries	\$8,836 97	\$58 92 6-10+	\$4 91+	\$0 16 1-10+
Equipment	1,567 12	10 24 8-10+	85 4-10+	02 8-10+
Clothing	693 87	3 95 2-10+	32 7-10+	01+
Subsistence.....	5,188 79	34 40 4-10+	2 86 7-10+	09 4-10+
Fuel and lights	2,084 15	13 90 8-10+	1 15 9-10+	03 8-10+
Expense	1,214 96	8 05 2-10+	67 1-10+	02 2-10+
Transporting convicts.....	301 25	2 01 3-10+	16 7-10+	00 5-10+
Discharged convicts.....	1,138 70	7 32+	61+	02+
Miscellaneous.....	1,498 30	9 88 2-10+	82 3-10+	02 7-10+
Total	\$22,524 11	\$148 70 5-10+	\$12 38 8-10+	40 5-10+

CONVICTS IN CUSTODY, NOVEMBER 30, 1892.

Number.	NAME.	Age when sentenced.	Birthplace.	Crime.	No. of commitments.	Date of sentence.	Term.	County.
3110	Anderson, Thomas	50	Sweden, Eng.	Larceny	1	May 12, 1892.	1 year.	Aroostook.
3123	Armitage, John W.	19	Amesbury, Mass.	Breaking, entering and larceny	1	Oct. 1, 1892.	3 years.	Cumberland.
2727	Baker, John S.	25	East Knox.	Murder second degree	2	Dec. 30, 1884.	Life.	Kennebec.
3052	Barker, Fred E.	45	Portland	Assault and battery	1	Feb. 2, 1891.	5 years.	Cumberland.
2995	Bartlett, Charles W. alias	19	Portland	Common thief	1	Jan. 23, 1890.	5 years.	Cumberland.
2705	Barrows, Mary E.	42	Kittery	Murder first degree	1	Sept. 30, 1884.	Life.	York.
3011	Beal, Charles L.	23	No. Anson.	Murder first degree	1	Apr. 1, 1890.	Life.	Kennebec.
3090	Beckwith, William E.	28	Ellsworth.	Forgery	1	Oct. 22, 1891.	2 years.	Hancock.
3128	Belongie, Twan.	19	Houlton	Larceny	1	Nov. 5, 1892.	2 years.	Aroostook.
2991	Blackman, Charles H.	45	Woolwich	Compound larceny.	2	Apr. 26, 1883.	10 years.	Lincoln.
2977	Blake, Walter C.	28	So. Paris.	Setting fire to a building	1	Oct. 16, 1889.	4 years.	Oxford.
2706	Blaney, Oscar E.	21	Kittery	Murder first degree	1	Sept. 30, 1884.	Life.	York.
3054	Blethen, George H.	23	Lisbon.	Assault with intent to rob.	1	Feb. 4, 1891.	3 years.	Androscoggin.
3117	Brawn, George H.	42	Ellsworth	Conspiracy	1	Sept. 24, 1892.	4 years.	Knox.
3076	Brogan, Charles F.	30	Portland	Breaking, entering and larceny	1	Sept. 24, 1891.	2 years.	Cumberland.
3114	Brown, Smith	30	Cape Elizabeth.	Assault with intent to murder	1	May 28, 1892.	6 years.	Cumberland.
2933	Campbell, George H. alias.	25	Marion	Robbery and assault to kill.	2	Jan. 3, 1889.	Life.	Kennebec.
3037	Chadbourne, James	36	Scotland	Breaking, entering and larceny	1	Sept. 24, 1890.	3 years.	Androscoggin.
2618	Chadbourne, Benjamin.	58	Cambridge	Murder first degree	1	Mar. 1, 1883.	Life.	Piscataquis.
2619	Chadbourne, Benjamin Wallace.	32	Cambridge	Murder first degree.	1	Mar. 1, 1883.	Life.	Piscataquis.
2915	Chase, Edward A.	27	Rockland	Murder first degree	1	Oct. 1, 1888.	Life.	Cumberland.
3084	Christie, Charles.	30	Massachusetts	Breaking, entering and larceny	1	Oct. 9, 1891.	2 years.	Washington.
3082	Clair, Fred.	23	Vermont	Burglary	1	Sept. 26, 1891.	1 1/2 yrs.	Kennebec.
3107	Clair, Noah	37	Waterville.	Assault and battery with intent to kill.	1	Apr. 18, 1892.	4 years.	Kennebec.
1862	Cleveland, Howard A.	32	Orrington	Murder	1	Sept. 9, 1869.	Life.	Penobscot.
3010	Cromwell, Oliver, alias.	59	Louisiana	Murder second degree	2	Mar. 31, 1890.	Life.	Penobscot.
3065	Decelle, Charles.	19	Manchester, N. H.	Larceny.	1	June 1, 1891.	2 years.	Cumberland.
3063	DeCourcy, Charles Oscar	36	England	Obtaining money under false pretences.	1	May 6, 1891.	2 years.	Washington.
3102	Delaney, Frank J.	30	Eastport.	Assault and battery	1	Feb. 1, 1892.	3 years.	Cumberland.

3104	DeLong, William	39	New Brunswick	Felonious assault	1	Feb. 23, 1892,	5 years,	Penobscot.
2950	Deloria, Joseph	25	St. Albans, Ver.	Arson	1	Apr. 23, 1889,	7 years,	Waldo.
3121	DeRosa, Gabriele	39	Italy	Murder first degree	1	Oct. 1, 1892,	Life	Cumberland.
3046	Dolley, Fred P.	21	Bowdoinham	Compound larceny	2	Dec. 19, 1890,	3 years,	Sagadahoc.
3122	Dorsey, Charles J., alias	27	Boston, Mass.	Robbery	1	Oct. 1, 1892,	6 years,	Cumberland.
3066	DuRoss, William	20	Portland	Larceny	1	June 1, 1891,	2 years,	Cumberland.
3072	Ellis, Henry, alias	52	Cardiff, Wales	False pretences	1	Aug. 17, 1891,	3 years,	Penobscot.
2516	Farr, John G.	37	London, England	Murder	1	Jan. 21, 1881,	Life	Cumberland.
3126	Farris, Mathew	20	Charlotte	Rape	1	Oct. 19, 1892,	10 years,	Washington.
2964	Feeney, Patrick	30	Boston, Mass.	Breaking, entering and larceny	1	Sept. 20, 1889,	4 years,	Cumberland.
3050	Finnan, James, alias	53	Prince Edward Isl'd,	Attempting to commit arson	1	Feb. 2, 1891,	7 years,	Cumberland.
3078	Flynn, John, alias	30	Westbrook	Assault with a dangerous weapon	1	Sept. 24, 1891,	2½ yrs.	Cumberland.
2969	Foote, Lendall, G. L.	40	Portland	Common thief	2	Sept. 20, 1889,	6 years,	Cumberland.
2975	Foster, George	29	Portland	Compound larceny and burglary	1	Oct. 2, 1889,	12 years,	York.
2909	Foster, James, alias	28	Ireland	Burglary	1	Sept. 7, 1888,	8 years,	Penobscot.
3077	Friel, James E.	23	Portland	Adultery	2	Sept. 24, 1891,	3 years,	Cumberland.
3069	Friel, John, alias	23	St. Johns, N. B.	Breaking, entering and larceny	2	June 1, 1891,	4 years,	Cumberland.
1543	Gilman, Ephraim	25	Denmark, Me.	Murder	1	Aug. 14, 1863,	Life	Oxford.
3039	Gilman, William V.	25	Munroe	Robbing post office	2	Sept. 30, 1890,	5 years,	U. S. Ct. Court.
2577	Glynn, Mary	46	Ireland	Murder first degree	1	Sept. 13, 1882,	Life	Penobscot.
3116	Godfrey, Benjamin C.	26	Eaton, N. H.	Robbery	1	June 14, 1892,	10 years,	York.
3062	Goulding, Daniel P.	19	Pembroke	Feloniously taking letters and other articles from U. S. mail	1	May 4, 1891,	2½ yrs.	U. S. Ct. Court.
2863	Graves, Calvin P.	42	Amherst	Murder second degree	1	May 11, 1887,	Life	Washington.
2953	Griffin, Samuel L. B., alias	29	Brunswick	Larceny in a dwelling house in the night time	2	May 3, 1889,	5 years,	Androscoggin.
3091	Grover, George	40	Swanville	Robbery	1	Oct. 30, 1891,	4 years,	Waldo.
2888	Harrington, George A.	15	East Corinth	Arson	1	Dec. 22, 1887,	10 years,	Kennebec.
2435	Haines, Samuel D.	23	Patten	Murder	2	Sept. 23, 1879,	Life	Knox.
3036	Hines, John	23	Canada	Rape	1	Sept. 24, 1890,	12 years,	Androscoggin.
2791	Hodgdon, James F.	40	Boothbay	Murder second degree	1	Jan. 5, 1886,	Life	Sagadahoc.
2939	Hughes, Robert	51	Ireland	Rape	1	Jan. 23, 1889,	15 years,	Cumberland.
2599	Hurd, Eugene C.	30	Harmony	Murder first degree	1	Oct. 12, 1882,	Life	Somerset.
2882	Hutchins, Ida May	25	Salmon Falls, N. H.	Setting fire	1	Sept. 21, 1887,	8 years,	Piscataquis.
3105	Hutchins, Lucretia	58	Atkinson	Manslaughter	1	Mar. 1, 1892,	7 years,	Piscataquis.
2948	Hutchinson, William	23	May's Landing, N. S.	Burglary	1	Feb. 26, 1889,	5½ yrs.	Penobscot.
3103	Johnson, William C., alias	21	Andover	Breaking, entering and larceny	2	Feb. 16, 1892,	3½ yrs.	Oxford.
1237	Knights, George	40	Poland	Murder	1	Sept. 22, 1857,	Life	Androscoggin.
3100	Lafleur, Fred	28	Biddeford	Larceny, dwelling house in day time	3	Jan. 25, 1892,	3 years,	York.
2901	Larrabee, George	44	Mirichi, N. S.	Assault to kill	1	Mar. 12, 1888,	10 years,	Piscataquis.
2777	Libby, Thomas J.	45	Scarborough	Murder second degree	1	Oct. 2, 1885,	Life	Cumberland.
2016	Little, Bernard	51	Ireland	Murder	1	Apr. 16, 1872,	Life	Knox.
2096	Lowell, James M.	31	Westerly, R. I.	Murder	1	May 6, 1874,	Life	Androscoggin.
2966	Martigniueto, Francisco, alias	30	Italy	Assault and battery	1	Sept. 20, 1889,	4 years,	Cumberland.
3025	McDonald, William	17	Cumberland, N. S.	Larceny	1	Aug. 21, 1890,	3 years,	Penobscot.
3004	McWilliams, John	28	Quebec, Can.	Murder first degree	1	Feb. 19, 1890,	Life	Androscoggin.

CONVICTS IN CUSTODY—Concluded.

Number.	NAME.	Age when sentenced.	Birthplace.	Crime.	No. of commitments.	Date of sentence.	Term.	County.
3106	Merchant, John Gilman.....	49	Deer Isle	Polygamy.....	1	Mar. 19, 1892,	1½ yrs...	Knox.
2535	Merrill, Charles E.....	23	Windsor.....	Murder.....	1	May 14, 1881,	Life.....	Kennebec.
2172	Miller, George.....	33	Finland.....	Piracy.....	1	Oct. 4, 1875,	Life.....	U. S. Ct., Mass.
2987	Minnough, John, alias.....	19	Portland.....	Breaking, entering and larceny.....	1	Dec. 23, 1889,	4 years,	Cumberland.
2916	Moore, Charles, alias.....	27	Portland.....	Assault to kill and breaking, entering and larceny.....	1	Sept. 29, 1888,	25 yrs.,	Cumberland.
2853	Moore, Colby.....	58	Mt. Vernon.....	Burning a building.....	1	Mar. 2, 1887,	20 years,	Piscataquis.
2949	Moore, Walter H.....	29	Parkman.....	Robbery committed while armed with a dangerous weapon.....	1	Mar. 11, 1889,	Life.....	Franklin.
3024	Morin, Pierre, alias.....	32	Canada.....	Manslaughter.....	1	June 13, 1890,	4 years,	York.
3095	Mosher, John C.....	41	Rome, Maine.....	Larceny.....	1	Dec. 23, 1891,	2 years,	Somerset.
3120	Mushrod, Felix.....	32	Van Buren.....	Maiming.....	1	Sept. 29, 1892,	12-12 yr.	Kennebec.
2767	Newcomb, James.....	44	Carmel.....	Arson.....	1	Aug. 22, 1885,	Life.....	Penobscot.
3099	Nolan, Michael.....	17	New Brunswick.....	Breaking, entering and larceny from store in night time.....	1	Jan. 5, 1892,	3 years,	Kennebec.
3042	Norton, Micah W.....	71	Kingfield.....	Murder first degree.....	1	Oct. 7, 1890,	Life.....	Somerset.
3008	Oakes, Thomas Emery.....	16	Dallas, Pl.....	Obstructing a railroad track.....	1	Mar. 11, 1890,	10 years,	Franklin.
2967	Oakes, William.....	22	Fall River, Mass.....	Larceny.....	1	Sept. 20, 1889,	4 years,	Cumberland.
3050	O'Neil, William.....	36	Clinton, Mass.....	Larceny.....	1	Oct. 1, 1891,	3 years,	Knox.
3081	Percival, Marshall C.....	39	Waterville.....	Misapplying funds of the National Shoe and Leather Bank of Auburn.....	1	Oct. 13, 1891,	7 years,	U. S. Ct. Court.
3079	Polk, William.....	50	Robbinston.....	Assault with intent to commit rape.....	1	Sept. 24, 1891,	2 years,	Cumberland.
3109	Pratt, John.....	36	Sherbroke, P. Q.....	Larceny.....	1	May 10, 1892,	1½ yrs.,	Aroostook.
1458	Preble, Joel C.....	29	Whitefield.....	Murder.....	1	Oct. 7, 1861,	Life.....	Androscoggin.
3092	Reardon, John.....	36	Connecticut.....	Breaking, entering and larceny.....	1	Nov. 10, 1891,	3 years,	Lincoln.
3125	Reynolds, George H.....	37	Hallowell.....	Rape.....	1	Oct. 10, 1892,	2 years,	Kennebec.
3119	Riley, Benjamin S., Jr.....	52	Philadelphia, Pa.....	Assault with intent to kill.....	2	Sept. 29, 1892,	2 years,	Kennebec.
3113	Robinson, Benjamin.....	35	Alabama.....	Arson.....	1	May 17, 1892,	1 year,	Aroostook.
2928	Rolfe, Benjamin F.....	33	Portland.....	Rape.....	2	Dec. 28, 1888,	7 years,	Sagadahoc.

3096	Rowe, Almon	18	Pleasant Ridge Pl.	Larceny	1 Dec. 23, 1891	2 years	Somerset.
3097	Rowe, Arthur	22	Pleasant Ridge Pl.	"	1 Dec. 23, 1891	2 years	Somerset.
3101	Roy, Theodore, alias	22	New York	Larceny from the person	1 Jan. 25, 1892	3 years	York.
2353	Savage, Alfred	38	Vermont	Murder	1 June 1, 1878	Life	York.
2484	Sawyer, Charles A.	24	So. Boston	Robbery and assault to kill	2 Jan. 3, 1889	Life	Kennebec.
3127	Sears, Charles	32	Baring	Breaking and entering a store and committing a larceny therein	1 Oct. 20, 1892	2 years	Washington.
3112	Strain, Enoch S.	29	Hodgdon	Forgery	1 May 17, 1892	2 years	Aroostook.
3053	Stimpson, James	33	Montreal	Breaking, entering and larceny	3 Feb. 2, 1891	3 years	Cumberland.
2892	Skilling, John	22	Portland	Assault with intent to commit rape	1 Jan. 24, 1888	15 years	Cumberland.
3115	Skilling, Oscar F.	35	Portland	Uttering forged paper	1 June 1, 1892	6 years	Cumberland.
2552	Smith, Charles W. G.	39	Rockland	Murder	1 Oct. 13, 1881	Life	Knox.
2338	Smith, Edward M.	37	Bucksport	Murder first degree	1 Apr. 16, 1878	Life	Hancock.
2010	Smith, Joseph D.	20	Veazie	Murder	1 Feb. 27, 1872	Life	Penobscot.
3049	Smith, Rice K.	47	Waterborough	Man-slaughter	1 Jan. 29, 1891	5½ yrs.	York.
2927	Smith, Willford W.	19	Warren	Mailing obscene matter	1 Dec. 5, 1888	6 years	U. S. Dis. Court.
2173	Smith, William, alias	24	Rockland	Piracy	1 Oct. 4, 1875	Life	U. S. Ct., Mass.
3059	Smith, William	54	So. Berwick	Burglary	1 Apr. 18, 1891	3 years	Kennebec.
3009	Stain, David L.	60	Mt. Vernon, Me.	Murder second degree	1 Mar. 31, 1890	Life	Penobscot.
3111	Steward, John, alias	59	Eastport	Assault and battery	2 May 16, 1892	1 year	Aroostook.
3094	Sturdy, Stephen	23	Limestone	"	1 Nov. 14, 1891	18-12 yr.	Aroostook.
3181	Taylor, Charles F.	38	Gardiner	Rape	1 Sept. 29, 1892	14 years	Kennebec.
3108	Thomas, S. C.	60	Camden	Arson	2 Apr. 28, 1892	2-5-12 yr.	Kennebec.
2481	Thomdike, Hannah	42	Ireland	Murder second degree	1 Mar. 20, 1880	Life	Knox.
3073	Thostrup, Axel	31	Denmark, Eu	Larceny and an aggravated assault	1 Aug. 18, 1891	2-3-12 yr.	Penobscot.
2998	Tomaso Alessandro	26	Italy	Assault with intent to kill	1 Jan. 24, 1890	4 years	Cumberland.
3031	Traves, Albert, alias	41	London, Eng.	Breaking, entering and larceny	1 Sept. 20, 1890	3 years	Cumberland.
2673	Trott, Joseph C.	36	Woolwich	Assault with intent to kill	1 Jan. 14, 1884	10 years	Sagadahoc.
2989	Turner, James Albert	36	Hallowell	Rape	1 Dec. 18, 1889	10 years	Kennebec.
2729	Wallace, Charles Morgan	50	Philadelphia, Pa.	Murder second degree	1 Jan. 6, 1885	Life	Kennebec.
3068	Welch, James, alias	19	Boston, Mass.	Breaking, entering and larceny	1 June 1, 1891	4 years	Cumberland.
3124	Wheeler, George A.	26	Boston, Mass.	"	1 Oct. 4, 1892	3 years	Androscoggin.
2908	Whitney, Clarence	32	New Hampshire	Burglary	1 Sept. 7, 1888	10 years	Penobscot.
2368	White, James	35	Boston, Mass.	Breaking and entering with felonious intent in the night time	2 Sept. 20, 1889	5 years	Cumberland.
3098	White, James	19	Boston, Mass.	Breaking, entering and larceny from a store in the night time	1 Jan. 5, 1892	3 years	Kennebec.
3075	Willett, William	23	Prince Edward Isl'd	Burglary	1 Sept. 14, 1891	1½ yrs.	Kennebec.
3067	Windlay, Jacob D.	24	Plymouth, N. C.	Larceny	1 June 1, 1891	2 years	Cumberland.
3051	York, George F.	48	Portland	Arson	1 Feb. 2, 1891	5 years	Cumberland.

CONVICTS DISCHARGED ON EXPIRATION OF SENTENCES DURING THE YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1892.

No.	Name.	County from which committed.	Date of sentence.	Date of discharge.
3015	Everet S. Saulsbury.....	Hancock.....	May 16, 1890.....	December 31, 1891.
3016	Frank Salter.....	Hancock.....	May 16, 1890.....	December 31, 1891.
3017	Robert Chapman.....	Hancock.....	May 16, 1890.....	December 31, 1891.
3018	Robert Wilkins.....	Cumberland.....	May 24, 1890.....	January 9, 1892.
3019	Cornelius Drysdale.....	Cumberland.....	May 24, 1890.....	January 9, 1892.
3021	Francis Chase.....	Cumberland.....	May 24, 1890.....	January 9, 1892.
3023	Woodbury J. Skillings.....	Cumberland.....	May 24, 1890.....	January 16, 1892.
2992	Rodney Emery.....	Washington.....	January 13, 1890.....	January 22, 1892.
2697	Daniel Hall.....	Penobscot.....	September 5, 1884.....	February 2, 1892.
2924	Julian C. Chandler.....	Waldo.....	October 24, 1888.....	February 8, 1892.
2963	Herman LeBallister, alias.....	Penobscot.....	August 31, 1889.....	February 9, 1892.
2849	Elmer D. Morrell.....	Androscoggin.....	February 12, 1887.....	February 12, 1892.
2850	George F. Dutton.....	Androscoggin.....	February 12, 1887.....	February 12, 1892.
3064	Robinson B. Victory.....	Aroostook.....	May 12, 1891.....	March 15, 1892.
2894	George I. Hatch.....	Cumberland.....	January 24, 1888.....	April 1, 1892.
2490	James Anderson.....	Cumberland.....	May 22, 1880.....	April 1, 1892.
3026	Dennis O'Leary.....	Penobscot.....	August 21, 1890.....	April 16, 1892.
3056	John Murry.....	Penobscot.....	February 16, 1891.....	May 5, 1892.
3028	Eugene Hill.....	Cumberland.....	September 20, 1890.....	May 5, 1892.
3029	George Smith, alias.....	Cumberland.....	September 20, 1890.....	May 5, 1892.
3032	Joseph Getchell.....	Knox.....	September 24, 1890.....	May 9, 1892.
3033	John Gideons.....	Knox.....	September 24, 1890.....	May 9, 1892.
3035	Frank Myrick.....	Knox.....	September 24, 1890.....	May 9, 1892.
2942	George D. Young.....	Androscoggin.....	February 6, 1889.....	May 10, 1892.
3038	George M. Brown.....	Knox.....	September 25, 1890.....	May 10, 1892.
3055	William O'Brien.....	Penobscot.....	February 16, 1891.....	May 13, 1892.
2381	Joseph Dyer.....	Kennebec.....	December 10, 1889.....	May 18, 1892.
2982	Frank Malcom.....	Kennebec.....	December 10, 1889.....	May 18, 1892.
3034	Walter C. Myrick.....	Knox.....	September 24, 1890.....	May 24, 1892.
2984	John E. Davis.....	Knox.....	December 23, 1889.....	June 1, 1892.
2985	Elisha Thayer.....	Knox.....	December 23, 1889.....	June 1, 1892.
3022	Thomas Lally, alias.....	Cumberland.....	May 24, 1890.....	June 3, 1892.
2990	Joseph Johnson.....	Sagadahoc.....	December 26, 1889.....	June 4, 1892.
3070	Jacob S. Green.....	U. S. District Court.....	June 5, 1891.....	June 10, 1892.
3044	Charles Skinner, alias.....	Hancock.....	November 1, 1890.....	June 16, 1892.

2996	Charles A. Plummer	Cumberland	January 23, 1890	July 1, 1892.
2771	Wilbert S. Wood	Kennebec	September 18, 1885	July 4, 1892.
2993	James McGraw	Cumberland	January 23, 1890	July 4, 1892.
3071	William Seward	Aroostook	August 19, 1891	July 13, 1892.
3083	William Foran	Kennebec	September 26, 1891	July 19, 1892.
3061	William, Apt.	U. S. Circuit Court	April 29, 1891	July 30, 1892.
3088	William Thompson	Oxford	October 16, 1891	August 9, 1892.
3089	Charles Smith	Oxford	October 16, 1891	August 9, 1892.
3085	James Monahan	Oxford	October 16, 1891	August 11, 1892.
3086	John Kender	Oxford	October 16, 1891	August 11, 1892.
3074	Stephen Trask	Kennebec	September 8, 1891	August 20, 1892.
2955	John F. Harrington, alias	Cumberland	June 1, 1889	September 2, 1892.
2956	Lester B. Harlow	Cumberland	June 1, 1889	September 2, 1892.
2958	Frank Smith, alias	Cumberland	June 1, 1889	September 2, 1892.
3093	Eugene J. Nolan	Aroostook	November 14, 1891	September 7, 1892.
2869	William Bertain	Penobscot	August 17, 1887	September 12, 1892.
3087	Thomas Murphy	Oxford	October 16, 1891	September 14, 1892.
3060	James Foley	Kennebec	April 25, 1891	September 28, 1892.
2917	William Raymond	Cumberland	September 29, 1888	November 1, 1892.
3020	Joseph Flemming	Cumberland	May 24, 1890	November 2, 1892.
2845	Alfred Hurd	Somerset	January 8, 1887	November 2, 1892.
2923	Jeremiah McGillicuddy	Androscoggin	October 2, 1888	November 4, 1892.

**CONVICTS DISCHARGED ON CONDITIONAL PARDON BY GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL DURING THE YEAR
ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1892.**

No.	Name.	County from which committed.	Date of sentence.	Date of pardon.	Date of discharge.
2221	William Cole.....	Piscataquis.....	Sept. 15, 1876.....	March 30, 1892....	April 2, 1892.
3057	Edward S. Morey.....	Sagadahoc.....	April 21, 1891.....	July 21, 1892.....	July 23, 1892.
3058	Agnes Morey.....	Sagadahoc.....	April 21, 1891.....	July 21, 1892.....	July 23, 1892.
2739	William T. Tibbetts.....	Androscoggin.....	Jan. 31, 1885.....	October 12, 1892..	October 15, 1892.

**CONVICTS REMOVED TO INSANE HOSPITAL BY ORDER OF GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL DURING THE YEAR
ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1892.**

No.	Name.	County from which committed.	Date of sentence.	Date of removal.
2965	Luke Mulkern.....	Cumberland.....	September 20, 1889.....	December 4, 1891.
3014	Fred Haney, alias.....	Androscoggin.....	May 8, 1890.....	December 4, 1891.
3003	Gilbert Lecourse.....	Androscoggin.....	February 14, 1890.....	March 5, 1892.
3030	Lewis N. Swan.....	Cumberland.....	September 20, 1890.....	March 11, 1892.

CONVICTS DIED DURING THE YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1892.

No.	Name.	County from which committed.	Date of sentence.	Date of death.
2925	Llewellyn Quimby.....	Lincoln.....	November 10, 1888.....	May 13, 1892.
2976	Frank Parker.....	York.....	October 2, 1889.....	June 3, 1892.

NUMBER OF CONVICTS COMMITTED FROM EACH COUNTY
DURING THE YEAR.

Androscoggin.....	1
Aroostook.....	6
Cumberland	6
Kennebec	8
Knox	2
Oxford.....	1
Penobscot.....	1
Piscataquis.....	1
Somerset.....	3
Washington.....	2
York	3
Total	<u>34</u>

NATIVITY OF CONVICTS COMMITTED DURING THE YEAR.

Maine	21
New Hampshire.....	1
Massachusetts	4
New York	1
Pennsylvania.....	1
Alabama.....	1
New Brunswick.....	2
Province of Quebec.....	1
Sweden	1
Italy.....	1
Total	<u>34</u>

CRIMES FOR WHICH COMMITMENTS WERE MADE DURING
THE YEAR.

Arson.....	2
Assault and battery	2
Assault and battery with intent to kill.....	3
Breaking and entering.....	6
Conspiracy.....	1
Felonious assault	1
Forgery.....	1
Larceny.....	6
Larceny from a dwelling in the day time.....	1
Larceny from the person.....	1
Maiming.....	1
Manslaughter	1
Murder in the first degree.....	1
Polygamy.....	1
Rape.....	3
Robbery	2
Uttering forged paper.....	1
Total	34

TERMS OF SENTENCE OF CONVICTS COMMITTED DURING
THE YEAR.

Life	1
Fourteen years.....	1
Ten "	2
Seven "	1
Six "	3
Five "	1
Four "	2
Three years and six months.....	1
Three years.....	7
Two years and five months	1
Two years	8
One year and six months	2
One year and two months.....	1
One year.....	3
Total	34

Average length of definite term, 3 years, 8 months, 12 days.

Average term, less possible good time, 2 years, 11 months, 18 days.

AGE OF CONVICTS COMMITTED DURING THE YEAR.

Sixty years of age.....	1
Between 50 and 60 years of age.....	5
“ 40 “ 50 “ “ “	3
“ 30 “ 40 “ “ “	10
“ 20 “ 30 “ “ “	10
Under 20.....	5
	<hr/>
	34
Average age when committed, 33 years, 8 months.	

SOCIAL CONDITION OF CONVICTS COMMITTED DURING THE YEAR.

Single.....	19
Married.....	11
Widowers.....	3
Widow.....	1
	<hr/>
	34

MENTAL CAPACITY OF CONVICTS COMMITTED DURING THE YEAR.

Could read and write	24
Could read but could not write.....	4
Could neither read nor write.....	6
	<hr/>
	34

RECAPITULATION.

Number of convicts in custody Nov. 30, 1891.....	168
Number committed since	34
	<hr/>
	202
Discharged on expiration of sentence.....	57
Pardoned by Governor and Council.....	4
Removed to Insane Hospital	4
Deceased.....	2
	<hr/>
	67
Present number Nov. 30, 1892.....	135
Largest number at one time during the year.....	168
Smallest “ “ “ “ “ “ “	129
Average daily number “ “ “	150
Whole number of commitments since establishment of prison.....	3,128

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

To the Inspectors of the Maine State Prison :

GENTLEMEN :—In the years 1888, 1889, 1890 and 1891, it was my duty to report to the Board of Inspectors as an associate Chaplain of the Maine State Prison, under the old regime.

In presenting this, my fifth report, and yet my first report as Chaplain, it seems proper that I refer to my appointment to this office. I was pleasantly settled for my fifth year of pastorate in one of the growing churches in this village when I was notified that your honorable Board had decided to change the order of ministering to the intellectual and spiritual needs of the convicts in the prison, and that I had been selected to serve as Chaplain. The appointment came to me unsought by myself or my friends and wholly without knowledge on my part that a change was contemplated. The circumstances attending my appointment, as well as the advice of the friends of the Institution whom I consulted, led me to believe that the work was an order from Him whom I serve and whom I preach. With this conviction I severed pleasant and profitable pastoral relations and accepted the office of Chaplain with the hope that the service rendered may be a blessing to the convicts, and through numbers of them, a blessing to the families and communities where they may find their future homes.

A knowledge of the social habits and intellectual attainments of the men, as well as of their moral character will aid in understanding the character of the work to be accomplished, and is needful in determining the methods to be pursued. Therefore I call your attention to the following statistics :—Thirteen and three-tenths per cent of the men in the prison during the past year could neither read nor write when they came to the prison. Six and six-tenths per cent of them could read but could not write ; eight and eight-tenths per cent could read and write poorly, yet they had never

enjoyed school advantages. Fifty-three and three-tenths per cent of them had been favored with the advantages of the public schools which they had improved to a greater or less degree. Nine and six-tenths per cent of them had attended town or city high schools, and eight and four-tenths had been favored with an academical training.

Eighty-seven and one-tenth per cent of the convicts were more or less accustomed to the use of tobacco in one or both forms. The remaining twelve and nine-tenths per cent had never been accustomed to its use in any degree. Fifty-four per cent of the convicts, including those who occasionally drank a glass but were never drunk, and the hard drinkers, and all drinkers between these two extremes, according to their own statements, were users of intoxicants. The remaining forty-six per cent testify that they were not users of any intoxicating drinks. And many of them accompany their answer of the question respecting the drinking habit with the statement, "I never tasted any kind of liquors, no, not even cider."

Another class of statistics may aid us. Six and four-tenths per cent of the men have at some time been inmates of the Reform School. Twenty-eight and seven-tenths per cent of them have served jail sentences. Five per cent of them have served prison sentences in other states and countries. Twelve and nine-tenths per cent have served one or more sentences in the Maine State Prison. The remaining fifty-seven and five-tenths per cent of the men are serving their first sentence. Such are the characters of the men with whom you have called me to labor. Such the work committed to my trust.

INSTRUCTION.

The school work is divided into two classes: First the teaching of those who come into the school-room. And secondly those who study wholly in their cells, receiving assistance as they need it. The work in the first department embraces reading, spelling, writing, book-keeping, and oral instruction in grammar and composition. These classes are in the school-room for recitations three evenings in the week, namely, Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The term system with regular vacations or periods of rest has been adapted as promising the best results. The year is divided into four terms of ten weeks each. The results of the work need not to be recited here, for you have seen the men in the recitation room and observed

STATE PRISON.

their work and department. I call attention to the necessity of providing a suitable room for school work, or so connecting the chapel with the prison that it could be used for school purposes, as the prevalence of sickness among the men that would demand the opening of the hospital would deprive us of our present accommodations.

LIBRARY.

The library contains nearly seventeen hundred volumes. It is made up largely of the better and useful works of fiction, histories, travels and adventures, biographies, scientific books, books of general literature, religious works and bound magazines. Each man is allowed two volumes per week. Two copies of four magazines, namely, Harper's, Scribner's, The Century and North American Review are taken for the use of the men. These are changed from cell to cell once a week. Thus one magazine may afford its information to one hundred and eight convicts.

MAIL.

Letters have been freely received by the men during the year. Each man is allowed to write one letter per week, and occasionally by special permission two or more. I have written weekly, or as often as requested by the men for those who cannot write, and have aided those whose spelling and composition was imperfect. Thus I endeavor to make the correspondence a means of instruction.

In addition to the papers received by subscribers, and sent by friends, I have furnished weekly to each man one or two copies of such papers as the *Youth's Companion*, *Zion's Advocate*, *Zion's Herald*, *The Independent*, *Christian Advocate*, etc.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Regular services have been held each Sabbath, and much equally important work, personal talks with the men respecting the truths and facts of a religious life, has been done. Though the work is largely seed sowing, we are not left without encouragement. Some of the men who have gone out, had previously abandoned the use of tobacco, taken a pledge to forever forsake the use of intoxicants, were daily readers of the Bible, and living by prayer. Good reports have come from such. Others still in the prison are pursuing these same steps.

A service of Bible study, conversation and prayer is held weekly on the Sabbath, with the women prisoners, either conducted by myself, or by some of the ladies of the Women's Christian Temperance Union.

While some harden themselves against the Gospel, and others seem indifferent, the much larger number of the convicts are willing listeners, and seem to enjoy personal talks respecting religious truth and experience. With pointed and pertinent questions they invite such instruction. With many thanks to the officers and government of the prison for the many favors received and the assistance given me in my work of instruction and redemption, this report is respectfully submitted.

C. A. PLUMER, *Chaplain.*

December, 1892.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

To the Inspector of the Maine State Prison.

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit herewith my annual medical report of the Maine State Prison for the last year. I would advise the lighting of the corridors by electricity, by so doing the air breathed by the convicts during the long winter nights would be much purer. I would advise also the building of bath rooms, so that the inmates would have a better chance to take a thorough bath each week. During the year the general health of the convicts has been excellent. The institution has not been subjected to any epidemic. During the year there have been two deaths. Llewellyn Quimby, died May 13 of consumption, and Frank Parker suicided, by hanging, June 2d.

There have been no patients in the hospital during the year. By the careful observance of all sanitary laws, the use of disinfectants, warm and adequate clothing and good nutritious food properly cooked a healthy condition has been maintained. There have been transferred to the Insane Asylum this year four insane convicts. To the warden, deputy warden, and all the subordinate officers of the prison, I give my most hearty thanks for the many courtesies extended me in my official duties.

Very respectfully,

J. E. WALKER, M. D.

Prison Physician.

Report of the Council Committee on State Prison.

To the Governor and Council:

In discharge of the duty assigned me as visiting member of the Executive Council to the State Prison I have made frequent visits to that institution during the year now closing. These visits have been made at irregular periods and in no case has any prison official been aware of my coming, and upon each and every occasion I have been pleased to find the operations of the prison going on regularly and in order, every officer and employe alert and attending strictly to the business of his department. I have observed the same kind but firm methods of discipline still in force as were mentioned in my former report as having obtained in the management and control of the inmates for 1891. The food ration has been sufficient, of good material and well cooked. The sanitary conditions seem to be very satisfactory. I conclude that not much further improvement is needed in this direction, since the introduction of a very fine steam heating system, rendering it possible to secure an even temperature throughout the prison. This conclusion would seem to be sustained by the very excellent health which has prevailed among the convicts, only one having died of disease during the year. It will be remembered that in our report a year ago we urged the appointment of a chaplain for this institution, and I am pleased to report that in carrying out this suggestion the State was fortunate in securing the services of an able, faithful and discreet man, by the appointment of the Rev. Mr. Plumer, who for some years has taken great interest in the welfare of the unfortunate people in this institution. In entering upon the discharge of his important duties as chaplain, he assumed charge of the educational department, which has prospered under his successful management; about sixteen per cent of the men are now interested in the school. Nearly forty per cent ought to avail themselves of the opportunities

afforded by this department. and we again suggest that all of the younger illiterate convicts should be required to devote certain hours each day to study in the school-room, especially should this requirement be made of those illiterates incarcerated for a term of years, and who are to go out into the world again, if it be true, as is generally held that education is a preventive of crime, then it would seem that this suggestion should be considered.

The number of convicts in the prison has averaged less for 1892 than for many years, closing the year with a total of only 127. It will be seen that with this reduced number of men the output of the several industries pursued at the institution could but be somewhat less than in former years, when a much larger force of men has been employed, and since the incidental expense of running these mechanical departments continues about the same whether the force be small or great the profits must depend largely upon the amount of labor utilized. The business of the institution has been successfully transacted upon the cash system, money instead of notes of hand having been received for nearly all the goods sold. For the manufactured goods of the harness department, broom department and furniture department there has been a brisk demand at fair prices. The sales of goods of the carriage department have not been as easily made and considerable stock in finished carriages will be carried over, though much less than in former years. The old stock of carriages has been nearly all sold, and old accounts which have been carried as assets have been settled, from which the State has realized less than might have been the case had they been settled earlier or had the cash system of business been inaugurated years ago. It is believed that with the continuation of the present safe business management, the Maine State Prison is entering upon a term of increased prosperity which will be satisfactory to the people of the State.

Respectfully submitted,

ORAMANDAL SMITH,

Visiting Committee to State Prison.

REPORT ON JAILS.

There has been no very material change in the condition of the jails of the State during the past year, with the exception of a new jail building in Knox county. There has, on the whole, been many improvements in the discipline of the jail, and in several of them arrangements have been made for the better classification of prisoners. There have been an unusually large number of escapes during the year, which have been in a great measure due to the very insecure condition of some of the jails and a lack of care on the part of some of the jailers and the men under them. In all of the jails where it could be done, we have ordered the prisoners kept locked in their cells at least twenty-two hours out of each twenty-four with most satisfactory results. After careful consideration we have decided to advise the county officers of the several counties to provide each prisoner in their jails with a regular convict suit, not only as a matter of economy but as a matter of security. Already three of our jails use them with most gratifying results. They are manufactured by the Portland jail and are sold at \$3.90 per suit. Prisoners can be clothed much cheaper in this way than in citizens' clothes and can be far more easily and quickly captured in cases of escape. We would recommend that the next legislature enact such a law as will make it compulsory on the several counties to provide regular convict suits for their prisoners.

We report the condition of the several jails as follows :

First. The Androscoggin jail has been kept in very good condition. The workshop is very insecure and not as well provided with guards as it should be.

Second. The Aroostook jail, although a new one is not sufficient for the present needs of this large and rapidly developing county. On November 30th there were thirty-five prisoners confined in sixteen cells. The jail is very well kept and very convenient in its arrangements.

Third. The Cumberland jail is a model of neatness and discipline. The system of records kept is the best in the State.

Fourth. The Franklin county jail is but little used on account of the goodness of our citizens in that part of the State. It is however kept in perfect condition.

Fifth. The Hancock jail is in good condition and the jailer very efficient in his duties.

Sixth. The Kennebec jail has been most admirably managed during the past year by Sheriff Stevens. The prisoners have been kept in close confinement twenty-two hours out of each twenty-four with most satisfactory results. Prior to Mr. Stevens' administration, the average number of prisoners was over one hundred, while the past year it has been about thirty.

Seventh. The Knox county jail at Rockland is a new one, conveniently arranged, with all the modern conveniences and latest improvements in the way of locks. It is well arranged for a proper classification of prisoners and is a credit to the county.

Eighth. The Lincoln county jail is not kept quite as clean as we should like and far greater liberties are given the prisoners than is consistent with their safe keeping.

Ninth. The jail at Paris Hill is hardly worthy of the name of a jail. Five prisoners have escaped during the past year. The jailer is well qualified for his position and deserves a new jail with some modern conveniences.

Tenth. The Penobscot county jail is always in good condition under the efficient management of Sheriff Reed. The prisoners wear convict suits and are kept constantly employed in the shop manufacturing brooms and fire wood. The county owns a lot of old sheds in the rear of the work shop which should be removed on account of the danger from fire.

Eleventh. Piscataquis county has no jail, using, when necessary, that at Bangor.

Twelfth. Sagadahoc county has no jail, when necessary using that of other counties. At the present time Sheriff Ballou reports: "We imprison mostly at Auburn; we are nearly free from all wickedness."

Thirteenth. The Somerset jail is almost a disgrace to the county. It is poorly ventilated, has poor sewerage and is far from secure. A new jail is much needed and should be located at Skowhegan near the court house.

Fourteenth. In the Waldo county jail there were more tramps committed the past year than the jails of Cumberland, Kennebec, Androscoggin and Penobscot combined. The commissioners of Waldo should investigate this matter and see if some method cannot be devised whereby the jail may be made less attractive to tramps. We would suggest that a diet of crackers and codfish with a liberal supply of water would make the jail a less desirable home for this class of people.

Fifteenth. Washington county jail at Machias is in good condition. The prisoners are kept in close confinement which makes the place less attractive to evil doers.

Sixteenth. The York county jail is as well managed by Sheriff Wentworth as it can be in its present condition. The water supply is very poor and inadequate, so much so that the jailer is frequently obliged to haul water and carry it into his jail by the pail full. When coal is taken in, the jail has to be opened and the coal carried by the basketful up one flight of stairs through the office into the jail, down another flight of stairs and to the extreme end of the building. The wood goes in through the kitchen and into the jail through the food-slide. Early in the year we ordered an iron door put in the outside wall near where the fuel is kept, so that this difficulty might be obviated, but thus far the county commissioners have refused to comply with our request. The past summer the commissioners have placed lightning rods on their jail at a cost, as we are informed, of over three hundred dollars (\$300).

We append hereto the reports of the sheriffs of the several counties in detail with tabulated statements.

C. W. JONES.	}	<i>Inspectors of Prison and Jails.</i>
A. W. GILMAN,		
AUGUSTUS BAILEY.		

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY JAIL,

AT AUBURN.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—W. B. Beals, Seth Chandler, R. C. Boothby, *County Commissioners*; John F. Lamb, *Sheriff and Jailer*; Fred E. Lane, *Turnkey*; no particular *Physician*; Warren Sawyer, *Overseer of Workshop*.

No. of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891..	72
“ “ “ “ “ 1892.....	66
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county.....	50
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ other counties.....	16
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ the United States....	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	542
“ “ “ this county	386
“ “ “ other counties	156
“ “ “ the United States.	0
“ “ “ drunkenness.....	369
“ “ “ selling liquors	33
“ “ “ non-payment of fines.....	325
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.....	0
“ “ males ..	518
“ “ females ..	24
“ “ poor debtors ..	2
“ “ tramps.....	31
“ “ foreign birth.....	No record
“ “ escaped (see remarks) .	0
“ “ retaken	0
“ “ under 15 years of age.....	No record
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age.	No record
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	316
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	51
“ “ 3 “ “ “ 2 months.....	10
“ “ 6 “ “ “ 3 “	13
“ “ 9 “ “ “ 6 “	2
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	1
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year.....	2
“ “ to State Prison.....	1

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year	1
Price of board per week?	\$1.75
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	\$100
Do prisoners labor?	Yes
Are prisoners leased? if so to whom? (Workshop rented)	
	Standard Heel Company
What kind of work done?	Shoe work
Average number in workshop?	40
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	Yes
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	

As well as we can

While Sheriff Lamb was absent on his vacation in July last one of the prisoners, who was serving a sentence of thirty days, was taken outside by one of the overseers of the workshop to assist in picking over stock at one of the shoe shops. The man was taken out without permission of the officer in charge of the jail and “he never came back.”

JOHN F. LAMB, *Jailer.*

AROOSTOOK COUNTY JAIL,

AT HOULTON.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—James W. Ambrose, James R. Thurlow, Charles E. Dunn, *County Commissioners*; James W. Bolster, *Sheriff*; George G. Bickford, *Jailer*; John Bunnell, *Turnkey*; George Cary, *Physician*.

No. of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	7
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	35
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county	10
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties.	24
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States	1
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	141
“ “ “ this county.	81
“ “ “ other counties.	52
“ “ “ the United States....	1
“ “ “ drunkenness.	80
“ “ “ selling liquors	7
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	54
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence	Not known
“ “ males	140
“ “ females	1
“ “ poor debtors.	17
“ “ tramps..	1
“ “ foreign birth	Not known
“ “ escaped	0
“ “ retaken	0
“ “ under 15 years of age.	0
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	10
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	90
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	6
“ “ 3 “ “ 2 months	4
“ “ 6 “ “ 3 “	1
“ “ 9 “ “ 6 “	1
“ “ 1 year “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ 1 year	0
“ “ to State Prison	6

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

47

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year.	0
Price of board per week?	\$2 25
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	Bill not rendered
Do prisoners labor?	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?	No
What kind of work done?	Not any
Average number in workshop?	None
Do prisoners receive religious instruction	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	No

GEORGE G. BICKFORD, *Jailer.*

CUMBERLAND COUNTY JAIL,

AT PORTLAND.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—James M. Tolman, Frank H. Plummer, Elbridge Lord, *County Commissioners*; Leander E. Cram, *Sheriff and Jailer*; George W. Grover, *Turnkey*; Freeman E. Small, *Physician*; Thomas Pennell, *Overseer of Workshop*.

No of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	70
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	93
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county	85
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	2
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States,	5
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	1036
“ “ “ this county.	880
“ “ “ other counties..	27
“ “ “ the United States..	129
“ “ “ drunkenness..	212
“ “ “ selling liquors..	171
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	205
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.....	263
“ “ males.....	901
“ “ females.....	135
“ “ poor debtors.....	8
“ “ tramps.....	34
“ “ foreign birth.....	no record
“ “ escaped.....	1
“ “ retaken..	1
“ “ under 15 years of age.....	no record
“ “ between 15 and 21 years age.....	no record
“ sentenced for 1 month or less..	151
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month.....	102
“ “ 3 months or less, over 2 months.....	25
“ “ 6 months or less, over 3 months.....	31
“ “ 9 months or less, over 6 months.....	2
“ “ 1 year or less, over 9 months..	5
“ “ 2 years or less, over 1 year.....	0
“ “ to State Prison.....	6

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	2
“ of deaths during the year	1
Price of board per week?.. . . . At work, \$2.00; not at work, \$1.75	
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	Unknown
Do prisoners labor?	Yes
Are prisoners leased? if so. to whom?.. . . .	No
What kind of work done?	Manufacture of heels
Average number in workshop?	50½
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	Yes
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?.. . . .	No

Fred Nadeau, who was serving a six-months sentence for assault and battery, escaped from the basement of the jail, where he was at work painting, June 15, 1892. He was captured at Bartlett, N. H., June 18, by Deputy Sheriff Samuel D. Plummer and Turnkey George W. Grover, and returned to jail.

LEANDER E. CRAM, *Jailer.*

FRANKLIN COUNTY JAIL,

AT FARMINGTON.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—John R. Toothaker, Justus Webster, George M. Coburn, *County Commissioners*; Alonzo Sylvester, *Sheriff*; C. E. Dyer, *Jailer and Turnkey*.

No. of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	0
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	3
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county	3
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ the United States	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	21
“ “ “ this county	15
“ “ “ other counties	6
“ “ “ the United States	0
“ “ “ drunkenness	2
“ “ “ selling liquors	3
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	0
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence	0
“ “ males	19
“ “ females	2
“ “ poor debtors	2
“ “ tramps	1
“ “ foreign birth	3
“ “ escaped	0
“ “ retaken	0
“ “ under 15 years of age	1
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	6
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	0
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	0
“ “ 3 “ “ 2 months	1
“ “ 6 “ “ 3 “	0
“ “ 9 “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ 1 year	0
“ “ to State Prison	0
“ pardoned by Governor and Council	0

No. of deaths during year.....	0
Price of board per week?.....	\$2.50
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	Don't know
Do prisoners labor?	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?.....	No
What kind of work done?	None
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?.. ..	Not to any extent
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age? ..	No

C. E. DYER, *Jailer.*

HANCOCK COUNTY JAIL,

AT ELLSWORTH.

COUNTY OFFICERS.—James W. Blaisdell, Fred B. Atkin, Joseph M. Hutchins, *County Commissioners*; James W. Patterson, *Sheriff*; L. F. Hooper, *Jailer and Turnkey*; A. C. Hayerths, *Physician*.

No. of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	5
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	7
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county	7
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States,	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	79
“ “ “ this county	79
“ “ “ other counties	0
“ “ “ the United States	0
“ “ “ drunkenness	22
“ “ “ selling liquors	18
“ “ “ larceny	12
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	10
“ “ “ arson	3
“ “ “ assault	7
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence	0
“ “ males	77
“ “ females	2
“ “ poor debtors	0
“ “ tramps	7
“ “ foreign birth	15
“ “ escaped	0
“ “ retaken	0
“ “ under 15 years of age	2
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	3
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	40
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	33
“ “ 3 “ “ 2 months	02
“ “ 6 “ “ 3 “	1
“ “ 9 “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year	0
“ “ to State Prison	1

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during year	0
Price of board per week?	\$2.50
Amount expended for repairs during the year?.....	\$500.00
Do prisoners labor?.....	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?.....	No
What kind of work done?	None
Average number in workshop?.....	None
Do prisoners receive religious instruction? ..	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age? . . .	No

L. F. HOOPER, *Jailer.*

KENNEBEC COUNTY JAIL,

AT AUGUSTA.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—George H. Andrews, Charles Wentworth, John S. Hamilton, *County Commissioners*; G. T. Stevens, *Sheriff and Jailer*; George H. Ramsell, *Turnkey*; G. H. Brickett, *Physician*.

No. of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	31
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	32
“ “ “ “ “ 1892 for this county.	32
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ the United States,	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	379
“ “ “ this county.	374
“ “ “ other counties.	5
“ “ “ the United States.	0
“ “ “ drunkenness.	206
“ “ “ selling liquors	34
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	22
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence	No record
“ “ males	366
“ “ females	13
“ “ poor debtors.	2
“ “ tramps.	25
“ “ foreign birth.	Not known
“ “ escaped.	4
“ “ retaken.	3
“ “ under 15 years of age.	1
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	4
“ sentenced for 1 month or less.	231
“ “ 2 “ “ over 1 month.	12
“ “ 3 “ “ 2 months.	16
“ “ 6 “ “ 3 “	1
“ “ 9 “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year.	0
“ “ to State Prison.	8

No. pardoned by Governor and Council.....	0
“ of deaths during the year	1
Price of board per week?	\$2.50
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	Not known
Do prisoners labor?.. .. .	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?.....	No
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?... ..	Yes, twice a week
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?.....	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age? . . .	

Yes, when we have sufficient number

Michael T. Nolan and James J. White, two young men from Lewiston, charged with breaking and entering in the night time and larceny from the store of G. W. and M. W. Manter of Readfield, escaped from Kennebec jail on the morning of December 30th last, by knocking a gripe from an iron bar in one of the windows in the basement that had been sawed off some years before and an escape effected through the same place. The sheriff at once offered a reward of \$50 each for their capture and return.

After an absence of two days while on their way across the county from Iceboro to Lewiston were recaptured by William M. Hatten of Litchfield and returned to jail.

They were indicted, found guilty and sent to State Prison for three years. The basement windows have since been made reasonably secure. During the past year a bath room has been added to the female department, a much needed improvement.

The average number of prisoners from December 20th, 1891, to April 20th, 1892, was only thirty-three, the lowest number yet. Close confinement twenty-one hours out of twenty-four is not congenial to the taste of any tramp. They seldom return.

G. T. STEVENS, *Sheriff*.

KNOX COUNTY JAIL,

AT ROCKLAND.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—Charles A. Sylvester, Mark Ames, S. W. Jones, *County Commissioners*; J. W. Gray, *Sheriff*; J. W. Gray, *Jailer*; J. W. Gray, *Turnkey*; Walter V. Hanscom, *Physician*.

No of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891.....	15
“ “ “ “ “ 1892.....	8
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county.....	8
“ “ “ “ “ “ for other counties.....	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ for the United States ..	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892, 146	
“ “ “ this county ..	146
“ “ “ other counties.....	0
“ “ “ the United States.....	0
“ “ “ drunkenness.....	74
“ “ “ selling liquors.....	6
“ “ “ non-payment of fines.....	0
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence..	0
“ “ males.....	140
“ “ females.....	6
“ “ poor debtors ..	0
“ “ tramps.....	46
“ “ foreign birth.....	0
“ “ escaped.....	0
“ “ retaken..	0
“ “ under 15 years of age.....	0
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age.....	0
“ sentenced for 1 month or less.....	145
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month.....	0
“ “ 3 “ “ “ 2 months.....	1
“ “ 6 “ “ “ 3 “.....	0
“ “ 9 “ “ “ 6 “.....	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “.....	0
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year.....	0
“ “ to State Prison.....	2

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year.....	1
Price of board per week?	\$2.15
Amount expended for repairs during {the} year?.....	0
Do prisoners labor	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?	Not leased
What kind of work done?	No work shop
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?.....	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?.....	No

J. W. GRAY, *Jailer.*

LINCOLN COUNTY JAIL,

AT WISCASSET.

COUNTY OFFICERS.—Albert B. Erskine, Myrick H. Marson, Lorenzo D. Perkins, *County Commissioners*; Charles F. Choate, *Sheriff*; Seth Patterson, *Jailer and Turnkey*; Clarence A. Peaslee, *Physician*.

No. of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	13
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	10
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county..	5
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties.	5
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States,	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	78
“ “ “ this county.	63
“ “ “ other counties..	15
“ “ “ the United States	0
“ “ “ drunkenness	24
“ “ “ selling liquors.	1
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	9
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.	0
“ “ males.	75
“ “ females.	3
“ “ poor debtors.	3
“ “ tramps.	26
“ “ foreign birth.	Unknown
“ “ escaped.	0
“ “ retaken.	0
“ “ under 15 years of age.	0
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age.	1
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	42
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	0
“ “ 3 “ “ “ 2 months	2
“ “ 6 “ “ “ 3 “	0
“ “ 9 “ “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year	0
“ “ to State Prison.	0

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during year	0
Price of board per week?	\$2.00
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	0
Do prisoners labor? ..	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom? ..	No
What kind of work done?	0
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction? ..	No
Do prisoners wear regulation suits? ..	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	Yes

SETH PATTERSON, *Jailer.*

OXFORD COUNTY JAIL,

AT PARIS.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—John Barker, William Woodsum, William W. Whitmarsh, *County Commissioners*; James L. Parker, *Sheriff*; Chandler Garland, *Jailer and Turnkey*; B. Frank Bradbury, *Physician*.

No. of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	5
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	3
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county	3
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	34
“ “ this county	34
“ “ other counties	0
“ “ the United States	0
“ “ drunkenness	3
“ “ selling liquors	9
“ “ non-payment of fines	7
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.	3
“ “ males	34
“ “ females	0
“ “ poor debtors	0
“ “ tramps	2
“ “ foreign birth	4
“ “ escaped	5
“ “ retaken	0
“ “ under 15 years of age	0
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	6
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	11
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	3
“ “ 3 “ “ 2 months	0
“ “ 6 “ “ 3 “	0
“ “ 9 “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ 1 year	0
“ “ to State Prison	1

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year	0
Price of board per week?	\$2.50
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	About \$100
Do prisoners labor?.....	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?.....	No
What kind of work done?.....	None
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?.....	No
Do pri-oners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?.....	No

Victoramus McPhee and George Keefer broke jail September 7, 1892, by tearing down brick chimney in the north upstairs cell, and on September 23, John Daily, Fred Currier and Fred W. Jackson broke jail by tearing down stone chimney in south upstairs cell.

CHANDLER GARLAND, *Jailer.*

PENOBSCOT COUNTY JAIL,

AT BANGOR.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—W. L. Scribner, B. F. Eldridge, W. I. Wood, *County Commissioners*; William F. Reed, *Sheriff and Jailer*; Alvin Reed, *Turnkey*; Galen M. Woodcock, *Physician*; George Elbridge, *Overseer of Workshop*.

No. of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	62
“ “ “ “ 1892	55
“ “ “ “ “ for this county	50
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties.	5
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	609
“ “ “ this county.	574
“ “ “ other counties.	21
“ “ “ the United States.	14
“ “ “ drunkenness.	456
“ “ “ selling liquors	27
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	2
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.	8
“ “ males	588
“ “ females	21
“ “ poor debtors.	11
“ “ tramps	2
“ “ foreign birth.	0
“ “ escaped	3
“ “ retaken	1
“ “ under 15 years of age	1
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	6
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	459
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	34
“ “ 3 “ “ 2 months	13
“ “ 6 “ “ 3 “	10
“ “ 9 “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	2
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year	2
“ “ to State Prison	1

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year.	0
Price of board per week?	\$1.75
Amount expended for repairs during the year?..	0
Do prisoners labor?..	Yes
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom? ...	Yes, to George Eldridge
What kind of work done?.....	Brooms manufactured
Average number in workshop?....	30
Do prisoners receive religious instruction.....	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	Yes
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?..	Yes

Charles M. Tweedy escaped October 10, 1892, by sawing out a bar; recaptured October 30, 1892, at Fort Kent, Me., and returned to jail October 31st, by William F. Reed, Sheriff.

John E. McDonald and John A. Ryan escaped at same time and by same mode as Tweedy; not yet recaptured.

WILLIAM F. REED, *Jailer.*

SOMERSET COUNTY JAIL,

AT NORRIDGEWOCK.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—A. H. Chase, H. C. Webber, Albert Leavitt, *County Commissioners*; George H. Pishon, *Sheriff*; C. E. Veasie, *Jailer*; C. E. Veasie, *Turnkey*.

No. of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	6
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	5
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county..	5
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States,	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	35
“ “ “ this county.	35
“ “ “ other counties..	0
“ “ “ the United States.	0
“ “ “ drunkenness.	14
“ “ “ selling liquors.	4
“ “ “ non-payment of fines	9
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.	0
“ “ males	35
“ “ females.	0
“ “ poor debtors.	2
“ “ tramps.	2
“ “ foreign birth	No record
“ “ escaped.	0
“ “ retaken.	0
“ “ under 15 years of age	0
“ “ between 15 and 21 years age.	3
“ sentenced for 1 month or less.	24
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month.	5
“ “ 3 months or less, over 2 months.	1
“ “ 6 months or less, over 3 months.	3
“ “ 9 months or less, over 6 months.	0
“ “ 1 year or less, over 9 months.	0
“ “ 2 years or less, over 1 year.	0
“ “ to State Prison	3

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

65

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year	0
Price of board per week?	\$2.50
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	No record
Do prisoners labor?	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?	No
What kind of work done?	0
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?	No
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	

C. E. VEASIE, *Jailer.*

WALDO COUNTY JAIL,

AT BELFAST.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—Mark S. Stiles, Otis D. Wilson, Simon A. Payson, *County Commissioners*; Ansel Wadsworth, *Sheriff* and *Jailer*; E. A. Wadsworth, *Turnkey*; J. M. Fletcher, *Physician*.

No. of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891	24
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	40
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county	40
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties	None
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States	None
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	264
“ “ this county	263
“ “ other counties	None
“ “ the United States	1
“ “ drunkenness	66
“ “ selling liquors	6
“ “ non-payment of fines	15
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence	1
“ “ males	262
“ “ females	2
“ “ poor debtors	1
“ “ tramps	177
“ “ foreign birth	Cannot state
“ “ escaped	None
“ “ retaken	None
“ “ under 15 years of age	None
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	2
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	68
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	175
“ “ 3 “ “ “ 2 months	None
“ “ 6 “ “ “ 3 “	None
“ “ 9 “ “ “ 6 “	None
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	1
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year	1
“ “ to State Prison	1
“ pardoned by Governor and Council	1

No. of deaths during year.....	1
Price of board per week?.....	\$1.75
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	150.00
Do prisoners labor?	Yes
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?.....	No
What kind of work done?	Manufacturing firewood
Average number in workshop?.....	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?.....	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	

As well as jail will permit

ANSEL WADSWORTH, *Jailer.*

WASHINGTON COUNTY JAIL,

AT MACHIAS.

COUNTY OFFICERS :—S. G. Spooner, Geo. W. Coffin, J. B. Nutt,
County Commissioners; J. P. Longfellow, *Sheriff*; E. Vose, *Jailer*;
 S. B. Hunter, *Physician*.

No. of prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891.....	20
“ “ “ “ “ 1892.....	14
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county.....	14
“ “ “ “ “ “ for other counties.....	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ for the United States ..	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	87
“ “ “ “ this county ..	87
“ “ “ “ other counties ..	0
“ “ “ “ the United States ..	0
“ “ “ “ drunkenness.....	41
“ “ “ “ selling liquors.....	9
“ “ “ “ non-payment of fines.....	34
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence.....	0
“ “ males.....	86
“ “ females.....	1
“ “ poor debtors ..	0
“ “ tramps ..	3
“ “ foreign birth.....	5
“ “ escaped.....	3
“ “ retaken..	3
“ “ under 15 years of age.....	2
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age ..	6
“ sentenced for 1 month or less.....	10
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month.....	19
“ “ 3 “ “ “ 2 months.....	1
“ “ 6 “ “ “ 3 “ ..	3
“ “ 9 “ “ “ “ ..	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “ ..	0
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year ..	0
“ “ to State Prison ..	2

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during the year	0
Price of board per week?	\$2.00
Amount expended for repairs during the year?	About 150.00
Do prisoners labor	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?	No
What kind of work done?	0
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	

Jail not arranged for it

The three prisoners who broke jail the past year, did so all at the same time. Done by making a key to unlock their cells, then by the use of a hack-saw furnished by outsiders, one of the window bars was sawed off in a very short time. The escape was in the day-time, and they were all returned inside of two hours.

E. VOSE, *Jailer.*

YORK COUNTY JAIL,

AT ALFRED.

COUNTY OFFICERS:—Simon S. Andrews, Isaac Hanscom, Stephen L. Purinton, *County Commissioners*; George H. Wentworth, *Sheriff and Jailer*; Harvey E. Wentworth, *Turnkey*; Chas. E. Lander, *Physician*.

No. of Prisoners in jail Nov. 30, 1891.....	43
“ “ “ “ “ 1892	29
“ “ “ “ “ “ for this county.....	29
“ “ “ “ “ “ other counties.....	0
“ “ “ “ “ “ the United States,	0
“ “ committed for the year ending Nov. 30, 1892,	283
“ “ “ this county.	283
“ “ “ other counties.....	0
“ “ “ the United States.....	0
“ “ “ drunkenness.....	145
“ “ “ selling liquors.....	20
“ “ “ non-payment of fines.....	129
“ “ committed for safe keeping by police officers and taken out by them and no return made of trial or sentence..	0
“ “ males.....	274
“ “ females.....	8
“ “ poor debtors.....	1
“ “ tramps.....	48
“ “ foreign birth	No record
“ “ escaped.....	1
“ “ retaken.....	1
“ “ under 15 years of age	None
“ “ between 15 and 21 years of age	No record
“ sentenced for 1 month or less	184
“ “ 2 months or less, over 1 month	51
“ “ 3 “ “ “ 2 months	2
“ “ 6 “ “ “ 3 “	2
“ “ 9 “ “ “ 6 “	0
“ “ 1 year “ “ 9 “	0
“ “ 2 years “ “ 1 year	0
“ “ to State Prison.....	3

No. pardoned by Governor and Council	0
“ of deaths during year	2
Price of board per week?	\$1.75
Amount expended for repairs during the year?..	0
Do prisoners labor?..	No
Are prisoners leased? if so, to whom?..	No
What kind of work done?	None
Average number in workshop?	0
Do prisoners receive religious instruction?	Yes
Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	No
Are your prisoners classified according to crime and age?	No

GEORGE H. WENTWORTH, *Jailer.*

ABSTRACT OF JAILS, 1892.

NAME OF COUNTY.	No. in jail November 30, 1891.		No. in jail November 30, 1892.		Whole number for 1892.		Males.	Females.	Tramps.	Poor debtors.	Foreign birth.	Escaped.	Retaken.	Committed for drunkenness.	Committed for selling intoxicants.	Committed for non-payment of fines.	No. under 15 years of age.	Sentenced for 1 month or 30 days.	Sentenced for 2 months or 60 days.	Sentenced for 3 months or 90 days.	Sentenced for 6 months.	Sentenced for 9 months.	Sentenced for 1 year.	Sentenced for 2 years or more.	Sentenced to State Prison.	Pardoned.	No. deaths during year.	Do prisoners wear regulation suits?	Board per week.	Repairs.	Do prisoners labor?	Are prisoners leased?			
	No. in jail November 30, 1891.	No. in jail November 30, 1892.	No. in jail November 30, 1891.	No. in jail November 30, 1892.	No. in jail November 30, 1891.	No. in jail November 30, 1892.																													
Androscoggin.....	72	66	542	518	24	31	3																												
Aroostook.....	35	140	141	1	1	1	17																												
Cumberland.....	70	93	1036	901	135	34	3																												
Franklin.....		3	21	19	2	1	2																												
Hancock.....	5		719	77																															
Kennebec.....	31	32	379	366	13	25	6																												
Knox.....	15	3	146	140	6	46	1																												
Lincoln.....	13	10	78	75	3	26	3																												
Oxford.....	5	3	34	34																															
Penobscot.....	62	55	609	588	21	2	11																												
Piscataquis *.....																																			
Sagadahoc †.....																																			
Somerset.....	6	5	35	35																															
Waldo.....	24	40	264	262	2	17	2																												
Washington.....	20	14	27	26		1	3																												
York.....	43	29	283	274	8	48	1																												
Totals.....	373	400	3723	3515	218	405	50	?	17	9	1714	348	821	?	1771	491	78	65	5	9	4	34	2	6											

* Has no jail—uses that of Penobscot county.

† Has no jail—uses that of Lincoln county.

‡ New jail built this season.

STATE OF MAINE.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, December 29, 1892.

Presented, accepted and two thousand copies ordered printed.

NICHOLAS FESSENDEN, *Secretary of State.*