

# Public Documents of Maine:

BEING THE

# ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

# Public Officers Institutions

FOR THE YEAR

# 1892.

# VOLUME II.

AUGUSTA: BURLEIGH & FLYNT, PRINTERS TO THE STATE. 1892.

# SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Board of Managers and 0fficers

OF THE

# Maine Industrial School for Girls

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# HALLOWELL,

# FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 10, 1891,

WITH LISTS OF THE

Board of Trustees, Officers and Visitors.

AUGUSTA: BURLEIGH & FLYNT, PRINTERS TO THE STATE. 1892.

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### BOARD OF MANAGERS.

SIDNEY PERHAM, Paris, PRESIDENT. CHARLES E. NASH, Augusta, Secretary. ELIPHALET ROWELL, Hallowell, TREASURER. The Governor,

" SUPERINTENDENT OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

" SECRETARY OF STATE.

Ex-Officio on part of the State.

#### Trustees.

H. K. BAKER, Hallowell,	Term expires	Dec.,	1892
MRS. L. M. N. STEVENS, Portland,	"	"	1892
J. P. BAXTER, Portland,	66	"	1893
MRS. S. G. SARGENT, Augusta,	"	"	1893
MOSES GIDDINGS, Bangor,	"	" "	1894
MRS. SARAH M. WARE, Waterville,	" "	"	1894

Executive Committee. HENRY K. BAKER, ELIPHALET ROWELL, CHARLES E. NASH.

### OFFICERS OF THE SCHOOL.

E. ROWELL, Superintendent, MISS CHARLOTTE M. BROWN, Matron, School No. 1. MISS ELIZA F. BROWN, Assistant Matron, " " MISS GEORGIA E. SHAW, Teacher, " " MISS ELLEN C. ROBERTS, Matron, School No. 2. " MRS. KATE L. RANDALL, Assistant Matron. " MISS MATTIE E. RANDALL, Teacher, " "

## BOARD OF VISITORS.

MRS. MARGARET T. W. MERRILL, Portland.

" TOBIAS LORD, Steep Falls, Standish.

" ORIN WILLIAMSON, Augusta.

" I. D. STURGIS, Augusta.

MISS CLARA M. FARWELL, Rockland.

MRS. GEORGE W. QUINBY, Augusta.

" JAMES D. WHITE, Gardiner.

" H. K. BAKER, Hallowell.

" MOSES GIDDINGS, Bangor.

" J. O. SMITH, Skowhegan.

" J. R. BODWELL, Hallowell.

MISS SARAH A. HYDE, Bath.

#### STATEMENT.

The Maine Industrial School for Girls is not a house of correction, but is designed as a refuge for girls between the ages of seven and fifteen years, who, by force of circumstances or associations, are in manifest danger of becoming outcasts of society. It is not a place of punishment, to which its inmates are sent as criminals by criminal process—but a home for the friendless, neglected and vagrant children of the State, where, under the genial influences of kind treatment and physical and moral training, they may be won back to ways of virtue and respectability, and fitted for positions of honorable self-support and lives of usefulness.

The institution is a corporation composed of the original corporators and associate subscribers. By them its affairs are committed to a Board of Managers. The State is represented on the Board by the Governor, Secretary of State and Superintendent of Common Schools. It has provided by statute law for the custody and education of wayward and exposed girls therein, and aids in their material support.

The school has been full during the past year; yet vacancies are frequently occurring, as girls are sent to places provided for them elsewhere.

Persons interested in sending girls to the school, should promptly notify the superintendent, and they will be served in their turn.

In receiving girls "preference will be given to those towns or cities not represented, or but slightly represented in the school."

Girls convicted of light crimes may be sent to the school as an "alternative;" but those who are confirmed in criminal habits, imbecile or idiotic, are not proper subjects for the school.

Blank forms of Complaint, Warrant and Mittimus, will be sent on application to the Superintendent.

#### NOTICES.

Regular meetings of the Board of Managers will be held during the year 1892, at the office of the Superintendent, on the second Wednesdays of March, June, September and December. The meeting in December is the annual meeting of the corporators for the choice of officers.

The visitors will constitute six committees, and officially visit the school in the following order :

December, 1891, and June, 1892.	Mrs. I. D. Sturgis, Augusta. Mrs. O. Williamson, Augusta,
January, 1892, and July, 1892.	Mrs. G. W. Quinby, Augusta. Mrs. J. D White, Gardiner.
February, 1892, and August, 1892.	Mrs. H. K. Baker, Hallowell. Mrs. J. R. Bodwell, Hallowell.
March, 1892, and September, 1892.	{ Mrs. Moses Giddings, Bangor. Mrs. J. O. Smith, Skowhegan.
April, 1892, and October, 1892.	Mrs. Tobias Lord, Steep Falls. Mrs. M T. W. Merrill, Portland
May, 1892, and November, 1892.	Miss C. M. Farwell, Rockland. Miss Sarah A. Hyde, Bath.

The time of the month for the visits may be fixed by the Committee.

No transient visitors are admitted to any part of the premises on the Sabbath day.

# **REPORT OF THE MANAGERS.**

To the Governor and Council of the State of Maine:

It will be seen by the reports of the Superintendent and Matrons that the Industrial School has, so to speak, pursued the even tenor of its way during the past year.

The measure of success in the management of the institution has been commensurate with that of past years. The advantages of the school are enjoyed by inmates from a very large part of the State. We may say without hesitation that the class of girls admitted to the school has with few exceptions, been greatly benefited by its instructions and its influ-The fact that about one-third of the girls placed inence. the school from its commencement have been married, and so far as we have been able to trace their subsequent lives, a large proportion of them have made industrious and respectable wives, certainly goes far to show the beneficial effect of the training they have had in the institution. Others who have not married, are many of them filling useful and creditable positions in society. All these facts tend to justify the bounty and liberality bestowed on the school, and invite its continuance.

## Respectfully submitted,

By order of Board of Managers.

HALLOWELL, Dec. 10, 1891.

# REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Board of Managers, Maine Industrial School:

In submitting the Seventeenth Annual Report of this Institution, I can with confidence assume that the past year has been one of more than average interest and success in all departments of labor and educational and moral advancement. As a general rule the girls have maintained a commendable record, and have given little occasion for other than mild discipline, at rare intervals.

It has been the policy of all the officers of the school to impress upon the girls the important lesson that to do right because it is right is the only way to achieve happiness and success in life. When once this truth becomes firmly implanted in the hearts even of those who have been wayward, good results are at once apparent. Let it be thoroughly regarded as *unpopular* to do wrong, and a great advance has been made toward refidering discipline comparatively easy and successful.

One great object to be secured in dealing with those so unfortunately tainted with hereditary, vicious moral tendencies is to lead them to the acquirement of self-respect, and an ambition to overcome the environments that surrounded them in the past. Where self-respect is wanting, there is but little hope of success in moral training. The cases, however, are comparatively few where the heart may not be touched by the kind ministrations so faithfully bestowed by the officers of the school. Many cases might be cited where girls once considered almost beyond the reach of moral influence, have become thoroughly reclaimed, and are now living honest, respectable and useful lives. Such results are truly encouraging, and go far to demonstrate that the law of kindness, in most cases, is more potent than bolts and bars as a reformatory success.

There have been several instances, however, where hereditary viciousness and practiced vice and immorality on the part of girls committed to the school, have required all the patience, wisdom and grace possible to keep under control; and the influence of such girls cannot be otherwise than detrimental to those with whom they associate. As at present situated it is found to be practicably impossible to keep such girls entirely separate, even if such a course should be deemed advisable. It is sometimes assumed, and not without well attested experience, that the influence of the good in the majority will more than offset the bad in the minority, and serve to elevate the more unfortunate dispositions to a higher plane of moral rectitude.

There have been comparatively few manifestations of a desire to run away from the school during the year, and in all cases a speedy return has been secured. In several instances girls have left good homes provided for them, giving more trouble than ordinarily experienced. With one exception of an aggravated character, of recent date—now under advisement—the girls have been restored to the discipline of the school, and are apparently endeavoring to regain their former favorable standing.

There have been several girls, living in families, who have been afflicted with severe sickness during the past year. They have received the best care and medical treatment, and early recovery seems probable in every case. One girl was returned to the school last summer, with decided symptoms of hereditary consumption. Without relatives to care for her she found loving hearts and willing hands to minister to her every want as she gradually and inevitably failed in bodily strength from day to day. On Sunday last, December 6, she quietly passed from earth to her reward above; and on Tuesday afternoon her body was reverently laid by the side of those who have preceded her, in our beautiful cemetery. All her associates at the school walked in procession to the place of burial. She manifested uniform patience during her sickness, and expressed full confidence in her Christian experience and hope in the future life.

Industrial training, in kitchen, sewing room and laundry, has received a due share of attention; and faithful instruction in the school department has characterized the past year as one of marked success. Girls admitted without knowledge of letters even, often make rapid advancement, and vie with their associates in securing a favorable record. By persevering industry, under the guidance and instruction of the lady officers of the school, many of the girls are soon fitted to earn their own livelihood in responsible families; and the demand for capable girls is much greater than can be supplied. Care is exercised in placing the girls, and parties are required to have strict supervision and maternal care of those committed to their charge. By exercising prudence in dress and other expenditures, the girls are enabled to save sufficient to be of material aid whenever they may be released from the care of the school. There is a laudable ambition thus to make the most of their opportunities; and whatever earnings they may be enabled to acquire, are placed in the savings bank to their credit. About fifty girls have now deposits to an aggregate amount of more than eleven hundred dollars; a financial exhibit that will favorably compare with girls of their ages in the common walks of life. Many who have become of age, or united in marriage during the past years of the history of the school, have had cause for gratitude that they were in possession of means to give them a start in the world.

By the resignation of Miss Maud E. Blackman as teacher of school No. 1, it has been found necessary to supply her place until the election of another teacher by the board of trustees. It was a matter of sincere regret that Miss Blackman felt obliged to retire from a position she had filled with so much satisfaction to the Trustees and credit to herself. Miss Georgia E. Shaw has been employed to fill the place for the time, and she has entered upon her work with commendable zeal and interest.

The girls have greatly enjoyed their usual holidays and excursions; and we desire to express the hearty thanks of all for the kindness and courtesy extended by General Manager Tucker of M. C. Railroad; Supt. Day, of the H. A., & G. electric road, and also to the owners and officers of the steamer "Islander." Such contributions of pleasure to the inmates of our Institution cannot fail of rendering satisfaction to those who take so commendable interest in the welfare and happiness of those who have few opportunities for the luxurious enjoyments of life.

Farm products have been in excess of former years, notwithstanding the extreme dry season. About twelve tons of hay were secured in good condition, fifty bushels of potatoes, twenty-five bushels of turnips, twelve bushels of beets, 400 heads of cabbage, twenty-five barrels grafted apples and 100 bushels natural fruit, from the inferior portion of which five barrels of vinegar will be manufactured. The garden yielded green corn, beans, peas, tomatoes, cucumbers, etc., in abundance for summer use of the school. The flower gardens have also bloomed with wonted freshness and beauty, and shade trees have been set about various parts of the grounds.

Both school buildings have received attention in oiling outside brick, and painting the wood-work outside and in, whitewashing cellars, ceilings, etc. Other needed repairs have been made as occasion demanded.

On account of extreme drought during the summer the water supply from both wells failed, and for temporary necessities pipe was laid to the spring east of the school buildings; thus tiding over for the fall rains, which as yet have failed to materialize. There has been no such water famine in this part of the State for many years, and we trust there may be no similar experience in the future.

#### INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

#### STATISTICS.

Twenty-three girls have been committed to the school during the past year from the following cities and towns: Gardiner, 2; Portland, 5; Saco, 2; Augusta, 3; and one each from Farmington, Calais, Deering, Fort Fairfield, Brunswick, Biddeford, Auburn, Dennysville, Bangor, Gouldsboro' and Mt. Desert; making a total of three hundred and forty-three since the organization of the school.

Number	in school Decer	nber 8, 18	390.		• • • •			••	61
Average	number during	the year .		• • •	• • • •		•••	••	<b>65</b>
Number	committed duri	ing the ye	ar					••	<b>23</b>
"	returned to the	school du	ring	the	year			••	7
" "	sent to homes d	luring the	year	:				••	<b>2</b> 0
" "	married	"	"					••	17
" "	died			••••	• • •			••	1
Whole n	umber married	before ma	jorit	y		• • • •		•••	61
60		after maje	ority.			• • • •		••	<b>4</b> 0

Whole number received since January, 1875...... 343 Number now in homes..... 94 married before reaching majority ..... " 61 " reached majority while unmarried..... 74 " returned to friends ..... 24 dismissed as incorrigible..... " 7 " unsuitable..... 66 4 deceased..... " 12 escaped and not recovered..... 66 2 - 343

12

The girls committed to the school since its organization are from eighty-two cities and towns as follows:

Hallowell	7	Biddeford	1
Augusta	34	Randolph	1
Gardiner	14	East Machias	1
Richmond	7	Skowhegan	1
Dresden	1	Union	1
Bath	17	Cherryfield	2
Oakland	4	Thorndike	$\overline{2}$
Sidney	2	North Haven	$\overline{2}$
Bowdoinham	2	Machias	1
Windsor	1	Rockland	30
Calais	8	Vinalhaven	2
Camden	2	Deer Isle	5
South Thomaston	3	Windham	1
Ellsworth	6	Saco	24
Mt. Desert	2	North Berwick	1
Bucksport	. 4	Lincolnville	1
Cape Élizabeth	<b>2</b>	Bangor	19
Manchester	1	East Corinth	1
Appleton	1	Boothbay	4
Winn	1	Gouldsboro'	4
Норе	1	Portland	6 <b>2</b>
Lewiston	4	Auburn	4
Montville	1	Canaan	1
Brooklin	1	Winslow	1
Presque Isle	1	Brooks	1
Norway.	1	St. George	1
Maysville	1	Chelsea	1
Waldoboro'	1	Palermo	1
Belfast	<b>2</b>	West Gardiner	3
Farmington	<b>2</b>	Waterville	1
Leeds	1	New Vineyard	z
North Vassalboro'.	1	Brunswick	3
Vassalboro'	1	Holden	1
Hancock	2	Hampden	2
Dennysville	<b>2</b>	Winthrop	1
Wayne	1	Perry	1
Warren	1	Pittston	1
Benton	1	Jefferson	1
Etna	1	Waterford	1
Easton	2	Belgrade	1
Deering	1	-	
Fort Fairfield	1	Total	843

#### PARENTAGE.

American, 276; Irish, 34; New Brunswick, 10; Nova Scotia, 5; French Canadian, 7; Mulatto, 2; African, 1; German, 3; Russian Jew, 1; English, 4; Total, 343.

The girls now at the school are from the following places :

Portland	18	Winthrop	1
Augusta	7	Gouldsboro	1
Rockland	4	Cherryfield	1
Bath	4	Bar Harbor	1
Saco	3	Milltown	1
Gardiner	3	North Haven	1
Bangor	<b>2</b>	Benton	1
Lewiston	<b>2</b>	Union	1
Auburn	2	Easton	Ι
Dennysville	2	Skowhegan	1
Richmond	1	Fort Fairfield	1
Calais	1	Brunswick	1
Waterville	1	Manchester	1
Waterford	1		
Biddeford	1	Total	65

#### BEQUEST FUND.

The bequest fund of the institution has not been encroached upon during the past year, and stands as follows:

Invested balance, last report	\$7,477 53
Interest account of year	319 52
Amount of Investment	\$7,797 05
The interest of this fund is available for pur	poses desig-
nated by vote of the board of managers.	

#### DONATIONS AND CONTRIBUTIONS.

Many friends of the school have contributed articles of clothing, bedding, millinery, books, pictures, papers, fruit, &c., as in past years. Miss Grosvenor of Hallowell and Miss Jordan of Augusta have almost entirely supplied the girls with hats, and Mrs. Robinson of Augusta, a lady of 96 years of age, has continued to make quilts for the school. Mrs. Chas. H. Wells and others have extended favors at various times during the year, in contributing articles of clothing, books, &c.

The Hallowell Register, Portland Advertiser, Zion's Advocate, Gospel Banner, Mission Echo, Zion's Herald, Christian Mirror, Augusta Daily Journal, Rockland Courier Gazette, Biddeford Standard, Saco Times, Youth's Companion, Rockland Free Press, and other publications have been furnished gratuitously by the publishers and friends of the school.

#### CHRISTMAS DONATIONS.

Contributions for Christmas, December, 1891, we acknowledge, so far as we are able, from friends, as follows :

HALLOWELL—J. W. Church; Lowell, Simmons & Stearns; Clary & Quinn; J. H. Leigh & Co.; Mrs. S. C. Huntoon; I. F. Thompson & Co.; C. L Spaulding; H. Tobey; Willis, Kittridge, Cottle & Co.; Mrs. H. K. Baker, E. Gould and others.

AUGUSTA-Mrs. O. Williamson; Mrs. H. M. Harlow; Mrs. C. C. Hunt; Mrs. Manley; Mrs. S. G. Sargent; Fowler & Hamlen; Mrs. S. Hinckley, and others.

WATERVILLE-Mrs. Sarah M. Ware, ten dollars.

Many relatives and friends of the girls sent packages by mail and express, and all were well provided with presents upon the Christmas trees. Appropriate exercises were observed on Friday evening, and the occasion was one of happiness long to be remembered.

Renewedly I would express my sincere thanks to the Trustees and officers of the school for the cordial support extended to me in my endeavors to discharge the duties of my position; and that the continued benediction of Divine Providence may abide with us all, individually and collectively, is my most earnest desire.

> Respectfully submitted, E. ROWELL, Superintendent.

# TREASURER'S REPORT.

ABSTRACT OF ACCOUNT OF E. ROWELL, TREASURER.

1891.—Dec. 9. DR.		1	
To balance on hand, last report,	-	\$4,731	07
State appropriation, 1891		7,000	00
received from cities and towns	-	1,735	25
interest on deposits	-	1 10	80
hay, barrels, &c., sold	-	26	50
		\$13,603	62
1891.—Dec. 9. CB.		,	
By paid for repairs, material and furniture	\$1,043 32	2	
provisions and supplies			
clothing, shoes and bedding			
coal and wood		r	
farm, labor, grading, &c	402 75		
salaries and management			
books, stationery, postage and printing			
doctors' bills and medicine	151 98	3	
conveyance, travel and expense	210 1		
incidentals not classed	112 77		
	\$9,433 30		
Balance to new account			
	\$13.603 6	2	

E. ROWELL, Treasurer.

We have examined the above account and find it properly vouched and correctly cast.

M. GIDDINGS, S. M. WARE, Committee.

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# **REPORT OF MATRONS.**

### School No. 1.

To the Trustees of the Maine Industrial School.

The past year has been a prosperous one to us. Few storms have swept across our path. Very little sickness has occurred among the girls residing in the Home. I think it would be hard to find thirty more robust, healthy children than ours. During the summer and fall months the girls spent considerable of their time in the open air, gathering health and strength In June one of the girls was returned to us for the winter. sick with consumption. She died December 6th. Through the long months of weariness and pain no word of complaint or murmuring ever passed her lips. She knew from the first that her disease was incurable. With Christian cheerfulness and faith she patiently awaited the Master's call. She is safe in the Shepherd's fold. The girls vied with each other in Though away from relatives, lovministering to her wants. ing care and attention smoothed her path to the grave.

There is a great deal of good in human nature; in most cases it far outweighs the bad. The great problem for us to solve is, how shall we best touch the hidden spring that holds in its grasp so many good and noble impulses. At the close of the day we often look over its record and note the kind acts that have passed under our observation; it is surprising how many we find. I have strong faith in humanity. If we could only look at the good traits of character instead of the bad ones, how much more good we might accomplish.

2

Girls living in families are doing well. Each year there is an increased demand for their services.

No difficulty has been experienced in their discipline. Obedience and self-control has been the rule. Girls sent to the Home this year have generally been bright and intelligent, willing to submit to rules, anxious to improve themselves. They are all well clothed for winter.

A number of girls have reached majority this year. Every one, as far as we know, are respectable young women, and are now earning an honest livelihood. Six or seven have gone to homes of their own. In nearly every case they have consulted our wishes in the matter.

Many pleasant incidents have occurred during the year. Sometimes it has been a letter of remembrance from one that had long since passed from our care. Occasionally a family group is sent us, the central figure being the well remembered face of some thoughtless girl that has given us much anxiety as to her future.

In October Miss Blackman left us. We were very sorry to lose so efficient an officer. Her place is well filled by Miss Shaw.

Ofttimes our every day life seems hundrum with its thousand and one petty cares; then, too, comes the bitter disappointment and pain, as we realize that our best efforts have failed to accomplish the good we so much desired and hoped for. But, Christian workers, let us not yield to discouragement, but gird ourselves anew for the conflict, remembering that no kind act or loving word done in the Master's name can be lost. Let this thought cheer and comfort us as we toil on, remembering,

> "The smallest effort is not lost; Each wavelet on the ocean tossed Aids in the ebb-tide or the flow; Each rain-drop makes some floweret blow; Each struggle lessens human woe."

> > Respectfully,

C. M. BROWN.

18

#### School No. 2.

### To the Trustees of the Maine Industrial School:

We have already written so much about the purpose and doings of this school that we are sure that the public, who read the reports, must be acquainted with our methods, and those who have employed the girls know something of the results of our efforts to direct them in the right way. We have steadily pursued much the same training as in former years, endeavoring to inculcate principles of integrity, teach each and all how to do their work well and impress upon them the great benefit a knowledge of these things will be to them in the future. Some of the girls have made us very glad by the real desire they have manifested to make the most of themselves. Others have made fairly good progress in the right direction. A few have been refractory and stirred up a spirit of discontent, and one, from whom we hoped better things, who has been for several years in a most excellent family, where she was treated as a daughter, has caused us great anxiety and grief by leaving her good home and going with a stranger we know not where.

The holidays have been much enjoyed, as heretofore. At last Christmas a box came from Waterville, containing among numerous other things some very interesting books and several beautiful dolls finely dressed, which have afforded the younger girls much pleasure, and all of which were fully appreciated. For the first time the annual excursion was down the river, and all were delighted.

We have had about the usual amount of sickness. The whooping cough came to us with some new girls last winter, and although several girls had an attack of it no serious consequences followed. A girl has now come and brought the measles, and we expect to entertain it for some weeks, but feel sure Dr. Williams, who has been so kind in past years, will assist us if we need her. Dr. Roberts has continued to relieve the toothache of the family, which is no small item, and also volunteered to cleanse the girls' teeth and keep them in repair. We think we will show our appreciation of his offer by accepting of it. Mrs. Giddings of Bangor has sent us the Youth's Companion for this year, which is always a delight to those who read it. Miss Grosvener has given us nearly all the new hats that have been needed. For all of these favors we heartily thank them.

Our one great desire is to bring such influences to bear upon our girls as will develop their best qualities, and with the Lord's blessing make them good women.

## Respectfully,

E. C. ROBERTS.

HALLOWELL, December 9, 1891.

20

An Act relating to the Maine Industrial School for Girls.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

SECTION 1. A parent or guardian of any girl between the ages of seven and fifteen years, or the municipal officers, or any three respectable inhabitants, of any city or town where she may be found, may complain in writing to the judge of probate, or any trial justice in the county, or to the judge of the municipal or police court for the city or town, alleging that she is leading an idle or vicious life, or has been found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice or immorality, and request that she may be committed to the guardianship of the Maine Industrial School for Girls. The judge or justice shall appoint a time and place of hearing, and order notice thereof to any person entitled to be heard, and at such time and place may examine into the truth of the allegations of said complaint, and if satisfactory evidence thereof is adduced, and it appears that the welfare of such girl requires it he may order her to be committed to the custody and guardianship of the officers of said school during her minority, unless sooner discharged by process of law.

SECT. 2. The trustees of said school may bind to service or apprentice any girl committed to their charge, for a period not exceeding the term of commitment. upon such conditions as they may deem reasonable and proper, to be set forth in the articles of service, and in said articles require the person to whom she is bound to report to them as often as once in six months her conduct and behavior, and whether she remains under his or her care, and if not, where she is. The trustees shall, as guardians of any girl so bound, take care that the terms of the contract are fulfilled, and the girl well treated; and the trustees, master or mistress, and apprentice, shall have all the rights and privileges, and be subject to all the duties and penalties provided by law in case of children apprenticed by overseers of the poor.

SECT. 3. A person receiving an apprentice under the provisions of this act, shall  $n \rightarrow t$  assign or transfer the indenture of apprenticeship, nor let out the services of the apprentice, without the written consent of the trustees. The trustees, at the request of the master or mistress, may cancel the indenture and resume the charge of the girl, with the same powers as before the indenture was made. On the death of a person to

whom a girl is bound, his executor or administrator, with the written assent of the trustees, and also of the girl, may assign the indenture to some other person, and the assignee shall have the rights and be subject to all the liabilities and duties of the original master or mistress.

SECT. 4. A parent or guardian, upon complaint and hearing as aforesaid, and certificate of any judge or justice named in the first section, that a girl of the age herein limited is a proper subject to be committed to said school, may commit her to the custody and guardianship thereof, for a term to be agreed upon by the parent or guardian and the trustees, upon condition that the parent or guardian shall pay her expenses at a reasonable uniform rate to be fixed by said trustees; and the trustees shall have power to enforce such agreement.

SECT. 5. On complaint to any justice or court of competent jurisdiction, that any girl of the age herein limited has been guilty of an offence punishable by fine or imprisonment, other than imprisonment for lifesuch justice or court may so far examine into the case as to satisfy himself whether she is a suitable subject for commitment to said school, and if he so decides, he may thereupon suspend the case and certify accordingly, and order her to be committed to the guardianship of said school during her minority, unless sooner discharged by process of law. Any girl so committed, if she remains under the guardianship of said school during the term of her commitment, or is sooner discharged with a certificate of good behavior, shall not thereafter be examined or tried on the suspended complaint or for the offence therein charged. But if discharged for misbehavior, or if she escapes from said school, she may be tried therefor, and if found guilty punished according to law.

SECT. 6. If any girl of the age herein limited, is found guilty of any offence punishable with fine or imprisonment, other than imprisonment for life, she may be sentenced in the alternative to the aforesaid school or if not received therein, or discharged therefrom for misbehavior, to such punishment as the law provides for like offences.

SECT. 7. The trustees of said school may refuse to receive therein any girl committed to said school under the provisions of the fifth and sixth sections, or may discharge from said school any girl whose continuance, by reason of her vicious example and influence, or other misconduct, is in their opinion prejudicial to the school, or who for any reason ought not to be retained therein. Their refusal to receive such girl may be certified on the warrant of commitment, and she shall remain in the custody of the officer having the warrant, to be disposed of as described in said fifth and sixth sections. If they discharge her, they are to set forth their reasons therefor in a warrant of discharge, and any proper officer may return her to the court which committed her, or commit her as provided in the alternative sentence.

SECT. 8. All precepts issued in pursuance of the provisions of this act may be executed by any officer who may execute criminal process; and the fees of judges. justices and officers shall be the same as are allowed by law for similar services in criminal cases, and shall be audited by the county commissioners and paid from the county treasury. SECT. 9 The judge or justice before whom the girl is brought under the provisions of this act, shall make a brief record of his proceedings, and transmit it, with all the papers in the case, to the clerk of the court for the county, who shall file and preserve them in his office. Any girl ordered to be committed to the school may appeal from such order in the manner provided in case of appeals from trial justices, and the case shall be entered, tried and determined in the supreme judical court.

SECT. 10. When any girl is committed to said school, the court of justice by whom she is committed shall certify on the mittimus, her age, parentage, birth-place, and the charge on which she is committed, and the city or town where she resided at the time of her arrest, so far as he can ascertain such particulars; and this certificate shall be evidence of her true age until otherwise proved, and shall be sufficient in the first instance to charge such city or town with her expenses at said school, at a sum not more than one dollar, nor less than fifty cents a week; but if she has no residence within the State, then such expense shall be paid by the State.

SECT. 11. The officers of said school, upon the commitment of any such girl, shall notify in writing the municipal officers or overseers of the poor of the city or town so liable, by mail or otherwise, of the name of such girl, the charge on which she is committed, and the duration of her sentence. Such notice, addressed to such municipal officers or overseers, and deposited, post-paid, in the post office at Hallowell shall be sufficient; and at any time after three months from the giving of such notice, the officers of said school may sue for and recover of such city or town, a sum not exceeding one dollar. nor less than fifty cents a week, for the expense of clothing and subsistence of such girl up to the time of sueing therefor; and such a city or town may recover the same of the parent or guardian of such girl, or of the city or town where she has her legal settlement.

SECT. 12. The officers of said school shall cause the girls under their charge to be instructed in the branches of useful knowledge adapted to their age and capacity, and in household employments, needle-work, and such other modes of industry as may be suited to their sex, age, strength and disposition, and as may be best adapted to secure their improvement and future welfare; and in binding them out, the trustees shall have regard to the character of those to whom they are bound, that they may secure to the girls the benefit of good example, wholesome instruction, improvement in virtue and knowledge, and the opportunity to become intelligent, moral and useful members of society.

SECT. 13. Any person who shall aid or abet any girl committed to said school to escape therefrom, shall, upon conviction thereof, pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, nor less than fifty dollars, or suffer imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding sixty days, at the discretion of the court trying the same.

Approved Feb. 26, 1873; and as amended, Feb 21, 1878.

#### **СНАРТЕВ 299.**

An Act additional relating to the Maine Industrial School for Girls.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

All precepts issued pursuant to section nineteen of chapter one hundred and forty-two of the revised statutes may be executed by any officer who may execute civil process; and the fees of judges, justices and officers shall be the same as for similar services in civil cases. Section twenty-six of said chapter shall not be held to apply to precepts issued pursuant to section nineteen, saving cases already commenced. In case of appeal, in lieu of the recognizance now required by law, the justice or judge shall require the recognizance, in a reasonable sum, of some responsible and proper person for the custody, care and nurture of the girl, pending the appeal, and for her appearance to abide the final order of the appellate court, and in default thereof may commit her to said Industrial School until final disposition of the appeal. In such cases, no fees shall be required of the appellant for recognizance or copies of papers. Fees not otherwise provided for, shall be audited by the county commissioners and paid from the county treasury.

Approved March 3, 1885.

[Complaint by Municipal Officers or three inhabitants.] То The undersigned, of the Esq., of in the county of on oath, complained, that of said being a girl between the ages of seven and fifteen years, at said on the day of instant, has been found under circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality. Wherefore, the said complainants request that she may be arrested, and, upon proof of the facts herein stated, may be committed to the custody and guardianship of the Maine Industrial School for Girls. Dated the day of 188 .

ss. 188. Then the above named made oath to the truth of the foregoing complaint, by them subscribed. Before me ----

#### [Warrant.]

#### STATE OF MAINE.

SS. To the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, or any Constable, Marshal or Police Officer of any city or town in said County.

Whereas, the foregoing complaint, which is hereto annexed aud made a part of this warrant, has been made upon oath before me, the undersigned

County aforesaid: This is, therefore, in the name of the State of Maine, to require and command you forthwith to apprehend the said and bring her before me, the undersigned, at a court to be held at on the day of 188, at of the clock in the noon, that she may be examined concerning the allegations of said complaint, and further dealt with as law and justice may require. And have you there this precept with your doings thereon.

Witness my hand and seal this day of 188 .

[Complaint of Parent or Guardian.]

То on oath complains, that of of said daughter Esq., of the said complainant, being a girl between the ages of seven and fifteen years, at said on the day of instant has been found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality: Wherefore the said complainant requests that she may be arrested, and upon proof of the facts herein stated, may be committed to the custody and care of the Maine Industrial School for Girls.

Dated the day of 188.

SS. 188. Then the above named made oath to the truth of the foregoing complaint by him subscribed.

Before me.

[Mittimus.]

#### STATE OF MAINE.

SS. To the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, or any Constable. Marshal or Police Officers of any city or town in said County, and to the Officers of the Maine Industrial School for Girls:

Whereas. of in said County, a girl between the ages of seven and fifteen years, has been brought before me the undersigned, on complaint of one of the parents of said girl (or by the municipal officers, or three respectable inhabitants of the town of ), representing that she, the said on the dav now at last past, was found under circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality; and whereas, upon examination into the allegations of said complaint, notice having been given to all persons entitled to be heard, and upon a full hearing before me, satisfactory evidence of the truth of said allegations was adduced, and it clearly appeared that the welfare of the said requires that she be committed to the custody and guardianship of the officers of the Maine Industrial School for Girls; I therefore order and decree that the said be so committed.

This is, therefore, in the name of the State aforesaid, to require you, the said Sheriff or other officer to whom this precept is directed, forthwith to take the said and convey her to said Maine Industrial School for Girls, at Hallowell, and deliver her to the officers of said School, together with this precept. And the officers of said School are requested to receive the said into their custody, and to keep her safely during her minority, unless sooner discharged by process of law.

Given under my hand and seal this day of 188.

#### [Officer's Return.]

SS. 18 . By virtue of the within precept, I have taken the person therein named, and delivered her to the officers of the Industrial School for Girls, at Hallowell, for the purposes therein mentioned.

#### [Magistrate's Certificate.]

The undersigned, hereby certifies that the girl named in the within mittimus is, as near as can be ascertained, of the age of years, that her parents are named and ; that she was born in and at the time of her arrest resided in the town of ; and that she is committed to the Industrial School for Girls, at Hallowell, on the charge named in said mittimus.

# BY-LAWS.

#### CHAPTER I.-CORPORATION.

SECTION 1. The members of the Corporation shall be those named in the act of incorporation, and such other persons as have been or may be elected associate members at any annual meeting, who, on being notified, accept the appointment; provided, that any associate member ceasing to be a citizen of the State, or failing for five successive years to attend the annual meeting, shall cease to be a member. Five members of the corporation shall constitute a quorum.

SECT. 2. The annual meeting of the corporation shall be held on the second Wednesday of December.

#### CHAPTER II.-MANAGERS.

SECT. 1. The government of the School shall be vested in a board of twelve managers, consisting of the following officers and officials, viz: A president, secretary, treasurer, and six trustees of the School; and the Governor, Secretary of State and Superintendent of Common Schools, who shall be members of the Board *ex-officio*. All officers elected as above shall be chosen by ballot.

#### BY-LAWS.

SECT. 2. The term of office of the Managers chosen by the corporators shall be regulated by the election, annually, of a president, secretary and treasurer, and two trustees for a term of three years. The Board or Corporation may fill all vacancies occurring in the year, and the retiring members shall be eligible for re-election. No manager shall receive compensation for his services as a manager, but shall be allowed for his expenses incurred in the discharge of such services.

SECT. 3. The Managers shall exercise a general supervision over the officers and affairs of the Institution. They shall have power to make, alter or amend all by-laws, subject to the approval of the corporation at its next annual meeting. They shall frequently and carefully inspect the institution in all its departments; appoint and regulate the duties and salaries of its officers, and remove them at their discretion. They shall be the guardians of the girls during the period of their commitment. unless otherwise provided for; shall procure for them suitable employment and instruction while at the School, and shall transfer them to suitable private families or other places of abode at the earliest proper period, and shall see that they receive equitable and kind treatment while at the School, and from those to whom they are committed on leaving it. and, in general, the Managers shall possess all powers needful in order to the discharge of their official duties. Three of their number shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of ordinary business, but five shall be required for the purchase or sale of the real estate of the Institution, for the filling of all vacancies in the Board of Managers, the choice of officers, and the change of by-laws.

SECT. 4. They shall hold an annual meeting the second Wednesday of December, and quarterly meetings the second Wednesday of March, June and September. At the annual meeting they shall make a full and verified report of their trust, to the Corporation, and choose an executive committee of three, and a visiting committee of twelve ladies; fill all vacancies in the Board and transact such other business as the interests of the Institution shall demand.

SECT. 5. At the quarterly meeting there shall be a careful review of the state and management of the Institution, and of the progress and condition of the inmates.

SECT. 6. The president shall call extra meetings at the request of any three of the managers, and perform the duties usually pertaining to his office.

SECT. 7. The Secretary shall keep a full record of the meetings of the Institution and of the Board, prepare such papers as they shall direct, give notice to each manager of the time and place of the meetings, make all communications required, and perform all other duties consistent with his office.

SECT. 8. The treasurer shall have charge of the funds of the School, and give a full report thereof at the annual meeting, and at other meetings when required, and shall give bonds to such amount as shall be satistactory to the Board of Managers, and receive such compensation as the Board of Managers shall elect.

SECT. 9. The Executive Committee shall act for the Board in the interval between its meetings, but shall make no change in its plans or discipline without the consent of a majority of the Managers. They shall be the special advisers of the Superintendent, performing his duties in his absence, and report their doings to the next meeting of the Board.

SECT. 10. One, at least. of the Visiting Committee shall be requested to visit the Institution each month, and thoroughly inspect its domestic arrangements, and report thereon to the Secretary. They shall also, when requested by the Superintendent, visit girls placed in homes in their vicinity. Their expenses shall be defrayed from the funds of the school.

#### CHAPTER III.-OFFICERS.

The officers of the Institution shall be a Superintendent, a Matron, Assistant Matron, and Teacher for each home, and such other assistants as shall be found necessary, all of whom shall hold their places at the pleasure of the Managers, but shall receive due notice before dismissal, and give the same before leaving their situations. They shall each aid in maintaining the rules and discipline, and give such assistance as shall be necessary in order thereto, and be especially careful to sustain each other in the presence of the girls.

#### CHAPTER IV.-SUPERINTENDENT.

SECT. 1. The Superintendent shall have the general charge of the inmates and of the interests of the Institution; shall be the executive of the Managers and see that all their instructions and the rules of the School are carried out.

SECT. 2. He shall frequently inspect the Institution in all its departments, and see that the subordinate officers are punctual and faithful in the discharge of their respective duties.

SECT. 3. He shall keep a journal, and make a daily record of all occurrences worthy of notice, which shall be open to the inspection of any member of the Board.

SECT. 4. He shall perform all the correspondence, keeping files of all letters received and copies of those sent so far as of importance for reference. As Steward of the Institution, he shall keep, in suitable books, regular and complete accounts of all receipts and expenditures, and of all property intrusted to his care, showing the expenses and income of the Institution.

SECT. 5. He shall make out and present to the Treasurer the bills for weekly board of the delinquents, according to law.

SFCT. 6. He shall have the oversight and management of the farm, and superintend such improvements and laying out of the grounds as the Board shall direct.

SECT. 7. Under the advice and direction of the Executive Committee, he shall procure the necessary supplies for the Institution, and purchase all such articles and materials as may be wanted for the support and employment of the girls, and dispose of all articles raised on the farm or manufactured by them, which are not wanted for use.

SECT. 8. At the annual meeting, he shall make a full report to the Board of everything pertaining to the inmates and general state of the School to the second Wednesday of December, and at each quarterly meeting such further information as the Managers shall require; and be ready at all times to perform whatever other duties may be required for the good of the Institution.

SECT. 9. He shall, after careful examination, and in accordance with the directions of the Executive Committee, allot to each new comer her position in the Institution; and in conjunction with the Matrons, shall make such changes of the pupils as may be advisable for purposes of discipline and the best interests of the school.

SECT. 10. In connection with the Executive Committee, he shall decide upon all applications for the services of the girls. No inmate shall be permitted to perform services in a public house, or in a family in any way unfit to have the custody of children, or be indentured to an unmarried man.

SECT. 11. He shall keep a register of the name and age of each inmate of the Institution, with the date of her admission; a sketch of her life including her birthplace; a description of her person; the name, residence, nativity and character of her parents; by whom committed; for what cause; when and how discharged; also a record of her conduct while in the Institution, and, as far as possible, after she shall have left it.

SECT. 12. Whenever a girl is placed out at service, he shall keep a record of the person, residence and employment of the employer, and of the service and terms for which she is employed. If he receives notice of the ill treatment of the girl, or of any circumstances unfavorable to her remaining longer at a place, it shall be his duty to examine into the case at once, and take such measures in reference to it as the good of the girl requires.

SECT. 13 He shall hold or cause to be held, whenever deemed necessary or expedient, religious services regularly each Sabbath, which all connected with the School shall attend, and shall diligently care for the moral culture of the girls.

SECT. 14. He shall annually prepare and make to the Managers a report setting forth the condition and working of the Institution in all its departments; the progress and improvement of the girls at the School, and the situation of those away, together with such suggestions as experience shall advise. SECT. 15. The Superintendent shall give bonds of not less than \$4,000 for the proper discharge of his trust.

#### CHAPTER V.-MATRONS.

SECT. 1. Over each house, a Matron shall be appointed, who shall have the general superintendence of the family within it. To her is intrusted the whole care of the inmates, under the advice and direction of the Managers and the counsel and assistance of the Superintendent. She is expected to manage the entire discipline, instruction, industry, domestic labor and recreation of the inmates of her house. She is to be the mother of the family, striving to win their affections and confidence, sympathizing with their trials, patiently enduring their weaknesses, kindly but decidedly holding the reins of government.

SECT. 2. In case of persistent obstinacy, where unusual punishment seems to be required, she shall submit the matter to the Superintendent for his advice and action; but no corporal punishment shall be inflicted without the approval of one or more of the Managers.

SECT. 3. She shall keep a record of the entrance and time of leaving of the inmates of her house, and a weekly record of their progress and conduct; which shall be at all times open to the inspection of the Managers. At the quarterly meeting of the Board, she shall present a written report of her household, recording such changes as have occurred, and the cause for them; the nature and amount of labor performed by the girls; and make such general remarks as shall present a clear view of her system of government and instruction.

SECT. 4. Each Matron shall see that cleanliness, order and propriety are uniformly maintained in all the apartments of her house, and in the person, dresses and rooms of the inmates.

SECT. 5. She shall endeavor specially to impress upon her charge the duty and advantages of moral and religious, and the evils and miseries of a wicked life; and inculcate all the practical virtues that adorn the life and beautify the character.

SECT. 6. She shall see that her assistants are diligent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, discreet in their deportment, and strict in their observance of the regulations of the Institution, conferring with the Executive Committee and Superintendent respecting such duties, and reporting to them all failures in their performance.

SECT. 7. She shall see that the sick receive proper attention, and that the directions of the physician be strictly observed; and shall have a maternal regard for the health of the girls.

#### CHAPTER VI.-Assistant Matrons.

In each family there shall be an Assistant Matron. The Matron and Assistant Matron, with the advice of the Superintendent and Executive Committee, shall determine which of the two shall have charge of the

#### BY-LAWS.

general house-keeping and which of the sewing-room. Each shall be responsible for the conduct and industry of the girls whilst under her care. The Assistant Matron shall be subject to the supervision of the Matron.

#### CHAPTER VII.—TEACHERS.

There shall be a Teacher in each home, who shall have charge of the school and perform such other duties as shall be assigned to her. She shall be responsible to the Matron for the management and good order of her department, and the conduct, industry and instruction of the girls in her charge.

#### CHAPTER VIII.-GENERAL REGULATIONS.

SECT. 1. The hours of labor, study, rest and recreation, shall be arranged, from time to time, by the Executive Committee, in conjunction with the Superintendent and Matrons.

SECT. 2. Excepting the Matrons. Teachers, and the girls by law prescribed, no person shall lodge or reside in the Industrial School Buildings, or make a part of the family; provided, however, that a near female relative or friend of the Matron, Assistant Matron, or Teacher, they make an occasional visit to their respective rooms, such visit not to exceed the term of three days, unless by special permit of the Executive Committee.

SECT. 3. No person regularly employed in the Institution shall be absent from their duties, without the permission of the Superintendent, or if absent of his representative.

SECT. 4. All persons employed in the Institution, in whatever capacity, are required to devote their whole attention to the performance of their duties. Each officer shall see that the rules and regulations are fully observed.

SECT. 5. No spirituous liquors shall be introduced into any part of the premises, except by order of the physician. No person in the habit of using them shall be employed about the Institution.

SECT. 5. No games or plays having a tendency to gambling shall be permitted.

SECT. 7. No inmate shall be permitted to leave the premises, except by permission of the Superintendent on the application of the Matron.

SECT. S. The Institution will be open for visitors every Wednesday from two to five o'clock P. M.; but visitors cannot be admitted to any part of the premises. at this or at other times, without express permission of the Superintendent. The parents, brothers and sisters of the girls may visit them once in two months, first obtaining a permit from the Superintendent.

SECT. 9. No inmate shall be allowed to receive presents, except by consent of the Superintendent, or Matron, or Managers.

# List of Corporators and Associate Subscribers of the Maine Industrial School for Girls.

#### CORPORATORS, (ACT OF 1872.)

	,
Sidney Perham Paris	David Barker Exeter
Samuel T. Hersey Bangor	Harrison J. Libbey
Charles E. Spring Portland	John B. Coyle
John L. Stevens Augusta	Augustus E. Stevens
Benjamin Kingsbury, JrPortland	Alonzo Garcelon Lewiston
Samuel Garnsey Bangor	A. F. Holt
Thomas S. Lang Augusta	Eli Jones China
Samuel F. Dike Bath	C. M. Bailey
Mrs. C. A. L. Sampson Bath	Mrs. Ann E. Fernald
Mrs. Julia Hines	Mrs D. Gilman
John G. Mayo	Mrs. Susan H. Kingsbury
-	
William Deering	Mrs. Aba Burr
A. H. Abbott Vassalboro'	Mrs. John Rounds
M. D. L. Lane Portland	Mrs. S. John Smith Portland
Charles J. Talbot Wilton	Edwin R. FrenchChesterville
Charles R. Whidden Calais	George P. Barrows
Miss E. G. Longfellow	John J. Perry Portland
Nelson Dingley, Jr Lewiston	Alden Chase Bryant's Pond
Samuel F. Perley	The Governor Ex officio
Lyndon Oak Garland	The Secretary of State Ex-officio
Joshua Nye Augusta	The State Superintendent of Common
	-
John B Nealley	Schools Ex-officio

#### ASSOCIATE SUBSCRIBERS-(ELECTED Nov. 12, 1872)

Israel Washburn, JrPortland	Mrs. Samuel Small Portland
Mrs. Israel Washburn, JrPortland	H. H Burgess Portland
Lewis B. Smith Portland	Mrs. H. H. Burgess Portland
Mrs Lewis B. Smith Portland	Charles J. MorrisPortland
Mrs. Eliphalet Rowell Hallowell	Mrs. Dr. Davies Portland
Charles W. Goddard Portland	Mrs. Noah P. Burgess Portland
Mrs Charles W. Goddard Portland	John H. Burleigh Berwick
John B Brown Portland	Mrs John H. Burleigh Berwick
Samuel E Spring Portland	John Patten Bath
Mrs. Samuel E. Spring Portland	Guy C. Goss
Wm E. Morris Portland	Wm. E. Payne Bath
Andrew Spring Portland	James T. Patten Bath
H. M. HartPortland	G. H. Palmer Bath
Mrs. H. M. Hart Portland	Mrs Sarah B. Gannett Bath

#### LIST OF CORPORATORS.

Mrs. Samuel F. Dike Bath	A. W. Paine Bangor
Mrs. John G. Elliott Bath	H. E. PrentissBangor
Mrs. James Robinson Bath	Mrs. H. E. Prentiss Bangor
Mrs. E. K. Harding Bath	Wm. Morrill Bangor
Harrison Hume Cherryfield	Hannibal HamlinBangor
Mrs. Levi Morrill Westbrook	J S. Wheelwright Bangor
Wm. P Frye Lewiston	George K. Jewett Bangor
Mrs. Wm. P. Frye Lewiston	Lewis Barker Bangor
S. R. Bearce Lewiston	Mrs. Lewis Barker Bangor
Mrs. S. R. Bearce Lewiston	

#### ELECTED JANUARY 3, 1877.

Henry K. Baker Hallowell	Charles E. Nash Augusta
Simon Page Hallowell	S. J. Chadbourne
W. J. CorthellGorham	Stephen AllenHallowell
Selden Connor Augusta	

#### ELECTED DECEMBER 5, 1877.

Charles F. Penny	usta
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#### ELECTED DECEMBER 10, 1884.

Mrs. Sarah F. Hamilton Saco	James W. Bradbury Augusta
Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens Stroudwater	Wm. B. Lapham Augusta
Joseph O. Smith Skowhegan	Mrs. Hannah J. Bailey Winthrop
H. W. Tilden Augusta	Miss Maria T. Hersey Portland
Eliphalet Rowell Hallowell	Joseph R. Bodwell Hallowell
Mrs. S. G. Sargent Augusta	Mrs. Mary Erskine South China
Mrs. Geo. W. Quinby Augusta	Mrs. S. M. Ware Waterville
Mrs Jane E. Judd Augusta	Mrs. Almira C. DummerHallowell
Mrs. L. W. Lithgow Augusta	Miss Julia CoburnSkowhegan

#### ELECTED DECEMBER 8, 1886.

James P. Baxter ..... Portland

#### ELECTED DECEMBER 11, 1889.

S. (	3. Sargent	Augusta G	ł [T. Stevens	. Augusta

#### ELECTED DECEMBER 10, 1890.

L D. Carver Augusta	James H. Leigh Hallowell
Miss Susan Waldron Augusta	John H. Lowell Hallowell
Mrs. Charles C. Hunt Augusta	Oliver G. Hall Waterville
John W. Church Hallowell	R. W Dunn Waterville
Charles H. Clary Hallowell	John Ware Waterville

#### ELECTED DECEMBER 9, 1891.

Mrs. H. R. Smith ..... Auburn

# STATE OF MAINE.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, December 29, 1891. Presented, accepted and usual number of copies ordered printed. NICHOLAS FESSENDEN, Secretary of State.