

Public Documents of Maine:

BEING THE

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

PUBLIC OFFICERS AND INSTITUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR

1881.

VOLUME II.

A U G U S T A : SPRAGUE & SON, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.

1881.

REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTORS OF PRISON AND JAILS

FOR THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1880.



Printed by authority of a Resolve approved February 25, 1871.

AUGUSTA:

SPRAGUE & SON, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.

1881.

STATE OF MAINE.

BOARD OF INSPECTORS OF PRISON AND JAILS, December 1, 1880.

To the Honorable Governor and Council:

The Board of Inspectors of Prison and Jails, respectfully submit their annual report, made in accordance with the provisions of chapter 140, section 8 of the revised statutes.

> JOSEPH W. PORTER, DEARBORN G. BEAN, HENRY S. OSGOOD.

OFFICERS OF STATE PRISON

FOR THE YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1880.

The Governor and Executive Councillors ex-officio.

GOVERNOR: DANIEL F. DAVIS of East Corinth.

EXECUTIVE COUNCILLORS: FREDERIC ROBIE of Gorham, LEWIS BARKER of Bangor, JOSEPH T. HINCKLEY of Bluehill, SAMUEL N. CAMPBELL of Cherryfield, WILLIAM WILSON of Hallowell, ROSCOE L. BOWERS of Saco, JAMES G. PENDLETON of Searsport.

INSPECTORS:

JOSEPH W. PORTER of Burlington, DEARBORN G. BEAN of East Wilton, HENRY S. OSGOOD of Augusta.

WARDENS :

Salary—\$1,500 per annum, with house-rent and fuel.
GEORGE TOLMAN, to April 1, 1880.
JAMES E. MORSE, to October 16, 1880.
ADELBERT J. BUTLER, to December 1, 1880.

DEPUTY WARDEN-Salary, \$1,000: ADELBERT J. BUTLER.

> CLERK—Salary, \$600: JOHN L. CUTLER.

OFFICERS OF STATE PRISON-Concluded.

GUARD AND TURNKEY: GEORGE W. BOWERS.

GUARDS: HENRY L. FLETCHER, EDGAR S. BARROWS, WILLIAM P. BUNKER, BENJAMIN W. WHITE, JAMES C. HENDERSON,

EDWARD C. BUCKLIN, ANSON M. HIX, EDWARD E. WILLIS.

GATE KEEPER:

ADNA FALES.

PHYSICIAN : HENRY C. LEVENSELLER.

> CHAPLAINS : G. P. MATTHEWS, AMMI PRINCE.

TEACHER: DAVID J. STARRETT.

GENERAL OVERSEER AND SALESMAN: WILLIAM ADAMS.

OVERSEERS : ALMOND B. DAVIS, AUGUSTUS ALDEN, SUMNER E. CUSHING, DANIEL W. WOODBURY, JOSEPH E. MEARS, WILLIAM D. BLAKE, HENRY M. GARDINER, ZENAS B. PUTNAM, THOMAS F. PHINNEY.

In making this Report the Inspectors find themselves in a somewhat anomalous position. From November 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880, Hon. George Tolman was Warden; on that date he was relieved by James E. Morse, Esq., who occupied the position until his death, October 16th. Since that time Mr. Adelbert J. Butler, deputy warden, has been acting warden.

The Legislature of 1880 passed a Resolve, approved March 18th, instructing the Inspectors "to cause all accounts and indebtedness due the State Prison to be collected." This resolve was deemed by all concerned as virtually taking the collection and settlement of the old accounts out of the hands of the warden, and we have acted accordingly.

In March last we were requested by the Governor and Council to appraise the property at the prison, rendered necessary by the change in wardens. Although this was not our duty, by law, we cheerfully complied with the request, thereby saving to the State nearly one-half of the expense of former appraisals.

Under all the circumstances of the case, the duties and responsibilities of the Inspectors have been much increased.

It may not be near enough the Millenium for the purpose, but we are constrained to give it as our opinion, that the prison and its management should be utterly divorced from politics. Its officers should be appointed for a term of years, and not removable except for incompetency or dishonesty. No officer, however able or efficient, can successfully perform the duties of his office if he is to be hampered by a possible removal for political reasons.

The Inspectors are not qualified to report upon the general management of the prison while under the charge of Mr.

Tolman. Our appointment antedated his retirement but a short time. Upon our first visit to the prison, while he was there, we found it in good general condition—neat, orderly, and all departments running as well as could be expected except the industries of the prison, which did not seem to be in a successful way. In fact, the prisoners were somewhat demoralized by the political revolution which had been going on outside the prison. A change in the officers is to the prisoners of great consequence. They have also political views; they favor the administration which in their opinion will favor them most, and make it easiest and quickest for them to regain their liberty.

When Mr. Morse entered upon the duties of his office, he was sick with consumption, from which he was never to recover; disbelieving this, himself, he bent his energies to the successful performance of his duties, until the inroads of his disease obliged him to succumb.

Mr. Morse had a real interest in the welfare and prosperity of the prison, its officers and inmates. He was thoroughly honest and upright; he was kind-hearted and generous to those whom he thought deserved it. His death was a public loss. Where he was best known he was the most respected. To his family, to whom he was the ever kind and affectionate husband and father, his loss is irreparable.

Since the death of Mr. Morse, the deputy warden, Mr. Adelbert J. Butler, has performed the duties of acting warden, with such assistance as the Inspectors have been able to give him. Mr. Butler is a model officer, and has rendered us efficient and valuable aid. His appointment by Mr. Morse, to the office of deputy warden, was a wise and deserved act, and in the line of promotion, he having been an officer in the prison for about eight years.

No change has been made in the industries of the prison, for various reasons. First, we have had no instructions so to do, nor any appropriation for that purpose. Second, we have not been able to inspect other institutions of a similar character to enable us to act understandingly. We think changes might be made, to the advantage of the State. It is yet an open question, which is for the best interest of the State and convict, the State account system, or the contract system? If in the judgment of the Legislature there should be some change, an appropriation must be made to put the workshops in proper condition. A change could not be made at once, it must be gradual. There is now a large amount of carriage stock on hand, and a large amount of debts due the prison, which are by agreement payable in lumber.

During the last year or two the prison has passed through many changes. It has had three wardens within the last eight months. No private business could be successful under such a state of things. This should be taken into account in connection with the profit and loss. So far as its running expenses are concerned, the prison has been conducted with economy during the present year.

FINANCIAL.

We append copies of appraisals made by the Inspectors, April 1, 1880 and Nov. 30, 1880, and statements showing: the financial standing of the prison.

The liabilities of the prison, November 30, 1879, were \$73,250.15, as near as can be ascertained; and on November 30, 1880, they were \$64,229.27. About \$40,000 of the debts owing Nov. 30, 1879, are unpaid. This amount is exclusive of interest, which is claimed at six per cent. per annum.

The debts due the prison prior to April 1, 1880, and also a large part of the stock, may be denominated very slow assets. Money cannot be got out of debts until they are collected, nor out of the stock until it is manufactured, sold and paid for.

It is not good management for States or individuals to pay six per cent. per annum interest for money, when it can be obtained for less.

We recommend an appropriation of \$40,000 to pay the old. debts of the prison; no less sum will be necessary, especially if it has to live upon its assets, as it has the past year.

As far as we can judge, the prison has for some years been obliged to pay high prices for the most of its goods and stock, for the reason that its payments have been slow, consequently, its credit poor; and it has suffered accordingly.

The present Board of Inspectors have, with partial success, tried to put the business of the prison on a cash basis; and, if the old indebtedness of the prison could be paid the coming season, we are satisfied that all goods and material purchased for the prison could be had at the bottom cash price, and from *ten* to *twenty* per cent. thus saved to the State.

A Copy of Appraisal of Property at the State Prison, by the Inspectors as Commissioners, by order of the Governor and Council, April 1st, 1880.

Department.	Property in use. Tools & fixtures.	Stock.	Total.
Expense Account Fuel and lights Buildings and repairs Fire Department Subsistence department Clothing department Shoe department Harness department Carriage department	$\begin{array}{r} - \\ 3,020 & 00 \\ 21 & 00 \\ 68 & 90 \\ 551 & 80 \\ 701 & 34 \end{array}$	\$394 50 72 81 - 1,477 46 *3,354 48 3,062 47 11,613 64 30,784 56	\$4,387 76 394 50 72 81 3,020 00 1,498 46 3,423 38 3,614 27 12,314 98 33,711 62
	\$11,677 86	\$50,759 92	\$62,437 78

* The prisoners' clothing put in as stock.

Accounts due the Prison, April 1st, 1880.

Amount prior to April 19, 1879.....\$29,92862Amount from April 19, 1879 to April 1, 1880..9,38058

Notes due the Prison, April 1st, 1880.

Amount prior to April 19, 1879	19,777	28
Amount from April 19, 1879 to April 1, 1880	2,802	47
	\$61,888	95

These accounts and notes are not worth their face value, and what their real value is we are unable at this time to decide. We find that many of these accounts are to be settled by credits in offset, which do not appear on the books. Knowing that many of the accounts and notes are against irresponsible parties, we decline to fix any value upon them, but enter them as we find them, and when we have had time to examine we will fix a value such as in our judgment is the net value. We do not fully agree with the Commission of 1879, who stated that many of the old accounts and notes were "outlawed;" while we do agree that they are "worthless," for the reason that the parties who are owing are unable or unwilling to pay. It is a common belief that goods sold the prison must be at a high price, and goods bought of the prison must be on a very long time, and if not paid for at all—it is not a crime of great magnitude.

We understand that notes and accounts due the State do not outlaw, and that the State is a preferred creditor, so that the value of these old accounts is greater than the same would be if otherwise.

	Property in use. Tools & fixtures	Stock.	Total.
Expense Account Fuel and lights account Buildings and repairs account Fire department account Subsistence " Clothing " Shoe " " Harness " " Carriage " "		\$731 71 853 75 81 03 1,174 12 767 53 2,632 17 13,881 84 32,656 10 \$52,778 25	$\begin{array}{c} \$5,653 & 79\\ 853 & 75\\ 81 & 03\\ 3,020 & 00\\ 1,205 & 12\\ 3,148 & 59\\ 3,148 & 37\\ 14,734 & 29\\ 35,628 & 62\\ \hline \$67,510 & 56\end{array}$

Appraisal November 30, 1880.—Recapitulation.

* The prisoners' clothing put in as property in use.

ASSETS.

Whole amount of stock and fixtures	\$67,510	56
Notes and accounts due Prison previous to November		
30th, 1880, \$47,920.53—estimated value	15,973	51
Notes and accounts due Prison, contracted since April		
1st, 1880	13,228	97
Cash on hand	1,017	97
-		

\$97,731 01

STATEMENT A.

Statement showing the transactions of the different departments of the Maine State Prison from Nov. 30, 1879, to Nov. 30, 1880.

	CARRIAGE	DEPARTMENT.
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Nov. 30, 1879. April 1, 1880.		<i>to April</i> 1, 1880. to date		
April 1, 1880.	By stock on hand			
				43,956 42
	Gain		-	272 01

The above account when balanced, Nov. 29, 1879, showed stock on hand \$32,240.55, but when carried to new account, Dec. 1, 1879, appears as \$30,834.55, a discrepancy of \$1,406.00, which has been deducted from estimated profits.

April 1, 1880. Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. Dr. To stock on hand stock purchased since April 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 940	70
Nov. 30, 1880. C	r. By stock on hand sales since April 1	35,628 62 30,649 60	58 ,24 8 66,278	
	Gain	-	8,029	46
Nov. 30, 1879. D Nov. 30, 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. Dr. To stock on hand stock purchased during the year	32,240 55 35,981 00	68,221	55
Nov. 30, 1880. C	r. By stock on hand salos during the year	35,628 62 40,894 40	76,523	
	Gain	-	8.301	47

HARNESS DEPARTMENT.

Nov. 30, 1879. April 1, 1880.	From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. Dr. To stock on hand stock purchased to date		18,692 26
April 1, 1880.	Cr. By stock on hand sales to date	12,314 98 4,014 10	16,329 08
	Loss	-	2,363 18
April 1, 1880. Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. Dr. To stock on hand stock purchased since April 1	12,314 98 18,503 38	30,818 36
Nov. 30, 1880.	r. By stock on hand sales since April 1	14,734 29 16,794 82	31,529 11
	Gain		710 75

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

STATEMENT A-Continued.

HARNESS DEPARTMENT.

Nov: 30, 1879. " 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. r. To stock on hand stock purchased during the year		
Nov. 30, 1880. Cr	By stock on hand	14,734 29	551,195 64
" "	sales during the year		
		······	35,543 21
	Net loss	-	1,652 43

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

1		From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880.	1	
Nov. 30, 1879. April 1, 1880.	DR.	To stock on hand stock purchased to date	3,806 45 1,122 59	
	0-	-		4,929 04
April 1, 1880.	ок.	By stock on hand sales to date	3,614 27 1,130 55	
				4,744 82
		${f Loss}\ldots$	-	184 22
	_	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880.		
April 1, 1880. [Nov. 30, 1880.	Dr.	To stock on hand stock purchased since April 1	3,614 27 4,282 19	
Nov. 30, 1880.	C.	By stock on hand	3,185 37	7,896 46
" "	04.	sales since April 1	4,929 26	
				8,114 63
		Gain	-	218 17
		Recapitulation for the Year.		
Nov. 30, 1879. Nov. 30, 1880.	Dr.	To stock on hand stock purchased during the year	3,806 45 5,404 78	
Nov. 30, 1880.	a		3,185 37	9,211 23
	or.	By stock on hand sales during the year	6,059 81	
				9,245 18
1		Net gain	- (33 95
		INTEREST ACCOUNT.		
April 1, 1880.	Dr.	To amount paid	-	151 30
	Cr.	By amount received	-	41 94
		Loss	-	109 36
Nov. 30, 1880.	Dr.	To amount paid since April 1	-	171 85
	Cr.	By amount received	-	160 19
		Loss	-	11 66
Nov. 30, 1880.	Dr.	To amount paid during the year	-	323 15
« «	Cr.	By amount received	-	202 13
		Loss	-)	121 02

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April 1 1880 Cr	. By amount received		\$19 75
April 1, 1000. 01	by amount received	-	φ10 10
	Gain	-	19 75
Nov. 30, 1880. Cr	. By amount received since April 1	-	164 00
	Gain	-	164 00
Nov. 30, 1880. Cr	. By amount received for the year	-	183 75
1	Gain	-	183 75

STATEMENT A—Continued.

FEES FROM VISITORS.

EXPENSE DEPARTMENT.

Nov. 30, 1879. April 1, 1880.	From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. To stock on hand stock purchased to date	$7,970 \ 48 \\ 2,429 \ 01$	10.000 /0
April 1, 1880. Cr.	By stock on handsales to date	7,407 76 $255 12$	10,399 49 7,662 88
	Loss	-	2,736 61
April 1, 1880. Dr. Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. To stock on hand stock purchased since April 1	7,407 76 4,421 54	11 020 20
Nov. 30, 1880 Cr.	By stock on hand sales since April 1	8,673 79 876 81	11,829 30 9,550 60
	Loss	-	2,278 70
Nov. 30, 1879. Dr. Nov. 30, 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. To stock on hand stock purchased during the year	7,970 48 6,850 55	14 001 00
Nov. 30, 1880. Cr.	By stock on hand sales during the year	8,673 79 1,131 93	14,821 03 9,805 72
	Loss	_	5,015 31

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Nov. 30, 1879. April 1, 1880.	From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. To stock on hand stock purchased to date		
April 1, 1880. Cr.	By stock on hand sales to date		5,608 56
			2,142 15
	Loss	- 1	3,466 41

STATEMENT A-Continued.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT. From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. April 1, 1880. Dr. To stock on hand \$1,498 46 Nov. 30, 1880. stock purchased since April 1 6.324 96 \$7,823 42 Nov. 30, 1880. Cr. By stock on hand..... 1,205 12 " " sales since April 1..... 1,327 26 2,532 38 Loss 5,291 04 Recapitulation for the Year. Nov. 30, 1879. Dr. To stock on hand. 1,866 39 " 1880. stock purchased during the year 10,067 13 11,933 52 Nov. 30, 1880. Cr. By stock on hand 1,205 12 " sales during the year..... 1,970 95 3,176 07 8.757 45 Loss CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. 3,558 18 Nov. 30, 1879. Dr. To stock on hand April 1, 1880. stock purchased to date 1,707 99 5,266 17 April 1, 1880. Cr. By stock on hand..... 3,423 38 " sales to date..... 551 44 3,974 82 Loss 1,291 35 From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. April 1, 1880. Dr. To stock on hand 3,423 38 stock purchased since April 1 Nov. 30, 1880. 2,670 53 6,093 91 3,148 59 Nov. 30, 1880. Cr. By stock on hand..... sales since April 1 812 95 3,961 54 Loss 2,132 37 Recapitulation for the Year. Nov. 30, 1879. Dr. To stock on hand 3,558 18 Nov. 30, 1880. stock purchased during the year..... 4,378 52 7,936 70 Nov. 30, 1880. Cr. By stock on hand..... 3,148 59 " sales during the year..... 1,364 39 4.512 98 Loss 3,423 72 FUEL AND LIGHT DEPARTMENT.

From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. Nov. 30, 1879. Dr. To stock on hand..... 1,996 53 April 1, 1880. stock purchased since..... 256 77 2,253 30 April 1, 1880. Cr. By stock on hand..... 394 50 " sales to date 180 87 575 37 1,677 93 Loss

Produce and complete work and and

STATEMENT A—Continued.

FUEL AND LIGHT DEPARTMENT.

April 1, 1880. Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. Dr. To stock on hand stock purchased since April 1		\$2,175 97
Nov. 30, 1880. "1880.	r. By stock on hand sales since April 1		1,020 34
	Loss	-	1,155 63
Nov. 30, 1879. " 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. Dr. To stock on hand stock purchased during the year		4,034 77
Nov. 30, 1880.	r. By stock on hand sales during the year		1,201 21
	Loss		2,833 56

BUILDINGS AND REPAIRS.

Nov. 30, 1879 April 1, 1880.	From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. To stock on hand stock purchased to date	$\begin{array}{ccc} 231 & 53 \\ 117 & 02 \end{array}$	348	55
April 1, 1880. Cr.	By stock on hand sales to date amount received for rent of tenements	$72 \ 81 \\ 6 \ 20 \\ 148 \ 84$		
	·		227	85
	Loss	-	120	70
April 1, 1880. Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. To stock on hand stock purchased since April 1	72 81 1,321 24	1,394	05
Nov. 30, 1880. Cr.	By stock on hand sales since April 1 cash from State Treasurer, appropria- tion for repairs	81 03 2 45 800 00	,	
Nov. 30, 1880.	amount received for rent of tenements	277 27	1,160	75
	Loss		233	
Nov. 30, 1879. Dr. Nov. 30, 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. To stock on haud stock purchased during the year	231 53 1,438 26	1,669	79
Nov. 30, 1880. Cr.	By stock on hand sales during the year cash from State Treasurer, appropria-	81 03 8 65	1,000	10
Nov. 30, 1880.	tion for repairsamount received for rent of tenements	800 00 426 11	1,315	79
	T	-		
1	$Loss \dots$	- (354	00

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STATEMENT A—Continued.

DISCHARGED CONVICTS.

Apirl 1, 1880.	From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880. Or. To cash and clothing furnished convict when discharged.		\$497 17
	Loss		497 17
Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880.	s	920 80
	Loss	. –	920 80
Nov. 30, 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. Dr. To cash and clothing furnished convict when discharged, during the year		1,417 97
	Loss	. _	1,417 97
	TRANSPORTING CONVICTS.		
April 1, 1880.	From Nov. 30, 1879, to to April 1, 1880. Dr. To cash paid for transporting convict from jails to prison		210 66
	Loss		210 66
Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880.	5	224 36
	Loss		221 36
Nov. 30, 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. Or. To cash paid for transporting convict from jails to prison during the year.	s –	435 02
J	Loss	. _	435 02
	OFFICERS' SALARIES.		
April 1, 1880.	<i>From Nov.</i> 30, 1880, <i>to April</i> 1, 1880. Dr. To balance of account	-	1,270 89
Nov. 30, 1880.	From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. Dr. To balance of account, Deputy Warden " sub-officers		125 00 1,021 29
Nov. 30, 1880.	Recapitulation for the Year. Dr. To balance of account		1,146 29
	LOSS AND GAIN.		
F_{2}	om Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880.	1	
"Shoe "Inter "Expe "Subsi "Cloth "Fuel "Build "Disch	DR. ess Department	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
11411	F		\$12,657 59

STATEMENT A-Concluded.

LOSS AND GAIN.

From Nov. 30, 1879, to April 1, 1880.		
CR. By gain in Carriage department	$ \$272 \ 01 \\ 19 \ 75 $	
		\$ 291 76
Net loss to the State	-	12,365 83
Net loss as above	12,365 83	
April 1, 1880. Due on account Officers' salaries	1,270 89	13,636 72
From April 1, 1880, to Nov. 30, 1880. DR.		
Co loss in Interest account	11 66	
"Expense Subsistence department	2,278 70 5,291 04	
" Clothing "	2,132 37	
" Fuel and lights "	1,155 63	
" Buildings and repairs	233 30	
" Discharged convicts' account	920 80	
" Transporting "	$224 \ 36$	12,247 86
Cr.		12,211 00
By gain in Carriage department	8,029 46	
"Harness "	710 75	
	218 17	
" Fees from visitors' account	164 00	9,122 38
Net loss to the State	-	3,125 48
Net loss as above	3,125 48	
Nov. 30, 1880. Due on account officers' salaries	$ \left. \begin{array}{c} 125 & 00 \\ 1,021 & 29 \end{array} \right. $	4,271 77
For the Year from Nov. 30, 1879, to Nov. 30, 1880. DR.		4,21 1 11
Fo loss in Harness department	1,652 43	
"Interest account" "Expense		
" Expense "	5,015 31 8,757 45	
" Clothing "	3,423 72	
" Fuel and lights "	2,833 56	
" Building and repairs Discharged convicts' account	354 00	
Discharged conviets account	$1,417 97 \\ 435 02$	
" Transporting "	455 02	24,010 48
Cr.	8 201 /*	
Br gain in Carriage department	8,301 47 33 95	
By gain in Carriage department		
" Shoe department		
" Shoe department	183 75	8,519 17
" Shoe department		8,519 17 15,491 31
" Shoe department " Fees from visitors' account Net loss to the State	183 75 	
 Shoe department Fees from visitors' account 		

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

STATEMENT B.

Statement showing Assets and Liabilities of the Maine State Prison, November 30, 1880.

ASSETS. Stock on hand. Accounts due the Prison (old) \$28,988.62 Notes '' '' *' *' *' *' Stock *'	\$67,510 5 15,973 5 12,109 2 1,119 7 1,017 9	125
LIABILITIES.		
Accounts owing by the Prison (old) Notes " " Accounts owing by the Prison (new)	51,229 6 264 0 12,735 6	0
Net assets, Nov. 30, 1880	-	33,501 74

STATEMENT C.

Showing the Assets and Liabilities of the Maine State Prison, Nov. 30, 1879, and Nov. 30, 1880.

ASSETS.	November 30, 1879.			November 30, 1880.				
Stock on hand Accounts due the prison, (old) esti-	\$65,449	72	-		\$67,510	56	7	
mated worth	14,602	00	-	Ş				
worth	8,986	93	-	5	15,973	51		
Accounts due the prison, (new)	11,853	53	-	-	12,109	22		
Notes due the prison, (new)	3,316	53	-		1,119	75		
Cash on hand	535	67			1,017	97		
			104,744	38			\$97,731	01
LIABILITIES. Accounts owing by the prison, (old)	52,339	68			75,399	87		
Less amount paid by State Treasurer				Ì				
under special appropriation	-		-		24,170	24		
					51,229	63		
Notes owing by the prison	300	00	-		264			
Accounts owing by the prison, (new)	20,610	47	73,250	15	12,735	64	64,229	27
Net assets	-		31,494	23	_		33,501	74
Net assets, Nov. 30, 1879	31,494	23					,	
Liabilities, paid the State Treasurer.	24,170	24						
· •			55,664	47				
Net assets, Nov. 30, 1880	-		33,501	74		70		
Net loss in the various departments.	-		15,491	31	22,162	19		
Difference in valuation of notes and								
accounts	-		6,671	42				
	1				22,162	73		

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STATEMENT D.

Statement of Net Receipts and Expenditures of the Maine State Prison for the year ending November 30, 1880.

		1
LOSSES AND EXPENDITURES. Harness department Interest account	\$1,652 43 121 02	
Expense account \$5,015 31 Subsistence department 8,757 45	121 02	
Clothing department 3,423 72 Fuel and lights department 2,833 56 Building and repairs department 354 00		
Discharged convicts	20,384 04	
Building and repairs, under special appropriation, 800 00	1,852 99	
Prison library, "200 00 Officers' salaries, paid by the State—warden, deputy warden,	1,000 00	
elerk, 10 guards, physician, chaplain and teacher	8,060 00	\$33,070 48
Carriage department Shoe department	8,301 47 33 95	i.
Fees from visitors	183 75	8,519 17
Net expense to the State Appropriation for building and repairs Appropriation for prison library	800 00 200 00	
		1,000 00 23,551 31
Amount paid by the State on account officers' salaries, for the year ending Nov. 30, 1880 Amount due from the State on account officers' salaries	6,724 $631,335$ 3	
" " losses in departments.	15,491 3	23,551 31

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

REPAIRS.

During the past year a new furnace has been put into the Warden's house, the old one being unsafe. The wall under the stable has been relaid. The Repository on State street has been repaired. The Repository near the gate has been new silled, and juniper knees put in for braces, we having found it in a very unsafe condition. Several of the tenement houses have been shingled and otherwise repaired, using about thirty thousand shingles. Some repairs and alterations have been made in the office which we deemed necessary. The walks in the old prison have been newly cemented. Chimneys have been built and topped out in the wood shop, and new floors and timbers of hard pine laid in its basement. The floor of the shoe shop has been partly new laid. Privies have been altered and improved. The carriage ways and walks in the vards have also been improved.

The amount appropriated for repairs was \$800. The amount expended was \$1,154, being in excess of the amount appropriated \$354, which we deemed necessary for the preservation of the public property.

For the year 1881, the following repairs will be necessary : the shed adjoining the stables needs repairs, and one of the walls under it must be rebuilt, and new floor timbers put in; some of the tenement houses should be painted; the roof of the engine house new shingled; the ell to the Warden's house needs repairing; new hose will be needed for the force pump in the cook room; the chimney in the office must be rebuilt, as it is now dangerous, and smokes at times so as to drive every one out of the office; the roofs of some of the work shops need repairing to preserve them.

We recommend an appropriation of two thousand dollars for repairs.

FOOD.

The food has been sufficiently good, well cooked, and of wholesome variety. There has been a large quantity of vegetables consumed during the year, and we would recommend the continuance in no less quantity.

VENTILATION.

The ventilation of the Prison is not in some respects what it should be; but we are not sure but what if the cook room was properly ventilated, so that the steam and odors arising therefrom, should be conducted *out* of the prison instead of *into* it, great improvement would be made, and with the present arrangement of the cooking department, would be all that could be required.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The intention has been undoubtedly, to provide the Prison with the best means possible to extinguish fires, should any occur. A steamer was purchased some years since of Messrs. L. Button & Son, one of the best manufacturers in the country. At our first visit to the Prison, we found, on trial, that it was out of repair, and unfit for use. We ordered it to be thoroughly repaired, and ordered up the hand engine belonging to the State and the town of Thomaston, to be ready in case of emergency, until the steamer could be repaired. The cost of the repairs was \$76.30. It is now in good order, and is a first-class engine.

No.	NAME.	County.	Crime.	When Committed.	Sentence.	When Discharged.	Manner of d	lischarge
110.	маль.							
1492	Patrick Griffin	Androscoggin	Murder	Mav 17, 1862	Life	September 3, 1880	Pardoned.	
	Luther Smith					March 11, 1880		sentence
2095	*Nathan Richards	Androscoggin	Burglary.	May 23, 1874	3 "	May 28, 1880	do	do
	George Reed					June 26, 1880		do
2138	Willis Bryant	Cumberland	Arson	May 28, 1875	6 "	August 25, 1880		do
2153	George Mack, (2 com.)	Somerset	Larcenv	Octuber 6, 1875	5 "	July 19, 1880		do
2160	Jacob C. Clough	York	Assault, with intent incest	October 12, 1875	5 "	March 12, 1880	do	do
2165	Andrew Peltire	Washington	Assault to ravish	October 18, 1875	5 "	April 23, 1880	do	do
2167	Alexander Clifford	Lincoln	Arson	November 6, 1875.	5 "	November 29, 1879.		suicide.
2169	Martin L. Towers	Waldo	Rape	November 13, 1875.	25 "	April 23, 1880	Pardoned.	
2185	Llewellyn Bubier	Cumberland	Assault and battery	February 1, 1876	4 ''	February 23, 1880		sentence
2201	Oak A. Chase, (2 com.)	Waldo	Breaking and entering	April 27, 1876	5 "	October 6, 1880		do
2202	William Barnes	Waldo	Obstructing railroads	April 27, 1876	10 "	June 28, 1880	Removed In	ns. Asyl.
	James Conners				4 "	January 23, 1880	Expira. sen	itence.
2210	Frederick H. Reed, (2 com.)	Cumberland	Compound larceny	May 25, 1876	5 "	October 25, 1880		do
2211	John Donovan	Cumberland	Assault and battery	May 25, 1876	5 "	October 30, 1880	do	do
2212	stephen J. Doherty	Cumberland	Compound larceny	May 25, 1876	4 "	February 19, 1880	do	do
2227	Noah E. Harding	York	Compound larceny	October 13, 1876	31, **	January 19, 1880	do	do
2245	Charles A. York	York	Breaking, entring, larceny	January 19, 1877	6 ''	December 26, 1879.	Pardoned.	
2255	Fred Grant alias Alfred Grant	Knox	Burglary	March 16, 1877	4 "	November 16, 1880.	Expira. sen	tence.
2257	Robert Terry	Knox	Burglary	March 17, 1877	4 "	August 5, 1880	Pardoned.	
2267	Iantha A. E. Morgan	Oxford	Murder, 2d degree	April 20, 1877	Life.	January 9, 1880	Pardoned.	
2270	Thomas Woodford	Sagadahoc	Breaking and entering	April 20, 1877	3 years.	February 21, 1880	Expira. sen	tence.
2273	Lester T. Grindall	Hancock	Larceny	May 23, 1877	3 "	March 22, 1880	do	do
2282	Benjamin S. Holt, (2 com.).	Penobscot	Compound larceny	September 3, 1877	3 "	June 28, 1880	do	do
2284	James Wilson	Knox	Larceny	September 25, 1877.	3 ''	August 24, 1880	do	do

Record of Convicts discharged from State Prison between November 30, 1879 and November 30, 1880.

* Committed on a previous sentence, Feb. 9, 1871, for 5 years. April 22, 1872, he escaped from outside where he was at work. Committed again on his seventh sentence, May 23, 1874, for 4 years, and *appears* to have served out both sentences.

No.	NAME.	County.	Crime.	When Committed.	Sentence.	When Discharged.	Manner of dischg.
2288	Charles V. Gray	Cumberland	Larceny	October 9, 1877	21 years.	February 14, 1880	Expira, sentence.
	George Talbot		Larceny		3	July 30, 1880	1 (1) (1
	Gilbert Brazile			November 6, 1877.	3 "	September 25, 1880.	61 66
2308	Lyman W. Cochran	Kennebec	Breaking and entering	November 23, 1877.	5 "	December 26, 1879	Pardoned.
	Willard A. Thompson			November 23, 1877	3 "	September 16, 1880.	
				January 15, 1878	3. "	November 8, 1880	44 44
	Daniel McGinley			March 28, 1878	2 "	April 30, 1880	66 66
2326	David S. Stevens	Oxford	Polygamy	April 3, 1878	2 "	March 10, 1880	<i> .</i>
2329	Levi John Marshall	Aroostook	Larcenv	April 4, 1878		March 10, 1880	cc (c
2330	Thomas Riley	Penobscot	Kape	April 4, 1878		December 5, 1879	
2337	Jefferson Severence	Hancock	Burglary.	April 19, 1878	2 "	March 23, 1889	
2339	Thomas Marshall	Androscoggin	Lareenv	May 4, 1878	2 "	April 12, 1880	44 44
	William Bailey			May 4, 1878	2 "	April 24, 1880	(i ii
	Justus J. Brazzill		Breaking, entring, larceny		3 "	July 7, 1880	
	Adelbert Chandler			May 22, 1878	2 vrs. \$100.	April 30, 1880	
	Obadiah Lovett			June 7, 1878		May 17, 1880	
	James McCorsen, Jr			September 28, 1878.		December 12, 1879.	
	Owen G. Bryant			October 3, 1878		September 10, 1880.	
	Charles A. Brown				-	September 11, 1880.	
2359	Edward L. Wilson	Cumberland	Attempt to burn	October 3 1878		August 19, 1880	
23 60	Wilber M. Thomas	Knox	Compound la reenv.	October 5, 1878	2 "	September 15, 1880.	
2367	Frank Reed	Franklin	Larceny	October 12, 1878	14 "	March 25, 1880	
	Michael Lawless			Uctober 12, 1878	5 "	January 8, 1880	
	William Lannagan			October 12, 1878	5 "	March 12, 1880	
2373	George W. Mitchell	Somerset	Larceny	October 22, 1878.	14 "	April 5, 1880	
	Charles Allen.			Octuber 26, 1878		October 7, 1880	
	Ezra Lunt.			November 1, 1878.	14 "	April 14, 1880	
2379	Valparaiso Moseley	Hancock	Larceny	November 1, 1878	4 "	June 28, 1880	
2381	Benjamin Pooler.	Waldo	Branking and entering	November 1, 1878	11	April 20, 1880	
2289	Timothy Eastman	Lincoln	Compound largery	November 9, 1878		October 16, 1880	
2383	Simon P. Marr	Sagadahog	Polygamy	January 1, 1879	*	December 19, 1879.	
	Utis Ames			January 28, 1879.		July 26, 1880	

Convicts discharged from State Prison between Nov. 30, 1879, and Nov. 30, 1880-Continued.

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STATE PRISON.

2390 Hiram Stevens	Waldo	Burning a building	January 28, 1879	15 '	r	July 9, 1880 Expira. sentence.
2392 Henry Johnson, 2d	Cumberland	Larceny	February 6, 1879	3 '	:	June 28, 1880 Removed Ins. Asyl.
2398 George Prince	U. S. Court	Forgery	February 13, 1879	10 '	1	August 26, 1880 Pardoned.
2404 Rose Hall	Penobscot	Larceny	March 10, 1879	1 '	ſ	February 27, 1880 . Expira sentence.
2411 James E. Nickerson	Aroostook	Assault and battery	April 12, 1879	5 ("	November 19, 1880. Pardoned.
2415 Charles W. Stevens					(October 13, 1880 Expira. sentence.
2419 Bion B. Parsons	Washington	Assault with intent to kill	May 22, 1879	15 '	ſ	Oetober 5, 1880 " "
2427 Michael Corliss	Cumberland					
		the night time, larceny.				June 25, 1880 Pardoned.
2446 Moses Bickford	Somerset	Burglary	October 30, 1879	1 '	۰ ·	October 19, 1880 Expira. sentence.
2453 Peter J. Golden	U. S. Court	Larcony	December 16, 1879	11 '	6	July 27, 1880 Pardoned.

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No. of convicts discharged, died, committed suicide, or removed to Insane Hospital during year ending Nov. 30, 1880. - No. discharged on expiration of sentence 48 No. died. 2 No. committed suicide 2 No. removed to Insane Hospital 3 No. removed to Insane Hospital 3 No. pardoned 13	68
NUMBER FROM EACH COUNTY.	
Androscoggin	6
Aroostook	2
Cumberland.	12
Franklin	2
Hancock.	4
Kennebec	2
Knox	4
Lincoln	3
Oxford	2
Penobscot.	3
Piscataquis	1
Sagadahoc	2
Somerset	3
Waldo	6
Washington	7
York	6
U. S. Court	3
	68

PARDONS.

During the year ending November 30, 1880, thirteen pardons were granted: five by Governor Garcelon, six by Governor Davis, and two by the President of the United States. It may not be the province of the Inspectors to sit in judgment upon the pardoning power, but the question forces itself upon us in so many different ways that we are *obliged* to consider it. It is interwoven with the life and conduct of the prisoner, and the government and discipline of the prison. Upon entering the prison, the first important question that the convict gives his undivided attention to is, how and when he may get out. There are several ways by which this may be done:

First—By escape, which is not easily accomplished, and is attended with great risk.

Second—By death.

Third—By discharge on expiration of sentence, and lastly by *Pardon*, by which nearly *twenty-two* per cent. of all the prisoners sentenced to this prison have obtained their liberty.

The hope of pardon cherished by prisoners of every degree of crime, encouraged by friends and relations, and by persons who seek pecuniary profit (without always considering whether a prisoner is deserving or not,) keeps him in a continued state of feverish excitement and suspense, and unfits him for labor. He sees others pardoned, and asks "why he should not be pardoned as well as they," a question which sometimes the Inspectors are not able to answer satisfactorily to the prisoner, or themselves. For wise reasons the right of petition was sacredly guaranteed in the Constitution, but no right is more often abused. If a sufficient number of "eminent citizens" sign a petition for a pardon, it is almost held to be ample cause for a pardon to be granted without a why or wherefore. In some way a petitioner should be held personally responsible for every petition he may sign, that in some way this indiscriminate "right of petition" may be regulated, and the State protected thereby.

We think the present Executive has, as far as we know, exercised its authority in this direction with a wise discretion.

There have been sentenced to prison, thirty-one United States prisoners in all, since 1845; there are now in the prison eight. Of the twenty-three discharged, ten have been pardoned, including eight who received the longest sentences. It will be seen by the above that it is quite easy to obtain a pardon from the President of the United States. We append a list of convicts pardoned during the year 1880.

PARDONS.

To whom granted, from December 1, 1879, to November 30, 1880.

• Наме.	County From.	Date of Commitment.	Age.	Crime.	Sentence.	Pardoned.	By Whom.
Thomas Riley Charles A. York Lyman W. Cochran Michael Lawless Martin L. Towers Michael Corliss Justus J. Buzzell Peter J. Golder Robert Terry George Prince Patrick Griffin James E. Nickerson	York	Jan 19, 1877 Nov. 23, 1877 Oct. 12, 1878 April 20, 1877 Nov. 13, 1875 June 4, 1879 May 13, 1878 Dec. 16, 1879 March 17, 1877 Feb 13, 1879 May 17, 1862	$27 \\ 21 \\ 24 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 18 \\ 46 \\ -27 \\ 62 \\ 40 \\ -$	Rape. Breaking and entering. Breaking and entering. Rape. Breaking and entering. Breaking and entering. Larceny. Burglary. Forgery. Murder. Assault and battery.	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & c \\ 5 & c \\ 5 & c \\ 1 \\ 5 & c \\ 25 \\ 3 & c \\ 3 & c \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & c \\ 4 & c \\ 10 & c \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\$	Dec. 18, 1879 Dec. 18, 1879 Jan. 7, 1880 April 21, 1880 June 23, 1880 July 5, 1880 July 20, 1880 August 3, 1880.	do do do do Governor Davis do do do do President United States. Governor Davis. Governor Davis.

CONVICTS IN MAINE STATE PRISON NOV. 30, 1880.

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

					1			ويترج ويعرب بالمتكاف الشاف المتحد والمتكاف
No.	NAME.	Age	Place of Eirth.		No. of Com'ts		Sontonco.	County.
2199	Albert O Hall	32	Washington	Rape	_	4 pril 1, 1876	15 years	Knox.
	Norman Hicks	21	Addison.	Larceny		May 22, 1876 .	7 "	Washington.
	Patrick Ford	19	Portland	Compound Larceny		May 25, 1876.	7 "	Cumberland.
	William E. Leonard	18	Portland	Compound Larceny	_	May 25, 1876	7 "	Cumberland.
	Peter Doan	24	Nova Scotia	Robbery	_	Sept. 20, 1876.	6 "	Cumberland.
2219	Alex. Scott alias McClusky	28	Scotland	Robberv	-	Sept. 20, 1876.	8 "	Cumberland.
2221	William Cole	27	Nova Scotia	Rape	-	Sept. 27, 1876.	Lifo.	Piscataquis.
	Mads N. Bruns	40	Denmark	Incest	_	Sept. 27, 1876.	10 years	Cumberland.
	Jacob S. Herrin	49	Canaan	Manslaughter	_	Jan. 5, 1877	10 "	Somerset.
	Frederick Eaton	36	Waterville	Forgery	-	Jan. 5, 1877	5 "	Somerset.
	John Curtis	24	California	Breaking, entering and larceny.	_	Jan. 19, 1877	5 "	York.
2247	Ingalls B. Andrews	48	Lowell, Mass	Breaking, entering and larceny.	-	Jan. 19, 1877	6 "	York.
	William Marvin	4.5		Forgery	-	Feb. 1, 1877	6 "	Cumberland.
2264	Morris A. Saddler	24		Compound Larceny	-	March 26, 1877	6 "	Penobscot.
2272	Prescott P. Heath	55	Penobscot	Arson	-	May 23, 1877.	14 "	Hancock.
	Joseph H. Davis.	30	Tromont	Breaking, entering and larcony.	-	May 28, 1877	4 "	Washington.
	George II Brown	24	L. Champlain, N. Y.	Compound Larceny	2	June 5, 1877	5 "	Cumberland.
	James McAloon.	25		Robbery	_	Sept. 3, 1877	Life.	Penobscot.
2285	Charles E. Davis	36	Mt. Desert	Larceny	3	Oct. 9, 1877	4 "	Cumberland.
	Arthur Livingston	30	Wiscasset	Assault to Rape	3	Oct. 9, 1877	8 "	Cumberland.
	Henry Robinson	36	Washington, D. C.	Larceny	~	Oct. 9, 1877	4	Cumberland.
2291	Frederick Turner	22	Portland	Larceny	_	Oct. 9, 1877	4 "	Cumberland.
	Andrew Jones	48		Manslaughter		Jan. 15, 1878	4 "	U. S. Court.
	William H. Stephenson	47	Portland	Larceny and Common Thief		Feb. 5, 1878	6 "	Cumberland.
2315	Elihu Phillips		Cumberland .	Larceny and Compound Larceny.	-	Feb. 5, 1878	9 "	Cumberland.
	Joseph Mushrawl	22	St. John N B.	Compound Larceny	_	Feb. 5, 1878	8 "	Cumberland.
	George Williams	20	Boston, Mass	Robbery	-	Feb. 5, 1878	5 "	Cumberland.
23 8	Ed. Brown alias E. P. Bond.	47	Wayland, Mass	Larceny		Feb. 5, 1878	5 "	Cumberland.
	Ira II. Carter	39	Pembroke	Incest		April 4, 1878	5 "	Aroostook.
	George Johnson	23	England	Larceny		April 16, 1878.	5 "	Sagadahoe.
2335	Edward Daws	36	Switzerland.	Larceny		April 16, 1878.	5 "	Sagadahoc.
	Charles T. Ware	27	Litchfield	Larceny		April 16, 1878.		Sagadahoc.

CONVICTS IN THE MAINE STATE PRISON NOVEMBER 30, 1880-Continued.

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STATE PRISON.

2338 Edward M. Smith 37	Bucksport	Murder, 1st degree	1 -	April 19, 1878.]]	Life.	Hancock.
		Compound larceny	- 1	May 4, 1878	3 years.	Androscoggin.
		Larceny	-	May 4, 1878	3 ''	Androscoggin.
		Arson.	-	May 5, 1878	3 "	Knox.
2343 Fred Stacmel 41		Assault and battery	-	May 10, 1878	3 "	Waldo.
2344 Moses Basley 19		Assault and battery	- 1	May 13, 1878.	3 "	Washington.
2345 George L. Knight 21		Assault bat break'g, ent. & larc'y	-	May 13, 1878	5 "	Washington.
2347 Howard M. Hart	Belfast	Counterfeiting	- 1	May 17, 1878.	3 "	U. S. Court.
2348 Lewis L. Packard 21	Rockport	Counterfeiting	_	May 17, 1878.	3 "	U. S. Court.
2350 George Adderly 20	England	Compound larceny	-		10 "	Cumberland.
2351 William Clark 21	Boston	Receiving stolen goods	-	June 7, 1878	4 years, 8 mos.	Cumberland.
2352 Calvin Day		Arson	-	June 7, 1878 I		York.
		Murder	_	June 7, 1878 I		York.
		Breaking, entering and larceny	-	Sept. 8, 1878	3 years.	Kennebec.
2361 Charles H. Williams 28		Forgery	-	Oct. 7, 1878		Knox.
		Murder	_	Oct. 7, 1878I		Knox.
2363 George B. Merrow 17		Compound larceny	-	Oct. 12, 1878	5 "	Androscoggin.
2364 Frank B. Abbott		Compound larceny	_	Oct. 12, 1878	3 "	Androscoggin.
2365 John Donivan, 2d 25		Compound larceny	-	Oct. 12, 1878	3 "	Androscoggin.
2366 John McMunn 18		Compound larceny	-	Oct. 12, 1878	3 "	Androscoggin.
2369 Charles Webber		Rape	_	Oct. 12, 1878	5 "	Androscoggin.
2370 Orin Goodwin		Breaking, entering and larceny.	_	Oct. 17, 1878	3 years, \$2 fine.	
2372 James Stackpole	So. Berwick	Breaking, entering and larceny.	-	Oct. 17, 1878		U. S. Court.
		Breaking and entering	_	Oct. 26, 1878.	3 "	York.
		Breaking, entering and larceny.	_	Jan. 28, 1879	3 "	Washington.
		Breaking, entering and larceny.	_	Jan. 28, 1879	2 "	Washington.
		Breaking, entering and larceny.		Jan. 28, 1879	3 "	Washington.
		Breaking, entering and larceny.	_	Jan. 28, 1879	2 "	Washington.
2391 James W. Chamberlin 40	Bath.	Cheating.	_	Feb. 6, 1879	2 "	Cumberland.
		Larcony	_	Feb. 6, 1879	4 "	Cumberland.
		Larceny		Feb. 6, 1879	4 "	Cumberland.
		Breaking, entering and larceny .	- 1	Feb. 6, 1879	3 "	Cumberland.
		Breaking, entering, &c		Feb 6, 1879	3 "	Cumberland.
		Forgery		Feb. 13, 1879.	3 "	Androscoggin.
		Lewd and lascivious cohabitation	_	March 10, 1879.	5	Penobscot.
		Assault and battery		March 10, 1879.	5 "	Penobscot.
		Larceny	1 -	March 10, 1879.	4 "	Penobscot.
		Larceny		March 10, 1879.	-	Penobscot.
2405 Thomas Shaughnessey 18			_	March 10, 1879.	-	Penobscot.
2200; 220mab onwagninoboy		compound moved	. –		-	

INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

No, N	ame.	Age	Place of	Birth.	Crime.	No. of Comt's		Sentence.	County.
2406 John Wilson		22	Sweden		Compound larceny	_	March 10, 1879.	2 years.	Penobscot.
2407 William Sher		30	Oldtown		Compound larceny	-	March 10, 1879.	2 "	Penobscot.
2408 Fred L. Dutt	on	18	Belfast		Larceny	-	March 10, 1879.	2 "	Piscataquis.
2409 Alonzo Sturd	event	17	Dexter		Larceny	-	March 10, 1879.	2 "	Piscataquis.
2410 Rolla Millett					Larceny	-	March 10, 1879.	2 " 6 mos.	Piscataquis.
2412 Lewis Sherey					Rape	-	April 12, 1879.	7 "	Aroostook.
2413 Frank Dufou	r	21	Canada	. 	Manslaughter	-	April 12, 1879.	3 ''	Penobscot.
2414 James M. Sa	vage	61	Augusta		Manslaughter	-	April 17, 1879.	5 "	Kennebec.
2416 Philip Morse		22	Canada .		Compound larceny	-	May 20, 1879 .	2 "	Androscoggin.
2417 Luke Berriar		23	Lowell, Ma	ss	Compound larceny	-	May 20, 1879	2 "	Androscoggin.
2418 Peter Joyce .		15	Bangor		Compound larceny	-	May 20, 1879.	2 "	Androscoggin.
2420 John G. Row	e, Jr	20	Islesboro'		Assault with intent to kill	-	May 22, 1879	3 (1	Washington.
2421 John Conners	8	28	Portland	. . .	Breaking and entering	-	June 4, 1879	3 "	York.
2422 James P. Ril	ey	31	Portland		Breaking and entering	2	June 4, 1879	3 "	York.
2423 C. E. Brown-	-3 aliases	47	Auburn		Cheating by false pretences	2	June 4, 1879	3 "	Cumberland.
2424 Alexander S.	McGregor	28	Scotland		Breaking, entering aud larceny.	-	June 4, 1879	4 "	Cumberland.
2425 Walter H. A	ndrews	21	Portland	• • • • • • • •	Breaking, entering and larceny	-	June 4, 1879	4 ''	Cumberland.
2426 Fimethy Ker	nedy	19	Portland	• • • • • • • • •	Receiving stolen goods		June 4, 1879	3 "	Cumberland.
2428 Charles Elias	Prescott	23	Oldtown	. .	Murder in the first degree	-	July 3, 1879	Life.	Cumberland.
2429 Fhomas Sulli	van	21	Portland		Breaking, entering and larceny.	-	July 3, 1879	4 years.	Cumberland.
2430 Andrew Laws	on	50	Sweden		Breaking and larceny	-	July 3, 1879 .	4 ''	Cumberland.
2431 Frank Snider		32	Bath		Forgery	-	Aug. 25, 1879.	2 "	Sagadahoc.
2432 Eleazer B. K	ennerson	59	Vermont	.	Felonious assault	-	Sept. 8, 1879	1 '' 6 mos.	Penobscot.
2433 Edward Jone	s	27	Newton, M	ass	Compound larceny	3	Sept. 8, 1879	4 "	Penobscot.
2434 Daniel Peter	3	22	Warren		Forgery	-	Sept. 20, 1879.	3 "	Knox.
2435 Samuel D. H	aines	23	Patten		Murder	-	Sept. 23, 1879.	Life.	Knox.
2436 Charles Harv	ey		Solon		Burglary	-	Oct. 7, 1879	5 years.	Androscoggin.
2437 Albert C. Tru	indy				Forgery	_	Oct. 11, 1879	4 ''	Cumberland.
2438 James M. Po	te				Breaking, entering and larceny.	2	Oct. 11, 1879	10 "	Cnmberland.
2439 Alfred Seamo	re	22	Canada		Larceny	_	Oct. 11, 1879.	3 "	Aroostook.
2440 Alfred Dube.		17			Larceny	-	Oct. 11, 1879	3 ''	Aroostook.
2441 William J. S	plain	20			Larceny from dwelling house	- I	Oct. 11, 1879.	2 "	Cumberland.

CONVICTS IN THE MAINE STATE PRISON NOVEMBER 30, 1880-Continued.

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STATE PRISON.

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2442 Silas C. Thomas 4'		-	Oct. 11, 1879 4 "		Cumberland.
2443 Thomas Ryan 25	2 Portland Compound larceny	-	Oct. 11, 1879 5 "		Cumberland.
2444 Richard W. Perkins 2	2 North Berwick Breaking and entering	-	Oct. 11, 1879 2 "		York.
2445 Lewis B. Peterson 44	Fremont Incest	-	Oct. 30, 1879 3 "	17	Franklin.
2447 John Turner	2 Lewiston Burglary	-			Somerset.
2448 Patrick Carter		-	Nov. 8, 1879 . 2 "		Cumberland.
2449 William T. Abbott 18	Belfast Burning a building	-	Nov. 12, 1879 . 4 "		Waldo.
9450 Tames Whalen	7 Belfast	-	Nov. 12, 1879 . 4 "		Waldo.
2451 Charles B. Gilman 40	Brooklyn, N. Y Assault with intent to murder	-	Nov. 19, 1879 . 3 "		Kennebec.
2452 Juan Ambaruma 20	6 Spain Assault with intent to kill	-	Dec. 8, 1879 3 years		U. S. Court.
2454 Joseph Estes		-	Jan. 9, 1880 1 year,		Kennebec.
2455 John Leavitt		-	Jan. 9, 1880 5 years		Somerset.
2456 James Quimby		-	Jan. 19, 1880 3 "	6 mos.	York.
2450 James Robinson 24		-	Feb. 2, 1880 2 "	1	Washington.
2458 James Thompson 22		-	Feb. 2, 1880 1 year,	, 6 mos.	Washington.
2100 0 nm co anom promitive service	Vermont Forgery	-	Feb. 5, 1880 3 "		Cumberland.
		_	Feb. 5, 1880 4 "		Cumberland.
2100 minum in outob fifth		-	Feb. 5, 1880 2 "		Cumberland.
		_	Feb. 5, 1880 2 "		Cumberland.
Pior o amos oronan contraction of		_	Feb. 5, 1880 2 "		Cumberland.
Lice count interior to the second		_	Feb. 5, 1880 2 "		Cumberland.
		_	Feb. 5, 1880 3 "		Cumberland.
2465 Thomas Mackey 2		_	Feb. 5, 1880 4 "		Cumberland.
2466 John Williams 3'		_	Feb. 5, 1880 4 "		Cumberland.
2467 John Norton 2		-	Feb. 5, 1880 4 "		Cumberland.
2468 John Graham 2		-	Feb. 5, 1880 4 "		Cumberland.
2469 Thomas Nickerson 20) Boston, Mass Compound larceny	-	Feb. 5, 1880 3 "		Cumberland.
2470 James P. Cafferty 4			Feb. 13, 1880. Life.		Kennebec.
	6 Augusta Murder in the 1st degree	-	March 4, 1880. Life.		Penobscot.
	4 Canada Murder	-	March 4, 1880 2 years	1.	Penobscot.
	3 Bucksport Burglary	-	March 4, 1880. 2 '		Penobscot.
2474 Joseph Silvey 18		-	March 4, 1880. 2 "		Penobscot.
2475 James R Pinkham 50		-	March 4, 1880. 3 "		Penobscot.
2476 William M. Smith 20		-	march 4, 1000.		Penobscot.
2477 George Hodgdon 28	8 New Hampshire Compound larceny	-	,		Penobscot.
2478 William Freeman-alias 25		-	March 4, 1050. 2	1.	Aroostook.
2479 George Ouilette 38	B Canada Counterfeiting	-			
2480 John Gudreau 19	New Brunswick Counterfeiting	-	match 10, 1000. 1		Aroostook.
	2 Ireland Murder in the 2d degree	-	March 20, 1880. Life.	1	Knox.
2482 Isaac D. Fuller 34	HartfordHaving and receiving stolen goods	-	April 6, 1880 1 year	•	Oxford.

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INSPECTORS' REPORT.

No.	Name.	Age	Place of Birth.		No. of Comt's	Time of Commitment.	Sentence.	County.
2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495	William Hilliard Aaron Prescott Llewellyn Bubior Thomas McGrath Michael Mahoney—2nd Daniel Downey John W. Thorndike James Anderson William E. Bragdon John Corson John Montgomery Manly C. Steadman Allan Poole	47 19 21 28 27 24 28 21 31 30 28 23	Lexington Boston Providence Baltimore, Md Portland Portland Bangor St. George Nova Scotia England	Burglary and larceny dultery Compound larceny Larceny Larceny Compound larceny Rape Compound larceny Burglary Bigamy Breaking, entering and larceny.		April 6, 1880 April 6, 1880 May 15, 1880 May 15, 1880 May 15, 1880 May 25, 1880 May 25, 1880 May 25, 1880 Sept. 17, 1880 Sept. 27, 1880 Sept. 30, 1880 Oct. 1, 1880	1) 66 5) 66 2) 66 2) 66 2) 66 3) 66 4) 66 4) 66 4) 66 5) 66 4) 66 4) 66 5) 66 2) 66 3) 66 4) 66 5) 66 4) 66 5) 70 5)	Oxford. Franklin. Androscoggin. Androscoggin. Androscoggin. Cumberland. Cumberland. Cumberland. Penobscot. Knox. Piscataquis. Cumberland.
2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510	James N. Lowe. Patrick Hurley. Sally Morrisey . James Fraser. Charles Hanson. James F. Osgood . John S. Baker. Charles E. Stevens. Charles H. Dunham. Michael Brophy. Frank Reed. James L. Marston. Charles E. Thomas. Willis W. Cleaves. Edwin J. Gordon. Charles E. Coombs.	19 62 35 21 17 24 23 22 35 16 25 27	Ireland	Murder in the 1st degree Arson Breaking and entering Breaking and entering Adultery Rape Felonious assault, intent to kill . Compound larceny Larceny Breaking, entering and larceny . Larceny Felonious assault		Oct. 1, 1880 Oct. 6, 1880 Oct. 6, 1880 Oct. 6, 1880 Oct. 6, 1880 Oct. 1, 1880 Oct. 1, 1880 Oct. 1, 1880 Oct. 1, 1880 Oct. 20, 1880 Oct. 23, 1880 Oct. 23, 1880 Oct. 24, 1880 Nov. 5, 1880	Life. Life. 2 years, 6 mos. 2 years. 5 '' 3 '' 3 '' 4 '' 2 '' 2 '' 3 '' 3 '' 3 '' 3 '' 3 '' 3	Cumberland. Cumberland. Cumberland. Cumberland. York. Oxford. Kennebec. Androscoggin. Androscoggin. Franklin. Washington. Somerset. Hancock. Sagadahoc.

CONVICTS IN THE MAINE STATE PRISON NOVEMBER 30, 1880-Continued.

STATE PRISON.

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

Fourteen years	s of	age	1	Thirty-seven	years o	of age	3
Fifteen	"	· · · · · · · · · ·	1	Thirty-eight	"		2
Sixteen	"		1	Thirty-nine	"	•••••	1
Seventeen	"	. 	7	Forty	"		5
${f Eighteen}$	"	•••••••	8	Forty-one	"		2
Nineteen	"	••• • ••••	9	Forty-two	"		1
\mathbf{T} wenty	"		8	Forty-four	"		1
Twenty-one	"	• • • • • • • • •	14	Forty-five	""	•••••••	2
Twenty-two	"		15	Forty-seven	"		8
Twenty-three	"	•••••·	12	Forty-eight	"		2
Twenty-four	"		14	Forty-nine	"		2
Twenty-five	"		9	Fifty	"		5
Twenty-six	"	• • • • · • • • •	5	Fifty-one	"		1
Twenty-seven	"	· · · · · · · · ·	8	Fifty-two	"	• • • • •	1
Twenty-eight	"		13	Fifty-five	"		1
Twenty-nine	"	· · · · · · · · · ·	3	Fifty-seven	"		1
Thirty	"	•••••	5	Fifty-nine	""		1
Thirty-one	"	· · · · ·	3	Sixty-one	"		1
Thirty-two	"		6	Sixty-two	"	1
Thirty-three	"		1	Sixty-three	"		1
Thirty-four	"	. .	1	Eighty-eight	"		1
Thirty-five	"	· · · · · · · · ·	4	0.0			
Thirty-six	"		8			19	99

Table showing age of Convicts now in prison, when committed.

Murder	17
Murder in second degree	4
Assault with intent to murder	2
Attempt to murder	1
Manslaughter.	5
Felonious assault with intent to kill	1
Assault with intent to kill	3
Assault and battery	5
Assault and battery on jailer	1
Assault with dangerous weapon	1
Felonious assault	3
Incest.	3
Rape	9
Assault with intent to commit rape	6
Adultery	2
Arson	7
Burning a building	2
Piracy	2
Bigamy	4
Forgery	9
Robbery	4
Burglary	3
Burglary and larceny	1
Counterfeiting	4
Compound larceny	33
Larceny	31
Larceny from the person.	1
Larcenv from dwelling-house in night	1
Larcenv and common thief	1
Breaking and entering, and larceny	15
Breaking and entering in night	2
Breaking and entering, and larceny in night	2
Breaking and larceny	1
Breaking and entering	6
Assault and battery, and breaking and entering, and larceny Receiving stolen goods	6
Receiving stolen goods	3
Cheating	1
Cheating by false pretences	1
Lewd and lascivious behavior	1
	199

Table of Sentences of Convicts now in Prison.

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INSPECTORS' REPORT.

Table showing Counties from which Convicts came, now	in
Prison.	
Androscoggin	23
Aroostook.	6
Cumberland	62
Franklin	3
Hancock	4
Kennebec	8
Knox	9
Oxford	4
Penobscot.	27
Piscataquis.	5
Sagadahoe.	5
Somerset	5
Waldo	3
Washington	15
York	12
U. S. Court	8-
	199

Table showing the nativity of Convicts now in Prison.

Maine	Nova Scotia
New Hampshire 3	New Brunswick 5
Vermont	Canada 7
Massachusetts 15	England 5
Rhode Island 2	Ireland 4
Connecticut 1	Scotland 2
New York 4	Switzerland 1
New Jersey 1	Denmark 1
Indiana 1	Sweden 1
Georgia 1	Spain 1
Maryland 1	Germany 1
Louisiana 1	Friend Land 1
California 1	Unknown 1
District of Columbia 2	
Minnesota 1	39,
160	
Natives of the United States	s 160
" foreign count	ries 39
	199

35

	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	To tal
Androscoggin	4	4	4	5	4	4	6	3	1	12	5	6	58
Aroostook	-	2	-	1	- 1	2	-	-	3	2	4	2	16
Cumberland	32	18	24	7	2	14	17	25	12	. 10	21	20	202
Franklin	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	2	1	2	9
Hancock	3	-	1	2	-	1	-	3	4	7		1	22
Kennebec	3	3	6	10		5	9	2	6	2	2	4	52
Knox	2	2	3	5	2	-	1	2	6	5	2	2	32
Lincoln	-	-	4	-	-	_	1	-	1	2	-	~	8
Oxford	-	-	. –	3	-	2	-	1	3	2	-	3	14
Penobscot	24	4	5	7	4	9	5	3	7	2	11	8	89
Piscataquis	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	3	1	8
Sagadahoc	1	2	1	-	_	-	-	1	2	3	2	1	13
Somerset	1	1	2	1	2	5	3	-	3	4	2	2	26
Waldo	4	2	1	-	-	1	2	5	5	2	4	_	26
Washington	4	7	2	5	- 1	4	5	5	7	5	8	4	56
York	ð	8	6	5	6	4	3	11	14	5	3	2	72
United States	-	-	3	1	1	-	-	2	-	6	1	2	16
	84	53	63	52	22	52	53	65	74	72	69	60	719

Whole number of Convicts committed to the State Prison for twelve years ending November 30, 1880.

FEMALE PRISONERS.

The prison is now, and has been from the beginning, a prison for men. No consideration seems to have been given to the fact that there were female prisoners, and therefore no suitable place for their imprisonment has ever been prepared. They are now kept in places where they cause much anxiety and trouble to the officers, and utterly unfit for the purpose.

Since the the establishment of the prison in 1824, there have been committed to it sixty-two females, and since that time there have been but twelve years but what there have been females in the prison, with sentences from *forty days* to life. We give a table of sentences:

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

	Number.	Pardons & Commut'ns.
For 40 days	1	
4 months	1	
6 months 8 days	1	
1 year	20	7
1 year 3 months	1	
1 year 6 months	5	2
2 years	9	6
3 years	7	3
4 years	5	2
5 years	2	2
6 years	$\frac{2}{2}$	2
	7	
To be hanged	1	1
	62	$\frac{-}{29}$
)	02	. 29

TABLE OF SENTENCES.

Of these but twenty-nine served out their full time, nearly one-half of all those sentenced prior to 1880 have had their sentence commuted, or have been pardoned, including one sentenced to be hanged, four for life, two for six years and two for five years, these being all of the longest sentences prior to 1880. The worst feature of this system is, that the greatest criminals have escaped punishment and been pardoned. The fact is, that female prisoners have been pardoned from time to time, the strongest reason for which was, that the prison was unfit and unsuitable for their imprisonment.

If the imprisonment of female criminals in this State is to be only nominal, this may answer the purpose; but if justice is to be meted out to all alike, some suitable provision should be made for their confinement.

Recommendations.

The Supreme Judicial Court having decided that Section 40 of the Revised Statutes is unconstitutional, it should be amended to conform to the Constitution.

RESCRIPT.

Darius Gross vs. Warren W. Rice. Decided Law Term 1880; June. "Section 40, of Chapter 140, of the Revised Statutes, which provides that no convict shall be discharged from the State Prison until he has remained the full term for which he was sentenced, excluding the time he may have been in solitary confinement for any violation of the rules and regulation of the prison, is in derogation of the constitutional provision that a man shall not be deprived of his liberty without due process of law, and it is for that reason unconstitutional and void."

Section 42, of Chapter 140, of the Revised Statutes, should be so amended, that a sum of more than five dollars could be paid a prisoner on his discharge, if the Inspectors and Warden should deem it necessary, in order to pay his expenses home.

We recommend that some law be passed inflicting additional punishment upon prisoners under life sentence, who shall commit or attempt to commit murder. As the law now stands, these men, our worst criminals, are the only class of men in the State who are *above or outside of all law*; they can commit murder with perfect impunity, for there is now really no adequate punishment for them, for so doing. We suggest that the officers of the prison are entitled to some protection in this direction.

Section 14, of Chapter 140, of the Revised Statutes, should be amended so that when a convict is sentenced to more than one sentence at the same time, it shall be clearly established whether his deductions shall be allowed him aggregating his sentences as one, or in single sentences. Opinions and the custom at the prison differ; some claim that where a convict is sentenced for two terms of five years, he should be allowed deductions for good behavior the same as if it were a ten years' sentence at the rate of seven days a month; others claim that the prisoner should serve out one sentence of five years, with deductions of five days per month, and that his second sentence should begin when his first one ends.

We would suggest the propriety of giving further authorty to any Judge, at any time, to order prisoners' removed from any jail unfit for its purpose, upon petition of the Inspectors; the Judge to give such a hearing as he shall deem sufficient.

Under the Constitution the Governor and Council are authorized to grant conditional pardons. There is now no tribunal established by law to determine when the prisoner shall have broken the condition of his pardon. We are of the opinion that all such conditional pardons must be void unless some additional legislation is provided.

We most respectfully recommend that a law should be passed giving Judges authority in a certain class of cases, to give conditional sentences; that for young offenders on first conviction there should be no maximum period fixed for the sentence. The limitation should be left to the determination of some authority who, when satisfied that the proper objects of the law had been accomplished, should recommend the discharge of the prisoner to the Judge who gave him his sentence, who should have the authority to order it. The question of length of sentence is often very perplexing to the Judge, who may know nothing of the prisoner's history and surroundings. We think a proper law in this direction would be a valuable addition to our criminal laws.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS OF THE PRISON.

We append the reports of the Officers of the Prison, with the exception of the Warden.

The Rev. G. P. Mathews, Rev. W. H. Williams and Rev. Ammi Prince, clergymen of Thomaston, have officiated as chaplains during the year. The Inspectors, when at the Prison, have deemed it their duty to attend the services in the chapel, and they bear cheerful testimony to the manner in which they have performed their duty.

Mr. David J. Starrett, the old and experienced teacher, has continued his services; his long experience and thorough interest in the prisoners, well qualify him for the position he holds. We are glad to believe that some good has been accomplished in this direction.

Dr. Henry C. Levensaler has continued to perform the duties of physician to the general acceptance of all concerned. The general health of the prisoners has been good. Unfortunately many come to the Prison with vile personal habits, which are the bane of all institutions of this kind, and which a solitary state of society does not tend to correct. This class of cases is beyond the reach of the physician.

The Prison is not without its proportion of the insane and weak-minded. Some of the last named, who could not have committed a crime unless by assistance, which looks like design to get rid of support of paupers; the treatment here cannot benefit this last class of cases.

Gustavus S. Bean, Esq., of Bangor, was appointed Warden, his term of office commencing Dec. 1, 1881.

Mr. Bean is a gentleman of recognized ability and integrity, and we have no doubt will prove a successful officer.

It is apparent to all who know the duties incumbent upon the Warden, that the State demands much, and (as the salary now is) returns but small compensation for an honest administration of the prison affairs, and we recommend that the salary be increased to \$2,500 per annum.

We also recommend that the salary of the Clerk be raised to \$800 per annum.

In conclusion, the Inspectors wish to thank the officers of the Prison for their intelligent and faithful co-operation.

REPORT OF CHAPLAINS.

To the Board of Inspectors of Prison and Jails:

GENTLEMEN :— The pastors of two of the churches in Thomaston have served as Chaplains at the Prison the past year. One of them left in June, and his place was taken by his successor in the pastorate.

The public religious services consist of a meeting, one hour in length, every Sabbath. The attendance upon this exercise has been good. Few congregations any where are more attentive, and none more orderly. Excellent music, both vocal and instrumental, has added much to the interest and to the profit of the meetings. A number of singers and players have rendered occasional and valuable service. Deacon J. Catland and Miss M. J. Watts, have been devoted and almost constant attendants.

Our main object has been to promote the spiritual and eternal interests of those we served. To effect this result we have tried to proclaim the doctrines, enforce the duties, extend the invitations and present the promises of the Gospel. The Master we serve came to seek and to save that which was lost. He denounced sin, but dealt tenderly and lovingly with the sinner. We have aimed to adopt His methods, imitate His example and possess His spirit. We have also urged the men to submit cheerfully to the discipline they are under, and to perform faithfully all the duties assigned them. Those who are soon to leave have been specially exhorted to at once begin a life and form a character that will not only prevent their return, but also restore them to the confidence and respect of society. Others who may stay long, and may never leave, have been urged to patiently endure what they cannot possibly escape. All have been encouraged to make the best of their situation; to put their trust in God, and to seek help from Him.

Obstacles to private, personal intercourse with the prisoners are numerous, and opportunities limited; but the Hospital and the cells have been visited and their inmates prayed with, counselled and comforted.

The men are tolerably supplied with reading matter of good quality, and of which they make good use. Probably they read more hours than the average of laboring men generally. Although teaching the prisoners and supplying them with periodicals and books is the work of the Instructor, yet we beg leave to emphasize our estimate of the importance to the Institution, to society, and especially to the men for whom it was provided, of this invaluable agency. We also wish to bear witness to the faithfulness and devotion of the present Instructor, Mr. D. J. Starrett, and to the marked and salutary result of his labors.

The moral and spiritual results of a chaplain's labor lies deeper, and may appear later than those of the instructor. The fruits of our work cannot now be ascertained or even estimated. Moral, resembles material husbandry. In both seed is sown, but the yield is uncertain, and may be unseasonable. We have aimed to carry out the kind intentions of the State in providing religious services at the Prison, and also to perform with fidelity the duties of our appointment. We have also heeded the high injunction to "remember them that are in bonds as bound with them." There is ample evidence that the chapel services are neither forgotten nor unvalued. Sermons are quoted, expositions asked and reading of certain scriptures and hymns requested.

To us the discipline of the Prison seems strict, firm and kind, and its general management judicious and economical.

We wish to acknowledge the uniform courtesy shown us by the Warden, Deputy Warden and all other officers of the Prison, and to thank them for valuable assistance in performing our work.

G. P. MATHEWS. A. PRINCE.

Thomaston, December 1, 1880.

REPORT OF PHYSICIAN.

To the Board of Inspectors of Prison and Jails:

GENTLEMEN:—In accordance with the usual custom, I herewith submit my second annual report of the medical department of the Maine State Prison for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1880.

Nothing worthy of especial consideration has occurred during the past year to unfavorably affect the health of the inmates. Acute diseases have been rare. The institution has not been visited by any epidemic or contagious disease. The health rate of the convicts has been quite uniform, and has maintained even a higher standard than during the healthy condition of the Prison at my last annual report. With such favorable considerations before you, I have little to offer in the way of suggestions in regard to the sanitary condition of the Prison, or recommendations to suggest in relation to the satisfactory rules of hygiene which those confined here are required to observe.

The food furnished, of which I have made frequent inspections, is good, and sufficient in quantity, of a wholesome and substantial character, and these rations are supplied to the convicts in a systematic course of diet each day throughout the week. The clothing is made of firm material, and is warm and comfortable.

The mortality has been comparatively small when we take into consideration the long standing of their maladies, their former habits of life, that they were suffering on their admission, and were manifestly incurable. Two have died from disease, and one from suicide :

William Lanergan died of heart disease, March 12.

Otis Ames committed suicide by drowning in the water of the quarry, June 24.

Edward L. Wilson died of debility and diarrhœa, August 19. Wilson was feeble and broken down at the time he was committed, October 3, 1878, and was unable to perform manual labor from that time until the day of his death. The last year of his life he passed in the hospital.

A large share of the attention of the Prison Physician is directed towards the treatment of the mental health of those incarcerated within its walls; which may be divided into the following order of classification, as recommended by Dr. George L. Taylor, Resident Physician of the State Penitentiary, Eastern District, Pennsylvania, 1865, the better to explain their condition and mental alienation:

1st. Insane. 2d. Occasionally Insane. 3d. Violent Temper.

4th. Unsound, (eccentric and capable of hallucinations and other aberrations of intellect).

5th. Weak, (deficient of intellect).

6th. Dull, (is recognized by more or less stupid expression).

All of these classes call for more or less care and consideration, and with proper management most of them can be taught "common educational rudiments, or the acquisition of a handicraft," during their term of service at least. Four unmanageable insane convicts, were in accordance with the provisions of the law, ordered before a Medical Commission, who recommended that they be sent to the Insane Hospital, viz: Henry Johnson, Valparaiso Mosely, William Barnes, and Otis Ames.

Johnson, Mosely and Barnes were removed to that Asylum, June 28th, where they still reman, but Ames committed suicide at the time and in the manner stated above in this report.

The Hospital is kept in excellent order, is abundantly supplied, and in every respect all that is desired at the present time.

Since finishing the main part of this report my attention has been directed to the stagnant water in the prison quarry. I can best present this matter to your consideration by quoting from my "Monthly Sanitary Report," made in January last: "During the advancement of spring or the summer months, (early in the latter) means should be taken to drain off the cess-pool in the quarry, into which is drained all the filth and sediment from the vaults, water-closets and sinks of the Prison. If this is not feasible, powerful disinfectants should be used to cleanse the same: I regard the removal of this stagnant water, or purification thereof as highly essential. and in a sanitary point of view strictly demanded." Although this institution has been free from what are termed zymotic diseases, yet the defilement of the water in this quarry by the drainage into it of these vaults, water-closets and sinks. is liable to produce during the heat and drought of summer fermentation, from which effluvia will arise, the peculiar subtle poison to which is attributed the production of enteric (typhoid) fever, dysentery and certain other morbid states of the system. "The analogy," says Dr. Derby, "between fevers generally known as miasmatic (intermittent and remittent) and the continued or typhoid of New England, pointed out by Dr. Jackson, becomes very significant when we look at the experience of practitioners all over the State (Massachusetts) with reference to the bottoms of ponds and reservoirs laid bare in the seasons of drought. These are the very places which would surely give rise to intermittents in our southern country. Here they give rise to fever without remissions-to typhoid."

In conclusion, I would say that whatever success is due to the fortunate results of my labors in maintaining a proper regard for the sanitary condition of the convicts during the past year, much credit rightfully belongs to the prison officials for their hearty co-operation in furtherance of this desirable object; for which I am mindful of the kindness and courtesy shown me in my relations at this institution, and likewise appreciating the friendly support of the Inspectors, Warden, Deputy Warden, and all other officers of the prison while attending to my professional obligations.

HENRY C. LEVENSALER, M. D.,

Physician Maine State Prison.

THOMASTON, December 1, 1880.

REPORT OF TEACHER.

To the Honorable Board of Inspectors of the Maine State Prison:

GENTLEMEN:—There have been received here some sixty prisoners for the year ending November 30, 1880. Of this number nearly five out of seven require my services to instruct them in some or all the branches of a common school education, showing very plainly the relation ignorance bears to crime. Though it is not made compulsory for them to apply themselves to study, yet a large majority avail themselves of the privilege here afforded; and as a general rule, are able to "read, write and cipher," before the expiration of their sentences. Many of them show the ability to become good scholars, and make such proficiency in their studies as would do credit to scholars under much more favorable circumstances.

One now under instruction, who left home at an early age, rather than attend a good school, provided by kind and loving parents, has become greatly interested in his studies; and at the close of his services here, will go out to a distant State and prepare himself for a college course, which he says "He is determined to have at any cost." I am very happy to add, that in this he will be aided by his father, who had not seen him for a number of years, until he learned of his being here, and who came a long ways to see him, and at the expiration of his sentence will meet him at the prison door, and take him where his desires for a liberal education will be gratified. This, among many other cases, makes my work here among the unfortunate very pleasant and gratifying.

I have been able to supply all the books needed in my school work, except grammars and geographies. These I have supplied only as some kind friends have donated them, from the attic or other out of the way places, where they have laid idle since their use by children of other days.

It may not be out of place for me here to say, that donations of old school books are always acceptable, as well as all reading matter suitable for the men and boys here.

My theory is, that the more their minds are occupied in studying or reading useful books, the better fitted they will be for life's work, when they go out into the world again.

Let us bear in mind, that prison life should not be for punishment alone, but to reform and educate them up to higher and better views of life. Thus by moral and religious education of the head, as well as the education of the hands to some useful trade, prepare them to eschew evil, and earn an honest living, both for themselves and any who may be dependent upon them.

My wish is, that you will look upon this matter in the light it deserves, and see that a suitable appropriation (not less than two hundred dollars yearly,) is set apart for school books and the library. An addition has been made to the library the past year, but only enough to change on the Sabbath. They are so few, that it is very desirable to enlarge the number, so as to have a greater variety to meet the wants of all. Although our numbers are small, yet we have as great a diversity of literary taste to meet as is found in much larger communities. The old library books are mostly laid aside for the present, but in a few years will be put in circulation again, to be read by new comers, who, it may be, are now fitting themselves for prison life !

The Revs. gentlemen, Mathews and Prince have been faithful in the discharge of their duties, and by their presentation of Gospel truths, in varied and inviting form, awakened many of their hearers to the fact that this is not the *all* of life, but that beyond is an endless existence; that each ought to be prepared to meet. The various questions asked me in regard to the truths they have heard, as I go from cell to cell in my Sabbath work, shows that they are not idle listeners, but feel the force of the truths spoken, and may we

not hope, that many of them will look back on their prison life and exclaim : "There I entered the service of the Lord !"

Mr. A. J. Butler, Deputy Warden, upon whom the care of the men and the general interests of the institution have rested for a greater part of the year, has aided me in my work by his firm, yet kindly treatment of the men, as I find they are more inclined to give attention to their studies, when they are treated in such a manner; that they can realize that all their manhood is not lost, but that there is something better in the future for them to aspire to.

Thanking him and you, gentlemen, for the interest you have taken in my work, as well as all the officers who have encouraged these men in their laudable efforts to become wiser and better than when they were living in ignorance and crime, I close my report for the year ending Nov. 30, 1880.

DAVID J. STARRETT,

Instructor, M. S. P.

Report of the Executive Council Committee.

IN EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, December 15, 1880.

Having been appointed by the Governor a Special Committee of the Council to visit the State Prison, I herewith present my report.

I have visited the prison as often as I deemed it necessary. The general health of the prisoners has been good. The usual good discipline has been maintained with little punishment. The buildings have been kept in repair, and a condition of neatness has characterized the prison throughout. The prisoners have been well fed and clothed. The Teacher has attended to his duties with marked success. Religious services have been held each Sabbath morning, as heretofore, under the influences of which, it is hoped good has been accomplished.

Financially, the results have not been so satisfactory as under other circumstances might have been realized. The expenses have been somewhat more, and the earnings much less than usual, notwithstanding the general business prosperity throughout the country. This result was to be expected for obvious reasons.

The duties of the Warden of a prison conducted on State account, as ours is, are very arduous and demand experience,, tact and robust health. It is no sinecure office—the duties requiring of him untiring industry and energy in order to produce desired results.

Mr. Tolman was Warden for the first four months of the year. During this period the cost of supplying the prison

above its earnings was very large. This is to be accounted for, in part, to the lack of productive industries on the part of the convicts, as was apparent to the most casual observer visiting the workshops.

Mr. Morse, who succeeded Mr. Tolman as warden, April first, was very soon incapacitated in a great degree, by failing health, to perform the amount of labor required in order to successful management of the financial affairs of the institution, and his death necessitated still another change in the administration.

I have not been able to ascertain with entire accuracy the net cost of supporting the prison.

The cost of running the institution above its earnings for the year ending November 30, 1880, including the salaries of the subordinate officers, is about twenty-two thousand dollars, (\$22,000.)

Respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM WILSON.

OFFICERS OF STATE PRISON

For 1881-82.

The Governor and Council ex-officio.

GOVERNOR: HARRIS M. PLAISTED of Bangor.

EXECUTIVE COUNCILLORS: FREDERIC ROBIE of Gorham, LEWIS BARKER of Bangor, JOSEPH T. HINCKLEY of Bluehill, SAMUEL N. CAMPBELL of Cherryfield, WILLIAM WILSON of Hallowell, ROSCOE L. BOWERS of Saco, JAMES G. PENDLETON of Searsport.

INSPECTORS OF PRISON AND JAILS: JOSEPH W. PORTER of Burlington. DEARBORN G. BEAN of East Wilton. HENRY S. OSGOOD of Augusta.

> WARDEN: GUSTAVUS S. BEAN.

DEPUTY WARDEN: ADELBERT J. BUTLER.

Joint Standing Committee of the Legislature on State Prison, 1881–82.

Messrs.	George D. Bisbee of Buckfield, Henry C. Brewer of Freeport, N. B. Buxton of North Anson.	$\left. \right\}$ of the Senate.
Messrs.	Reuel S. Maxcy of Portland, David Wentworth of Gardiner, Eliphalet S. Means of Machias, Silas Leland of Skowhegan, Lorenzo R. Hersom of Berwick, Peter H. Lang of Palmyra, Orrin H. Staples of Biddeford.	of the House.

REPORT OF JAILS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1880.

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JAILS.

To the Honorable Governor and Council:

GENTLEMEN: Section 9 of chapter 133, of the laws of 1873, requires the Inspectors of Jails, "to visit them once at least in every three months." We have not fully complied with this requirement for several reasons. We addressed a letter to the Governor and Council, asking them if "they should hold us to a full compliance with the law" —in answer we were "referred to the amount appropriated by the Legislature of 1880 for Inspectors of Prisons and Jails." We were not satisfied, however, that our duties were contingent upon any appropriation bill.

We have visited every jail, at least once, and as often as the necessities of the case require. In the counties of Androscoggin, Cumberland, Kennebec and Penobscot, there are workshops attached to the jails; in the first three the work is done on county account, in the last the labor is leased to contractors. We do not think that the result of the workshop system is a success financially, except possibly in one county; but so far as the discipline, government and condition of the prisoners is concerned it is a success.

The whole number of commitments for the year 1880 was 2309, for the year 1879 was 2658. The whole number of prisoners in jail November 30, 1880, was 215, as against 350 November 30, 1879. These statistics would seem to show a diminution of crime, so far at least as minor offences are concerned; 154 poor debtors were committed during the past year; many of the committals were of tramps, and many

also for causes connected with the use and sale of intoxicating liquors. Although drunkenness in this State is *not of itself* a crime, it is the cause of a very large part of all the crimes committed.

We append reports of the several Jails, and schedules relating thereto.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY JAIL-AT AUBURN.

Col. Thomas Littlefield, Mayor and Sheriff, Jailer. This is a modern built, well kept, well regulated Jail; in all respects good. In the work shop the prisoners manufacture soling and heeling for boots and shoes, on account of the county.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY JAIL-AT HOULTON.

William J. Nye, Jailer. This Jail began in 1848, when the lower story of stone was built, and in 1858 a second story of brick was added. It was neat and clean, but poorly ventilated, and in summer very hard upon the prisoners on that account. This defect should be remedied, as it can be done with little expense.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY JAIL-AT PORTLAND.

W. H. Dresser, Sheriff, Jailer. This Jail is of modern construction, well built, and in a fair condition. The ventilation was not quite what it should be, owing probably to some cause inherent in its construction. It has a work shop attached, where the men were at work manufacturing heeling and soles, on account of the county. We are not informed as to its financial results. An improvement in the cleanliness of the jail, bedding and clothing, should be made, many complaints having reached us as to their condition.

FRANKLIN COUNTY JAIL-AT FARMINGTON.

Ransford Norcross, Jailer. Built of stone and brick, about twenty-five years since. It is well kept, clean and secure; and at our visit, no inmates—owing probably to the prevailing goodness of the people of Franklin county.

HANCOCK COUNTY JAIL-AT ELLSWORTH.

A. R. Devereaux, Sheriff, Jailer. This Jail is of ancient construction; there are no windows in it except apertures in the solid stone, about four by fifteen inches, which the prisoners stop up in cold weather with old blankets. It is, however, well ventilated ! The sheriff informed us that in cold weather it was almost impossible to keep prisoners comfortable. The inspectors felt obliged to ask Judge Virgin, who presided at the last term of the S. J. Court, not to sentence any prisoner to confinement in that jail. It should be re-built, or a new one built at once.

KENNEBEC COUNTY JAIL.

This Jail is at Augusta. Joseph L. Libby, Jailer. It has a workshop connected with it, where the prisoners manufacture boots and shoes, on account of the county. The jail is in good condition, well taken care of, and in good repair. The food for prisoners, at our first visit, was not quite what it should have been, but it has been improved.

LINCOLN COUNTY JAIL-AT WISCASSET.

Caleb Hodgdon, Sheriff, Jailer. This Jail is one of the oldest in the State, and good of its kind. Its general condition was good; of course good ventilation is not always to be had in a jail built in the ancient style. The sanitary condition inside was quite good; outside it needed some little improvements, which we suggested, and which have no doubt before this been attented to. We noticed here, as at Alfred, some of the prisoners engaged in raising vegetables for the use of the jail, and judging from what we saw, with good success. We would recommend that the old wooden bedsteads be removed and replaced by iron ones, as it must be nearly impossible to keep the old ones free from parasites.

OXFORD COUNTY JAIL-AT PARIS.

Warren O. Douglass, Jailer. Was built of stone in 1822, and seems to answer the purpose of accommodating the limited number of prisoners furnished by that county. The jail is in good condition and well kept.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY JAIL-AT BANGOR.

Lewis F. Stratton, Sheriff, Jailer. This Jail was built in 1870, at a great cost to the county. It is a model Jail in all respects; kept clean, orderly, and well ventilated, and has no "prison smell" in it.

There is a workshop attached. The labor of the prisoners is leased for the manufacture of brooms.

SOMERSET COUNTY JAIL-AT NORRIDGEWOCK.

R. M. Baker, Jailer. This Jail is somewhat ancient, built of stone, quite well arranged and well kept, with but few inmates.

It is not a strong Jail, the locks and doors being its weak points, which could be made secure by a small expenditure.

WALDO COUNTY JAIL-AT BELFAST.

Charles Baker, Sheriff, Jailer. This Jail was built about thirty years since, upon no known plan of jail architecture; if it were designed to make a residence therein, miserable and comfortless, it must have been a success. It is a disgrace to the county, and should at once be rebuilt, or a new one erected in its stead. It is so constructed that the cells are dark, poorly ventilated, damp and unhealthy.

We visited it on the 24th day of August last, in company with an eminent citizen of Belfast, and found on that day a hot coal fire, which the jailer informed us was necessary to dry the dampness in the cells, and the water which trickled down the walls.

We found there a boy eleven years of age, committed to jail August 9th, and awaiting his trial at the October term of His boon companion was a State Prison graduate, Court. then serving a sentence in jail. The condition of the jail was perhaps as good as such an one could be. On examination we found that the location of the privy was such, that the well at the Jailer's house was more or less affected by the drainage from said privy, and no one but the prisoners used the water, they being compelled to. We suggested to the Sheriff, and wrote to the County Commissioners, that a tight cement box, to be cleaned out often, would obviate this difficulty. It could not have cost the county more than thirty It is due the Sheriff to say, that he expressed himdollars. self as not at all satisfied with the condition of the jail. For these reasons and others, we addressed a letter to the Hon. Charles Danforth, presiding Judge of the October term of Court in the county, stating that in our opinion, the jail was "not a fit place for a man to serve a sentence in," and asking him "not to sentence any prisoner to serve a sentence therein." We learn that the Judge satisfied himself by a personal visit, that our request was reasonable and proper; he therefore did not sentence any prisoner to confinement The County Commissioners seem to have taken issue there. with the Inspectors, in relation to this matter, and in October last published a statement in the papers of the county, which we give in full without comment:

TO THE TAX PAYERS OF WALDO COUNTY: There having been many remarks made about the sanitary condition of the jail of the county, so much so as to cause the judge holding court here to send the prisoners to

the jails of other counties, we deem it our duty to make a statement of facts in regard to our action in the matter. June, 1877, by request of the prison inspectors, we met them in Belfast, and received from them such suggesamong which were some as to ventilation and the condition of our jail, connected with the jail,-all of which was complied with at a cost of some hundreds of dollars, without any benefit to the condition of the jail whatever. In fact, we do not hesitate to say that its condition is not as good in consequence of such alterations, as it would have been had they not been made. Last August, after our regular session, we received a letter from them making further suggestions in relation to the vault, and its effect on the water used by the prisoners, and we immediately came to Belfast to attend to it; but on account of the condition of the vault, it not having been cleaned out since last spring, we deferred action until our adjourned term, October 26th, and requested the jailer to have the vault cleaned out so as to enable us to ascertain its condition, when we proposed to have it fixed according to their direction. But it seems that they, having authority, have ordered the judge not to sentence any more prisnaving authority, have ordered the judge not to sentence any more pris-oners to our jail until it is made according to their notion. Now every prisoner that they send out of this county will cost fifty cents per week more than to keep them at home, to say nothing about transportation, which is no small sum. Now we submit, that after what has already been done, and our willingness to further comply with their directions, that there has been undue haste in the matter, and unnecessary cost for the county. While a checkle stoted, we prove to comply with the direction of the While, as already stated, we propose to comply with the direction of the Prison Inspectors, and also with the suggestions of the Grand Jury, at the same time we respectfully protest against making the proposed changes, deeming such alterations no improvements, but on the contrary an actual detriment. J. P. WENTWORTH, County

J. P. WENTWORTH, CROSBY FOWLER, J. P. THOMPSON, Com'rs.

WASHINGTON COUNTY JAIL-AT MACHIAS.

Ezekiel Vose, Jailer. This is a modern-built Jail; cost about twenty-five thousand dollars, which we found well kept and in a satisfactory condition.

YORK COUNTY JAIL—AT ALFRED.

Located just outside of the village, in a pleasant situation, where good ventilation and drainage can be easily obtained.

Capt. C. A. Tarr, an old *tar*, is Jailer. In going from the quarter-deck to the jail, he seems to have lost none of his ability to command men. At the time of our visit several prisoners were engaged in harvesting a good crop of vegetables, which they had raised under the supervision of the Jailer, upon land belonging to the premises. We think this workshop quite profitable, considering the amount of capital invested in it.

SCHEDULE A.

STATISTICAL TABLE OF JAILS FOR THE YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1880.

Counties.	in jail N 1879.	No. in jail November 30, 1880.	No. committed 1879.	No. committed 1880.	Debtors.	From other counties.	Of foreign birth.	No. escaped.	No. retaken.	Males.	Females.	Under twenty years of age.	Under fifteen years of age.	for ine.	Sentenced for sixty days.	for	Sentenced for six months.	Sentenced for nine months.	Sentenced for one year or more.	No. pardoned.	Board per week.
Androscoggin Aroostook Cumberland Franklin Hancock Kennebec Lincoln Oxford. Penobscot Somerset Waldo York	38 8 126 None. 2 67 13 2 49 4 49 4 21 5 15 350	$2 \\ 1 \\ 35 \\ 13 \\ 3 \\ 18 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 14$	$949 \\ 20 \\ 26 \\ 432$	180 48 784 14 36 425 87 15 242 30 298 28 122	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 18\\ 16\\ 3\\ 5\\ 23\\ 14\\ 10\\ 1\\ 5\\$	3 -1 -3 41 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	13 E. 522 - 50 about 3 3 - 3 30	-1 2 $ -$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$ \begin{array}{r} 168 \\ 46 \\ 726 \\ 13 \\ 33 \\ 416 \\ 84 \\ 15 \\ 219 \\ 14 \\ 298 \\ 24 \\ 110 \\ \hline 2166 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 12\\2\\58\\1\\3\\9\\3\\-\\23\\2\\-\\4\\12\\-\\129\end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ - \\ $		$29 \\ 5 \\ 169 \& fines. \\ - \\ 3 \\ 375 \\ - \\ 61 \\ 4 \\ 88 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 76 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ $	6 2 62 3 1 15 10 3 15 1 1 10 4 8	- 52 - 4 24 1 15 3	10 - - 2	-			2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 1 75 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

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	Sta	TISTICAL TABLE OF J	AILS FO	OR THE	Yea	R ENDING N	IOVEM	BER 30, 188	0.		
County.	Shire Town.	Jailer.	When built. 🕹	Repairs, 1880.	U. S. Prisoners.	From other counties.	Number in workshop for year.	Goods manufactured.	On whose account.	Do prisoners receive religious instruction.	Or any other kind.
Aroostook Cumberland Franklin Hancoek Kennebee Knox Lincoln Oxford Penobscot Piscataquis Sagadahoe Somerset Waldo Washington	Houlton Portland Farmington Ellsworth Augusta Rockland Paris Bangor Dover Bath Norridgewock Belfast	Caleb Hodgdon Warren O. Douglas Lewis F. Stratton No jail.	1857. 184858. - 1838. - 1811. 1822. 1870. - - 1858. 1873.	$\begin{array}{c} & & \\ \$15 & 00 \\ \hline 6 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \\ \hline 72 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \\ \hline - \\ - \\ 324 & 00 \\ \end{array}$	74 - 1 4 - 2	3 York1 Sagadahoc3 Sagadahoc34 Sagadahoc 7 Waldo5 Piscataquis 8	- 132 } -	{ & heeling. } do Boots and shoes 	County. County. County. County. Contract'rs	No. Yes. Yes. No. Yes. No. Yes. Yes.	Yes. No. Reading. No. Reading. No. No.

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SCHEDULE B.

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JAILS.

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