MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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Public Documents of Maine:

BEING THE

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF VARIOUS

PUBLIC OFFICERS AND INSTITUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR

1869-70.

A U G U S T A:
SPRAGUE, OWEN & NASH, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.
1870

REPORTS

OF THE

WARDEN AND INSPECTORS

OF THE

MAINE STATE PRISON,

AND OF THE

PHYSICIAN AND CHAPLAIN.

1869.

PUBLISHED AGREEABLY TO A RESOLVE APPROVED FEBRUARY 23, 1865.

OFFICERS.

WARREN W. RICE, Warden. ELBRIDGE BURTON, Deputy Warden. ASA PERKINS, Clerk. WILLIAM G. RICE, Commissary. HOWARD MORTON, Overseer of Carriage Shop. ALBERT P. PIPER, Assistant Overseer of Carriage Shop. SAMUEL H. GLIDDEN, " P. H. COLEMAN, Overseer of Paint Shop. HENRY J. STEVENS, Overseer of Blacksmith Shop. WILLIAM P. BUNKER, Assistant. CHARLES G. CHASE, Overseer of Shoe Shop. THOMAS F. PHINNEY, Assistant Overseer of Shoe Shop. A. A. NEWBERT, Guard. CHARLES S. PALMER, HENRY A. WILLIS, EUGENE B. FALES, ELIAS THOMPSON, JAMES E. STIMPSON, Night Watch. JOHN F. BURTON, WENDELL P. RICE, Gate Keeper. CHARLES T. CHASE, Physician. CLERGYMEN OF THOMASTON, Chaplains. H. C. MARDEN, Salesman.

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{WILLIAM WILSON,} \\ \text{RUFUS PRINCE,} \end{array} \} \textit{Inspectors.}$

WARDEN'S REPORT.

To the Governor and Council of the State of Maine:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to submit herewith my Seventh Annual Report relating to the general affairs of the State Prison for the year ending November 30, 1869.

We have at the close of the year 174 convicts, it being the largest number ever here at the close of any year, and an increase of 33 over the number here one year ago. The average for the year has been 154, while the average in 1868 was but 138—showing an increase of 16, or 11 per cent. Eighty-four have been committed during the year, of which

Cumberland co	ounty	sent.												32
Penobscot	"	"			,									24
York	"	"												5
Androscoggin	"	"												4
Washington	"	"												4
\mathbf{Waldo}	"	4 (4
Kennebec	"	"												3
Hancock	"	"												3
Knox	"	" "												2
Sagadahoc	"	" "												1
Somerset	"	"												1
Piscataquis	"	"												1
Total														84

Crimes of those committed in 1869:

Larceny 59 Burglary 9 Arson 3 Robbery 2 Perjury 2 Adultery 1 Director 1	Beastiality. 1 Felonious assault. 1 Assault to kill. 1 Assault to ravish. 1 Murder. 1
Bigamy	

Period of sentence of those received during the year:

One year. 8 Two years and over one. 25 Three years and over two 18 Five years and over three 23	Ten years and over seven 5
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HEALTH.

The general health of the prison has been quite as good as it has been during any previous year, and the sick and diseased have received all the care and attention deemed necessary at the time. There have been but two deaths, out of a total population of 225, less than one per cent., as follows:

Died in 1869.

County.	Names.	Age	Crimes.	Sentence	Cause.	Time s	erved.
Franklin	Charles Rundlett,	30	Assault to kill	36 years.	[rhage, Internal hemor-	10yrs. 3	https:
do	Sam'l Richardson,	54	Murder	Death	Exhaustion	5 " 2	"

PARDONS.

During the year sixteen have been pardoned by the Governor, and three by the President, as follows:

Convicts pardoned since November 30, 1868.

County.	Names.	Age.	Crime.	Sei	ntence.	1	'im	e se	rved.	When committed.
Cumb'land	George C. Ham	30	Assault to kill	7	vears	1	vr.	9	mths	Mar. 23, 1867
	John Robb								66	April 4, 1866
	George Martin								"	June 26, 1863
Kennebec	Lucius Rankins	26	Burglary	7	46	2	"	10	"	April 12, 1866
	Charles H. Allen				"	6	"	8	"	June 30, 1862
do	Andrew Sargent	24	Robbing mail	10	"	6		8	"	June 30, 1862
Hancock	Isaac C. Higgins	16	Assault to ravish	4		2		4	"	Nov. 15, 1866
	Andrew Bell					3		3	"	May 14, 1866
Cumb'land	Jotham Kennedy	23	Mayhem	10	"	0	"	•	"	Feb. 20, 1869
	Charles Gilman				"	0		4	66	May 19, 1869
	Thomas Tracy			15	"	3	"	•		Feb. 6, 1866
	Archer Young			6	"	3	66	0	"	Sept. 14, 1866
York	George Bolo	22	Mayhem	2	"	1	"	10	"	Nov. 21, 1867
	Rufus L. Larrabee				"	1		10	"	Nov. 13, 1867
	Llewellyn Willey			3	"	2		6	66	Mar. 12, 1867
	Seth Perry							11	"	Oct. 23, 1865
	Barney Jordan					1:	_	8		Mar. 8, 1857
	Andrew Duffy					4		0		Oct. 17, 1865
Cumb'land	Edward O'Brien	17	Larceny	2	"	1	"	3	"	Aug. 27, 1868

The number of those pardoned is less than last year though the number of convicts is much larger, but the per centage of pardons

is still about twice as great as the largest number ever pardoned in any year from the State Prison in Massachusetts.

I am happy to notice that the Governor and Council when called upon to exercise the pardoning power, have adopted substantially a suggestion I made in my last Report, that as a rule, convicts before receiving a pardon should be required to show a clear record of good conduct, for at least one year next preceding the application. A still more rigid adherence to that rule, would have a decided influence upon the conduct of many convicts, and therefore be a help in maintaining the necessary discipline and good order.

FINANCIAL.

The business of the prison has continued to increase, the sales for the year of carriage work amounting to \$47,589.13, and of boots and shoes to \$17,447.02; total sales of manufactures \$65,036.15, it being an excess of \$12,120.31 over last year. The net income for the year is \$27,945.90, while the running expenses for the same time amount to \$15,364.08, and the salaries of officers to \$11,992.63, making a total expense of \$27,256.71, and showing a balance in favor of the prison of \$689.19. A certified statement at the close of this Report will show more fully the financial standing of the prison; the stock on hand, and expenditures in each department for the year.

Hitherto, we have labored under the great disadvantages of insufficient shop room, and want of sufficient capital with which to keep such room as we had abundantly supplied with tools and materials for manufacturing purposes. With the addition just completed we have shop room enough for the present number of convicts, but in order to keep them employed advantageously a material increase of capital is indispensable. Without it, stock and supplies must be purchased in small quantities, and at higher rates, and besides great loss in consequence of idleness or unprofitable labor, will be inevitable.

IMPROVEMENTS.

The railings and gratings have been put up in the new wing of the prison, thereby completing it; considerable repairs and alterations have been made in the old wing; two buildings, each fortynine feet long by thirty-five feet wide, and three stories high, have been erected for work shops, and for storage purposes; one reservoir has been completed, and another partially; and all of the dwelling houses and buildings here belonging to the State, have been repaired more or less. I have also set granite steps and flagging from the front door of the Warden's house to the street, and built a substantial fence, of iron, with granite base, around the front of the prison grounds, to the extent of over three hundred feet, and have the stone cut for the balance of the distance of about two hundred feet. These improvements and repairs were absolutely necessary, and have cost the sum of \$9,458.25, exceeding the appropriation for the same by \$1,070.97.

The last Legislature, by resolve, authorized the Warden of the State Prison, to purchase a building of Thomas O'Brien, Esq., for a carriage repository, and by the advice of the Inspectors I purchased the building and land connected therewith, for the sum of \$1,800.00, payable in one year with interest, and for which Mr. O'Brien executed a deed of the property to the State. The note given him will mature in April next, and an appropriation for the amount will be necessary. A fence on the line between the State's land and land owned by Capt. Geo. W. Robinson is much needed, also along the line of the railroad; the fence on the street, and the reservoir should be completed, and considerable repairs ought to be made on the dwelling houses; for all of which an appropriation will be necessary.

REMARKS.

During the six and a half years that I have been in charge of the prison, three hundred and forty-four convicts have been received, of whom twenty-five or seven per cent. were recommitments; and the previous service of twenty of these averaged a little over one year, showing the unprofitable results of short sentences. The number sentenced here during the last year for less than three years, though less proportionally than ever before, is yet too large, as will doubtless continue to be the case, until our laws are changed, and provision is made for the employment of those confined in jails.

The jail system of our State, ought to be entirely reorganized, the number of jails reduced, and work shops connected with each, so that every person placed in jail under sentence, or for detention only, could be employed in some useful service, instead of as now, spending their time in worse than idleness. A system might be adopted, under which the objects for which jails are mainly erected,

namely, as places for the detention of persons charged with crime, and for the punishment of persons convicted of crime, could be secured much more effectually, and be a saving of many thousands of dollars annually to the people; that would afford a better protection of persons and property, and at the same time save many a young man who has been drawn into the commission of crime by evil associates, while under the influence of stimulants, from the disgrace of having served in the State Prison, and from the corrupt influences that tend to make him a confirmed criminal.

Some legislation may be necessary to regulate the alternative sentences of boys who are sentenced to the Reform School. It need not surprise any one that a boy of fifteen, under sentence to the Reform School "during minority," or an alternative of "one" or "two years in the State Prison" should prefer the latter sentence, and, therefore, prove "incorrigable" at the Reform School.

The Clergymen of Thomaston have officiated in the chapel, as formerly, and it is hoped with some good results. Their report will accompany this, and contains suggestions worthy of favorable consideration.

H. C. Dorsey, Esq., of Pawtucket, R. I., sent me a check for \$70, with a request that it be expended in providing a "turkey dinner" with suitable accompaniments, to be served up to the convicts on the 31st day of January, the anniversary of his birth-day. It was a source of much gratification to the convicts, and he has their prayers that he may live to enjoy the luxury of repeating his generosity annually, for many years to come.

Conclusion.

Permit me, again, to express my obligations to the Honorable Governor and Council, and Inspectors, for their kindness and coöperation; also to the officers of the prison for the fidelity with which they have discharged their duty.

Respectfully submitted.

WARREN W. RICE, Warden.

THOMASTON, December, 1869.

STATE PRISON.

DR.

				THE PERSONAL PROPERTY.	J		
1869. Nov. 30	For paid transporting convicts		\$441 65 1,046 08 11,992 63	1869. ov. 30.	By fees from visitors		\$258
	CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT. For stock and tools on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since		51,868 31		CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT. By stock and tools on hand Nov. 30, 1869 sales	\$27,854 12 47,589 13	75,443
	SHOE DEPARTMENT. For stock and tools on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since	5,699 82 20,281 26	25,981.08	***************************************	SHOE DEPARTMENT. By stock and tools on hand Nov. 30, 1869 sales	12,646 52 17,447 02	30,093
	EXPENSE DEPARTMENT. For stock on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since	4,034 95 3,684 18	7,719 13		EXPENSE DEPARTMENT. * By stock on hand Nov. 30, 1869	5,369 50 884 65	6,254
	CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. For stock on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since	3,426 61 3,528 93	6,955 54		CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. By stock on hand Nov. 30, 1869 sales	3,348 45 1,117 78	4,466
	FUEL AND LIGHT DEPARTMENT. For stock on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since	593 47 2,591 96	3,185 43		Fuel and Light Department. By stock on hand Nov. 30, 1869 sales	1,263 76 106 83	1 370
	Subsistence Department. For stock on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since	939 94 9,247 27	10,187 21		SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT. By stock on hand Nov. 30, 1869 sales	1,019 78 2,160 21	2,179

1869. Nov. 30.	Building And Repairs. For stock on hand Nov. 30, 1868 purchased since	291 27 9,988 33	10,2 79		By stock on hand	AND REPAIRS. Nov. 30, 1869	509 16 312 19		35
ا.	For gain		129,656 689 \$130,345	19	By expended for h	ouilding and repairs		120,887 9,458 \$130,345	25
	For total am't stock and tools Nov. 30, '68 balance due prison Nov. 30, 1868 appropriation		39,136 2,126 30,000 71,951	73 00 - 97	By total stock and balance due pr	l tools Nov. 30, 1869 ison Nov. 30, 1869 epairs		52,401 10,092 9,458	43
	For balance in favor	• • • • • • • • • •	\$71,951					\$71.951	97

WARREN W. RICE, Warden.

Knox, ss.—December 24th, 1869.

Personally appeared Warren W. Rice, and made oath that the above account by him subscribed is true, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Before me,

J. C. LEVENSALER, Justice of the Peace.

CONVICTS.

Number of convicts Nov. 30, 1868 141	Received since July 2d, 1824
Retaken 1	Discharged on expiration of sen-
Committed since	tence
	Discharged on writ of error 1
226	Pardoned 430
Discharged on expiration of sentence 28	Died 62
Pardoned19	Removed to Insane Hospital 8
Died 2	Do. sentences commuted to jails 4
Executed 1	Escaped and not retaken 18
Removed to Insane Hospital 1	1,687
E scaped 1	
— 52	***************************************
Present number Nov. 30, 1869174	Present number

CRIMES.

Larceny 103	Manslaughter 1
Burglary 27	Robbery 4
Murder 11	Receiving stolen goods 2
Arson 9	Rape
Assault to kill 2	Adultery 1
Assault to ravish	Beastiality 1
Incest 2	False claim for pension 2
Forgery 1	Perjury 2
Scuttling a vessel 1	
Polygamy 2	Aggregate
Obstructing a railroad 1	

Convicts in the State Prison November 30, 1869.

County.	Names.	Age.	Sentence.	Crimes.	When committed.	Place of birth.	No. Com.
Cumberland	Andigee, John	28	1 years.	Larceny	May 19, 1869	South Carolina	1
	Allen, Rufus	19	4 " "	Receiving stolen goods			1
	Allen, Frank	22	1 "	Larceny			1
	Austin, Leslie	- 15	2 "	Larceny			1
	Braislin, Andrew	20	5 "	Larceny			1
	Blake, William D	40	Death.	Murder			1
	Brown, Hiram K	41	6 years.	Incest			1
Cumberland	Bonney, George	21	6 "	Larceny			1
	Burns, William	35	10 "	Burglary			
York	Bunk, George	17	21 "	Burglary			1
York	Burke, Frank	21	21 "	Burglary			1
Sagadahoc	Bartlett, David	49	15 "	Larceny	Jan. 9, 1868	Philadelphia	1
Franklin	Billings, Lot Alfred	19	Life.	Arson	Oct. 28, 1868	Connecticut	1
Cumberland	Bowen, Isaac W	25	5 years.	Larceny			2
Cumberland	Bland, Andrew F	36	5 "	Larceny	June 1, 1869	Nova Scotia	1
York	Bickford, Franklin W	18	2 "	Larceny	Oct. 21, 1869	Great Falls	1
Kennebec	Crawford, Robert	25	5 "	Burglary	Jan. 13, 1866	Scotland	1
Penobscot	Crosby, George (colored)	16	2 "	Larceny	March 28, 1868	New Orleans	1
Cumberland	Curlin, Michael	24	3 "	Robbery	Jan. 21, 1869	Portland	1
Cumberland	Cardiff, Frank	18	2 "	Larceny	Feb. 11, 1869	Portland	1
York	Coolbroth, Azbry	26	5 "	"	Feb. 11, 1869	Bowdoin	1
Cumberland	Cunningham, Winnefred	40	5 "	66	March 6, 1869	Ireland	1
Penobscot	Carney, William	17	7 "	66	March 9, 1869	Halifax	1
Penobscot	Clark, Charles F	25	3 "		March 9, 1869	Bangor	2
Kennebec	Cushman, Lewis H	42	4 "		April 6, 1869		1
	Coombs, Charles E	35	5 "	**	May 12, 1869	Lewiston	1
Washington	Clark, Joseph	28	9 "	"	May 17, 1869	Ireland	1
Cumberland	Campbell, David	19	5 "			St. Johns	1
Penobscot	Curtis, Charles	20	2 "	Beastiality	Sept. 3, 1869	Plymouth	1
Penobscot	Campbell, George A	42	2 "	Larceny			1
Penobscot	Cleveland, Howard A	23	Death.	Murder	Sept. 20, 1869	Orrington	1
Franklin	Doyle, Lawrence	31	Death.	Murder			
Washington	Downes, John	22	Life.	Burglary	Nov. 9, 1865	No. 10	1

Convicts in the State Prison November 30, 1869—(Continued.)

County.	Names.	Age.	Sentence.	Crimes.	When committed.	Place of birth.	No. Com.
Cumberland	Devine, James	20	5 years.	Larceny	April 4, 1866	Portland	1
	Daniels, John E	20	6 "	"	Sept. 14. 1866	Lincoln	Ī
	Dyer, Storer G	21	14 "			Portland	1
	Dunton, Elizabeth E	20	3 "	Perjury			ī
	Davis, William	21	3 "	Burglary	Nov. 15, 1869	Tremont	· 1
	Davis, William	20	9 "	Larceny			l î
	Davis, Charles E	28	4 "	Burglary			2
	Devine, James 2d	17	6 "	Burglary			Ī
	Delaskey, Albert	24	10 "	Assault to kill			ΙÎ
	Dillon, Francis T	24	10 "	Arson			î
	Duncan, Reuben	23	1 "	Larceny			î
	Dunphy, Azel	51	21 "	Assault			ī
	Elwell, John B	23	5 "	Larceny			ī
Cumberland	Eastman, James	18	3 "	Larceny			ī
	Floyd, John W	18	3 "	Burglary,			ī
	French, Edgar	18	2 "	Larcenv			ī
	Flinn, William	20	21 "	Burglary			î
	Flinn, Cornelius	23	4 "	Larceny			î î
	Griffin, Patrick	40	Death.	Murder			ī
Oxford	Gilman, Ephraim	25	Death.	Murder			ī
Cumberland	Green, John	26	6 years.	Burglary			ī
Penebscot	Grant Henry	21	5 "	Arson			ī
Penobscot	Gellison, Daniel	19	2 "	Larceny			ī
Cumberland	Gilman, Charles W	19	11 "			Biddeford	î
Penobscot	Gross, Darius	17	4 "		May 9, 1869		ı î
Cumberland	Holman, Joseph	26	6 "		March 23, 1867		$\bar{2}$
Cumberland	Harper, John	23	4 "			Boston	i i
York	Huff, Joseph L	22	3 "	"	Nov. 21, 1867	Kennebunk	î '
Cumberland	Howard, Alonzo B	$\overline{22}$	3 "	"	Sept. 11, 1867	Portland	l î
Cumberland	Harmon, George L	30	2 "	"	Aug. 27, 1868	Brunswick	l î '
Penobscot	Hafferty, John	25	3 "	Assault to kill	Sept. 9, 1868	Ireland	î
Franklin	Hale, John	79	4 "	Larceny	Oct. 19, 1868	Waterford	3
Washington	Hickey, Charles			Larceny	Nov 11 1868	Fast Machine	4

Waldo Hayes, Cornelius C	18	2½ years.	Burglary	[Feb. 9, 1869]Long Island	1
Cumberland Haley, Dennis	22	3 "		Feb. 20, 1869 Boston	1
Androscoggin Higgins, Thomas	23	4 "	Larceny	Feb. 20, 1869 Ireland	1
Cumberland Hill, Samuel	46	S. Com. Life.	Arson	March 6, 1869 England	1
Waldo Haskell, William	39	2 years.	Burglary	May 14, 1869 Deer Isle	1
York Huff, Nelson W	20	3 "	Larceny	June 5, 1869 Kennebunk	1
Piscataquis Huff, Amos	38	1 "	** ************************************	Sept. 20, 1869 Wellington	1
Somerset Hurd, Benjamin	55	11 "	"	Oct. 16, 1869 Harmony	1
Penobscot Irish, John	23	2 "	"	Feb. 28, 1868 Aroostook	1
Androscoggin Jordan, Calvin	19	11 "	"	Oct. 10, 1868 Norway	1
Cumberland Jones, James	17	4 "		Aug. 30, 1866 St. Andrews	2
Aroostook Johnson, Walter G	26	21 "		Nov 25, 1868 Portland	1
Cumberland Jeffers, John H	21	7 " "		Jan. 21, 1869 Portland	1
Penobscot Jordan, Edwin	33	1 "		March 16, 1869 Chester	1
Penobscot Jones, David W	23	2 "		Sept. 3, 1869 Dexter	1
Sagadahoc Johnson, William	30	1 "		Sept. 12, 1869 Bath	1
Androscoggin Knight, George	40	Death.		Sept. 24, 1857 Poland	1
Cumberland Keenan, Charles H	25	S. Com Life.		May 2, 1867 Louisiana	1
Cumberland Kelley, Frank	18	2 years.		May 19, 1869 Portland	1
Waldo Kenney, Thomas	28	2 5-12 years.	Burglary	Nov. 13, 1869 Frankfort	1
York Littlefield, Rufus	39	Life.		Feb. 11, 1862 Kennebunk	2
Penobscot Litchfield, Vincent	43	10 years.		March 11, 1862 Lewiston	1
York Longfellow, John	16	2 "		Jan. 18, 1868: Palermo	1
Oxford Lewis Michael	19	2 "		April 29, 1868 New Hampshire	1
York Livingstone, Edward	40	7 "		June 13, 1868 Springfield	1
Cumberland Lawless, William	23	10 "		Dec. 26, 1865 Ireland	ī
Cumberland Lysaght, Elenora	20	2 "		March 6, 1869 Boston	1
Kennebec Love, Charles	22	11 "		Aug. 18, 1869 Waterville	ī
Penobscot Murphy, Thomas	27	20 " "		Sept. 4, 1865 Ireland	1
Somerset Martin, Elbridge G	28	5 "		Jan. 13, 1866 Canaan	ī
Lincoln Mink, John H	25	6 "		Jan 17, 1866 Waldoboro'	ī
Androscoggin McCarty, Thomas	28	5 "	Larceny	Feb. 17, 1866 Ireland	ī
Washington Mackie, Thomas	27	5 "		Nov. 26, 1867 Nova Scotia	ī
Sagadahoc Maguire, Edward	26	15 "		Jan. 9, 1868 New York	ī
Penobscot McDougal, George	26	8 "		Feb. 28, 1868 Calais	ī
Penobscot McDonald, John	30	5 "		Sept. 9, 1868 New Brunswick	ĩ
Cumberland Magguire, John	17	4 "		Sept. 5, 1866 Boston	î
Penobscot McNorton, William	18	4 "		May 9, 1869 Bangor	î
Penobscot May, Richard	17	3 "		May 9, 1869 Boston	ī
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Convicts in the State Prison November 30, 1869—(Continued.)

County.	Names.	Age.	Sentence.	Crimes.	When committed.	Place of birth.	No. Com
Penobscot	Murray, Anthony	16	2 years.	Larceny	Sept. 3, 1869	Bangor	1
Cumberland	Morton, Charles E	28	5 "	Larceny	Oct. 2, 1869	Remington	2
Cumberland	O'Neal, Charles	18	3 "	Burglary	March 6, 1869	Portland	1
Penobscot	O'Connell, Charles	17	4 "	Larceny	May 9, 1869	New York	1
Cumberland	Oliver, James	24	3 "	Larceny	May 19, 1869	P. E. Island	1
Androscoggin	Preble, Joel C	29	Death.	Murder	Oct. 22, 1861	Whitefield	1
	Plummer, Charles	27	7 years.	Burglary	June 13, 1868	Germany	1
Cumberland	Pote, James M	35	2 "	Attempt to steal			1
Waldo	Patterson, Daniel E	20	3 "	Larceny	May 14, 1869	Belfast	1
Cumberland	Punch, Michael	24	4 "	Larceny			
Androscoggin	Richards, Nathan	45	11 "	Burglary			
Cumberland	Russell, Joseph E	22	3 "	Receiving stolen goods.	Sept. 11, 1867	Portland	1
	Rancho, Thomas	21	12 "	Burglary	Nov. 16, 1867	Fairfield	1
	Ricker, Charles	26	3 "	False claim for pension	Dec. 19, 1867	Bangor	1
	Ricker, Milton N	21	3 "	False claim for pension	March 18, 1868	Bangor	1
U. S. Court	Roy, William	25	3 "	Scuttling a vessel			1
Cumberland	Reed, Fredrick H	22	2 "	Larceny			1
York	Reynolds, Charles F	20	2 "		Oct. 28, 1868		1
Penobscot	Roberts, Charles	24	3 "	"	May 9, 1869	Pembroke	1
	Richardson, William T	47	2 "	Arson			1
Cumberland	Robinson, William C	55	5 . "	Adultery			1
York	Smith, William B	24	Death.	Murder			1
Penobscot	Sullivan, Patrick	23	5 years.	Larceny	Sept. 4, 1865	Chelsea	1
Penobscot	Sullivan, Cornelius	21	21 "		March 8, 1866		
Cumberland	Stoddard, George	23	5 "	"	Sept. 5, 1866	Boylston	1
Cumberland	Stephenson, William H	33	10 "	"	March 23, 1867	Portland	4
York	Swett, Jane M	49	6 "	Manslaughter			1
Sagadahoc	Simms, Orrin	29	15 "	Larceny	Jan. 9, 1868	New Hampshire	1
Hancock	Smith, Sarah Jane	39	11 66	Polygamy	Nov. 25, 1868	Fremont	1
Washington	Smith, George	22	2 "	Polygamy			1
Androscoggin	Strout Thomas W	20	3 "	Burglary			1
Cumberland	Sweetser, Charles	32	Death.	Arson			2
Penobscot	Smith, Henry A	20	5 years.	Larceny			1

Knox Smith, John P	25	11 years.	Larceny March 13, 1869 Islesboro 1
York Smith Calvin	28	6 "	" Feb. 9, 1864 Jackson 1
Penobscot Stevens, John T.	20	4 "	March 16, 1869 Dixmont 1
Cumberland Southard, James	30	1 "	"
Penobscot Smith Peter C	35	3 "	Burglary Sept. 3, 1869 Orrington 1
Penobscot Smith, Joseph F	16	2 "	Burglary Sept. 3, 1869 Orrington 1
Penobscot Smith, Joseph F	18	2 "	Larceny Sept. 3, 1869 London 1
Hancock Sargent, Calvin J	20	3 "	Burglary
Cumberland Shaw, William	49	5 "	Larceny Oct. 2, 1869 Nova Scotia 1
Cumberland Thorn, Thomas	19	Death.	Murder May 17, 1843 Long Island 1
Franklin Thompson, Asahel H	28	20 years.	Burglary May 18, 1864 Phillips 1
Sagadahoe Talbot, John D	27	3 "	Larceny April 17, 1867 Massachusetts 1
Penobscot Tobin, George	21	4 "	" Sept. 15, 1866 [reland 1
York Trafton, Leonard	26	2 "	"
Penobscot Thompson, Charles	17	5 "	"
Kennebec Tabor, William	28	11 "	"
Kennebec Willia, William S	50	10 " "	Arson Sept. 29, 1865 New York 1
York Willard, Horace P	55	15 "	Obstructing a railroad Oct. 17, 1865 Alfred 2
Penobscot Willis, William	27	5 "	Larceny Sept, 16, 1866 Belfast 1
York Wilkinson, Charles	21	Life.	Mürder March 23, 1867 Sanford 1
Somerset Wilkinson, Daniel	21	6 years.	Larceny Jan. 4, 1867 England 1
Penobscot Williams, Charles	22	9 "	Larceny March 8, 1866 Pennsylvania 1
Cumberland White, John	31	Life.	Burglary Feb. 8, 1868 St Johns 1
Penobscot Welch, Henry	16	2 "	Larceny March 28, 1868 [reland 1
Penobscot Watson, Thomas	19	2 "	"
Cumberland Wiswell, Franklin	19	1 "	" Feb. 11, 1869 Portland 1
Androscoggin Weddington, Frank	28	41 "	"
Penobscot Washburn, Horatio N	25	4 "	" March 16, 1869 Brewer 1
Washington Waterhouse, Walter	26	2 "	Assault to ravish May 17, 1869 East Machias
Cumberland Ward, John	17	3 "	Larceny May 19 1869 Portland
Penobscot Webb, James	36	2 "	Forgery Sept. 3, 1869 Westbrook 2
Penobscot Walker, Joseph E	19	2 "	Larcenv Sept. 3, 1869 Bangor 1
Penobscot Whittshire, Nelson	50	11 "	" Sept. 3, 1869 Monroe 1
Cumberland Wallace, Edward	17	1 "	" Oct. 2, 1869 Saccarappa 1
York Welch, Alexander	21	4 "	" Oct. 21, 1869 Kennebunk 1
Oxford Young, Truman F	48	9 "	Bank robbery April 29, 1868 New Hampshire 1
			The state of the s

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

To the Honorable Governor and Council of the State of Maine:

The Inspectors of the State Prison herewith respectfully submit their Report for the year ending November 30, 1869:

Although, in their last Annual Report, the Inspectors stated that the affairs of the prison were in a most satisfactory condition, they are, nevertheless, constrained to say that, aggregating all the interests in the various departments, the success of the past year has never been equaled in its history. The sales have been \$65,036.15, exceeding those of the preceding year by \$12,120.31.

The net earnings have been \$5,730.14 more. The gains have exceeded the current expenses by \$689.19, as will appear by the following statement:

RECEIPTS.

Earnings in carriage department	\$23,574	94
Earnings in boot and shoe department	4,112	46
Fees from visitors	258	50
	\$27,945	90
77		

EXPENSES.

Clothing	\$2,489	31
Subsistence	8,007	22
Fuel and lights	. 1,814	84
Incidental expenses	. 1,464	98
Convicts discharged	. 1,046	08
Transporting convicts	. 441	65
Officers' salaries		
-		\$27,256 71

Balance in favor of prison.....

\$689 19

STATEMENT OF BUILDING ACCOUNT.

Expenditures	\$9,458 2	5
Appropriations	8,387 2	8
Deficit	• #1 070 0	

And still the work commenced is incomplete, and it will require \$2,000 more to finish it.

The last Legislature authorized the puachase of a building outside of the prison, to be used as a repository, but failed to make an appropriation for this purpose. This has been purchased at a cost and interest of \$1,900. An appropriation of this amount by the present Legislature will be needed.

The appropriation made by the last Legislature of \$30,000, has been appropriated as follows:

To meet the deficit for building purposes for 1868\$4,118	03
" current expenses	69
Applied for building in 1869 8,387	28
To increase capital of the prison	
\$30,000	00

The amount used to increase the capital facilitated the business operations of the Institution so that instead of an excess of \$2,494.69 in expenditures over income, there is an excess of income over expenditures of \$689.19, making a difference of \$3,183.88. This result is due in a great measure to the increase of capital.

For several years past this Institution has been steadily progressing toward a condition in which it could be entirely self sustaining, if not a source of income to the State. To advance the effort in this direction the Legislature has made from year to year liberal and generous appropriations, and its present condition amply justifies the expenditures that have been made. It has not however, as yet, reached that state of pecuniary independence that it can be regarded as permanently and entirely self-supporting. It would seem, undoubtedly, most desirable, to attain to this condition, especially when it would appear that it wanted but a very little of so doing, or when the continuance of the past liberal policy of the State, but for a brief space, would definitely and permanently place it upon an independent basis.

With this object in view the Inspectors beg leave to submit

these views of the method by which this desirable result may at once be attained.

The means, and the only means at the command of the State by which it can make the prison its own supporter, is the labor of the convicts. This labor has characteristics and value peculiar to itself. It is in some respects unlike that of free labor. Fortunately, however, we are able to determine, very nearly, its value in supporting the institution where it is used.

By reference to reports from the prisons of six different States, viz., Michigan, New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, it appears that the contractors who lease the labor of the convicts, have found that the capital invested for manufacturing purposes should average fully \$1000 per man, in order to make that labor remunerative.

In the Maine State Prison the capital now invested amounts to less than \$300 per man, or a total capital of about \$50,000. It is the carefully matured judgment of the Inspectors that, could the prison be furnished with a capital of \$500 per man, the labor of the convicts would make the institution permanently remunerative. This would give, with the present number of convicts, a total capital of about \$90,000, and would necessitate an appropriation of \$40,000.

Although, during the past year, the prison has made its receipts exceed its expenses, it cannot, reasonably, be expected to cotinue to make this exhibit without the aid of an increased capital, because the increased business, incident to the increasing number of convicts, renders it necessary to enlarge the stock or materials used in their labor; and, besides this, a large proportion of the manufactures have to be sold a long time before any thing can be realized from sales. The limited capital at the command of the Warden has occasioned a degree of embarrassment, on meeting current liabilities of a business so large, that cannot long be sustained by any one conducting the business of the prison. Without the possession of an increased capital, the only alternative must be to contract the business, thus diminishing the labor of convicts, and resulting in an annual deficit.

The ends hitherto attained, by the large outlay made upon this institution, have approximated the results now contemplated, and it appears well nigh a certainty, that the basis on which it would be placed by the appropriation now suggested, and the possession of the capital thus secured, would be such that no considerable

additional aid from the State would be required for a long period to come.

In a State Prison where so large a number of convicts are confined, their educational, moral and religious interests render it most important that there should be employed a Chaplain, whose entire time and talents should be given to the care of these. The disciplinary, and even pecuniary interests of such an institution are promoted in a great degree by the faithful labors of such an officer. The duties of this office have for many years been partially performed by the resident ministers of Thomaston, who have been able to give but a small portion of their time to the prison. It needs a Chaplain exclusively its own. We refer to the Chaplain's Report accompanying this, and fully concur with the suggestions therein made.

APPROPRIATIONS

Will be needed during the coming session of the Legislature as follows:

To cover the deficit for building purposes the past year, \$1,070	97
" complete the work already begun	00
" pay for repository purchased	00
" general repairs 800	00
Total	97
besides the necessary increase of capital.	

The estimated expenses of the prison for the year 1870, are as follows:

Incidental expenses	\$1,500	00
Clothing	2,000	00
Fuel and lights	2,000	00
Subsistence	8,000	00
Outfit for convicts	1,000	00
Transportation of convicts	400	00
Officers' salaries	12,600	00
	\$27,500	00
Probable income	\$27,500	00

WILLIAM WILSON, RUFUS PRINCE, \\ Inspectors.

THOMASTON, November 30, 1869.

Statement of Net Profits and Expenditures in the different Departments from November 30, 1868, to November 30, 1869.

1000	CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT.		
1868. Nov. 30. Dr.	For stock and tools on hand	\$23,759 99 28,108 32	
1869. Nov. 30. Cr.	By stock and tools on hand	27,854 12	\$51,868 31
	By amount of sales	47,589 13	75,443 25
	Net gain		23,574 94
1000	SHOEMAKING.		
1868. Nov. 30. Dr.	For stock and tools on hand	5,699 82 20,281 26	
1869. Nov. 30. Cr.	By stock and tools on hand	12,646 52	25,981 08
	By amount of sales	17,447 02	30,093 54
	Net gain		4,112 46
	<u>•</u>		
1000	FEES FROM VISITORS.		
1869. Tov. 30. Cr.	By balance of account	258 50	
	Net gain		258 50
	processing.		
1868.	EXPENSE ACCOUNT.		
Nov. 30. Dr.	For stock on hand	4,034 95 3,684 18	# #10 10
Tov. 30. Cr.	By stock on hand	5,369 50	7,719 13
	By amount of sales	884 65	6,254 15
	Loss		1,464 98
			
1868.	CLOTHING.		
Nov. 30. Dr.	For stock on hand	3,426 61 3,528 93	
1869. Nov. 30. Cr.	By stock on hand	3,348 45	6,955 54
	By amount of sales	1,117 78	4,466 23
	Loss		2,489 31

Statement of Net Profits and Expenditures—(Continued.)

	Fuel and Lights.		
Nov. 30. DB	For stock on hand	\$593 47 2,591 96	
1869. Nov. 30. Cr	By stock on hand	1,263 76 106 83	\$3,185 43
	by amount of suresive		1,370 5
	Loss		1,814 8
	· ———		
****	Subsistence.	•	
1868. Nov. 30. Dr	For stock on hand	939 94 9,247 27	
1869. Nov. 30. Cr	. By stock on hand	1,019 78	10,187 2
	By amount of sales	1,160 21	2,179 9
	Loss		8,007 2
	· ·		
1868.	Building and Repairs.		
Nov. 30. Dr	For stock on hand	291 27 9,988 33	
1869. Nov. 30. Cr	. By stock on hand	509 16	10,279 6
	By amount of sales	312 19	821 3
	Loss		9,458 2
	· ·		
	CONVICTS DISCHARGED.		
1869. Nov. 30. Dr	For balance of account	1,046 08	
	Loss		1,046 0
			
1869.	TRANSPORTING CONVICTS.		
Nov. 30. DR	Loss		441.0
	Loss		441 6
	Officers Salaries.		
1869. Nov. 30. Dr		11,992 63	
	Loss		11,992 63

Statement of Net Profits and Expenditures—(Continued.)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		,
	RECAPIT	TULATION.		
	Shoemaking.	ain	4,112 46	
	Expense account, l Clothing, Fuel and lights, Subsistence,	0SS	2,489 31 1,814 84	\$27,945 90
	Building and repairs, Convicts discharged, Transporting convicts, Officers salaries,	66	9,458 25 1,046 08 441 65	
	Less for building and rep	pairs	\$36,714 96 9,459 25	\$27,256 71
	Gain		•••••	689 19
1869.	Notes and	D Accounges.		
Nov. 30.	" on new b	tesoksoksoks	480 00 27,138 68	
	The prison owes on old b		24 72	\$36,418 42 26,325 99
	Balance in favor of	of prison		

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

To the Governor and Council of the State of Maine:

Gentlemen:—The health of the convicts in this prison has been good during the present year. No convict has had fever within the prison during the seven years for which as physician I have had the honor to report to your board.

There is now but one grave case of illness; that of Thomas Murphy, from phlegmonous erysipelas of the hand and arm, the result of an injury.

Excepting the death of Clifton Harris, (executed,) there have been but two deaths during the year; being less than one per cent., which is evidence of the zealous co-operation of the officers of the prison in maintaining the observance of the laws of hygiene.

Charles H. Rundlett died of internal hemorrhage; and Samuel Richardson of debility, caused by his refusal of food.

The disposal of the night soil is a matter of great importance as to the health of the convicts, as well as of the residents in the immediate vicinity of the prison. At present it is thrown upon the surface of the hog-yard, without any special provision for neutralizing the exhalations, at once offensive and pernicious. During early autumn, the season of fevers, earth was immediately thrown upon the mass deposited each morning, with the effect of very much modifying the effluvia. The same material, thoroughly dried, and preserved under cover, would, by being used as a covering to each morning's deposit, preserve the atmosphere about the prison pure, and contribute much to the comfort and health of people and convicts. I respectfully urge the adoption of the plan here suggested.

Excellent discipline is maintained by the calm, yet firm enforcement of rules, humane and reasonable.

I wish, in this connection, to acknowledge the uniform aid and

kindness shown me in my connection with the prison by the Warden, Deputy Warden, and other officers of the institution.

CHARLES T. CHASE,

Physician to Maine State Prison.

Maine State Prison, November 30, 1869.

CHAPLAINS' REPORT.

To the Governor and Council of the State of Maine:

GENTLEMEN: -In making their annual report of the moral and spiritual condition of the convicts in the Maine State Prison, the officiating Chaplains have to say that they have attended to the various duties incumbent on them in the usual way. that they have accomplished very little for the safety, or credit of the Commonwealth, or the permanent good of the convicts. They have preached, in rotation, on the Sabbath, with what of ability and fidelity possible for them; have prayed with sick and dying ones; given counsel to some in the privacy of their cell; extended the friendly hand, and spoken encouraging and cautionary words to several whose terms had expired, or been shortened by Executive clemency; listened to words penitential and promissory; replied to inquiries of relatives, and town or city officials, only, on reflection, to be overwhelmed with the conviction that the meagerest possible results are all that can be expected from a work so stinted in nearly every direction.

Believing that the year is close at hand when this institution should, and will be provided with a Chaplain whose intellectual acquirements, practical common sense, high Christian attainments, cosmopolitan sympathies, and self-denying devotion, shall adapt him to the particular work demanded here. They have tried to reconcile themselves to the official relation desired, hitherto, by the State. The want of the right man, and a suitable appropriation by the Legislature for his pecuniary support, seem to be the only causes for further devolving these responsibilities upon the clergymen of the town.

In the moral and spiritual condition of the convicts, there is nothing specially to encourage or dishearten. The majority are not so hard as the outside world are accustomed to believe. There are men here *notoriously* vile and deprayed. But there are scores

sensitive to anything mean; conscientious in more than ordinary measure; dupes of villains who are at large; or innocent sufferers for others' crimes. Such may be benefitted; and, even the worst, do show, sometimes, that they have a heart. While this is true they are not to be despaired of.

Of those deceased during the year, one was in the hospital; another in "solitary," too mad or malicious to be safe elsewhere; another on the gallows, in expiation of an awful crime. Of their spiritual condition very little can be said. The last expressed himself penitent. To have stood by the "drop," and seen a fellowbeing go down into darkness, would have pruned the utterances of many a man, whose pen or tongue has been guilty of a flippancy altogether too unintelligent and conceited for a scene and reality like that.

The library is still a source of good to many. They are made healthier and wiser by it. Others are too ignorant to avail themselves of its benefits. A larger appropriation than the average is needed.

Additional facilities of some kind should be provided at the earliest practicable day, by means of which to interest and educate the boys and young men incarcerated here. These constitute a large per cent. of the whole number in the prison. And about one-fourth are under twenty-one years of age.

Would it not be wise to put them into an institution separate from older convicts; oblige them to acquire a trade; drill them each day in some branch of a common education, for a time, so that when they shall go forth into the world again, they may have the means of an honest living, and the acquirements essential to the transaction of business? Obviously they deserve their penalty; but do not both humanity and economy demand that they either have a special department here, insulated from that of veteran criminals, or be punished, and educated for usefulness, elsewhere?

You will not be surprised to be told that the average age of the convicts for the last, and it will not vary much for the current year, was less than twenty-eight years; but the people of the State generally will be. We are no sentimentalists. We believe in punishing the criminal; not solely for vengeance; nor chiefly, but mainly for safety and reform. Mercy is good, and so is justice. And justice may be so tempered and inflicted as to be mercy, as well to both society and the criminal himself. A rigid discipline is proper and

indispensable, but effected more surely by other measures than corporeal severity, the while making the subject a safer and better man. The State should think of this and provide for it.

The experience of the present Warden has enabled him to make this principle more efficient than formerly. Himself naturally leaning towards humanity's side, yet able now, with the earnest co-operation of the Deputy and other officers, to exact and enforce as strict discipline, possibly, as it were wise at present to attempt. A more rigid would doubtless make the criminal feel more thoroughly degraded, but would not contribute to lift him to a higher plane and a truer manhood, and thereby make more sensitive to everything wrong and ignoble.

We have to mention, as in the past, the considerate urbanity of the officers of the prison, and the promptness with which they have afforded whatever facility we have desired in the prosecution of our duties.

Respectfully submitted.

THOMASTON, November 30, 1869.