MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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DOCUMENTS

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THE LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

DURING THE

EXTRA SESSION OF 1853, AND SESSION OF 1854.

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THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE.

SENATE. No. 10.

STATE OF MAINE.

Report of the Committee on Interior Waters, on the petition of the Penobscot Boom Corporation.

In 1832, an act was passed authorizing Rufus Dwinel to erect within certain defined limits in the present towns of Oldtown and Argyle, a boom, and to stop and raft all the logs and lumber floating down the Penobscot river, for which he was permitted to take a toll of thirty-eight cents per thousand feet, board measure, for a period of ten years.

The corporator expended about ten thousand dollars in improving the river, for the purpose of rafting logs, and in erections, and sold one half the franchise to Samuel Veazie for ten thousand dollars; and within a year from the grant, sold him the remainder of all his rights and property under it, for the further sum of twenty thousand dollars.

Veazie, having become the sole corporator, proceeded to erect the necessary structures, demanded at that time, to stop and protect the lumber floating into the boom.

The log owners, becoming dissatisfied with his management, in 1838 procured the passage of an act authorizing the governor and council to appoint a committee to control the proceedings of the corporation. It seems to have been the intention of the legislature, through this committee, to put the direction of the boom, to a very great extent, into the hands of the log

Wm. T. Johnson, Printer to the State.

owners; and the appointment was conferred upon Ira Wadleigh, Amos M. Roberts, and Daniel White, gentlemen whose interest was in common with the log owners, and who were themselves largely interested in lumber passing said boom. This committee were authorized to direct the rafting of logs at any points along the extensive line of the boom, as they deemed expedient, and had power to increase the number of men in the employment of the corporation, as the proper progress of rafting might demand, and to cause such erections made as they deemed necessary for the safe keeping of the lumber. In the discharge of their official powers and duties, they exercised a commendable vigilance up to the present time. Their orders and directions were frequently given, and it was in evidence by the testimony of one of them, that the corporation had, in all cases, promptly and faithfully complied with the same.

The period fixed by the act of 1832, during which a toll of thirty-eight cents was established, closed in 1842, and an effort was made by the log owners to reduce it. During the latter year, a bill was passed, directing the appointment of a clerk, who should be sworn, and who was required to make return of the fiscal operations of the corporation for that year, and a commission to examine and report the value of its property and erections. At the close of that year, the clerk thus appointed, (David Norton, Esq.,) made return as required by said act, of all receipts and expenditures of the boom during that season, from which it appears the net amount of receipts, in 1842, was \$6,509.85. The account thus returned, was printed, and is to be found in the documents of 1843—"House No. 23."

In compliance with the act, the governor and council appointed commissioners to examine and report the value of all the erections, works and property, of the corporation, who proceeded for that purpose, with two able engineers, during the summer of that year, carefully examined and measured all the corporate property and structures used in carrying on the boom. Said commissioners notified all parties interested and gave

them a public hearing at Bangor. Testimony was introduced as to the value of the property; and, probably, their conclusions, under such circumstances, are the most satisfactory evidence now to be obtained, as to the value of those works at that time. This commission, after a long and careful examination of the boom, and the evidence submitted to them, appraised its works at \$48,000, which sum was exclusive of the amount of \$8,000 the appraised cost of the works of Dwinel. The legislature, to whom this report was made, (see House documents No. 11, of 1843,) established the toll of this corporation at thirty-six and a half cents per thousand for ten years, which time expired the past year.

The increasing business of the Penobscot river required new and more extensive erections; and Mr. Veazie, under the direction of the boom committee, from 1842 to 1847, expended in building piers and other works, the further sum of \$11,011.10. This outlay did not prove satisfactory to the log owners, and Dwinel and others in June, 1847, applied to the legislature for a charter for a boom above this now under consideration. prayer of the petitioners was denied, and late in the same season David Pingree, Esq., the present principal proprietor, being then largely interested in lumbering operations on that river, was induced to purchase the Penobscot boom, and paid therefor the sum of \$55,000. The next year a charter was granted to Dwinel and others, for the "Birch Island Boom," which was immediately transferred to the Penobscot boom for the sum of \$4,500. No works were ever erected under it, and it was not in evidence, during the examination your committee have made, that any complaint had been preferred against the present owner for not building it. From 1847 to 1853, the present proprietors have expended in new erections, from time to time, the further sum of \$28,620.

Your committee, therefore, find that the present proprietors of the Penobscot boom have paid out for said boom and necessary erections, and for the charter of the "Birch Island Boom," which they were compelled to purchase, the following sums:

For the Penobscot boom in 1847,						
To Dwinel, Strickland	and	others, for	Birch	Island		
Boom franchise,		•		•	4,500	
For erections completed since 1847,						

There are now in process of erection, works at Argyle, and constituting one of the divisions of this boom, the cost of which was estimated at \$6,000. The works will be completed and paid for during the present month, which added to former expenditures, makes \$94,120; which sum appears to have been expended by the present proprietors, exclusive of any interest upon the investment.

It was in evidence before your committee, from various witnesses called by Mr. Dwinel and others, that a fair interest upon the capital invested in these works would be at least twenty per cent. Your committee submit the following calculations, cast upon an interest of twelve per cent. upon the amount of capital invested, and expenditures for rafting, and deducting each year the receipts of such year, and the sum of the calculation is:

July 1, 1848.	To amount of original purchase, - Paid for Campbell boom, Three months interest on \$4,500 at 12 per	- 4,500 00	<i>\$55</i> ,000 00
Oct. 1, 1010 ,	cent,	135 00 67,797 64	
	Twelve months interest on \$55,000 at 12 per cent,	6,600 00	
	Deduct receipts for 1848,	79,032 64 60,588 21	
Oct. 1, 1849,	Expenditures for the year,	25,013 42	73,444 43
	Twelve months interest on \$73,444 43 at 12 per cent.,	8,813 33	
	Deduct receipts for 1849,	33,826 75 27,881 88	
Oct. 1, 1850,	Expenditures for the year, Twelve months interest on \$79,389 30 at 12	45,078 90	79,389 30
	per cent.,	9,526 72	
	Deduct receipts for 1850,	54,605 62 61,017 67	=6,412 05
	'	(72,977 2 5

Oct. 1, 1851,	Expenditures for the year, Twelve months interest on \$72,977 25 at 12 per cent,,	44,087 44 8,757 27	
	Deduct receipts for 1851,	52,844 71 56,261 82	
Oct. 1, 1852,	Expenditures for the year,	40,897 23	69,560 14
	Twelve months interest on \$69,560 14 at 12 per cent.,	8,347 22	
	Deduct receipts for 1852,	49,244 45 46,474 89	
Oct. 1, 1853,	Expenditures for the year, Twelve months interest on \$72,329 70 at 12	69,153 15	72,329 70
	per cent.,	8,679 56	
	Deduct receipts for 1853, Estimated expenditures this winter, -	77,832 71 59,121 49	
4 1 1051	70.000		97,040 92
Apr. 1, 1894,	Six months interest on \$97,040 92 at 12 per cent.,	-	5,822 46
			\$102,863 3S
	(

In submitting this calculation, your committee do not assume that they have determined the value of the boom at the present time so high as this calculation gives. The books of the corporation show the above sums expended and received, and the result is the deduction of a calculation upon that basis. Your committee were nearly unanimous as to the question of the present value of these works. The aggregate of that opinion fixed the value at seventy-four thousand dollars.

Such, briefly, is the history and standing of this corporation. Your committee do not deem it necessary to report, in detail, the testimony submitted to their consideration, during the very lengthy examination they have made; but there are certain positions established by the evidence adduced, in addition to the proof of the cost of the works adverted to, it may be proper to report, as having to a certain extent conducted them to the conclusion they have arrived at. When the toll of thirty-six and a half cents was established in 1842, the value of the capital invested was \$48,000. The size of logs equal to 348 feet

each, or about three to the thousand feet. Warp and wages of men could be obtained at rates far below the price now demanded. Since 1842 the investment has nearly doubled—the size of logs has gradually lowered to 162 feet each, or about one half the size at that period. Warp has risen to sixteen cents per pound, at least one third higher than in 1842, and the price of labor and provisions has materially advanced. And it was also in evidence, that as the number of logs increased in the boom, new places were required to be opened to raft them, increasing the expense per thousand feet.

In 1842, there were rafted from the boom 213,074 logs in number; in 1853, 966,284. The marks increased in the same ratio, and to a certain extent, the expense of dividing them for the proper owners. The following is the scale of logs rafted from 1842 to 1853:

Account of Lumber Rafted from the Penobscot Boom from 1842 to 1853, inclusive.

		Amount rafted each year.		days	Average amount rafted daily.		Average size of logs in
		Logs.	Feet.	rafting.	Logs.	Feet.	feet.
1842, 1843,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	213,074 226,745 6,468	74,215,475 69,300,197 1,596,321	68 68	3,133 3,430	1,091,404 1,042,596	
1844, 1845,	Main Boom, "Side Boom,	233,213 202,144 303,327 47,577	70,896,518 57,417,900 82,259,760 16,297,430	53 84	3,814 3,639	1,083,356 995,475	
1846,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	350,904 346,370 26,921	98,557,190 80,322,040 7,806,400	92	3,816	879,780	236
	Main Boom, Side Boom,	373,291 417,034 144,530	88,128,440 99,199,200 47,680,040	107	3,897	927,095 Levi Youn	261
Į	ĺ	561,564	146,880,240	Doom in	ate.	ց ար ա	

Present Proprietors commenced Rafting, Season of 1848.

1848,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	521,785 117,291	$142,753,010 \\ 34,215,340$		4,787	1,309,660	277
1849,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	639,076 266,377 16,675	176,968,350 68,101,970 5,591,980	Boody,	manager. 3,752	959,182	260
1850,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	283,052 697,661 84,039	73,693,950 146,871,210 22,288,500		manager. 5,814	1,223,927	216
1851,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	781,700 591,371 117,384	169,159,710 127,311,150 30,810,560	Bearce, 113	manager. 5,233	1,126,647	223
1852,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	708,755 612,513 88,110		Bearce, 122	manager. 5,021	902,670	184
1853,	Main Boom, Side Boom,	700,623 595,500 370,784	129,192,120 92,400,840 63,784,000	Bearce, 115	manager. 5,178	803,484	162
		966,284	156,184,840	Bearce,	manager.		

All the books and vouchers of the corporation were submitted for the inspection of your committee. It appears from them, that the expense of rafting was not uniform, the boom receiving a profit in certain years, and losing to a considerable extent in certain other years.

A careful detailed account was kept of all moneys received and paid out by the corporation during the year 1853, and satisfactory vouchers of the items were produced. It appeared from this account that the whole amount expended was \$69,155.15; and the amount received was \$59,121.49; showing a loss to the corporation of about \$10,000. Of the sum thus paid out, about \$2,000 was expended for permanent erections, and some smaller sums for other purposes connected with the boom. Deducting from the whole amount expended the sum of \$6,000 for purposes not directly affecting the cost of rafting, it follows that in 1853 it cost the boom about forty cents per thousand feet to raft.

So far as the price of labor and warp is to be regarded as a criterion in establishing a future toll, perhaps the season of 1853 is a safer guide than any preceding one. But the expense of rafting is so sensibly affected by the rise and fall of the river, and the manner and periods in which logs arrive at the boom, that the result of no one year's operation can afford a certain basis by which a proper rate may be determined.

Therefore, in arriving at the conclusion your committee finally adopted, they examined carefully those causes likely to increase or lessen the expenses that have been experienced in the operations of the boom for the past ten years. They can not anticipate how far the causes now acting upon the value of labor and provisions may affect them. It is well known, that each has advanced during the past year, and a decline is not early expected. If the price of labor continues to advance, the toll reported by your committee would be inadequate to remunerate the corporation for their capital invested, and defray their necessary expenses.

It appears from the foregoing data, found by your committee, that the sum invested in those works is not far from \$94,120, exclusive of interest. Its erections, standing in a river that is constantly changing its surface level, must necessarily be subject to rapid decay, and liable to extensive injuries from the pressure of the vast accumulations of ice and timber they annually gather. The annual repairs are therefore expensive, and from the age of the structures, are increasing. terms of the original charter, the corporation is liable for the loss of any timber that floats into its booms, thus insuring the safety of property afloat upon a great river to the annual value of some two or three millions of dollars. Such a risk your committee believe is entitled to a fair remuneration. During an examination continued through some twenty sessions, your committee heard all parties, appearing by themselves and their counsel, and the subject matter submitted for their consideration has been fully and faithfully investigated; and as the result of that investigation, they ask leave to report the bill, which is herewith submitted.

GEORGE W. DRISKO, Chairman. MINOT CREHORE, JOHN WEST, JOHN BERRY, JR., THOMAS NELSON, SAMUEL BLISS, FRS. G. BUTLER.

March 29, 1854.

The undersigned agrees to the foregoing report and the bill, but in his opinion the toll should be fixed at 50 cents instead of the 53 prescribed in the first section of said bill.

GEORGE LIBBY.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR.

AN ACT additional to acts establishing and regulating the Penobscot Boom Corporation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. The Penobscot Boom Corporation shall

2 have the right to demand and receive fifty-three

3 cents per thousand feet board measure, for booming

4 and rafting board logs, and finding warp and wedges,

5 upon all such logs rafted at their booms, instead of

6 the rate of boomage heretofore prescribed; and for

7 the rafting and boomage of all other lumber, the tolls

8 shall remain as authorized in the act establishing said

9 corporation; and the rate of boomage herein pro-

10 vided is established for the period of eight years or

11 during the pleasure of the legislature; said corpora-

12 tion shall have the same lien on all logs and other

- 13 lumber, boomed and rafted at their booms, for the
- 14 security of the tolls and expenses authorized by this
- 15 act, as is provided in the acts to which this is
- 16 additional.
 - Sect. 2. The limits of said boom shall be the same
 - 2 as are prescribed in the act of incorporation thereof,
 - 3 extending up the river however to the head of Olam-
 - 4 on island; and said corporation shall have the ex-
 - 5 clusive right within said limits to boom, pick up and
 - 6 raft logs, and are authorized to raft the same at such
 - 7 places from their booms, as they shall deem necessary.
 - Sect. 3. It shall be the duty of log owners to re-
 - 2 ceive and take away their logs as the same shall be
 - 3 rafted out and fastened to the buoys; and if they
 - 4 shall neglect so to do, and suffer them to accumulate
 - 5 so as to retard the rafting, then the corporation
 - 6 may run them away, and hitch them at the shores
 - 7 below, and for doing the same shall be entitled to
 - 8 receive the sum of four cents each for the logs thus
 - 9 run away.
 - Sect. 4. All logs intended to be manufactured on
 - 2 the Stillwater branch, which may be rafted at the
 - 3 upper booms during the time that the trip for the
 - 4 passage of logs and rafts at the lower boom shall be

5 closed by the accumulation of logs, shall be run by 6 said corporation below said trip without charge for 7 running the same.

Sect. 5. It shall be the duty of log owners to 2 transmit to the treasurer of said boom on or before 3 the twentieth day of April annually, or before the 4 corporation shall raft them out, a schedule of the 5 mark or marks of all logs claimed by such owner; 6 and said corporation may raft as strays those logs the 7 marks of which are not thus furnished.

Sect. 6. It shall be the duty of the boom commit
2 tee to appoint annually in the month of April an

3 agent, who shall receive from the log agent, and give

4 his receipt for the same, the unmarked logs called

5 Prizes, and pay to the treasurer of the corporation

6 the boomage and expenses thereon; and such agent

7 shall manufacture said logs and sell the lumber, and

8 apportion the net proceeds at the close of the rafting

9 season, amongst the owners who pay the boomage of

10 logs rafted at such season, pro rata, and pay over to

11 them their respective shares of such net proceeds.

12 And said agent shall in like manner receive and

13 receipt for the logs rafted at said booms having marks

14 thereon not entered with the corporation as afore-

15 said, denominated Strays, and pay to the corporation 16 the boomage and expenses thereon, and it shall be 17 the duty of said agent to run said logs to some suita-18 ble and convenient place of deposit, and file with the 19 clerk of the corporation a record of the marks thereof 20 for the inspection of the log owners, and shall deliver 21 to each log owner the logs belonging to the same 22 upon his paying the tolls and expenses thereon, and 23 giving his receipt therefor to be filed with the clerk 24 of the corporation, and he shall annually at the close 25 of the rafting season, and before the month of Jan-26 uary, advertise in some paper printed in Bangor the 27 number of such logs as shall remain unclaimed by 28 their owners, designating the place where they are; 29 and he shall manufacture in the spring following such 30 as shall remain in his possession, and sell the lumber, 31 keeping an accurate account of the quality and 32 quantity of each mark, and deposit the net proceeds 33 with the treasurer of the corporation, specifying the 34 net proceeds of each mark in a book to be by him 35 deposited with the said treasurer for the inspection of 36 log owners. And when he shall make said deposit 37 he shall give public notice thereof in some newspaper 38 printed in Bangor, said treasurer shall pay to the

39 claimants of said logs, proving their ownership, the 40 net amount of the proceeds thereof as deposited with 41 him, at any time within one year from the time of 42 said deposit, and any balance remaining after the 43 expiration of such period shall be distributed amongst 44 the log owners of the year when they were rafted, in 45 the same manner as is provided for the distribution 46 of the proceeds of prize logs.

And said agent shall have the right to take and 47 48 use shores necessary for the accommodation of said 49 stray logs in the same manner and upon the same 50 conditions as said corporation would be authorized 51 to take the same. In case no agent shall be 52 appointed by the boom committee, or the agent so 53 appointed shall neglect to perform the duties pre-54 cribed in this section, said corporation shall have the 55 right to appoint an agent to perform the same. It 56 shall be the duty of the log agent to deposit with the 57 clerk of the corporation the receipts taken by him 58 for the prize and stray logs as aforesaid daily as he 59 shall receive the same, to be preserved by the cor-60 poration.

SECT. 7. All prize and stray logs now in Pea cove 2 shall be taken by the agent authorized to be ap-

3 pointed in the preceding section, by paying the toll
4 and expenses thereon, and he shall advertise the
5 strays by posting up a transcript of the several marks
6 at the post office in Bangor, Orono, and Oldtown,
7 thirty days before the fifteenth day of June next, and
8 at the expiration of said time he shall proceed to manu9 facture those which shall not have been claimed and
10 the expenses thereon paid by the owners. And he
11 shall also manufacture the prize logs, and dispose of
12 the lumber, and distribute the net proceeds of said
13 logs amongst the log owners, paying boomage for
14 the last three years in the manner prescribed in the
15 preceding section.

Sect. 8. Annually on the first day of January in 2 each year, the treasurer of said corporation shall 3 make a return under oath of all sums actually paid 4 and expended in rafting and securing logs with inci- 5 dental expenses designating in said return the amount 6 paid at each rafting gap, together with the quantity 7 of logs in number and feet, board measure, boom 8 scale, rafted at each of said rafting gaps, as aforesaid, 9 and all logs picked up and rafted by said corporation. 10 And said treasurer shall designate in a separate 11 account the amount paid for labor, and in a separate

12 account the amount paid for warp and wedges, and
13 in a separate account the amount paid for provisions,
14 and in a separate account the amount paid the offi15 cers and clerks of said corporation, and the incident16 al expenses, also in a separate account the value of
17 the provisions, warp, wedges, and all property used
18 by said corporation in operating said boom, on hand
19 at the time the rafting ceases in each year, which
20 said return shall be filed in the land office, and
21 audited by the land agent, and said account shall
22 state particularly for what each particular sum was
23 paid.

SECT. 9. A separate account shall be kept by the 2 treasurer of said corporation, to be called the con-3 struction account, which shall include all repairs in 4 each year on said boom, and permanent structures 5 and improvements, which account shall designate 6 the sum paid for each particular, and shall be re-7 turned under oath by the treasurer to the land agent, 8 to be audited by him as aforesaid.

Sect. 10. This act shall take effect from and after 2 its approval by the governor, and all acts and parts 3 of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are 4 hereby repealed.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN SENATE, March 29, 1854.

Ordered, That the Committee on Interior Waters be authorized to cause the usual numbers of their Report and Bill on the petition of the Penobscot Boom Corporation, to be printed for the use of the Legislature, as soon as a majority of said committee have agreed thereto.

Read and passed.

WILLIAM TRAFTON, Secretary.