

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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DOCUMENTS

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THE LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

DURING ITS SESSIONS

A. D. 1851--2.

Augusta:

WILLIAM T. JOHNSON, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

1852.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

ADJUTANT GENERAL

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1851.

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Published agreeably to Resolve of March 22, 1836.  
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Augusta:

WILLIAM T. JOHNSON, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

1851.



STATE OF MAINE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
Augusta, May 1, 1851. }

HON. JOHN HUBBARD,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

SIR:—I have the honor herewith to lay before you the Annual Report required to be made from this department.

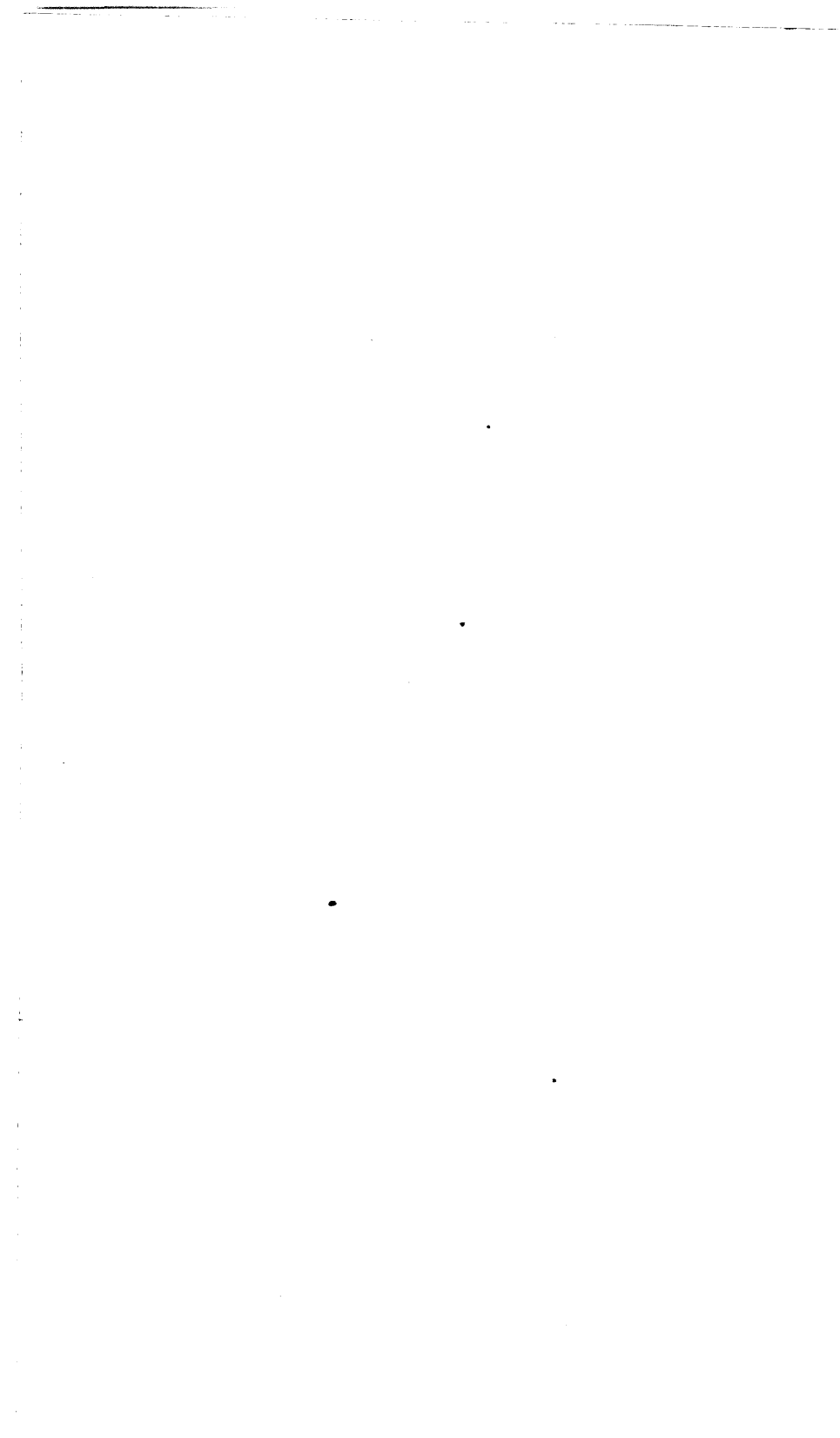
I am, sir,

With the greatest respect,

Your obedient servant,

GREENLIEF WHITE,

Adjutant General.



REPORT.

To His Excellency JOHN HUBBARD,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

I have the honor of submitting the following report of the affairs of this department.

By reference to the following table (marked A,) you will perceive that the whole number of the Militia of this State, enrolled under the provisions of "an act in addition to the sixteenth chapter of the revised statutes," approved August tenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, is fifty-two thousand five hundred and forty-seven. In many instances, no doubt, if not in all, these returns embrace those doing military duty in volunteer companies. It is impracticable for me, at the present time, as you are already advised, to make the usual annual abstract inspection return of the "actual situation of the arms, accoutrements," &c., of the troops, as required by law—no general inspection returns having been received at this department during the past year. Table D, however, shows the amount of arms, accoutrements, &c., that have been distributed to the volunteer militia, on loan, and also the amount in the State Arsenals.

TABLE A.

RETURNS of the enrolled Militia of Maine for the years 1849 and 1850—compiled from the certificates of Clerks of cities, towns and plantations.

Counties.	1849.	1850.	Increase.	Decrease.
York,	5,911	5,913	2	
Cumberland,	7,793	7,481		312
Lincoln,	6,765	6,575		190
Hancock,	3,821	3,463		358
Washington,	3,749	3,251		498
Kennebec,	4,667	5,576	909	
Oxford,	3,769	3,190		579
Somerset,	3,304	3,549	245	
Penobscot,	6,429	5,723		706
Waldo,	5,095	3,788		1,307
Picataquis,	1,512	1,473		39
Franklin,	2,088	1,741		347
Aroostook,	746	824	78	
Total,	55,649	52,547	1,234	4,336
Subtract,	52,547			1,234
Decrease in 1850,	3,102			3,102

It will be perceived by the foregoing table that the whole number of enrolled militia in the State, is less, by three thousand one hundred and two, as returned by the clerks of cities, towns and plantations, than it was in eighteen hundred and forty-nine. It is not probable, however, that there has been an actual falling off in the number of able bodied citizens in the State during the past year; but, on the contrary, the number has, no doubt, somewhat increased. The deficiency observable, unquestionably proceeds from two causes—one is a want of care and thoroughness on the part of assessors in making enrollments; and the other is, neglect in making the proper return to this office, by the clerks. These requirements of the "act in addition to the sixteenth chapter of the revised statutes," approved August tenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, have been disregarded in many instances, in one or both particulars, not only during the past year, but also in eighteen hundred and forty nine,—and in too many cases have never been complied with, as will be seen by the following table (marked B,) although a heavy

penalty attaches to a refusal, or neglect of their performance, by the proper officers.

TABLE B.

TABLE showing the number of cities, towns and plantations, that have not made returns to this department, of the enrolled Militia, as required by law.

Counties.	Not returned in '49.	Not returned in '50.	Never returned.	No. of enrollments returned in 1849, and not returned in 1850.	No. of enrollments returned in 1850, and not returned in 1849.	More returned in 1850.	Less returned in 1850.
York,	4	3		547	1,066	519	
Cumberland,	3	5	1	780	186		594
Lincoln,	5	5	2	397	224		173
Hancock,	10	9	6	607	271		336
Washington,	8	13	5	398	118		190
Kennebec,	5	2	2		1,049	1,049	
Oxford,	11	7	5	416	102		314
Somerset,	7	3	3		226	223	
Penobscot,	11	13	7	353	298		55
Waldo,	2	3		965	156		809
Piscataquis,	4	4	3	126	25		101
Franklin,	6	7	5	238			238
Aroostook,	13	13	11	105	127	22	
Total,	89	87	50	4,842	3,848	1,816	2,810
Subtract,				3,848			1,816
Less in 1850,				994			994

Very meagre returns have been received from the volunteer militia, either of the whole number of enrollments, or of the number present at the annual company inspection in May or of the general inspection and review in September—and those received have, with a single exception, been forwarded directly to this department by the commanding officers of companies. This paucity is not, however, a matter of surprise, considering the disadvantages under which the volunteers have suffered. In all sections of the State vacancies exist in division, brigade, regimental, and battalion offices. Very soon all the commissions issued under the provisions of the revised statutes, so far as relates to brigade, regimental, battalion,

and company officers, will expire by limitation, and the holders of them will be entitled to honorable discharges. Already vast numbers of officers have been so discharged. Thus has the authorized channels for official documents designed for this department been so obstructed that well informed, prompt, and efficient officers of the volunteer corps, have been compelled to choose between a total disregard of military usage and etiquette, and a non-performance of duty.

Under existing circumstances I would recommend to the legislature the passage of a law authorizing and requiring the commanding officers of volunteer companies to forward duplicate returns of the annual September inspection directly to this office. By such a course this department would be certain of being put in possession of the necessary information to enable it to make up the abstracts and records, so essential to the service, relating to the numbers and prosperity of the troops; and also of the condition of the arms and equipments in their possession—all of which are the property of the State.

At the time of making the last annual report of the condition of this department, May first, eighteen hundred and fifty, my worthy and gentlemanly predecessor states the whole number of companies organized under the "act additional to the sixteenth chapter of the revised statutes," approved tenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to be fifteen. There have been organized since that time, twenty-two companies, and making, in all, thirty-seven—as appears by table C. Three regiments have also been organized under the provisions of said act, viz :

One in the first brigade of the fourth division.

One in the first brigade of the eighth division.

One in the second brigade of the eighth division.

All of which have been officered by gallant and efficient officers. They are well qualified for the important stations they fill, and will do much to encourage and sustain a well appointed volunteer militia, not only within their immediate commands, but throughout the State.

TABLE C.

TABLE showing the number of *Volunteer Companies* that have been organized under the act of 10th August, 1848.

Divisions.	Artillery.	Lt. Infantry.	Riflemen.	Total.
First Division,		1		1
Second Division,	1		2	3
Third Division,			1	1
Fourth Division,	2	2	5	9
Fifth Division,		1	1	2
Sixth Division,			1	1
Seventh Division,	1		1	2
Eighth Division,	2		13	15
Ninth Division,	1	1	1	3
Total,	7	5	25	37

In addition to the foregoing, petitions have been filed and general orders issued for the organization of volunteer companies, as follows :

For a rifle company in Porter, in the sixth division ;

For a light infantry company in Industry, in the eighth division ;

For an artillery company in Phillips, in the eighth division ;

For an artillery company in Brewer, in the ninth division ;

For a rifle company in Corinna, in the ninth division ;

and measures are being taken for the formation of companies, in various parts of the State, by some of our most enterprising citizens,—and there can be but little doubt of their success.

The thirty-seven companies embraced in table C, will average about sixty members each, including officers and privates—making the total volunteer force of the State, about two thousand two hundred. With but few exceptions, they have been furnished by this department with such ordnance, arms, and equipments as the State had at its disposal.

These companies are under the command of good officers, and who feel a deep interest in the welfare and honor of our State, both as regards her military and civic functions. They are well disciplined, and show a commendable zeal in striving to perfect themselves in whatever pertains to the duties of a soldier. I would

suggest the propriety of the State furnishing each company with a book of military tactics for their assistance.

It is gratifying to the friends of a well regulated militia system to see the spirit and energy which pervades the members of the volunteer corps, whether officers or privates. It proves conclusively that, under a more liberal policy towards this branch of our national defense, no lack of the proper military spirit would be found to exist within the State. The present volunteer force needs only the fostering care of the legislature to make it increase from its present numbers to that of ten thousand men, as contemplated by the law of eighteen hundred and forty-eight. A force of that magnitude can be kept in a sufficient state of readiness to do duty in any emergency likely to arise within our borders at a very trifling expense in comparison with the security it affords to life and to property. With such a volunteer military force in our midst, and composed of our own citizens, neighbors, and kindred,—ready to act when the honor of the State, the good of the community, and peace and good order require it, either “to suppress insurrection or repel invasion,”—its value is not to be computed by dollars and cents. It is no uncommon occurrence for the military to be called upon to assist the civil power in the execution of the laws. And although such aid should never be solicited except in the most extreme cases, under a republican government, yet it is a fact which cannot be controverted, that in times of lawless excitement, a knowledge of the existence of an efficient military force, tends, in no small degree, to preserve the public peace, and might in many instances avert disastrous consequences. Is it unwise for us, as a State, to prepare for danger? We cannot tell when an emergency may arise,—and a general and judicious preparation for the crisis, would not, probably, have a tendency to provoke it.

The State has on hand a considerable quantity of military property deposited in the arsenals and loaned to the volunteers, (subject to the order of the State,) as will appear by table D, and by the schedules of the public property in the State Arsenals at Bangor and Portland.

TABLE D.
Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition—property of the State.

Aggregate,	In Arsenal,	In possession of the troops,	ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.	
			BRASS.	
			IRON.	
2	2		12 pounds.	
43	33	*10	6 pounds.	
8		*8	4 pounds.	
8	2	*6	3 pounds.	
2	2		6 inch howitzer.	
2	2		Eprovetts.	
1	1		42 pounds.	
4	4		32 pounds.	
22	22		24 pounds.	
7	7		18 pounds.	
9	9		12 pounds.	
4	4		9 pounds.	
18	18		6 pounds.	
6	6		4 pounds.	
1	1		3 pounds.	
1	1		10 inch howitzers.	
80	67	13	Sponges and rammers.	
95	81	14	Ladles and worms.	
497	469	28	Bricoles and drag ropes.	
115	97	18	Trail handspikes.	
39	25	14	Lead aprons.	
23	15	8	Ammunition boxes.	
31	24	7	Tumbrils or powder carts.	
62	48	14	Sets of harness.	
13,373	13,373		Rounds of shot and shells.	
	none.		Pounds of cannon powder.	
10,189	9,881	308	Muskets.	
11,252	10,884	368	Bayonets.	
3,102	2,794	308	Cartridge boxes and belts.	
3,076	2,708	368	Bayonet scabbards and belts.	
1,814	1,754	60	Brushes and picks.	
2 boxes.	2 boxes.		Spare flints.	
71 cases.	71 cases.	200	Ball cartridges.	
3,428	2,218	1,210	Rifles.	
1,374	270	1,104	Powder horns or flasks.	
1,311	207	1,104	Pouches and belts.	
91,800	91,800		Loose balls.	
337	337		Horseman's pistols.	
971	572	399	Sword and sabres.	
746	347	399	Sword scabbards and belts.	
83	97	4	Haversacks.	
64	443	21	Drums.	
33	422	11	Fifes.	

*Part of these are in charge of individuals for safe keeping.

†Three kegs were fired at Portland Arsenal, on the death of President Taylor, as a token of respect.

‡At Augusta.

Some portion of the military property deposited in the arsenals is unfit for use, and annually depreciating in value. I would recommend that authority be granted for the disposal of all such military property belonging to the State, as is unfit for service, by public or private sale, either at the arsenals or by shipment to a market.

The quota of arms to which this State is entitled from the general government for the current year, under the law of eighteen hundred and eight, have been directed to be furnished in percussion rifles with equipments, and an extra quantity of light infantry and rifle equipments, together with a quantity of non-commissioned officers swords—all of the latest and most approved patterns. Directions were given for their shipment to Portland, to be placed in the State Arsenal there. They will, no doubt, be received in a few weeks.

The extra equipments will all be required in furnishing companies already organized, as the State has not had sufficient to supply them as they have been called for. Some of the companies have not yet been supplied with arms—they preferring to wait the arrival of the quota for this year rather than supply themselves with those of a less modern pattern.

The prominent objections to all former systems for organizing and disciplining the militia of this State, have been, not only the large amounts of money required to be expended to support its organization,—in the shape of compensation to various officers, together with rations and ammunition to the entire militia force of the State,—but also the great amount of time occupied in the performance of military duty, when taken in the aggregate. It is nevertheless conceded on all hands that it is necessary that some military organization should be kept up—as much for our own welfare, as to comply with the requirements of the laws of the United States. The law of eighteen hundred and forty-eight obviates the objections before alluded to. It provides for the organization and discipline of a very small portion, only, of the militia force of the State. But which, will, no doubt, be found sufficiently large for

all ordinary occasions on which an armed force may be needed, and perhaps adequate to any emergency. The present law, however, needs perfecting in some respects. It was adopted, somewhat, as an experiment, and under doubtful auspices. It has in many respects fulfilled the expectations of its friends. There seems to exist a necessity for some alterations and additions to be made to it at the coming session of the legislature.

In a popular government the burdens consequent upon its administration should be divided as equally as possible among all classes benefited. Now all, or nearly all, admit the necessity of some military organization. It is then, but an act of simple justice that all classes should contribute something to its support. If, in accordance with the provisions of the law of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, some ten thousand men voluntarily enlist and form into companies for the performance of military duty—devoting their time and energies to perfect themselves in military science and discipline—holding themselves in readiness to respond to the call of the proper authorities, when occasion requires,—and do all this, not for their own benefit alone, but for the good of the whole community,—it would seem that they should receive some small equivalent for so important a service rendered. And I would suggest the payment of one dollar a year (in lieu of rations) to each volunteer enlisting under the law of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, who shall perform the duties therein specified; and also that the adjutants and orderly officers receive some compensation for their services. I would recommend that provisions be made for supplying volunteer companies, with ammunition.

I am persuaded that if the foregoing suggestions were to be adopted, it would have a favorable effect upon the volunteer militia; and that it would not require much time to make our militia system, not only efficient, but also an ornament to the State. The amount suggested to be paid to the soldier, although it would be but a small compensation for the time spent in preparing for, and in performing military duty, still it would be considered, by the volunteers, as evidence of a willingness, on the part of the commu-

nity generally, to assist in bearing the expenses consequent upon maintaining an efficient military organization.

The appropriation for repairing the gun house at Calais, under provisions of resolve approved August twentieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, has been expended under the superintendence of Captain Charles R. Whidden, by direction of my predecessor. A part only of the bills have been presented, but those have been audited and paid.

Most of the gun houses and sites (where the sites were owned by the State,) have been sold in accordance with the provisions of "resolve providing for the sale of gun houses in the State of Maine," approved August twenty seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty. The business has been transacted mainly by the executive councilors, by direction of my predecessor,—each performing that portion coming within his district. And I have granted quitclaim deeds of all the rights the State had in and to said lots, to the purchasers of them. In many cases they have been disposed of at public auction, and have sold for trifling sums in comparison with their cost to the State. Some of the houses and lots have been retained for the use of companies organized under the law of eighteen hundred forty-eight. In most instances the ordnance and ordnance stores have been removed to the arsenals. Two of the councilors have not fully completed their labors, and consequently have made no report of their doings to this department; although it is understood they will do so forthwith. An agreement has also been made to sell the gun house and lot in Garland, for fifty dollars; and a deed has been placed in the hands of the representative elect from that district, to be delivered when the consideration is paid.

The following account will show the amount of receipts and disbursements of the Quartermaster General's department since the date of my appointment, in January last.

Statement of Accounts of the Quartermaster's Department.

RECEIPTS.

Amount received from sales of gun houses and lots in five councilor districts, including note for \$325, taken in part payment for gun house in Eastport,	\$1,247 25
Amount received from sales of unserviceable ordnance and ordnance stores,	1,060 00
Amount received from treasurer of state, for repair of gun house at Calais,	150 00
Amount received from treasurer of state, for labor performed in Bangor Arsenal,	32 00
Total,	\$2,489 25

DISBURSEMENTS.

Amount paid for travel and expenses in selling gun houses and lots in five councilor districts, and for transportation of the ordnance, &c., to the arsenals, as per vouchers,	\$1,009 50
Amount paid G. T. Hedge, keeper of the Portland Arsenal, for expenses in selling unserviceable ordnance, &c., as per voucher,	16 90
Amount paid for musical instruments, for the use of volunteer companies, as per vouchers,	193 63
Amount paid M. Saunders, jr., keeper of Bangor arsenal, for labor, &c., as per voucher,	32 00
Amount paid miscellaneous accounts, as per vouchers,	30 25
Amount paid S. Cony, treasurer of state, including note for \$325, taken in part pay for gun house at Eastport, as per his receipt,	1,056 97
Amount paid for repair of Calais gun house, as per vouchers,	76 50
Amount of balance of the Calais gun house appropriation, in my hands,	73 50
Total,	\$2,489 25

A large amount of military property is now deposited in the arsenals at Bangor and Portland. I refer you to the schedules appended for the description and condition of the same. Much of this property needs to be thoroughly overhauled and put in order, or sold. It will be necessary that an appropriation be made for putting it in a condition to preserve it from decay and injury. It will also be necessary that some appropriation be made for the repair of the buildings at Bangor. Mr. Saunders, the keeper, in a communication accompanying his schedule, says:

“I would respectfully call your attention to the condition of the arsenal buildings, and the property in store. The buildings have

been greatly neglected. They are unprotected by paint—suffering for want of suitable repairs, and are rapidly going to decay. The buildings thus exposed, absorb and retain the moisture of every storm—which is communicated to the property within. Under such circumstances it is impossible to keep the property in such a state of preservation as is required.

“The artillery guns, carriages and implements, recently returned to the arsenal, (except such as are worthless, and ought to be sold,) should be put in order and painted.

“The small arms and equipment should be overhauled, carefully examined, and put in perfect order. * * * I have examined some twenty boxes of these arms, and find their condition to be such as to require immediate attention. Considerable labor will be required to put this valuable portion of the State property in perfect order. This, once done, and a very trifling sum, properly expended, yearly, will keep it so. And it appears to me that the interest of the State requires that it should be attended to with as little delay as possible—certainly before the close of the present season.

“I have estimated the expense for the necessary repairs and painting of the buildings at two hundred dollars; and for labor in the arsenal at one hundred and fifty dollars.”

The arsenal at Portland is in better condition. I visited it in March last, at the suggestion of Mr. Hedge, the keeper. Considerable labor, however, will be required upon the property in the arsenal under his charge. Much of that returned from the gun houses is very much out of order—and immediate attention is required to save it from dilapidation. I should think an appropriation of one hundred dollars would be sufficient for the purpose.

The keepers of the arsenals have performed their duties faithfully and economically to the State.

With the greatest respect,

GREENLIEF WHITE, *Adjutant General.*

APPENDIX.

*Schedule of Public Property in the Arsenal at Bangor, April
30, 1851.*

No.	Description.	Remarks.
2	12 pdr. iron guns and carriages.	
2	9 " " "	
4	6 " " "	
2	4 " " "	
2	3 " brass guns	
9	6 " " "	
3	6 " " "	Unmounted.
2	18 " iron guns.	"
1	Gun carriage.	
1	Baggage wagon.	With canvas cover.
5	Tumbrels.	
1	Iron howitzer.	Mounted.
1	Powder proof.	
1	12 pdr. caisson.	
3	6 " "	
112	12 pound shot.	
114	6 " "	
302	3 " "	
510	4 " "	
965	Hand grenades.	
1	Barrel grape shot.	Two-thirds full.
2	Tompions and straps.	
5	Tarpaulins.	
494	Hall's rifles.	With bayonets.
73	Spare Bayonets.	
3155	Muskets.	With bayonets.
74	" "	Without "
86	Cavalry pistols.	
100	Bill hooks.	
24	Boxes containing cartridges.	In packs.
13	" " 24 lb. case shot.	6 to the box.
27	" " 18 " "	6 " "
11	" " 12 " "	18 " "
12	" " 9 " "	12 " "
12	" " 6 " "	28 " "
5	" " 3 " "	27 " "
6	" " 4 " "	24 " "
2	" " 4 " "	16 " "

Schedule of Property in the Bangor Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
14	Boxes containing 12 lb. case shot.	10 to the box.
19	“ 3 “ “	18 “ “ fixed.
3	“ 4 lb. strapped shot.	
21	Boxes grape.	
1	Box buck shot.	
19	Boxes bullets, 18 to the pound.	100 lbs. to the box.
1842	Bayonet scabbards and belts.	
160	Ball pouches.	Unfit for service.
50	Waist belts.	“ “
42	Artillery swords.	“ “
184	Sabre belts,	
2666	Cartridge boxes.	
124	Copper powder flasks.	73 unfit for use.
1754	Priming wires and brushes.	
5	Orderly books.	
22	Horse chains.	
1	Set State brands.	
2	Draw knives.	
5	Hand saws.	
1	Iron square.	
6	Copper measures.	
200	Johnson's rifles.	In boxes.
1	Box containing appendages for 12 pounders.	
100	Cavalry sabres.	
100	“ “	In boxes.
103	Artillery swords.	
1	Box flints.	
1	Signal lamp.	
5	Portfire cutters.	
56	Portfires.	
2	Fifes.	
54	Bricoles.	
8	Gunners' haversacks.	
9	Powder horns.	
6	Portfire cases.	
440	Tin dippers—various sizes.	
47	Coffee pots “	
485	Mess pans.	
35	Tin tumblers.	
20	Tin bake pans.	
22	Skimmers.	
104	Tin basins.	
85	Tin plates—round.	
20	Sheet iron camp kettles.	
23	Fry pans.	
4	Tin bakers.	
3	Tea kettles.	
136	Tin pails.	
1	Iron bake kettle.	
23	Tin camp kettles.	
121	Knives.	
73	Forks.	
157	Spoons—various sizes.	

Many of these articles are imperfect and worthless.

Schedule of Property in the Bangor Arsenal, (continu ed.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.	
638	Mess pans.	} Many of these articles are imperfect and worthless.	
228	Tin canteens.		
4	Tin Lanterns.		
5	Augers.		
95	Tin powder flasks.		
10	Drag ropes.		
10	Iron pans.		
1	Box tent pins—wood.		
1	Box mallets.		
40	Boarding pikes.		
82	Artillery rammers, ladles, &c.		
81	Tent poles.		
812	Wooden canteens.		Worthless.
21	Lint stocks.		Worthless.
6	Portfire stocks.		
1	Box belts.	Worthless.	
51	Hand pikes.	Many worthless.	
47	Spades.		
164	Shovels.	“	
15	Narrow axes.	} These articles were received from the gun houses. Many of them are damaged and imperfect, and some are worthless.	
2	Broad “		
20	Pickaxes.		
64	Company tents.		
19	Hand barrows.		
345	Flint caps.		
22	Rifle bullet moulds.		
17	Spring vises.		
19	Musket vises.		
247	Artillery tubes.		
576	Musket wipers.		
248	Rifle wipers.		
30	Ball screws.		
388	Musket screw drivers.		
225	Rifle “		
38	Iron tent pins.		
4	Emery wheels.		
1	Forge and bellows.		
6	Lathe drills.		
5	Harnesses for tumbrels.		
5	Pairs hames.		
18	Pairs harnesses.		
18	Collars.		
6	Driver's saddles.		
25	Bridles.		
4	Halters.		
6	Leg-guards.		
12	Drag ropes.		
82	Bricoles.		
12	Gunner's haversacks.		
9	Portfire cases.		
8	“ stocks.		
5	Rammers, ladles, &c.		
4	Lint stocks.		

Schedule of Property in the Bangor Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
4	Tarpaulins.	} These articles received from the gun-houses—and are imperfect and worthless.
6	Tube pouches.	
2	Portfire cutters.	
5	Trail handspikes.	
	Arsenal furniture and fixtures and many other articles of little value.	

Schedule of Public Property in the State Arsenal at Portland, January 1, 1851.

38	42 pound shot.	
226	32 "	
1548	24 "	
808	18 "	
1034	12 "	
853	9 "	
1031	6 "	
2123	4 "	
888	3 "	
1844	Double headed shot.	
21	Cases grape "	
59	6 pound can. "	
73	3 " "	
1	32 pound strapped shot.	
1	8 " howitzer "	
708	13 inch shells,	
341	9½ "	
134	8 "	
276	6½ "	
187	5½ "	
214	4½ "	
1800	Hand grenades.	
9	Cases fixed powder.	} 3 kegs powder used for salute at the death of President Taylor.
62	Cases musket powder.	
1	Keg "	
3	Boxes fixed hand grenades.	
32	Boxes musket balls.	1800 in each.
	Lot of wads.	
1	Iron 42 pdr. cannon.	Unmounted.
4	" 32 "	
22	" 24 "	
4	" 18 "	
3	" 12 "	
2	" 9 "	
8	" 6 "	
3	" 4 "	

Schedule of Property in the Portland Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
1	Iron 18 pdr. cannon.	Old—mounted.
4	“ 12 “	“ “
4	“ 6 “	New “
1	“ 4 “	Old “
1	“ 3 “	“ “
1	“ 10 inch howitzer.	Unmounted.
2	Brass 12 pdr. cannon.	Mounted.
7	“ 6 “	“
2	“ 6 inch howitzers.	Unmounted.
2	“ eprovetts.	Mounted.
1	12 pdr. caisson.	
13	Ship gun carriages.	
2	Sea coast carriages.	
40	Trucks for carriages.	
3	18 pdr. gun “	
1	6 “ “	
7	3 “ “	Unfit for service.
4	6 “ “	Good—old pattern.
15	Amunition boxes.	
7	Sponge buckets.	
4	Tar “	
40	Trail handspikes.	
14	Prolongs.	
196	Bricoles.	
15	Vent covers.	
16	Tompions.	
28	Collars and straps.	
22	Drag ropes.	
48	Sponges and rammers.	
50	Ladles and worms.	
3	Sea sponges.	
16	Sponge covers.	
31	Implement straps.	
5	Tongs and ladles.	For hot shot.
5	Tarpaulins.	
4	Packing boxes.	
4	Tangent scales.	
4	Tow hooks.	
4	Vent punches.	
4	Worms and staves.	
5	Powder monkeys.	
37	Haversacks.	
31	Tube pouches.	
20	Portfire cases.	
23	“ clippers.	
23	“ stocks.	
31	Priming horns.	
47	“ wires.	
15	Thumbstalls.	
19	Gunners' gimblets.	
28	Lintstocks.	
20	Artillery swords.	
45	“ sword belts.	

Schedule of Property in the Portland Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
11	Implement belts.	
4	Whiffletrees.	
20	Prs. horse chains.	
7	Prs. leather traces.	
9	Sets lead bars.	
1	Swingle tree.	
21	Prs. trail spreads.	
1	Pair pole straps.	
17	Back saddles.	
24	Breechings.	
28	Collars.	
68	Pairs Harnesses.	
31	Belly bands.	
4	Boots.	
22	Headstalls.	
8	Halters.	
510	Hall's rifles.	
510	" bayonets.	
511	Screw drivers.	To be used with Hall's rifles.
511	Wipers.	" "
511	Spare flint caps.	" "
51	Bullet moulds.	" "
51	Spring vises.	" "
7	Buff pouch belts.	" "
7	Pouches.	" "
7	Buff waist belts.	" "
7	" " plates.	" "
7	Copper flasks.	" "
510	Bayonet scabbards.	" "
510	" belts.	" "
510	" belt plates.	" "
50	Extra springs.	
759	Brown barrelled short rifles.	
760	Screw drivers.	To be used with short rifles.
760	Wipers.	" "
660	Spare flint covers.	" "
76	Spring vises.	" "
76	Ball screws.	" "
76	Bullet moulds.	" "
239	Bright barrelled short rifles.	
240	Bullet moulds.	For bright barrelled rifles.
240	Wipers.	" "
24	Screw drivers.	" "
35	Flasks.	" "
40	Pouches.	" "
40	Straps.	" "
156	Percussion rifles.	
156	Screw drivers.	For percussion rifles.
156	Wipers.	" "
16	Spring vises.	" "
16	Ball screws.	" "
16	Bullet moulds.	" "
32	Pouch and flash belts.	" "

Schedule of Property in the Portland Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
32	Pouches.	For percussion rifles.
32	Flasks.	“ “
32	Waist belts.	“ “
32	“ plates.	“ “
32	Gun slings.	“ “
32	Cap pouches.	“ “
19	Packing boxes.	
6314	Muskets.	
6314	Bayonets.	
55	Old English muskets.	
55	“ “ bayonets.	
280	Percussion “	Brown barrelled.
280	“ “ bayonets.	
280	Screw drivers.	For percussion muskets.
280	Wipers.	“ “
28	Ball Screws.	“ “
28	Spring vises.	“ “
58	Non-commissioned officers' swords.	
128	Cartridge boxes.	
128	“ plates.	
128	“ belts.	
128	Bayonet belts and plates.	
4	Drums and sticks.	
402	Black leather belts.	
228	Bayonet scabbards.	
1	Box flints.	
265	Musket locks.	
147	Cavalry sabres.	
59	“ belts,	
250	Pistols.	
20	Lances.	
101	Field tents.	
1	Marquee.	
	Lot of tent poles, pins and toggles.	
347	Mallets.	
2	Signal lanterns.	
143	Dozen iron shovels.	
2	Long handle fry pans.	
14	Fry pans and spiders.	
1	Tea kettle.	
69	Tin camp kettles.	
12	Sheet iron camp kettles.	
47	Coffee pots.	
2	Tea pots.	
149	Tin pans.	
347	Tin dippers.	
5	Skimmers.	
6	Tin basins.	
3	Toast pans.	
63	Tin plates.	
166	Flat square pans.	
6	Wheelbarrows.	
29	Handbarrows.	

Schedule of Property in the Portland Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
2	Crow bars.	
78	Bill hooks.	
5	Hatchets.	
1	Pickaxe.	
1	Tin fuse.	
37	Handspikes.	
24	Shovels.	1 broken.
6	Spades.	
1	Traveling forge.	
16	Blank books.	
6	Standard impressions.	Unfinished.
334	Cartridge boxes—wood.	Worthless.
1	Pair smith's tongs.	"
2	Camp kettles.	"
	Part of an old gin.	"
1	Old signal lantern.	"
600	Unfinished powder horns.	"
4	Old drums.	"
	Lot of old standard impressions.	"
	" spikes and nails.	"
	" belts.	"
2	Kegs broken case shot.	"
	Arsenal furniture and fixtures.	

Schedule of Property received at Portland Arsenal, from the Artillery Gun Houses, from January 1 to May 1, 1851.

12	6 pdr. brass cannon.	Mounted.
2	6 " "	Unmounted.
2	6 pdr. iron "	Mounted.
5	Gun carriages.	
19	Tumbrils or powder carts.	
30	Sponges and rammers.	
31	Ladles and worms.	
2	Worms and staves.	
34	Haversacks.	
15	Tube boxes.	
22	" pouches.	
25	Portfire cases.	
26	" stocks.	
3	" clippers.	
18	Powder horns.	
2	Tangent scales.	
14	Lint stocks.	
57	Trail handspikes.	
169	Bricoles.	
16	Drag ropes.	

Property received at Portland Arsenal, (continued.)

No.	Description.	Remarks.
29	Prolongs.	
15	Tarpaulins.	
24	Ammunition boxes.	
10	Headstalls.	
5	Collars.	
6	Pairs of harnesses.	
12	“ brichings.	
8	“ trace chains.	
8	Belly bands.	
3	Halters.	
5	Field tents.	
6	6 pound balls.	
18	4 “	
392	3 “	
	Lot of ordnance and gunners' implements, and horse geer.	Much of this is of but little value.

The following articles have been drawn out of Portland Arsenal from January 1 to May 1, 1851.

140	Percussion rifles and appurtenances.	For the use of troops.
30	Belts and belt plates.	“ “
32	Pouches.	“ “
32	Powder flasks and belts.	“ “
48	Percussion muskets.	“ “
12	Non-commissioned officers' swords.	“ “
2	Drums and sticks.	“ “

Military Property at Augusta.

2	Muskets and bayonets.	
1	Old English musket and bayonet.	
1	Short barrelled rifle.	
1	Hall's rifle and bayonet.	
1	Pistol.	
2	Swords.	
500	Tin canteens.	New.
150	Tents.	Mostly in good order.
	Lot tent poles, pins, mallets, &c.	
	Lot old straw sacks.	Poor.
43	Tenor drums.	Being made.
22	Fifes.	