

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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DOCUMENTS

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THE LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

DURING ITS SESSION

A. D. 1839.

VOL. 2.

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*AUGUSTA:*  
SMITH & ROBINSON, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.

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1839.

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**NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE.**

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**NO. 4.**

**HOUSE.**

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**REPORT**

**OF THE**

**ADJUTANT GENERAL,**

**DECEMBER 31, 1838.**

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[SMITH & ROBINSON,.....Printers to the State.]



# REPORT.

## STATE OF MAINE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }  
*Augusta, Dec. 31, 1838.* }

*Honorable* EDWARD KENT, *Governor and Commander  
in Chief.*

SIR :—By the General Inspection Return of the Militia for the current year, which I now have the honor to lay before you, it will be seen that our Military force is larger than it has ever been since the organization of the State. It is as follows, viz :

Cavalry, one thousand five hundred and sixteen :

Artillery, one thousand nine hundred and sixty-five :

Infantry, thirty-four thousand and forty-nine :

Light Infantry, four thousand six hundred and twenty-four :—and

Rifle, one thousand seven hundred and forty-two :

Making in all—Forty-three thousand eight hundred and ninety-six :

Being two thousand three hundred and eighty-six more than the last year.

The returning officers have, for the most part, attended to their duty—and returns from all the Regiments and Battalions in the State, with the exception of the second Regiment of Infantry, in the second Brigade and seventh

Division, and the Battalion of Cavalry in the first Brigade and fifth Division, have been made, and annual Brigade returns have been received at this Office from each of the several Brigades.

The whole number of Companies organized prior to May last, is six hundred sixty-nine : five hundred and thirty-three of which have been returned to this office.

Companies more than last year—thirty-one.

Companies returned more than last year—forty-seven.

There have been thirty-three new Companies ordered to be organized since the last return. Thirty, are volunteer Corps, viz :

Cavalry—three :

Artillery—seven :

Light Infantry—Fifteen :

Rifle—five :

And one new Regiment of Infantry has been formed in the first Brigade of the eighth Division.

Ten Companies have been disbanded during the year, of which, two are Cavalry ; two Artillery ; four Infantry, and two Light Infantry. There have been one thousand and ninety-seven Commissions issued from this Department the present year ; and five hundred and eight officers have been discharged in the same time.

Six Courts Martial have been held in the several Divisions, at which thirty-three officers have been tried, all of and below the rank of Captain. Thirty were found guilty ; twenty-six removed from office, (thirteen for life,) and four reprimanded in orders. The fines and costs imposed in the above cases amount to eleven hundred and four dollars—and the Division Advocates, whose duty it is, have been directed to take the legal measures for their collection.

The law fixing a pecuniary penalty on the misdemeanors of officers, has had a most salutary effect. While cashiering, or a mere reprimand in orders, is sufficient to cause the blush of shame to cover the cheek of the military man, it is nevertheless true, that with a large number, such punishment is but little heeded;—but with the certainty of receiving a fine, proportioned to the magnitude of their offence, even *such* are in no small degree deterred from the commission of it: and by degrees, they resign their places, which are soon filled by men, willing, and better fitted to serve their country in the discharge of those important duties they may be called upon to perform.

It is too often the case that our officers continue in service but a short time: but very few any longer than the term required by law to exempt them from further duty. And although rotation in office is a prominent feature in our republican institutions, yet there can be no doubt that too frequent changes in the several offices of the militia, thereby giving important trusts to new and inexperienced officers, is a great detriment to its true interests and improvement.

The appropriations for military purposes, made by the last Legislature, which have come into my hands, are, for the erection of a Gun House in Hallowell, three hundred dollars—for the same at Saco, three hundred dollars—and for same at Bowdoinham, two hundred dollars; all of which have been expended as contemplated by law, and the several accounts settled and audited by the Council.

The Gun House at Bowdoinham is not yet completed, and it will be necessary that a further sum of eighty seven dollars and ninety-two cents, be granted in order to carry out the plans of the Agent. With regard to the one in Hallowell, there was a departure from the strict letter of

the Resolve ; and instead of making sale of the old site, and purchasing a new one, on which to erect a new house, it was thought advisable by the Agent, and the Company, to repair and enlarge the old one, where it then stood ; it having been found, on inspection, in a better condition than was expected. This was accordingly done ; and the building has been fitted up in a manner satisfactory to the Company, and likewise coming a little within the sum granted for the purpose.

I would here take occasion to remark, that a sufficient degree of attention has not been paid generally, to the preservation of these houses—nor has the proper care been bestowed upon the property contained in them. I am personally knowing to the fact of several being in a condition but poorly calculated to afford security, or even a shelter (from the inclemencies of the weather) to their ill conditioned contents.

I think it was my immediate predecessor in office, who, some years since, recommended a rigid and thorough inspection, by some one suitably qualified ;—and I would respectfully suggest the expediency of adopting such a course, to take place yearly ; carefully noting all defects, with the causes, as far as possible, of their existence ; and the probable amount of money necessary to place, and to keep this species of the public property in the state it should be. In many instances, companies are suffered, for a length of time inexcusable, to remain with only one (and sometimes no) officer ; and I now know of one company thus situated, having lost altogether their former military ardor and martial spirit, and whose members, in lieu thereof, have suffered a feeling of careless indifference to fasten itself upon them, not only taking much from the advantages to be derived from that particular arm of our mil-



itia, but throwing obstacles in the way of the advancement of other corps. I feel confident that a right feeling might be awakened among them, and the State greatly benefited, by the course above recommended. There are now thirty-five Gun Houses in the State, and the number is constantly increasing. By a careful computation, the amount of public property already contained in them cannot be less than seventy thousand dollars.

By the forty second section of the Militia law of 1834, it is made the duty of Presidents of Courts Martial to prepare compendious reports of all questions of law arising, and adjudged, in trials had before them respectively; and of the decisions made thereon—stating, in substance, so much of the evidence as may be necessary for a correct understanding thereof; and annually in the month of April, to deposit such reports in the office of the Adjutant General, that the same may be published as the Legislature may from time to time determine. Since the publication of “Smith’s Reports,” in 1831, none have been printed; and but three or four have ever reached this Department. It is to be regretted that such is the fact; for it cannot be denied that the collecting, printing, and distribution of such decisions, tend much to the military improvement of the officer, by setting forth his duties in a clearer light, and making him more familiar with the law. It cannot fail to induce greater precision, and care, and quicken a sense of responsibility in the discharge of duty. Too little time and attention is paid to the study of our militia law; and every means to cause both officers and soldiers to seek and to obtain information, should be earnestly employed.

The State Arsenal at Bangor has been completed, in a style and manner suited to the purposes of its erection;

and must, I think, prove satisfactory to the State. A convenient and well situated lot of land was, after considerable difficulty, obtained for such a sum of money as to leave the greater part of the appropriation to be applied to the building. The location is a good one, and in many respects superior to all others offered ; and its vicinity to the rail road may at some future day be of the utmost importance. And, although in the opinion of some, its distance from the centre of the city was considered too great, yet I doubt not the day is not far distant, when even that objection cannot, with propriety, be urged against it. Indeed I do not hesitate to say, that a more suitable location, more solid foundation, (the entire building standing upon a rock,) or a better superstructure, could not be had for the amount of money expended. The present lot contains two acres and sixteen rods ; and more land adjoining can be obtained, if wanted, at the price per acre paid for this. There should be an appropriation, in order to level and properly fence the ground, plant trees, &c., of about five hundred dollars : and in addition, the following appropriations are thought necessary for the ensuing year, viz :

For alteration and repairs of Gun carriages,	\$900
“ Transportation and laboratory stores,	300
“ Musical instruments and colors,	600
“ Equipping of four new companies of Artillery,	1,000
“ Four Gun Houses for do.	1,000
“ Repairs, &c. Arsenal at Portland,	600
	<hr/>
	\$4,400

The Arsenal at Portland, I have several times personally inspected, during the past summer and autumn. The public property there, such as is not excepted in the accompanying schedule, is in good order ; and the super-

intendent has been careful in the discharge of his duty. There is however a large amount of unserviceable and useless ordnance and ordnance stores, which are an annual cost and incumbrance. I am of opinion that the State would be benefitted by a sale of this property, applying the proceeds to such repairs, as seem to be necessary, for the several buildings, &c. at this establishment. The buildings need painting very much, both for their preservation, and as a means of keeping the dampness of the weather, as much as possible, from within. The platforms at the large doors, the posts of the inner yard gate, the shot racks, and the pump, are so much decayed, as to require the necessity of repairs early the next season. The probable expense of all this, and other necessary repairs, would be about six hundred dollars.

Upon a close examination of the muskets at this place, it was found no flints were in any, excepting those composing the top course—nor are there any in the Arsenal. I would suggest the propriety of furnishing such of the arms as are deficient of this indispensable appendage, and of having on hand, at all times, a quantity ready for any emergency.

The property at Bath is the same as put under my charge by my predecessor in office.

The remaining portion of Hall's Rifles, mentioned in the last annual report, as not having arrived, have since been received. Requisition has also been made to the ordnance department for Brass Field Artillery for this State's proportion of the general appropriation for the year 1837, and information has been received at this Department that orders have been issued for the furnishing of eight 6 pr. Brass Cannon, with their carriages and apparatus complete, so soon as they shall be in readiness for

transportation. I am of opinion likewise that it would be expedient to receive whatever amount may be our proportion for the years 1838 and 1839, in ordnance of the same kind. The number of Artillery Companies, compared with other volunteer corps is small; and the distance between them, in many cases, by far too great. Our extensive seaboard, and long line of inland frontier, call loudly, I think, for greater encouragement towards this important arm of the Militia.

Appropriations have been several times made, until the last winter, for the erection of a gun house at Bangor, the old one being in a ruinous and dilapidated condition, and totally unfit for use. This unfortunate delay has been owing to the want of a convenient site on which to erect one. The company had formerly an eligible location near the head of Hammond Street, from which they have retreated before the rapid march of improvement throughout this city—and in consequence of which they are fairly entitled to receive in exchange, a larger and more suitable lot, further removed from the business part of the city—which would I think be preferable; affording a better opportunity for the customary drills, and other usual parades of the company. I would here urge the necessity of immediate action on this subject.

It will be necessary to have printed more of the laws relating to the Militia, passed since 1834, and should the next Legislature make any essential alteration, it would be well to have the several acts connected together.

Our present Militia system was arranged when our population was small, widely scattered over a large extent of country, and our borders surrounded by hostile and powerful enemies. The change in our condition as a people, since that period, has been great indeed. Our numbers,

and our physical force, have extensively increased, and the necessity for the enrolment of all between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, as was the case when Congress passed the law of 1792, no longer exists. Although without the intervention of that body, no great and important change can be made in our behalf, yet, if our own Legislature were to pass an act, exempting all under twenty-one, and above thirty years of age, from active service, and warmly encourage the formation of volunteer corps, by holding out such inducements as would tend to make duty honorable, we should then have a sufficient military force for all probable contingencies, and those left to do duty would make better soldiers—take more pride in the performance of military duty—and be far better disciplined in the several schools of the squad—the company—and the battalion.

A Militia thus organized, and at all times kept in a perfect state of discipline, is the best, and the only proper safeguard in a Republic. And composed of American freemen, who are thus privileged to bear arms in the common defence of their country, it cannot be otherwise, than that the liberties purchased with our father's blood, and the manifold blessings constantly bestowed upon us by a bountiful Providence, will be transmitted, unimpaired, to our latest posterity.

I have the honor, sir,

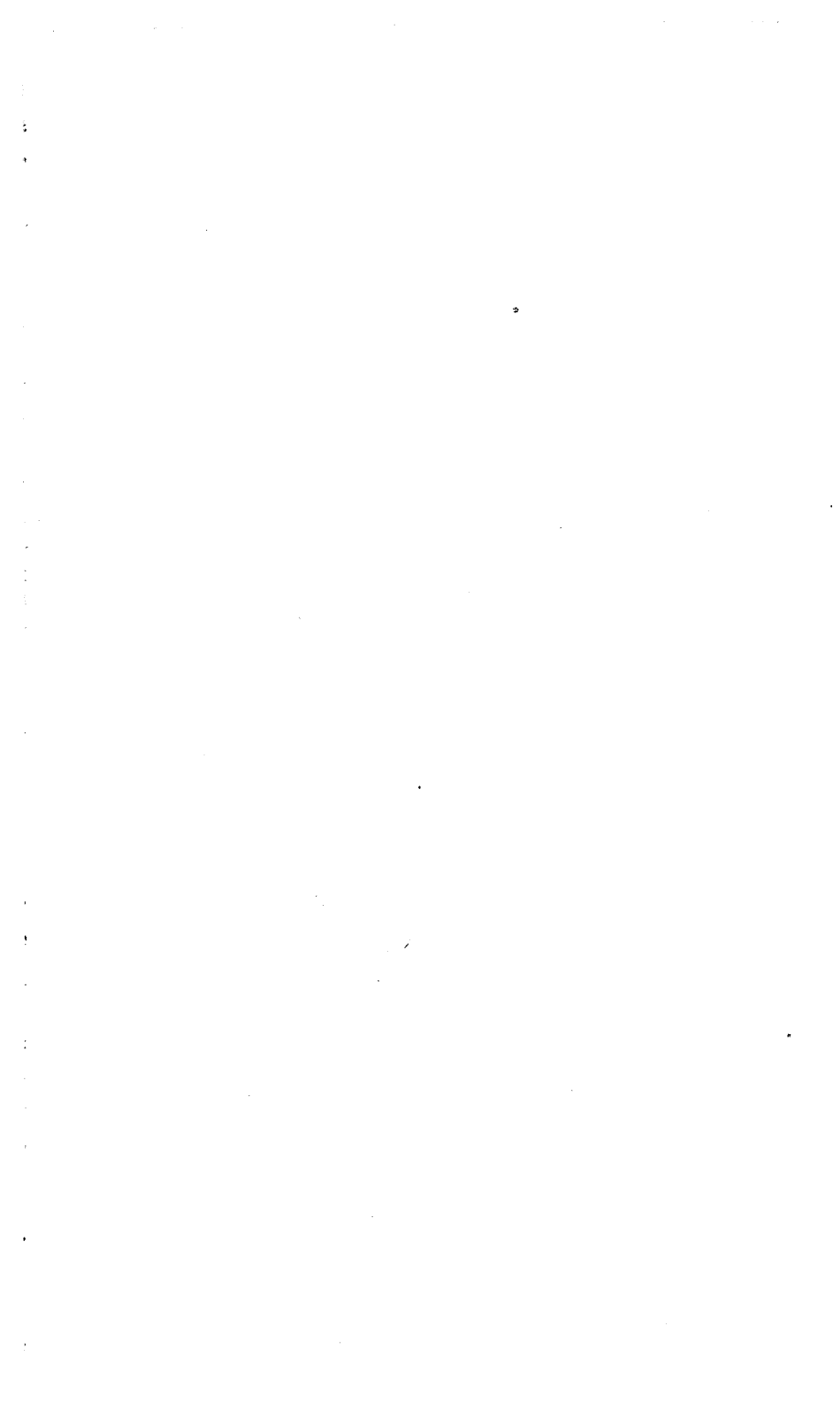
to subscribe myself,

with sentiments of

the highest consideration and respect,

Your most obedient servant,

RUFUS C. VOSE, *Adjutant General.*





4	1	1	9															13
		2	12	1														10
		3	10	7	1													8
		4	7	3	3													3
	2	1	5	1	3	2	1			1				1				11
		2	5	3	2													10
		3	7	3	1									1				10
		4	3	3	2				2	1				1				12
			4	1										1				2
				4														4
			65	13	4	3	1			2	2			4			1	95
5	1	1	7	2														10
		2	11	1														12
		3	8	1	1			2										10
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			1			1												2
	2	1	11	1														12
		2	8	1														9
		3	9															9
		4	6	1														7
			2															2
			2															2
			65	7	1	1		2										1
6	1	1	10															10
		2	10	3				1										14
		3	10		1	1												12
			2															2
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	2	1	10															10
		2	10															10
		3	7														1	8
			1															1
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			63	3	1	1		1	1									1
7	1	1	6	1	1	1												9
		2	4		1				2									7
		3	9						1									10
																		1
			3															3
	2	1	10	2														12
		2	5	3				1										11
			32	8	5	1		1	3									3
8	1	1	12								1							13
		2	8	1	2													14
		3	5	3	1		1											11
		4	8							1	1							10
			3	1														4
			4															4
	2	1	7	1														8
		2	8	1														9
		3	7	1														8
			3															3
			2															2
			67	8	3		1			1	2							4
			533	51	19	8	4	7	5	4	9	3	1	2	5	216	669	

Adjutant General's Office, Augusta, Dec. 31, 1838.

RUFUS C. VOSE, Adjutant General.



**ABSTRACT of the ANNUAL RETURN of the Militia of the State of Maine for the year 1838.**

	Major Generals.	Brig. Generals.	Adjutants General.	Div. Quarter Masters.	Division Inspectors	Division Advocates.	Aids-de-Camp.	Brigade Majors.	Brigade Quarter Mas- ters.	Colonels.	Lieutenant Colonels.	Majors.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Pay-Masters.	Chaplains.	Surgeons.	Surgeons' Mates.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Cornets.	Sergeant Majors.	Qr. Master Sergeants.	Musicians.	Sergeants.	Corporals.	Privates.	Total Commissioned Officers.	Total Non-Commission- ed Officers, Musicians and Privates.	AGGREGATE.	No. of Divisions.	No. of Brigades.	No. of Regiments.	No. of Battalions.	No. of Companies.
General Staff,	8	14	1	8	8	8	33	15	11																			106		106						
Cavalry,										4	4	9	9	8	3	2	2	2	30	72		32	3	3	51	124	66	1092	177	1339	1516			4	7	38
Artillery,										2	3	9	11	10	4	3	4	3	29	64			2	6	128	121	114	1452	142	1823	1965			4	7	34
Infantry,										39	48	49	53	51	52	46	48	49	357	398	397		48	48	1567	1551	972	28175	1587	32361	33948	8	16	57		457
Riflemen,																			35	36	39				142	140	114	1236	110	1632	1742					39
Light Infantry,																			86	99	100				339	365	268	3367	285	4339	4624					101
Aggregate,	8	14	1	8	8	8	33	15	11	45	55	67	73	69	59	51	54	54	537	669	536	32	53	57	2227	2301	1534	35322	2407	41494	43901	8	16	65	14	669

ARMS, ACCOUTREMENTS, AND AMMUNITION.

		ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.																																											
		BRASS.						IRON.																																					
		12 Pounds.	6 Pounds.	4 Pounds.	3 Pounds.	6 Inch Howitzers.	Eprovettes.	42 Pounds.	32 Pounds.	24 Pounds.	18 Pounds.	12 Pounds.	9 Pounds.	6 Pounds.	4 Pounds.	3 Pounds.	10 Inch Mortar.	Sponges and Rammers.	Ladles and Worms.	Bricoles and Drag Ropes.	Trail Handspikes.	Lead Aprons.	Ammunition Boxes.	Trumbrils or Powder Carts.	Sets of Harness.	Rounds of Shot and Shells.	Muskets.	Bayonets.	Cartridge Boxes and Belts.	Bayonet Scabbards and Belts.	Brushes and Picks.	Spare Flints.	Ball Cartridges.	Rifles.	Powder Horns.	Pouches.	Loose Balls.	Horseman's Pistols.	Swords.	Sword Scabbards and Belts.	Knapsacks.	Haversacks.	Drums.	Fifes.	Bugles and Trumpets.
In possession of the Troops.			14	22	22	3	3	1	4	22	7	8	5	10	8	5	1	64	63	145	87	40	72	3	12	10948	9207	9144	2915	898	17008	32625	194736	1611	1711	1111	108000	350	839	839	16622	89	658	530	34
In Arsenals.	2					3	3	1	4	22	7	8	5	10	8	5	1	64	63	145	87	40	72	3	12	10948	9207	9144	2915	898	17008	32625	194736	1611	1711	1111	108000	350	839	839	16622	89	654	530	34
Aggregate.	2	14	22	22	3	3	1	4	22	7	8	5	10	8	5	1	134	126	447	193	40	72	34	152	10948	26173	25699	19917	17259	17008	32625	194736	2915	2526	1913	106000	1319	2450	2403	16622	89	658	530	34	

Adjutant General's Office, thirty-first day of December, 1833.

RUFUS C. VOSE, Adjutant General of the Militia of the State of Maine.

*SCHEDULE of Public Property in the Arsenal at Portland.*

NO.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS.
1	Iron 42 pound Cannon,	
4	" 32 " "	
22	" 24 " "	
4	" 18 " "	
2	" 12 " "	
3	" 9 " "	
8	" 6 " "	
3	" 4 " "	
1	" 3 " "	
1	" 3 " "	Trunion Broken.
3	" 18 " "	mounted on traveling carriages
2	" 12 " "	" " "
4	" 12 " "	new " apparatus complete.
5	" 4 " "	" on traveling carriages.
2	Brass 12 " "	" " "
2	Iron 6 " "	" with apparatus complete
1	Brass 6 " Howitzer.	"
2	6 " "	
1	Iron 10 " Mortar	
3	Brass " Eprovettes.	
7	Gun Carriages.	Traveling.
1	" "	Unserviceable.
1	Sling Cart.	with aparatus.
1	Baggage Waggon.	
2	Tumbrils.	
1	Traveling Forge.	
2	Sea Coast Gun Carriages.	
12	Fort " "	
1	" " "	in pieces.
1	Gin.	
	Sundry parts of Gun Carriages.	old.
	Lot of Wheel Bands, &c.	
6	Forge Bellows.	unserviceable.
46	Wheelbarrows.	old.
46	Handbarrows.	"
1	Copper Adze.	
7	Ladles, Worms and Sponges.	unserviceable.
12	Powder Measures.	various sizes.
30	Empty Powder Casks.	old.
2800	Hand Grenades.	
708	13½ inch Shells.	
341	9½ " "	
134	8 " "	
274	6½ " "	
187	5½ " "	
214	4½ " "	

NO.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS.
38	42 lbs. Shot.	
226	32 " "	
1548	24 " "	
808	18 " "	
1023	12 " "	
819	9 " "	
2180	4 " "	
275	6 " "	New.
337	3 " "	"
1836	Double headed Chain Shot.	Cwt. 5663 lbs.
9144	Muskets and Bayonets.	2 at Augusta & 1000 at Bangor
56	"	English.
7	"	unserviceable.
540	Rifles.	1 at Augusta.
1071	" Hall's.	1 " "
107	" Bullet Moulds.	
50	" Spring Vices.	
500	" Screw Drivers.	
500	" Wipers.	
540	" Flasks.	
540	" Pouches.	
540	" Straps.	
500	Musket Wipers.	
570	" Screw Drivers.	
57	" Ball Screws.	
57	" Spring Vices.	
265	" Locks.	
2	12 lb. Cassoons.	
3	6 " "	
1253	Sword and Bayonet Scabbards and Belts.	
2915	Cartridge Boxes and Belts.	1000 at Bangor.
1990	Bayonet Belts.	
500	Buff Bayonet Belts.	1 at Augusta.
500	Belt Plates.	1 " "
500	Buff Pouch "	1 " "
500	Bayonet Scabbards.	1 " "
500	Rifle Pouches.	1 " "
500	Waist Belt Plates.	1 " "
500	Spring Flasks.	1 " "
50	Extra Springs.	
71	Rifle Pouches.	
71	" " Belts.	
71	" Bayonet Scabbards.	
71	" " Belts.	
71	" Belt Plates.	
71	Buff Waist Belts.	
71	Waist Belt Plates.	

NO.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS.
71	Copper Powder Flasks.	
898	Bayonet Scabbards.	
350	Cavalry Pistols.	2 at Augusta.
490	Artillery Swords.	
349	Cavalry “	2 “ “
17	Wall Tents.	
3	Field “	
1	Marquee.	Old.
3	Tarpawlings.	“
2	Tackle Blocks.	
395	Mallets.	
306	Flannel Cartridge Bags.	
	Lot paper “ “	
3	Signal Lanterns.	
1	“ “	Old.
2	Sieves.	
1	Desk, and sundry Books.	
1	Water Pot.	
477	Round Tin Pans.	
26	Square “ “	“
178	Bell Hooks.	
332	Cartridge Box Woods.	
812	Canteens.	
61	Pikes.	
1	Gun Rimmer.	
1	“ Searcher.	
109	Rammers, Ladles and Sponges.	
3	Rakes.	
4	Tongs and Ladles.	
3	Sea Sponges.	
35	Priming Wires.	
2	Oil Cannisters.	
	Lot Paint Pots and Brushes.	Old.
84	Bricoles.	
6	Leather Powder Bags.	
5	Powder Monkeys.	
4	Tube Boxes.	
6	Horse Collars.	
60	Back and Belly Bands.	
5	Breechings.	
5	Pack Saddles.	
44	Pairs Wooden Hames.	
4	Whiffletrees.	
1	Pair Pole Straps.	
179	Iron Shovels.	
4	“ “	Broken.
51	“ Spades.	
2	“ “	“

NO.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS.
9	Broad Axes.	
30	common "	
4	Hatchets.	
62	Pick Axes.	
38	Pairs Trace Chains.	
12	Crows and Bars.	
40	Match and Portfire Stocks.	Old.
20	Trace Spreads.	Wood.
87	Hand Spikes.	
1	Swingletree.	
	Lot Tent Pins.	
	" Toggles.	
3	Boxes Hand Grenades.	Fixed.
141	" case and strap Shot.	Some with Powder.
50	" Lead Balls.	1800 in each Box.
106	Cases fixed ammunition.	For Muskets, 187974 cart's in all.
29	Wooden Pails.	
600	Powder Horns.	
130	Tin Camp Kettles.	
133	" "	Old.
4	Hand Saws.	
	Lot Harnesses.	Old.
4	Drums.	
	Lot Old Drums.	unserviceable.
1	Tackle and Fall.	
2	Slings for "	
	Lot Dray Ropes.	Old.
1	Small Saw.	
1	Ball Mould.	Copper.
1	Plate for Standards.	
1	12½ inch L. V. Former.	
2	Ensigns.	Old.
4	Day Flags.	
	Lot Sheet Lead.	
1	Polishing Lathe.	
1	Grindstone.	
2	Large Vices.	
1	Hand "	
2	Iron Bit-stocks.	
	Lot of Old Poles.	
1	Stove and Funnel.	
4	State Brands.	
1	Ladle for Shot.	
1	Sledge Hammer.	
	Lot Old Brushes.	
1	Pair Scales and Weights.	Brass.
1	" Shoe Pincers.	
1	Drawing Knife.	

NO.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS.
1	Portfire Mould.	
1	Hammar.	
1	Hand Saw.	
	Lot Bench Tools.	
	“ Chisels and Gouges.	Old.
1	Tool Chest.	
1	Large Churn.	
1	Ladder.	
22	Iron Trucks.	For Gun Carriages.
	Lot Wads.	Old.
	“ Bugles.	“
10	Portfire clippers.	
	Lot Standards.	
4	Formers.	Copper.
1	Jack.	Iron.
1	Pair Steelyards.	
300	Equipments for Hall's Rifle.	Complete.
6	Kegs Powder.	

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }  
 Augusta, Dec. 31, 1838. }

RUFUS C. VOSE, *Adjutant General,*  
*and Acting Quarter Master General.*

SCHEDULE of *Public Property in the Arsenal at Bath.*

NO.	DESCRIPTION.
1	Iron 9 Pr. Cannon, carriage, limber, ammunition boxes, harnesses and apparatus complete.
19	Pr. Cannonade, carriage and apparatus complete.
3	Iron 3 Pr. Cannon, carriage, limber, ammunition boxes, harnesses and apparatus complete.
1	Tumbril and Harness.
4	Collars.
5	Headstalls.
19	Halters.
2	Pr. Hames.
16	Belts.
10	Bands.
9	Haversacks.
80	Bricoles.
4	Prolongs.
8	Drag Ropes.
9	Portfire Stocks.
8	Linstocks.
4	Sponge Pails.
5	Tube Boxes.
21	Tubes.
7	Powder Horns.
15	Priming Wires.
6	Gimblets.
1	Gouge.
1	Auger.
2	Hammers.
1	Chisel.
23	Portfire.
3	Saws.
2	Axes.
1	Pr. Nippers.
3	Boxes Canister Shot.
	Lot Double Headed Shot.
	“ Round Shot.
2	Nippers for Hot Shot.
	Lot Grape Shot.
2	Hatchets.
	Lot Wadding.
8	Chains.
4	Worms and Spoons.
5	Sponge and Rammers.
40	Case Shot.



NO.	DESCRIPTION.
10	Boxes Bullets, 1800 each of 18 to lb.
896	Packs Cartridges and Balls, of 12 to the pack.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }  
Augusta, Dec. 31, 1838. }

RUFUS C. VOSE, *Adjutant General,*  
*and Acting Quarter Master General.*

# STATE OF MAINE.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }  
January 16, 1839. }

Read, laid on the table, and 300 copies ordered to be  
printed for the use of the Legislature.

CHARLES WATERHOUSE, *Clerk.*