

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## CHAPTER 13

## UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

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## SUBCHAPTER I

## GENERAL PROVISIONS

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**§ 1041. Short title**

This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Employment Security Law".

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 2.

**§ 1042. Policy**

Economic insecurity due to unemployment is a serious menace to the health, morals and welfare of the people of this

State. Unemployment is therefore a subject of general interest and concern which requires appropriate action by the Legislature to prevent its spread and to lighten its burden which may fall upon the unemployed worker, his family and the entire community. The achievement of social security requires protection against this greatest hazard of our economic life. This objective can be furthered by operating free public employment offices in affiliation with a nation-wide system of public employment services; by devising appropriate methods for reducing the volume of unemployment; and by the systematic accumulation of funds during periods of employment from which benefits may be paid for periods of unemployment, thus maintaining purchasing power, promoting the use of the highest skills of unemployed workers and limiting the serious social consequences of unemployment.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 1; 1957, c. 381, § 1.

### § 1043.      Definitions

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words shall have the following meanings:

**1. Agricultural labor.** "Agricultural labor" includes all services performed:

**A.** On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training and management of livestock, bees, poultry and fur-bearing animals and wild life.

**B.** In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm.

**C.** In connection with the production or harvesting of maple syrup or maple sugar or any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15(g) of the Federal Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended, or in connection with the raising or harvesting of mushrooms, or in connection with the hatching of poultry, or in connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs or waterways used

exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes.

**D.** In handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such service is performed as an incident to ordinary farming operations or, in the case of fruits and vegetables, as an incident to the preparation of such fruits or vegetables for market. This paragraph shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption.

As used in this subsection, the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses, or other similar structure used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards.

1957, c. 381, § 2; 1959, c. 222.

**2. Annual payroll.** "Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages paid by an employer during a calendar year, not meaning, however, to include that part of individual wages or salaries in excess of \$3,000 in any calendar year.

**3. Base period.** "Base period" means the calendar year immediately preceding any benefit year.

**4. Benefits.** "Benefits" means the money payments payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, with respect to his unemployment.

**5. Benefit year.** "Benefit year" means the 12 consecutive month period ending March 31st.

**6. Calendar quarter.** "Calendar quarter" means the period of 3 consecutive calendar months ending on March 31st, June 30th, September 30th or December 31st.

**7. Commission.** "Commission" means the Employment Security Commission.

**8. Contributions.** "Contributions" means the money payments to the State Unemployment Compensation Fund required by this chapter.

**9. Employer.** "Employer" means:

**A.** On and after January 1, 1956, any employing unit which for some portion of a day, but not necessarily simultaneously, in each of 20 different weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, within a calendar year starting with 1955, had in employment 4 or more individuals, irrespective of whether the same individuals are or were employed in each such day;

**B.** Any individual or employing unit which acquired the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, of another which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to this chapter;

**C.** Any individual or employing unit which acquired the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, of another employing unit not an employer subject to this chapter and which, if subsequent to such acquisition it were treated as a single unit with such other employing unit, would be an employer under paragraph A;

**D.** Any employing unit which together with one or more other employing units is owned or controlled, by legally enforceable means or otherwise, directly or indirectly by the same interests, or which owns or controls one or more other employing units, by legally enforceable means or otherwise, and which, if treated as a single unit with such other employing unit, or interests, or both, would be an employer under paragraph A;

**E.** Any employing unit not an employer by reason of any other paragraph of this subsection, for which within either the current or preceding calendar year service in employment is or was performed with respect to which such employing unit is liable for any federal tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a State Unemployment Fund;

**F.** Any employing unit which, having become an employer under paragraphs A, B, C, D or G, has not, under section 1222, ceased to be an employer subject to this chapter, or for the effective period of its election pursuant to section 1222, subsection 3, any other employing unit which has elected to become fully subject to this chapter; or

**G.** Any individual or employing unit which acquired any part of the organization, trade or business or assets of another which part had it been treated as a separate unit would have been an employer under paragraph A.

1955, c. 421, §§ 1, 2; 1957, c. 381, §§ 3, 4.

**10. Employing unit.** "Employing unit" means any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint stock company, insurance company or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has or subsequent to January 1, 1935, had in its employ one or more individuals performing services for it within this State. All individuals performing services within this State for any employing unit which maintains 2 or more separate establishments within this State shall be deemed to be employed by a single employing unit for all the purposes of this chapter. Whenever any employing unit contracts with or has under it any contractor or subcontractor for any work which is part of its usual trade, occupation, profession or business, unless the employing unit as well as each such contractor or subcontractor is an employer by reason of subsection 9 or section 1222, subsection 3, the employing unit shall for all the purposes of this chapter be deemed to employ each individual in the employ of each such contractor or subcontractor for each day during which such individual is engaged in performing such work; except that each such contractor or subcontractor who is an employer by reason of subsection 9 or section 1222, subsection 3, shall alone be liable for the employer's contributions measured by wages to individuals in his employ, and except that any employing unit who shall become liable for and pay contributions with respect to individuals in the employ of any such contractor or subcontractor who is not an employer by reason of subsection 9 or section 1222, subsection 3, may recover the same from such contractor or subcontractor. Each individual employed to perform or to assist in performing the work of any agent or employee of an employing unit shall be deemed to be employed by such employing unit for all the purposes of this chapter, whether such individual was hired or paid directly by such employing unit or by such agent or employee, provided the employing unit had actual or constructive knowledge of such work.

**11. Employment.** "Employment," except as otherwise provided in paragraph F, subparagraph (2), means any service performed prior to July 26, 1940 which was employment as defined in this subsection prior to such date, and subject to the other provisions of this subsection service performed after July 26, 1940, including service in interstate commerce, performed for wages or under any contract of hire, written or oral, expressed or implied.

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If the services performed during  $\frac{1}{2}$  or more of any pay period by an individual for the person employing him constitute employment, all the services of such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services performed during more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  of any such pay period by an individual for the person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this paragraph the term "pay period" means a period of not more than 31 consecutive days for which a payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the individual by the person employing him. This paragraph shall not be applicable with respect to services performed in a pay period by an individual for the person employing him, where any of such service is excepted by paragraph F, subparagraph (3).

**A.** The term "employment" shall include an individual's entire service, performed within or both within and without this State if:

(1) The service is localized in this State; or

(2) The service is not localized in any state but some of the service is performed in this State and the base of operations, or if there is no base of operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this State, or the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this State.

**B.** Services performed within this State but not covered under paragraph A shall be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter if contributions are not required and paid with respect to such services under an unemployment compensation or employment security law of any other state or of the Federal Government.

**C.** Services not covered under paragraph A, and performed entirely without this State, with respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid under an unemployment compensation or employment security law of any other state or of the Federal Government, shall be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter if the individual performing such services is a resident of this State and the commission approves the election of the employing unit for whom such services are performed that the entire service of such individual shall be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter.

**D.** Service shall be deemed to be localized within a state if:

(1) The service is performed entirely within such state;

or

(2) The service is performed both within and without such state, but the service performed without such state is incidental to the individual's service within the State, for example, is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the term "employment" shall include all service performed after January 1, 1947, by an officer or member of the crew of an American vessel on or in connection with such vessel, providing that the operating office, from which the operations of such vessel operating on navigable waters within, or within and without, the United States are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed or controlled, is within this State.

**E.** Services performed by an individual for remuneration shall be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter unless and until it is shown to the satisfaction of the commission that:

(1) Such individual has been and will continue to be free from control or direction over the performance of such services, both under his contract of service and in fact; and

(2) Such service is either outside the usual course of the business for which such service is performed, or that such service is performed outside of all the places of business of the enterprise for which such service is performed; and

(3) Such individual is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession or business.

**F.** The term "employment" shall not include:

(1) Service performed in the employ of this State, or of any political subdivision thereof, or of any instrumentality of this State or its political subdivisions;

(2) Service performed in the employ of the United States Government or an instrumentality of the United States immune under the Constitution of the United States from the contributions imposed by this chapter,

except that on and after January 1, 1940 to the extent that the Congress of the United States has permitted states to require any instrumentalities of the United States to make payments into an unemployment compensation fund under a state unemployment compensation or employment security law, all of the provisions of this chapter shall be applicable to such instrumentalities and to services performed for such instrumentalities, in the same manner, to the same extent and on the same terms as to all other employers, employing units, individuals and services. If this State shall not be certified for any year by the Secretary of Labor under section 3304 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, the payments required of such instrumentalities with respect to such year shall be refunded by the commission from the fund in the same manner and within the same period as is provided in section 1223, subsection 5, with respect to contributions erroneously collected;

(3) Service with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable under an unemployment compensation system or employment security system established by an Act of Congress. The commission is authorized and directed to enter into agreements with the proper agencies under such Act of Congress, which agreements shall become effective 10 days after publication thereof in the manner provided in section 1082, subsection 2, for regulations, to provide reciprocal treatment to individuals who have, after acquiring potential rights to benefits under this chapter, acquired rights to unemployment compensation under such Act of Congress, or who have, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment compensation under such Act of Congress, acquired rights to benefits under this chapter;

(4) Agricultural labor as defined in subsection 1;

(5) Domestic service in a private home;

(6) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his son, daughter or spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of 21 in the employ of his father or mother;

(7) Service performed in the employ of a corporation, community chest, fund or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary or educational purposes, or for the prevention

of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation;

(8) Service performed in the employ of a college fraternity or sorority, or any of its chapters, lodges, branches, subsidiaries or chapter house corporations;

(9) Service performed with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act (52 Stat. 1094);

(10) Services performed in the employ of any other state, or any political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing which is wholly owned by one or more states or political subdivisions; and any services performed in the employ of any instrumentality of one or more other states or their political subdivisions to the extent that the instrumentality is, with respect to such service, immune under the Constitution of the United States from the tax imposed by section 3301 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code;

(11) Service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of any organization exempt from income tax under section 501 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, if:

(a) The remuneration for such service is less than \$50, or

(b) Such service is in connection with the collection of dues or premiums for a fraternal beneficiary society, order or association and is performed away from the home office, or is ritualistic service in connection with any such society, order or association, or

(c) Such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at a school, college or university;

(12) Service performed in the employ of an agricultural or horticultural organization exempt from income tax under section 501 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code;

(13) Service performed in the employ of a voluntary employees' beneficiary association providing for the payment of life, sick, accident or other benefits to the mem-

bers of such association or their dependents, if no part of its net earnings inures, other than through such payment, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and 85% or more of the income consists of amounts collected from members for the sole purpose of making such payments and meeting expenses;

(14) Service performed in the employ of a voluntary employees' beneficiary association providing for the payment of life, sick, accident or other benefits to the members of such association or their dependents or their designated beneficiaries, if admission to membership in such association is limited to individuals who are officers or employees of the United States Government, and no part of the net earnings of such association inures, other than through such payments, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(15) Service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of a school, college or university, not exempt from income tax under section 501 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, if such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college or university;

(16) Service performed in the employ of a foreign government, including service as a consular or other officer or employee or a nondiplomatic representative;

(17) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality wholly owned by a foreign government:

(a) If the service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign countries by employees of the United States Government or an instrumentality thereof, and

(b) If the commission finds that the United States Secretary of State has certified to the United States Secretary of the Treasury that the foreign government, with respect to whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent exemption with respect to similar service performed in the foreign country by employees of the United States Government and of instrumentalities thereof;

(18) Service performed as a student nurse in the employ of a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a

nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to state law; and service performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an individual who has completed a 4 years' course in a medical school chartered or approved pursuant to state law;

(19) Service performed by an individual for a person as an insurance agent or as an insurance solicitor, if all such service performed by such individual for such person is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission; and

(20) Service performed by an individual under the age of 18 in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution.

G. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, "employment" shall include service with respect to which a tax is required to be paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund.

1957, c. 381, §§ 5-8.

**12. Employment office.** "Employment office" means a free public employment office, or branch thereof, operated by this State or the United States or maintained as a part of a state-controlled system of public employment offices.

**13. Employment Security Administration Fund.** "Employment Security Administration Fund" means the Employment Security Administration Fund from which administrative expenses under this chapter shall be paid.

**14. Fund.** "Fund" means the Unemployment Compensation Fund to which all contributions required and from which all benefits provided under this chapter shall be paid.

**15. Insured work.** "Insured work" means employment by employers.

**16. State.** "State" includes, in addition to the states of the United States of America, Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia.

1961, c. 170, § 1.

**17. Unemployment, total and partial.** "Unemployment, total and partial," means:

A. An individual shall be deemed "totally unemployed" in any week with respect to which no wages are payable to

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him and during which he performs no services, except that any amounts received from the Federal Government by members of the National Guard and organized reserve, including base pay and allowances, or any amounts received by volunteer firemen, shall not be deemed wages for the purpose of this subsection.

**B.** An individual shall be deemed "partially unemployed" in any week of less than full-time work if his wages payable from any source for such week are less than the weekly benefit amount he would be entitled to receive if totally unemployed and eligible, except that any amounts received from the Federal Government by members of the National Guard and organized reserve, including base pay and allowances, or any amounts received by volunteer firemen, shall not be deemed wages for the purpose of this subsection.

**C.** An individual's week of unemployment shall be deemed to commence only after his registration at an employment office, except as the commission may by regulation otherwise prescribe.

1957, c. 344, § 1; c. 447, § 1; 1963, c. 413, § 1.

**18. Unpaid wages.** "Unpaid wages" means wages earned by an employee for employment from employers which remain unpaid because the assets of the employer for whom such employment was rendered are in the custody or control of an assignee for the benefit of creditors, receiver, trustee or any other fiduciary appointed by, or under the control of a court of competent jurisdiction and shall, for all the purposes of this chapter, be deemed to be and shall be treated as though such wages had been paid to such employee during the calendar year within which such wages were earned.

**19. Wages.** "Wages" means all remuneration for personal services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all remuneration in any medium other than cash. The reasonable cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commission, except that for the purposes of section 1191, subsection 2, section 1192, subsection 5, and section 1221 such terms shall not include:

**A.** Subsequent to December 31, 1950, that part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to \$3,000 has been paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar

year, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund. The wages of an individual for employment with an employer shall be subject to this exception whether earned in this State or any other state when the employer-employee relationship is between the same legal entities;

**B.** The amount of any payment made after December 31, 1950 to, or on behalf of, an employee under a plan or system established by an employing unit which makes provision for his employees generally or for a class or classes of his employees, including any amount paid by an employing unit for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment, on account of retirement, or sickness or accident disability, or medical and hospitalization expense in connection with sickness or accident disability, or death;

**C.** The payment by an employing unit, without deductions from the remuneration of the employee, of the tax imposed upon an employee under section 1400 of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act as amended, with respect to service performed after July 26, 1940;

**D.** The amount of any payment, other than vacation or sick pay, made after January 1, 1958, to an individual after the month in which he attains the age of 65, if he did not perform services for the employing unit in the period for which such payment is made.

1957, c. 381, § 9.

**20. Week.** "Week" means such period or periods of 7 calendar days as the commission may by regulation prescribe. The commission may, by regulation, prescribe that a week shall be deemed to be "in," "within" or "during" a benefit year which includes any part of such week.

**21. Weekly benefit amount.** "Weekly benefit amount" means the amount of benefits an individual would be entitled to receive for one week of total unemployment.

**22. Regular employment.** "Regular employment" means work at the individual's customary trade, occupation, profession or business as opposed to temporary or odd job employment out-

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side of such customary trade, occupation, profession or business. (1961, c. 361, § 12; 1963, c. 413, § 2.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 3; 1955, c. 421, §§ 1, 2; 1957, c. 344, § 1; c. 381, §§ 2-9; c. 447, § 1; 1959, c. 222; 1961, c. 170, § 1; c. 361, § 12; 1963, c. 413, §§ 1, 2.

**§ 1044.      Protection of rights and benefits**

**1. Waiver of rights void; penalty.** Any agreement by an individual to waive, release or commute his rights to benefits or any other rights under this chapter shall be void. Any agreement by an individual in the employ of any person or concern to pay all or any portion of an employer's contributions, required under this chapter from such employer, shall be void. No employer shall directly or indirectly make or require or accept any deduction from wages to finance the employer's contributions required from him, or require or accept any waiver of any right hereunder by any individual in his employ. Any employer or officer or agent of an employer who violates any provision of this subsection shall, for each offense, be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or by both.

**2. Limitation of fees; penalty.** No individual claiming benefits shall be charged fees of any kind in any proceeding under this chapter by the commission or its representatives or by any court or any officer thereof. Any individual claiming benefits in any proceeding before the commission or a court may be represented by counsel or other duly authorized agent; but no such counsel or agents shall either charge or receive for such services more than an amount approved by the commission. Any person who violates any provision of this subsection shall, for each such offense, be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500, or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or by both.

**3. No assignment of benefits; exemptions.** Any assignment, pledge or encumbrance of any right to benefits which are or may become due or payable under this chapter shall be void. Such rights to benefits shall be exempt from levy, execution, attachment or any other remedy whatsoever provided for the collection of debt. Benefits received by any individual, so long as they are not mingled with other funds of the recipient, shall be exempt from any remedy whatsoever for the collection of all debts except debts incurred for necessities furnished to such individual or his spouse or dependents during the time when such individual was

unemployed. No waiver of any exemption provided for in this subsection shall be valid.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 22.

### **§ 1045. Representation in court**

**1. Civil actions.** In any civil action to enforce this chapter the commission and the State may be represented by any qualified attorney who is employed by the commission and designated by it for this purpose or at the commission's request, by the Attorney General.

**2. Criminal actions.** All criminal actions for violation of any provision of this chapter, or of any regulations issued pursuant thereto, shall be prosecuted by the Attorney General, or, at his request and under his direction, by the prosecuting attorney of any county in which the employer has a place of business or the violator resides.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 23.

### **§ 1046. Nonliability**

Benefits shall be deemed to be due and payable under this chapter only to the extent provided in this chapter and to the extent that moneys are available therefor to the credit of the Unemployment Compensation Fund, and neither the State nor the commission shall be liable for any amount in excess of such sums.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 24.

### **§ 1047. Information privileged**

All information transmitted to the commission or its duly authorized representatives pursuant to this chapter shall be absolutely privileged and shall not be made the subject matter or basis in any action of slander or libel in any court in this State.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 29.

### **§ 1048. Separability of provisions**

If any provision of this chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 25.

**§ 1049.    Saving clause**

All the rights, privileges or immunities conferred by this chapter or by acts done pursuant thereto shall exist subject to the power of the Legislature to amend or repeal this chapter at any time.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 26.

**§ 1050.    Constitutionality**

If at any time the provisions of this chapter requiring the payment of contributions and benefits have been held invalid under the Constitution of this State by the Supreme Judicial Court of this State or under the United States Constitution by the Supreme Court of the United States in such manner that any person or concern required to pay contributions under this chapter might secure a similar decision, or that the tax imposed by Title IX of the Social Security Act, as amended, or any other federal tax against which contributions under this chapter may be credited has been amended or repealed by Congress or has been held unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States, with the result that no portion of the contributions required by this chapter may be credited against such federal tax, the Governor shall forthwith publicly so proclaim and upon the date of such proclamation the provisions of this chapter requiring the payment of contributions and benefits shall be suspended. The commission shall thereupon requisition from the Unemployment Trust Fund all moneys therein standing to its credit and shall direct the Treasurer of State to deposit such moneys, together with any other moneys in the fund, as a special fund in any banks or public depositories in this State in which general funds of the State may be deposited, and to hold such moneys for such disposition as the Legislature shall prescribe. The commission shall thereupon refund, as the Legislature shall prescribe, without interest and in accordance with regulations prescribed by it, to each person or concern by whom contributions have been paid, their pro rata share of the total contributions paid under this chapter. Any interest or earnings of the fund shall be available to the commission to pay for the costs of making such refunds. When the commission shall have executed the duties prescribed and performed such other acts as are incidental to the termination of its duties under this chapter, the Governor shall by proclamation declare that this chapter shall cease to be operative.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 27.

**§ 1051. Penalties**

**1. False statement or representation.** Whoever makes a false statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase any benefit or other payment under this chapter, or under an employment security law of any other state or of the Federal Government, either for himself or for any other person, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$50, or by imprisonment for not more than 30 days, or by both. Each such false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact shall constitute a separate offense.

**2. By employing unit.** Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who makes a false statement or representation knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of benefits to any individual entitled thereto, or to avoid becoming or remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any contribution or other payment required from an employing unit under this chapter, or under an employment security law of any other state or of the Federal Government, or who willfully fails or refuses to make any such contributions or other payment or to furnish any reports required hereunder or to produce or permit the inspection or copying of records as required, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$200, or by imprisonment for not more than 60 days, or by both. Each such false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each such failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense.

**3. Willful violation of chapter or regulation.** Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of this chapter or any regulation thereunder, the violation of which is made unlawful or the observance of which is required under the terms of this chapter, and for which a penalty is neither prescribed herein nor provided by any other applicable statute, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$200 or by imprisonment for not more than 60 days, or by both.

**4. Nondisclosure or misrepresentation to receive benefits.** Any person who, by reason of the nondisclosure or misrepresentation by him or by another, of a material fact, and such nondisclosure or misrepresentation was known to him or ought to have been known by him to be fraudulent, has received any sum as benefits under this chapter while any conditions for the receipt

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of benefits imposed by this chapter were not fulfilled in his case, or while he was disqualified from receiving benefits, shall, in the discretion of the commission either be liable to have such sum deducted from any future benefits payable to him under this chapter or shall be liable to repay to the commission for the Unemployment Compensation Fund, a sum equal to the amount so received by him, and such sum shall be collectible in the manner provided in section 1223, subsection 3, for the collection of past-due contributions.

**5. Refusal to repay erroneous payments.** If, after due notice, any person refuses to repay amounts erroneously paid to him as unemployment benefits, the amount due from such person may be collected by a civil action with account annexed brought in the name of the commission or in the discretion of the commission the amount erroneously paid to such person may be deducted from any future benefits payable to him under this chapter. (1961, c. 317, § 54.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 28; 1961, c. 317, § 54.

**SUBCHAPTER II**

**COMMISSION**

Sec.

1081. Administrative organization.

1082. Powers and duties.

1083. Employment service.

**§ 1081. Administrative organization**

**1. Commission.** The Maine Employment Security Commission, as heretofore created, shall consist of 3 members, one of whom shall be a representative of labor, one of whom shall be a representative of employers, and one of whom shall be impartial and shall represent the public generally, and shall be chairman. Upon the expiration of the term of office of any member, his successor shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, to hold office for a term of 6 years or until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified, or during the pleasure of the Governor and Council, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed

for the remainder of such term. During his term of membership on the commission, no member shall engage in any other business, vocation or employment, or serve as an officer or committee member of any political party organization, and not more than 2 members of the commission shall be members of the same political party.

**2. Salaries.** The chairman of the commission shall receive a fixed weekly salary, at the rate of \$11,500 per year, and each of the other members shall receive a fixed weekly salary, at the rate of \$11,000 per year, and shall be paid from the Employment Security Administration Fund.

1955, c. 473, § 7; 1957, c. 418, § 8; 1959, c. 361, § 7; 1963, c. 200.

**3. Quorum.** Any 2 commissioners shall constitute a quorum. Whenever the commission hears any case involving a disputed claim for benefits under this chapter, the impartial member of the commission shall act alone in the absence or disqualification of any other member, provided that in the event of illness or extended absence on the part of the impartial member or in the event of a vacancy in that position, the remaining members may act on appeals and conduct hearings and render a decision, provided both members agree. Except as otherwise provided, no vacancy shall impair the right of the remaining commissioners to exercise all of the powers of the commission. (1963, c. 413, § 3.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 4; 1955, c. 473, § 7; 1957, c. 418, § 8; 1959, c. 361, § 7; 1963, c. 200; c. 413, § 3.

## § 1082. Powers and duties

**1. Duties and powers of commission.** It shall be the duty of the commission to administer this chapter. It shall have power and authority to adopt, amend or rescind regulations as provided in subsection 2, to employ such persons, make such expenditures, require such reports, make such investigations and take such other action as it deems necessary or suitable to that end. Such regulations shall be effective upon publication in the manner, not inconsistent with this chapter, which the commission shall prescribe. The commission shall determine its own organization and methods of procedure in accordance with this chapter, and shall have an official seal which shall be judicially noticed. Not later than the first day of May of each year, the commission shall submit to the Governor a report covering the administration and operation of this chapter during the preceding calendar year and

shall make such recommendations for amendments to this chapter as the commission deems proper. Such report shall include a balance sheet of the moneys in the Unemployment Compensation Fund in which there shall be provided, if possible, a reserve against the liability in future years to pay benefits in excess of the then current contributions, which reserve shall be set up by the commission in accordance with accepted actuarial principles on the basis of statistics of employment, business activity and other relevant factors for the longest possible period. Whenever the commission believes that a change in contribution or benefit rates will become necessary to protect the solvency of the fund, it shall promptly so inform the Governor and the Legislature, and make recommendations with respect thereto.

**2. Regulations.** The commission shall make, amend or rescind, after public hearing thereon, notice of which has been duly advertised in the state paper reasonable regulations as required by this chapter. Such regulations shall become effective 10 days after a certified copy has been filed with the Secretary of State and notice of filing shall be published in the state paper.

Any person aggrieved by any such regulation, or any act or order of the commission in enforcement thereof, may appeal to the Superior Court by filing a complaint within 30 days, and it shall fix a time and place of hearing and cause notice thereof to be given the commission; and after the hearing, the court may affirm or reverse the regulation, act or order of the commission. Said commission may waive the requirements of any such regulations under special circumstances or conditions.

This subsection shall not apply to regulations of the commission governing its personnel.

1959, c. 317, § 10; 1961, c. 417, § 82.

**3. Publication.** The commission shall cause to be printed for distribution to the public the text of this chapter, the commission's regulations, its annual reports to the Governor and any other material the commission deems relevant and suitable, and shall furnish the same to any person upon application therefor.

**4. Personnel.** Subject to other provisions of this chapter, the commission is authorized to appoint, and prescribe the duties and powers of, and fix the compensation of such officers, accountants, attorneys, experts and other persons as may be necessary in the performance of its duties, subject to the Personnel Law. The commission may delegate to any such person so appointed such power and authority as it deems reasonable and proper for

the effective administration of this chapter, and may in its discretion bond any person handling moneys or signing checks hereunder. On request of the commission, the Attorney General shall represent the commission and the State in any court action relating to this chapter or to its administration and enforcement. Special counsel may be designated by the Attorney General at the request of the commission whose services and expenses, subject to approval by the Governor and Council, shall be paid from the funds provided for the administration of this chapter. The commission shall not employ or pay any person who is an officer or committee member of any political party organization.

**5. Advisory council.** The commission shall appoint a State Advisory Council consisting of not more than 9 members composed of an equal number of employer representatives and employee representatives who may fairly be regarded as representative because of their vocation, employment or affiliations and an equal number of members representing the general public. Such council shall meet no less than 4 times a year and shall aid the commission in formulating policies and discussing problems related to the administration of this chapter and in assuring impartiality and freedom from political influence in the solution of such problems. Each member of the advisory council shall be compensated in the amount of \$20 for each day in attendance upon a meeting of the council in addition to reimbursement for any necessary expenses. Such compensation paid to any one member of the council shall not exceed the sum of \$240 in any one fiscal year.

1955, c. 350.

**6. Employment stabilization.** The commission, with the advice and aid of such advisory council as it may appoint, may take all appropriate steps to reduce and prevent unemployment; to encourage and assist in the adoption of practical methods of vocational training, retraining and vocational guidance; to investigate, recommend, advise and assist in the establishment and operation, by municipalities, counties, school districts and the State, of reserves for public works to be used in times of business depression and unemployment; to promote the reemployment of unemployed workers throughout the State in every other way that may be feasible; and to these ends to carry on and publish the results of investigations and research studies.

**7. Records and reports.** Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate work records, containing such information as

the commission may prescribe. Such records shall be open to inspection and be subject to being copied by the commission or its authorized representatives at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary. The commission may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports, with respect to persons employed by it, which the commission deems necessary for the effective administration of this chapter. Information thus obtained or obtained from any individual pursuant to the administration of this chapter shall, except to the extent necessary for proper presentation of a claim, be held confidential and shall not be published or be open to public inspection, other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties, in any manner revealing the individual's or employing unit's identity, but any claimant or his legal representative at a hearing before an appeal tribunal or the commission shall be supplied with information from such records to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of his claim. Records, with any necessary authentication thereof, required in the prosecution of any criminal action brought by another state for misrepresentation to obtain benefits under the law of this State shall be made available to the agency administering the employment security law of any such state for the purpose of such prosecution. Any person who violates any provision of this subsection shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$200, or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both.

**8. Oaths and witnesses.** In the discharge of the duties imposed by this chapter, the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal and any duly authorized representative of either of them shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with a disputed claim or the administration of this chapter. Oaths and affirmations required by reason of duties performed pursuant to this chapter may be administered by any of such persons as may be designated for the purpose by the commission. In the discharge of the duties imposed by this chapter, the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or any duly authorized representative of either of them, when the interests of any interested party demand, may issue commissions to take depositions to any unemployment compensation or employment security official empowered to take such

depositions under this chapter or the laws of any other state, for either of the following causes:

- A. When the deponent resides out of, or is absent from, the State;
- B. When the deponent is bound to sea, or is about to go out of the State; or
- C. When the deponent is so aged, infirm or sick as to be unable to attend at the place of hearing.

Such depositions shall be taken by written interrogatories to be compiled by the commission or the appeal tribunal, and the adverse party shall be afforded an opportunity to refute such testimony before a determination is made. The deponent shall be sworn and the deposition shall be signed and sworn to by the deponent before admissible as testimony at a hearing before the appeal tribunal or the commission.

The form of subpoena to be used to subpoena witnesses shall be the same as used in the courts of the State and the same rule shall apply to the form of subpoena duces tecum.

**9. Subpoenas.** In case of contumacy by or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any person, any court of this State within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which said person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or the duly authorized representative of either of them shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order requiring such person to appear before the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or the duly authorized representative of either of them, there to produce evidence if so ordered or there to give testimony touching the matter under investigation or in question and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as a contempt thereof. Any person who shall without just cause fail or refuse to attend and testify or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce books, papers, correspondence, memoranda and other records, if it is in his power to do so, in obedience to a subpoena of the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or the duly authorized representative of either of them shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$200 or by imprisonment for not more than 60 days, or by both.

**10. Protection against self-incrimination.** No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, correspondence, memoranda and other records be-

fore the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or the duly authorized representative of either of them, or in obedience to the subpoena of the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or the duly authorized representative of either of them in any cause or proceeding before the commission, the chairman of an appeal tribunal or duly authorized representative of either of them, on the ground that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture; but no individual shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except that such individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

**11. State-federal cooperation.** In the administration of this chapter, the commission shall cooperate to the fullest extent consistent with this chapter with the Department of Labor; shall make such reports, in such form and containing such information as the Secretary of Labor may from time to time require, and shall comply with such provisions as the Secretary of Labor may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and shall comply with the regulations of the Secretary of Labor governing the expenditure of such sums as may be allotted and paid to this State under Title III of the Social Security Act for the purpose of assisting in the administration of this chapter. Upon request therefor the commission shall furnish to any agency of the United States, charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of benefits and such recipient's rights to further benefits under this chapter. The commission may make the state's records relating to the administration of this chapter available to the Railroad Retirement Board and may furnish the Railroad Retirement Board, at the expense of such board, such copies thereof as the Railroad Retirement Board deems necessary for its purposes. The commission may afford reasonable cooperation with every agency of the United States charged with the administration of any unemployment insurance law or employment security law.

**12. Reciprocal benefit arrangements.** The commission is authorized to enter into arrangements with the appropriate agen-

cies of other states or the Federal Government whereby potential rights of individuals to benefits accumulated under the unemployment compensation or employment security laws of the several states or under such law of the Federal Government, or both, may constitute the basis for the payment of benefits to such individuals through a single appropriate agency under terms which the commission finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests and will not result in any substantial loss to the fund. The commission is authorized to reimburse such state or federal agency for such benefits as may be paid by that agency upon the basis of wages received in employment subject to this chapter or to receive from such state or federal agency such amounts as may be paid from the fund upon the basis of wages received in employment subject to the laws of such state or of the Federal Government. Any reimbursement made in accordance with this subsection shall be charged against the accounts of the employers whose accounts would have been charged if such benefits had been paid directly by the commission.

The commission is authorized to enter into reciprocal agreements with the appropriate agencies of other states or the Federal Government adjusting the collection and payment of contributions by employers with respect to services of individuals not performed wholly within the jurisdiction of this State whereby such services may be agreed upon to be considered for all purposes, if the commission so desires, as wholly within, or wholly without, the jurisdiction of this State, notwithstanding any provisions of section 1043, subsection 11.

The commission is authorized to make such investigations, secure and transmit such information, make available such services and facilities and exercise such of the other powers provided herein with respect to the administration of this chapter as it deems necessary or appropriate to facilitate the administration of any unemployment compensation, employment security or public employment service law, and in like manner, to accept and utilize information, services and facilities made available to this State by any agency charged with the administration of any such other unemployment compensation, employment security or public employment service law. To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the commission is authorized to enter into or cooperate in arrangements whereby facilities and services provided under this chapter and facilities and services provided under the unemployment compensation or employment security laws of any foreign government, may be utilized for the taking of claims and the payment of benefits under this

chapter, or under a similar law of such government. On request of an agency which administers an employment security law of another state, and which has found in accordance with such law that a claimant is liable to repay benefits received under such law by reason of having knowingly made a false statement or misrepresentation of a material fact with respect to a claim taken in this State as an agent for such agency, the commission may collect from such claimant the amount of such benefits to be refunded to such agency.

In any case in which under this subsection a claimant is liable to repay any amount to the agency of another state, such amounts may be collected without interest by civil action in the name of the commission acting as agent for such agency.

**13. Regulations for filing payroll reports; penalty.** The commission may prescribe regulations for the filing of payroll reports for the employing units in the State and the failure on the part of any employing unit to file the payroll reports within the time stated by the regulation of the commission shall render the employing unit liable to a penalty of \$10, unless the delay was occasioned by the illness or death of the person in charge of the records of the employing unit or by other unavoidable accident which shall excuse the employing unit from said penalty.

1955, c. 421, § 3.

**14. Determination of employer or employment; appeal.** Upon the motion of the Director of Unemployment Compensation or if a member of the commission is acting in that capacity upon the motion of a representative of the commission duly authorized by the commission to do so or upon application of an employing unit and after giving notice, the commission may hold a hearing, make findings of fact and on the basis thereof, determine whether an employing unit constitutes an employer and whether services performed for or in connection with the business of an employing unit constitute employment. In the absence of appeal therefrom, the determination of the commission, together with the record of the proceeding under this subsection, shall be admissible in any subsequent material proceeding under this chapter, and if supported by evidence, and in the absence of fraud, shall be conclusive, except as to errors of law, upon any employing unit which was a party to the proceeding under this subsection. Any such determination of the commission shall become final 10 days after the date of notification. If such notification is given by mail, it shall be registered and the date of receipt thereof by the employing unit shall control. Any employing unit aggrieved thereby

shall have 15 days after the determination of the commission became final in which to perfect his appeal thereof and on such appeal the commission shall be deemed to be a party and may be represented by counsel. Such appeal shall be commenced by filing a complaint in the Superior Court of the county in which the employing unit has its principal place of business, a copy of which complaint shall be served upon the commission or upon such person as the commission may designate. With its answer, the commission shall certify and file with said court the original or certified copies of all documents and papers and a transcript of all testimony in the matter together with its findings of fact and decision therein. Upon the motion of any party to the appeal, the court may order additional testimony or evidence to be offered and upon the basis of all the evidence before him shall determine the issues. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the Superior Court to the Supreme Judicial Court in the same manner as is provided in civil actions. (1961, c. 317, § 47.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 5; 1955, c. 350; c. 421, § 3; 1959, c. 317, § 10; 1961, c. 317, § 47; c. 417, § 82.

### § 1083. Employment service

**1. State employment service.** The commission shall establish and maintain free public employment offices in such number and in such places as may be necessary for the proper administration of this chapter and for the purpose of performing such duties as are within the purview of the "Wagner-Peyser Act." It shall be the duty of the commission to cooperate with any official or agency of the United States having powers or duties under the said Act of Congress, as amended, and to do and perform all things necessary to secure to this State the benefits of the said Act of Congress, as amended, in the promotion and maintenance of a system of public employment offices. The provisions of the said Act of Congress, as amended, are accepted by this State, in conformity with section 4 of said Act, and this State will observe and comply with the requirements thereof. The commission is designated and constituted the agency of this State for the purpose of said Act. The commission may cooperate with or enter into agreements with the Railroad Retirement Board with respect to the establishment, maintenance and use of free employment service facilities.

**2. Financing.** All moneys received by this State under the said Act of Congress, as amended, shall be paid into the Employment Security Administration Fund, and said moneys are made available to the commission to be expended as provided by this

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section and by said Act of Congress. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining free public employment offices, the commission is authorized to enter into agreements with the Railroad Retirement Board, or any other agency of the United States charged with the administration of an unemployment compensation law or employment security law, with any political subdivision of this State or with any private, nonprofit organization, and as a part of any such agreement the commission may accept moneys, services or quarters as a contribution to the Employment Security Administration Fund.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 6.

SUBCHAPTER III

**EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION FUND**

Sec.

1111. Use of fund.

1112. Reimbursement of fund.

**§ 1111. Use of fund**

The special fund in the State Treasury known as the Unemployment Compensation Administration Fund, as heretofore created, shall hereafter be known as the Employment Security Administration Fund. All moneys which are deposited or paid into this fund are appropriated and made available to the commission. All moneys in this fund shall be expended solely for the purpose of defraying the cost of the administration of this chapter, and for no other purpose whatsoever. The fund shall consist of all moneys appropriated by this State, and all moneys received from the United States of America, or any agency thereof, including the Social Security Board, Railroad Retirement Board and the United States Employment Service, or from any other source, for such purpose. Moneys received from the Railroad Retirement Board as compensation for services or facilities supplied to said board shall be paid into this fund on the same basis as expenditures are made for such services or facilities from such fund. All moneys in this fund shall be deposited, administered and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions and requirements as is provided by law for other special funds in the State Treasury. Any balances in this fund shall not lapse at any time, but shall be continuously available to the commission for expenditure consistent with this chapter.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 7.

**§ 1112. Reimbursement of fund**

If any moneys received in the Employment Security Administration Fund after June 30, 1941 are found by the Secretary of Labor because of any action or contingency, to have been lost or been expended for purposes other than, or in amounts in excess of, those found necessary by the Secretary of Labor for the proper administration of this chapter, it is the policy of this State that such moneys shall be replaced by moneys appropriated for such purpose from the general funds of this State to the Employment Security Administration Fund for expenditure as provided in section 1111. Upon receipt of notice of such a finding by the Secretary of Labor the commission shall promptly report the amount required for such replacement to the Governor, and the Governor shall at the earliest opportunity submit to the Legislature a request for the appropriation of such amount. This section shall not be construed to relieve this State of its obligation with respect to funds received prior to July 1, 1941, pursuant to Title III of the Social Security Act.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 7.

**SUBCHAPTER IV****UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND**

Sec.

1141. Contents of fund.

**§ 1141. Contents of fund**

The Unemployment Compensation Fund, as heretofore created, shall be a special fund, separate and apart from all public moneys or funds of this State, and shall be administered by the commission exclusively for the purposes of this chapter. All moneys in the fund shall be mingled and undivided. This fund shall consist of:

1. **Contributions.** All contributions collected under this chapter;
2. **Interest.** Interest earned upon any moneys in the fund;
3. **Property or securities.** Any property or securities acquired through the use of moneys belonging to the fund;
4. **Earnings.** All earnings of such property or securities;
5. **Moneys.** All other moneys received for the fund under any Act of Congress or from any other source.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 8.

SUBCHAPTER V

MANAGEMENT OF FUNDS

Sec.

- 1161. Accounts and deposit.
- 1162. Withdrawals.
- 1163. Management on discontinuance of Unemployment Trust Fund.
- 1164. Special Administrative Expense Fund.

**§ 1161. Accounts and deposit**

The Treasurer of State shall be the ex officio treasurer and custodian of the Unemployment Compensation Fund and shall administer such fund in accordance with the directions of the commission. The Treasurer of State shall maintain within the fund 3 separate accounts:

1. **Clearing account.** A clearing account;
2. **Trust fund account.** An unemployment trust fund account; and
3. **Benefit account.** A benefit account.

All moneys payable to the fund, upon receipt thereof by the commission, shall be forwarded to the Treasurer of State who shall immediately deposit them in the clearing account. Refunds payable pursuant to section 1043, subsection 11, paragraph F, subparagraph (2) or section 1223 may be paid from the clearing account or the benefit account upon warrants prepared by the commission and signed by the State Controller. After clearance thereof all other moneys in the clearing account shall be immediately deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America to the credit of the account of this State in the Unemployment Trust Fund, established and maintained pursuant to section 904 of the Social Security Act, as amended, any provisions of law in this State relating to the deposit, administration, release or disbursement of moneys in the possession or custody of this State to the contrary notwithstanding. The benefit account shall consist of all moneys requisitioned from this State's account in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

Except as otherwise provided, moneys in the clearing and benefit accounts may be deposited by the Treasurer of State, under the direction of the commission, in any bank or public depository in which general funds of the State may be deposited,

but no public deposit insurance charge or premium shall be paid out of the fund.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 9.

### § 1162. Withdrawals

Moneys shall be requisitioned from the state's account in the Unemployment Trust Fund solely for the payment of benefits and for the payment of refunds pursuant to section 1043, subsection 11, paragraph F, subparagraph (2) and section 1223 in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commission. The commission shall from time to time requisition from the Unemployment Trust Fund such amounts, not exceeding the amounts standing to this state's account therein, as it deems necessary for the payment of such benefits and refunds for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt thereof the Treasurer of State shall deposit such moneys in the benefit account and warrants shall be issued for the payment of benefits and refunds solely from such benefit account. All such warrants for the payment of benefits from the benefit account shall be prepared by and shall be signed by the chairman of the commission, and countersigned by the remaining 2 members of the commission, and when so signed and countersigned and delivered to the payee shall become a check against a designated bank or trust company acting as a depository of the State Government. The commission shall be the sole judge of the legality or propriety of any award of benefits, or the amount thereof, appearing in any such warrant prepared by the chairman, subject only to the right of appeal as provided in section 1194, subsections 8 and 9. Any balance of moneys requisitioned from the Unemployment Trust Fund which remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account after the expiration of the period for which such sums were requisitioned shall either be deducted from estimates for, and may be utilized for the payment of, benefits and refunds during succeeding periods, or, in the discretion of the commission, shall be redeposited with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America, to the credit of this state's account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, as provided in section 1161.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 10; 1955, c. 312, § 2; 1957, c. 381, § 10.

### § 1163. Management on discontinuance of Unemployment Trust Fund

Sections 1141, 1161 and 1162, to the extent that they relate to the Unemployment Trust Fund, shall be operative only so long as such Unemployment Trust Fund continues to exist and so long

as the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America continues to maintain for this State a separate book account of all funds deposited therein by this State for benefit purposes, together with this State's proportionate share of the earnings of such Unemployment Trust Fund, from which no other state is permitted to make withdrawals. If and when such Unemployment Trust Fund ceases to exist, or such separate book account is no longer maintained, all moneys, properties or securities therein, belonging to the Unemployment Compensation Fund of this State shall be transferred to the treasurer of the Unemployment Compensation Fund, who shall hold, invest, transfer, sell, deposit and release such moneys, properties or securities in a manner approved by the commission in accordance with this chapter. Such moneys shall be invested in the following readily marketable classes of securities: Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States of America or of any state in the said United States. Such investment shall at all times be so made that all the assets of the fund shall always be readily convertible into cash when needed for payment of benefits. The Treasurer of State shall dispose of securities or other properties belonging to the Unemployment Compensation Fund only under the direction of the commission.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 11.

**§ 1164. Special Administrative Expense Fund**

The Special Administrative Expense Fund, as heretofore created, shall be a special fund in the State Treasury. All interest, fines and penalties collected under this chapter, together with any voluntary contributions tendered as a contribution to this fund, shall be paid into this fund. Said moneys shall not be expended or available for expenditure in any manner which would permit their substitution for or a corresponding reduction in federal funds which would in the absence of said moneys be available to finance expenditures for the administration of the Employment Security Law. Nothing in this section shall prevent said moneys from being used as a revolving fund to cover expenditures, necessary and proper under the law, for which federal funds have been duly requested but not yet received, subject to the charging of such expenditures against such funds when received. The moneys in this fund shall be used by the commission for the payment of costs of administration which are found not to have been properly and validly chargeable against federal grants or other funds received for or in the Employment Security Administration Fund

on or after January 1, 1943. Such moneys shall be available either to satisfy the obligations incurred by the commission directly or by requesting the Treasurer of State to transfer the required amount from the Special Administrative Expense Fund to the Employment Security Administration Fund. The Treasurer of State shall upon receipt of a written request of the commission make any such transfer. No expenditure of this fund or transfer shall be made unless and until the commission by resolution duly entered in its minutes finds that no other funds are available or can properly be used to finance such expenditures. The commission shall order the transfer of such funds or the payment of any such obligation and such funds shall be paid by the Treasurer of State on requisitions drawn by the commission directing the State Controller to issue his warrant therefor. Any such warrant shall be drawn by the State Controller based upon bills of particulars and vouchers certified by an officer or employee designated by the commission. Such certification shall among other things include a duly certified copy of the resolution of the commission. The moneys in this fund are specifically made available to replace, within a reasonable time, any moneys received by this State pursuant to section 302 of the Federal Social Security Act as amended, which because of any action or contingency, have been lost or have been expended for purposes other than, or in amounts in excess of, those necessary for the proper administration of the Employment Security Law. The moneys in this fund shall be continuously available to the commission for expenditure in accordance with this section and shall not lapse at any time or be transferred to any other fund except as provided. Any moneys in the Special Administrative Expense Fund may be used to make refunds of interest, penalties or fines erroneously collected and deposited in the Special Administrative Expense Fund. On June 30th of each year all moneys in excess of \$1,000 in this fund shall be transferred to the Unemployment Compensation Fund.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 12.

## SUBCHAPTER VI

### BENEFITS

Sec.

- 1191. Payment and amounts.
- 1192. Eligibility conditions.
- 1193. Disqualification.
- 1194. Claims for benefits.

**§ 1191. Payment and amounts**

1. **Payment of benefits.** Benefits shall be paid from the Unemployment Compensation Fund through public employment offices, or such other agencies as the commission may by regulation prescribe, and in accordance with such regulations as the commission may prescribe.

2. **Weekly benefit amount for total unemployment.** On and after October 1, 1962, each eligible individual who is totally unemployed in any week shall be paid with respect to such week, benefits at the rate shown in column (C) of the schedule below on the line on which in column (A) there is indicated the individual's wage class and such rate shall be the individual's weekly benefit amount; and the maximum total amount of benefits payable to any eligible individual during any benefit year shall be the amount listed in column (D). The individual's wage class shall be determined by the total amount of wages paid to him for insured work, during his base period as shown in column (B).

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
1.      \$ 400.00 up to	\$ 449.99	\$ 9.00	\$234.00
2.      450.00 up to	499.99	10.00	260.00
3.      500.00 up to	599.99	11.00	286.00
4.      600.00 up to	699.99	12.00	312.00
5.      700.00 up to	799.99	13.00	338.00
6.      800.00 up to	899.99	14.00	364.00
7.      900.00 up to	999.99	15.00	390.00
8.      1,000.00 up to	1,099.99	17.00	442.00
9.      1,100.00 up to	1,199.99	18.00	468.00
10.     1,200.00 up to	1,299.99	19.00	494.00
11.     1,300.00 up to	1,399.99	21.00	546.00
12.     1,400.00 up to	1,499.99	22.00	572.00
13.     1,500.00 up to	1,599.99	23.00	598.00
14.     1,600.00 up to	1,699.99	25.00	650.00
15.     1,700.00 up to	1,849.99	26.00	676.00
16.     1,850.00 up to	1,999.99	27.00	702.00
17.     2,000.00 up to	2,149.99	28.00	728.00
18.     2,150.00 up to	2,299.99	29.00	754.00
19.     2,300.00 up to	2,449.99	30.00	780.00
20.     2,450.00 up to	2,599.99	31.00	806.00
21.     2,600.00 up to	2,749.99	32.00	832.00
22.     2,750.00 up to	2,899.99	33.00	858.00
23.     2,900.00 and over		34.00	884.00

1955, c. 367; 1957, c. 341; 1961, c. 361, § 1.

**3. Weekly benefit for partial unemployment.** On and after October 1, 1962, each eligible individual who is partially unemployed and whose earnings from his regular employment in any week are less than his weekly benefit amount shall be paid with respect to such week a partial benefit equal to the difference between such earnings, disregarding any fraction of a dollar earned, and his weekly benefit amount; except that an individual whose partial earnings are from employment other than where regularly employed shall be paid an amount equal to his weekly benefit amount less that part of his earnings paid, or payable to him, for such week which is in excess of \$10, plus any fraction of a dollar, except that any amounts received by a volunteer fireman, or from the Federal Government by members of the National Guard and organized reserve, including base pay and allowances, shall not be deemed to be wages for the purposes of this subsection. (1955, c. 377; 1957, c. 344, § 2; c. 447, § 2; 1959, c. 305; 1961, c. 361, § 2; 1963, c. 413, § 4.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 13; 1955, cc. 367, 377; 1957, c. 341; c. 344, § 2; c. 447, § 2; 1959, c. 305; 1961, c. 361, §§ 1, 2; 1963, c. 413, § 4.

## § 1192. Eligibility conditions

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the commission finds that:

**1. Has claim for benefits.** He has made a claim for benefits with respect to such week in accordance with such regulations as the commission may prescribe;

**2. Has registered for work.** He has registered for work at, and thereafter continued to report at, an employment office in accordance with such regulations as the commission may prescribe, except that the commission may, by regulation, waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this subsection as to individuals attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of cases or situations with respect to which it finds that compliance with such requirements would be oppressive, or would be inconsistent with the purposes of this chapter. No such regulation shall conflict with section 1191, subsection 1;

**3. Is able and available for work.** He is able to work and is available for work at his usual or customary trade, occupation, profession or business or in such other trade, occupation, profession or business as his prior training or experience shows him to be fitted or qualified; and in addition to having complied with

subsection 2 is himself actively seeking work. An individual shall be ineligible to receive benefits for any week or weeks which are recognized as a vacation period or for which he has received or is entitled to receive vacation pay; except that an individual who is not entitled to receive vacation pay for or during any such vacation week or weeks may qualify for benefits or credit for his waiting period if he is available for work and complies with the other conditions of eligibility. A female claimant shall be ineligible to receive benefits, or waiting period credit, if her unemployment is due to or as the result of pregnancy and, in addition, shall in any event be ineligible to receive benefits or waiting period credit for a period of 8 weeks immediately prior to the expected date of such individual giving birth to a child and within 4 weeks after the actual birth of her child.

1955, c. 421, § 4; 1957, c. 396; 1961, c. 361, § 3.

**4. Has served a waiting period.** He has served a waiting period of one week of total or partial unemployment. This requirement shall not interrupt the payment of benefits for consecutive weeks of unemployment, and the week immediately preceding a benefit year, if part of an uninterrupted period of unemployment which continued into such benefit year, shall be deemed, for the purpose of this subsection only, to be within such benefit year as well as within the preceding benefit year. Except as provided in this subsection, no week shall be counted as a week of total or partial unemployment for the purpose of this subsection:

**A.** Unless it occurs within the benefit year which includes the week with respect to which he claims payment of benefits;

**B.** If benefits have been paid with respect thereto;

**C.** Unless the individual was eligible for benefits with respect thereto as provided in this section and section 1193, except for the requirements of this subsection and of section 1193, subsection 5, paragraph B;

1955, c. 421, § 5; 1957, c. 381, § 11.

**5. Has earned wages.** He has during his base period earned wages for insured work equal to not less than the amount appearing in column (B) of the total unemployment benefit table, on the line of which, in column (C) of that table, appears his weekly benefit amount. For the purpose of this subsection wages shall be counted as "wages for insured work" for benefit purposes with respect to any benefit year only if such benefit year begins subsequent to the date on which the employer by whom such wages

were paid has satisfied the conditions of section 1043, subsection 9 or section 1222, subsection 3, with respect to becoming an employer.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 14; 1955, c. 421, §§ 4, 5; 1957, c. 381, § 11; c. 396; 1961, c. 361, § 3.

### § 1193. Disqualification

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

**1. Voluntarily leaves work.** For the period of unemployment subsequent to his having retired, or having left his regular employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to such employment, or with respect to a female claimant who has voluntarily left work to marry, or to perform the customary duties of a housewife, or to leave the locale to live with her husband, or to a claimant who has voluntarily removed himself from the labor market where presently employed to an area where employment opportunity is less frequent, if so found by the commission, and disqualification shall continue until claimant has earned 15 times his weekly benefit amount. In no event shall disqualification for voluntarily leaving regular employment be avoided by periods of other employment unless such other employment shall have continued for 4 full weeks;

1955, c. 376, § 1; 1957, c. 345; 1959, c. 341; 1961, c. 361, § 4.

**2. Discharge for misconduct.** For the period of unemployment subsequent to his having been discharged for misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the commission, and disqualification shall continue until claimant has earned 20 times his weekly benefit amount. The term misconduct shall include but not be limited to repeated absenteeism or tardiness after notice or warning, insubordination without provocation by the employer or his agent and disregard of the employer's interest, rules or regulations;

1955, c. 376, § 2; 1961, c. 361, § 5.

**3. Refused to accept work.** If he has refused to accept an offer of suitable work for which he is reasonably fitted, or has refused to accept a referral to a suitable job opportunity when directed to do so by a local employment office of this State or another state or if an employer is unable to contact a former employee at last known or given address, for purpose of recall to employment; or the individual fails to respond to a call in card requesting him to report to the local office for the purpose of a re-

ferral to a suitable job, and the disqualification shall continue until claimant has earned 15 times his weekly benefit amount. For the purpose of this subsection, lack of transportation shall not be a valid excuse for refusal provided the work offered is suitable;

**A.** In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the commission shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience and prior earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and the distance of the available work from his residence.

**B.** Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:

(1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute;

(2) If the wages, hours or other conditions of work are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;

(3) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

1955, c. 376, § 3; 1961, c. 361, § 6; 1963, c. 413, § 5.

**4. Stoppage of work.** For any week with respect to which the commission finds that his total or partial unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists or existed because of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other premises at which he is or was employed. This subsection shall not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of the commission that:

**A.** He is not participating in or financing or directly interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work; and

**B.** He does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which, immediately before the commencement of the stoppage there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating in or financing or directly interested in the dispute;

If in any case separate branches of work which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are con-

ducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises;

1961, c. 361, § 7.

**5. Receiving remuneration.** For any week with respect to which he is receiving, is entitled to receive or has received remuneration in the form of:

**A.** Dismissal wages or wages in lieu of notice or terminal pay or vacation pay; or

**B.** Benefits under the unemployment compensation or employment security law of any state or similar law of the United States;

**C.** Retirement pay or a pension paid, excluding a pension paid under Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended, directly by the employer or paid indirectly by the employer through a trust fund, insurance or other media in the manner set forth in section 1043, subsection 19, paragraph B, but only if in addition to a retirement pay or a pension paid, he is also being paid a pension under Title II of the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.

If such remuneration under paragraphs A and C is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due under this chapter, he shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of such remuneration, provided that any fraction of a dollar included in the weekly remuneration received under paragraph C shall be disregarded;

1957, c. 381, § 12; c. 429, § 39; 1959, c. 334; 1961, c. 170, § 2; 361, §§ 8, 9.

**6. Has falsified.** For any week for which the deputy finds that the claimant made a false statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact in his application to obtain benefits and the disqualification shall continue until claimant shall have earned not less than \$400 thereafter in subsequent employment. In addition, if the deputy finds that the claimant did in fact knowingly accept benefits to which he was not entitled, he shall find the claimant ineligible to receive any benefits for a further period of not less than 3 months nor more than one year;

1955, c. 421, § 6; 1957, c. 381, § 13; 1961, c. 361, § 10.

**7. Discharged for crime.** For the period of unemployment next ensuing with respect to which he was discharged for con-

viction of felony or misdemeanor in connection with his work. The ineligibility of such individual shall continue for all weeks subsequent until such individual has thereafter earned not less than \$400 in employment. (1955, c. 376, § 4; 1961, c. 361, § 11.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 15; 1955, c. 376, §§ 1-4; c. 421, § 6; 1957, c. 345; c. 381, §§ 12, 13; c. 429, § 39; 1959, cc. 334, 341; 1961, c. 170, § 2; c. 361, §§ 4-11; 1963, c. 413, § 5.

### § 1194.      Claims for benefits

**1. Filing.** Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with such regulations as the commission may prescribe. Each employer shall post and maintain printed statements of such regulations in places readily accessible to individuals in his service and shall make available to each such individual at the time he becomes unemployed a printed statement of such regulations. Such printed statements shall be supplied by the commission to each employer without cost to him.

**2. Determination.** A representative designated by the commission, and in this chapter referred to as a deputy, shall promptly examine the first claim filed by a claimant in each benefit year and shall determine the weekly benefit amount and maximum benefit amount potentially payable to the claimant during such benefit year in accordance with section 1192, subsection 5.

The deputy shall promptly examine all subsequent claims filed and, on the basis of the facts found by him, shall determine whether or not such claim is valid with respect to sections 1192 and 1193, other than section 1192, subsection 5, or shall refer such claim or any question involved therein to an appeal tribunal or to the commission, which shall make a determination with respect thereto in accordance with the procedure described in subsection 3, except that in any case in which the payment or denial of benefits will be subject to section 1193, subsection 4, the deputy shall promptly transmit a report with respect to that subsection to the commission upon the basis of which the commission shall notify its appropriate deputies as to the applicability of that subsection. The deputy shall determine in accordance with section 1221, subsection 3, paragraph A, the proper employer's experience rating record, if any, against which benefits of an eligible individual shall be charged, if and when paid.

The deputy shall promptly notify the claimant and any other interested party of the determinations and reasons therefor. Unless the claimant or any such interested party, within 7 calendar

days after such notification was mailed to his last known address, files an appeal from such determination, such determination shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith. If new evidence or pertinent facts that would alter such determination become known to the deputy prior to the date such determination becomes final, a redetermination is authorized, but such redetermination must be mailed before the original determination becomes final. If an appeal is duly filed, benefits with respect to the period of any possible disqualification involved shall be paid only after the final determination of the commission. If an appeal tribunal affirms a determination of a deputy or the commission affirms a determination of an appeal tribunal, allowing benefits, such benefits shall be paid regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken, but if such determination is finally reversed, no employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid. If an appeal tribunal disqualifies a claimant for a specified period of time, benefits shall be paid following the expiration of the period of disqualification if the claimant is otherwise qualified to receive them, regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken. If the claimant's appeal relates to the weekly benefit amount or maximum benefit amount potentially payable to him in the benefit year, benefits may nevertheless be paid to the extent of the deputy's determination and prior to the final determination of the commission.

1957, c. 381, § 14; 1959, c. 176.

**3. Appeals.** Unless such appeal is withdrawn, an appeal tribunal, after affording the parties reasonable opportunity for fair hearing, shall affirm, modify or set aside the findings of fact and decision of the deputy. The parties shall be duly notified of such tribunal's decision, together with its reasons therefor, which shall be deemed to be the final decision of the commission, unless within 15 days after the date of notification or mailing of such decision, further appeal is initiated pursuant to subsection 5. When an employer appeals from a deputy's decision in favor of a claimant and such appeal is limited solely to the issue as to which of one or more employer experience rating records or the general fund shall be charged, such appeal shall not interrupt the payment of benefits for continuous unemployment.

**4. Appeal tribunals.** To hear and decide disputed claims, the commission shall establish one or more impartial appeal tribunals consisting in each case of either a salaried examiner or a body consisting of 3 members, one of whom shall be a salaried examiner, who shall serve as chairman, one of whom shall be a

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representative of employers and the other of whom shall be a representative of employees; each of the latter 2 members shall serve at the pleasure of the commission and be paid a fee of not more than \$10 per day of active service on such tribunal plus necessary expenses. No person shall participate on behalf of the commission in any case in which he is an interested party. The commission may designate alternates to serve in the absence or disqualification of any member of an appeal tribunal. The chairman shall act alone in the absence or disqualification of any other member and his alternates. In no case shall the hearings proceed unless the chairman of the appeal tribunal is present.

**5. Commission review.** The commission may on its own motion affirm, modify or set aside any decision of an appeal tribunal on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in such case, or direct the taking of additional evidence, or may permit any of the parties of such decision to initiate further appeals before it. The commission shall permit such further appeal by any of the parties interested in a decision of an appeal tribunal which is not unanimous and by the deputy whose decision has been overruled or modified by an appeal tribunal. The commission may remove to itself or transfer to another appeal tribunal the proceedings on any claim pending before an appeal tribunal. Any proceedings so removed to the commission shall be heard in accordance with the requirements in subsection 3. The commission shall promptly notify the interested parties of its findings and decisions.

**6. Procedure.** The manner in which disputed claims shall be presented, the reports thereon required from the claimant and from employers, and the conduct of hearings and appeals shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commission for determining the rights of the parties, whether or not such regulations conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings in connection with a disputed claim. All testimony at any hearing upon a disputed claim shall be recorded, but need not be transcribed unless the disputed claim is further appealed.

**7. Witness fees.** Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this chapter shall be allowed fees at a rate fixed by the commission to be paid out of the Employment Security Administration Fund, except that no attendance or mileage fee shall be due or payable when a subpoena is issued to compel an employing unit to appear and produce records and reports for the purpose of making a

determination as to liability or for the purpose of completing routine reports as provided under this chapter.

1963, c. 413, § 6.

**8. Appeal to courts.** Any decision of the commission shall become final 10 days after the date of notification or mailing thereof and any party aggrieved thereby shall have 15 days thereafter in which to perfect his or her appeal to the courts. The commission shall be deemed to be a party to any judicial act involving any such action and may be represented in any such judicial action by any qualified attorney who is employed by the commission and designated by it for that purpose, or at the commission's request, by the Attorney General.

**9. Appeal.** Within 15 days after the decision of the commission has become final, any party aggrieved thereby may appeal by commencing an action in the Superior Court of Kennebec County against the commission for the appeal of its decision, in which action any other party to the proceedings before the commission shall be made a defendant. In such action, a complaint which need not be verified, but which shall state the grounds upon which an appeal is sought, shall be served upon the commission or upon such person as the commission may designate and such service shall be deemed completed service on all parties, but there shall be left with the party so served as many copies of the complaint as there are defendants and the commission shall forthwith mail one such copy to each such defendant. With its answer, the commission shall certify and file with said court the original or certified copies of all documents and papers and a transcript of all testimony taken in the matter, together with its findings of fact and decision therein. The commission may, in its discretion, certify to such court questions of law involved in any decision by it. In any judicial proceeding under this chapter, the findings of the commission as to the facts, if supported by evidence and in the absence of fraud, shall be conclusive, and the jurisdiction of said court shall be confined to questions of law. Such actions, and the questions so certified, shall be heard in a summary manner and shall be given precedence over all other civil actions except actions arising under the Workmen's Compensation Law of this State. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the Superior Court of Kennebec County to the Supreme Judicial Court of the State, in the same manner, but not inconsistent with this chapter, as is provided in civil actions. It shall not be necessary, in any judicial proceeding under this section, to enter objections to the rulings of the commission and no bond shall be required for

entering such appeal. Upon the final determination of such judicial proceeding, the commission shall enter an order in accordance with such determination. An appeal shall not act as a supersedeas or stay unless the commission shall so order.

1961, c. 317, § 48.

**10. Determination may be reconsidered; appeal.** The commission may reconsider a determination with respect to the weekly benefit amount and maximum total amount of benefits for a claimant for any given benefit year, if it finds that an error in computation or identity has occurred in connection therewith, or that wages have been erroneously reported, but no such redetermination shall be made after one year from the date of the original determination. Notice of any such redetermination shall be promptly given to the parties entitled to notice of the original determination, in the manner prescribed in this section with respect to notice of an original determination. If the maximum amount of benefits is increased upon such redetermination, an appeal therefrom solely with respect to the matters involved in such increase may be filed in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in subsection 2. If the amount of benefits is decreased upon such redetermination, the matters involved in such decrease shall be subject to an appeal by claimant with respect to subsequent benefits which may be affected by the redetermination. An appeal may be filed in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in subsection 2.

The commission may reconsider a benefit payment for any particular week or weeks whenever it finds that an error in computation or identity has occurred in connection therewith or that earnings were erroneously reported, but no such redetermination may be made after one year from the date of payment for such week or weeks. Notice of any such redetermination shall be promptly given to the claimant. Unless the claimant files an appeal from such redetermination within 7 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last known address such redetermination shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.

Subject to the same limitations and for the same reasons, the commission may reconsider the determination in any case in which the final decision has been rendered by an appeal tribunal, the commission or a court, and may apply to the body or court which rendered such final decision to issue a revised decision. In the event that an appeal involving an original determination is pending as of the date a redetermination thereof is issued, such appeal, unless withdrawn, shall be treated as an appeal from such

redetermination. (1955, c. 421, § 7; 1957, c. 381, § 15; 1961, c. 317, § 49.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 16; 1955, c. 421, § 7; 1957, c. 381, §§ 14-16; 1959, c. 176; 1961, c. 317, §§ 48, 49; 1963, c. 413, § 6.

## SUBCHAPTER VII

### EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS AND COVERAGE

Sec.

- 1221. Payments; rates; amounts.
- 1222. Period, election and termination of coverage.
- 1223. Collection of contributions.
- 1224. Exempt employers to report on accrued wages.

#### § 1221. Payments; rates; amounts

##### 1. Payment.

**A.** Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter, with respect to wages for employment, as defined in section 1043, subsection 11. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the commission for the fund in accordance with such regulations as the commission may prescribe, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the wages of individuals in his employ.

**B.** In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to one cent.

**2. Rate of contribution.** Each employer shall pay contributions at the rate of 2.7% of the wages paid by him with respect to employment during each calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed in subsection 4.

##### 3. Experience rating record.

**A.** At the time the status of an employing unit is ascertained to be that of an employer, the commission shall establish and thereafter maintain until such employer status is terminated, for each such employer an "experience rating record," to which shall be credited all the contributions which he thereafter pays on his own behalf. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund. Benefits paid to an eligible in-

dividual under the provisions of the Maine Employment Security Law shall be charged against the "experience rating record" of the claimant's most recent subject employer or to the General Fund if the otherwise chargeable "experience rating record" is that of an employer whose status as such has been terminated; except that no charge shall be made to an individual employer but shall be made to the General Fund if the commission finds that:

- (1) Claimant's separation from his last employer was for misconduct in connection with his employment, or was voluntary without good cause attributable to such employer; or
- (2) Claimant has refused to accept reemployment in suitable work when offered by a previous employer, without good cause attributable to such employer; or
- (3) Benefits paid are not chargeable against any employer's experience rating record in accordance with section 1194, subsection 2; or
- (4) Claimant's benefits are predicated upon unemployment occurring in a foreign state when such claimant has been employed in any foreign state subsequent to his last period of employment in the State of Maine.

**B.** The commission shall classify employers in accordance with their actual experience in the payment of contributions on their own behalf and with respect to benefits charged against their "experience rating records" and shall submit in its annual report to the Governor, the results of the actual experience in payment of contributions on behalf of the individual employers and with respect to benefits charged to their "experience rating records" together with the recommendations relative to the advisability of the continuance of the rates based on benefit experience.

**C.** For the purposes of paragraph A, the experience rating record of the most recent subject employer shall not be charged with benefits paid to a claimant whose work record with such employer totaled 5 consecutive work weeks or less but in such case the most recent subject employer with whom claimant's work record exceeded 5 consecutive work weeks shall be charged if such employer would have otherwise been chargeable had not subsequent employment intervened.

**4. Employer's experience classifications.** If and when as of the first day of February of any year the commission finds that the net balance available for benefit payments (the sum of the

balance in the trust fund, the benefit fund, and the clearing account after adjustment for outstanding checks, and adjustment for funds in transit between either of said funds or said account) equals or exceeds \$20,000,000, it shall compute contribution rates for each employer based on his own experience rating record.

**A.** No employer's rate shall be varied from 2.7% for any year unless and until his experience rating record has been chargeable with benefits throughout the 36-consecutive-calendar month period ending on the computation date.

**B.** Subject to paragraph A, each employer's contribution rate for the 12-month period commencing July 1st of each year shall be based upon his experience rating record and determined from his reserve ratio, which is the percent obtained by dividing the amount by which, if any, his contributions credited from the time he first or most recently became an employer, whichever date is later, and up to and including December 31st of the preceding year (including any part of his contributions due for that year payable on or before January 31st of the current year) exceed his benefits charged during the same period, by his average annual payroll for the 36-consecutive-month period ending December 31st of the preceding year.

His contribution rate is the percent shown on the line of the following table on which in column A there is indicated his reserve ratio and under the column within which the amount in the fund falls as of the computation date.

Employer's Contribution Rate in Percent of Wages

Column A Reserve Ratio		B	C	D	E	F
		Amount in Fund in Millions				
Equal to or more than	Less than	Over 35	Over 30 not over 35	Over 25 not over 30	Over 20 not over 25	Under 20
—	5%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%
5%	6%	2.4%	2.5%	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%
6%	7%	2.1%	2.3%	2.5%	2.7%	2.7%
7%	8%	1.9%	2.2%	2.4%	2.6%	2.7%
8%	9%	1.8%	2.1%	2.3%	2.5%	2.7%
9%	10%	1.6%	1.9%	2.2%	2.4%	2.7%
10%	11%	1.5%	1.8%	2.1%	2.3%	2.7%
11%	12%	1.3%	1.6%	1.9%	2.2%	2.7%
12%	13%	1.2%	1.5%	1.8%	2.1%	2.7%
13%	14%	1.1%	1.3%	1.6%	2.0%	2.7%
14%	15%	1.0%	1.2%	1.5%	1.9%	2.7%
15%	16%	0.9%	1.1%	1.4%	1.8%	2.7%
16%	17%	0.8%	1 %	1.3%	1.7%	2.7%
17%	18%	0.7%	.9%	1.2%	1.6%	2.7%
18%	19%	0.6%	.8%	1.1%	1.5%	2.7%
19% and over		0.5%	.7%	1 %	1.4%	2.7%

**C.** If at any time, in the opinion of the commission, an emergency exists such as to seriously impair the fund, the commission may, after reasonable notices and public hearing, forthwith reestablish all rates at 2.7% and continue said rates in force until, in the opinion of the commission, such emergency no longer exists, or until the date set by this chapter for the computation of rates.

**D.** As used in this section, the words "contributions credited" and "benefits charged" mean the contributions credited to and the benefits paid and chargeable against the "experience rating record" of an employer as provided in subsection 3, including all contributions due and paid on or before January 31st of the year that immediately follows the computation date and all benefits paid and chargeable on or before the computation date.

**E.** The commission:

(1) Shall promptly notify each employer of his rate of contributions as determined for the 12-month period commencing July 1st of each year pursuant to this section. Such determination shall become conclusive and binding upon the employer unless, within 15 days after the mailing of notice thereof to his last known address or in the absence of mailing, within 15 days after the delivery of such notice, the employer files an application for review and redetermination, setting forth his reasons therefor. If the commission grants such review, the employer shall be promptly notified thereof and shall be granted an opportunity for a hearing, but no employer shall have standing, in any proceedings involving his rate of contributions or contribution liability, to contest the chargeability to his "experience rating record" of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination, redetermination or decision pursuant to section 1194, except upon the ground that the services on the basis of which such benefits were found to be chargeable did not constitute services performed in employment for him and only in the event that he was not a party to such determination, redetermination or decision or to any other proceedings under this chapter in which the character of such services was determined. The employer shall be promptly notified of the commission's denial of his application, or of the commission's redetermination, both of which shall become final unless

within 15 days after the mailing of notice thereof to his last known address or in the absence of mailing, within 15 days after the delivery of such notice, an appeal is taken by filing a complaint in the Superior Court of Kennebec County, State of Maine. In any proceedings under this section the findings of the commission as to the facts, if supported by evidence and in the absence of fraud, shall be conclusive and the jurisdiction of said court shall be confined to questions of law. No additional evidence shall be received by the court but the court may order additional evidence to be taken before the commission and the commission may, after hearing such additional evidence, modify its determination, and file such modified determination, together with a transcript of the additional record, with the court. Such proceedings shall be heard in a summary manner and shall be given precedence over all other civil actions except actions arising under section 1194 and the Workmen's Compensation Law of this State. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the Superior Court of Kennebec County to the Supreme Judicial Court of Maine in the same manner, but not inconsistent with this chapter, as is provided in civil actions;

(2) Shall provide each employer at least monthly with a notification of benefits paid and chargeable to his experience rating record and any such notification, in the absence of an application for redetermination filed in such manner and within such period as the commission may prescribe, shall become conclusive and binding upon the employer for all purposes. Such redetermination, made after notice and opportunity for hearing, and the commission's findings of fact in connection therewith, may be introduced in any subsequent administrative or judicial proceedings involving the determination of the rate of contributions of any employer for the 12-month period commencing July 1st of any year and shall be entitled to the same finality as is provided in this section with respect to the findings of fact made by the commission in proceedings to redetermine the contribution rates of an employer.

**F.** Notwithstanding any other inconsistent law, any employer, who has been notified of his rate of contribution, as required by paragraph E, subparagraph (1), for any year

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commencing July 1st, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and, upon such payment, shall promptly receive a recomputation and renotification of his contribution rate for such year, including in the calculation the additional contributions so made. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the date of the mailing to the employer of such notice of his contribution rate in any year, unless, for good cause, the time of payment has been extended by the commission for not to exceed an additional 10 days.

1955, c. 296; c. 421, § 9; 1957, c. 268; c. 381, §§ 17, 22; 1959, c. 320; 1961, c. 317, § 50.

**5. Successor employer to acquire experience of predecessor employer.**

**A.** The executors, administrators, successors or assigns of any employer who acquire the business of such employer in toto shall acquire the experience of such employer with payrolls, contributions and benefits. Effective as of the date on which such business was acquired, the commission shall for purposes of rate determination transfer to the successor employer the payroll record and experience rating records of the predecessor employer.

**B.** From the date of the acquisition to the end of the current rate period, the contribution rate of the successor employer shall be a newly computed rate determined in accordance with this subsection and based upon the combined experience of the predecessor and successor as of the regular computation date for the rate period in which the acquisition took place.

**6. Computation date.** The computation date shall be December 31st of each calendar year, and the rates of each employer entitled to this section shall be determined by the commission as of that date.

**7. Period of time to compute rates.** The commission shall have from January 1st to June 30th of each calendar year for the purpose of computing the rates of each employer entitled to the benefits of this section.

**8. Effective date; definition.** The term "effective date," as used in this section, shall mean the date on which the new rates shall become effective and shall be July 1st of each calendar year.

**9. Contributions paid in error to another state.** Contributions due under this chapter with respect to wages for insured work shall for the purpose of this section be deemed to have been paid to the fund as of the date payment was made as contributions therefor under another state or federal employment security law if payment into the fund of such contributions is made on such terms as the commission finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests. Payments to the fund under this subsection shall be deemed to be contributions for purposes of this section.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 17; 1955, c. 296; c. 421, §§ 8, 9; 1957, c. 268; c. 381, §§ 17, 22; 1959, c. 320; 1961, c. 317, § 50.

## § 1222. Period, election and termination of coverage

**1. Period of employer's coverage.** Any employing unit which is or becomes an employer subject to this chapter within any calendar year shall be subject to this chapter during the whole of such calendar year.

### **2. Termination of employer's coverage.**

**A.** Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, an employing unit shall cease to be an employer subject to this chapter as of the first day of January of any calendar year, only if it files with the commission, prior to the 31st day of January of such year, a written application for termination of coverage, and the commission finds that there were no 20 different days, each day being in a different week within the preceding calendar year, within which such employing unit employed 4 or more individuals in employment subject to this chapter. For the purpose of this subsection, the 2 or more employing units mentioned in section 1043, subsection 9, paragraph B or C or D shall be treated as a single employing unit.

**B.** The commission may upon its own motion terminate coverage of any employer when the commission finds that there were no 20 different days, each day being in a different week within the preceding calendar year, within which such employing unit employed 4 or more individuals in employment subject to this chapter; and the commission may, upon its own motion terminate the coverage of an employing unit which had become an employer by virtue of subsection 3, as of January 1st of any calendar year when such employing unit has, by virtue of approval of its election to become

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a subject employer, been such a subject employer for the 2 or more preceding calendar years.

1955, c. 421, § 10; 1957, c. 381, § 18.

**3. Election and termination of employer's coverage.**

**A.** An employing unit, not otherwise subject to this chapter, which files with the commission its written election to become an employer subject hereto for not less than 2 calendar years, shall, with the written approval of such election by the commission, become an employer subject hereto to the same extent as all other employers, as of the date stated in such approval, and shall cease to be subject hereto as of January 1st of any calendar year subsequent to such 2 calendar years, only if it files with the commission, prior to the 31st day of January of such year, a written application for termination of coverage.

**B.** Any employing unit, for which services that do not constitute employment as defined in this chapter are performed, may file with the commission a written election that all such services performed by individuals in its employ in one or more distinct establishments or places of business shall be deemed to constitute employment for all the purposes of this chapter for not less than 2 calendar years. Upon the written approval of such election by the commission, such services shall be deemed to constitute employment subject to this chapter from and after the date stated in such approval. Such services shall cease to be deemed employment subject hereto as of January 1st of any calendar year subsequent to such 2 calendar years, if not later than January 31st of such year such employing unit has filed with the commission an application for termination of coverage. (1957, c. 381, § 19.)

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 18; 1955, c. 421, § 10; 1957, c. 381, §§ 18, 19.

**§ 1223.      Collection of contributions**

**1. Interest on past-due contributions.** Contributions; unpaid on the date on which they are due and payable as prescribed by the commission, shall bear interest at the rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% per month from and after such date until payment is received by the commission. In such cases of delinquency as are shown to the satisfaction of the commission to arise from reasonable ques-

tions of liability under the terms of this chapter, the commission may, in its discretion, abate not exceeding 75% of the interest imposed.

1957, c. 381, § 20.

**2. Penalty on past-due contributions.** In the event quarterly contributions are not paid when due, the commission shall assess a penalty of 5% of the amount of the contributions but such penalty shall not be less than \$5 nor more than \$100. The commission may waive such penalty if it finds that the delay was occasioned by the illness or death of the person in charge of the records of the employing unit or by other unavoidable accident which shall excuse the employing unit from said penalty. An extension of time up to 30 days beyond the due date may be allowed by the commission for good cause upon written request made on or before the due date.

1955, c. 421, § 11.

**3. Collection.** If, after due notice, any employer defaults in any payment of contributions or interest thereon, the amount due may, in addition to or alternatively to any other method of collection prescribed in this chapter, be collected by civil action in the name of the commission, and the employer adjudged in default shall pay the costs of such action. Civil actions brought under this section to collect contributions or interest thereon from an employer shall be heard by the court at the earliest possible date and shall be entitled to preference upon the calendar of the court over all other civil actions except petitions for judicial review under this chapter and cases arising under the Workmen's Compensation Law of this State.

**4. Priorities under legal dissolutions or distributions.** In the event of any distribution of an employer's assets pursuant to an order of any court under the laws of this State, including any receivership, assignment for benefit of creditors, adjudicated insolvency, composition or similar proceeding, contributions then or thereafter due shall be paid in full prior to all other claims except taxes and claims for wages of not more than \$250 to each claimant, earned within 6 months of the commencement of the proceeding. In the event of an employer's adjudication in bankruptcy, judicially confirmed extension proposal, or composition, under the Federal Bankruptcy Act of 1898, as amended, contributions then or thereafter due shall be entitled to such priority as is provided in section 64 (b) of that Act (U.S.C., Title 11, Sec. 104 (b)), as amended.

**5. Refunds.** If not later than 4 years after the date on which any contributions or interest thereon became due, an employer who has paid such contributions or interest thereon shall make application for an adjustment thereof in connection with subsequent contribution payments, or for a refund thereof because such adjustment cannot be made, and if the commission shall determine that such contributions, or interest or any portion thereof was erroneously collected, the commission shall allow such employer to make an adjustment thereof, without interest, in connection with subsequent contribution payments by him, or if such adjustment cannot be made the commission shall refund said amount, without interest, from the fund. For like cause and within the same period, adjustment or refund may be so made on the commission's own initiative. Any such adjustment or refund, involving contributions with respect to wages upon the basis of which benefits have been paid for unemployment, shall be reduced by the amount of benefits so paid. If the commission determines that contributions or interest were erroneously paid to this State on wages insured under the employment security law of some other state or of the Federal Government, refund or adjustment thereof may be made without interest, irrespective of the time limits provided in this subsection, on satisfactory proof that contributions or interest on such wages have been paid to such other state or to the Federal Government. Nothing in this chapter, or any part thereof, shall be construed to authorize any refund or credit of money due and payable under the law and regulation in effect at the time such money was paid.

**6. Payments.**

**A.** If any employer files reports for the purpose of determining the amount of contribution due, but fails to pay any part of the contribution or interest due thereon, or fails to file such reports when due, or files an incorrect or insufficient report, the Director of Unemployment Compensation or if a member of the commission is acting in that capacity a representative of the commission duly authorized by the commission to do so may assess the contribution or interest due on the basis of the information submitted by the employer, or on the basis of an estimate as to the amount due, and shall give written notice of such assessment to such employer. Within 15 days after the mailing of such notice to the employer's last known address, or, in the absence of such mailing, within 15 days after delivery of such notice, the employer may appeal to the commission, setting forth the grounds for such ap-

peal. Proceedings on such appeal shall be had in accordance with subsection 7.

**B.** If the Director of Unemployment Compensation or if a member of the commission is acting in that capacity a representative of the commission duly authorized by the commission to do so determines that the collection of any contribution or interest under this chapter, as amended, will be jeopardized by delay, he may, whether or not the time prescribed by law or any regulations issued pursuant thereto for making reports and paying such contributions has expired, immediately assess such contributions, together with interest, and shall give written notice of such assessment to the employer. In such cases the right of appeal to the commission shall be conditioned upon payment of the contributions and interest so assessed, or upon giving appropriate security to the commission for the payment thereof.

**C.** Upon the failure of an employer to pay the amount assessed pursuant to this section, the commission may file with the register of deeds in any county where the employer has real property or with the town or city clerk where the employer has his principal place of business, a certificate under its official seal, stating: (a) the name of the employer; (b) his address; (c) the amount of the contributions and interest assessed and in default; and (d) that the time in which an appeal is permitted pursuant to subsection 8 has expired without such appeal having been taken, or that delay will jeopardize collection, and when such certificate is duly filed and recorded, the amount of the assessment shall be a lien upon the entire interest of the employer, legal or equitable, in any real or tangible personal property, situated within the jurisdiction of the office in which such certificate was filed. The priority of said liens shall be governed by the same rules as apply to that of a lien for taxes under the laws of this State. Said liens shall be subordinate to any real estate mortgage previously recorded as required by law. No lien for contributions or interest shall be valid against one who purchases personal property from the employer in the usual course of his business in good faith and without actual notice of such lien. Such lien may be enforced against any real or personal property by a civil action in the name of the commission. Such action shall be begun by writ of attachment commanding the officer serving it to specially attach the property upon which the lien is claimed. The commission shall discharge any such lien upon receiving from any such

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employer against whose property a lien certificate has been filed a good and sufficient bond with sureties conditioned upon the payment of the amount of contributions and interest as finally determined, together with any additional amount which may have become due or may have accrued under this chapter and costs of court, if any.

The foregoing remedies shall be in addition to all other remedies.

**D.** Certificates of liens for contributions or interest or certificates discharging such liens prepared in accordance with this section shall be received, recorded and indexed by registers of deeds or town or city clerks in the same manner as similar instruments are recorded and indexed. The fee to be paid by the commission for recording each such certificate is \$1, which need not be prepaid.

1961, c. 317, § 51.

**7. Hearings before commission.** Upon appeal from an assessment, the commission shall, after affording the appellant and the commission's designated representative a reasonable opportunity for a fair hearing, make finding of facts and render its decision which may affirm, modify or reverse the action of its designated representative. The conduct of such hearings shall be governed by rules of the commission consistent with section 1194, subsection 6. The commission shall promptly notify the parties to the proceeding of its finding of facts and decision and such decision shall be final unless within 15 days after the mailing of notice thereof to a party's last known address or, in the absence of such mailing, within 15 days after the delivery of such notice, an appeal is initiated by such party pursuant to subsection 8.

1961, c. 317, § 52.

**8. Appeal.** Within the time provided in subsection 7, any party to the proceedings before the commission may appeal by filing in the Superior Court of the county in which the employer has his principal place of business in this State, a complaint and in such proceeding, any party to the proceeding before the commission shall be made a party thereto. The complaint need not be verified, but shall state the ground upon which such appeal is sought. A copy of the complaint shall be served upon the commission or upon such person as it may designate. Thereupon the commission shall cause to be certified and filed with the court, a copy of the record of the action, including all documents and papers and a transcript of all testimony taken in the matter, togeth-

er with the commission's findings, and decision therein. Upon the motion of any party, the court may order additional testimony or evidence to be offered and upon the basis of all the evidence before it shall determine the assessment. An appeal may be taken from the decision of said court to the Supreme Judicial Court in the same manner, but not inconsistent with this chapter, as is provided in civil actions. It shall not be necessary as a condition precedent to an appeal from any decision of the commission to enter exceptions to the rulings of the commission. As a condition of initiating a proceeding for appeal from the proceedings before the commission, or of entering an appeal from the decision of the Superior Court, the court may require that an employing unit make payment of the amount of contributions or interest adjudged to be due by the commission or by such court, respectively, together with the cost assessed, if any, or file an approved bond or other appropriate security, in a sum fixed by such court, conditioned upon the payment of the amount of contributions and interest as finally determined, together with any additional amounts which may have become due or may have accrued under this chapter and costs assessed by such court. Upon the final termination of judicial proceedings, the commission shall enter an order in accordance with the mandate of the court.

1961, c. 317, § 53.

**9. Conclusiveness of determination.** Any determination or decision duly made in proceedings under section 1082, subsection 14, or under subsections 3, 6, 7 or 8 of this section, which determination or decision has become final, shall be binding in any proceedings relating to applications or requests for refunds or credit in so far as such determination or decision necessarily involves the issue of whether an employing unit constitutes an employer or whether services performed for, or in connection with, the business of such employing unit constitute employment.

**10. Liability of successor.** Any individual or organization, including the types of organizations described in section 1043, subsection 10, whether or not an employing unit, which acquires the organization, trade or business or a substantial part of the assets thereof, from an employer, shall be liable, in an amount not to exceed the reasonable value of the organization, trade, business or assets acquired, for any contributions or interest due or accrued and unpaid by such employer, and the amount of such liability shall, in addition, be a lien against the property or assets so acquired which shall be prior to all other liens. The said lien shall not be valid as against one who acquires from the said successor

any interest in the said property or assets in good faith, for value and without notice of the lien. The commission shall, upon written request made after such acquisition is completed, furnish such successor with a written statement of the amount of contributions and interest due or accrued and unpaid by the employer as of the date of such acquisition and the amount of the liability of the successor or the amount of the said lien shall in no event exceed the liability disclosed by such statement. The foregoing remedies shall be in addition to all other existing remedies against the employer or his successor.

**11. Enforcement of lien.** After any assessment has become final and rights of appeal exhausted or lost by virtue of failure to exercise such rights, any property real or personal upon which a lien has been claimed under this chapter may be sold, after due notice, in conformity with the law applicable to sales of real or personal property respectively on executions issued in personal actions in connection with which sales the commission shall have the same rights, privileges, duties and responsibilities as one in whose favor such an execution is issued.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 19; 1955, c. 421, § 11; 1957, c. 381, § 20; 1961, c. 317, §§ 51-53.

**§ 1224. Exempt employers to report on accrued wages**

All employers, exempt from the weekly payment of wage law of this State, shall report to the commission all accrued wages payable for employment during the calendar year up to and including December 31st of such calendar year under such regulations as the commission may prescribe. Nothing in this section shall be construed to make contributions due and payable on any part of such reported wages which have not actually been paid, but wages so reported shall be deemed to be wages paid for unemployment benefit purposes.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 20.

## SUBCHAPTER VIII

## SEASONAL EMPLOYMENT

Sec.

1251. Investigations; hearings; regulations.

**§ 1251. Investigations; hearings; regulations**

**1. Seasonal industry.** As used in this section the term "seasonal industry" means an industry in which, because of the seasonal nature thereof it is customary to operate only during a regularly recurring period or periods of less than 40 weeks in a calendar year. The commission shall, after investigation and hearing, determine, and may thereafter from time to time re-determine, the longest seasonal period or periods during which, by the best practice of the industry in question, operations are conducted. Until such determination by the commission, no industry shall be deemed seasonal.

1957, c. 381, § 21.

**2. Regulations.** The commission shall prescribe fair and reasonable regulations applicable to the payment of benefits to individuals whose qualifying wages in whole or in part were earned in seasonal industries, to the period during which benefits shall be payable to them and to charges to be made to experience rating records or general funds as a result of benefits so paid.

R.S.1954, c. 29, § 21; 1957, c. 381, § 21.