MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

THE

REVISED STATUTES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

PASSED APRIL 17, 1857;

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED

THE CONSTITUTIONS

OF THE

UNITED STATES AND OF THE STATE OF MAINE:

WITH AN

APPENDIX.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE.

BANGOR:

WHEELER & LYNDE.

1857.

CHAP. 24. years. The said officers, instead of such bond, may require payment of a sum not exceeding two dollars for each passenger.

Penalty. If not paid, vessel may be sold. R. S., c. 32, § 56.

Sec. 40. The master of such vessel, for a violation of any provision of the preceding section, forfeits two hundred dollars for each passenger coming on shore, to be recovered in an action of debt, by the municipal officers of the town, one half to the use of the town, and the other to the use of the state; and there shall be a lien on such vessel to secure such penalties, which may be enforced by an attachment of the vessel within sixty days, though the defendant is not its owner; and it may be sold on execution like other personal property, and after deducting the amount of penalties and costs, the balance shall be paid to the owner on demand.

Towns may appoint offipassengers fanding. R. S., c. 32, § 58.

Sec. 41. A town accessible by vessels may appoint visiting cers to prevent officers, who, on the arrival of a vessel with passengers on board, are to go on board of her, and there remain until the provisions of section thirty-nine are complied with; and they are to prevent the landing of any passenger in violation of such provisions; and to inform the municipal officers of any violation or attempt to violate such provisions. They are to be paid by the master a reasonable compensation to be fixed by said officers.

CHAPTER 25.

KEEPING WATCH AND WARD IN TOWNS, AND OF DISORDERS IN STREETS AND PUBLIC PLACES.

SEC. 1. Who are liable to keep watch and ward.

- 2. Power of selectmen and justices to order watch and ward to be kept, and pro-
- Charge of constable and powers of watch.

4. Duties of watch.

- 5. Badges of constable and watch.
- 6. Expense of watch otherwise kept, how defrayed.

7. Proceedings in such case.

- 8. Penalty for neglect of duty by a watch.
- 9. Penalty for neglect of constable or officer.
- 10. Constable and watchmen to attend justices when walking the rounds.

11. Penalty for riding with a naked scythe.

- 12. Certain pageantry prohibited in streets in the night. Bonfires in streets and towns prohibited.
- 13. Fines, how recovered and appropriated.
- 14. Masters and parents liable for minors.

Who are liable to keep watch and ward.

SEC. 1. Every male person except ministers of the gospel, twenty-one years of age or upwards, who is able bodied or has R.S., c. 31, § 1. estate sufficient to hire a substitute, when duly warned, shall be liable to watch and ward in his town, either in person or by a sufficient substitute; unless he resides more than two miles from the place where the watch or ward is kept.

Power of selectmen and

SEC. 2. The justices of the peace and municipal officers resident in any town have power, from time to time, to direct and

order suitable watches to be kept nightly therein from such CHAP. 25. hour in the evening as they appoint until sun rises in the morning; and wards to be kept in the day time and evening, when der watch and they think such watches and wards necessary. They may designate the time, place, and number of persons to be so employed; ceedings. and give written orders accordingly, signed by a majority of 15 Maine, 155. them, directed to any constable of the town, requiring him to R. S., c. 31, § 2. warn such watch or ward, and to see that all persons so warned attend and perform their duty as required; and in the warning, to take care that some able householders, or other sufficient persons, are joined in each watch or ward.

SEC. 3. Such constable shall charge the watch to see that all Charge of condisturbances in the night are prevented or suppressed; and for stable, and powers of that purpose the watch may examine all persons found walking watch. abroad in the night after ten o'clock, and suspected of any unlaw- R.S., c. 31, § 3. ful intention, as to their business and where they are going; enter houses of ill-fame for the purpose of suppressing any disturbance or riot therein; and arrest any person there found engaged in such riot or disturbance; and all suspicious persons thus abroad, who do not give a satisfactory account of themselves; and all persons so arrested shall be secured until morning, and then be carried before one of the nearest justices of the peace for trial.

The watchman shall walk in and about the streets, Duties of Sec. 4. wharves, lanes, and principal inhabited parts of each town, to R. S., c. 31, § 4. prevent fires, and see that good order is kept; and suitably observe the charge given them as aforesaid.

SEC. 5. Each constable, when attending watch or ward, shall Badges of concarry with him the usual badge of his office; and the watchmen stable and watch. shall carry a suitable badge, provided by the municipal officers R.S., c. 31, § 5. of their town.

SEC. 6. When the inhabitants of a town determine to keep Expense of a watch in any other manner than is provided herein, the ex- watch other-wise kept, how pense thereof shall be defrayed as other town charges.

defrayed.

SEC. 7. When a watch is established under the preceding Proceedings in section, the town shall determine the number and qualifications such case. of the persons to be employed for that purpose, and the muni- R.S., c. 31, § 7. cipal officers shall appoint a suitable person to be captain of the watch. Every watchman shall be equipped as the municipal officers determine; and the powers and duties of the captain and watchmen shall be the same as before prescribed in the case of a constable's watch.

SEC. 8. If any person liable to watch and ward is duly Penalty for warned by such captain or constable, or by any person appointed neglect of duty by a watch. by either, and refuses or neglects to appear and perform his duty, R.S., c. 31, § S. by himself or a sufficient substitute, without a just and reasonable excuse, he shall forfeit, for each offence, not less than one, nor more than ten dollars to the use of the town.

SEC. 9. If a constable or captain of the watch neglects or Penalty for refuses to obey the orders given him, he shall forfeit not less neglect of officer. than ten dollars to the use of the town.

SEC. 10. When said justices of the peace and municipal offi- Constable and

Снар. 25.

watchmen to attend justices when walking the rounds. R. S., c. 31, § 10. Penalty for

Penalty for riding with a naked scythe. R. S., c. 31, § 11.

Certain pageantry prohibited in streets in the night. Bonfires in streets and towns prohibited.

R. S., c. 31, § 12, 13.

Fines, how recovered and appropriated. R. S., c. 31, § 14.

Masters and parents liable for minors. R. S., c. 31, § 15.

cers think fit to walk by night to inspect the order of their town, or depute any portion of their number for the purpose, such constables and watchmen as are required shall attend them or said deputation, and obey their lawful commands.

Sec. 11. If any person rides in the highways with a naked scythe, sharpened and hung in a snath, or in any lanes, streets,

or alleys, he shall forfeit two dollars for each offence.

SEC. 12. If three or more persons, between sunset and sunrise, assemble in any street or lane in a town and have any imagery or pageantry for a public show, whether armed or disguised, or requiring or receiving money, or other valuable things or not, on account thereof; and whoever sets fire to a pile of combustible stuff, or is concerned in making or causing a bonfire in any street, lane or other part of the town within ten rods of any building, each shall forfeit eight dollars, or be imprisoned not more than one month for each offence.

SEC. 13. The fines provided for in this chapter shall be recovered with costs; the one-half of any fine for the use of the town where the offence shall have been committed, and the other half to the use of any person, who shall sue for the same.

SEC. 14. Masters shall be liable to pay the several fines mentioned in this chapter for the offences of their servants or apprentices, if legally bound to them, at the election of the prosecutor; and parents shall be liable at the like election for the offences of the minor children, unless such children are bound to other persons as servants or apprentices.

CHAPTER 26.

ENGINE MEN, FIRES, AND THE PREVENTION OF FIRES.

ENGINE MEN AND FIRES.

- SEC. 1. Appointment of engine men in towns where there is an engine for public use, and the number to each engine.
 - Engine men excused from serving as jurors; tenure of office; annual meeting to choose officers, make rules and regulations, and affix penalties.
 - Engine companies to meet once a month, and promptly endeavor to extinguish any fire that may occur in their town.
 - Discharge of negligent engine men, and selection of engine men for other duties at fires.
 - Election of fire wards, notice to same, and penalty for not entering acceptance or refusal of office in three days.
 - Duty of fire wards, and in their absence of other civil and military officers to direct proceedings at fires.
 - Powers of fire wards to require aid, appoint guards and suppress tumults; and penalty for refusing to obey them.
 - S. Officers appointed under special laws to have the same powers as fire wards; towns subject to same liability for damages; firemen to have same privileges and duty as other firemen, but their election not hereby controlled.
 - Compensation to owner of building demolished, whereby fire is stopped. Exception. Person dissatisfied may apply to county commissioners. Their powers.
 - 10. Plundering at fires declared larceny.