MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LEGISLATIVE RECORD

OF THE

One Hundred and Eighth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

Volume I

January 5, 1977 to May 25, 1977

KJ PRINTING AUGUSTA, MAINE

HOUSE

Thursday, January 13, 1977 The House met according to adjournment and

was called to order by the Speaker. Prayer by the Reverend Ernest Sjoberg, United Baptist Church, Richmond.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Papers from the Senate

From the Senate:

Bill "An Act to Empower all Sworn Public Safety Department Personnel with Criminal Powers of Arrest' (S. P. 40) (L. D. 66)

Came from the Senate referred to the Committee on Judiciary and ordered printed.

In the House, was referred to the Committee on Judiciary in concurrence.

Bill "An Act to Repeal Statutory Provisions Permitting a Manufacturer of Alcoholic Beverages to be a Stockholder in a Corporation which is a Licensee" (S. P. 39) (L. D. 65)

Came from the Senate referred to the Com-

mittee on Liquor Control and ordered printed. In the House, was referred to the Committee on Liquor Control in concurrence.

Tabled and Assigned
Bill "An Act to Authorize Use of Emergency Lights and Signals by State Liquor Inspectors (S. P. 38) (L. D. 64)

Came from the Senate referred to the Committee on Transportation and ordered printed. In the House: On motion of Mr. Tierney of Lisbon Falls, tabled pending reference in concurrence and tomorrow assigned.

Messages and Documents
The following Communication:

January 12, 1977

Honorable Members of the Maine

House of Representatives of the 108th Legislature

It is with pleasure the State Capitol Planning Commission transmits its report to the Gover-nor and to the Legislature. This action is taken pursuant to meeting the following legislative requirements set forth under P. L. 1967, C 458 as amended. In this law, the State Capitol Plann-

ing Commission is required to:
1. Establish and maintain a master plan for the orderly development of future State buildings and grounds in the Capitol Complex of

the City of Augusta;
2. Submit the completed plan to the Legislature for adoption as the official State Master Plan for the Development of State buildings and grounds in the Capitol Complex;

3. Report biennially to the Legislature facts and recommendations relating to the work and needs of the Commission;

4. List construction projects completed in the Capitol Complex since the last report; and,

5. Recommend such revisions and proposed changes of the Plan as from time to time become necessary or desirable for the orderly development of the Capitol Complex.

The purpose of the report is aimed at satisfying the Legislative mandate of the Capitol Plan-

ning Commission.

We request that the following revised plan be reviewed by the appropriate Legislative Commissions and the property of the pr mittee and if found acceptable, be adopted by the Legislature. If this is done, it will provide general direction for achieving the Capitol Complex Plan. A suggested Resolve in the Appendix of this report may be used by the Legislature to gain future public investments in the Capitol Complex.

Respectfully submitted, CAPITOL PLANNING COMMISSION

Signed:

ALLEN PEASE Chairman

RICHARD A. MORRELL PAUL G. POULIN ELIZABETH SOCEC LAWRENCE STUART

The Communication was read and with accompanying papers ordered placed on file.

At this point, a message came from the Senate, borne by the Senator from Kennebec, Senator Speers, proposing a Convention of both branches of the Legislature to be held at 11:00 a.m. in the Hall of the House for the purpose of extending to His Excellency, Governor James B. Longley, an invitation to attend the Convention and make such communication as he may be pleased to make.

Thereupon, the House voted to concur in the proposal for a Joint Convention, and the Chair appointed Mr. Tierney of Lisbon Falls to convey a message to the Senate to that effect.

Mr. Tierney subsequently reported that he had delivered the message with which he was charged.

Petitions, Bills and Resolves

Requiring Reference
The following Bills and Resolve were received and referred to the following Commit-

Education

Bill "An Act to Authorize the University of Maine to Execute a Charitable Gift Annuity with a Donor' (H. P. 63) (Presented by Mr.

Devoe of Orono) (Later Reconsidered)
Bill "An Act to Amend the School Lunch and
Milk Program" (H. P. 64) (Presented by Mr.
Birt of East Millinocket)

Bill "An Act Concerning the Requirements for the Hiring of a Superintendent of Schools by a Municipality" (H. P. 65) (Presented by Mr. Palmer of Nobleboro)

(Ordered Printed) Sent up for concurrence.

Taxation

Bill "An Act to Ensure that the Uniform Property Tax Rate Conforms to Limits on Educational Funding Established by Statute" (Emergency) (H. P. 66) (Presented by Mr. Jalbert of Lewiston) (Cosponsors: Mr. Norris of Brewer, Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, Mrs. Lewis of Auburn)

Committee on Education was suggested. On motion of Mr. Carey of Waterville, referred to the Committee on Taxation, ordered printed and sent up for concurrence.

Education cont-d.

Bill "An Act to Increase the Number of Teachers Allowable in Certain Administrative Units under the Education Laws" (H. P. 67) (Presented by Mr. Rollins of Dixfield)

(Ordered Printed) Sent up for concurrence.

Human Resources

Bill "An Act to Provide Accessible Polling Places for the Physically Handicapped and the Elderly" (H. P. 68) (Presented by Ms. Clark of Freeport)

(Ordered Printed) Sent up for concurrence.

State Government

RESOLVE, Authorizing the Bureau of Public Lands to Convey by Sale the State's Interest in Certain Real Property in Hebron, Oxford County (H. P. 69) (Presented by Mr. Immonen of West Paris)

(Ordered Printed) Sent up for concurrence.

Taxation

Bill "An Act to Increase the Exemption on Estates of Veterans" (H. P. 70) (presented by Mr. Birt of East Millinocket)

(Ordered Printed) Sent up for concurrence.

Tabled and Assigned

Bill "An Act to Clarify the Right of Trust Companies to Invest Funds Held as Trustee Under Certain Retirement Plans" (Emergency) (H. P. 71) (Presented by Mr. Carter of Bangor)

Committee on Veterans and Retirement was

suggested.

(On motion of Mr. Palmer of Nobleboro, tabled pending reference and tomorrow assigned.)

Study Reports

Committee on Local and County Government Mr. Gray from the Committee on Local and County Government to which was referred the study relative to Revise the Salaries of County Officers, pursuant to H. P. 1477 of the 107th Legislature, have had the same under con-sideration and ask leave to submit its findings and to report that the accompanying Bill, "An Act to Revise the Salaries of County Officers" (H. P. 72) (L. D. 62) be referred to this Committee for public hearing and printed pursuant to Joint Rule 17.

Mr. Henderson from the Committee on Local and County Government to which was referred the study relative to Advance the Schedule for Legislative Approval of County Budgets and to Change the Interest Charges on Delinquent County Taxes, pursuant to H. P. 1760 of the 107th Legislature, have had the same under consideration and ask leave to submit its findings and to report that the accompanying Bill, "An Act to Advance the Schedule for Legislative Approval of County Budgets and to Change the Interest Charges on Delinquent County Taxes' (H. P. 73) (L. D. 63) be referred to this Committee for public hearing and printed pursuant to Joint Rule 17.

Reports were read and accepted, the Bills referred to the Committee on Local and County Government, ordered printed and sent up for

concurrence.

Orders

An Expression of Legislative Sentiment (H. P. 74) recognizing:

The Red Eddies of Edward Little High School are winners of the State Class A Football Championship for the Academic Year 1976

Presented by Mrs. Trafton of Auburn. Cosponsors: Mr. Huges of Auburn, Mr. Green of Auburn, Mrs. Lewis of Auburn.

Was read and passed and sent up for concurrence.

A Joint Resolution (H. P. 75) in memoriam of

Gerard R. Berube of Lewiston
Presented by Mr. Carrier of Westbrook.
Cosponsors: Messrs. Jalbert of Lewiston, Raymond of Lewiston and Jacques of Lewiston.

The Resolution was read and adopted and

sent up for concurrence.

A Joint Resolution (H. P. 76) in memoriam of The Honorable Frederic H. Bird of Rockland Presented by Mr. Fowlie of Rockland.

Was read and adopted and sent up for concurrence.

An Expression of Legislative Sentiment (H.

P. 77) recognizing:
The Save Loring Committee, chaired by Paul D. Haines, has begun reversing the decision to implement reductions at Loring Air Force Base resented by Mr. McKean of Limestone.

The Sentiment was read.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Limestone, Mr. McKean.

Mr. McKEAN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: This is a tribute to

those fine citizens of Maine who have worked so diligently to retain Loring Air Force Base at its present level. Space, of course, does not permit the naming of everybody who was involved. However, the "Save Loring Committee," in its inception in March of 1976, designated Paul Haines of Limestone as chairman, Senator Collins of Caribou as the vice chairman, and Bill Johnson of Caribou as Secretary-Treasurer, and Severin Beliveau of August as its Attorney.
Through the efforts of the committee, a

budget of \$59,000 was appropriated by private contributions, through municipalities and businesses to do battle with our federal bureaucracy. Thus far, the "Save Loring Committee"has expended \$50,000 to discredit the Air Force's environmental impact study. This is the result of their work which will be placed on

They were successful with their efforts. To reaccomplish the EIS, the Air Force now must delay until approximately September 1977. As a bottom line, without state funding, the "Save Loring Committee" has retained the Loring payroll of \$38 million per annum, a year's gross state product of \$126 million. The people of the great State of Maine have proven and have lived up to the word printed on our \$221 "Direc" "I up to the word printed on our Seal, "Dirigo," I lead. We did and we will, and I thank you.

Thereupon, the Sentiment received passage and was sent up for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Nadeau of Sanford, it was ORDERED, that Kenneth Mills of Eastport be excused January 11th, 12th and 13th for health reasons;
AND BE IT FURTHER ORDERED THAT,

Carl Smith of Mars Hill be excused January 11th, 12th and 13th for personal reasons.

On motion of Mr. Palmer of Nobleboro, the House reconsidered its action of earlier in the day whereby Bill "An Act to Authorize the University of Maine to Execute a Charitable Gift Annuity with A Donor," House Paper 63, was referred to the Committee on Education.

On motion of Mr. Tierney of Lisbon Falls, was referred to the Committee on Business Legislation, ordered printed and sent up for concurrence.

Orders of the Day

The Chair laid before the House the first

tabled and today assigned matter:

JOINT ORDER — Relative to Senate and
House Services, Supplies and Equipment. (S. P. 21) In Senate, read and passed.

Tabled — January 11, 1977 by Mr. Palmer of

Nobleboro.

Pending — Passage in concurrence. On motion of Mr. Carey of Waterville, retabled pending passage in concurrence and specially assigned for Wednesday, January 19.

(Off Record Remarks)

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: ORDERED, the House concurring, that when the House and Senate adjourn, they adjourn to Tuesday, January 18, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. (S. P. 46)

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Tierney of Lisbon Falls, Recessed until the sound of the gong.

After Recess

The House was called to order by the Speaker.

At this point, the Senate entered the Hall of the House and a Joint Convention was formed. In Convention

The President of the Senate, Joseph Sewall, in the Chair.

On motion of Senator Speers of Kennebec, it

ORDERED, that a Committee be appointed to wait upon His Excellency, Governor James B. Longley, and inform him that the two branches of the Legislature are in Convention assembled, ready to receive such communication as he may be pleased to make.

The Chairman appointed:

Senators

GREELEY of Waldo KATZ of Kennebec CONLEY of Cumberland

Representatives

TIERNEY of Lisbon Falls QUINN of Gorham GOODWIN of Bath **BROWN of Mexico** PALMER of Nobleboro GARSOE of Cumberland ALOUPIS of Bangor

Senator Greeley, for the Committee, subsequently reported that the Committee had delivered the message with which it was charged, and the Governor was pleased to say that he would forthwith attend the Convention.

Whereupon, Governor James B. Longley

entered the Convention Hall amid prolonged ap-

plause, the audience rising.
The Governor addressed the Convention as

Mr. President, Mr. Speaker and Honorable Members of the 108th Maine Legislature:

As you well know, the Governor has a statutory duty to present to this Legislature a budget for the biennium. While I have this obligation to the Legislature, I feel, and hopefully this Legislature will agree, that we have an additional obligation at this time to do everything possible to provide the people of the State of Maine with solutions instead of more problems or additional tax burdens in these still

difficult and challenging times for Maine.

Parenthetically, I don't mean to be presumptuous, but I would hope that this legislative body would join with me in expressing our thanks to Commissioner O'Sullivan, Budget Director Bill Siebert, Jim McGregor in our office, commissioners of government and state employees for providing us with a budget document under very difficult time constraints in order that we might meet this statutory deadline, and for doing it with time to spare, albeit small, rather than add to another working day of this Legislature.

I am therefore, submitting to you what I feel is a people's budget . . . a budget which serves the people more than it does the bureaucracy and the special interests . . . a budget which carries forward the Jeffersonian philosophy that government should do for people only what they cannot do better for themselves budget which says that the government closest to the people is usually the most responsive to the people . . . a budget that says fiscal responsibility and accountability is at its best when it is closest to the people . . . a budget which therefore says, Washington should not mandate for Augusta or Augusta for the cities and towns . these decisions best made by the of Maine . towns and cities of Maine.

I said in my State of the State Message that we had strengthened our foundation of government here in Maine and that it was now time to build on our foundation of fiscal responsibility which the legislative and executive branches, working in partnership, have brought to the State Government here in Maine.

I believe the budget we are presenting will allow us to start that construction for the future and to provide tax reductions in the form of tax benefits for the groups who need it the most, groups such as the youth of Maine and the elderly of Maine:

To this end, the budget I am presenting this Legislature, is not only balanced without a recommendation for a tax increase; it is a 10-point "People's Budget" which:

(1) Will provide \$6 million worth of tax relief to the working men and women of Maine by exempting residential electricity from the sales

(2) A budget which will provide an additional \$2 million to give additional tax and rent relief for the elderly, increasing the actual dollar benefit by 25 percent to the elderly recipients. and very significantly without any additional cost or additional bureaucracy, to the extent we're improving on a program already in existence rather than simply adding a new program that frequently benefits those who are paid to serve rather than those who government should serve.

(3) A budget which will provide \$1.6 million for a program to provide free drugs for elderly persons who are unable to receive such drugs through other programs. Parenthetically, as an idealist that felt he could find these dollars for an elderly drug program, I became a realist to the extent I recognized the best way to find dollars was to find dollars which could be saved within government from the economy, efficiency and effectiveness we have tried to bring to government.

(4) A budget which is designed to assist us in finding more and better jobs for the people of Maine by the creation of a Maine Economic. Development Corporation . . . the creation of a Council of Economic Advisors . . . and the creatin of a partnership effort with the business community to better promote tourism. Here again these programs and projects for the people . . . with a price tag of \$1.1 million, do not come from increases in taxes, but from improved management and personnel procedures made possible in large part by legislation enacted by the previous legislature.

(5) The education budget we are presenting, we feel, will provide more direct assistance to what must become our real "bottom line" in education . . . the student. We will ask for your approval of a \$1.5 million voucher plan which will enable deserving students throughout the State to receive state grants to attend any postsecondary school of their choice in Maine. We also will propose the securing of additional space for Maine students desiring to attend medical school and who will hopefully return to Maine to practice medicine. We will also propose the establishment of a special fund in the Department of Educational and Cultural Services to enable the State's Vocational and Technical Institutes to design special programs to meet the needs of business and industry in their areas on a partnership basis to the extent we believe the government closest to the people best serves the people. I also believe our vocational education effort closest to the people will best help existing industry to expand as well as help attract new quality industry to Maine.

Parenthetically, I have been told that Maine is among the best states for industry to consider for expansion. The dreams we have for Maine, you and me, can become a reality, as I do feel confident that this Legislature and this Governor can make this budget work. And if we do, potential industry won't be saying we are one of the best, they will be saying that Maine is the

best State for us to consider.

(6) We are submitting a special emergency appropriations bill to allocate Title II Public Employment funds. We feel the program will improve and continue basic services in critical areas such as children and family services and mental health and corrections. In addition, dollars will be allocated to fund programs designed to better protect consumers and to improve services to people through state government in the Public Utilities Commission and the Department of Personnel. This program also will allow us to do some maintenance work on our bridges and at our state parks and will also

enable us to winterize the State House as an

energy conservation measure.

(7) The budget we are presenting in the area of public safety will provide for additional state troopers and the replacement of older vehicles. It also will provide for expansion of the regional communications system. We must make certain the highways and streets of Maine are safe. This budgetary approach and allocations to the State Police will allow us to continue to reverse a trend that seemed to grant more rights and privileges for those who broke the laws than those who observed the laws.

(8) In the area of human services, we are recommending an increase of approximately \$20 million over the two years of the biennium. This increase is necessary to maintain current programs and to meet increasing costs in practically every area, particularly in the medical care program. As I said a week ago, the legislative and executive branches can take great pride in the fact that we have not eliminated or cut back on any major programs

designed to serve people.

(9) The budget also includes funding for the higher wage scales brought on by implementation of the new compensation plan for State

employees.

(10) And, the budget includes a 20 percent increase in funds to provide additional staffing for the Attorney General's office to meet its continuing and new responsibilities in such areas as consumer protection and human rights and sovereign immunity.

These 10 points by no means attempt to outline everything this budget proposes to accomplish. We have attempted in every way to fund all programs mandated by the Legislature . . . to continue all our educational programs and to maintain all necessary functions of

State government.

Due largely to the outstanding efforts of Commissioner Roger Mallar and his staff, the Department of Transportation has generally held the line on expenditures for highway materials the past two years, despite the continuing effects of inflation on maintenance and construction activities. The programs included in the budget for the next blennium will enable the department to continue existing services and to maintain safe, convenient and effective movement of goods and people throughout the State. The Highway Fund is in sound fiscal condition and the level of bonds required to supplement the fund is expected to be some \$2 million less than the previous biennium.

Despite increased costs for construction and maintenance, the transportation budget requires no increase in fuel taxation or fee increases in licenses or motor vehicle registra-

I hope you will join with me in saying this is a magnificent accomplishment by Commissioner Roger Mallar and his department and State employees in that department.

Tax Reform

We must address tax reform in this session, but to meet our obligations to the people of Maine whom I feel are unable to pay more, we must address tax reform with an eye to equalization of the tax burden through assuring proper tax mix as well as to establish a maximum tax burden and to provide tax benefits to

those least able to pay taxes.

The allocations included in our present budget for education subsidies are based largely on estimates and the exact spending figures are unknown at this time because the law gives the Commissioner and the State Board of Education until January 30th to file such data which is not available until that time. However, in accordance with present statutes, I am submitting these preliminary estimates and figures at this time. I will be submitting an update of the education budget when accurate figures are available.

This is another reason why we will present legislation for your consideration to give future governors until March 1st to present their budgets. This will allow more time for more prudent planning and will enable budget drafters to have more accurate spending estimates, particularly in the area of education.

The preliminary figures we are submitting in the area of education subsidies will enable local governments to reduce the present mil rate for education by one-half mil . . . from 12½ to 12 mils in the first year of the biennium. However, we hope that when final data is available that the rate can be reduced even further. You should know I am hopeful we might even reduce the mil rate another full mil to 11 mils. However, I think it is important for the people of Maine to know that the State government is not totally responsible for the total property tax paid by the people of Maine. Many of the decisions relative to the property tax are still made at the local level and I, for one, think even more of those decisions should go back to the towns and cities.

As most of you know, increases in valuation of property subject to the uniform property tax at the 12.5 mil rate will produce \$28 million more in the next fiscal year than in the current fiscal year. I favor reducing that mil rate even further and we are confident that when education costs are finalized, we will be able to do so.

Under present law we are required to fund not more than 50 per cent of education costs from the uniform property tax. However, we are continuing to examine ways to reduce the burden of education costs on the property tax and to find ways to fund it with a proper and equitable tax mix

We do not feel that the Legislature or anyone else would knowingly increase local taxes by \$28 million without a public hearing when the rate was set at 12.5 mils. However, it must be the goals of this Legislature and this administration to reduce this as much as possible and to return as much of the decision-making as possible in education back to the local govern-

I will be submitting my own thoughts in this area in a subsequent message to this body and I pledge my full and complete cooperation as we mutually address this problem which faces each and every Maine citizen. However, we must ask ourselves and answer to the people of Maine whether we have the right to spend this \$28 million and arbitrarily add another burden to the property tax payer or whether this decision would not be better made and should be

made at the local level.

As Governor, I am hopeful that questions surrounding the pending citizen petitions in the area of property tax reform will not postpone a speedy resolution of problems in that area. One of the strengths of our democratic system is the freedom of speech and freedom of expression demonstrated by the "Save our State" and 'Towns for Fair Taxation'' organizations which conducted this petition drive. They are to be commended for focusing attention on the problem of inequity in our property taxes and they have challenged the spend, spend, spend philosophy of some of those connected with education. I am grateful for the courtesy these groups have extended to me as Governor and I appreciate their constructive criticism. must address reforms in this area and our legislation will be aimed in this direction.

However, we cannot wait to start bringing about some meaningful tax reforms. In that

regard, I feel:

(1) We must take steps to avoid future spending deficits which overburden our citizens with taxes and which have a harmful effect on our business climate. Toward that objective we are adopting a task force recommendation of an outstanding volunteer group and are proposing legislation which will limit spending to our

ability to pay. State government expenditures and program, taken together, have a great effect on the State's economic climate. However, state budgets have not traditionally been prepared from an overall perspective of their effect on the State's economy or the State's highest priorities. I am submitting legislation to alter the budget development process so that overall policy objectives will be considered by each agency and by the Governor. The improved result would be a State program document which will accompany the State Budget document in which critical problems and opportunities and high priority objectives facing the State will be explicitly identified as a guide to

our decision-making.

This legislation will also require the Governor to propose an aggregate level of State spending and consequent tax burden for each biennium. The Legislature would be required to accept or reject these levels within 4 weeks of submission. We must hold the line on our per capita tax burden and on our per capita debt. They are both still too high. The procedure defined in this legislation will make the total tax burden a specific public decision of the Governor and the Legislature in every budget cycle. For the first time, we will be able to know the total tax burden expected of Maine people in advance. This will improve our posture of fiscal responsibility and will do more to assure existing industry as well as attract potential quality industry as they will see definite statutory proof of our commitment as a state that taxes equitably and fairly. Hopefully, tuture Governors and Legislatures will use this procedure to bring the total tax and debt burden down to an acceptable level.

(2) The reimbursement of the inventory tax has been of great concern to all of us. I personally have seriously questioned the reim-bursement because I felt it favored businesses with inventories and discriminated against those businesses which do not have inventories and that it discriminates againt all property taxpayers other than corporations with inventories. Here is an excellent example of where State government, the Legislative and Executive branches, must not usurp or preempt the rights of the citizens of cities and towns to make their own decisions. They are the ones who have to provide the fire and police protection to these firms. Local governments should have the right to allow its citizens and businesses without inventories to determine whether or not they want to tax businesses with inventories for local services they provide. I would hope that individual cities and towns would not arbitrarily tax inventories but I feel the citizens of these towns should have the right to make that decision rather than have a governor and a legislature tell them that they cannot charge for the services the citizens of those towns and cities must pay to provide.

I will, therefore, ask this Legislature to allow the towns and cities to make their own decisions relative to taxing inventories and I will further ask that the corporate income tax increase of one percent be repealed since it was imposed at the time the inventory tax reimbursement began. Maine has a history of fairness and I submit this approach keeps faith with the business community of Maine since we added to the corporate tax of all businesses to pay for the tax relief provided to businesses

with inventories.

We feel this is an ideal time to address this issue and make this resolution since an additional \$5.3 million in State-Local revenue sharing is forecast for the coming biennium.

I would also ask this Legislature to exercise extreme caution in mandating new programs and failing to give commissioners discretionary authority to make decisions based on the overall needs of their departments. There has been a tendency in government to mandate programs without any thought being given to real need or to benefits in relation to cost or how the program will actually work. This has not been fair to dedicated commissioners and officers of government or to State employees and has been equally unfair to the cities and towns of Maine. We would respectfully ask this Legislature to give department heads more discretion in reorganizing their departments and selecting key people upon whom they must de-pend, and to carefully review any and all programs we mandate to the cities and towns of

Revenues

Let us take a brief look at the revenues expected to be available for the biennium to fund this budget which totals \$862.5 million.

The General Fund revenues anticipated for the biennium are \$836 million. This is to be made up of \$405.5 million in the first year and \$430.5 million in the second year. This is less the amount required for State-Local revenue shar-

amount required for State-Local revenue snaring as provided by law.

To this must be added an amount of \$14 million in federal revenue sharing each year, for a total of \$28 million for the biennium.

State Employees

The new pay plan which became effective for State employees last November 1st, is a tribute to what can be accomplished when the legislative and executive branches of government work together. Based on an analysis of the ment work together. Based on an analysis of the final determinations of the temporary compensation review board for all classified employees, the average full-time permanent State employee received an annual increase in his base pay of \$686 per year, or over \$13 per week. This is in addition to the \$160 which the

Legislature and executive branch of government in fairness, paid to State employees from July through October of 1976 while the appeals were being processed, as the Legislature and this Governor wanted to make certain State employees were treated fairly. Furthermore, I believe the legislative and executive branches were more than fair.

Not only did the average increase in weekly base pay of \$13 exceed the \$11 we predicted, but 57 percent of the employees received \$11 or more in permanent increases. Also, state troopers and others working non-standard work weeks are receiving premium allowances of 10 percent of their base salaries in recognition of their hours worked. This provides an additional \$21.81 a week, or over \$1,100 per year for the 700 employees affected.

During the past two years, the State contribu-tions to the health insurance costs for its employees has increased 27.6 percent and our contributions to retirement plans have increased by 15.6 percent. Also starting the first creaseu by 10.6 percent. Also starting the first of next year, we will have to pay between 1.7 and 2.0 percent Federal Unemployment Insurance premiums. In short, from 1976 to 1977 alone our out-of-pocket costs per employee have increased by 10.2 percent to \$11,400 annually during the last year.

Under present law, after July 1, 1977, a State employee who becomes non-occupationally disabled becomes eligible for disability retirement once he or she has been disabled for six months.

I will be proposing to this Legislature a further improvement in the form of a short term temporary disability program for State employees. This plan will provide additional benefits amounting to two-thirds of the

employee's base salary for up to six months following the start of the disability. Payment of benefits will commence after a 30-day waiting period or the expiration of sick leave. I am proposing that this plan be fully paid by the State. We believe this will provide Maine State employees with one of the finest packages of fringe benefits of any public employees in the

State employees have fared very well under the new pay plan, far better than many of their counterparts in the private sector here in Maine and better than many employees of other New England states. We are now waiting for the Maine Labor Relations Board to order elections in the collective bargaining units for State employees. I am advised that future increases for State employees should be negotiated pur-suant to the procedures established by the Legislature in the State Employees Labor Rela-

tions Act.
Mental Health and Corrections

Mental Health and Corrections For the past several years, much consideration has been given to the question of the prudence and judiciousness of the State of Maine continuing to operate two major mental institutions. As this State has taken positive, innovative steps toward community-oriented care for many of its mentally ill citizens, we care for many of its mentally in citizens, we have witnessed declining populations and ever-increasing costs at both Augusta Mental Health Institute and Bangor Mental Health Institute. From 1966 to 1975, the resident population at Augusta decreased from 1,552 to 397 while the cost of operating the facility increased from \$3.8 million to \$8.7 million. During the same time period, the patient population at Bangor decreased from 1,158 to 346 while expenditures

GENERAL FUND SUMMARY OF UNDEDICATED REVENUES

| Revenue Source | Actual | Estimated | Budget Reco | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| e granda filozofia e a construir de la colonia. La constanta e | <u> 1975-76</u> | 1976-77 | 1977-78 | 1978-79 |
| Uniform Property Tax | \$120,374,294 | \$ 4,731,000 | \$ 7,006,000 | \$ 7,700,000 |
| Tree Growth Tax | 7,803,493 | 7,986,000 | 7,889,432 | 8,472,170 |
| Budworm Excise Tax | 2,837,259 | 737,000 | 1,523,604 | 6,282 |
| Inheritance and Estate Taxes | 7,361,635 | 7,400,000 | 7,900,000 | 8,400,000 |
| Income Tax—Individual | 51,876,902 | 77,507,779 | 85,833,333 | 91,770,833 |
| Local Government Fund* | 2,075,076 | 2,774,779 | 3,433,333 | 3,670,833 |
| General Fund Portion | 49,801,826 | 74,733,000 | 82,400,000 | 88,100,000 |
| Income Tax—Corporate | 32,815,598 | 23,922,422 | 26,562,500 | 27,291,666 |
| Local Government Fund* | 1,312,624 | 856,422 | 1,062,500 | 1,091,666 |
| General Fund Portion | 31,502,974 | 23,066,000 | 25,500,000 | 26,200,000 |
| Cigarette Taxes | 23,935,432 | 24,650,000 | 26,000,000 | 26,000,000 |
| Sales and Use Tax | 151,724,958 | 168,598,838 | 184,375,000 | 200,000,000 |
| Local Government Fund* | 6,068,998 | 6,035,838 | 7,375,000 | 8,000,000 |
| General Fund Portion | 145,655,960 | 162,563,000 | 177,000,000 | 192,000,000 |
| Public Utility Taxes | 9,842,975 | 11,080,000 | 13,205,000 | 14,705,000 |
| Insurance Premiums Taxes | 7,715,910 | 8,440,000 | 9,300,000 | 10,000,000 |
| Commission on Pari-Mutuels | 812,818 | 865,000 | 850,000 | 850,000 |
| Income from Investments | 1,668,381 | 1,700,000 | 1,708,500 | 1,711,000 |
| Income from Alcoholic Beverages | 24,037,724 | 25,500.000 | 26,000,000 | 27,000,000 |
| Income from State Lottery | 2,609,623 | 3,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Other Revenue | 12,703,752 | 13,138,734 | 17,202,823 | 17,332,576 |
| Total Undedicated Revenue | 458,120,754 | 379,256,773 | 417,356,192 | 443,239,527 |
| Local Government Fund* | 9,456,698 | 9,667,039 | 11,870,833 | 12,762,499 |
| Available for Appropriation | \$448,664,056 | \$369,589,734 | \$405,485,359 | \$430,477,028 |

there increased from \$2.5 million in 1966 to \$6.7 million in 1975. Parenthetically, there is no short course in experience. As a volunteer chairman for two years, spending almost full time trying to repay Maine for the Maine Management and Cost Survey, I ws told by one Legislator in this room that we had missed many areas but none more flagrant or significant than in the area of the dollar escalation we were paying in the standpoint of our two mental institutions, and despite projections to the contrary to legislative bodies in the past, that the community mental health system could deinstitutionalize people and reduce the need for multiple institutions and perhaps we would need none at all. The truth of the matter is, they have not come to pass. So this Governor, who was then volunteer chairman for those two years, announces that we did miss the boat here, because we failed to recognize that the population in the mental institutions decreased approximately 300 percent in that period of time, yet, expenses increased 250 percent. We announced last fall that we had made an administrative decision to plan for the phase-down of Bangor Mental Health Institute but that we would take no action that was outside the scope of our statutory authority. We have worked for approximately six months develop-ing a plan which we feel will improve patient care for those presently confined at the institutions as well as improve our entire mental health system by better utilizing our existing resources.

Therefore, we will ask this Legislature to give the Commissioner of Mental Health and Corrections the authority to operate one major mental health institute. It would not be fair to ask this Legislature for the authorization to. operate only one institution if we did not outline how we planned to utilize that authorization.

Our plan in that regard calls for:

(1) The establishment of a resource center for geriatric and autistic patients at Bangor. Some 86 elderly patients presently residing at B.M.H.I. would remain at that unit.

(2) The transfer of 126 patients and 4 complete psychiatric patient care teams to the Maine Mental Health Institute at Augusta.

(3) The allocation of resources to the Aroostook County Mental Health Program to care for Aroostook patients presently at Bangor in order to have them as close to home as possi-

(4) The transfer of some 45 patients presently at Bangor to community nursing homes, their own homes, foster homes, boarding homes and to the D-1 Unit in Bangor.

(5) We will continue to support the development of community mental health programs.

This is the recommendation presented me by the most objective and the best expertise available as it relates to mental health. I do not pretend to be a mental health expert, so I must rely on the best expertise available as well as the advice of those who are at least as objective as they are professional. I am, in that spirit, submitting this plan to the Legislature for its consideration and hopefully its approval. Should the Legislature feel it wants to take a different approach or alter the mission of an institution other than the one we have recommended, I will recognize that right. However, I support this basic plan which we have presented, a plan originally advanced by Commissioner Rosser, a plan with the support of the community mental health experts, and a plan now submitted and advocated by George Zitnay, our new Commis-sioner of Mental Health and Corrections and the community mental health directors have once again given their support to this plan.

The Department will also be able to add 61 positions at the Pineland Center for training and treatment of the mentally retarded. These improvements, we feel, will make Pineland one of the finest, if not the finest, institution of its size in the nation. The Department also will embark on a community-based program for the mentally retarded with the objective of keeping the family unit intact to the maximum degree possible.

There will also be funds available to hire additional security officers for the State Prison at Thomaston.

Conclusion

As I said at the outset, I believe we have presented this Legislature a "People's Budget," a budget which gives more consideration to people than it does to the bureaucracy and special interests, and a budget which is based on the input we have recieved from individual citizens, legislators and experts in government as well as through our task force efforts and through two-way communications with the people of Maine.

Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, I would like to thank this Joint Convention for allowing me to present this budget and I thank you in advance for your consideration. (Prolonged applause)

At the conclusion of the Governor's address, the Governor withdrew amid applause, the audience rising.

The purpose for which the Convention was assembled having been accomplished, the Chairman declared the same dissolved and the Senate retired to its chamber amid applause of the House, the members rising.

In the House

The House was called to order by the Speaker.

(Off Record Remarks)

Mr. Quinn of Gorham presented the following Joint Order and moved its passage: (H. P. 78) ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the Legislative Finance Officer be authorized and directed to pay each member of the Legislature prior to January 25, 1977 a \$200 allowance for constituent services as authorized in Title 3, Section 2 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

The Order was read and passed and sent up for concurrence.

The following Communication: House Committee on Elections Report:

The Committee on Elections to which was referred (a) the returns of the votes cast for Representative to the Legislature, and (b) the report of The Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices on the appeal of Gordon F. Cunningham, House District 29, and (c) the petition of Gordon F. Cunningham, and have had the same under consideration and beg leave to report that:

The Committee met and reviewed the documents and heard evidence and argument of counsel on January 12, 1977. Based on that review, the Committee believes that it cannot provide a recommendation to the House regarding the outcome of the election in District 29 until it receives the answers to certain questions of law which are critical in determining the outcome of the election. Accordingly, the Committee recommends that the following draft order be adopted by the House and submitted to the Supreme Judicial Court for its consideration and response.

The Committee's recommendation regarding questions I and II of the draft order was by un-

The Committee's recommendation regarding question #III was by a 4 to 3 vote. (Signed) HARLAND GOODWIN JR.

Chairman

The Report was read and accepted and ordered placed on file.

Mr. Goodwin of South Berwick presented the following Order and moved its passage: WHEREAS, in connection with the proposed

examination by the House Committee on Elections of the ballots cast in the general election of November 2, 1976, for Representative from House District 29, representing the Towns of Gray, New Gloucester, Sebago and Raymond, certain questions have arisen with regard to the validity of certain election procedures and certain ballots because of a contest for Representative from House District 29 by Gordon F. Cunningham and Michael H. Gibbs; and

WHEREAS, Michael H. Gibbs has been provisionally seated in the House subject to out-

come of this contest; and
WHEREAS, Gordon F. Cunningham caused a recount to be had before the convening of the Legislature by appropriate election officials of the State of Maine, at which recount both par-ties were represented; and

WHEREAS, Gordon F. Cunningham then appealed from the recount to the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices as

provided in Maine law; and

WHEREAS, at the conclusion of the review by the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, and based on the decisions of the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, there were 1911 votes cast for Gordon F. Cunningham and 1904 votes cast for Michael H. Gibbs and that this result included Commission decisions relating to 39 ballots in dispute (a copy of the Commission report is attached hereto as Exhibit A);

and WHEREAS, this matter was brought to the attention of the House of Representatives on

January 5, 1977; and

WHEREAS, the House referred to the Committee on Elections for its review the question of who should have the seat from House District

29; and WHEREAS, the ballots in dispute and the questioned election procedures could decide the election or provide a basis for finding the elec-

tion invalid; and

WHEREAS, no evidence has been offered to the House of Representatives or the Committee on Elections that there has been any fraud of any nature or description in the casting of the votes in question; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the facts relating to certain election procedures are undisputed and that the question of compliance or noncompliance of the statutes is therefore reduced

to a question of law; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the reason for counting the questionable ballots one way or another must appear on the face of the ballots and must, therefore, be reduced to a question of

WHEREAS, the ballots in dispute are attached hereto and made a part hereof and are identified by markings affixed to each ballot which have been placed there by officials of the State of Maine and are not considered distinguishing marks, namely, numbers 1 through 39, inclusive; and WHEREAS, it appears to the members of the

House of Representatives of the 108th Legislature that questions of law have arisen which make this occasion a solemn one; now,

therefore, be it

ORDERED, that in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the State, the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court are hereby respectfully requested to give their opinion or the following questions to with mion on the following questions, to wit:

The Committee has found that in 14 instances voters presented themselves at the polling place in New Gloucester and requested that a specific individual provide them with assistance in voting. The election warden, designated an additional aide of the opposite party to accompany the voter and the aide requested by the voter into the polling booth. The election warden advised the aides that it was not necessary for them to document the fact that the voter was provided with assistance unless one of the aides physically marked the ballot at the request of the voters. No notation was made on the ballots that this assistance was provided. These ballots were not challenged at the polling place and, as a result, there is no way to identify the ballots cast by these voters with assistance and they are not included with the 39 ballots submitted with these questions. The Committee has found that the procedure followed in providing voter assistance was done at the express direction of election officials and with their approval and that no question of fraud exists. QUESTION:

In the factual situation described, are the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated, Title 21, section 862, to be interpreted as mandatory or directory?

II

The Committee has found that in 11 instances, as evidenced by ballots 1 through 7 and 17 through 20 attached hereto, voters presented themselves at the polling place in New Gloucester and requested that a specific individual provide them with assistance in voting.

The election warden approved the request of the respective voters and designated a representative of the opposing party to accompany each voter and the requested aide into the polling booth. The election warden further instructed the individuals providing assistance that if they physically marked the ballot at the request of the voter, they should affix their signature to the back of the ballot. The instructions of the election warden were complied with by the aides. The procedure followed by the voters and the aides were specifically established and approved by the election warden and the warden believed that such actions were in compliance with the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated, Title 21, section 862. The Committee has found that no question of fraud exists. QUESTION:

What effect does the failure by election officials to comply with the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes. Annotated, Title 21, section 862, have upon the validity of ballots 1

through 7 and 17 through 20?

Questions based on review of the face of each individual ballot.

1. Unless answered above, is ballot #1 a valid ballot?

I(a). If the answer to question #1 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?
2. Unless answered above, is ballot #2 a valid

ballot?

panot?

 $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}(\mathbf{a})$. If the answer to question #2 is in the aftermative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

3. Unless answered above, is ballot #3 a valid ballot?

3(a). If the answer to question #3 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

4. Unless answered above, is ballot #4 a valid

ballot?
4(a). If the answer to question #4 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

5. Unless answered above, is ballot #5 a valid ballot?

5(a). If the answer to question #5 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

6. Unless answered above, is ballot #6 a valid ballot?

6(a), If the answer to question #6 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

7. Unless answered above, is ballot #7 a valid ballot?

7(a). If the answer to question #7 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

8. Is ballot #8 a valid ballot?

8(a). If the answer to question #8 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

9. Is ballot #9 a valid ballot?

9(a). If the answer to question #9 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

10. Is ballot #10 a valid ballot?

10(a). If the answer to question #10 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

11. Is ballot #11 a valid ballot?

11(a). If the answer to question #11 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

12. Is ballot #12 a valid ballot?

12(a). If the answer to question #12 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

13. Is ballot #13 a valid ballot?

13(a). If the answer to question #19 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

14. Is ballot #14 a valid ballot?

14(a). If the answer to question #14 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

15. Is ballot #15 a valid ballot?

15(a). If the answer to question #15 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

16. Is ballot #16 a valid ballot?

16(a). If the answer to question #16 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

17. Unless answered above, is ballot #17 a valid ballot?

17(a). If the answer to question #17 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

18. Unless answered above, is ballot #18 a valid ballot?

18(a). If the answer to question #18 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

19. Unless answered above, is ballot #19 a valid ballot?

19(a). If the answer to question #19 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

20. Unless answered above, is ballot #20 a valid ballot?

20(a). If the answer to question #20 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

21. Is ballot #21 a valid ballot?

21(a). If the answer to question #21 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

22. Is ballot #22 a valid ballot?

22(a). If the answer to question #22 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

23. Is ballot #23 a valid ballot?

23(a). If the answer to question #23 is in the affirmative, from whom should the ballot be counted?

24. Is ballot #24 a valid ballot?

24(a). If the answer to question #24 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

25. Is ballot #25 a valid ballot?

25(a). If the answer to question #25 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

26. Is ballot #26 a valid ballot?

26(a). If the answer to question #26 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

27. Is ballot #27 a valid ballot?

27(A). If the answer to question #27 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

28. Is ballot #28 a valid ballot?

28(a). If the answer to question #28 is in the

affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

29. Is ballot #29 a valid ballot?

29(a). If the answer to question #29 is in the affiarmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

30. Is ballot #30 a valid ballot?

30(a). If the answer to question #30 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

31. Is ballot #31 a valid ballot?

31(a). If the answer to question #31 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

32. Is ballot #32 a valid ballot?

32(a). If the answer to question #32 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

33. Is ballot #33 a valid ballot?

33(a). If the answer to question #33 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

34. Is ballot #34 a valid ballot?

34(a). If the answer to question #34 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

35. Is ballot #35 a valid ballot?

35(a). If the answer to question #35 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

36. Is ballot #36 a valid ballot?

36(a). If the answer to question #36 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

37. Is ballot #37 a valid ballot?

37(a). If the answer to question #37 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

38. Is ballot #38 a valid ballot?

38(a). If the answer to question #38 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

39. Is ballot #39 a valid ballot?

39(a). If the answer to question #39 is in the affirmative, for whom should the ballot be counted?

The Order was read.

Pursuant to House Rule 40, tabled pending passage and specially assigned for Tuesday, January 18.

On motion of Mr. Bustin of Augusta, Adjourned until Tuesday, January 18, at four o'clock in the afternoon.