MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

LEGISLATIVE RECORD

OF THE

One Hundred and Seventh Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

Volume II
May 21, 1975 to July 2, 1975
Index

KENNEBEC JOURNAL AUGUSTA, MAINE

HOUSE

Tuesday, June 24, 1975 The House met according to adjournment and was called to order by the Speaker.

Prayer by the Rev. Richard Cleaves of

Augusta.
The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill "An Act to Extend the Provisions of the Energy Emergency Proclamation" (H. P. 1152) (L. D. 1446) ask leave to report: that the House recede from passage to be engrossed, adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-819), and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-819); that the Senate recede from indefinite postponement, adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-819), and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-819)

(Signed) Messrs. KELLEHER of Bangor FINEMORE of Bridgewater MARTIN of Eagle Lake -of the House.

Messrs. ROBERTS of York MARCOTTE of York TROTZKY of Penobscot

-of the Senate. On motion of Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, the Report was accepted.

Thereupon, the House voted to recede

from passage to be engrossed.
Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-819) was read by the Clerk and adopted and the Bill passed to be engrossed as amended and sent up for concurrence,

Orders of the Day On motion of Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, the House reconsidered its action whereby it voted to recede and concur with the Senate

on Bill "An Act to Establish Rules for Legislative Investigating Committees" House Paper 898, L. D. 1085.

The SPEAKER: The pending question now before the House is the motion to recede and concur. The Chair will order a vote. All in favor will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken. 12 having voted in the affirmative and 84 having voted in the negative, the motion did not prevail.

Thereupon, on motion of Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, the House voted to insist and ask for a Committee of Conference.

The Speaker appointed the following conferees on the part of the House; Messrs. KELLEHER of Bangor COONEY of Sabattus

BIRT of East Millinocket

By unanimous consent, both matters acted upon were ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

The following papers from the Senate appearing on Supplement No. 1 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S, P. 557)

WHEREAS; Legislative Document Number 1012 was introduced at the regular session of the 107th Legislature to allow water companies and water districts to put rates in under bond; and

WHEREAS, the matter involved

technical legal and financial matters; and WHEREAS, the subject matter of the bill is a possible solution for the Public Utilities Commission to better control its docket in order to provide thorough review of rate proceedings; and

WHEREAS, this subject matter requires

in-depth study; now, therefore, be it ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on

Public Utilities, to study the subject matter of L. D. 1012: and be it further.

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation to the next implementing legislation to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, Upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 509)
WHEREAS, the Legislature is currently

considering legislation to transfer authority for Truth-in-Lending Examinations and enforcement from the Bureau of Banks and Banking to the Bureau of Consumer Protection; and

WHEREAS, such transfers have in fact already been physically accomplished without such express authority presently under consideration by the Legislature;

WHEREAS, the situation should be examined at the earliest possible time to ascertain the facts and the appropriate action to be taken by the Legislature; now,

therefore, be it

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Performance Audit, to study the facts surrounding Legislative Document No. 454, "An Act to Transfer Authority for Truth-in-Lending Examinations and Enforcement from the Bureau of Banks and Banking to the Bureau of Consumer Protection" and the actual departments involved to determine what, if any, corrective actions should be taken upon full disclosure of the circumstances; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 511)
WHEREAS, the public interest requires

that effective and uniform procedures be established to regulate the manner in which administrative agencies conduct their business; and

WHEREAS, the Department of the Attorney General, in cooperation with the Maine Bar Association, is currently involved in a project to develop a uniform administrative code to apply to all administrative agencies; and WHEREAS, the Committee on State

Government has considered several bills concerning the procedures of administrative agencies; and

WHEREAS, the Department of the Attorney General and the Maine Bar Association have offered their report and related research to the Committee to assist it in developing a comprehensive Administrative Procedures Act: now.

therefore, be it ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council direct the Joint Standing Committee on State Government Standing Committee on State Government to study the subject matter of L. D. 910, "An Act to Require that Magnetic Tape Recordings be Made of all Public Deliberations of Appointive Boards and Commissions;" L. D. 1022, "An Act to Make Administrative Regulations Available to the Public;" L. D. 1082, "An Act to Require Review of Proposed State Regulations by Local Units of Government;" L. D. 1775, "An Act to Insure Citizen Participation in the Promulgation, Amendment and Repeal of Agency Rules;" and L. D. 1784; "An Act to Insure Citizen Participation in the

Promulgation, Amendment and Repeal of Agency Rules;" and be it further ORDERED, that the Joint Standing Committee on State Government coordinate its study with the Department of the Attorney General and the Maine Bar Association to develop a comprehensive Administrative Procedures Act; and be it

ORDERED, that such agencies or departments as may be determined by the Joint Standing Committee on State Government be authorized and respectfully directed to provide the Committee with such information, technical advice and assistance as the Committee deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this Order; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Joint Standing Committee on State Government report its findings together with any proposed legislation to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it

further

ORDERED, that upon passage of this Order, in concurrence, that copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to the Department of the Attorney General and the Maine Bar Association as notice of the pending study

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

Bill "An Act to Create a Law Enforcement Education Section within the Criminal Division of the Department of the Attorney General'' (Emergency) (S. P. 141) (L. D. 444) which was Enacted in the House on March 19.

Came from the Senate, having been Recalled from the Governor pursuant to Joint Order S. P. 531, with Enactment reconsidered and the Bill Indefinitely Postponed in non-concurrence.

In the House: The House voted to recede

Bill "An Act Appropriating Funds to the Attorney General for the Purpose of Participating in Proceedings before the Public Utilities Commission'' (Emergency) (H. P. 702) (L. D. 882) which was Enacted in the House on May 15 Came from the Senate Indefinitely

Postponed in non-concurrence. In the House: The House voted to recede

and concur.

The following papers from the Senate appearing on Supplement No. 2 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 530)

WHEREAS, the regulation of Maine's potato industry is of great importance to the people of Maine; and

WHEREAS, one of the most important means of regulating the potato industry is the licensing and bonding statutes concerning potatoes; and

WHEREAS, there is some current dissatisfaction with the present licensing and bonding laws, a dissatisfaction which has led to the introduction of legislation to

amend those statutes; and WHEREAS, it is the feeling of the Legislature that the importance of those statutes and the complexity of the problem they address demand careful study of such amending legislation and require the considered comments of potato processors, potato growers and concerned citizens;

now, therefore, be it

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Agriculture, to study the subject matter and implications of Legislative Document No. 967, House Paper No. 794 and to seek the comments of potato processors, potato growers and Maine citizens concerning this legislation and concerning any needed changes in the licensing and bonding statutes concerning potatoes; and be it

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings, together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation, to the next special or regular session of the

Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint

Order: (S. P. 540) WHEREAS, the field of public utility regulation is one of great legal and technical complexity; and

WHEREAS, part of this regulation is involved with the field of sewer districts

and water utilities; and

WHEREAS, Legislative Document Number 1808, introduced into the regular session of the 107th Legislature, concerns Public Utility Commission regulation of sanitary, sewerage, sewer utility and water districts; and

WHEREAS, Legislative Document Number 812, introduced into the regular session of the 107th Legislature, concerns a comprehensive regulation of the public

drinking water supply; and

WHEREAS, the complexity of these two bills and of their effect on public utilities regulation illustrates the need for a clear and concise legislative policy towards the regulation of all public utilities, and of water utilities and sewerage districts in particular; now, therefore, be it

ORDERED, the House concurring, the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Public Utilities, to study the subject of state regulation and rate control of water companies, water utilities and sewerage districts, and to study the statutory and regulatory policies which are currently in force concerning the regulation and rate

control by the Public Utilities Commission of all public utilities, in order to arrive at a clear legislative policy regarding that regulation and rate control; and be it

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint

Order: (S. P. 542)
WHEREAS, the professions of speech pathology and audiology provide important services to many Maine people;

WHEREAS, these professions are now undefined and unregulated by Maine law and there is therefore no means to protect Maine people from unqualified

practioners; and

WHEREAS, legislation to accomplish these purposes, S. P. 454, L. D. 1669, "An Act to Provide for the Licensure of Speech ratnologists and Audiologists," was introduced at the regular session of the 107th Legislature, but it was felt there was a neesibility of the session of th possibility of conflict between this bill and the statutes regulating other professions and businesses, especially that of hearing aiddealers; now, therefore, beit

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized through the Joint Standing Committee on Business Legislation to examine the subject matter of L. D. 1669 and to report its findings, together with any proposed legislation, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 583) WHEREAS, the 106th Legislature enacted the provisions of Title 15, section 2161-A and Title 16, section 600 which provide respectively for the expungement of records of criminal conviction upon the receipt of a full pardon by the Governor and Executive Council and for the expungement of certain arrest and detention records upon the dismissal of a criminal charge or upon the acquittal of any person arrested or detained; and WHEREAS, there have been complaints

concerning numerous administrative problems that have resulted from

attempts to implement said statutes; and WHEREAS, the cost of implementing said statutes has proven to be greater than originally anticipated; and

WHEREAS, these complaints and the resulting costs from the implementation of said statutes indicate the need for a

thorough examination of the methods utilized in the expungement of certain records, criminal arrests, prosecutions and convictions, the cost of such methods and the need for such expungement laws; now, therefore, beit

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized. through the Joint Standing Committee on the Judiciary to study the methods utilized in the expungement of certain records of criminal arrests, prosecutions and convictions, the costs of such methods and the overall need for laws requiring such expungements; and be it further ORDERED, that the Council report the

results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation, if any, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.
CamefromtheSenatereadandpassed.

In the House, the Order was read and

passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint

Order: (S. P. 587)
WHEREAS, the Department of Inland Fisheries and Game has been subject to criticism regarding use of funds for various questionable projects such as the

Vilkitis Study;'' and WHEREAS, enactment of environmental laws have placed a great burden upon the personnel and resources of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Game, which is funded by dedicated revenues; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature is concerned that permit fees are occasionally used to fund various projects which might have properly been funded from other revenue sources; now,

therefore, be it
ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized. through the Joint Standing Committee on Performance Audit, to study the operations and funding methods of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Game Department of Inland Fisheries and Game and to determine whether or not the present system of dedicated funding is sufficient to meet the requirements placed upon that department by statutes and regulations; and be it further ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings, together with any proposed recommendations and

any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

The following Joint Order: (S. P. 538) WHEREAS, due to the difficulty of changing long established attitudes of a throw-away society, solid wastes in its many forms continue to mount; and

WHEREAS, the continued accumulation of solid wastes particularly in the form of litter has become a matter of great public

concern; and WHEREAS, it is the primary responsibility of the State to seek out and implement effective laws to manage this perplexing problem; now, therefore, be it

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources, to study the matter of solid waste problems of this State with particular emphasis on litter for the purpose of developing a comprehensive litter or waste management act for the State; and be it further

ORDERED, that the experience of other states, especially Connecticut, Florida and Washington, in litter or waste management be considered by the committee in the course of their

deliberations; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings, together with any proposed recommendations and final drafts of necessary implementing legislation, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed as amended by Senate Amendment "A" (S-342)

In the House, the Orderwas read.

Senate Amendment "A" (S-342) was read by the Clerk.

Mrs. Mitchell of Vassalboro moved the indefinite postponement of Senate Amendment "A".

Mr. Farley of Biddeford moved the matter be tabled until later in today's session.

Mr. Greenlaw of Stonington requested a

vote on the tabling motion.

The SPEAKER: The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from Biddeford, Mr. Farley, that this matter be tabled pending the motion of Mrs. Mitchell of Vassalboro to indefinitely postpone Seante Amendment "A" and later today assigned. All in favor will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken.

19 having voted in the affirmative and 72 having voted in the negative, the motion did not prevail.

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "A" was indefinitely postponed.
The Order received passage in

non-concurrence and sent up for concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint

Order: (S. P. 600)
WHEREAS, traditional educational approaches have failed to deal adequately with various forms of socially disruptive and self-destructive behavior among youth, such as alcohol and drug abuse, truancy, vandalism and dropping out of school; and

WHEREAS, there exists concern among Maine residents regarding the social, family, vocational and other problems which often result from these forms of

behavior; and

WHEREAS, L. D.'s 1081, 1609 and 1702, presented before the Joint Standing Committee on Education during the 107th Legislature, have proposed school-based programs to deal with many of these problems; and

WHEREAS, while each of these bills provides an approach for attacking such behavioral and social problems, there exists uncertainty as to what kind of approach is most appropriate; and

WHEREAS, legislative action on these bills will have a direct impact on the welfare of many Maine citizens and, in particular, on the welfare of many youth;

now, therefore, be it

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council, be authorized through the Joint Standing Committee on Education, to study the need for school-based programs which provide approaches for the understanding and prevention of socially disruptive and self-destructive behavior of youth; and to work with the sponsors of the legislation under consideration to take full advantage of their special knowledge and expertise; and be it further

ORDERED, that in conducting its study the Council shall determine which social, family, vocational or other problems are priority areas of concern; examine existing school-based programs attacking such problems both in this State and beyond in order to ascertain which approaches have been the most effective: and present alternatives, regarding approaches and types of programs, which will be the most likely to provide appropriate solutions to such problems; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation to the next

special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, Upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

By unanimous consent, all matters acted upon in concurrence and al matters requiring Senate concurrence were ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

(Off Record Remarks)

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 5 were taken up out of order

by unanimous consent:

Report of the Committee on Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on RESOLUTION, Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution to Abolish the Executive Council and Reassign its Constitutional Powers to the Governor (H. P. 16) (L. D. 24) ask leave to report: That the House recede from passage to be engrossed, indefinitely postpone Committee Amendment 'A' (H-583), adopt Committee Amendment 'B' (H-584), and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended; that the Senate recede from passage to be engrossed, indefinitely postpone Committee Amendment "C (H-585); adopt Committee Amendment "B" (H-584), and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended in concurrence. (Signed)

Messrs. ROLDE of York COONEY of Sabattus, SUSI of Pittsfield

of the House

Messrs. COLLINS of Knox **BERRY** of Cumberland DANTON of York -of the Senate.

Report was read. Mr. Cooney of Sabattus moved that the House accept the Conference Committee Report.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Hallowell, Mr. Stubbs.

Mr. STUBBS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I strongly urge that we adopt the conference committee report. This is Report B, which I spoke at length on several weeks ago. This is the report that would establish a confirmation committee consisting of five members of the House, five members of the Senate. I firmly believe that if we are going to abolish this Executive Council, this is the way to do it. This is the one that is most acceptable to both bodies.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Eastport, Mr. Mills.

Mr. MILLS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I am wondering if I am reading this order correctly. The way it reads to me, the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Resolution, Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution to Abolish the Executive Council and Reassign its Constitutional Powers to the Governor. That places everything from the Council right in the hands of the Governor without any controls whatsoever, as I read it; therefore, I move the Indefinite Postponement of this paper. The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Gorham, Mr. Quinn.

Mr. QUINN: Mr. Speaker and Wembers of the House, I believe I can help Mr. Mills' query. The title of the bill is an original bill that I filed last December and the bill itself that I filed was only about one or two paragraphs long. I fully realized that those powers should not go to the Governor but felt that this would be a function of committee of compromise of research.

The title of the Bill says "An Act to Abolish the Executive Council and to Reassign its Constitutional Powers to the Governor" but Committee Amendment "B", which is under discussion, very clearly allocates those powers to a committee, five from this House and five from the Senate and it is simply the old title of the early bill that misleads you. I would also urge that we do not indefinitely postpone this absolutely vital bill. I think we are all aware of it, I don't think we need to take a great deal of discussion. I think we have been over and over the ground; it is a chance for us to strike a blow for something that is in the platform of both parties, something that is absolutely vital to the continued good relationship between this legislature and the people of Maine and I would urge unanimous approval of this committee report.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Portland, Mrs. Najarian.

Mrs. NAJARIAN: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I would just like to say that in the past session, whenever a bill has been substantially altered, we have always had a redraft with a new title and a new L.D. number. This year we haven't done that. We have had many bills come through here where the title is applied to an old bill and everything has been repealed after the enacting clause and the substance of the bill, does in no way correspond to the title. It is not a practice that I find very agreeable. I wish that we had gone through with the process of redrafting bills with new titles, but I suppose to save time and perhaps save money that we avoided doing that many, many times this year, so on the basis of the title not corresponding with the body of the Bill, I would hope that you would oppose the motion to indefinitely postpone. The SPEAKER The Chair recognizes the gentlemash from Stow, Mr. Wilfong.

Mr. WILFONG: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I would like to pose a question to Mr. Cooney if I could. Could you please explain how the members of this committee will be elected, how they will be nominated and elected, and so forth?

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Sabattus, Mr. Cooney. Mr. COONEY: Mr. Speaker, the Committee Amendment "B", which is the recommendation of the conference committee, calls for election by each House of the five members, they would have representing them on the confirmation committee and that not more

than three be from any one political party.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes
the gentleman from Hampden, Mr.

Farnham.

Mr. FARNHAM: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen: As a member of the State Government Committee that has wrestled with this problem for four years, I think it is a wonderful solution to a problem that has been hanging over the legislature for

Now, I think the problem has been magnified by the press and the Governor's Council has become such a dirty word that here is our opportunity to do the job and do it right and it will mean that at all times in the future the confirming body will have members of the minority party on it. I hope you do not vote for the indefinite postponement measure.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Houlton, Mr.

Carpenter.

Mr. CARPENTER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I also hope you will oppose the motion to indefinitely postpone this bill. When I was running for office and getting ready to come down here, this sounded like a very easy thing to do, to abolish the Executive Council, and I sat through many, many, long hours in the State Government Committee and it is just not that easy to do. I know a lot of you inhere have thought about ways, the legislative council, this committee and that committee, but you have to remember, we are tampering with the State Constitution, which is a pretty important document and basically a sound document. It is not that easy to just remove or delete the Executive Council from the Constitution and put something in its place.

This is a very good position, a very good compromise. It was our original fallback position in the first place, so we're not really losing anything, and if we are really serious about abolishing the Executive Council, you are going to have the chance. in just a few minutes to go on record, as to whether you are serious or whether it is

just a lot of talk.

Also, one thing that some thought was given in the caucus to, five and five equals 10, you are going to have a lot of tie votes which will kill the motion or kill the confirmation or whatever. Don't forget, this new committee is a very much watered down version of the present Executive Council. They are not going to be dealing nearly with the scope of things that the present Executive Council deals with as far as our confirmations of appointees, so I would sincerely urge you to support this conference committee report and vote against the motion to indefinitely postpone.

Mrs. Najarian of Portland requested a roll call on the acceptance of the

Conference Committee Report.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lewiston, Mr. Jalbert. Mr. JALBERT: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I think possibly seven or eight times in the last 30 years I have made the motion to indefinitely postpone any thinking that might be entertained to abolish the Governor's Council. I think as time goes on, one starts to hear and one starts to listen and, frankly, I had not made up my mind even as of this morning, I think that in due fairness, I probably should quote and give credit to the remarks of my floor leader, the gentleman from York, Mr. Rolde, when he told me this morning that he felt that if we did not do something along the line of the Governor's Council at this session, we would be doing a disservice to the people that we represent and rightfully so he mentioned our party. Frankly, I made up my mind just that fast. I never thought the day would come, Mr. Speaker and members of the House, but I shall vote today to start the machinery going to abolish the Governor's Council. The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Pittsfield, Mr. Susi. Mr. SUSI: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: This, to me, appears to be D-Day and H-Hour on the question of the abolition of the Governor's Council. For many years, there has been varying amount of support for abolition and I think that it generally has been growing. I don't believe there has ever

been more support than there is.

The committee of conference, if you will look on your supplement, is made up of people of all sorts of political ideas and each of them made contact with many other legislators and I think the committee recognized, without doubt, that the proposal which you have before you, the five-five, is the one that stands the best chance of passage, has the greatest support, so I believe that now we have the very pratical political question of whether or not we want to abolish the Governor's Council. I believe that it should be done, I believe that the five-five is the only method of handling this, that has a wide-spread acceptance. I hope you support the

acceptance. I nope you support the committee of conference report.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Enfield, Mr. Dudley.

Mr. DUDLEY: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I don't know if I can support it or not. I have some reservations and I'm getting them from back home. The people that did want to do away with the Council thought it was unnecessary and that we had men on the payroll we didn't need, but they don't appreciate taking off seven and taking on ten. They said this was a step in the wrong direction, they want less government, less people participating and not more. They see this as just a boondoggle to put more people in and make it harder to confirm; in other words, tie their Governor's hands further, and that they don't want to do. So, this isn't the answer to what my people want, I am sure, based on what conversation I've had with them, and those people interested, they are nice enough to call me or have a communication with me verbally or by mail, and this is their feeling and I suspect it will have to be

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Dixfield, Mr. Rollins. Mr. ROLLINS: The Speaker, Ladies and

Gentlemen of the House: I feel this morning that probably we will do away with the Governor's Council but it will not be with my vote. I have always believed in the Governor's Council and I still do and we are trying desperately here to find some solution to do away with them, no matter whether it is good or bad. Change for the sake of change, as we have been told in some other legislatures, is not good, and that is what this is in my opinion. We are increasing the number of people on the Council to ten from seven and I would be much happier if we were decreasing it instead of increasing it.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Augusta, Mr. Bustin.

Mr. BUSTIN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: The last thing I want to do today is inject any partisan note into this debate. However, I think as this historic vote is taken, and I do think this is going to carry in both branches, that it is only fair to point out that while this matter has been in the Democratic Party platform year after year after year, here in the 107th Legislature, with a Democratic Party in the majority of both branches controlling the Executive Council it is the same Democratic Party which has said, we are going to still take the move toward good government on the basis of betterment for our people. We have not, as we could have, stopped the abolition of the Executive Council for our own advantage.

I would also like to add that in my opinion, and I may be prejudiced, that the Executive Council currently sitting is one of the finest we have ever had. It has not played partisan politics, when it could have, it is the first council to initiate public hearings on gubernatorial appointments. I think they have done a fine job. I support the gentleman from Sabattus, Mr. Cooney.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Nobleboro, Mr. Palmer.

Mr. PALMER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I certainly don't want to let that pass without a word or two about the makeup of this legislature. If mymemory serves me correctly, I think we have a Republican Senate, you may have the most numbers in both branches but passage of this amendment requires a two thirds vote on both branches. Without the assistance of the minority party in the House and the Republican Party in the Senate, it could not pass.

The SPEAKER: A roll call has been requested. For the Chair to order a roll call, it must have the expressed desire of one fifth of the members present and voting. All those desiring a roll call vote will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken, and more than one fifth of the members present having expressed a desire for a roll call, a

roll call was ordered.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Enfield, Mr. Dudley.

Mr. DUDLEY: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I think that I support the platform and the people that I represent support the platform but abolishing the council is one thing but we are not abolishing it, we are just changing the name and putting more people on it. We are further tieing the Governor's hands, this is the very thing that they don't We are not going to deceive the people that I represent by putting ten men on in place of seven, they are not easily. deceived, I can tell you. If you think that is what you are going to do, you are not going to fool me and you are not going to fool,

them either

The SPEAKER: A roll call has been ordered. The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from Sabattus, Mr. Cooney, that the House accept the Conference Committee Report on Resolution, Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution to Abolish the Executive Council and Reassign its Constitutional Powers to the Governor, House Paper 16.
L. D. 24. All in favor of that motion will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

ROLL CALL

VEA. Author Page 2012

YEA — Ault, Bachrach, Bagley, Bennett, Berry, G. W.; Berry, P. P.; Berube, Birt, Blodgett, Boudreau, Bowie, Burns, Bustin, Byers, Carpenter, Carroll, Carter, Chonko, Churchill, Clark, Connolly, Cooney, Cote, Cox, Curran, P.; Curran, R.; Curtis, Davies, Doak, Dow, Drigotas, Durgin, Dyer, Farley, Farnham, Fenlason, Finemore, Flanagan, Fraser, Garsoe, Gauthier, Goodwin, H.; Goodwin, K.; Greenlaw, Henderson, Hennessey, Higgins, Hinds, Hobbins, Hutchings, Ingegneri, Jackson, Jacques, Jalbert, Jensen, Joyce, Kany, Kelleher, Kennedy, Laffin, LaPointe, Laverty, LeBlanc, Leonard, Lewin, Lunt, Lynch, MacEachern, Mackel, MacLeod, Mahany, Martin, A.; Martin, R.; Maxwell, McBreairty, McKernan, McMahon, Miskavage, Mitchell, Morin, Morton, Mulkern, Nadeau, Najarian, Norris, Palmer, Peakes, Pearson, Pelosi, Perkins, T.; Peterson, P.; Peterson, T.; Pierce, Post, Powell, Quinn, Raymond, Rideout, Post, Powell, Saunders, Shute, Snow, Snowe, Snowe, State Control of the Control Post, Powell, Quinn, Raymond, Rideout, Rolde, Saunders, Shute, Snow, Snowe, Spencer, Sprowl, Stubbs, Susi, Tarr, Teague, Theriault, Tierney, Torrey, Tozier, Twitchell, Tyndale, Wagner, Walker, Wilfong, Winship, The Speaker.

NAY — Albert, Call, Carey, Conners, Dam, DeVane, Dudley, Gould, Gray, Hall, Hewes, Hunter, Kauffman, Kelley, Lewis, Lewi

Hewes, Hunter, Kauffman, Kelley, Lewis, Littlefield, Lovell, Mills, Rollins, Silverman, Strout, Talbot.

ABSENT — Faucher, Hughes, Immonen, Lizotte, Perkins, S.; Smith,

Immonen, Lizotte, Ferkins, S.; Simon, Truman, Usher, Webber.
Yes, 120; No, 22; Absent, 9.
The SPEAKER: One hundred and twenty having voted in the affirmative, twenty-two in the negative, with nine being absent, the motion did prevail.

The House voted to recede from passage to be engrossed; receded from adoption of Committee Amendment "A" and the amendment was indefinitely postponed. Committee Amendment "B" (H-584)

was read by the Clerk and adopted. The Bill passed to be engrossed as amended by Committee Amendemnt "B"

in non-concurrence and sent up for concurrence.

By unanimous consent, ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

An Act to Reorganize the Department of Public Safety (H. P. 1469) (L. D. 1813) (H. "B" H-812 to C. "A" H-785)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed. This being an emergency measure and a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to the House being necessary a total was taken. 127 voted in favor of same and 3 agaisnt and accordingly the Bill was passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

An Act to Extend the Effective Date for Regulations Concerning Solid Waste Disposal (H. P. 1746) (L. D. 1943) (H. "A" H-815)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Winthrop, Mr. Bagley.

Mr. BAGLEY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I am not going to make any motion on this but I have talked with a lot of the town fathers over the past couple of weeks and I find quite a lot of dissatisfaction on the fact that we keep postponing dates when these things take effect.

One man told me that his town has spent thousands of dollars on equipment and they are going to use it but the towns people are riding him now because, as these bills go through, it proves that they didn't have to. I have had complaints from several people about this. The people that the environmental control had variance papers all filled out, all made out ready to be sent if there was going to be any hardship, so those hardships could be taken care of. Yet in spite of that we postpone and postpone. I have talked with a town father the other day and I will leave out one word and I will quote exactly with the excepton of that word, he said, "I will be damned if we will do anything more until they" meaning us "set a final date and stick to it.'

The SPEAKER: The pending question is passage to be enacted. All in favor of passage to be enacted will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken. 116 having voted in the affirmative, 16 having voted in the negative the Bill was passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

An Act Revising Lobbyist Disclosure Procedures (S. P. 150) (L. D. 513) (H. "D" H-807 to C. "A" S-312)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Ellsworth, Mr. DeVane.

Mr. DeVANE: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: Like Mr. Bagley or as Mr. Bagley did, I will make no motion regarding this act and its enactment. I would like to address what I think is one hypocrisy and that is in the Lobbyist Displayma Act, that you had Lobbyist Disclosure Act that you had before you for enactment, Section 317, compensation, requires that the compensation received or due by a lobbyist, a person paid to influence legislation shall be made public. I happen to regard the employment of lobbyists as a private matter. It matters not to me and I suggest to most of you if somebody gets \$2 or \$2,000 a day, their opinion doesn't carry any more weight one way or the other. I believe earnestly as I think most of you do that every cent that is spent by a lobbyist to influence people should be reported. However, what that person earns by way of doing it with a private employer, I think, is a private matter, although I don't object to this, but the hypocrisy is that this chamber declined to make public what public employees make. I turn your attention back to the snoop book and this Body declined the opportunity to see that everybody knows what every public employee makes. That ladies and

gentlemen is hypocrisy.

I would direct your attention to another section of the act, which is in my opinion, chicanery Section 319, media expenditures, this section would require

that it shall be the duty of every person whether or not a lobbyist or an employer who incurs total media expenses in excess of \$500 for the purpose of influencing legislation, directly or indirectly, to file with the Secretary of State an accounting of that. That is fine, but ladies and gentlemen, how about the people who secure for themselves and their interests \$500 or more of broadcast time under the Fairness Doctrine? You don't see them here, apparently that is fine.

There are essentially four groups of people involved in this business of self-government, the citizen for whom the whole procedure exists, the legislators that they elect and send here, the lobbyists, the paid agent of various interests who come here to influence the process and the fourth group is the press or as it is now call, the group is the press or as it is now call, the media, who come here and report back to the people. If you noticed the last week editorial in the Kennebec Journal it indicates that 74 percent of the public think there is something wrong with the process. I frankly think that is the fault of the press and the media. I don't think in addressing this House since I have been here. I have this House since I have been here, I have spoken of my own person, but I will in this case. I have a degree in government and five years experience as a public administrator and I have watched it from that end. I have ten years experience in business and that has been in the broadcast business and I have watched people cultivate the press, I have watched people promote themselves, I go every morning through a pile of press releases two thirds of which is pat. I think when you talk about the lobby that we ought to talk about the whole ball of wax, the citizen, the legislator, the paid agent and the people who are sent here by somebody to report back to the citizen. If there is fault, if there is undue influence by lobbyist, it is a criticism of the membership. In all due respect to Mr. Cooney and his committee, this act leaves a great deal to be desired in making everybody more responsible.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Enfield, Mr. Dudley.
Mr. DUDLEY: Mr. Speaker and Mr. DUDLEY: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: This doesn't meet with my pleasure passing a bill of this type. I have hired a lot of people and fired some in my day and I always thought a man was worthy of his hire. Some men are worth a lot of money and some aren't worth a nickel. I don't think it is any of my business or your business or anybody elses. business or your business or anybody elses business what a man is hired for. I think that is his own personal business and I think we are getting in an area where we have got no business being in. I don't think the public is expecting us to be that snoopy. I hope this bill doesn't pass and I move that it be indefinitely postponed and I also ask for a roll call.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Waterville, Mrs.

Mrs. KANY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I just would like to speak to a couple of comments by Representative DeVane. One was comparing this to the snoop book, these records will just purely be on file in the Secretary of State Office just as the salaries of public employees are on record. This is not the original Lobbyist Disclosure Bill which you read about when it first came out and which you saw before you, this particular bill is a bill which was totally developed by the State Government Committee with just the original principle of the monthly disclosure kept in. We did go over this with a fine tooth comb, we did define things which had not been defined in the original bill and although it was muddied a little bit by taking away the clear delineations which we made so it would be apparent to anyone looking or glancing at the statutes exactly who should register and who shouldn't and so on.

I certainly urge you to go along with this very, very well thought through bill. Every single effort was made to allow constitutional rights for the lobbyists and definitely to allow them to petition their grievances to their elected representatives and so on. This was always kept in mind

and it is very, very well drafted bill.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Brewer, Mr. Norris.

Mr. NORRIS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would ask a question through the Chair to anyone who could answer. Is this bill, in fact, if passed, going to require extra people in the Secretary of State's Office, extra personnel and is it in fact going to have to have a price tag on it? Could anyone

answer that question?
The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Brewer, Mr. Norris, poses a question through the Chair to anyone who cares to answer.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman

from Sabattus, Mr. Cooney. Mr. COONEY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: It will require no state funds.

The SPEAKER: A roll call has been requested. For the Chair to order a roll call, it must have the expressed desire of one fifth of the members present and voting. All those desiring a roll call vote will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken, and more than one fifth of the members present having expressed a desire for a roll call, a

roll call was ordered.

The SPEAKER: The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from Enfield, Mr. Dudley, that the House indefinitely postpone Bill, "An Act Revising the Lobbyist Disclosure Procedures" Senate Paper 150, L. D. 513. All in favor of that motion will vote yes: those opposed will vote no. ROLL CALL

YEA — Albert, Ault, Bowie, Conners, Curtis, Dudley, Dyer, Finemore, Fraser, Gould, Gray, Hewes, Hunter, Hutchings, Kauffman, Kelley, Lewis, Lovell, Lunt, McBreairty, Mills, Norris, Peterson, P.; Raymond, Rideout, Rollins, Walker,

NAY — Bachrach, Bagley, Bennett, Berry, G. W.: Berry, P. P.: Berube, Birt, Blodgett, Boudreau, Burns, Bustin, Byers, Berry, G. W.: Berry, P. P.: Berube, Birt, Blodgett, Boudreau, Burns, Bustin, Byers, Call, Carey, Carpenter, Carroll, Carter, Chonko, Clark, Connolly, Cooney, Cote, Cox, Curran, P.: Curran, R.: Dam, Davies, DeVane, Doak, Dow, Drigotas, Durgin, Farley, Farnham, Fenlason, Flanagan, Garsoe, Gauthier, Goodwin, H.: Goodwin, K.: Greenlaw, Hall, Henderson, Hennessey, Hinds, Hobbins, Ingegneri, Jackson, Jacques, Jalbert, Jensen, Joyce, Kany, Kelleher, Kennedy, Laffin, LaPointe, Laverty, LeBlanc, Leonard, Lewin, Littlefield, Lynch, MacEachern, Mackel, MacLeod, Mahany, Martin, A.: Martin, R.: McKernan, McMahon, Miskavage, Mitchell, Morin, Morton, Mulkern, Nadeau, Najarian, Palmer, Peakes, Pearson, Pelosi, Peterson, T.: Pierce, Post, Powell, Quinn, Rolde, Saunders, Shute, Silverman, Snow, Snowe, Spencer, Sprowl, Strout, Stubbs, Susi, Talbot, Tarr, Teague, Theriault, Tierney, Torrey, Tozier, Twitchell, Tyndale, Wagner, Wilfong, Winship, The Speaker.

ABSENT Churchill, Faucher, Higgins, Hughes, Immonen, Lizotte, Maxwell, Perkins, S.; Perkins, T.; Smith, Truman, Usher, Webber.

Yes, 27: No. 111; Absent, 13.
The SPEAKER: Twenty-seven having voted in the affirmative, one hundred and eleven in the negative, and thirteen being absent, the motion does not prevail.

Thereupon, the Bill was passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to

the Senate.

An Act An Actto Authorize the Board of Environmental Protection to Regulate the Anchorage of Vessels in Maine Waters (H. P. 1700) (L. D. 1933) (H. "B" H-816 to C, "A" H-786)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

By unanimous consent all matters acted upon in concurrence and all matters requiring Senate concurrence were ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 4 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

From the Senate: The following Joint

Order: (S. P. 603)

ORDERED, the House concurring, that S. P. 549, L. D. 1913, "An Act Concerning the Office of Energy Resources" be recalled from the Governor's desk to the Senate.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read

On motion of Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, tabled pending passage in concurrence and later today assigend.

Mr. Mills of Eastport presented the following Joint Order and moved its passage; (H. P. 1771)

WHEREAS, the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife is currently funded largely from fees charged for licenses issued by the department; and

WHEREAS, maintenance of the present high level of services rendered by the department, as well as the constant rate of inflation, have made necessary a sharp increase in license fees; and

WHEREAS, legislative attempts to make the necessary license fee increases have met with grave difficulties in deciding which license categories should. bear what fees; now, therefore, be it

ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the Legislative Council, through the Joint Standing Committee on Fisheries and Wildlife, be authorized to study the feasibility of funding the operations of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife out of the General Fund and of abolishing the dedicated revenues of the Fish and Game Fund; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation to the next

special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further
ORDERED, Upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

The Order was read and passed and

sent up for concurrence.

By unanimous consent, ordered sent forthwith.

On motion of Mr. Rolde of York. Recessed until two o'clock in the afternoon.

After Recess 2:00 P.M.

The House was called to order by the Speaker.

The Chair laid before the House the following tabled and later today assigned matters

The following Joint Order: (S. P. 603) ORDERED, the House concurring that S. P. 549, L. D. 1913, "An Act Concerning the Office of Energy Resources" recalled from the Governor's desk to the Senate.

Thereupon, the Joint Order received passage in concurrence.

The following paper appearing on Supplement No. 6 was taken up out of order by unanimous consent;

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of he Legislature on Bill "An Act Relating to Political Fundraising by State Employees" (H. P. 1382) (L. D. 1686) ask leave to report: that the House recede from its action whereby it Passed the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended; recede from its action whereby it adopted Committee Amendment "A" (H-651) and indefinitely postpone same; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-822). submitted herewith; and Pass the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended by Conference

Committee Amendment "A":
That the Senate recede from its action whreby it Pass the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended; recede from its action whereby it adopted Committee Amendment "A", as amended by Senate Amendment "A" thereto (S-296); recede from its action whereby it adopted Senate Amendment 'A'' to Committee Amendment "A" and indefinitely postpone same; indefinitely postpone Committee Amendment "A"; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A", submitted herewith; and Pass the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A"

in concurrence. (Signed)

BOUDREAU of Portland Mrs. STUBBS of Hallowell Mr.

-of the House. Messrs. CORSON of Somerset CARBONNEAU of Androscoggin

COLLINS of Knox -of the Senate

Report was read and accepted. The House voted to recede from passage to be engrossed; recede from adoption of Committee Amendment "A" and the amendment was indefinitely postponed.

Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-822) was read by the Clerk and adopted.

The Bill was passed to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" in non-concurrence and sent up for concurrence.

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 7 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:
The following Communication:

The Senate of Maine

Augusta June 24, 1975

Honorable Edwin H. Pert Clerk of the House 107th Legislature

Augusta, Maine Dear Mr. Pert: The Senate today voted to Adhere to its

action whereby it accepted the Ought Not to Pass report on Bill, "An Act to Create the Passamaquoddy Tidal Power Project Study Commission" (H. P. 1343) (L. D.

Respectfully S/HARRYN. STARBRANCH Secretary of the Senate

The Communication was read and ordered placed on file

The following Communication: The Senate of Maine Augusta

June 24, 1975

Honorable Edwin H. Pert Clerk of the House 107th Legislature Augusta, Maine

Dear Mr. Pert: The Senate today voted to Adhere on Joint Order (S. P. 591) Relative to Members of the Senate and House of Representatives attending National Legislative Conference.

Respectfully, S/HARRY N. STARBRANCH Secretary of the Senate The Communication was read and ordered placed on file.

Mr. Spencer of Standish presented the following Joint Order and moved its passage: (H. P. 1772) (Cosponsors: Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, Mr. Finemore of Bridgewater, and Mr. Connolly of Portland)

WHEREAS, the Legislature has rejected a proposal for the commitment of habitual truants to the Boys Training Center and Stevens School; and

WHEREAS, at present, state and local agencies do not have any comprehensive plan to deal with this problem; and WHEREAS, habitual truancy contributes to future social, economic and law enforcement difficulties which the State has a compelling interest in avoiding; now, therefore, be it ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that

a Joint Select Committee on School Attendance be established, consisting of 6 Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House and 4 Senators to be appointed by the President of the Senate. to prepare a comprehensive set of proposals and recommendations, with estimates of necessary funding, to enable the State to deal as effectively as possible with habitual truancy, these proposals not to include institutionalization of habitual truants in the Boys Training Center and Stevens School; and be it further

ORDERED, that each member of the Joint Select Committee on School Attendance be authorized to receive reimbursement for travel expenses and per diem, the per diem not to exceed \$25 per day; andbeitfürther

ORDERED, that the sum of \$1,000 be allocated from the legislative account to provide for reimbursement of travel expenses and for payment of per diem;

and be it further

ORDERED, that the Joint Select Committee on School Attendance report the results of its findings, together with any proposed recommendations and final drafts of any necessary implementing legislation, to the first special session in 1976 of the 107th Legislature; and be it

ORDERED, Upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to these agencies as notice of this directive.

The Order was read. The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Livermore Falls, Mr. Lynch.

Mr. LYNCH: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I wonder if under Supplement No. 2, Joint Order, S. P. 600, deals with the same subject of alcohol, drug abuse, truancy, vandalism and dropping out of school. Are we going to have two committees studying the same area?

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Livermore Falls, Mr. Lynch, poses a question through the Chair to anyone who cares to answer.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman

from Standish, Mr. Spencer.
Mr. SPENCER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: The study order grew out of the fact that the legislature did not accept the recommendations which came out of the Judiciary Committee after a study in last session of the problem of habitual truancy.

There is an element of similarity between this and the study order that the Education Committee reported out. The thrust of this order is to address the problem of habitual truancy without limiting the focus of the recommendations to in-school programs. I think that if this study order were passed, that the two efforts could be compatible and that they wouldn't necessarily overlap.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Livermore Falls, Mr.

Lynch.

Mr. LYNCH: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I think there are underlying causes that create truancy, alcohol-drug abuse and all the other areas that sort of drive youngsters out of school. I think we are duplicating efforts.

The SPEAKER: The pending question is passage of the Joint Order. All those in favor will vote yes; those opposed will vote

A vote of the House was taken.

Mr. LaPointe of Portland requested a roll call vote.

The SPEAKER: A roll call has been requested. For the Chair to order a roll call, it must have the expressed desire of one fifth of the members present and voting. All those desiring a roll call vote will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken, and more than one fifth of the members present having expressed a desire for a roll call, a

roll call was ordered.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Portland, Mr.

LaPointe.

Mr. LaPOINTE: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: It is my understanding that we are discussing House Paper 1772. I realize that things are coming across our desks rather quickly this afternoon and will probably continue in the same fashion until we adjourn sine

I would like to rise in support of this particular order and point out to you the fact that it has a number of cosponsors, including Representative Kelleher from Bangor, and Mr. Finemore from

Bridgewater.

It just seems that a short time ago that we dealt with a question of truancy as it relates to an offense and the possibility of remanding these youngsters to the Boy's Training Center or the Stevens School. During the course of the last three or four months, the Health and Institutional Services Committee, some members of the Judiciary Committee and some members of the Education Committee were attempting to address themselves to just

the nuts and bolts consideration of what do we do with children who are truant?

This morning I had a quick opportunity to view the order that was submitted to deal with some of the pathologies involved and I would suggest to you that the order that we have before us now directs itself more to the pragmatic aspects, that is, developing of alternatives for these youngsters. I think that this House very soundly defeated a particular bill that related to truancy. One of the major criticisms that has constantly been coming up over the last three or four months is, what are we doing for pragmatic alternatives? We don't have any.

Furthermore, I would suggest that the order that was passed this morning really deals with a much broader question of social pathology. Although I agree that might be a fine academic or intellectual pursuit, it just doesn't deal with the nitty gritty. The problem is that we don't have

any alternatives.

I know the gentleman from Standish, Mr. Spencer, and I have been at loggerheads about this issue over a series of proposals that have been before the 107th in the regular session. The reason that the good gentleman offered this order, along with the co-sponsors, was to say this order would pass so that the legislature could take a constructive look at some of the alternatives and the funding of some of those alternatives. I hope that

of some of those alternatives. I nope that you go along with this order.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lewiston, Mr. Cote.

Mr. COTE: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I admire the intentions of this order, but I have to oppose it. The reason I am opposing it is this. I think that four people from the Senate and the six from the House is too Senate and the six from the House is too large a committee. I would support such an order with two and three or one and two. I don't see why we need ten people on such a committee. It makes it more expensive to study and so forth and so on. I think that a smaller committee will be less unwieldy than a committee of ten. I would go with such an order but I can't go with ten people.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Portland, Mrs.

Najarian.

Mrs. NAJARIAN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: The study order that we passed this morning is attempting to deal with L. D.'s 1081, 1609 which was the Vocational Placement bill that we debated for so long and 1702 which is the school dropout problem. It is true that the study order that we referred to this morning to Education is broader in scope but it covers the same problem that is in this study order and we can use our existing Education Committee and there would be no need for additional appropriation.

The subject matter that the Education The subject matter that the Education Committee is ordered to study is school-base programs which provide approaches for the understanding and prevention of behavioral problems of youth, such as alcohol and drug abuse, truancy, vandalism, dropping out of school, to determine which social, family, worstional and other problems are priority. vocational and other problems are priority areas of concern, to examine which existing school-base programs and appraoches have been most effective in attacking these problems and to present alternatives which will be the most likely

to provide appropriate solutions to these problems. For that reason I think I will

oppose this pending order.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Livermore Falls, Mr.

Mr. LYNCH: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would like to suggest that since the Education Committee will be studying the causes of all these areas that lead to truancy, I wonder if the education could be augmented with a subcommittee, not necessarily of ten, but a smaller subcommittee to work on this particular area and still get the input of the study that the Education

Committee is making.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Standish. Mr.

Spencer.

Mr. SPENCER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I just have read over again the order that was passed this morning and, candidly, I was not aware that order was going in when we were working on the other order. There has been a group of people from the Judiciary Committee, the Health and Institutional Services Committee and the Education Committee that has been meeting this session with people from the three departments, Mental Health and Corrections, the Department of Education and the Department of Health and Welfare to try to address the problem, not so much of what ultimately causes the problems of habitual truancy and what programs can be developed to eliminate the problem, but what you do once the situation has developed and you do have kids who are refusing to go to school and we still have a law on the books which says they have to go to school. The problem that has developed is that we say that we have compulsory education, that the kids do have to go to school but if they don't go to school, we really do not have any clear alternatives of what happens if they don't go to school. So we have a situation where what we are doing just doesn't make any sense. In a phrase of a woman who I spoke to when I was campaigning, it seems as il common sense has just petered out.

I think that this program could be addressed by any group, and I have no particular concern with which group it is, but I think that it is naive to think that we are going to be able to develop programs which will prevent habitual truancy from developing and I think we have got to deal with the situation what does the school department do when kids refuse to go to school, whatever programs they may have

developed.

I am perfectly sympathetic to the suggestion of Mr. Lynch that a subcommittee work on this, but I think where we have a vehicle here, we should pass this order and then have the two committees work together, one group trying to find out why kids are not going to school and the other perhaps addressing itself to this immediate and pressing problem of what do you do when they don't go to school. That is what this order was intended to deal with.

The SPEAKER: A roll call has been ordered. The pending question is passage of Joint Order Relative to Establishment of a Select Committee on School Attendance, House Paper 1772. All in favor of that motion will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

ROLL CALL

YEA - Albert, Bachrach, Bennett, Blodgett, Boudreau, Bustin, Byers, Carey,

Carpenter, Carroll, Carter, Chonko, Clark, Connolly, Cooney, Curran, P.; Dam, Davies, DeVane, Dow, Finemore, Flanagan, Gauthier, Goodwin, H.; Goodwin, K.; Gray, Hall, Henderson, Hinds, Hobbins, Ingegneri, Jackson, Jacques, Jalbert, Jensen, Joyce, Kany, Kelleher, Kennedy, Laffin, LaPointe, LeBlanc, Leonard, Lewis, Lovell, MacEachern, Martin, R.; Mills, Miskayage, Mitchell, Mulkern, Nadeau, Norris, Peakes, Pearson, Pelosi, Peterson, T., Pierce, Post, Quinn, Rolde, Saunders, Smith, Snow, Spencer, Sprowl, Stubbs, Talbot, Tarr, Tierney, Usher, Wagner. Wilfong.

Wilfong.

NAY — Ault, Bagley, Berry, G. W.:
Berry, P. P.; Berube, Birt, Bowie, Burns,
Call. Churchill, Conners, Cote, Cox,
Curran, R.; Curtis, Doak, Drigotas,
Durgin, Dyer, Farnham, Faucher,
Fenlason, Fraser, Garsoe, Gould,
Hennessey, Higgins, Hunter, Hutchings,
Kelley, Laverty, Lewin, Littlefield, Lunt,
Lynch, Mackel, MacLeod, Martin, A.;
McBreairty, McKernan, McMahon,
Morin, Najarian, Palmer, Perkins, T.,
Peterson, P.; Powell, Raymond, Rideout,
Rollins, Shute, Silverman, Snowe, Strout, Rollins, Shute, Silverman, Snowe, Strout, Susi, Teague, Theriault, Torrey, Tozier,

Susi, Teague; Theriault, Torrey, Tozier, Twitchell, Tyndale, Walker, Winship.

ABSENT - Dudley, Farley, Greenlaw, Hewes, Hughes, Immonen, Kauffman, Lizotte, Mahany, Maxwell, Morton, Perkins, S.: Truman, Webber.

Yes, 73; No, 63; Absent, 14.

The SPEAKER: Seventy-three having voted in the affirmative, and sixty-three in

voted in the affirmative, and sixty-three in the negative, with fourteen being absent, the Joint Order receives passage. Sent up for concurrence.

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 8 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill "An Act to Change the Participation of Employees in the Classified Service in Political Campaigns' (H. P. 1041) (L. D. 1331) ask leave to report: that the Senate recede from its action wherby it Passed the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended; repede from its action whereby it adopted Committee Amendment "A" (H-364), as amended by Senate Amendment "A" thereto (S-278); recede from its action whereby it adopted Senate Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" and indefinitely postpone same; indefinitely postpone Committee Amendment "A", adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" (S-359), submitted herewith; and Pass the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A"; that the House recede from its action whereby it Passed the Bill to be Engrossed, as amended; recede from its action whereby it adopted Committee Amendment "A", as amended by House Amendment "C" thereto (H-760); recede, from its action whereby it adopted House Amendment 'C' to Committee Amendment "A" and indefinitely postpone same; indefinitely postpone Committee Amendment "A"; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A", submitted herewith; and Pass the Bill to be Engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" concurrence. Signed:

Messrs. CORSON of Somerset CARBONNEAU of Androscoggin COLLINS of Knox

of the Senate.

Mrs. **BOUDREAU** of Portland Mr. STUBBS of Hallowell

of the House. Came from the Senate with the Report read and accepted and the Bill passed to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A".

In the House, the Report was read and

accepted in concurrence.

The House voted to recede from passage to be engrossed; recede from adoption of House Amendment "C" to Committee Amendment "A" and the amendment was indefinitely postponed; receded from adoption of Committee Amendment "A" as amended by House Amendment "C" thereto and the amendment "C" thereto and the amendment was indefinitely postponed.

Conference Committee Amendment "A (S-359) was read by the Clerk and adopted. The Bill was passed to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" in concurrence.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Council being authorized through Committee on Natural Resources to study the matter of solid waste problems of this State (S. P. 538) which was read and passed in the House (Senate Amendment 'A'' (S-342) was indefinitely postponed) on June 24.

Came from the Senate with that Body having Insisted on its former action whereby the Joint Order was read and passed as amended by Senate Amendment 'A" (S-342) and asked for a Committee of Conference.

In the House. On motion of Mr. Peterson of Windham, the House voted to adhere.

(Off Record Remarks)

The following paper appearing on Supplement No. 9 was taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill "An oranches of the Legislature on Bill "An Act to Reform the State Retirement System" (H. P. 1725) (L. D. 1939) ask leave to report: that the House recede from passage to be engrossed, indefinitely postpone House Amendment "A" (H-787), indefinitely postpone House Amendment "E" (H-797) adont Consta indefinitely postpone House Amendment "E" (H-797), adopt Senate Amendment "A" (S-346), adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A", (H-826) and pass the Bill to be engrossed as amended; that the Senate recede from passage to be engrossed, indefinitely postpone House Amendment "E" (H-797), adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-978), and pass the bill to be engrossed (H-826), and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended.

(Signed)
Messrs. THERIAULT of Rumford
BUSTIN of Augusta

One of Kennebunk

TYNDALE of Kennebunkport ofthe House. Messrs. COLLINSofKnox,

CLIFFORD of Androscoggin O'LEARY of Oxford

-of the Senate.

Report was read and accepted. The House voted to recede from passage to be engrossed; receded from adoption of House Amendment " and the amendment was indefinitely postponed; receded from adoption of House Amendment "E" and the amendment was indefinitely postponed.

Senate Amendment "A" (S-346) was read by the Clerk and adopted.

Conference Committee Amendment "A" (11-797) was read by the Clerk and adopted

The Bill was passed to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" and Senate Amendment "A" and House Amendment "D" and sent up for concurrence.

By unanimous consent, all matters acted upon in concurrence and all matters requiring Senate concurrence were ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 10 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

The following Communication: THE SENATE OF MAINE AUGUSTA

June 24, 1975

Honorable Edwin H. Pert Clerk of the House 107th Legislature Augusta, Maine Dear Mr. Pert:

The Senate today voted to Insist and Join in a Committee of Conference on Bill, "An Act to Establish Rules for Legislative Investigating Committees" (H. P. 898) (L. D. 1085)

The President appointed the following members of the Senate to the Committee of Conference:

Senators:

CURTIS of Penobscot WYMAN of Washington **GRAHAM** of Cumberland

Respectfully,

Signed:

HARRYN, STARBRANCH Secretary of the Senate

The Communication was read and ordered placed on file.

Mr. Drigotas from the Committee on Taxation on Bill "An Act to Levy Surcharge on Alcoholic Beverages Sold at Other than State Stores" (II. P. 1429) (L. D. 1690) reporting "Leave to Withdraw"

Mr. Drigotas from the Committee on Taxation on Bill "An Act Concerning Taxes on Aloholic Beverages" (H. P. 1001) (L. D. 1272) reporting "Leave to Wildense". Withdraw'

Mr. Drigotas from the Committee on Taxation on Bill "An Act to Impose a Tax on Tobacco Products Other than Cigarettes" (Emergency) (H. P. 1394) (L. D. 1799) reporting "Leave to Withdraw" Reports were read and accepted and

sent up for concurrence.

(Off Record Remarks)

The following Enactor appearing on Supplement No. 11 was taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

An Act to Extend the Provisions of the

Energy Emergency Proclamation (H. P. 1152) (L. D. 1446) (Conference Committee Amendemnt "A" (II-819)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed. This being an emergency measure and a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to the House being necessary a total was taken necessary, a total was taken.

109 voted in favor of same and 8 against. and accordingly the Bill was passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

By unanimous consent, ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

House at Ease Called to order by the Speaker. At this point, the Speaker asked the Sergeant-at-Arms to escort the following members to the Rostrum:

Mrs. NAJARIAN of Portland Messrs. GREENLAW of Stonington JALBERT of Lewiston SMITH of Dover-Foxcroft KELLEHER of Bangor TALBOT of Portland FAUCHER of Solon FINEMORE of Bridgewater

HEWES of Cape Elizabeth Amid applause, the Chair thanked the members and acknowledged their service as Speakers pro tem and presented each with a gavel as a token of appreciation.

On motion of Mr. Rolde of York, Recessed until four-thirty in the afternoon.

After Recess 4:30 P.M.

The House was called to order by the Speaker.

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 12 were taken up out of

order by unanimous consent:

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill "An Act to Establish Rules for Legislative Investigating Committees" (H. P. 898) (L. D. 1085) ask leave to report: that the Senate recede from its action whereby it accepted recede from its action whereby it accepted:
the "Leave to Withdraw" Report of the
Committee on State Government,
substitute the Bill for the report, give the
Bill two readings, adopt House
Amendment "A" (H-789), and pass the bill
to be engrossed as amended by House
Amendment "A" in concurrence.

(Signed) Messrs. KELLEHER of Bangor **COONEY of Sabattus BIRT of East Millinocket**

-of the House. Messrs. CURTIS of Penobscot GRAFFAM of Cumberland WYMAN of Washington

-of the Senate. Report was read and accepted and sent up for concurrence.

By unanimous consent, ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

(Off Record Remarks)

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 13 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:
From the Senate: The following Joint

Order: (S. P. 528)
WHEREAS, the Legislature is increasingly being confronted with the problems of correctional modernization and correctional reform in the State of Maine: and

WHEREAS, present budgetary constraints make it imperative that the solution to continuing problems in the administration of our correctional system by state personnel be approached in the most efficient manner possible; and

WHEREAS, several recent studies including those sponsored by the American Bar Association's Section on Correctional Economics and the Maine Governor's Task Force on Corrections have noted the possibility of significant cost savings in the administration of state-wide correctional services through correctional reform; and

WHEREAS, the Maine State Bar Association has indicated a willingness to review such reports and to conduct additional cost-related research into the organization and effectiveness of Maine's correctional system; now, therefore, be it

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council is authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary, to receive in open hearings the findings of studies examining the costs and effectiveness of Maine's correctional system to be completed by the Maine State Bar Association; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Legislative Council is directed to forward such findings of the Association together with the final drafts of any proposed legislation and comments on the Legislative Council thereon, to the first special session of the 107th Legislature which is held during the calendar year 1976, or, if none, to the regular session of the 108th Legislature.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 539)

WHEREAS, laws relating to land use are administered and enforced by several

levels of government; and
WHEREAS, many land use regulatory
laws affect activity on particular parcels
of land without necessarily considering the
effect of the activity on adjacent lands,
municipalities or regions of the State; and
WHEREAS the people of the State; and

WHEREAS, the people of the State of Maine need to determine land use goals and formulate policies which these laws should protect and implement; and

WHEREAS, the level of government best able to administer particular laws needs to be determined; now, therefore, be

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized. through the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources, to study the above problems in order to determine:

1. Land uses and areas of particular

state-wide concern;

2. A means to improve procedures for increasing public participation in the formulation of land use goals, policies and statutes;

3. The governmental unit most suited to implement particular land use laws;

4. The need for greater coordination or consolidation of governmental units enforcing land use statutes and ordinances which would improve the administration of these laws; and

5. The effects of land use laws and policies on forest practices and management or growth or development in both the organized and unorganized areas of the State and whether these laws implement established state and local goals; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings, together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

Ordered, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 543)
WHEREAS, pending legislation would

provide transportation services at reduced rates to island residents who are 60 years of age or older; and

WHEREAS, a State Ferry Advisory Board has been proposed to give detailed advice to the Department of Transportation on the operation and future

of such activities: and

WHEREAS, provision for ½ fare is limited by age and to residents of certain islands and an advisory board on ferries already exists within the Department of Transportation; now, therefore, be it ORDERED, the House concurring, that

the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Transportation, to study the condition and operation of the Maine State Ferry Service including, but not limited to, the provisions of "An Act to Establish the Maine State Ferry Advisory Board, "H.P. 1308, L. D. 1651, "An Act to Allow Certain Island Residents Use of the Maine State Ferry at one-half Fare," H. P. 1391, L. D. 1717, as introduced at the Regular Session of the 107th Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings, together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive

Came from the Senate read and passed. In the House, the Order was read and passed in concurrence.

From the Senate: The following Joint Order: (S. P. 552)

WHEREAS, during the 19th Century most doctors and medical superintendents believed that the only acceptable form of treatment for the mentally ill was institutionalization; and

WHEREAS, even though alternatives to such hospitalization began in the early part of the 20th Century, the stage did not become set for the rapid development of out-patient clinics and services and medical emphasis on hospitalization until 1961; and

WHEREAS, while the process of deinstitutionalization saves money for the State and makes money for the nursing homes and half-way house industry, it does little for the released patients who have been systematically abused by the burgeoning health care industry; and

WHEREAS, mental patients need a place to go where they will receive proper after-care instead of being exploited under policies which in practice have caused almost any facility in which aged and infirmed people live and derive some personal service to be called a nursing home; and

WHEREAS, there should be a moratorium on administrative discharges of mental patients from state institutions until there has been planning, through a public process, for a network of community services; and
WHEREAS, it is the responsibility of the

State to establish a standard of decency and care for any institution which incarcerates this voiceless constituency and to create a humane system out of the chaos that is mental health after-care

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Council be authorized, through the Joint Standing Committee on Health and Institutional Services, to study the practice of deinstitutionalization as applied to the mentally ill and retarded of this State to determine the adequacy of nursing and boarding home facilities and other such facilities being utilized for after-care of mentally troubled citizens, such study to determine the need, if any, for instituting a moratorium on release of such patients from state institutions until community services and standards for after-care have become adequate to meet the needs of such patients; and be it

ORDERED, that the Council report the results of its findings together with any proposed recommendations and necessary implementing legislation, to the next special or regular session of the Legislature; and be it further

ORDERED, upon passage in concurrence, that suitable copies of this Order be transmitted forthwith to said agencies as notice of this directive.

Came from the Senate read and passed In the House, the Order was read.

On motion of Mr. Goodwin of South Berwick, tabled pending passage in concurrence and later today assigned.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Council Study of Management Jurisdiction over Fisheries Resources (H. P. 1736) which was read and passed in the House on

Came from the Senate Indefinitely Postponed in non-concurrence.

In the House: The House voted to recede and concur.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Council Study of Outer Continental Shelf and Off-shore Drilling (H. P. 1668) which was read and passed in the House on June

Came from the Senate Indefinitely Postponed in non-concurrence.

In the House: The House voted to recede and concur.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Study on Need for State Forensic Laboratory (H. P. 1655) which was read and passed in the House on June 2

Came from the Senate Indefinitely Postponed in non-concurrence.

In the House; The House voted to recede and concur.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Council Study of State-Regulated Casino Gambling (H. P. 1586) which was read and passed in the House on May 15.
Came from the Senate Indefinitely

Postponed in non-concurrence.
In the House: The House voted to recede and concur.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Council Study of Efforts to Restore Maine's AAA Rating (H. P. 1718) which was read and passed in the House on June

Came from the Senate Indefinitely Postponed in non-concurrence.

In the House: The House voted to recede and concur.

Bill "An Act Relating to Personnel Classification and Functions of the Review and Evaluation and Fraud Investigation Division of the Department of Audit' P. 1122) (L. D. 1409) which was passed to be enacted in the House on June 18 (having been passed to be engrossed as amended by Committee Amendment "A" (H-235) on May 5)

Came from the Senate with Enactment reconsidered and passed to be engrossed as amended by Committee Amendment "A" (11-235) and Senate Amendment "A" (S-354) in non-concurrence.

In the House: The House voted to recede and concur,

The following Communication: State of Maine

One Hundred and Seventh Legislature Committee on Taxation

Honorable John L. Martin Speaker of the House State House Augusta, Maine 04333

Dear Mr. Speaker:

It is a pleasure to inform you that the Committee on Taxation has considered and acted on all matters placed before it by the One Hundred and Seventh Legislature.

Following is a tabulation of bills as reported out of Committee:

Total number of bills received 145
Ought to Pass 24
Ought to Pass in New Draft 5
Ought to Pass, Amended 8
Divided 30
Ought Not to Pass 27
Leave to Withdraw 51
Total number of bills Recommitted 3
Ought to Pass in New Draft 1
Ought to Pass, Amended 1
Divided 1
Respectfully,

(S)

FRANK M. DRIGOTAS House Chairman

The Communication was read and ordered placed on file.

The Chair laid before the House the following tabled and later today assigned matter:

Joint Order relative to Joint Standing Committee on Health and Institutional Services to study the practices of Deinstitutionalization of the Mentally Ill and Retarded (S. P. 552)

Tabled by Mr. Goodwin of South Berwick

Pending — Passage in concurrence. On motion of Mr. Goodwin of South Berwick, the Order was indefinitely postponed in non-concurrence and sent up for concurrence.

By unanimous consent, all matters acted upon in concurrence and all matters requiring Senate concurrence were ordered sent forthwith to the Senate.

(Off Record Remarks)

The following paper appearing on Supplement No. 14 was taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

Committee on Judiciary reporting "Ought to Pass" as amended by Committee Amendment "A" (S-351) on Bill "An Act to Correct Errors and Inconsistencies in the Public Laws' (Emergency) (S. P. 480) (L. D. 1760)

Came from the Senate with the Report read and accepted and the Bill passed to be read and accepted and the Bill passed to be engrossed, as amended by Committee Amendment "A" (S-351) as amended by Senate Amendments "A" (S-355), "B" (S-362, "E" (S-361) and "F" (S-365) thereto; and Senate Amendemnts "A" (S-352), "B" (S-353), "C" (S-356) and "D" (S-360)

In the House, the Report was read and accepted in concurrnece and the Bill read

once. Committee Amendment "A" (S-351) was read by the Clerk. Senate Amendment "A" to Committee

sayateas salt veits.

Barrier Commence of the Commen

Amendment "A" (S-355) was read by the Clerk.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bangor, Mr. Henderson.

Mr. HENDERSON: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: In talking with some other people, I would like to establish the principle, at least from my own point of view, of adopting all these amendments. I guess my own personal principle will be to vote against all of them unless someone can convince me that they are worthy of adoption. I wonder if anyone can give me any reason why I ought to vote for Senate Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A"?

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Bangor. Mr. Henderson, has posed a question through the Chair to anyone who

may care to answer.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman

from Livermore Falls, Mr. Lynch.

Mr. LYNCH: Mr. Speaker, I have the same concern. The Statement of Fact says, "These changes reflect the intent of the majority of the State Government Committee when recommending passage of this bill.'' Why wasn't it in the majority

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "A" was indefinitely postponed in

non-concurrence

Senate Amendment "B" to Committee Amendment "A" (S-362) was read by the

Clerk.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Orono, Mr. Davies.

Mr. DAVIES: Mr. Speaker, I would ask for a ruling on the germaneness of this. I believe we have had an amendment that would propose to do basically the same thing back when we were debating the hunting and fishing license bill.

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Orono, Mr. Davies, has posed a question on the ground part of Special Control of Control

the germaneness of Senate Amendment "B" to Committee Amendment "A", If the gentleman can give me an amendment which has been defeated by this body, then the amendment would not be germane; otherwise, the amendment would be germane.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Brunswick, Mrs.

Bachrach,

Mrs. BACHRACH: Mr. Speaker, we have had the previous Bill which contains these for servicemen, but I believe that this amendment relates to the philosophy behind the fees and states that they would always be considered as residents of Maine. It seems to me that this not exactly repeating the same legislation.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Orono, Mr. Davies.

Mr. DAVIES: Mr. Speaker. I have an amendment in my hand and I am not sure what disposition we gave to it. It is Senate Amendment 'B' to Committee Amendment "A" with a filing number of S-273. If this was in fact indefinitely postponed, it contains a provision in it that would grant a person serving in the Armed Forces of the United States who was permanently stationed at a military or naval base, stationed or based within the state, could fish during the season for which the license is issued," S-273 is one of them, and S-274. I am not sure what the disposition of either one is.

The SPEAKER: The Chair would announce that the records show that Senate Amendment 273 and Senate Amendment 274 were never introduced and therefore, the Senate Amendment B is

germane.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lincoln, Mr. MacEachern.

Mr. MacEACHERN: Mr. Speaker. I move the indefinite postponement of this amendment.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Hampden, Mr.

Farnham.

Mr. FARNHAM: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: As I read this amendment, it might not even be necessary. Certainly if a serviceman is living here, he has a right to vote here and I can't see how you could ever deny him a license. I would like to see the amendment passed though, just to make sure that any soldier on any of the bases or sailors or marines, or whatever you have, on a base and permanently resident there for the duration, as long as the service wants him there, that he could pay for a fish and game license. This isn't a free license. Think of those boys up at Limestone, they are pretty lonely and it is pretty nice in the spring if they can go fishing or they can go hunting, and they are willing to buy a license, I don't think we should deny them

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Eastport, Mr. Mills.

Mr. MILLS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: There has been a lot of controversy over the servicemen either living or being ordered into the State of Maine. It is my understanding that a member of the other Body went down to the Attorney General's Office and got a decision on it and the decision was such that it comes under the ruling of the United States Supreme Court that a person having abided for one day in a place of residence, whether they are ordered there or not is not germane to the question. The fact that they do reside there and will for a period of time, they are therefore subject to the residential license requirements on any or all licenses issued in the State of Maine.

Thew SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr.

Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker, Member of the House: At first blush, I read the proposed amendment as the gentleman from Hampden does. It seems to me to be a sensible amendment, that servicement stationed here in the state will be entitled to obtain fishing and hunting licenses. The department does want funds, and I would be interested in knowing why the gentleman suggested that it be indefinitely postponed. What is wrong with the proposed amendment?

Mr. SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Brewer, Mr. Norris.

Mr. NORRIS: Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen: As I read this, and I could be wrong and I am probably wrong to get mixed up in fish and game things, but a person who is stationed in Maine and yet does not establish their residency in Maine and does not pay Maine income taxes can buy a license in the State of Maine with this amendment at the same fee that a Maine resident does. They do not have to become, as I interpret this, a resident of the State of Maine. They can retain their residency in Illinois or Florida or Georgia and register their cars there, and what have you, and not be subject to our income tax laws. I think that is the division, that is the question. I am debating neither for nor against, but the fact remains that under this, they could buy at the resident's fee without actually becoming a resident of the State of Maine.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentlewoman from Brunswick, Mrs. Martin.

Mrs. MARTIN: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: We live in a military town and we have been called, last week, all week long on this and I agree with this bill. I think anyone who is in the service, he is serving his country, he is entitled to a fishing license or a hunting license wherever he is going to live. I have a son who lives in Delaware and he hunts and fishes in Delaware at the price of the Delaware people and I think that anybody who is stationed in Maine should be given the same opportunity as the

Maine people.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Franklin. Mr.

Conners.
Mr. CONNERS: Mr. Speaker Nd
Member of the House: This is recognized, I believe, all through the other states. Our boys who go from here and are stationed in Texas or any of the other states, this is recognized down there and they buy a resident license and hunt and fish at the resident's price. That is the fee they pay and I hope that we will go along with this amendment.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lincoln, Mr. MacEachern.

Mr. MacEACHERN: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: We also have people who are flown in here for a week or two weeks in the fall from all over the United States by the Air Force, the Navy and every other branch of the service and they come down and buy a resident license and go hunting for two weeks and then go back to the base where they are stationed. I think this is bad practice.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Anson, Mr. Burns.

Mr. BURNS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: In reply to the previous speaker's comments, it is very specifically stated "permanently stationed in the State of Maine."
Permanently stationed is very easily ascertainable by calling the base locater by the clerk of the town and it can be pointed out to them whether this individual is or is not permanently stationed at a base.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Old Orchard Beach, Mrs. Morin.

Mrs. MORIN: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: The other day I was told when we were discussing fees for hunting and fishing that the only thing the servicemen would have to do is have a letter from the Commander stating that he is permanently stationed there and he could get the license without having to

change his residency.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Perham, Mr.

McBreairty

Mr. McBREAIRTY: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: I represent probably the greater part of Loring Air Base and I hope you go along with this amendment

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Houlton, Mr.

Carpenter

Mr. CARPENTER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: As Mr. Burns said, this is very specific and the easiest way. There are several easy ways to determine whether a person is stationed in the State of Maine and that is by a phone call to the post locater or by the letter Mrs. Morin was talking about. Also there are many reasons, speaking as an

ex serviceman, there are many reasons why you don't want to change your residency. I lived in the State of New Jersey for a long while but I maintained my residency in the State of Maine for a lot of personal reasons. There are many reasons you don't want to change your residence, and I don't think we want all these people to change their residence, but I think they should be allowed to hunt at

resident prices.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes' the gentleman from Stonington, Mr.

Mr. GREENLAW: Mr. Speaker, Men. and Women of the House: I am ready to support Section 8C, but I would call the attention of the House that Section 8A repeals the law this legislature enacted and I have just sent down trying to get a copy of that law. Does anyone know what Chapter 516 of the Public Laws is that we have already enacted in this legislature?

The SPEAKER: The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from Lincoln, Mr. MacEachern, that Senate Amendment "B" to Committee Amendment "A" be indefinitely postponed. All in favor of that motion will. voteyes; those opposed will voteno.

A vote of the House was taken

9 having voted in the affirmative and 93 having voted in the negative, the motion did not prevail

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "B" to Committee Amendment "A" was adopted.

The SPEAKER: On motion of Mr. McKernan of Bangor, the House reconsidered its action whereby Senate Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" was indefinitely postponed.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bangor, Mr.

McKernan.

Mr. McKERNAN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I was a little bit asleep at the switch and couldn't find the amendment. I am not that familiar with the amendment itself, except that I was called by one of my constituents concerning the problem in a bill that was passed out of the State Government Committee dealing with the registration of foresters. I think that some people on the State Government Committee who are now in their seats and worked on this problem in particular can explain exactly what this amendment does. As I understand it, it just replaces some wording that was supposed to have been included in the bill and I hope that: someone on State Government could explain it further.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Hampden, Mr.

Farnham,

Mr. FARNHAM: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen: When this bill was killed a fewminutes ago I was back of the hall and didn't realize what was going on. This was, not my bill but I had considerable to do with it in State Government. I have been in touch with the group that were after the bill and what happened at the time, we made these changes and we were not allowed to put out a new bill in new draft. We completely gutted the regular bill in many parts and we wrote in these corrections and either they couldn't read our writing or couldn't interpret it and these parts were omitted from the bill that we originally passed in State Government

and they are corrections pure and simple.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes. the gentleman from Standish, Mr.

Spencer.

Mr. SPENCER: Mr. Speaker, 1 would like to pose a question to anyone who would care to answer. It is my recollection that when this bill was debated, the point was made very clearly that a person who had graduated from forestry school would still be able to work as a forester, even if he weren't certified under this program. The language that is added here says that such a person can only practice forestry under the supervision of a registered forester. It appears to me that the bill we passed, which was just setting up this registration because the foresters wanted it, - let me just pose a question, does this add the requirement that a gradaute of a school of forestry must be under the supervision of a registered forester before he can practice?

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Hampden, Mr.

Farnham.

Mr. FARNHAM: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I will try to answer. If a graduate forester goes to work for one of our large corporations or landowners, he does not have to have a license. However, if he should go to work for an outfit such as the Sewall Company or Prentiss and Carlisle in Bangor and I know there are other outfits in the other part of the state, in which he must sign documents attenting to the veracity or the accuracy of the study he has made, then he must be registered or work under the supervision of a registered forester, because only the registered forester's signature is going to be acceptable. With a private corporation such as Great Northern or anyone like that, he doesn't have to be registered.

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "A" to

Committee Amendment "A" was adopted. Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" (S-361) was read by the

Clerk.

On motion of Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" was indefinitely postponed in non-concurrence.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Nobleboro, Mr. Palmer.

Mr. PALMER: Mr. Speaker, on the item just indefinitely postponed, there are several of us who do not have that amendment and I wonder if it is possible to get reconsideration and table it until we can find it?

The SPEAKER: The Chair would announce that Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" has a filing number of (S-361) and the Chair would inquire if other people do not have it?

On motion of Mr. Kelleher of Bangor, the

House reconsidered its action whereby it voted to indefinitely postpone Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A".

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr.

Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: As I understand it, this was requested by the Secretary of State's Office, Mark Gartley's office, relative to odometers. Beyond that, I do not know the merits of it.

Therewer Senate Amendment "F" to

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" was adopted

in concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Henderson of Bangor, the House voted to reconsider its action whereby it voted to adopt Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A".

The SPEAKER: The pending question is

adoption of Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A"

Mr. Henderson of Bangor requested a

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Standish, Mr. Spencer

Mr. SPENCER: Mr. Speaker, I am not sure whether it is in order or not, but the only effect of this amendment is that instead of prescribing the form that has to be filled out, it lets the Secretary of State

establish the form.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr.

Carey, ... Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker, maybe somebody then could explain the Statement of Fact on the bottom of Senate Amendment "E" which says that the purpose of this amendment is to change the form in which the sections are put in the statutes. I am having a hard time to understand what the Statement of Fact is doing with odometers.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Corinth, Mr. Strout.

Mr. STROUT: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: From what the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr. Hewes, said concerning the odometers, I question whether the fine at the present time is \$1,000 and I would like to have

clarification before I vote on it.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Sanford, Mr.

Gauthier

Mr. GAUTHIER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: We had 87 amendments upstairs in our committee. These were brought out afterwards, they came from the Senate, we had never seen these amendments, we don't know what they are, we never read them. How can we tell you what they are when we have never seen them?

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr.

Carev.

Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker, I am satisfied that there is just a technical error in transposition in the Statement of Fact where it says, the purpose of the amendment is to change the form in which the section is put into the statutes, it should have been, to change the section in which the forms are put into the statutes.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentlewoman from Waterville, Mrs.

Kany.

Mrs. KANY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of th House: I just wanted to point out to you that that amendment is an amendment to the committee amendment. Page 10 refers to this subject also, and just glancing, there didn't seem to be any real problem with the Senate Amendment.

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" was adopted

in concurrence.

Senate Amendment "F" to Committee Amendment "A" (S-365) was read by the Clerk

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bangor, Mr.

Henderson.

Mr. HENDERSON: Mr. Speaker, on this particular one, it seems there is a policy change and I would ask if there could be any explanation to this. I would call your attention to Section 1 on the Committee Amendment, it says, records that have been designated confidential by statute or that contain information so designated will be considered confidentail. What this amendment does is

strike out the words "or contain information so designated" and it appears to me that that information in records in which an individual might have written or stamped on it "Confidential" or "For the Counselor Only" (if that is what it is) that by adopting this amendment, that would now not be "Confidential." So, I think there is a policy change involved with this amendment and unless someone else could give me any other explanation, I would hope, although I won't move at this time, that it would be indefinitely postponed.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Kennebunk, Mr. McMahon.

Mr. McMAHON: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: May I be allowed some latitude in addressing myself to that question and other questions as well?

The SPEAKER: The gentleman may deal with the amendment before us.
Mr. McMAHON: Mr. Speaker, well,

okay. I will attempt to deal with that only. The amendment was put on by the gentleman in the other Body and Ihavenot discussed it with him, but it goes to a section of the Committee Amendment that relates to a bill that was cosponsored by the gentleman from Dover-Foxcroft, and the gentleman from Falmouth and myself, which has been enacted into law. Now, Senate Amendment "F" attempts to amend Committee Amendment "A"; Section one, so if you have the Committee Amendment in front of you, look at Section one, since that is where Senate Amendment "F" attempts to go. I believe it is the intention of the gentleman in the other body that the two

amendments, the two changes he is attempting to make in his amendment are superfluous in that they are repetitive and are not necessary in Committee Amendment "A". If there is anyone else in this Body that has discussed it with the other gentleman, I would hope that they would rise to further explain his motives.

As one of the cosponsors of the bill, however, I have no problem with the amendment. The Committee Amendment 'A'', Section one, was thoroughly discussed in the committee and the good gentleman from Androscoggin County who sponsored this amendment was there, and I believe his intention was simply to eliminate some of the superfluous and repetitive language.

Mr. Henderson of Bangor requested a

vote.

The SPEAKER: The pending motion is the adoption of Senate Amendment "F" to Committee Amendment "A". Those in favor will vote yes; those opposed will vote

A vote of the House was taken.

61 having voted in the affirmative and 29 in the negative, the motion did prevail.

Mr. Lynch of Livermore Falls offered House Amendment "G" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-835) and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "G" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-835) was read by the Clerk.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Livermore Falls, Mr.

Mr. LYNCH: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: We passed L. D. 1811, Regional Technical Vocational Centers and Vocational Education Region Bill. On page 780 — 11, in Section 9, on the third line from the end of the paragraph, if you will read that line, it makes no sense without the words underlined in the

amendment. The purpose of the House Amendment is to put those words in that were left out, "school district created by private and special law for the purpose of acquiring" and then the rest of the sentence is in there.

Thereupon, House Amendment "G" Committee Amendment "A" was adopted. Mr. Goodwin of South Berwick offered House Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-830) and moved its

adoption.

House Amendment "E" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-830) was read by the

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Berwick, Mr.

Goodwin.

Mr. GOODWIN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: What this amendment does it deletes a section on Page 22 to the Committee Amendment. What that section does, which is Section 51K, is it includes into a bill which the Health and Institutional Committee has already reported out and was passed and signed by the Governor which set up some guidelines on the deinstitutionalization of mentally ill and mentally retarded people when they are sent out into the community.

There are some problems with what the Committee Amendment does but, basically, this was an issue that we talked about in committee and decided against at that particular time, or it was the feeling of the committee, at least as I remember, we could not get into the programs offered because then you get into an area where we felt, at least I feel it is up to the administration to establish the programs and treatment of the individuals that are

going to be deinstitutionalized.

This, basically, is not an error or inconsistency, this is substantive change that was put in at the request of the sponsor of the bill, the original bill. I just don't feel that it should be in errors and inconsistencies law. At this late date, what I have done is run around, Mr. LaPointe and myself, to the Attorney General's Office and the department heads and the institution heads to try and find out what this particular Committee Amendment would do, and everybody has tried to figure it out and if you try to do that on a hot day with just a couple of hours, I think we could get into a lot of problems. Therefore, I have introduced this amendment which will delete Section 51K and delete the reference of 51K in Section 51L and this is a part of what has already been agreed to study in a study that our committee will be working on and we may come back with similar legislation or we may not. This is getting into a real substantive change directing the department to do certain things that I just think and feel we shouldn't try to pass something like this in an errors and inconsistency bill.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from West Bath, Mr. Hennessey.

Mr. HENNESSEY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I am opposing the House Amendment "E". I have checked into this this afternoon and the people, the consumers are willing to the people, the consumers, are willing to go with what is written in the original amendment as in your pink slip on Page 24. The department itself is willing to live with what we have now, so I would ask you to go against Amendment "E" at this

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Portland, Mr. LaPointe.

Mr. LaPOINTE: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I think the problem that we are getting into with these amendments is that there is much disagreement. I did go down to the Attorney General's Office this afternoon and got a letter from an Assistant Attorney General relative to this particular amendment and I would like to quote from it. "In its present draft," (referring to the amendment) the above amendment may have substantial disruptive impact on present programs." So we are getting into substantive change. I hope you go along with Representative Goodwin's amendment.

The SPEAKER: The pending question is the adoption of House Amendment "E". Those in favor will vote yes; those opposed

will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken. 66 having voted in the affirmative and 33 in the negative, the motion did prevail.

Mr. Spencer of Standish offered House Amendment "C" to Committee Amendment "A" and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "C" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-828) was read by the

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Standish, Mr.

Spencer.

Mr. SPENCER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: In the original bill which related to the training requirements for volunteer ambulance personnel, the EMTA course was referred to in general terms and it said that no emergency training course should be required unless certain conditions were met, this amendment makes it clear that we are referring to the specific EMTA course which was developed by the United States Department of Transportation, which was the original intent. And the reason for offering this amendment was that the wrong draft got down to Legislative Research and the amendment that I am now proposing was the intent of the committee in straightening out the original problem.

Thereupon, House Amendment "C" to Committee Amendment "A" was adopted.

Mr. Bustin of Augusta offered House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-820) was read by the

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Augusta, Mr. Bustin.

Mr. BUSTIN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: This House Amendment is practically identical to one that was prepared and was going to be offered by Mr. Garsoe, and I assume, as I see Mr. Snow rising to his feet there, he is probably going to try to kill this and then Mr. Garsoe's would be presented. It is going to come as a shock that on this labor issue that intransigent and intractable management Representative, the gentleman from Cumberland and I are together on this amendment. All it does is deal with how many people will be on the list from which the Governor must appoint people to the panel of mediators.

Mediation is a very important service to both the private and the public sectors. There are a lot of people around who think they are mediators who do not really have all the skills that you need in order to bring effective compromises between labor

organizations and management. particularly in times of extreme strife.

My amendment says, and what is different between that and the one that Mr. Garsoe had prepared, is that the Governor shall choose from a list and on that list shall be twice as many names as the persons to be chosen.

If you were just going to have one of those mediators coming up for appointment, it probably would be possible for the PELRB to submit a list of five, but, if two or three people are coming for reappointment off this panel of mediators, I don't think, on the basis of my experience in the labor relations area, that a bonafide list of 10 or 15 qualified mediators could be presented to the Governor for his selection,

and that is why I propose this amendment.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Falmouth, Mr. Snow.

Mr. SNOW: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I hope you will not accept the amendment offered by the gentleman from Augusta, Mr. Bustin. It represents a substantive change in the bill which was discussed by the Labor Committee and which was reported out of committee unanimously "Ought to Pass" The Labor Committee does feel that there are sufficient people qualified to be mediators in the state so that a list of 10 or 15 could be presented to the Governor from which he could make his selection should there be the need; in other words, if there are two or three vacancies.

So I oppose the motion. I would simply say that on the basis of my experience and, on the basis of the action of the Labor Committee, there are sufficient people qualified to be mediators. We feel the Governor should have a broader choice and it is my understanding that Mr. Garsoe will present his amendment which restores this to five people to five times the number of people needed and which also makes another correction, which is a technical correction, to conform it to

another law

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Durham, Mr. Tierney.

Mr. TIERNEY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I have to admit quite candidly that actually I am not sure who is correct, the gentleman from Augusta or the gentleman from Falmouth, but I am going to vote with Mr. Snow this afternoon for the simple reason tht people from the Maine Teachers Association brought this precise amendment to my attention before the LD in question was passed and there were plenty of opportunities to amend the bill on the floor at that time or to approach members of the Labor Committee at that time. They have not chosen to do so. I feel that if they want to introduce a bill later and present testimony at public hearings in support of Mr. Bustin's position, I would be more happy to examine it at that time. I do not feel this is the bill to do so and I hope you

will follow Mr. Snow.

The SPEAKER: The pending motion is adoption of House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A". Those in favor will vote yes; those opposed will vote

A vote of the House was taken.

24 having voted in the affirmative and 66 in the negative, the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Garsoe of Cumberland offered buse Amendment "B" to Committee

Amendment "A" and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "B" to Committee

Amendment "A" (H-823) was read by the Clerk.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cumberland, Mr. Garsoe.

Mr. GARSOE: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: Very briefly, this does indeed correct an inconsistency. The bill before Appropriations to continue the mediation function was inadvertently transposed by a subsequent measure and this keeps everything in its original context as passed unanimously by the Labor Committee. Iurge its adoption:

Thereupon, House Amendment "B" to Committee Amendment "A" was adopted. Mrs. Post of Owls head offered House Amendment ''D'' to Committee Amendment "A" and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "D" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-829) was read by the

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Owls Head, Mrs. Post.

Mrs. POST: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would urge members to read the Statement of Facts which does, contrary to some other amendments that you may have had, try to

explain the issue.

What it is that originally we had, earlier in the session, a bill which clearly stated in the statutes that family day care was to be considered as developmental day care as far as PSSP funding by the state went. It was the intention of the legislature, when they first passed PSSP, that family day care could in fact be funded under PSSP. but the Department of Health and Welfare did not do that. That was the reason for a bill being put in to clearly state out the fact that family day care could be funded under PSSP, except that when that happened, it was to be considered developmental day care, which means it had to meet certain standards as far as good meals go, the children had to have toys to play with, it had to be a safe kind of place. That was clear in the Committee of Conference report in the first section, it was not clear in the paragraph that followed that first section, and that is simply all my amendment does, it inserts the words in two places "other types of developmental day care". It in no way affects the funding for any kind of PSSP programs or day care programs or anything else. That was done in the original bill which we have already passed and has become law without the Governor's signature.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr.

Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I am speaking as a Representative from Cape Elizabeth and not a Judiciary Committee member. The day care people in the Health and Welfare Department got a bad case of bureaucratic meddling in the YMCA in Portland of which I was a director last year. I think that they are trying to broaden too much. This gives them the right to get involved in "other types" of developmental day care. What the program was at the Y was a swim program, there were no meals involved and they had an Assistant Attorney General, two social workers that were spending time down and trying to close down the Y. The Y dropped the program after a while.

I wouldn't be disappointed if some of the funds were cut from that department instead of giving them broader powers into other types of day care activities. The family day care activity does make sense, but when you add the words "other types". 1 don't think you ought to get into that field and I think it is substantive and shouldn't be a part of this and I move the indefinite postpone of House Amendment "D" to Committee Amendment "A".
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentlewoman from Owls Head, Mrs.

Post.

Mrs. POST: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: Without trying to give a whole lesson in the different kinds of licensing standards, this is a bit difficult to explain on a hot afternoon at quarter to seven, this in no way affects the licensing powers of the Department of Health and Welfare, which is a situation that I think probably Representative Hewes is relating to, where you may have a swim program and all of a sudden the Department of Health and Welfare comes in and says that is a day care program and therefore you have to get a license for it. This in no way relates to that. It in no way relates to any other kinds of programs that the Department of Health and Welfare is funding under PSSP or Title 20 or Title 4-A or anything else.

All it says is that when you have family day care programs and they are going to be funded with state money, that those programs have to be good places for those kids to be, that family day care programs, you have to make sure you have meals, you have proper equipment for the children to play with and that kind of thing. That simply is all it means, that family day care funded under PSSP can't simply be custodial care where you maybe heard six kids into a room — family day care is only six and under — six kids into a room and they stay there from eight to five o'clock and that is it. It relates to nothing else, and it doesn't relate at all to the licensing powers of the Department of Health and Welfare.

I would ask you to vote against indefinite

postponement of this.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr. Hewes.

Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House; I understand what the intent is of the lady's amendment, and I don't disagree with the intent. I know this matter we had with the Y last year, I couldn't find the statute where the Department of Health and Welfare had the authority to do what they were doing. This would give them authority in other types. It might be that this particular wording which broadens their jurisdiction not only to such developmental day care but also to such other types of developmental day care.

I know that I tried to talk to the people in Health and Welfare, day care people, they weren't satisfied. The Y did not stop its program until the Attorney General's Office brought an action, took them to court, and finally at court the Y decided they would drop this swim program for the little kids. They weren't feeding them, they were just trying to teach instructional swimming and the State of Maine went to court against the Portland Y. I hate to broaden the day care jurisdiction to something as broad as "other types of" I think that it is wrong, particularly in the errors and inconsistencies bill.

Mrs. Post of Owls Head was granted

permission to speak a third time.

Mrs. POST: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I think we have already dealt with the bill earlier this session which had to do with the licensing of day care facilities and when the

department in fact had authority over licensing facilities. In fact, we broadened it a little bit this year for the first time to welfare had responsibility for licensing nursery schools. That is a whole different statute. All this bill has to do with is what kinds of programs are going to be funded under PSSP, which is state money, and we just want to make sure they are good programs for the kids. That is simply all we are dealing with. If you would read the Statement of Fact, it is my understanding that the Judiciary Committee did vote to include this in their original bill, but since it hasn't yet gotten a chapter number, they

were simply not able to do that.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Brewer, Mr. Norris.

Mr. NORRIS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I guess that is my question, that it gives, in reading the intent, L.D. 1500 was to include family day care and then it goes on to say that the Judiciary Committee voted and we have heard nothing from them, but I suppose they will speak in a moment to include this amendment in the Committee Amendment but could not because 1500 had not been chaptered, a chaptered law when the Committee Amendment had been prepared and thus could not be amended. My question is, is the law chaptered now?
The SPEAKER: Mr. Norris of Brewer

poses a question through the Chair to any member of the House who cares to answer.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Stonington, Mr. Greenlaw.
Mr. GREENLAW: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would assume, from reading House Amendment "D" to Committee Amendment "A", that Section 32-A which is being amended states that public law 1975 Chapter 523. I would suggest that the chapter number is

The SPEAKER: The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr. Hewes, that House Amendment "D" to Committee Amendment "A" be indefinitely postponed, All in favor of that motion will

vote yes; those opposed will vote no.
A vote of the House was taken.
Mrs. Post of Owls Head requested a roll

call vote. The SPEAKER: A roll call has been requested. For the Chair to order a roll call, it must have the expressed desire of one fifth of the members present and voting. All those desiring a roll call vote will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken, and more than one fifth of the members present having expressed a desire for a roll call, a

roll call was ordered.

The SPEAKER: The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr. Hewes, that the House indefinitely postpone House Amendment "D", to Committee Amendment "A". All in favor of that motion will vote yes; those;

opposed will vote no

opposed will vote no.

ROLL CALL

YEA — Albert, Bagley, Bennett, Berry, G. W.; Berube, Birt, Bowie, Burns, Call, Carey, Carpenter, Conners, Curtis, DeVane, Doak, Drigotas, Durgin, Farnham, Fenlason, Finemore, Fraser, Garsoe, Gauthier, Gould, Gray, Hall, Henderson, Hennessey, Hewes, Higgins, Hunter, Hutchings, Jackson, Joyce, Kelleher, Laverty, Lewin, Lewis, Littlefield, Lizotte, Lovell, Lunt, Lynch, Mackel, MacLeod, Mahany, Martin, A.; Maxwell, McBreairty, McMahon,

Miskavage, Morin, Norris, Palmer, Peakes, Peterson, P.; Raymond, Rideout, Shute. Snow, Snowe, Sprowl, Strout, Stubbs, Tarr, Teague, Theriault, Torrey Twitchell, Walker.

NAY — Ault, Bachrach, Berry, P. P.; Blodgett, Boudreau, Bustin, Byers, Carroll, Carter, Clark, Connolly, Cox, Curran, P.; Davies, Dow, Flanagan, Goodwin, H.; Greenlaw, Hobbins, Ingegneri, Jensen, Kany, Kelley, LaPointe, LeBlanc, McKernan, Mitchell, Mulkern, Nadeau, Najarjan, Pelosi Mulkern, Nadeau, Najarian, Pelosi, Perkins, T.: Peterson, T.: Pierce, Post, Powell, Quinn, Saunders, Spencer, Talbot, Tierney, Wilfong, Winship.

ABSENT — Chonko, Churchill, Cooney,

Cote, Curran, R.: Dam, Dudley, Dyer, Farley, Faucher, Goodwin, K.; Hinds, Hughes, Immonen, Jacques, Jalbert, Kauffman, Kennedy, Laffin, Leonard, MacEachern, Martin, R.; Mills, Morton, Pearson. Perkins, S.; Rolde, Rollins, Silverman, Smith, Susi, Tozier, Truman, Tyndale, Usher, Webber

Tyndale, Usher, Webber.
Yes, 70: No. 44: Absent, 36,
The SPEAKER: Seventy having voted in the affirmative, forty-four in the negative, with thirty-six being absent, the motion does prevail.

Mr. Tierney of Durham offered House Amendemnt "A" to Committee Amendemnt "A" and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "F" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-834) was read by the

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Durham, Mr. Tierney. Mr. TIERNEY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would like to address your attention to Section one of the Committee Amendment which deals with the definition of public records. You may recall that earlier in this session we had a bit of a to-do between the two Houses relative to the degree of confidentiality which would be maintained within Dave Silsby's office and within Bill Garside's office. It was the legislative determination at that time that those files are and should remain confidential. This errors and inconsistencies bill, I hope, inadvertently reverses that position of the legislature. In Section 3, it creates an exception to the general exception and therefore would open up your personal file in Dave Silsby's office to the scrutiny not only of other legislators but to indeed the lobby.

I don't think any of us want this, I don't think the people who drafted this amendment wanted this. For that purpose, I have introduced an amendment to make it very clear that such legislative records and reports shall at least not be considered a public record and a degree of openness shall be set by other means.

Mr. Garsoe of Cumberland requested a vote on the adoption of House Amendment 'F" to Committee Amendment "A'

The SPEAKER: The pending question is adoption of House Amendment "F" Committee Amendment "A". All in favor of that motion will vote yes; those opposed will vote no

A vote of the House was taken.

71 having voted in the affirmative, 60 having voted in the negative, the motion did prevail.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bangor, Mr. McKernan.

Mr. McKERNAN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: Having voted on the prevailing side, I now move we reconsider. I would like to make a couple of comments but didn't want to go to the expense of asking for a roll call on it.

I am just wondering if we adopted House Amendment 'F' to Committee Amendment 'A' which deleted subsection 3, whether or not this should not be numbered subsection 3 instead of subsection 4?

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr.

Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: The problem may be clarified, because when we adopted Senate Amendment "F" to Committee Amendment "A" we did do some changing. Whenever they look at the clarification for this amendment, they better check back with Senate Amendment 'F" also.

Mr. McKernan of Bangor withdrew his

motion for reconsideration.

Thereupon, Committee Amendment "A" as amended by Senate Amendment "A", Senate Amendment "B", Senate Amendment "E" and Senate Amendment "F" and House Amendment "B", House Amendment "C", House Amendment "E", House Amendment "G" thereto was adopted in non-concurrence. Thereupon, Committee Amendment non-concurrence.

Senate Amendment "C" (S-356) was

read by the Clerk.

Mr. Henderson of Bangor requested a

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Portland, Mr. LaPointe.

Mr. LaPOINTE: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: If we are talking about S-356, I have discussed this amendment with the various parties involved and it is okay with them. That is the Maine Petroleum Association and the Maine Pine Tree Gasoline Retailers Association.

Mr. Henderson of Bangor withdrew his request for a vote.

Thereupon, Senate Amendment "C" was adopted.

Senate Amendment "D" (S-360) was read by the Clerk.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from South Berwick, Mr. Goodwin.

Mr. GOODWIN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: Senate Amendment "D" is an amendment which addresses the drug advertising bill that was passed earlier on in this session. What the amendment does is, it takes out the provision, the protection, that the Committee on Health and Institutional Services put in to restrict drug advertising from TV and the radio media, because we felt it was not conducive to that type of advertising. This amendment takes out a substantial part of that bill, a substantial

This amendment is not an error and inconsistency. This was even discussed on the floor of this House. Representative Lewis, I think, asked a question about this and was answered at the time by Representative Post. This is not, as I said, an error and inconsistency, it is a substantial change that was put in as I understand it, after there was some question, specifically from television stations as to whether or not this is constitutional. I maintain it is. It is done on the federal level and I think that we are well within our powers of protecting the public health of the people of the State of Maine to regulate certain types of

advertising if we feel it is detrimental to the public health.

Therefore, I move the indefinite postponement of this amendment, S-360.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Portland, Mrs.

Najarian.

Mrs. NAJARIAN: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: This is the amendment I was talking about before that the sponsor of the amendment has said that Attorney General John Benoit has said that this language in our present law in unconstitutional. Therefore, I would hope you would accept this amendment, The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Blue Hill, Mr.

Mr. PERKINS: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I also checked with the Attorney General's office this afternoon questioning the constitutionality of this and Mr. Benoit stated that the wording of it was subject to question but there is a case in the United States Supreme Court now which no decision has been handed down on. I therefore submit that we are well within our powers, until there has been a ruling, that we go along with the committee report, which was to exclude television advertising. I feel if the federal government feels that cigarettes cannot be advertised on TV because they are dangerous to our health, why then should we not handle prescription medicines the same way?
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from South Berwick, Mr.

Goodwin.

Mr. GOODWIN: Mr. Speaker, Men and Women of the House: I have two other points. First of all, if you look at the amendment, the Statement of Fact is a little misleading, I think, on this. I would like you to listen to what we are saying here, because the Statement of Fact doesn't really address itself to the type of what I think is in the amendment. I would also like, since this was actually discussed on the floor of the House and since this is a substantial change, I would like to ask the Chair for a ruling on the germaneness of this amendment.

The SPEAKER: The Chair has no basis to rule that the amendment is not germane. unless an amendment was offered which did the same thing. Therefore, the Chair would rule that the amendment is

germane

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Berwick, Mr. Goodwin.

Mr. GOODWIN: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: What if the original bill as written allowed this and then we took it off in the committee?

The SPEAKER: The Chair would answer that the Bill obviously had not been defeated by this body but defeated by a committee of the legislature. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr. Hewes.

Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I have just spoken to the sponsor of the bill, the good gentleman from Portland, and he understands that the provision that is being changed here is unconstitutional and that this change may save the prescription drug bill from being declared unconstitutional. We worked so hard on that prescrip-tion drug bill, it seems to me that this should be adopted. Perhaps I am in error, but that is what I understood from the gentleman from Portland a few moments ago.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Bangor, Mr.

McKernan.

Mr. McKERNAN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: With all due respect to the sponsor of this amendment, I think he was also one of those in the other body when this bill was originally debated that wanted to get television back in the bill to allow advertising on television. This whole attack stems from TV stations in Portland that want a piece of the market. In the wisdom of the Committee on Health and Institutional Services, they decided it was not in the best interest of the people of this state to allow the advertising on TV. Therefore, they took it out, now the people who want to get a piece of the action, that is the TV people in this state, are now trying to come in through the back door. I haven't seen any Attorney General's opinion, and I understand the decision which was informal, based on a discussion through the Attorney General's Office, that yes, it might be unconstitutional, is based on some cases that have been decided in various circuit courts around the country. I want to tell you that this is only one person's opinion in the Attorney General's Office, that in fact, because of these decisions around the country, that this bill might be unconstitutional. The decision he is basing that on did not deal with the question of whether or not you couldbanadvertising on TV. Those decison on a wide range of legal theories decided that prohibiting total advertising of prescription drug prices were in fact a restraint of trade.

This amendment really has no bearing on the decision of those courts. What we are saying is, you can advertise but they were going to say what media you are going to use. We are going to say that because of some the problems that can be created by the way people manipulate television advertising, that maybe it is not the best interest of the people of this state to allow advertising on TV. But we are going to allow advertising in different mediums, on radio, newspapers, suppliers and anything else, so that advertising will be available for the consumers of this state. I think that to try to put a substantive change back in, based on some hokey conversation with an attorney general that this might be unconstitutional when in fact you have heard the gentleman from Blue Hill say there is a case pending in the Supreme Court right now which, in fact, still is not directly on point with this amendment, I think that we are being taken and that we ought to indefinitely

postpone this amendment.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr.

Carey.

Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would like to address a question, if I may, through the Chair to any attorney that may possibly be able to answer. It is the matter of separability. If in fact, and I have no idea whether this thing is constitutional or not, but if in fact this section is found to be unconstitutional, isn't it possible that the rest of the law could stand up under the system and be found to be constitutional, that only "A" section would be found section would be found unconstitutional

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Waterville, Mr. Carey, poses a question through the Chair to anyone who cares to

answer

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr. Hewes.
Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker and Members

of the House: In response to the question. the court might declare just that minute section unconstitutional or it might declare the entire act unconstitutional. I don't know which way they would act if in fact this particular section is trying to be changed as unconstitutional.

The purpose of this amendment is to prevent the whole bill from being found

unconstitutional.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Owls Head, Mrs.

Mrs. POST: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: In all honesty, I have to say that the discussions that have been revolving around the Attorney General's Office come from more than an actual conversation with the Attorney General's Office, there was a letter. The first page of the letter dealt entirely with the matter of whether or not you could prohibit advertising in other court cases which were dealing with that specific problem. The last paragraph said "Therefore, you might not be able to prohibit advertising by television but the reasons for this were based on other court cases having to do with prohibiting advertising altogether. And as Mr McKernan has already mentioned, our bill doesn't deal with that, we are allowing advertising. We are simply saying that in the particular instance of TV, where a large amount of money is involved and there are other considerations, that that kind of advertising should not be allowed.

I have to say, also that day that the

issue came up here in the House, I did call the FDC in Washington and they told me and they checked with their attorneys in various areas and they said as far as they were concerned there was no problem with the bill which we had originally before us prohibiting advertising by television.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Sanford, Mr. Lovell. Mr. LOVELL: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I hope you will indefinitely postpone this amendment because the average drug store has some 22,000 prescription items in it. The minute you go advertising on television, you are automatically going to raise the price, but much worse than that, the younger people are going to see this advertising on television and say, well, let's try to get some of this drug. Let's take some of my mothers drug or my fathers drug and let's try it out and see how it works. We think the Committee on Health and Institutions thinks it would be a very poor policy to allow advertising of prescription drugs on television, just the same way as it is poor policy for cigarettes, called the cancer stick by the Speaker, and the same way with hard liquor.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Stow, Mr. Wilfong.

Mr. WILFONG: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I think that we should go along with indefinite postponement of this amendment. We don't have a definitive decision from the Attorney General's Office, we don't have a definitive decision from the Maine Supreme Court or the United States Supreme Court and we are a separate body. Let's go along with our decision, make the decision and if they should rule later that it is unconstitutional, let's worry about it then. I don't think that we should be worrying about what the court might do in the future.

The SPEAKER: The pending question is on the motion of the gentleman from South

Berwick, Mr. Goodwin, that the House indefinitely postpone House Amendment D" in non concurrence. All in favor of that motion will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken.

73 having voted in the affirmative, 6 having voted in the negative, the motion did prevail.

Senate Amendment "A" (S-352) was read by the Clerk and adopted in concurrence.

Senate Amendment "B" (S-353) was read by the Clerk and adopted in .concurrence

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Orono, Mr. Davies.

Mr. DAVIES: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: This seems to be a rather substantial item. I wonder if someone could explain what the current statute says and what this is going to

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Orono, Mr. Davies, posed a question through the Chair to any member of the House who cares to answer.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Portland, Mrs. Boudreau.

Mrs. BOUDREAU: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: This amendment defines a political party in Section 21, and in Section 24, it spells out Section 21, and in Section 24, it spells out what you can use as a party designation when you are running. This does not apply to Democrats or Republicans.

Section 24-D and E, it is already in the law, but we need the exception January 1, 1976. If not, your municipal elections in the fall will have trouble getting absentee

applications.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bangor, Mr. Henderson.

Mr. HENDERSON: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I would like to pose a question through the Chair to the Chairperson of the Elections Committee. To wif, in 24-B it says a person who seeks nomination by petition may not use, among other things, his own name or a combination thereof, whatever that means, I would like to ask whether that means if a person ran under a hypothetical political party such as "Longley for Me." that he would not be able to use that anymore. It sounds like if that is true that that is a pretty substantial little rap to put in this kind of an amendment.

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Bangor, Mr. Henderson poses a question through the Chair to anyone who cares to

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman

from Portland, Mrs. Boudreau.

Mrs. BOUDREAU: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: That is correct, he could not use that because he is

getting double exposure.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Corinth, Mr. Strout.

Mr. STROUT: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I move the indefinite postponement of Senate Amendment "B".

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr.

Carey

Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I had a question to ask also of Mrs. Boudreau of Portland. On the bottom of the first page, it says if two or more such candidates file petitions bearing the same political designation, the candidate who files his petition first with the Secretary of State shall have exclusive right to use of that political designation for

that office for that election. I am quite concerned. Does that give the other person time to make the changes that are necessary on his forms, since those people signed that form in that particular condition? What happens to that second candidate? Is he then excluded from filing or is there a provision where he could actually make a change on his nomination

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from carey poses a question Waterville, Mr. Carey, poses a question through the Chair to Mrs. Boudreau of Portland, who may answer if she so

The Chair recognizes that gentlewoman.

Mrs. BOUDREAU: Mr. Speaker: He would have sufficient time to change it if he

did not file right at the very deadline.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Standish, Mr.

Spencer.

Mr. SPEAKER: Mr. Speaker, I'd like to pose a question through the Chair. If the election were for a number of people who were going to fill the same position such as the trustees of a water district or whatever and there were an Independent slate, if there were three positions being filled could only one of them use the designation of Independent party or whatever or could

all three of them use the designation?
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Portland, Mrs.

Boudreau

Mr. BOUDREAU: That section of the bill applies only to Title 21, your municipal elections would be Title 30.

The SPEAKER: The pending motion is the motion of the gentleman from Corinth. Mr. Strout, that Senate Amendment B, be indefinitely postponed. Those in favor will vote yes; those opposed will vote no.

A vote of the House was taken.

The gentleman from Orono, Mr. Wagner

requested a roll call.

Thje SPEAKER: In order for the Chair to order a roll call, it must have the expressed desire of one fifth of the members present and voting. Those in favor will vote yes: those opposed will vote

A vote of the House was taken, and more than one fifth of the members having expressed a desire for a roll call, a roll call was ordered.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr. Carey

Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker, I would like to know if anyone and this is because of the germaneness here — would like to know what is the current status of L. D. 1931, because the corrections that are instilled here do come out of L. D. 1931.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from East Millinocket, Mr.

Birt.

Mr. BIRT: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen: To answer the gentleman from Waterville, Mr. Carey's question, L. D. 1931 is dead due to the inability to get concurrence between the two bodies.

Every bit of the language here that was what was in in the errors and inconsistencies in the public laws and I think these are the main parts which were felt to be most needed to be passed and I see nothing wrong with anything that's in here.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr. Carey.

Mr. CAREY: Mr. Speaker, I would then ask if it is germane at this point to bring up something that has died in a previous bill.

L.D. 1931 in its first page had section 24 A. Number 21. On Page 4 of L. D. 1931, Section 17 of that bill, had political designation restriction which is the item covered word for word on the bottom of Page 1. Since that has already died, is it germane to be brought up in this bill?

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Waterville has posed a question through the Chair. The Chair does not have a copy of 1931 and if he'd make it available to the Speaker, then the Chair would make a ruling. The Chair would announce that I have a Senate Amendment "B". I do not have the bill to which he was referring.

The Chair would rule that 1931 dealt with 45 changes in the Election Laws and obviously covered part of Senate Amendment "B". However, if that would be the case, the assumption therefore would follow through that any amendment to the Election Laws would not be germane. The Chair cannot rule in that fashion and, therefore, would rule that Senate Amendment "B" would be germane since, in fact, to rule otherwise would mean that nothing could be changed in any of the Election Laws.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes

the gentleman from Augusta, Mr. Bustin, Mr. BUSTIN: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: If I can refresh your memory and if mine is correct, the issues in this Senate Amendment had nothing to do with what put that bill in non-concurrence and which ultimately killed it. The issue, at that time, as I recall, was both the issue of the squares being on the right and the issue primarily that caused the non-concurrence was whether or not the check mark if it flaps down in the box below it would count for one or the other.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Waterville, Mr.

Carey. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Augusta very much for his explanation. It satisfied what my concern was. There are other parts of this particular amendment which I am hopeful would be adopted and I was concerned if maybe we were putting ourselves in a very awkward position.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Stockton Springs, Mr.

Shute.

Mr. SHUTE: Mr. Speaker, Men and Women of the House: The Senate Amendment we are considering now looks to me like the House Amendment H-767 put in by the House Chairman, Mrs. Boudreau.

Would you check that?

The SPEAKER: The prior ruling that the Chair has made since Senate Amendment "B" has other things with it in addition to what is being discussed, the Chair would have to rule that it is germane. Obviously, the Chair would also rule that if the amendment is killed, then obviously the House would determine the germaness per se but the Chair at this point would rule that it is germane.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cape Elizabeth, Mr.

Hewes.

Mr. HEWES: Mr. Speaker, Members of the House: I hope you will vote to indefinitely postpone for four very good reasons. Number one, apparently this bill was previously defeated. Number two, this is a matter of substance in the Errors and Inconsistencies Bill and it should not be there in my opinion. Number three, on the merits, it seems to me we are outlawing a ticket such as the "Longley for Me" type of

ticket. We have gone quite a ways in defending our respective political parties, but I think this is going too far, I hope you will defeat it. And fourth, it seems to me we are inviting a veto of the entire bill when we insert this particular section and so I hope for four very sound reasons you will vote to indefinitely postpone this amendment.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Waterville, Mrs.

: Kany.

. Mrs. KANY: Mr. Speaker and Members of the House: As a member of a party, a very proud member of our party, I hope we will indefinitely postpone this bill. I think it is an embarrassment.

The SPEAKER: The pending question before the House is the motion of the gentleman from Corinth, Mr. Strout that Senate Amendment "B" beindefinitely postponed. Those in favor will vote yes;

those opposed will vote no. ROLL CALL

YEA — Ault, Bachrach, Bennett, Berry, G. W.; Bowie, Burns, Call, Carey, Carpenter, Chonko, Clark, Conners, Connolly, Cox, Curran, P.; Curtis, Davies, DeVane, Doak, Dow, Drigotas, Fenlason, Finemore, Fraser, Garsoe, Gauthier, Goodwin, K.; Gray, Greenlaw, Hall, Henderson, Hennessey, Hewes, Higgins, Lunton, Informatic Lunton, Edward, Edward, Edward, Edward, Lunton, L Henderson, Hennessey, Hewes, Higgins, Hunter, Ingegneri, Jackson, Joyce, Kany, Kelley, LaPointe, Lewis, Littlefield, Lizotte, Lovell, Lunt, Mahany, Maxwell, McBreairty, McMahon, Miskavage, Mitchell, Mulkern, Nadeau, Norris, Peakes, Pelosi, Peterson, P.; Post, Quinn, Paumond, Bidessi, Shite, Spane

Peakes, Pelosi, Peterson, P.; Post, Quinn, Raymond, Rideout, Shute, Snowe, Spencer, Sprowl, Strout, Tarr, Theriault, Tierney, Torrey, Twitchell, Wagner, Walker, Wilfong, Winship.

NAY — Bagley, Berry, P. P.; Berube, Birt, Blodgett, Boudreau, Bustin, Carroll, Carter, Churchill, Durgin, Flanagan, Gould, Hobbins, Jalbert, Jensen, Kelleher, Laverty, LeBlanc, Lewin, Lynch. Laverty, LeBlanc, Lewin, Lynch, Mackel, MacLeod, McKernan, Morin, Najarian, Palmer, Perkins, T.; Pierce, Powell, Rolde, Snow, Stubbs, Talbot.

Teague

ABSENT — Albert, Byers, Cooney, Cote, Curran, R.; Dam, Dudley, Dyer, Farley, Farnham, Faucher, Goodwin, H.; Hinds, Hughes, Hutchings, Immonen, Jacques, Kauffman, Kennedy, Laffin, Leonard, MacEachern, Martin, A.: Martin, R.: Mills, Morton, Pearson, Perkins, S.: Peterson, T.: Rollins, Saunders, Silverman, Smith, Susi, Tozier, Truman, Tyndale, Usher, Webber

Yes, 76; No, 35; Absent, 40.

The SPEAKER: Seventy-six having voted in the affirmative and thirty-five in the negative, with forty being absent, the motion does prevail.

Under suspension of the rules, the Bill

was read a second time,

Mr. La Pointe of Portland offered House Amendment "C" and moved its adoption. House Amendment "C" (H-831) was

read by the Clerk.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Portland. Mr.

La Pointe.

Mr. LaPOINTE: Mr. Speaker, Members of the House: The purpose of this amendment is to provide for a better mechanism for public review of any administrative rules that would be developed as in relation to the catastrophic illness program. I don't believe it is a substantive change, all it does is outline a procedure whereby the public would have some input in the development of any rules and regulations that are promulgated by

the Commissioner of Health and Welfare. I think that this issue has been before us in the form of another L. D. sponsored by the gentlelady from Madison, Mrs. Berry and I just make a habit of allowing for citizen participation in all L.D.'s that have rules and regulations that have to be promulgated administratively.

Mr. Goodwin of South Berwick offered House Amendment "A" to Senate Paper 480, L. D. 1760 under filing number H-814

and moved its adoption.

House Amendment "A" to L. D. 1760 was

read by the Clerk.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Berwick, Mr.

Goodwin.

Mr. GOODWIN: Mr. Speaker, Members of the House: The problem that was brought to my attention by the Legislative Research Office and it was brought to their attention by John Benoit, I guess too late to get into the Committee Amendment and, basically, what the problem comes from is that I introduced an L. D. 225 which relates to Superior Court commitment on the mentally disordered and Rep. Kelleher of Bangor introduced L. D. 895 relating to the release of mentally disordered persons.

What happened is that my bill which has already been passed and enacted and signed into law and the same with Mr. Kelleher's have a conflicting section. In my bill, one section was amended and in his bill that same section was repealed and then replaced. What my amendment does is to wipe out the section in my bill that was amended and repealed, therefore, removing the conflict between the two sections and that the section that was in Representative Kelleher's bill will remain and go into effect 91 days after the adjournment of the legislature, so, basically, what it does is remove two conflicting paragraphs and two chapters that deal with the same thing. However, the bill 895 does cover all the problems and this was just evidently something that just wasn't picked up in the Judiciary Committee.

Thereupon, House Amendment "A" was

adopted.

Mrs. Clark of Freeport offered House Amendment "E" and moved its adoption. House Amendment "E" (H-836) was read by the Clerk.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Freeport, Mrs.

Mrs. CLARK: Mr. Speaker and Men and Women of the House: House Amendment "E" refers to L. D. 843 "An Act Relating to Sale of Stuffed Toys" sponsored by the gentlewoman from Topsham, Mrs. Chonko which has been signed into law by the Governor but there are a few words at the end of this "where the approximate percentages when mixed" which raises a stone question of constitutionality and the Attorney General's Office has requested that these words be deleted from the law. The sponsor grieves, so does the Committee on Business Legislation.

Thereupon, House Amendment E was adopted

Mr. Palmer of Nobleboro offered House Amendment "D" and moved its adoption. House Amendment "D" (H-832) was

read by the Clerk.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Nobleboro, Mr. Palmer.

Mr. PALMER: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: As you know, we are leaving here in a day or two under very uncertain circumstances and will

probably be facing a special session or two and many of the pieces of legislation we have had, have had "Leave to Withdraw" There is a great deal of work which may have to be done in between these sessions. This order simply permits the leadership to have someone, an assistant, come in from time to time, if necessary, in between the sessions to do the necessary work so that we will be prepared when we come back in November and possibly in January.

Mrs. Berube of Lewiston offerd House Amendment "B" and moved its adoption.
House Amendment "B" (H-821) was read

by the Clerk.
The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Lewiston, Mrs. Berube.

Mrs. BERUBE: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House this is simply to correct a typographical error because in printing the bill the following phrase quote 'without proceeding under this section' was omitted. It should have been in the Errors and Inconsistencies but because it was still on the Governor's desk as of last

Monday morning and it had not obviously been assigned a chapter number, therefore, could not be included in the bill. What it would do very, very briefly is that under the administrative review section of L. D. 1793 the Health and Welfare Department would not have to once again go through another hearing in

once again go through another hearing in order to proceed under this section.

Thereupon, House Amendment "B" was adopted. The Bill passed to be engrossed as amended by Committee Amendment "A", as amended by Senate Amendments "A", "B", "E", and "F" and House Amendments "B", "C", "E", "F" and "G" thereto and Senate Amendments "A" and "C" and House Amendment "A", "B", "C", "D" and "E" in non-concurrence and sent up for concurrence. concurrence

By unanimous consent, sent forthwith to the Senate.

The following papers appearing on Supplement No. 15 were taken up out of order by unanimous consent:

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill "An Act to Allow Municipal Approval of Routine Great Ponds Permits (H. P. 662) (L. D. 836) ask leave to report: that they are unable to agree.

(Signed)

Messrs. WILFONGof Stow, MORTON of Farmington, DOAK of Rangeley

-of the House

Messrs. COLLINS of Knox. GRAHAM of Cumberland, TROTZKY of Penobscot -of the Senate.

Report was read and accepted and sent up for concurrence.

Report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on RESOLVE, Proposing Study of the Implementation of State Ferry Service on Casco Bay (H. P. 1154) (L. D. 1448) ask leave to report; that the Senate recede from its action of accepting the majority 'Ought Not to Pass' Report of the Committee Amendment 'A' Report of the Committee on Public Utilities, read the resolve once, adopt Committee Amendment "A" (H-631), give the resolve its second reading, and pass the resolve to be

engrossed as amended by Committee Amendment "A" in concurrence.

Amenument (Signed)
Messrs, KELLEHER of Bangor, NORRIS of Brewer, LaPOINTE of Portland of the Parabase of the P

Mrs. CUMMINGS of Penobscot,
Messrs. GREELEY of Waldo,
CYR of Aroostook

Report was read and accepted and sent up för concurrence.

Committee on Transportation on Bill "An Act to Make Allocations from the Highway Fund for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1976 and June 30, 1977" (Emergency) (S. P. 254) (L. D. 829) reporting "Ought to Pass" in New Draft (S. P. 577) (L. D. 1928)

Came from the Senate with the Report read and accepted and the Bill passed to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "A" (S-364)
In the House, the Reports was read.

(On motion of Mr. Fraser of Mexico, tabled paneling acceptance of the

tabled pending acceptance of the Committee Report and tomorrow assigned.)

The Honorable John L. Martin Speaker of the House House of Representatives State House

Augusta, Maine Dear Mr. Speaker: The Committee on Judiciary is pleased to report that it has completed all business placed before it by the 107th Session of the Maine State Legislature, and reports the following:

Total number of bills received Bills referred from other Committees 187 Total unanimous reports

Total divided reports	28
Ought to pass	Divided 16 21
Ought to pass as amended	49 14
Ought to pass in new draft	3 7
Ought not to pass	29 37
Leave to withdraw	49
Referred to other committees	3
Total number of amendments	63
Total number of new drafts	10
Four studies were recommende	a by the

Committee.
Public hearings were held on 52
Legislative days.

Signed:

Respectfully,

ROLAND A. GAUTHIER House Chairman Committee on Judiciary

The Communication was read and ordered placed on file.
On motion of Mr. Rolde of York.
Adjourned until nine-thirty tomorrow