

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LEGISLATIVE RECORD

OF THE

*Second Special Session*

OF THE

*One Hundred and First Legislature*

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

September 28 - September 30, 1964

DAILY KENNEBEC JOURNAL  
AUGUSTA, MAINE

**SENATE**

Tuesday, September 29, 1964

Senate called to order by the President.

The PRESIDENT: Senator Harold Pike passed away last night. His funeral will be held Friday of this week at 2:00 P.M. at the Waterford Congregational Church. To as many of you who can join me to sit together at the funeral I will be most appreciative. I will look forward to seeing you there.

Prayer by Rev. Joseph Craig of Augusta.

On motion by Mr. Atherton of Penobscot

Journal of yesterday was Read and Approved.

**Papers from the House  
Non-concurrent Matter**

Communication from Department of State, letter of transmittal. (S.P. 720)

In Senate, September 28, Read and Placed on File.

Comes from the House referred to the Committee on Judiciary in non-concurrence.

In Senate, voted to Recede and Concur.

To Chester T. Winslow, Secretary of the Senate of the One Hundred and First Legislature:

In compliance with Section 1 of Chapter 10 of the Revised Statutes of 1954, notification is hereby given of a vacancy in the County of Waldo created by the death of William R. Cole of Liberty.

Respectfully,

PAUL A. MACDONALD  
Secretary of State

Which was read and ordered placed on file.

**STATE OF MAINE  
OFFICE OF THE  
SECRETARY OF STATE**

To Chester T. Winslow, Secretary of the Senate of the One Hundred and First Legislature:

In compliance with Section 1 of Chapter 10 of the Revised Stat-

utes of 1954, I hereby certify that on June 15, 1964, a special election was held in the County of Waldo for the purpose of filling a vacancy caused by the death of William R. Cole of Liberty.

According to a tabulation of the returns of votes made by the Secretary of State and reviewed and accepted by the Governor and Council on July 1, 1964:

RICHARD W. GLASS of Belfast received 2,653 votes

DONALD J. RUTTENBERG of Searsport received 1,165 votes.

Richard W. Glass of Belfast, having received a plurality of the votes cast, is apparently elected Senator, therefor.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have cause the Great Seal of the State of Maine to be hereto affixed this twenty-eighth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixty-four and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and eighty-ninth.

PAUL A. MACDONALD  
Secretary of State

Which communication was Read and Ordered Placed On File.

At the request of the President, Mr. Ferguson of Oxford escorted the Senator-elect, Richard W. Glass, to the Council Chamber for the purpose of taking and subscribing to the necessary oaths of office to qualify him to enter upon the discharge of his duties.

**Orders**

On motion by MR. PORTEOUS of Cumberland

ORDERED, the House concurring, that three hundred and twenty-five (325) copies of the Legislative Record for this Special Session of the One Hundred and First Legislature, convened on September 28, 1964, be printed and bound, one copy each for the members and officers of the Senate and House of Representatives, and the remainder to be deposited in the State Library for exchange and library purposes; and be it further

ORDERED, that three hundred and twenty-five copies of the Legislative Record be printed in pamphlet form for distribution

from day to day to members of the Legislature and the departments, under the direction of the Document Clerk.

Which order was Read and Passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Subsequently the foregoing Order was returned from the House, having been Read and Passed in concurrence.

Mr. Hoffses of Knox presented the following order and moved its passage:

WHEREAS it has come to the attention of this body that two citizens of Rockland, Maine, Leland Sevey and Leroy G. Chambers were successful in saving a human life which except for the alertness and concern of these two men might have been destroyed, and

WHEREAS we are constantly being reminded of the increasing tendency of people to avoid becoming involved in the distress of fellow human beings, it seems fitting that Leland Sevey and Leroy G. Chambers should be especially commended for their prompt action which saved the life of little Michael Alonzo, an infant who was thrown into the water of Rockland Harbor, and rescued by the quick action of these two men who were working in the area

NOW THEREFORE BE IT

ORDERED that the sincere commendation of the Senate be extended to Leland Sevey and Leroy G. Chambers of Rockland, Maine and that attested copies of this order be immediately transmitted to Senator Albert W. Hoffses of Camden for presentation to the aforesaid gentlemen.

Which order received a passage.

#### Committee Reports Ought to Pass

Mr. EDMUNDS from the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs on Bill, "An Act Providing for Approval of Legislature for Expenditure of Bond Proceeds for Pollution Abatement Facilities. (S. P. 714) (L. D. 1679) Reported that the same Ought to Pass.

Mr. WHITTAKER from the Committee on Education on Bill, "An

Act to Authorize School Administrative District No. 31 to Issue Bonds or Notes for Capital Outlay Purposes in an Amount Not to Exceed \$300,000." (S. P. 716) (L. D. 1681) Reported that the same Ought to Pass.

Which reports were Read and Accepted and the Bills Read Once. Under suspension of the rules the Bills were given a second reading and Passed to be Engrossed and sent down for concurrence.

#### Ought to Pass—As Amended

Mr. CAMPBELL from the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs on Bill, "An Act to Authorize General Fund Bond Issue in Amount of Twenty-five Million Dollars and to Appropriate Moneys for Construction and Equipment of Pollution Abatement Facilities." (S. P. 713) (L. D. 1678) Reported that the same Ought to Pass As Amended by Committee Amendment "A".

Which report was Read and Accepted, and the Bill read once. Committee Amendment "A" was read and adopted, and under suspension of the rules, the Bill, As Amended, was given its second reading and Passed to be Engrossed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Mr. Lovell of York was granted unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. LOVELL of York: Mr. President and members of the Senate, this may be rather "small potatoes" as compared to what happened yesterday in Portland, but nevertheless, I would like to bring to the attention of the Senate the fact that the National Legislative Conference, the 17th annual conference closed Saturday in Atlantic City. The National Legislative Conference was first formed in 1947 and this was after the close of World War II and many legislative leaders, public officials and private citizens in the United States were giving thought to the necessity of modernizing state legislative processes. They were concerned likewise with the need to provide legislatures with adequate assistance, research, bill drafting and many

other services if the legislative bodies were to maintain their traditional independent and coordinate status in American government.

So the National Legislative Conference was formed by the Council of State Governments and first met in Chicago. From then on their duties have been varied and many in helping various legislators throughout the country to better their state governments in all phases, from bill drafting through to holding committee hearings and just about everything you could imagine. As time went on, they helped for example in the drafting of the perfect constitutions of the new states of Hawaii and Alaska.

Consequently this conference has grown in size and importance and throughout the years has saved many millions of dollars for state governments throughout the United States, and better still, has given the states better government and streamlined their work as the population of the country increased and as the duties and bills increased.

A year ago at the conference in Hawaii, the various bids of different states was listened to and in 1965 the conference goes to Portland, Oregon. Through the efforts laying groundwork a year ago, the Senator from Cumberland, Senator Hinds, the Senator from Hancock, Senator Brown, the Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Jacques, and the Senator from Sagadahoc, Senator Reed, a great deal of work was done. They were assisted by some of our state officials such as the Secretary of the Senate, Chester Winslow, his wife, Sam Slosberg, our legislative director and Fred Kneeland, our legislative finance officer to bring this important affair to the State of Maine.

In Atlantic City through the efforts of Senator Boisvert of Androscoggin, Senator Hichborn of Piscataquis, Mr. Pease, the Clerk of the other body, Sam Slosberg, and other members of the other body a tremendous job was done on selling the National Legislative Conference on Maine. So on last Tuesday morning, I appeared before the site committee whose chairman is Speaker of the House

in Pennsylvania, Stuart Helm. The site committee was pretty well sold on Maine and had felt that Maine was a wonderful state, but this was due in great part to previous legislators that had attended the conferences.

At the end of the conference, before the site committee, I presented a fine invitation from Governor Reed for the conference to come to Maine. The conference has grown in size so that some 1,500 to 2,000 legislators and other officials of the various fifty states attend this conference. I was armed with the invitation from Governor Reed plus wires from the Greater Portland Chamber of Commerce inviting them to Portland and the owner of the Eastland Hotel and others. The site committee came before the executive committee on Friday at the close of the session and on Saturday I received a wire from the Secretary of the National Legislative Conference, Herbert Wiltsee who stated that the Legislative Conference Committee has decided that they will come to Maine in 1966.

This will give us from a mercenary point of view, some 1,500 to 2,000 people who will come for a week's conference starting on August 1st, 1966. They will have an extra week to tour the State of Maine and it is estimated that they will spend some half million or more dollars which will help the economy of Maine and give Maine a good deal of prestige with this top flight body of legislators from the fifty states.

I am very happy to report that through a united effort this conference will come to Maine in 1966 and I am sure will bring a distinctive and good feeling and good publicity to our state. Thank you.

Mr. Hichborn of Piscataquis was granted unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. HICHBORN of Piscataquis: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I don't know that I have always gone along with everything the good Senator from York has said in the past, but I think this is one time when he

has been much more modest than he needs to be. I happen to know that a year ago he went to Honolulu and I think he worked pretty much alone. He didn't have enough equipment; he didn't have enough material to work with; I think for my part I didn't help as much as I could have and should have; I think perhaps some of the others feel the same. I think when he got there he found the cards were somewhat stacked against him because the people from New Jersey had already nailed down the conference for 1964. The prettiest ladies from Oregon were there with hundreds of roses to hand out as they were trying to sell Oregon for 1965. But he came back and without saying too much to too many people he went to work again and when the conference met in Atlantic City, we found that the good Senator from York had arrived the day before. He had a truck load of the best Poland Spring water to deliver from door to door to all the people who needed some Poland Spring water. He also had several cartons of the best literature he could get from the Department of Economic Development and some of it came from the Chamber of Commerce in Sanford, I noted. He sat up a sales table at the entrance to the ballroom of the Shelbourne Hotel and he went to work. He was favored because that was the day for the seller. It was a seller's market that day and everybody was out to buy. If there was anyone who got any work done and who needs a bouquet, I think that the Senator from York deserves the whole garden. He did such a good job in selling, that one couple who had come there from California said that they had been to Maine many years ago; in fact, he had been born here. He had no intention of coming to Maine but he had heard so much about Maine that he was going to add a week to his vacation and come to Maine and he is here in the state at this time as a result of the work that the Senator has done.

Another couple said that they were pleased to know that the Convention would be held during the month of August. They said they were going to take two weeks and come to the east coast. They said they had been to 47 states but not to the State of Maine. They planned to travel through Canada, spend a week in Maine and then take the fourth week to go back through the other states.

There was a lot of competition from Florida but they said that if they had to lose, they were glad they had to lose to the State of Maine. I think the gentleman from York deserves a lot of credit for a lot of work and I am sorry I did not get on the bandwagon and help him earlier. I think the least that all of us can do is to get behind the conference in 1966 and give it the support that it deserves.

The PRESIDENT: Thank you, Senator Hichborn and thank you, Senator Lovell.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook Recessed until 11:30 A.M.

#### After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

#### Additional Papers from the House —Out of Order Joint Order

ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that a joint interim Committee be appointed, consisting of 2 on the part of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the Senate and 3 on the part of the House to be appointed by the Speaker of the House, to study the report to the regular session of the 102nd Legislature on a method of implementing the administration of Public Law, 1963, Chapter 398, relating to the mileage and expenses for members of the Legislature. (H. P. 1175)

Comes from the House Read and Passed.

In Senate, Read and Passed in concurrence.

#### Committee Reports Referred to 102nd Legislature

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments and Legislative Re-

apportionment on Bill, "An Act Reactivating the Constitutional Commission." (H. P. 1170) (L. D. 1680) Reported that the same should be referred to the 102nd Legislature.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland; Mr. President and members of the Senate, I move acceptance of the committee report and would like to explain that we do this with the additional recommendation that the Committee on Constitutional Amendments and Reapportionment be constituted by the 102nd legislature either as a select committee or a joint standing committee.

Thereupon, the report was accepted in concurrence.

#### **Ought to Pass**

The Committee on Education on Bill, "An Act to Validate Proceedings Authorizing the Issuance of Bonds by School Administrative District No. 34." (H. P. 1171) (L. D. 1683) Reported that the same Ought to Pass.

Comes from the House report accepted and the Bill Passed to be Engrossed.

In Senate, report accepted in concurrence, and under suspension of the rules the Bill was read twice and Passed to be Engrossed in concurrence.

The same Committee on Bill, "An Act to Authorize the Municipalities of Addison, Cherryfield, Columbia, Columbia Falls, Harrington and Milbridge to Form a School Administrative District." (H. P. 1172) (L. D. 1682) Reported that the same Ought to Pass.

Comes from the House, report accepted and the Bill Passed to be Engrossed.

In Senate, report Accepted in concurrence, and under suspension of the rules, the Bill was Read Twice and Passed to be Engrossed in concurrence.

The Committee on Highways on Bill, "An Act Authorizing the Maine-New Hampshire Interstate Bridge Authority to Install a Movable Draw Span on the Lower Deck Level at Pier 21 of the Piscataqua River Bridge." (H. P. 1173) (L. D. 1684) Reported that the same Ought to Pass.

Comes from the House, report Accepted and the Bill Passed to be Engrossed.

In Senate, report Accepted in concurrence, and under suspension of the rules, the Bill was read twice and Passed to be Engrossed in concurrence.

Additional Senate Papers — out of order.

#### **Committee Reports**

##### **Ought not to Pass—Covered by Other Legislation**

Mr. Campbell from the Committee on Judiciary on Bill, "An Act Relating to Supplements as Part of the Revised Statutes." (S.P. 710) (L.D. 1686) reported that the same Ought Not to Pass, as covered by other legislation.

Report accepted and sent forthwith to the House.

##### **Ought to Pass**

The same Senator from the same Committee on Bill, "An Act to Repeal the Acts Consolidated in the Revised Statutes of the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-four." (S.P. 709) (L.D. 1685) reported that the same Ought to Pass.

The same Senator from the same Committee on Bill, "An Act Relating to Sale and Distribution of the Revised Statutes, Supplements Thereto and the Session Laws." (S.P. 711) (L.D. 1687) reported that the same Ought to Pass.

Which reports were read and accepted and the Bills read once. Under suspension of the rules the Bills were read a second time and passed to be engrossed. Sent to the House for concurrence.

##### **Ought to Pass—As Amended**

The same Senator from the same Committee on Bill, "An Act Relating to Composition of Certain District Court Districts." (S.P. 715) (L.D. 1689) reported that the same Ought to Pass, As Amended by Committee Amendment "A."

Which reports were read and accepted, and the Bills read once. Committee Amendments "A" were read and adopted and under suspension of the rules, the bills, as amended, were given a second

reading and passed to be engrossed. Sent down forthwith to the House.

The same Senator from the same Committee on Bill, "An Act to Revise and Consolidate the Public Laws of the State" (S.P. 708) reported that the same Ought to Pass as amended by Committee Amendment A.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President and members of the Senate, this is the so-called revision bill and it certainly is worthy I believe of some very brief comment.

Traditionally in the State of Maine prior to 1954, the revision of our statutes took at least two to three years to be accomplished. This particular revision will be known as the Tenth Revision of the Revised Statutes of Maine and it may be the last bulk revision for many years. I can recall during the war years, twenty years ago to be exact, when my father as chairman of the Committee on Revision, the 1944 Revised Statutes, was working on this same proposition and I can remember the many nights that he was required to burn the midnight oil whenever I was home on leave, and for a long period of time he and his committee devoted endless hours to the work.

I think it is a great tribute to our legislatures over the years that we have now so geared our legislative procedures and our administration that we can now accomplish much more and with much greater ease.

In 1954 the State of Maine for the first time went into an annotated set of statutes and this was a great step forward in the legal history of the State of Maine, and I think that the revision which we are now enacting will be as great a step forward from 1954 as was the 1954 revision from previous revisions.

The statutes which will now be presented in annotated form after publication will be an 18 volume set and it will have complete annotations and a tremendous amount of fine workmanship in the publication. The Committee on

Revision as constituted by this legislature consisted of Senator Boardman, Representative Smith, Representative Dana Childs and Representative Gilbert of the House, and myself as chairman. Immediately upon adjournment of the regular session, that committee went to work to ascertain how we should accomplish the tenth revision. We had many ideas and we knew pretty well what we wanted but our desired end almost seemed to be beyond reach because of the cost. It appeared initially that the cost to do what we wished to do could run close to \$425,000 and we had an appropriation of about \$190,000 as I recall.

Finally after a great deal of thought and discussion, it was decided that the best procedure would be for the state to disengage itself from the business of selling revised statutes. This has been a tremendous problem over the years and could become a greater problem in the future. So finally after interviewing all publishers in the United States who were interested in submitting bids, we as a committee, accepted a bid of a group which entered into a joint venture so to speak and this consisted of the West Publishing Company, represented by Lee H. Slater its president, the Equity Publishing Corporation represented by Mr. Thompson, Jr., its president and the Boston Law Book Company represented by its president, J. Howard Manningham. The committee is completely satisfied that upon publication we will have the finest set of statutes that exist in the United States. It certainly will be second to none.

Now I can say that as Chairman of the Committee and not be guilty of braggadocio because the committee really cannot in good conscience take the great bulk of credit for this tremendous task which has been accomplished. The real credit must go to Sam Slosberg, our Director of Legislative Research. This I know, this publication, will be the culmination of a vision which Sam had many years ago when he first assumed his responsibilities as Revisor of



Statutes and then in the position of Director of Legislative Research. It is utterly impossible for me to find words to heap the amount of praise that should be placed upon this wonderful gentleman who has done so much for the State of Maine, for the Bench, for the Bar, and for the legislatures over the years. Not only the efficient manner in which he operates his office and the great amount of talent and legal ability which this man possesses, but the ease with which he works with his committees and the personality and wonderful sense of humor which this gentleman has, has just made it a joy for us on the committee to work with him.

Another person who is entitled to a great deal of credit for the research and background work is Edith Hary, our law librarian. Unfortunately, Miss Hary is in the hospital in Gardiner and has been very ill during the past couple of weeks. I know she would like to have been here when this is enacted.

Another gentleman who certainly is also entitled to a great deal of praise is Sam Silsby, assistant to Sam Slosberg. You will find in the revision a complete history of revisions from the time Maine first became a state, and the research and the amount of work which Sam has done is fantastic. To find the material which he has found has just taken great initiative and I know that this history will become a classic and it will be in the legislative edition of the revised statutes.

I mentioned that we may not be having a bulk revision every ten years as we have since the turn of the century because under the present set up it will be possible to replace the volumes as they become too cumbersome to handle. In other words, rather than having an entire bulk revision, if Volume 15 becomes bulky as did Volume 3 of the 1954 statutes, then it would merely be necessary to replace that one volume without having to go through an entire bulk revision. Of course much will depend on the amount of legislation which is enacted in the years to come but unless there

are some unforeseen developments, it is estimated that we certainly can easily go 20 to 30 years without a bulk revision.

Another matter that caused a problem with the 10th revision which has never existed before is the fact that the Chief Justice is charged by the Constitution with making an arrangement of the Constitution and submitting it to the legislature for approval. It must then be prefixed to the revision and it becomes the supreme law of the land. This year we have a November election—our general election used to be in September so there was no problem — for example if the general election had been in September of this year, we could have known just what matters were adopted by the people on a referendum. We are presuming that all of the Constitutional Amendments which are now submitted for the ballot in November will be accepted. They are primarily of a technical nature with no great substantive change. Of course I hope the same will hold true of the additional matter which this legislature is to have placed upon the ballot of the general election.

The Chief Justice, Chief Justice Williamson, has cooperated marvelously with the committee on revision and with the office of the Legislative Research Director and with the publishers and we believe we have solved what could have been a most difficult problem because we certainly want the amendments which are adopted in November incorporated into this general revision. It has now been worked out and there will be an additional report which is on its way to the calendar here in the Senate, which will be acted upon later in the day, and the problem is solved, but it will require approval by the legislature at the 102nd session rather than at this current session.

Now I know that there was a great deal of confusion yesterday as members of the legislature received the volumes which they took with them from the state house. Many of the legislators were of the impression that this was the final product and that

they had in their possession a set of the revised statutes of Maine. I wish to explain that that is merely the legislative bill and each member of the 101st legislature will be receiving a set of the Maine Revised Statutes as soon as they are available. It is predicted that they will be available at about the time of convening of the 102nd legislature.

Time has been a very pressing problem with the committee and with the publishers but I personally have never had occasion to work with a group of men who have done more to be cooperative and see that a fine product was assembled. The same holds true with the members of the revision committee. Everyone has cooperated to the fullest extent and it would have been impossible to have accomplished this task without the cooperation of everyone involved.

Now, I hope you realize that the Judiciary Committee in submitting its report has accepted the report of the revision committee on faith and I realize that this legislature is in a position where it almost must accept this revision on faith and I can honestly say that I am in a better position on this revision because I have worked on it than I was on the uniform commercial code which we enacted in the regular session because I bought that on faith and I now find I am going to have to go back to law school to really understand and properly interpret it. But I am confident that this 101st legislature in the years to come will be able to take great pride in the product which it has made possible and that the Bench and Bar of the State of Maine will have its main working tool as one of the finest, and I think the finest that exists in the nation today.

Thank you for your patience.

Thereupon, the report of the committee was accepted, the bill read once, Committee Amendment A read and adopted and under suspension of the rules the bill was read a second time and passed to be engrossed.

Sent forthwith to the House.

#### **Additional Papers from the House —Out of Order Committee Report**

The Committee on State Government on Resolve Authorizing the Attorney General to Convey Certain Land in Raymond to the Town of Raymond. (H. P. 1174) (L. D. 1690) reported that the same ought to Pass.

Comes from the House Passed to be Engrossed As Amended by House Amendment "B" (H-547).

In Senate, report accepted in concurrence, House Amendment "B" read and adopted in concurrence, and under suspension of the rules, the Bill As Amended, was read a second time and passed to be engrossed in concurrence.

#### **Additional Senate Paper — Out of Order Committee Report**

#### **Referred to the 102nd Legislature**

The Committee on Judiciary on Resolve, Approving Draft and Arrangement of the State Constitution Made by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court, and Providing for its Publication and Distribution. (S.P. 712) (L.D. 1688) which report was read:

That the Resolve and accompanying report of the Chief Justice be referred to the 102nd Legislature for the reason that constitutional amendments to be voted upon at the general election in November 1964 should also be arranged by the Chief Justice in accordance with the Constitution of Maine, Article X, section 6, and printed copies thereof prefixed to the books containing the Revised Statutes of the State. It is respectfully requested that the Chief Justice submit to the 102nd Legislature a further draft and arrangement of the Maine Constitution, including such amendments as may be adopted at the general election in 1964 and that a copy of such draft and arrangement be forthwith forwarded to the Revision Committee and that said Revision Committee cause printed copies thereof to be prefixed to the books containing the Revised Statutes of the State.

The Judiciary Committee recommends that the 102nd Legis-

lature approve said draft and arrangement as an emergency measure as soon as practicable after the first Wednesday of January 1965.

Which report was accepted and sent down for concurrence.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kennebec: Mr. President, I rise to a point of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator may state his point.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kennebec: Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen of the Senate, I would like to call to your attention a letter that has been distributed to your desks today from the Maine State Employees Association accompanying which is a statement of employment principles for all career state personnel. Feeling that the Maine State Employees Association should be commended for this action and wishing to give recognition to it, I wish now to read to you the Code of the Maine State Employee:

#### **THE CODE OF THE MAINE STATE EMPLOYEE**

I believe in the State of Maine, its government, and its people.

I believe in the dignity of man, that all people are born free and equal and are entitled to all the rights and privileges and subject to the same responsibilities as set forth in the Constitution of the State of Maine.

I believe that our state government is instituted for the common benefit, protection, security and general welfare of all the citizens of Maine.

I shall serve my government honestly and industriously in each task assigned to me throughout the period of my service. I shall be loyal to the laws, high principles and ideals of our state government and to my superiors in the performance of my service.

I believe that government is the servant and not the master of the people and that each citizen is entitled to equal consideration and should be treated with courtesy and respect.

I subscribe to the principle of "equal pay for equal work" and to those laws, rules and regula-

tions commonly known as the merit system for the mutual benefit of the State of Maine and its employees.

I shall consistently urge the creation and observance of such laws, rules and regulations as relate to the merit system as shall be most conducive to good government.

I shall firmly resist any and all applications of pressure from without or within government which may tend to corrupt me or my government or reduce in any way my effectiveness or the performance of my duties, faithfully, well and to the best of my ability, during the course of my public service.

I believe that a public office is a public trust and I will not accept any gratuity, special privilege or favor as a reward for performing the duties and responsibilities which are mine in exercising this public trust.

I believe that as a citizen of Maine I am entitled to the same rights and privileges as are accorded all other citizens and to the respect and rewards due all workers in a free nation devoted to the highest possible standards of social, economic and political welfare.

I shall insist at all times upon the right to petition and appeal individually for the establishment, maintenance and application of sound employment practices for all who serve our government.

Adopted at MSEA State Convention, September 26, 1964.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, with reference to Senate Rule 36, I now move that the Senate resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the purpose of discussing Senate housekeeping problems, and that the President remain in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT: The Senate hears the motion. Is this the pleasure of the Senate? It is a vote. The Chair might advise that following this, the Secretary will read the notices and the Senate will be in recess until 2 P.M.

Recessed until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

**After Recess**

Senate called to order by the President.

The PRESIDENT: The House has voted to adjourn until ten o'clock tomorrow morning so that we will have to act accordingly and at such time as this afternoon's business is completed we will do the same thing, regretfully.

**Additional Senate Papers—  
Out of Order  
Committee Report—  
Referred to the 102nd Legislature**

The Committee on Judiciary on Letter of Transmittal from the Secretary of State (S. P. 720) and Memorandum from the Supreme Judicial Court (S. P. 721).

Reported that the same should be referred to the 102nd Legislature to accompany (S. P. 712) (L. D. 1688)

Which report was Read and Accepted, and sent forthwith to the House for concurrence.

**Additional Papers from the House  
Out of Order  
Non-concurrent Matter**

Joint Order, Relative to Printing of Legislative Record (S. P. 722) In Senate September 29, Read and Passed.

Comes from the House Read and Passed as Amended by House Amendment "A" (H-548) in non-concurrence.

In Senate, that body voted to Recede and Concur.

Mr. FERGUSON of Oxford presented the following Resolution and moved its adoption.

The Secretary read the Resolution:

State of Maine  
Senate Resolution  
Sept. 29, 1964

WHEREAS the members of the Senate of the 101st Legislature in

this Special Session have learned with profound sorrow of the death September 29th of an esteemed colleague, the Honorable Harold S. Pike of Waterford, Senator from Oxford County and a member of the House of Representatives in 1955, a member of the Senate in 1957, 1961, 1963, and

WHEREAS in his association with the members of the legislature he was ever honorable and kindly, being highly regarded for his character and sterling qualities of mind and heart, and

WHEREAS the members of this Senate sense in his passing a personal loss and genuine grief, now therefore

BE IT RESOLVED, that the State of Maine mourns the loss of a faithful and valued public servant and the members of the Senate lament the departure of an esteemed and trusted friend; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that an engrossed copy of these resolutions be sent to his family.

Which Resolution was adopted.

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook presented the following Order and moved its adoption:

ORDERED that the offices of the President of the Senate be reconstructed in accordance with plans prepared by the Bureau of Public Improvements dated April 22nd as revised May 21st, the work to be completed prior to the convening of the 102nd Legislature and all necessary funds to be provided from the legislative appropriation.

Which was read and passed.

In accordance with the adjournment order, the Senate Adjourned until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.