

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LEGISLATIVE RECORD

OF THE

One Hundred and First Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

VOLUME II

MAY 10 - JUNE 22, 1963

and

SPECIAL SESSION

JAN. 6 - JAN. 17, 1964

DAILY KENNEBEC JOURNAL
AUGUSTA, MAINE

SENATE

Saturday, June 22, 1963

Senate called to order by the President.

Prayer by Rev. Frederick W. Whittaker, Senator from Penobscot.

On motion by Mr. Hinds of Cumberland,

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

The PRESIDENT: The Chair would request the Sergeant-at-Arms to escort the Honorable Robert Haskell, former President of this body and former Governor of the State of Maine, to the rostrum.

This was done amid the applause of the Senate, the members rising.

HON. ROBERT HASKELL: Mr. President, members of this Senate, I am deeply honored for the privilege of joining your able President and saying not over ten seconds of words to you. I have been through a few of these adjournments and I can assure you that if ever in your session there has been the need for patience, clear thinking, kindness and courtesy it is in these final hours of your session. I can give you no more sincere advice than that this is the time to demonstrate your statesmanship and your service to the State of Maine. I am sure that you are going to have good attendance; I am sure that you are going to give your President the courtesy of good order but above all, be kind and be wise in these final hours.

And thank you again for extending this privilege. (Applause)

House Papers**Non-Concurrent Matters**

Bill, "An Act Relating to Salaries of County Officials and Municipal Court Judges and Recorders." (S. P. 628) (L. D. 1589)

In House, June 18, passed to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "B" (S-305) and as amended by House Amendments "A" (H-461) "B" (H-462) and "D" (H-468) in Non-concurrence.

In Senate, June 19, House Amendments "A" "B" and "D" In-

definitely Postponed in non-concurrence and Senate Insisted.

In House, June 20, House Insisted and asked for a Committee of Conference.

In Senate June 21 — Passed to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "B" (S-305) and Senate Amendment "C" (S-338) in non-concurrence.

Comes from the House, that body having insisted and asked for a Committee of Conference. The Speaker appointed as House Conferees: Mr. Crommett of Millinocket, Mr. Snow of Jonesboro, and Mr. Berman of Houlton.

In the Senate, on motion by Mr. Wyman of Washington, the bill was tabled pending consideration and was especially assigned for later in today's session.

Bill, "An Act Relating to Discrimination in Rental Housing." (S. P. 426) (L. D. 1169)

In House, June 18, Indefinitely Postponed on Passage to be Enacted. Motion to reconsider made and lost.

In Senate, June 20, passed to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendments "B" (S-269) and "D" (S-316) in Non-concurrence. (Motion to Reconsider lost)

Comes from the House, that body having insisted and asked for a Committee of Conference. House conferees appointed by Speaker: Mr. Rust of York, Mr. Gilbert of Edgington, and Mr. Pease of Wiscasset.

In the Senate, on motion by Mr. Boardman of Washington, the Senate voted to insist and join in the Committee of Conference, and the President appointed as Senate conferees, Senators: Boardman of Washington, Stilphen of Knox and Whittaker of Penobscot.

Bill, "An Act Making Supplemental Appropriations for the Expenditures of State Government and for Other Purposes for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965." (H. P. 1105) (L. D. 1586)

In Senate, June 13, passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "A" (H-431), "C" (H-

434), and "E" (H-438) in concurrence.

Comes from the House, House Amendment "K" Indefinitely Postponed, House Amendment "M" (H-506) adopted, and House Amendment "L" adopted, and passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "A", "C", "E", "L", and "M" in Non-concurrence.

In the Senate, on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, House Amendment K was read and indefinitely postponed in concurrence, House Amendments L and M were read and adopted in concurrence and the bill as amended was passed to be engrossed in concurrence.

Communication

STATE OF MAINE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Office of the Clerk
Augusta

June 21, 1963

Hon. Chester T. Winslow
Secretary of the Senate
101st Legislature

Sir:

The Speaker has appointed the following Committees of Conference on the Disagreeing Actions of the two branches of the Legislature on:

Bill "An Act Relating to Establishment, Maintenance and Operation of Regional Technical and Vocational Centers" (S. P. 383) (L. D. 1086)

Messrs: ANDERSON of Ellsworth
SMITH of Falmouth
MacLEOD of Brewer

Bill, "An Act relating to Investigation of Motor Vehicle Accidents by Highway Safety Committee" (S. P. 492) (L. D. 1344)

Messrs. RUST of York
KNIGHT of Rockland
CHILDS of Portland

Respectfully,

HARVEY R. PEASE
Clerk of the House

HRP-sr

Which was read and ordered placed on file.

Orders

Joint Order

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Research Committee be directed to study the "All other" expenditures at the various institutions operated by the State, for the purpose of determining whether there is legitimate reason for the wide disparity in "All other" expenditures as reflected by the greatly varying costs to the State when the total population of State institutions is compared to the total "All other" expenditures on a per capita basis, and be it further

ORDERED, that the Legislative Research Committee report their findings to the 102nd Legislature. (S. P. 639)

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence forthwith.

On motion by Mr. Brooks of Cumberland

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Maine Port Authority be directed to develop a plan for service in Casco Bay whereby the necessary floating equipment to operate the service be acquired by the State and leased to a private operator, in much the same fashion as that which now prevails in regard to the wharves. The program developed should include an incentive for the operator to promote and develop a volume of traffic, as well as the necessary requirements for adequate service to the residents of the islands; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Maine Port Authority be directed to prepare cost estimates for the equipment required to provide the necessary service in Casco Bay, together with a proposal containing the terms and conditions for the lease of such equipment to a private operator. Such a proposal shall be embodied in legislation to be presented to the 102nd Legislature, together with the required appropriation. (S. P. 640)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Order was tabled pending passage and especially assigned for later in today's session.

Committee Reports — Senate**Conference Committee Reports**

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of Legislature on Resolution Ratifying the Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States Relating to the Qualification of Electors. (S. P. 381) report that they are unable to agree.

On motion by Mr. Campbell of Kennebec, the Senate voted to reject the report of the Conference Committee and request a new Committee of Conference.

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Providing for a Continuance of the Constitutional Commission." (S. P. 83) (L. D. 190) reported that they are unable to agree.

On motion by Mr. Whittaker of Penobscot, tabled pending acceptance of the report and especially assigned for later in today's session.

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Shortening the Period of Real Estate Mortgage Foreclosure." (S. P. 596) (L. D. 1563) reported of the Committee; Reconsider engrossment; Indefinitely postpone Senate Amendment "C"; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A"; pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "A" and Conference Committee Amendment "A", and the House accept the Report; reconsider action whereby the Bill was indefinitely postponed; adopt Senate Amendment "A"; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" and pass the bill to be engrossed in concurrence with the Senate.

Which report was read and accepted, and the Senate voted to recede and concur.

The PRESIDENT: With reference to Item 6-1, the Chair will appoint as Senate conferees, Senator Campbell of Kennebec, Senator Brooks of Cumberland and Senator Edmunds of Aroostock.

Orders on the Day

The President laid before the Senate the 1st tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 235) (L. D. 1212) House Report from the Committee on Taxation on Bill, "An Act Increasing the State Liquor Tax" Majority report, Ought not to pass; Minority report, Ought to Pass; tabled on June 21 by Senator Wyman of Washington pending acceptance of either report.

Mr. WYMAN of Washington: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I move that we accept the Majority Ought Not to Pass report of the committee unless there be some who feel we should keep this bill alive. Actually it will still be alive because we will be in non-concurrence with the other body. Should they concur and accept the ought not to pass report of the committee, it can always be recalled by a Joint Order and I therefore hope that the Senate will go along and dispose of this matter now.

The motion prevailed and the Ought not to pass report was accepted.

Sent down for concurrence.

The President laid before the Senate the 2nd tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 111) (L. D. 1594) Bill, "An Act to Authorize General Fund Bond Issue in Amount of Six Million Nine Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Dollars and to Appropriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, Construction, Repair, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1964"; tabled on June 21 by Senator Edmunds of Aroostock pending passage to be engrossed.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostock: Mr. President, I move the pending question at this time and I would remind all members of the Senate who propose to offer amendments that they should have them prepared and be ready to offer them at this time because this will probably be the last chance they will have.

Mr. Whittaker of Penobscot presented Senate Amendment F and moved its adoption.

The Secretary read the amendment.

Mr. WHITTAKER of Penobscot: Mr. President and members of the Senate, when I first saw the revised bill on the bond issue I must confess I was considerably disturbed by the fact that there has been almost complete deletion of provision for capital improvements in our State Teachers Colleges. The original bill called for an expenditure in this field of \$1,813,200. This was all deleted with the exception I believe of \$82,000. Because of my keen interest in the field of education, because of close association during this legislature with the leaders of our teachers colleges I immediately contacted one of the presidents of the schools and offered my services in any possible way to restore some of the items which had been cut.

Just yesterday I received a call for help from the Farmington State Teachers College. This amendment if adopted would restore to the bond issue legislation a provision for the industrial and arts building at the Gorham State Teachers College. This was the Number One priority on their list of suggestions for capital improvements and it was high on the list suggested by the Bureau of Public Improvements.

You may have seen the article in this morning's newspaper concerning what it called an eleventh hour plea for this new plant. I will not take the time to read to you the justification for this request as it is found in the capital improvements request but let me just briefly call to your attention some facts concerning the plant at the Gorham State Teachers College and the need for this particular building.

We have talked a great deal in this session about the importance of vocational training in our state. We have been quite reluctant to do very much about it. We are dealing here with a school which is the only school in our state preparing industrial arts teachers. It is the school which has a specialized program at the graduate level for preparing vocational teachers and yet we seem unwilling to give them the necessary facilities to carry on this important work in our state. The building proposed would consolidate under one roof in a mod-

ern building, activities which are now being carried on in five different buildings. One of them, the old academy building, erected in 1805, in which at the present time, woodworking and electrical training is taking place. This building would be inadequate for a public school shop of this kind and yet we are using it for the training of teachers. The major building, a picture of which appears in this morning's Portland paper is a long, wooden barracks type building in which is housed the classes in general metal work, mechanical drawing, arts and crafts.

At Gorham State Teachers College, the graphic arts work is carried on in a basement room without a window and with one door. This is the kind of provision which the State of Maine is making for one of its State Teachers Colleges in relation to industrial and art work. To me it seems a disgrace. I cannot understand how this legislature can fulfill its responsibilities by failing to meet the minimum needs of our educational institutions.

The bond issue itself was originally proposed at \$22 million. This was recommended by the governor and was less than fifty percent of the amount requested by various state institutions. It has now been cut to approximately \$7 million and in the case of the teachers colleges, we have cuts from something slightly under \$2 million to practically nothing in this field.

I certainly hope that this amendment will be debated at least and that we will consider carefully what we are doing. I know the reply will be that we do not have the money. We are talking here about a bond issue. We are talking about our faith in the future of the state and I do not believe that we can meet our responsibilities in the field of education, in the field of care for those who are in our institutions for the mentally ill and in many other areas unless we are willing to invest in the future. We cannot do it under current expenses. We need to have some confidence in ourselves. We need to have some faith in the future. We need to plan to pay for these necessary

facilities over a period of years under a bond issue. I certainly hope that this amendment may be adopted.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Penobscot, Senator Whittaker presents Senate Amendment F and moves its adoption.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I rise to comply with the request of the good Senator from Penobscot, Senator Whittaker. I assure you that this bill or this amendment, will be debated. I believe the head of this institution—and I will say that he is a very well qualified individual and has the highest professional reputation, has lobbied the length and breadth of the State of Maine, talking to Rotary Clubs, Lions Clubs, and anybody who would sit down and listen, telling everybody that he had facilities down there that were adequate in terms of buildings, but that his critical shortage was in the area of staff. I think we have authorized five or six additional positions in terms of staff, and now the critical problem seems to be in terms of buildings.

Mr. President, I wonder if we could recess for five minutes?

The President declared the Senate Recessed for five minutes.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Called to order by the President.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator may continue.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I apologize to the Senate for asking for a recess. However, I have had a cough lately and it seems to bother me more and more as the session goes on and on.

I would point out that if this amendment is adopted I anticipate four additional amendments would be immediately prepared to provide for the requests that were made by the other four teachers colleges in our state so that in effect you probably will be increasing the bond issue by this amendment not to roughly \$7,700,000 but probably to somewhere in the vicinity of \$9,100,000 or \$9,200,000 because I am

quite sure if we use Gorham Teachers College in this fashion we would have to afford this same treatment to all these other institutions.

Now with respect to the treatment that the teachers colleges were given by the Appropriations Committee, I would point out that they survived intact in the current services budget, I would point out that they survived intact in the supplemental budget, I would point out that they survived almost intact, with a very minor deletion, in the capital construction program from the unappropriated surplus, and I would also point out that you have before you a self-liquidating bond issue in the amount, I believe of \$1,433,000, which would provide further brick and mortar money for new facilities at our state teachers colleges.

I have not lobbied anybody in the State either for or against this amendment. I believe the Appropriations Committee can defend their action in deleting it from the proposed bond issue, but I am speaking strictly on the basis of the merits.

The Senator from Penobscot has indicated that we were presented with a \$22,000,000 bond issue. I would correct the record by indicating that we were presented with a \$17,000,000 bond issue. The most realistic figure that we felt would possibly survive in the other body was \$7,000,000. After many long and arduous hours of debate within the committee we were able to bring out the unanimous report at that level, and a \$7,000,000 bond issue will, in my opinion, for the purposes of capital construction, be by far the largest bond issue ever passed by a Maine legislature in this particular area.

Mr. President, I would hope that this amendment would not be adopted and when the vote is taken I would request a division.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kennebec: Mr. President, I might also point out to the Senate one or two other considerations that went into our consideration of this as the Appropriations Committee.

We did recommend favorably and there is on the Appropriations Table a L. D. to provide \$92,000 to

further construct a sewer project at Gorham and \$25,000 to equip the gymnasium, a total of \$117,000. As Senator Edmunds says, we have provided in the supplemental budget for the appointment of two more employees and for an improved salary schedule at Gorham, the impact of that being \$50,000 in each of the two years of the biennium. The current services appropriation to this school is over a million and three-quarters for the biennium, so it is a fairly substantial school. It actually is the best-equipped teachers college in the State. This fall the school will occupy for the first time a new men's dormitory, it has the largest and finest gymnasium in the state, it has a new library that is only two years old, a new classroom, a science building which is only four years old, Upton Hall, a women's dormitory, only four years old. So the school has been well-considered in the program and if anything has fared somewhat better than the other teachers colleges.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President and members of the Senate: It could be somewhat of a surprise that a senator from Cumberland would make a stand in opposition to changing the capital improvements budget to include a facility for a school in his own area. However, I recognize that as many of our institutions in the area do serve the whole state that I am not necessarily being punitive against a local entity. I have been in this present industrial arts building and have seen it. It is not the most modern or the most glamorous building for this purpose in any place in the state or in the United States, but at that particular time when I first saw it, which happened to be at the inauguration of the president of the college, I thought it quite adequate, both in the amount of space and in the facilities available. I think one of the things that this legislature can take some pride in, and I speak really objectively because I had less to do with it than some others in this chamber, is the really remarkable and tremendous job of culling down from all the requests and

finally coming up with a capital improvements budget which I think recommends the needs in the order in which they are justifiable and in which they are needed in this state. I think for people outside who have not had the benefit of all the discussion and all the testimony before the Appropriations Committee it must be difficult; not that I would say they shouldn't try — I think they should if they believe in it—but they could not possibly understand the very serious and long deliberations that were necessary to come up with the capital improvement projects that we have. Therefore I would reluctantly be opposed to this but at the same time supporting the Appropriations Committee and hoping that the industrial arts courses at Gorham State Teachers College and all the teachers colleges will continue to do a good job and will turn out teachers that will do a good job for our schools.

Mr. WHITTAKER of Penobscot: Mr. President and members of the Senate: Just one or two other comments. It is undoubtedly true that many things have been done for Gorham State Teachers College but the fact remains they are still without a building for an important program upon which we depend for the training of our teachers in the area of vocational arts.

The original bill for the bond issue included a million dollars for Gorham State Teachers College. The amended bill includes nothing. If I were the president of Gorham State Teachers College I should certainly protest, and I am happy to make the protest in the name of the college.

Just one other thing. As one legislator, I want to protest now the procedure which we have adopted apparently, as stated by the Senator from Aroostook, Senator Edmunds, of gauging our proposed expenditures in terms of what we think the other body may accept. I think we should make our decisions on the basis of the need, on the merits, and go on from there.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is on the adoption of Senate Amendment "F". A

division has been requested. All those in favor of the adoption of Senate Amendment "F" will rise and remain in their places until counted.

A division was had. Eight having voted in the affirmative and twenty-three in the negative, the motion did not prevail.

At Ease

Called to order by the President.

The PRESIDENT: The pending question before the Senate is now on the passage of the bill to be engrossed in non-concurrence.

The bill as amended was passed to be engrossed in non-concurrence and sent forthwith to the House for concurrence.

The President laid before the Senate the 3rd tabled and today assigned item, Bill (H. P. 1109) (L. D. 1591) "An Act to Appropriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, Construction, Repairs, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965; and on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the bill was passed to be engrossed.

The President laid before the Senate the 4th tabled and today assigned item, (H. P. 1) (L. D. 7) Bill, "An Act Repealing Certain Portions of the Employment Security Law"; and on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the bill was retabled and especially assigned for later in today's session.

The President laid before the Senate the 5th tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 871) (L. D. 1258) Bill, "An Act Relating to Disqualification and Claims for Benefit and Employer's Contribution Rate Under Employment Security Law"; and on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the bill was retabled and especially assigned for later in today's session.

The President laid before the Senate the 6th tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 872) (L. D. 1259) Bill, "An Act Relating to Partial Unemployment Benefits and Experience Rating Record U n d e r

Employment Security Law"; and on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the bill was retabled and especially assigned for later in today's session.

From the House:

The Committee on Engrossed bills reports as truly and strictly engrossed the following bill:

Constitutional Amendment, L. D. 1600 Resolve Proposing and Amendment to the Constitution Affecting the Election, Powers and Apportionment of the House of Representatives.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President and members of the Senate, as I explained last evening, this is somewhat of a complicated formula. It came in very late in the session. I have yet to see a statewide application of this formula as to how the additional excesses will go to counties. I have seen that in Plan A, but in Plan B they talk about additional excesses within the county being allocated to cities or towns and then go on to talk about other allocations to counties. Not having seen a statewide formula as to just how this is going to work in every county and in every city and town in the State of Maine, I just cannot in good conscience no matter how imperative the reasons may be, vote for this measure. I request a division.

This being a Constitutional Amendment.

A division of the Senate was had. Twenty-four having voted in the affirmative and two in the negative, the resolve was finally passed.

From the House:

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed the following bill:

Bill, "An Act Appropriating Moneys for General Operating Expenses of the University of Maine" (H. P. 517) (L. D. 734)

Comes from the House having failed of passage on its passage to be enacted as an emergency.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the bill was tabled pending passage to be enacted and was especially assigned for later in today's session.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,
Recessed to the sound of the bell.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

The President laid before the Senate Bill, "An Act Appropriating Moneys for General Operating Expenses of the University of Maine." (H. P. 517) (L. D. 734)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the rules were suspended and the Senate voted to reconsider its former action whereby the bill was passed to be engrossed.

The same Senator presented Senate Amendment A and moved its adoption.

Which amendment was read and adopted and the bill as amended was passed to be engrossed and sent forthwith to the House for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

Recessed until 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Additional Papers from the House

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed, the following:

Emergency

Bill, "An Act to Allocate Moneys for the Administrative Expenses of the State Liquor Commission for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965." (S. P. 632) (L. D. 1595)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.

Bond Issue

Bill, "An Act to Authorize the Construction of Self-Liquidating Student Housing for the State Teachers Colleges and the Issuance of not Exceeding \$1,433,000 Bonds of the State of Maine for the Financing Thereof." (S. P. 94) (L. D. 231)

On motion by Mr. Campbell of Kennebec, the Senate voted to reconsider its former action whereby the bill was passed to be engrossed. On motion by the same Senator, Senate Amendment A was read and adopted and the bill was passed to be engrossed.

Bill, "An Act Relating to Work on Shade and Ornamental Trees." (H. P. 240) (L. D. 308)

Bill, "An Act Providing for Separate Voting Place for Connor." (H. P. 728) (L. D. 1057)

(On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.)

Bill, "An Act Providing for Public Facilities for Boats." (H. P. 1097) (L. D. 1573)

Resolve, Appropriating Moneys for Vocational Educational Institute in Androscoggin County Area. (H. P. 1113) (L. D. 1596)

(On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.)

Bill, "An Act Relating to the Admission of Attorneys to the Bar of the State of Maine." (S. P. 62) (L. D. 112)

Bill, "An Act Providing for Trademarks Under Maine Sardine Tax Law." (S. P. 189) (L. D. 488)

Resolve, in Favor of Lloyd Talbot of Portland and of Esther Davis of Conway, New Hampshire. (S. P. 205) (L. D. 515)

(On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.)

Which Bills were passed to be enacted and the Resolves finally passed.

Additional Papers from the House Enactor

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed, the following:

Bill, "An Act Relating to the Educational Foundation Program Allowances." (H. P. 862) (L. D. 1249)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.

Committee Report — Senate Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Pledging Credit of State for Guaranteed Loans for Recreational Purposes. (S. P. 100) (L. D. 237) reported that they are unable to agree.

On motion by Mr. Noyes of Franklin, the report of the Conference Committee was rejected and the Senate requested a new committee of conference.

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook was granted unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. EDMUNDS: Mr. President, I merely want to remind the Senators that we do have many, many measures that will have to be acted upon this evening and probably after midnight tonight, and hopefully, if the other branch takes the action we hope they will take — and some of these are emergency measures which will require at least twenty-three votes — I would hope that the Senate would be as faithful in their attendance this evening as they have been throughout the session.

The President laid before the Senate Item 1-1 on today's calendar Bill, "An Act Relating to Salaries of County Officials and Municipal Court Judges and Recorders" (S. P. 628) (L. D. 1589) tabled earlier in today's session by Senator Wyman of Washington and on further motion by that Senator, the Senate voted to insist and join in the Committee of Conference.

The President appointed as Senate conferees, Senators: Wyman of Washington, Pike of Oxford and Cram of Cumberland.

The PRESIDENT: With reference to Item 6-1c on Supplemental calendar No. 4 the Chair appoints as Senate Conferees, Senators: Edmunds of Aroostook, Brooks of Cumberland and Marden of Kennebec.

The President laid before the Senate Item 4-2 on today's calendar,

Joint Order relative to Maine Port Authority (S. P. 640) tabled earlier in today's session by Senator Edmunds of Aroostook pending passage.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, it always gives me a great deal of pleasure to rise and debate with my mortal enemy, the Senator from Cumberland, Senator Brooks. (Laughter) As I believe he knows, I am very much opposed to the intent of the order, item 4-2 on today's calendar. The reason I am is, first, we have enacted legislation at this session of the legislature which should substantially solve the problem in Casco Bay, and, secondly, I have always been disturbed by the operation of the ferry service in Penobscot Bay under the Maine Port Authority. I realize it is an excellent service, I realize it is an entirely different problem in Penobscot Bay as compared to Casco Bay, but I also realize it is costing the state a tremendous amount of money in order to operate this service. If this order is passed there will be expenses in order to implement the order; there is no question about that, and I anticipate that the next session of the legislature, which some of us may again be members in, will be faced with a report from the Maine Port Authority that would recommend the expenditure of four, five or six million dollars of state money in order to establish a state ferry service, or the equivalent of it, down in Casco Bay. For that reason, Mr. President, at this time I would move that Item 4-2 be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. BROOKS of Cumberland: Mr. President and ladies and gentlemen of the Senate: I appreciate very much the opening remarks of Senator Edmunds of Aroostook.

This order was presented because the interim committee that studied the problems in Casco Bay made two recommendations: 1. That the PUC should control water transportation in Casco Bay, and 2. That a study perhaps should be made to determine whether public support should be given to the actual transportation in the bay, and I presented this order, being Chairman of this committee. The situa-

tion in Casco Bay has been very good in the past year. I have a great deal of faith, you may enter these comments in the record as simply comments. I will ask for no division when the vote is taken.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is on the motion of the Senator from Aroostook, Senator Edmunds that this order be indefinitely postponed. Is this the pleasure of the Senate?

The motion prevailed and the order was indefinitely postponed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

Recessed to the sound of the gong.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Additional Papers from the House Committee Reports — House Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Resolve Appropriating Moneys to Provide for National Advertising for Maine's Recreational Industry. (S. P. 95) (L. D. 232) reported that they are unable to agree.

Comes from the House, Report read and accepted.

In the Senate, the report of the conference committee was accepted.

Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act to Reorganize the Department of Economic Development." (H. P. 1089) (L. D. 1561) reported that the House recede from its action whereby the Bill was passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendment "A" (H-407) and from its action whereby House Amendment "A" was adopted; Indefinitely Postpone House Amendment "A"; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-509) and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A"; that the Senate recede from its action whereby the Bill was passed to be engrossed, adopt Conference Committee Amendment

"A" and pass the Bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" in concurrence.

Comes from the House, Report read and accepted.

In the Senate, the report was accepted, Conference Committee Amendment A was read and the Senate voted to recede and concur.

Mr. WYMAN of Washington: Mr. President, I would like to inquire if L. D. 1534, "An Act Creating an Allagash River Authority for the State of Maine is in the possession of the Senate?"

The PRESIDENT: The Chair will reply in the affirmative, having been held at the request of Senator Sproul of Lincoln.

Mr. WYMAN of Washington: Mr. President, I move that the Senate reconsider its action of yesterday whereby this bill was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. CYR of Aroostook: Mr. President, I ask for a division.

Thereupon, Mr. Porteous of Cumberland was excused from voting, and his vote was paired with the vote of Senator Letourneau of York.

The PRESIDENT: The question is on the motion of Senator Wyman of Washington that the Senate reconsider its action whereby the bill was indefinitely postponed.

A division of the Senate was had.

Eighteen having voted in the affirmative and thirteen opposed, the motion to reconsider prevailed.

The PRESIDENT: The question now before the Senate is on the enactment of the bill.

Mr. FERGUSON of Oxford: Mr. President, I move for indefinite postponement and I would like to speak to my motion.

The PRESIDENT: The Speaker may proceed.

Mr. CYR: First of all, I would like to correct a wrong impression which was reported in the newspapers. It was reported that I had been fighting single-handed industrial lobbyists. I can assure you that without the support of my loyal colleagues that this would have been impossible, and I wish to publicly commend my loyal supporters.

I believe that the relentless fight of the opposition proves out the contention that I have advanced

many times, that there is more to this than what meets the eye. Would these lobbyists have worked as hard as they have just to create a study committee? I think not. As I have told you repeatedly, they have made this a testing ground. Fundamentally what is involved is the question: Should the lower part of the Allagash River be expendable to a power project that would benefit tremendously all of Maine? Let's give me a resounding "Yes" which will be heard all the way to Washington and discourage any federal park project which might be contemplated at the expense of the full development of the St. John River. Let us also discourage any proponent who might wish to put the protection of the State over this area to create a park at the end of nowhere where it would be as useless to the State as the sanatorium wing which the State of Maine added to the Fort Fairfield hospital. Let me remind you that the former sponsor of that project is the same gentleman that is trying to convince you that a state park in the middle of nowhere would be of tremendous value to the State.

I wonder how many of you realize that the mosquitoes in the area are so big that the fighter squadrons at Loring Air Base use them for machine gun target practice. I certainly will appreciate the help of my loyal supporters in supporting my motion to indefinitely postpone, and I certainly would be indebted to any other colleagues who would like to join me on this motion. When the vote is taken I would ask for a division.

Mrs. HARRINGTON of Penobscot: Mr. President and members of the Senate: This Allagash has meant a lot to me. As you probably know, I live on Route 11 and any project on the Allagash would mean a little prosperity for my town and my section. As you probably know, multiple use is being used in that section now and in my section land-owners are doing a good job, furnishing us with camping facilities and good roads. We have 200,000 acres of wild land in Baxter Park, which seems to be sufficient for us at this time. I say: Why not leave

things as they are at this time? Thank you.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President and members of the Senate: I think I made my position clear here the other day as to why I support the Allagash Authority. I will repeat it I feel that the intent of the federal government is rather obvious, by leaks which I consider reliable and in which I place confidence, and that is that the recommendation to the Department of Interior would be in favor of a two-fold project at Lincoln School and either Big Rapids or Dickey, and should this project then be implemented by federal legislation and the funding be made available to the tune of half a billion or a billion dollars, especially if the Quoddy project is included, it would become a reality and would be of tremendous benefit to the State of Maine. My entire position is this: that should this be the intent of the federal government, and I think it is rather obvious that it is then the Allagash would not be flooded, so in a sense it would be possible to have your cake and eat it too. This tremendous wilderness area would be preserved for those people in this State, and they are legion, and those people throughout this country, and they are legion, who enjoy hunting and enjoy fishing, although I might state that those are two sports in which I am almost never a participant. I do think they are entitled to some consideration in this area recognized nationally as the last great wilderness area in this country east of the Mississippi.

Now to set the record straight on still another matter. The sanatorium bill in connection with the general hospital at Fort Fairfield has been mentioned here. True, I was the sponsor of the measure initially which would have recommended and funded this project, but I would like to point out to my colleague, the Senator from Aroostook, Senator Cyr, how the development came about.

When the Democratic Governor, Governor Clauson, went into office in 1959 in January, which was the commencement of my second term in the House of Representatives of

this legislature, his program included a bond issue for capital construction. He listed the projects he wanted included in this bond issue, one of which was the reconstruction of the Northern Maine Sanatorium, which was an old building, not properly sprinklered and somewhat of a firetrap. Naturally the Aroostook delegation was very happy at the consideration which Governor Clauson was kind enough to give them by including this project in his proposed bond issue. There were four bills entered in this legislature, one sponsored by people interested in its location in Houlton, one sponsored by people interested in its location in Presque Isle, one sponsored by people interested in its location in Caribou, and one sponsored by myself, who, being the representative of the town of Fort Fairfield, was naturally interested in its location in the town of Fort Fairfield where we had a very adequate hospital about eight years old to annex it to. The various authorities at that time saw no reason to object to annexing this to the facility in Fort Fairfield. We had letters from various authorities indicating that it was adequate, and the way this matter was finally resolved was by the Aroostook County delegation meeting one night for several hours, hearing the arguments pro and con on all four locations, and finally we agreed to ballot and whoever should receive the majority vote of the four towns would be the town which the Aroostook County delegation would back. I am proud to stand here and say that they took Fort Fairfield, because I happen to be quite proud of my home town, and I did as much as I could to influence their decision as did the other people who were interested in having the location in their own town, some of them who sit in this Senate, and there have been no hard feelings between me and them ever since. But I did think it was well, because of some of the publicity which we have had in the newspapers, and because of some of the remarks which have just been made by the good Senator from Aroostook, Senator Cyr, to clarify the

record as to why this sanatorium was built in the town of Fort Fairfield. Thank you.

Mr. CYR of Aroostook: Mr. President, my remarks about the sanatorium were not addressed to the same gentleman here; my remarks were addressed to another gentleman and I am not supposed to name the name. I am apologetic to my good colleague here from Aroostook, he thought that I was addressing my remarks at him. However, I would like to pose a question through the Chair, if I may, to the good Senator from Aroostook. He has repeatedly mentioned the proposition or the trial balloon that we have had in the paper, that possibly the federal government might recommend Dickey to save the Allagash. Now I have contended, I have made the contention several times that the economics of Dickey and Lincoln School are quite similar to the economics of Big Rapids and Lincoln School, and the economics of Big Rapids and Lincoln School are these: It would cost twenty per cent more per kilowatt for construction than Rankin Rapids — I am using Rankin Rapids because that is the one on which I have the figures best — it would cost twenty per cent more per kilowatt three million dollars less of power a year or a third less revenue a year, it would not give the flood control that Rankin or Cross Rock would give, and also it would not be the tourist attraction. Now the economics of Dickey are quite similar, although we don't have the figures, the figures have not been revealed to us as yet and I contend that the economics will defeat the project and that project will not be able to support a seventy-five million transmission line to carry this power to the market, so therefore this business is only a diversion. Now my question is this: In the event that my contentions are right and that the project at Dickey-Lincoln School is found uneconomical and to create a power project up there you would have to sacrifice the Allagash River, now what would be the choice of the good Senator from Aroostook? Would he choose between the river or the benefit of the people.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Aroostook, Senator Cyr, poses a question through the Chair to the Senator from Aroostook, Senator Edmunds, who may answer if he chooses.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, first let me say that I am not an electrical engineer or an engineer of any type although I have studied some courses in electrical engineering and I am a little bit familiar with the development of hydro-electric power. It is my presumption, from these so-called leaks that I have referred to, that have come from the Department of Interior, that some rather well qualified people, rather well-qualified electrical engineers, mechanical engineers and civil engineers have surveyed the Lincoln School-Big Rapids combination and have come to the conclusion that they can develop power at a cost so that it can be resold, as far as industry is concerned and the good people here in the state and outside of the state, so it can be sold to them at rates which are competitive or I would say somewhat lower than they are currently able to purchase power from private power companies here in the State of Maine. I feel quite confident that the federal government would not recommend this combination project that I have indicated they would recommend unless they had explored that.

I wish I could give a more satisfactory answer to Senator Cyr. I know this has been his pet project, if that is the proper word, and that he has thoroughly investigated it and I know that he is convinced that he is entirely correct in his analysis of the comparative costs of the two projects and what the power would cost that was developed from them. Nevertheless, I still feel that confident engineers employed by the federal government must have gone into the mathematics of this thing very thoroughly, and if their report recommends this combination development that will satisfy me that it can be developed so that power can be sold competitively. Now should I be wrong, and should the report of the federal government be such that they say no, we cannot develop Lincoln School, we cannot develop Dickey

and sell power economically, either in combination with the power project at Quoddy or without such a project but we will have to resort to Rankin Rapids, then I think it would be my opinion that I would be willing to back up as far as the Allagash is concerned and go along with the flooding of the Allagash, if it was in the best interests of the area that I represent. However, I just do not feel that will be the conclusion that will be reached in Washington.

I could probably stand here and say a lot more but I guess I had better sit down.

Mr. PHILBRICK of Penobscot: Mr. President, may I say that it is most refreshing to hear the remarks of Senator Edmunds and I only wish that he or somebody else who might harbor the same feelings had been available at the time when I introduced my bill for the consideration of this body. At that time I had a booklet called "Comments" by the Charles T. Main Company held up to me and I was told at that time that my project wouldn't be feasible and I should thank Senator Edmunds very much for his comments at this time. Perhaps it will help the bill similar to the Cross Rock bill, which might be introduced at a later date.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, just one further word. I would remind the Senator from Penobscot, Senator Philbrick that I did support him in the final analysis on his project. I believe that same argument could have been developed at Cross Rock, it can be developed with respect to the combination at Lincoln School and Big Rapids vs. Rankin Rapids. There were two sets of figures presented to this legislature in connection with Cross Rock. I don't question the reputation of the people who furnished either set of figures but there was substantial disparity of agreement as to the cost of power. I believe the same thing could be said with respect to the figures that Senator Cyr is using at Rankin Rapids, and at the combination development that I have mentioned. I don't think anybody knows what the final figure is. I am positive that there is not one man in this

Senate who can stand up and correctly inform the Senate without any reasonable doubt as to the cost of the project and as to the cost of power that the project would develop.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, in voting I am pairing again with the Senator from York, Senator Letourneau. On the move to indefinitely postpone I would vote No, Senator Letourneau would vote Yes.

Senator Porteous was excused from voting and his vote was so paired.

Mr. WHITTAKER of Penobscot: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I have not spoken on this issue heretofore and I do so now only very briefly to explain for the record why I am voting against the establishment of the Allagash River Authority.

Rightly or wrongly, I have been convinced by my own study of this matter, by listening to others, and by reading, that if there is a possibility of the development of a federal power project in this area and or in Washington County, that the way should be left open for this development. I believe that the State of Maine can afford to wait another two years until we are sure what the federal government intends to do on this matter.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is on the motion of the Senator from Aroostook, Senator Cyr, that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

A division of the Senate was had.

Fifteen voted in the affirmative and sixteen opposed.

Mr. CYR of Aroostook: Mr. President, I request a roll call.

A division of the Senate was had. Obviously more than the required one-fifth of the members arose and the roll call was ordered.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, I ask the Chair for a ruling. Is it permitted to pair on a roll call vote?

The PRESIDENT: The answer is in the affirmative and the Senator has been excused from voting having paired with Senator Letourneau. The Secretary called the roll.

The Senators responded to the roll call as follows:

YEA — Boardman, Boisvert, Couture, Cram, Cyr, Farris, Harrington, Hinds, Jacques, Lovell, Noyes, Philbrick, Reed, Whittaker, Wyman — 15.

NAY — Atherton, Brewster, Brooks, Brown, Campbell, Christie, Cole, Edmunds, Ferguson, Hichborn, Johnson, Kimball, Marden, Pike, Sproul, Stilphen, Stitham — 17.

ABSENT — Letourneau — 1.

Fifteen having voted in the affirmative and seventeen in the negative, the motion to indefinitely postpone did not prevail.

Thereupon, the bill was passed to be enacted.

Additional Papers from the House Enactors

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed the following Bills and Resolve:

Bill, "An Act Relating to Operating Business on Sunday and Certain Holidays." (H. P. 930) (L. D. 1364)

Resolve, Authorizing the Disposal of Western Maine Sanatorium. (H. P. 401) (L. D. 600)

(On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.)

Which Bill was passed to be enacted and the Resolve Finally Passed.

The PRESIDENT: The Chair is happy to recognize in the Senate Chamber, former Senator from Cumberland County, Philip Chapman. It is nice to have you here, sir. (Applause)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,
Recessed until 8:30 tonight.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Additional Papers from the House Non-concurrent matter

Bill, "An Act to Authorize General Fund Bond Issue in Amount of Six Million Nine Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Dollars and to Ap-

propriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, Constructive, Repairs, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1964." (H. P. 1111) (L. D. 1594)

In Senate, June 22, passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "C" (H-475) "D" (H-479) and "E" (H-486) and as amended by Senate Amendment "C" (S-333) in Non-concurrence.

Comes from the House passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendment "A" (H-470) "C" (H-475) "D" (H-479) "E" (H-486) and "H" (H-510) and by Senate Amendment "C" (S-333) in non-concurrence.

The Secretary read House Amendment H.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would now move indefinite postponement of House Amendment "H" and I would like to speak very briefly to the motion.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator may proceed.

Mr. EDMUNDS: I would repeat, Mr. President, that this would call for the expenditure of approximately \$780,000 additional under the bond issue, thereby increasing it to approximately eight million dollars from its present level. I understand on good authority that should we concur in accepting this amendment that when this document is returned to the House for enactment there will be four additional amendments presented to include the other four teachers colleges around the state as well, so that you will be looking at a ten million dollar bond issue. For those reasons, Mr. President, I would hope that my motion to indefinitely postpone would prevail.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Aroostook, Senator Edmunds, moves the indefinite postponement of House Amendment "H."

Mr. WHITTAKER of Penobscot: Mr. President, I request a division on the motion and will speak briefly against the motion to indefinitely postpone this amendment. You will recall this morning a presentation was made in favor of the addition to the bond issue of \$780,000 to provide an industrial and arts building for the Gorham State Teachers College.

This was a high-priority item among the needs expressed by our state teachers colleges. In the original bond issue there was an item for Gorham of \$1,060,000, all of which was deleted in the redraft. Of course the principal item was this \$780,000 for this industrial and arts building.

I will not repeat now the arguments presented this morning as to the need for this building. I would, however, call your attention to the suggestion made this morning by the good Senator from Aroostook, Senator Edmunds, that in the considerations of the Appropriations Committee concerning the total amount of the bond issue it was felt that seven million dollars was the largest amount that the other body might accept. They have now indicated that they are willing to accept this additional \$780,000, and I should hope that we might eventually concur with this judgment.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kennebec: Mr. President and ladies and gentlemen of the Senate: While not wishing to repeat the arguments of this morning, I would remind you that this is the same proposition that was debated at length. During that debate it was pointed out to you that a fairly good job had been done at Gorham, that we had given them a very substantial appropriation in current services and in the supplemental budget, and that there is on the table an L. D. appropriating to the school \$117,000.

I think you recall my reviewing to you the state of affairs at Gorham, and I endeavored at least to point out that this is one of the favored schools that has had its share of new buildings in the past few years. I would certainly hope that the motion to postpone the amendment would fail, and I would remind you again that this morning when we voted on it this same amendment was rejected by this body by a vote of 21 to 7 or 21 to 8 as I recall it.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, just one further word on this.

The good senator from Penobscot, Senator Whittaker, has indicated House approval of a bond at this vicinity. I would remind the Senate

that the bond issue when finally enacted in the House will have to be enacted by a two-thirds vote of all those present, which is substantially different from a simple majority vote needed in order to add amendments to the bond issue. I believe it is essential for the sake of the other projects in there that we keep this bond issue as nearly as we possibly can in the vicinity of seven million dollars.

Mr. HINDS of Cumberland: Mr. President, may I pose a question to the Chair? Does a motion to recede and concur take precedence over a motion to indefinitely postpone?

The PRESIDENT: The motion to recede and concur is one of the four motions when the houses are in non-concurrence. The motion to indefinitely postpone takes precedence.

Mr. HINDS: Thank you, Mr. President.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is the motion of Senator Edmunds of Aroostook to indefinitely postpone House Amendment H. Is the Senate ready for the question? A division has been requested.

A division of the Senate was had.

Eighteen having voted in the affirmative and twelve opposed, the motion prevailed and House Amendment H was indefinitely postponed.

Ordered sent forthwith to the House for concurrence.

Committee Reports — House Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act relating to Requirements, Appointment and Term of the Adjutant General." (H. P. 250) (L. D. 319) reported that the Senate recede and concur in passing the Bill to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "A".

Which report comes from the House — Read and Accepted.

In the Senate, the report was read and accepted and the Senate voted to recede and concur.

Committee Reports — Senate Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two

branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Repealing Supplemental State Aid for Reorganized School Districts." H. P. 25) (L. D. 49) reported that they are unable to agree.

Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act to Pay School Subsidies on the Basis of Uniform Local Effort." (S. P. 629) (L. D. 1593) reported that they are unable to agree.

Which reports were read and accepted.

Sent down for concurrence.

Enactor

Bond Authorization

Bill, "An Act to Authorize the Construction of Self-Liquidating Student Housing for the State Teachers Colleges and the Issuance of not Exceeding \$1,433,000 Bonds of the State of Maine for the Financing Thereof." (S. P. 94) (L. D. 231)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.

Out of order and under suspension of the Rules, Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook presented the following order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Secretary of the Senate in his capacity as executive officer of the Senate when the Senate is not in session be and hereby is authorized to retain whatever members of his staff may be necessary to complete the records of the Senate and approve payment for the same.

Which was read and passed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 53, L. D. 76, "An Act Providing for Review of Laws of the Forestry Department; and on further motion by the same Senator, the rules were suspended and the Senate voted to reconsider its action whereby the bill was passed to be engrossed; and the same Sena-

tor then presented Senate Amendment A (S-344) and moved its adoption.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would explain that the purpose of this amendment is to reduce the appropriation from \$10,000 to \$5,000 which is sufficient in order to accomplish the purpose of the legislative document.

Which amendment was read and adopted and the bill as amended was passed to be engrossed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 553, L. D. 768, Resolve Providing for Pension for Jenny A. George of Orrington.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would explain to the Senate that the lady in question has died since this resolve was introduced and for that reason I move that this resolve be indefinitely postponed.

The motion prevailed.

Sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 490, L. D. 1342, "An Act Relating to Services for Locating Deserting Parents and other Persons Liable for Support of Dependents."

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I have checked with the sponsor of this bill and he is in accord with the motion I am about to make.

Thereupon, on motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 269, L. D. 363, Resolve in Favor of Arthur J. Valley, Sr. of Bethel, for Damage to Water Supply, and on motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table H. P. 270, L. D. 364, Resolve in Favor of Town of Burlington, and on further motion by

the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 426, L. D. 579, Resolve in Favor of Pauline G. Thompson of York, and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 427, L. D. 580, Resolve in Favor of Mrs. Asa Averill of Belgrade; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 242, L. D. 616, Resolve in Favor of Allie P. Lewis of Palmyra for Well Damage and on further motion by the same Senator, the Resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 428, L. D. 633, Resolve in Favor of John Brewer of Peru; and on further motion by the same Senator, the Resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, S. P. 243, L. D. 617, Resolve to Reimburse Beatrice Pitcher of Steuben for Well Damage by Highway Construction; and on further motion by the same Senator, the Resolve was finally passed.

At this time, the President appointed as Senate President pro tem, Senator Brown of Hancock, who assumed the Chair.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table H. P. 14, L. D. 10, Resolve, Increasing Retirement Benefit for Georgia Dinsmore of Bath; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 31, L. D. 25, Resolve Appropriating Moneys for Support of Civil Air Patrol Program; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 32, L. D. 26, Resolve Providing Industrial Accident Payment to Mrs. Jean T. Smith of Thomaston.

This being an emergency measure,

A division of the Senate was had.

Thirty having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 79, L. D. 95, "An Act Establishing the Uniform Commercial Code;" and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 61, L. D. 111, Resolve Providing for Revision of the Statutes; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 97, L. D. 234, Resolve Reimbursing Certain Municipalities on Account of Property Tax Exemptions of Veterans; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 174, L. D. 243, "An Act Appropriating Funds for Employment of Necessary Staff and Other Necessary Expenses at Northeastern Maine Vocational Institute; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being an emergency measure,

A division of the Senate was had.

Thirty having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 182, L. D. 251, Resolve Appropriating Moneys for Preparation of Court Rules of Criminal Procedure; and on further motion by the same Senator, the Resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 183, L. D. 252 Resolve Authorizing Completion and Printing of a Digest of the Opinion of the Law Court; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 195, L. D. 264, Resolve Granting World War I Bonus to Albert C. Lorenson of Portland; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 246, L. D. 314, "An Act to Increase Pensions of Certain Retirement Teachers; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 247, L. D. 315, "An Act Relating to Disability Retirement for State Employees"; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 262, L. D. 356, "An Act Increasing Working Capital of Liquor Commission; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take

from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 268, L. D. 262, Resolve in Favor of Edwin C. Chick of Norway; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, S. P. 157, L. D. 433, "An Act Providing for a Full-time Chairman of the Liquor Commission and Increasing the Compensation"; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 188, L. D. 487; Resolve Providing for Retirement and Pension for Stephen A. Regina of Saco; and on further motion by the same Senator, the Resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 203, L. D. 513, An Act to Reactivate Maine Committee on Problems of the Mentally Retarded; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being an emergency measure a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-nine having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 275, L. D. 369, An Act to Authorize Construction of a Causeway Connecting Cousins Island with Littlejohn's Island and a Bridge and Causeway Connecting Littlejohn's with Chebeague Island.

Mr. COLE of Waldo: Mr. President, this bill has I think, been adequately debated. I move the indefinite postponement and ask for a division.

Mr. HINDS of Cumberland: Mr. President, I agree with the good Senator in regard to the statement that the bill has been amply debated. I think we all know the

facts and figures. I hope that the Senator's motion does not prevail.

The PRESIDENT pro tem: The question is on the motion of the Senator from Waldo, Senator Cole, that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

A division was had.

Six having voted in the affirmative and twenty-five opposed, the motion to indefinitely postpone did not prevail.

Thereupon, the Senator from Cumberland, Senator Hinds moved the pending question.

A division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and six opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 357, L. D. 531, An Act Authorizing the Construction of Self-Liquidating Student Dining Facilities for the Maine Maritime Academy and the Issuance of Not Exceeding \$475,000 bonds of the State of Maine for Financing thereof; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being a bond issue a division of the Senate was had.

Thirty-one having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Senate Appropriations Table, H. P. 410, L. D. 563, An Act Appropriating Funds for Sewerage Treatment Plant and Purchase of Equipment at Gorham State Teachers College; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being an emergency measure a division of the Senate was had.

Thirty-one having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 411, L. D. 564, An Act to Provide for Legislative Conference Prior to Convening of the 102nd Legislature; and on

further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 414, L. D. 567, Resolve for Development of Revenue Producing Park Facilities on Mount Battie; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 221, L. D. 606, An Act Increasing Salaries of Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court and Superior Court; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 228, L. D. 609, An Act Increasing Salaries of Official Court Reporters; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 501, L. D. 703, An Act to Create a Recess Committee to Study the Desirability and Need of Establishing a Department of Vocational Rehabilitation; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 273, L. D. 787, bill, An Act Directing Review of Maine Criminal Statutes and Model Penal Codes; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 562, L. D. 802, An Act Appropriating Funds for Teaching and Maintenance Posi-

tions at Maine Vocational Technical Institute; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being an emergency measure a division of the Senate was had.

Thirty-one having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 302, L. D. 875, An Act Increasing Salaries of Commissioner of Labor and Industry; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 634, L. D. 890, An Act Relating to Minimum Salaries for Teachers; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 683, L. D. 939, An Act Providing an Initial Reporter for the Industrial Accident Commission; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 373, L. D. 1039, An Act Relating to Salary of Commissioner of Education; and that Senator yielded to the Senator from Cumberland, Senator Brooks.

On motion by Mr. Brooks of Cumberland, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 374, L. D. 1040, An Act Increasing Salary of Forest Commissioner; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropria-

tions Table H. P. 752, L. D. 1081, An Act Increasing Salary of Insurance Commissioner; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 762, L. D. 1116, An Act Relating to Income for Ministerial and School Fund in Determining Educational Foundation Program Allowance; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 836, L. D. 1223, An Act Increasing Salary of Director of Legislative Research; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 922, L. D. 1356, An Act Revising the Administrative Code; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being an emergency measure a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 942, L. D. 1376, An Act to Create a Commission on Intergovernmental Relations; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 966, L. D. 1405, Resolve Providing for a World War I Bonus for George Maroon of Lewiston, and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 987, L. D. 1430, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Eliminating Requirement that the Governor Communicate Pardons to the Legislature; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 988, L. D. 1431, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution to Provide for Taking Oaths of Senators and Representatives in Absence of Governor and Council; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment, a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 990, L. D. 1433, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Relative to Examination of Returns for Senators and to Provide for Election of Senators to Fill Vacancies; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 991, L. D. 1434, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Eliminating Requirements Relating to Warrants for Public Money and Publication of Receipts and Expendi-

tures; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 527, L. D. 1448, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Forbidding Discrimination Against Any Person Because of Race, Religion, Sex or Ancestry; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

At this point, the President appointed as President pro tem, Senator Stilphen of Knox, who assumed the Chair.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 528, L. D. 1449, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Relating to Authority of Governor as Commander in Chief; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-seven having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 529, L. D. 1450, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution to Revise Article Six Relating to Judicial Power; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-six having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 530, L. D. 1451, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Designating the Procedure for Determining the Election of Governor; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-four having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 548, L. D. 1480, An Act to Increase Salary of Certain Department Heads Elected by the Legislature; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1026, L. D. 1487, Resolve in Favor of Town of Woolwich for Rent of Certain Property Owned by State; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1054, L. D. 1521, An Act Authorizing Insurance Commissioner to Recommend Exits in Certain Buildings; and that Senator yielded to the Senator from Hancock, Senator Kimball.

On motion by Mr. Kimball of Hancock, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, S. P. 582, L. D. 1535, An Act Appropriating Funds for Certain Equipment for Maine Vocational Technical Institute; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to

take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1072, L. D. 1537, An Act Authorizing Issuance of Bonds in the Amount of \$7 Million on Behalf of the State of Maine to Build State Highways; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Bond Issue a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-seven having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

At this point, President Marden resumed the Chair, Senator Stilphen of Knox retiring amid the applause of the Senate.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1108, L. D. 1590, An Act to Provide for Longevity Pay for State Employees; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1110, L. D. 1590, Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Clarifying Provisions Governing Assumption of Office of Governor by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House; and the same Senator moved the pending question.

This being a Constitutional Amendment a division of the Senate was had.

Thirty having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1113, L. D. 1596, Resolve Appropriating Moneys for Vocational Education Institute in Androscoggin County Area; and that Senator yielded to Senator Jacques of Androscoggin.

On motion by Mr. Jacques of Androscoggin, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropria-

tions Table H. P. 167, L. D. 216, An Act Increasing Compensation of Public Members of Standardization Committee; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 178, L. D. 247, Resolve Providing for Purchase of 300 Copies of History of Hallowell; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 184, L. D. 253, Resolve to Purchase Fifty Copies of History of Augusta, and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 169, L. D. 468, Resolve for Purchase of Maine Province and Court Records Volume V; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 579, L. D. 817, An Act Providing for Rental Fees to Convert Sub Divisions of State with the State Police Teletypewriter System; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

Additional Papers from the House

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed;

Enactors

Bill, "An Act Appropriating Moneys for General Operating Expenses of the University of Maine. (H. P. 517) (L. D. 734)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.

Bill, An Act Making Supplemental Appropriations for

the Expenditures of State Government and for Other Purposes for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965. (H. P. 1105) (L. D. 1586)

Which was passed to be enacted.

Bill, An Act Shortening the Period of Real Estate Mortgage Foreclosure. (S. P. 596) (L. D. 1563)

Which was passed to be enacted.

Emergency

Bill, "An Act to Appropriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, Construction, repairs, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965. (H. P. 1109) (L. D. 1591)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, placed on the Special Appropriations Table pending enactment.

Committee Reports—House

Report of Committee of Conference

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act relating to Deficiency Appropriation for Division of Veterans Affairs." (H. P. 407) (L. D. 560) reported that the House recede from its action whereby the Bill was Passed to be Engrossed and from its action whereby the Bill was Substituted for the Report and Concur with the Senate in Accepting the Ought not to pass report of the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs.

Comes from the House Report Read and Accepted.

In the Senate, report read and accepted in concurrence.

Report of Committee of Conference

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Relating to Loans by Washington County." (S. P. 592) (L. D. 1556) reported that the House Recede from its action whereby the Bill Failed on Passage to be Enacted and from

its action whereby the Bill was Passed to be Engrossed; Adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" and Pass the Bill to Be Engrossed As Amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A"; that the Senate Recede from its action whereby the Bill was Passed to be Enacted, and from its action whereby the Bill was Passed to be Engrossed; Adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A", and Pass the Bill to be Engrossed as Amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" in concurrence.

Comes from the House Report Read and Accepted, and the Bill Passed to be Engrossed As Amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" in concurrence.

Comes from the House Report Read and Accepted, and the Bill Passed to be Engrossed As Amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A" (H-511)

In the Senate, the Conference Committee report was accepted, Conference Committee Amendment A was read and adopted and the bill passed to be engrossed as amended.

Mr. BROWN of Hancock: Mr. President, these research matters I am about to take off the table have been considered by the Reference of Bills Committee, and the motions I am about to make are the decisions of this committee which as you know consists of the leadership of both parties. Thereupon, on motion by Mr. Brown of Hancock, the Senate voted to take the following bills from the Legislative Research Table:

Item 1 (H. P. 1066) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research study of Out of State Retirement Credit.

On motion by the same Senator, the Joint Order was passed.

Item 2 (H. P. 1056) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of Admission to Kindergarten and Grade 1.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 3 (H. P. 1048) Joint Order Relative to Motor Carriers of Property for Hire.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order was indefinitely postponed.

Item 4 (H. P. 1035) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of State Salaries.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 5 (H. P. 1069) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of Air Pollution.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order was indefinitely postponed.

Item 6 (H. P. 1071) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of School Tuition for Non-Residents.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 7 (H. P. 1070) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of State Scholarships.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 8 (H. P. 1075) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of State Employee Use of Motor Vehicles.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order was indefinitely postponed.

Item 9 (H. P. 1095) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Committee planning for orientation program at Pre Legislative Conference.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 10 (H. P. 1107) Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of Municipal Tax Structure.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order was indefinitely postponed.

Item 11 Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of Pesticides.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 12 Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of Railroad Passenger Service.

On motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Item 13 Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of "All Other expenditures at institutions.

On further motion by the same Senator, the Order received a passage.

Order Out of Order

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, out of order and under suspension of the rules presented the following order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Legislative Research Committee study the feasibility of an income tax in the State of Maine, its rates, exemptions and impact on the people of Maine and report its findings to the 102nd Legislature; and it is further

ORDERED, that the Legislative Research Committee is authorized to employ professional and technical assistance in its studies thereof.

The order was read and passed and sent forthwith to the House for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the special appropriations table S. P. 94, L. D. 231, "An Act to Authorize the Construction of Self-Liquidating Student Housing for the State Teachers Colleges and the Issuance of not exceeding \$1,434,000 Worth of Bonds of the State of Maine for the financing thereof."

The PRESIDENT: The Chair would inquire of the Senate whether or not this item is printed on today's calendar.

Mr. EDMUNDS: It is not, Mr. President, since it was placed on the table today.

Thereupon, this being a bond issue a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-eight having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table the 4th tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 1) (L. D. 7) An Act Repealing Certain Portions of the Employment Security Law; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was retabled.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table the 5th tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 871) (L. D. 1258) An Act Relating

to Disqualification and Claims for Benefit and Employer's Contribution Rate Under Employment Security Law; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was retabled.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table the 6th tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 872) (L. D. 1259) An Act Relating to Partial Unemployment Benefits and Experience Rating Record under Employment Security Law; and the same Senator presented Senate Amendment B and moved its adoption.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would like to speak briefly to my amendment.

I believe at the last session of the legislature the so-called Estey legislation was enacted by the 100th Legislature, and while there was considerable mixed feeling with respect to this legislation it has had some salutary purpose as far as the employment security fund of the State is concerned. However, because it was a very substantial revision of the employment security law that had existed prior to 1961 there were probably some inequities when we did enact the so-called Estey bill at the last session of the legislature. Now the purpose of Senate Amendment "B" as offered by me is to correct any inequities that might exist in the employment security laws as a result of previous actions by previous legislatures.

Now this is a bill that the Senate and House leadership, and I might say Senate and House leadership of both parties, have worked out, trying to find a common ground of agreement between labor and industry. I am very unhappy to have to stand here and report that such a common ground could not be found. I know that labor is unhappy with the Brown bill, so-called, L. D. 1259 as amended by Senate Amendment "B" should it be adopted. I know that the industry lobbyists will be equally unhappy with L. D. 1259 should it be amended by the amendment which I have now offered. The only

remarks I might make are those of a friend, a very highly valued friend I have here in the Senate Chamber, the Senator from Kennebec, Senator Campbell. He said that from his long years of practicing law that if you reached a compromise that made everybody unhappy it was probably a fair compromise and a pretty good one.

As I say, we have worked for weeks conscientiously to attempt to bring both labor and industry together on a common ground. We have been unable to achieve this purpose. I know that neither side is going to be completely happy. However, I have studied this amendment, I have studied the Estey bill, I served on the Labor Committee at the last session of the Legislature, I served on the interim committee that brought out the so-called Thaanum bill, and it is my humble opinion that this does correct any inequities which might exist in the present employment security laws as presently on our statutes. For that reason, Mr. President, I would hope that Senate Amendment "B" would be adopted.

Mr. COUTURE of Androscoggin: Mr. President and members of the Senate: If it were not so late in the day I think I could possibly make this session last about four or five hours longer. I am telling you that I must disagree with the remarks of one of the leaders. He has just mentioned to you that the leaders of both parties have agreed. This is not true.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator may state his point of order.

Mr. EDMUNDS: My statement was not that the leadership of both parties agreed. I stated the leadership in both parties had been consulted and had discussed the provisions. I would not state at this time that the leadership of the minority party agreed with my proposed amendment.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator may proceed.

Mr. COUTURE: I can very well thank you for your leadership in

the Senate here today because our minority leader has not been consulted about this whatsoever; it was decided by the leaders of the majority and the lobbyists of the employer.

Now he has brought out the fact that we will be dissatisfied. I have to agree with him on this. Mr. President and members of the Senate: I have to apologize because my leader today thought I was going to talk long and he pulled this microphone cord and forgot to put it back for the last five days, and I guess I am sorry he put it back. I am sorry to go back to this but I am telling you right now that even the amendment of the Republican Floor Leader of this Senate is no cure at all for the people of the State of Maine have suffered for the last two years under unemployment. The only little salvation they have here under this amendment is that they are going back to seven dollars a week under partial unemployment and the extra pennies or the extra cents or the extra ninety-nine cents just before you reach the eight dollars. I say this is no cure at all because prior to the Estey bill they were entitled to ten dollars and including the same amount of cents up to the ninety-nine before you reach the eleven dollars. Besides this, there is nothing at all that will take care of any disqualifications and the right of those under unemployment to disqualify people, the right of the working people to fight for their rights here in the State of Maine when they appeal, because the employer uses the phone and really convinces the commission that the employee is guilty and irresponsible and shall be disqualified. Oh yes, they were good, they acted very nice indeed here. In these disqualifications they were very very cute. I don't know whether it is the leader of this Senate that was that cute, but it is his amendment, at least he claims it is. They turn around and they cross out the twenty times and put in sixteen times his weekly benefits under disqualification. Of course this is a little grace. Let me put it down

this way, let me put it down solidly. In the past two years what did they do? They just gave them the whip, they disqualified them on the amount per week. I have appealed plenty of these cases in my own city and have proven the fact that the employers were wrong and the employee was right. I told you the other day that the employer today is going as far as conducting a school for educating their own foremen how to fire and how to get rid of an employee without having it charged on their unemployment compensation. They say, "We have got to get rid of that man some way so that he will not bring in any additional costs so far as taxes are concerned through unemployment compensation."

The other day I spoke to you briefly on some cases. There were some cases I could not even bring out here, some cases that are at a point where I do not think it would be right to come out here with them, but I will say this: that as long as I am on my feet here I can come out just as personally on these cases as I want to and I could accuse the persons that have conducted this affair against these unfortunate workers. I don't know what holds me back from coming out with it when you are forcing a female to go to something she does not want to and rejecting this man because he was the foreman, and she had to walk out of this plant in a hurry and was disqualified for what she did because she did want to be a nice girl. I can give you the proof and the facts, and I can tell you things a lot worse than this if you want me to. These cases went to appeal, they were tipped over, thanks to the employer who says when the case is heard, "I haven't got any opposition. This employee can come back and work for me in the future." And she went back to work for him.

Now I am stating facts and telling you the truth. What is going on here? Now here is another instance that you have in this amendment here. We all know that the State of Maine is working under starvation wages compared

to our borderline states, even to the New Hampshire line or to the Canadian line. Let's put it this way, and I will explain the getting in line before I get through. According to this amendment here you are encouraging these sweatshops to cut their wages even lower and you as an employee will be disqualified from your right that is given to you as a citizen of the United States. They are entitled to it but they are deprived of it in the State of Maine. The State of Maine deprives them of it, but I can walk into any state in the whole United States where they have that privilege but we are deprived of this privilege in the State of Maine.

I have taken this matter up with some of the employers. Their answer was, "That may be all right, but not in the State of Maine." I am beginning to think that the State of Maine is the last state in the United States.

Now I will give you an example of what will happen under this amendment. If an employee's work was in a shoe factory or textile mill, or wherever he works, a poultry plant or anything else, if the employer does not like the looks of this employee he will turn around and say, "We have got to get rid of this man." Now they have been schooled in this, and they go to this employee and do this to him. Now this is the truth I am telling you and these are things I have seen under the unemployment compensation law. Now this fellow was earning \$65 a week and he has about nine kids and his wife to support. They disliked him but there was no way to get rid of him, and they wanted to get rid of him without having to pay him unemployment compensation to be charged to their account. Here is their method. They will say to him, "I am sorry, there is no work on your job today and there may not be for the next week, but we have got another job here that you can take care of." And that is your amendment, Mr. Senator! They tell the employee, "We can take care of you for a few weeks but this job is only paying \$1.15 a hour." So

the employee stands there and says, "How can I live on \$1.15 an hour?" and he turns around and says, "This is it. I can find better employment." He goes out of there and he starts hunting for a job so he can support his family. In the meantime he wants his unemployment compensation which he is entitled to, but he is disqualified because he refuses suitable employment. Now what is suitable employment where a man was earning sixty or sixty-five dollars a week, which is starvation wages, and you know it? I defy anybody in the Senate to support six or eight or seven children at home on sixty-five dollars a week, I don't care who it is. But still he has to take a cut to \$1.15. This is a case that I appealed. He refused this and he tried to find a job so he could earn a couple of dollars an hour which would make some seventy-five or eighty dollars a week, so he could at least give three meals a day to his family. He was doing the best he could to support his family but they refused him his unemployment compensation, and they tell him at the office, "You are disqualified because it is not attributable to the employer." This man who has been earning sixty-five dollars a week, they cut him down to forty or forty-five dollars a week, but still the man lost his case, so the man had to go on Welfare and the taxpayers of the city took care of him.

Now let me point out here that we have another piece of legislation pending, which is L. D. 7, which was completely defeated by the Estey amendment of two years ago which these people in this State have lived with, so the amendment tried at least to bring it back where it was before, and the way it was before we were even below any state in the United States of America in every provision, in every paragraph, in every point of the law under the employment compensation we were below, but still we are asked to go back at least to where we were before two years ago. It looks like a little bit of rumor, a little bit of politics, a little bit of

partisanship, but everything else was killed under L. D. 7 until this L. D. was amended by our leader, your majority leader, not mine. If it was mine I would ask him to resign. And then he is up here on his feet trying to make you senators believe that he is doing something good. Where is it? Show it to me. I want to see it. If the good senator from Aroostook County thinks he is giving something to the working people, what they are entitled to under a federal law I want him to show it to me. I am always anxious to learn but I am sure he will not teach me as far as that is concerned.

Now let me express something about what our working people have discovered here in the past. Under this amendment—let me put it this way—if a person makes a claim under unemployment compensation and there is no job for him at all whatsoever, and in case he has an accident or takes sick under the report of a doctor he is entitled to unemployment benefits, but it was taken away from him completely. They are trying to introduce a type of legislation that may not appeal to you people here, the majority of you senators. I have been a member of the Labor Committee here in four different sessions of the Legislature, either in the other body or in this body, but never in the years that I have served, five in the other body and two here, and the greatest amount was served on the labor committee, have I seen such a vicious, unfair amendment for the working people of this state to swallow, and it had to come from an ex-member of the labor committee that I had served with years ago.

The only thing I am asking this Senate here is for a further tabling of this matter until we can take up L. D. 7. Now this legislation has been pending for a long time, we have defeated everything else but these two. Now I am going to repeat the record here in this Senate. The majority leader said, "The only piece of legislation that you have under unemployment—we only have these two pieces of legislation,"

when there was one pending in the House that he didn't even know, and that was the Curtis bill, L. D. 7, which revised the Estey amendment and he didn't even know that. I am basing it on the past record because that is what he told the Senate. He said, "These are the only two pieces of legislation we have left here." He said that when I fought the other. I said to myself, "I am not going to let him know because he might kill this and then we will have a decent law."

I am telling you, Mr. President and members of the Senate, not that I want to tuck anything on any member of the Senate, not that I want to accuse any member of the Senate, but I tell you I take my stand here and I vote according to my conscience, and I think that every member should do the same. But I am telling you, Mr. President and members of the Senate, that I don't care who is in the Senate here, that after we adjourn tonight they can walk the streets on Monday, which is a working day, and meet any employer on the street and their face does not have to get red, but if you meet an employee turn down your eyes because you have not treated him right. They were mistreated at the last session, and this session, according to this amendment on L. D. 1259 it is just a make-believe. You are giving them seven dollars a week on partial. I am standing here now and I will be sitting later on, but I intend to answer any questions under this unemployment compensation law. It should not be make-believe, giving them a package they can swallow, the workers of the State of Maine. We spend thousands and thousands of dollars here to get industry at every session of the legislature here, and yet we do not keep our qualified men, our key men.

Another thing I want to repeat—maybe it is no use to repeat it because it won't go any further. Now here is one thing that took place when I was at the unemployment office on Lisbon St. in the City of Lewiston one morning. There was a line of people there drawing their unemployment com-

pensation and I was talking to some of them, and there were two persons from Connecticut that were drawing under the Connecticut law in the same office on Lisbon St. in the City of Lewiston. So I got to talking to both of them, and here is what they said. The question came up of why they didn't join under unemployment here. There was this poor lady who only worked a short time because she never got a steady job so she only had twelve dollars a week. The other person was drawing thirty-three dollars a week. The one that was drawing thirty-three dollars a week says, "I have been a resident and living at 14 Knox St. in the City of Lewiston, working all my life until I moved to Connecticut and worked there for the last two years, and I have come back here on summer vacation and I am drawing out of Connecticut." He was drawing \$39 a week out of Connecticut—you see the person was married and had six children at home, and he was entitled to five dollars a week for each dependent at home on top of his \$39, so he looks at these people and says, "What do you live in the State of Maine for? That shows what the State of Maine is. Now these people file their income tax and they file it as income or wages, their wages are fixed at \$1.15 and then whatever they pay under unemployment is added onto it so far as the federal government is concerned.

I am sorry, I have got to keep my voice down because I will need it tomorrow. I am not going any further, and the only thing I am asking here is to table this amendment until we get down to L. D. 7 and try to get a decent unemployment compensation law, something that the workers of the State of Maine will be grateful for. Mr. President, I move that this proposed amendment lay on the table until later on in today's session until we get to L. D. 7.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Couture, has just broken the record for the longest tabling speech in the Senate. The Senator from

Androscoggin, Senator Boisvert, now moves that this matter lie upon the table pending the adoption of Senate Amendment "B".

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would ask for a division and also for a two minute recess.

(Recess)

Called to order by the President.

Mrs. HARRINGTON of Penobscot: Mr. President, I move that the gentlemen be allowed to remove their jackets if they so desire.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Penobscot, Senator Harrington, moves that the gentlemen be allowed to remove their jackets if they so desire. Is this the pleasure of the Senate.

The motion prevailed. (Applause)

Mr. COUTURE of Androscoggin: Mr. President, I certainly want to apologize for my motion to table this matter. I certainly want to thank you for recognizing Senator Boisvert, and now I withdraw my motion to table.

Permission was granted Senator Couture to withdraw his motion.

Mr. COUTURE of Androscoggin: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I will now move indefinite postponement of Senate Amendment "B" to H. P. 872, L. D. 1259.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, when the vote is taken I request a division.

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: Mr. President, I rise in support of the motion of Senator Couture. I have an amendment to go on this bill which I feel is better than this amendment. This amendment does practically nothing for the working man, it merely conserves the fund. I hope that the motion to indefinitely postpone does prevail.

Mr. HINDS of Cumberland: Mr. President, I certainly do not want to belabor this any longer, but I would like to make one or two brief remarks.

No. 1, Maine has some of the roughest penalties of any state in the country when it comes to un-

employment compensation. This amendment presented here today by the good Senator from Aroostook, Senator Edmunds, certainly does not help these penalties a bit, and, in my opinion would make them stiffer than what they are under the Estey amendment. We can all remember, at least I can, and also some of my colleagues from Cumberland, campaigning during the last election when the most common remark made to us was: "What are you going to do with the Estey amendment?" At any place you went where they were employing a number of people they asked you this. We are trying to correct some inconsistencies in the Estey amendment. The amendment that the Senator from Somerset, Senator Johnson, is presenting this evening is something that the front office has worked on and has come up with and they feel it is a better amendment than this one that has been presented to us this evening. I hope you will go along with indefinite postponement of this Amendment "B" so that we may adopt this other amendment and get this bill on the road and get out of here.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President, I would like to pose a question to any senator who might care to answer it, and that is this: Where in Senate Amendment "B" is there anything which creates a greater penalty than now exists in the law?

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Kennebec, Senator Farris, poses a question through the Chair, who may answer if he chooses.

Mr. COUTURE of Androscoggin: Mr. President and members of the Senate: If you will turn to Page 4 you will see these words: "until claimant has earned twenty times." That has never been practiced. Under the Estey law it was 15 but they stipulated 16, so they increased it. Definitely it has got to be 16. They have never practiced it, but this amendment certainly specifies 20, and then they turn around and give you this other amendment: until the claimant has earned 11 instead of 15 times his weekly amount of bene-

fit, and over here it is 16 times. This is a contradictory amendment. Now where are we going to base ourselves under this discrimination and the right of the Commission to act on either 16 or 20. This amendment is contradictory.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I feel that I should correct the record.

The Estey bill, under the proposal referred to by the good Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Couture, did not state 15. Under Section 2 at the bottom of Page 4 it stated 20. This is a relaxation from 16. In the two areas of the Estey bill where the 15 figure was used this bill would relax it to 11. To the best of my knowledge, there is no area in this legislative document where there is any penalty imposed. The only thing that I know of in this entire document that might be interpreted possibly as a penalty is the addition of certain language in Sections 4, 5 and 6 to do away with obvious ways of evading the intent of the employment security laws. These were revisions which the two Attorney Generals who worked for the Employment Security Commission agreed to. They felt that there were evasions under the previous languages and this language has been designed to prevent this evasion. Other than that, in every instance I believe the Estey bill is relaxed by Senate Amendment "B".

Mr. WHITTAKER of Penobscot: Mr. President, before we vote on the pending question may I inquire through the Chair of Senator Johnson of Somerset how his proposed amendment would be an improvement on Senate Amendment "B", so that we may know how to vote?

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Penobscot, Senator Whittaker, poses a question through the Chair to the Senator from Somerset, Senator Johnson, who may answer if he chooses.

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: Mr. President, I would be glad to answer the Senator's question. I think you will all agree there have been under the present law some

inequitable propositions. The amendment that I have does actually one thing: it increases the partials—it does two things—it increases the partials from seven to ten dollars which were in effect prior to the Estey bill and restores that benefit that was there in 1959-60. It also inserts within it the statutory decision that the Attorney General made relative to an employee leaving work due to illness or disability. That is just about all it does. There are some other penalties in there in the Brown bill but they are not too bad. In a sense, it does one thing: it increases the partials from seven to ten dollars and buttresses the Attorney General's decision on the sickness period.

Mr. WHITAKER of Penobscot: Mr. President, may I ask again through the Chair how the proposed amendment by Senator Johnson of Somerset would differ from the provision on Page 4 of Senate Amendment B with regard to separation without good cause, etc. in relation to the Attorney General's ruling.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Penobscot, Senator Whitaker, poses another question through the Chair to the same Senator, who may answer if he chooses.

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: It states here: "Leaving work shall not be considered voluntary without good cause when it is caused by the illness or disability of the claimant and the claimant took all reasonable precautions to protect his employment status by having promptly notified his employer as to the reasons for his absence and by promptly requesting employment when he is again able to resume."

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I merely rise to point out that that is identical to the language in Senate Amendment "B".

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: Mr. President, I said there was only one change, and this is the other one.

Mr. HINDS of Cumberland: Mr. President and ladies and gentlemen of the Senate: To answer the question of the good Senator from

Kennebec, Senator Farris: On Page 4—perhaps "penalties" is not the right word to use, but things which would be a tightening-up of the present laws, which are considered pretty tight—on Page 4, deletion of the period of employment subsequent to hearing would be considered a tightening of the law, and down in the 10th line, "regardless of any subsequent employment" would be another tightening of the law, and then down to the second line from the bottom, "regardless of any subsequent employment," and then on Page 5 down to the very bottom, "lack of transportation shall not be a valid excuse for refusal to accept work provided the work offered is suitable." In other words, you might have to travel 150 miles and if you did not have the transportation you would be refused benefits.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is on the motion of the Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Couture, that Senate Amendment "B" be indefinitely postponed. A division has been requested. All those in favor of the motion of the Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Couture, that Senate Amendment "B" be indefinitely postponed will rise and remain in their places until counted.

A division was had.

Fifteen having voted in the affirmative and seventeen in the negative, the motion did not prevail. Thereupon Senate Amendment "B" was adopted.

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: Mr. President, I present Senate Amendment "C" and move its adoption.

Senate Amendment "C" was read by the Secretary.

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: Mr. President and members of the Senate: In support of this amendment I want to particularly direct your attention to that provision in the amendment which relates to the section of our employment security law that authorizes certain weekly benefits to be paid during periods of partial unemployment. It is the only portion of the amendment which proposes

to correct one of the several inequities of the so-called Estey bill passed in the 100th Legislature. This amendment corrects the most severe inequity of them all. It is the one which was created by the change in the benefit permitted during periods of partial unemployment. This amendment would restore the law to what it was prior to the Estey bill. It would do nothing more than that. Prior to the Estey bill a worker could earn up to ten dollars a week at his regular employment and still collect his weekly benefits if he was otherwise unemployed. The Estey bill removed the exemption of ten dollars and required all such earnings to be deducted from his benefits, and a hardship was imposed upon our workers. To clarify this, I would like to say that the average man that works in a plant could go out and earn his ten dollars cutting grass and he would still get his full benefit, but if he went back to the mill and worked and earned twenty dollars he lost ten dollars of that and was not allowed.

May I be permitted to say that our Governor is strongly of the opinion that this ten-dollar exemption is in the best interest of our worker and should be restored to him, and I share his opinion. This amendment implements one of the pledges our Governor made during his campaign for re-election; he promised to do all that he could to remove the inequities which were found to exist in this law, also it is one of the matters to which he directed our attention in his inaugural address. I hope you will join with me in supporting the passage of this amendment.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would hope the motion to adopt Senate Amendment "C" does not prevail, and when the vote is taken I request a division.

Mr. WYMAN of Washington: Mr. President, I think there is one point that has not been brought out: that this law had a figure of five dollars for quite a number of years and then in the 1957 legislature it was raised to ten dollars

and there was some question as to whether or not that would be too high, however the opinion seemed to be that they would try ten dollars, which they did. Now the ten-dollar figure was removed altogether in the Estey bill. That was an error, it should not have been removed. However, in going back to seven dollars they are actually going two dollars higher than it was all the years prior to 1957.

Mr. COUTURE of Androscoggin: Mr. President and members of the Senate: This is one of the times when I have spoken on an unemployment bill when I have not brought your Governor into the picture. I will be frank with you and confess to you now that the last time I fought an unemployment bill it was defeated here, and the two Brown bills were kept on the table as a rosy affair that was no good. I have visited the Governor in his corner office and I have taken this matter up with him and I have taken the matter up during his campaign, as Senator Johnson says, but since he says it was highly recommended by the Governor I will endorse this, because he also has told me that at first he favored the Thaanum bill, the bill that was with a study committee for two years, but the Thaanum bill was defeated. He went to factories during his campaign, and I have gone to factories, asking one question. I told the Governor that I had received letters and cards of your words that you will correct this and will restore this ten dollars a week on partial employment. He says, "Yes." Now I said, "Whether these letters were true or untrue, I am going to ask you one question: these seventeen letters I have here are not from the class that I represent as far as the Androscoggin County area is concerned, and it is not in the class that I represent either, it is in the shoe factories. As far as the shoe factories are concerned, I don't know where they start tacking the soles and I don't know where the finishing room is. These shoe workers are out of Androscoggin completely. They are in

Cumberland County." And right now today I can face one Senator that went around with Governor Reed in his campaign in the stitching room of the Auerbach Shoe Company in Brunswick, Maine. I was going ahead of him, and the Governor stopped at every bench in the stitching room and assured them that this matter would be taken care of and that they would be given what they were entitled to before. Now this is the truth, and I challenge the Senator from Cumberland County here that I am telling the truth, that he was campaigning with the Governor on the fifth floor of the Auerbach Shoe Company, which was the old textile mill in Bruswick, Maine. I have got these letters, and also I have letters of the shoe factories and the textiles, also I have had telephone calls made directly to me by shoe workers in the City of Auburn and the City of Lewiston. During his campaign this was taken up with him and he promised he would take care of this. I am proud to see the Chairman of the Labor Committee tell you Senators that during his campaign he has mentioned that fact, because possibly if I told you as a member of the minority party you wouldn't believe me, but this is one of your majority and he is a member of your labor committee, and I am sure that I have served with this gentleman on the labor committee and I have done everything I could to get along with him in every way that was possible. I hope that the Senate will go along with it, and if they doubt his word and doubt my word I would like to have a five-minute recess.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, may I ask through the Chair to whom the Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Couture refers as the Senator from Cumberland?

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Cumberland, Senator Porteous, poses a question through the Chair to the Senator from Androscoggin, Senator Couture, who may answer if he chooses.

Mr. COUTURE: Mr. President and members of the Senate: They

described the candidate for the State senate that went with the Governor in the Auerbach Shoe Company and they described Senator Porteous.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Thank you, Mr. President, and thank you, Senator Couture, for identifying me, because it was confusing. As I remember it, there were two or three of us there as well as the candidate for sheriff and possibly one for county attorney that particular day. However, I do not remember actually the promise of the Governor or any promises made in the Auerbach Shoe Company. I do remember in Songo Moc in Portland of his discussion with some workers, and also the same thing in Freeport, and they were upset about what they considered inequities, and he gave as reasonable assurance as he could in the hectic time of a campaign and without being able to consult any expert in the field on the matter. He did say that he would look into it and try to take care of those things about which they complained.

Now my reason for arising is not only that but it is to remind the people here assembled, Senators and guests, the speakers that speak on unemployment compensation here tonight, that they are speaking of something that is not, in my opinion, an inalienable right. It is certainly a just and favorable way to take care of workers who, through no fault of their own, are unemployed because of lack of work in the plant, which again may not be the fault of either management or labor but due to outside economic forces. But after listening to lengthy debate and sometimes vituperative remarks in the direction of management, ownership and the operation of business, I feel it incumbent on me as an employer with a very good rating and a very good experience of not laying off people for cause, to stand in defense of management and employers in this matter. The fact that we have unemployment compensation in the first place is a benefit to the workers. It is entirely paid for by the

employers from the profits of the business, and if there are no profits it will be paid out of their own pockets or borrowed from the bank to be paid back. I feel strongly that employers should do this but I do not feel that it is right for people who have benefited from this and represent those who have benefited from this unemployment compensation to attack management and ownership for these injustices without tempering their remarks by some appreciation that there has been this through the years, at least for a good many years, and that it has been a great deal of help in hard times to people who have been thrown out of employment, and that this money does come, yes, from their labors when business is good, the judgment of management and the hard work of people who strive to build businesses of their own and go out and risk their capital in a struggle that is becoming increasingly hard these days. So I would remind this Senate and anybody else who is listening that I think we need not hang our heads in shame and that we should remind ourselves that we are fortunate in this country that we have been able to have such a fund, and that any attempt to destroy it or push it below a limit which would stand us in no good stead in an emergency, that should that attempt be made we should stand in defense of it.

I hope that my remarks will be taken in the spirit that they are made: that management and labor should each look at the other and do the fair thing, but it should not all be from one side.

Mr. STITHAM of Somerset: Mr. President and members of the Senate: It seems to me that we are getting at perhaps what the issue is in the amendment as offered by Senator Johnson from Somerset. I am quite sure that he is perhaps as familiar with the workmen's compensation laws as any of the rest of us are and probably more so than most of us. The only difference is between seven and ten dollars, as I get the picture here, and I think we are forgetting that we should be encouraging these people who, through no

fault of their own, are out of work, rather than to say, "You sit in your chair at home and do nothing and you draw so much," which is not a great deal to live on; it is not intended as a relief proposition, it is merely to enable them to subsist until they are again in employment. It seems as though we are arguing about a trifle, a difference between seven dollars and ten dollars. I feel that we should encourage these workers to go out and try to earn, and if they cannot earn up to ten dollars without being penalized in their benefits that we should go along with it.

I think you all remember that I opposed the Thaunum bill. This amendment which has been accepted by the Senate after a great deal of work, I know, by leadership, is not what I would like to have but I think they have done a good job in working this out, and I do think as far as this small difference of three dollars between seven and ten, that we should go along with it, and I certainly shall vote for the adoption of the amendment which is being offered and I think in good conscience we all should go along with it.

Mrs. CHRISTIE of Aroostook: Mr. President and members of the Senate: We find it very hard to find workers in Aroostook County simply because so many of them would go on unemployment compensation and maneuver some way to keep on that rather than go to work. I find that men who employ labor there find it very difficult, and I feel if we liberalize it any more it would be more difficult, and I would not favor any further liberalization.

Mr. COUTURE of Androscoggin: Mr. President, I think we are getting confused a little, particularly Senator Christie from Aroostook County. That does not discourage anyone from working. I have to make a confession for the employee. You think I stand up here and back up the employee, but let me inform you members of the State it was the employer himself that practiced this, and I will explain to you how they have practiced this thing, how the employer gets this ten dollars back. The employer pays the fund under this un-

employment, every single penny is contributed from the employer not the employees. Now here is what was going on in some of the shoe factories and some of the mills. They have their key men in there, they don't want to lose them, they want to keep them when work starts again so they can have them for production. Now they are paying the freight but this is how they work it. I confess this plainly to you now. If there are three workers on the same job and there is not enough work for them for a week the employer does not want to lose John, Dick and Harry for the simple reason they are his key men, they are the men who give him production in that shoe factory or anywhere else. So what he does — and I defy anybody to correct me if this isn't true — what he does, instead of laying off John and Dick he keeps Jones for a short time and then he calls John and Dick to give them a little week's pay in the shoe factory plus the green slip so he can go over and draw part unemployment. Now the employers themselves are doing this, and it is the employer himself that pays this freight, and I don't care whether it is in textiles, whether it is in a shoe factory or a sardine factory or what, they are all practicing the same thing, and they are the ones that pay this freight. I can name you I don't know how many cases in the City of Auburn or the City of Lewiston, there are these people working on partial unemployment. They keep them there because they expect in a month or two or three weeks to get an order and they do not want to lose their key men. The employer has key men and he wants to keep them. If the state does not take a stand to keep key men in the state for future employment the employers take their own stand because they want to keep them, and that is what they are doing. I am not hiding anything, I am speaking the truth here. The lobbyists for the employers know this but they won't come out and tell you. I am not speaking here with a mouth full of lies, I am telling you the truth. It is the employer who does it. Now at the appeal hearings the lobbyists for

the employer come over and say the employee abused this. He did not abuse this, it is the employer who abused it in order to be able to keep his key men in his factory in case he needs them in the future. I know there are quite a few of them that listen to me now, and I know down deep in their heart they know it. In the meantime our working people are being penalized, not for their own action but the action of the employer.

Now the small difference between two dollars and seven dollars a week, which is only pennies, that does not mean you are going to have a hard time getting employees in Aroostook County. We are talking about part-time employees. I am not talking about increasing the thirty-three to forty dollars, I am not talking about them rejecting employment so they can get unemployment compensation, I am talking now about what the amendment is concerned with, and that is part-time employees. This doesn't concern that at all.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, we have debated this at great length and I will try to be very, very brief, but I would point out that in the Estey bill there was a so-called inequity in that the partial payment could not apply to short time in regular employment. In the language in my proposed amendment this partial applies to all partial employment.

Now I have a great deal of respect for the good Senator from Somerset, Senator Stitham and I listened with interest to his remarks that we were talking about a mere increase from seven to ten dollars, only three dollars a week, but I would point out to the Senate that the increase from seven to ten dollars insofar as the fund is concerned could deplete the fund by several hundred thousand dollars. I think this is a legitimate concern, as far as I know, of both industry and labor.

I would further point out that as I analyze this amendment it does not include anything to protect the fund as I see it.

Mr. HINDS of Cumberland: Mr. President and ladies and gentlemen

of the Senate: There was something I didn't explain too well a few moments ago when I was speaking about Senate Amendment "B" which Senate Amendment "C" corrects, in the tenth line on page 4, the underlined "regardless of any such employment. To take an example: a man who quits voluntarily a job which perhaps he has held for some time, many years, and goes to work for another firm for a four to five week period and then finds he is unemployed for some reason, he would have to have eleven times his weekly benefit amount in order to be eligible for unemployment benefits. Now if this isn't unfair, where he has worked for another employer all this time and he voluntarily quits I don't know what is. This follows in several sections of this particular amendment. I do not feel that this is right, and this is one reason why I thought the amendment here suggested by our front office would be an excellent one. I hope you people will go along with adopting this along with this other amendment and perhaps we can get it straightened out. This amendment will correct this situation we have already adopted here.

I will just explain that again. A man who has worked for years in a firm quits voluntarily, he then goes to work for another firm and works for a period of say four to five weeks and he finds himself unemployed for some reason and he is just not eligible for any benefits unless his benefits are eleven times his weekly benefit amount.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President, the hour is late and this is a difficult proposition to really digest, but it would appear to me in reading the two amendments together that we probably have a sort of compromise between what the executive branch of our government would like to have and what the employer would like to have, and for the same reasons as stated by my colleague, the Senator from Somerset, Senator Stitham, I am also going to support this amendment.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is the motion of the Senator from Somerset, Senator Johnson to adopt Senate Amendment C.

A division of the Senate was had. The President stated that he voted against the motion.

Thereupon, fifteen having voted in the affirmative, sixteen opposed, Senate Amendment C was not adopted.

The bill was passed to be engrossed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table the 4th tabled and today assigned item Bill, "An Act Repealing Certain Portions of the Employment Security Law" (H. P. 1) (L. D. 7); and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table the 5th tabled and today assigned item (H. P. 871) (L. D. 1258) Bill, "An Act Relating to Disqualification and Claims for Benefit and Employer's Contribution Rate Under Employment Security Law"; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Additional Papers from the House Non-concurrent matters

Bill, "An Act to Authorize General Fund Bond Issue in Amount of Six Million Nine Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Dollars and to Appropriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, etc." (H. P. 1111) (L. D. 1594)

In Senate, June 22, passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "A" "C" "D" and "E" and as amended by Senate Amendment "C" in non-concurrence.

Comes from the House, that body having insisted and asked for a Committee of Conference.

In the Senate, on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to insist and join in the Committee of Conference and the President appointed as Senate conferees, Senators: Campbell of Kennebec, Brown of Hancock and Stitham of Somerset.

Bill, "An Act to Reorganize the Department of Economic Development." (H. P. 1089) (L. D. 1561)

In Senate, June 22, that body receded and concurred with the House

in Engrossment as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A".

Comes from the House, that body having reconsidered Engrossment and Adoption of Conference Committee Amendment "A"; Indefinitely Postponed Conference Committee Amendment "A" and passed the Bill to be engrossed as amended by House Amendment "B" (H-514) in non-concurrence.

In the Senate, on motion by Mr. Kimball of Hancock, the Senate voted to recede and concur. (Engrossing reconsidered, adoption of Committee Amendment A reconsidered and the amendment indefinitely postponed.)

The following Joint Orders were returned from the House, Indefinitely Postponed in non-concurrence.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Study of Unclaimed Property Act. (S. P. 572)

Indefinitely postponed in concurrence.

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Committee to Study Feasibility of Combining Municipalities Not Included in School Administrative Districts. (S. P. 604)

Indefinitely postponed in concurrence.

Joint Order Relative to Bureau of Taxation Study of Gross Receipts Tax. (S. P. 621)

Senate voted to recede and concur.

Joint Order Relative to Removal and Spraying of Power and Timber Lobbyists. (H-459)

Senate voted to recede and concur.

Additional Papers from the House Committee Reports — Senate

Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Relating to Establishment, Maintenance and Operation of Regional Technical and Vocational Centers." (S. P. 383) (L. D. 1086) reported that they are unable to agree.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President and members of the Senate, all of you are aware of the great amount of work that has gone

into this bill, not only at this session but also during the 100th Legislature and I do merely want to state for the record that the Committee of Conference came very, very close to agreeing on amendments whereby this bill could have been reported out with a conference amendment A. I put this on the record merely to show for future legislatures that this is not by any means a dead issue in the State of Maine and I am confident that come the next session of the legislature we will make some strides in providing vocational education at the high school level.

Thereupon, the Conference Committee report was accepted.

Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Relating to Investigation of Motor Vehicle Accidents by Highway Safety Committee." (S. P. 492) (L. D. 1344) reported that the Senate recede from engrossment as amended by Senate Amendment "A" thereto; adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A", and the House recede from its action whereby the Bill was Indefinitely Postponed and concur with the Senate.

Mr. STITHAM of Somerset: Mr. President, I move that the conference committee report be rejected.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, I would ask for a division and speak to the motion.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator may proceed.

Mr. PORTEOUS: Mr. President, in October I started working on this. It has been introduced at the proper time and gone through the proper channels to two committees. The head of the Harvard School of Medical Research, came from a conference in Rockland especially to talk to opponents of the language in this bill. It was thoroughly gone over with those opponents and I might say that almost all, if not all the opponents have not been opponents to the purpose behind this legislation, they have in one way or another, objected to its lan-

guage and to what it might do, and I think perhaps, losing sight of what it could do in the cause of further prevention of accidents in automobiles and injuries caused while in automobiles. Most of the discussion has been carried on by members of the legal profession and in most cases they have been very helpful in trying to devise satisfactory language so that this bill would do what it is meant to do but not do something that might be detrimental to people who happen to be involved or to take unfair advantage of others, or to put in the power of some, that which they could not with adequate wisdom utilize.

This bill is relatively simple. It has had not from lack of effort on the part of many involved, some seven or eight different amendments, it has been written in new draft twice by amendments and now appears somewhat substantially the same as it has since the original draft, but not including the original draft. It is now nine lines and there is still objection.

It reads: "Investigation of motor vehicle accidents. The Secretary of State" which replaced the original Department of Health and Welfare, and then replaced the Highway Safety Committee — this is Conference Committee Amendment D that I am reading now, on an Act Relating to Research Studies of the Department of Health and Welfare. And how you get the title out of one of these things, I don't know, because it has been that and never was supposed to be that, in the first place. "The Secretary of State may investigate motor vehicle accidents in cooperation with any person" meaning quite specifically in our minds anyway the Harvard School Medical Research which has done a bang-up job in medical research into highway accidents in the State of Massachusetts, and making significant contributions to the increased safety in the construction of motor vehicles. "may investigate motor vehicle accidents in cooperation with any person, agencies or organizations he may select. Any information, records, reports, statements, notes and memoranda or other data obtained through such in-

vestigations shall not be admissible as evidence in any action of any kind in any court or before any other administrative agency or persons". That is information gained through this medium of investigation. It does not exclude the State Police or any other investigative organization or any police or sheriff organization from making an investigation of its own. It is, as I have said on this Senate floor before, primarily to avoid the embarrassment of personal relationships or the presence of unfortunate physical characteristics which may have contributed to a highway accident from being made public in a court of law and thereby embarrassing a person and making the person therefore reluctant to answer questions to anyone investigating for purposes of finding out just what made that accident happen.

The last sentence "No person participating in such investigation shall disclose in any manner the information so obtained except for research purposes." Research purpose is the whole purpose of this bill. When it says "no persons participating in such investigations" I do maintain and I think any court would accept it although I am not a lawyer and I wish I had taken law courses at some time, it would be most helpful. I think when it says "no persons participating", it means the "no person" we are talking about when we talk about the agency that is doing this that is engaged by the Secretary of State and not including the State Police. I don't think that we mistrust the office of the Secretary of State enough to say that this might be done, that the State Police could be excluded from finding any kind of evidence in here that should be admissible in court from prosecuting somebody in a criminal action. We did attempt to write up an amendment to satisfy one objector on that but for every objector that we satisfied, there seemed to be a couple that would pop up and object on the other hand.

So our Committee of Conference report was signed by two, and one member of the Senate, after looking at the language has withdrawn, and I respect his judgment in withdrawing because if I didn't like a

bill, I would withdraw whether I signed it or not and I have no, absolutely no, feelings about that except perhaps for disappointment but I certainly respect his judgment.

Now the Secretary of State has participated in this, the Attorney General's office, the Director of Legislative Research and before you today, conference committee amendment B is the result of an awful lot of work. It can be in the end the vehicle through which we can help to find out what makes an automobile accident actually happen. I say put your trust in the department. Put your trust in this relatively simple language, and certainly the intention to utilize one of the most unique organizations there is, and accept this conference committee report. I believe I have already asked for a division.

Mr. STITHAM of Penobscot: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I will try not to take very much time but I believe that I must explain to you what has happened. In the confusion of the last day, as a member of the Conference Committee, I was asked if the bill had been drawn and amended before, could we amend it to change the investigative agency from the Highway Safety Council to the Secretary of State, and I said I had no objection to it. And I didn't see this amendment which is 346, until just a little while ago. I think if any one of you will read it, you will see the inherent dangers in it.

I am certain that the language as used in this amendment would be the most dangerous thing that we could possibly adopt at this legislature. I feel very sure that it would result in the State Police, the sheriffs departments and the other enforcement agencies from participating in any of the investigations of these accidents. If there were any members of the other enforcement bodies that took part in the investigation, there could be no prosecution. That is the reason I have made the motion that I have and I will say this. There is nobody in this Senate that thinks any more of the work of Dr. Mosley than I do, and I would like to protect him and his work, but not

at the expense of enforcement. I think it is highly dangerous and I think that any lawyer looking over this bill will agree with me. The intention is good; the wording is bad.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kennebec: Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen of the Senate, I don't think there is any question about it. This is a bad amendment and I certainly will support the Senator from Somerset, Senator Stitham. It seems to me that the Secretary of State has to make all manner of investigations, not only to determine criminal responsibility with respect to either cancelling out or suspending licenses but also under the financial responsibility law he has many occasions when he has to inquire into the civil aspects of it. If he did so, and if in the course of that investigation he had anything to do with the State Police, deputy sheriffs, local police, or the pathologist who performed post mortems and that sort of thing, all of that evidence would be excluded in the case. You have got to view this as though you were involved in the case and that your civil liability or your criminal liability depended on whether or not you were going to get evidence before the court that should properly be considered, and if you pass something like this, you close the door to it.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, Dr. Mosley who has received an honorary degree and did become a doctor of science, has said that there is no threat that these gentlemen of the bar have mentioned, that usually his investigations start where state police ends, many times they work side by side and that this information that might lead to criminal prosecution can be jointly arrived at and therefore there is no need for the investigating group to divulge it. The kind of information that is divulged is mainly of a personal research type of thing and also in looking at the motor vehicle itself to find faults in its mechanical structure. So these fears, my legal friends for whom I have a great deal of respect, I think are unfounded. I think we would find it very worthwhile legislation, if this Sen-

ate will accept this conference report.

Mr. BOARDMAN of Washington: Mr. President, I would like to pose a question to any one who would care to answer it. Would it be possible at this, the eleventh hour, to actually reject this conference committee report, have another conference committee and have this worked out correctly so far as the wording is concerned. I agree with my fellow members of the Bar that the wording is bad. Can it be corrected at this particular point or would we be holding up the works?

The PRESIDENT: The Senator from Washington, Senator Boardman, poses a question to any Senator who may answer if he chooses.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President, as my colleague from Washington, Senator Boardman realizes, we did have this measure before us on the Committee on Judiciary. We gave it quite a bit of thought. It wasn't an easy thing to do and at this late hour it would be practically impossible. I might add that I opposed previous language for the same reasons that have been given here this evening, and actually this one is worse. As much as I appreciate the intent of this legislation, unfortunately it would not matter what Dr. Mosley stated, it is the wording in the statute which becomes the law and which govern the court on admission of evidence. I must join my colleagues at the Bar in rejecting this report.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, with due deference to my legal peers, I withdraw my motion for a division. We'll let the thing go and I will ask one of those gentlemen who have objected, to bring this thing back to the 102nd Legislature and do a good job with it and my name won't be on it, I hope.

Thereupon, the report of the conference committee was rejected.

Enactor

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed, the following:

Bill, "An Act Providing for Review of Laws of Forestry Department." (H. P. 53) (L. D. 76)

Which Bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Farris of Kennebec, the Senate voted to take from the Unassigned Table (S. P. 33) (L. D. 124) Bill, "An Act to Correct Errors and Inconsistencies in the Public Laws; tabled on June 13 by Senator Farris of Kennebec pending adoption of Committee Amendment A.

Mr. FARRIS of Kennebec: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I might explain that this is the "omnibus bill" so-called, and it is a rather comprehensive document and you will note that there has been during this session a number of amendments known as Committee Amendment A, and that is L. D. 1588. I can assure the Senate there is nothing of a substantive nature in this measure and everything in there is intended solely for the purpose of clarification or correcting inconsistencies which are glaring.

Thereupon, Committee Amendment A was adopted. The same Senator presented Senate Amendment B and moved its adoption.

Senate Amendment B was read and adopted and under suspension of the rules, the bill was given a second reading and passed to be engrossed.

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook was granted unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, the motion I am about to make will be that we recess to the sound of the bell which we anticipate will be approximately two hours from now. I would say that if everything goes smoothly, we could hope to adjourn finally approximately six hours from now. I make this explanation so that the Senators may possibly get some rest. We will have to be in recess approximately two hours at this time.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

Recessed to the sound of the bell.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook presented an Order, out of order and under suspension of the rules:

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs report a bill that will provide funds to make effective the acts which have been passed to be enacted and the resolve which have already been finally passed.

Which order received a passage.

The following Joint Orders came from the House having been read and passed:

1. ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the 101st Session of the Maine Legislature pay special tribute to the secretary of the Legislative Finance Officer for the many courtesies and special favors bestowed on individual members of both branches of this legislature, and be it further

ORDERED, that this Session convey, by passage of this Joint Order, its sincere appreciation to Miss Elizabeth Faulkner for her friendly cooperation throughout this session. Be it further

ORDERED, that an engrossed copy of this Joint Order be sent to Miss Faulkner, as direct evidence of the sentiments of the 101st Legislature. (H. P. 1128)

Which was read and passed in concurrence.

2. ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the Clerk of the House, in his capacity as Executive Officer of the Legislature when the Legislature is not in session, be and hereby is authorized with the approval of the Speaker of the House to employ whatever members of his staff may be necessary to complete the records of the House and conduct the business of the Clerk's office and payment for same to be approved by the Clerk and the Speaker. (H. P. 1127)

Which was read and passed in concurrence.

3. ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the Legislative Research Committee is directed to study the tax structure of the State to determine the feasibility of having a state income tax to finance expenditures of the State; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Committee report the results of its study to the 102nd Legislature. (H. P. 1125)

On motion by Mr. Brown of Hancock, indefinitely postponed.

4. JOINT ORDER Extending State Greetings and Congratulations to Robert Merrill Lee upon his Pending Promotion to the Four Star Rank of a Full General in the United States Air Force. (H. P. 1126)

Which was read and passed in concurrence.

5. ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the State Budget Officer be and hereby is directed to furnish to the Legislative Finance Officer copies of all departmental budget requests and all information and data relating thereto submitted to him by any and all State Departments, Commissions, and Agencies as soon as same comes into his possession. (H. P. 1124)

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, while I do not wish to move indefinite postponement of this order at this time, I do question the advisability of the wisdom of an order such as this, and I wish the record to show my remarks.

Thereupon the Order received a passage.

6. ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the Legislative Research Committee study the allowances of retired Fish and Game Wardens to determine the desirability of increasing their retirement allowances; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Committee report the results of its study to the 102nd Legislature. (H. P. 1123)

Under suspension of the rules, reproduction was dispensed with and Mrs. Harrington of Penobscot presented Senate Amendment A. Which amendment was read and adopted, the Order as amended was passed. Sent down for concurrence.

7. ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that there be created an Interim Joint Committee to consist of 3 Senators, to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and 4 Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House, to study and report to the 102nd Legislature on the present operation and administration of the General Purpose Aid

Subsidies, R. S., 1954, Chapter 41; such study to include, but not be limited to:

1. The administration and tabulation of General Purpose Aid Subsidies as paid by the State, administered and tabulated by the State Department of Education.

2. The present and future economic impact of the present law on both the State and towns and compare the taxpayers' ability to pay for the present law and future commitments under the law.

3. The educational subsidy law has compared with other programs in other states.

4. Determination of the needs involved on both the State and town level.

5. The projected cost of the present educational subsidy law; and be it further

ORDERED, that the members of the Committee shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this Order; and be it further

ORDERED, that the Committee shall have the authority to employ such expert and professional advisors and counsel and such clerical assistance and personnel as it shall deem necessary within the limit of funds provided; and be it further

ORDERED, that there is appropriated to the Committee from the Legislative Appropriation the sum of \$5,000 to carry out the purposes of this order. (H. P. 1122)

Which Order was read and passed in concurrence.

Mr. JACQUES of Androscooggin was granted unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. JACQUES of Androscooggin: Mr. President and members of the Senate, as you know, I was appointed treasurer at the beginning of the year, for our Coffee Team upstairs. We don't want to forget to thank the two ladies for taking care of our coffee in the morning. If it hadn't been for Mrs. Crocker and Mrs. Winslow, our coffee wouldn't have been ready in the morning. I wish the Senate to give these two ladies a vote of thanks for having our coffee ready every morning for us. (Applause)

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 18, L. D. 43, "An Act Appropriating Funds for Aid in Dredging the Kennebunk River Harbor; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 85, L. D. 192, "An Act Relating to the Organization of the Maine State Guard; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 299, L. D. 393, An Act Relating to Definition of Hotel under Liquor Law; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 141, L. D. 418, Resolve in Favor of the Town of Arrowsic; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 319, L. D. 446, An Act Appropriating Funds to Aid in Dredging Cutters Harbor in the Town of Vinalhaven; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 349, L. D. 503, Resolve Providing a Pension for Margaret H. Frisbee of Belfast; and on further motion by the same Senator, the Resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 349, L. D. 503, Resolve Appropriating Money to Supplement Federal Vocational Funds for Area Vocational Programs for Apprentices

and Other Adult Workers; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 350, L. D. 504, An Act Relating to Sales Tax on Transportation Charges; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,
Recessed for two minutes.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, the resolve I am about to remove from the table, was placed on the Special Appropriations Table after the calendar was printed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 205, L. D. 515, Resolve in Favor of Lloyd Talbot of Portland; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 404, L. D. 561, Resolve Appropriating Moneys to Maine Civil War Commission; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 412, L. D. 565, Resolve Appropriating Money to Match Federal Funds provided under Title VIII of the National Defense Act; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 423, L. D. 576, Resolve to Reimburse Harry F. Sanborn for Loss of Pullet; and on further mo-

tion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 400, L. D. 599, An Act Increasing Mileage Allowance for State Employees on State Business; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 256, L. D. 630 Resolve Increasing Retirement Benefit for Irving W. Small of Woolwich; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 504, L. D. 706, An Act Placing Employees in Maine Port Authority under Personnel Law; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 524, L. D. 741, Resolve Appropriating Moneys for Additional Faculty Positions at Gorham State Teachers College; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 565, L. D. 804, Resolve Providing Funds to Washington County Development Authority for Development of Recreational Areas; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 621, L. D. 856, An Act Requiring State and Municipal Consultation on Aid to Dependent Children; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take

from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 339, L. D. 1104 An Act Relating to Claims of Municipalities Against State for Taxes Lost from Veterans Property Tax Exemptions; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 398, L. D. 1101, An Act Increasing Reimbursement for Expenses of Recorder of Decisions; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 787, L. D. 1140, An Act Relating to Public Meetings Held by Liquor Commission; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table, H. P. 832, L. D. 1219, An Act to Revise Civil Defense and Public Safety Council Law; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 457, L. D. 1284, An Act Relating to State Police Retirement Benefits Under Maine State Retirement System; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 466, L. D. 1293, An Act Relating to Definition of and Educational System for Orphans of Veterans; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 960, An Act to Correct Errors and Inconsistencies in the Education Law; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

The PRESIDENT: The Senate has considered as a regular enactor, one matter which is in fact an emergency enactor — An Act Appropriating Moneys for the Maine Civil War Commission. This being an emergency measure, under the Constitution, it requires for its passage, the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the entire elected membership of the Senate.

Thereupon, with regard to bill, An Act Appropriating Moneys for the Maine Civil War Commission, a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 906, L. D. 1314, An Act Providing for New England Health Service and Facilities Compact and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 949, L. D. 1383, An Act Exempting from Sales Tax Sales of Meals Served by Certain Institutions or Homes Licensed by Department of Health and Welfare; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the table H. P. 961, L. D. 1400, An Act Appropriating Funds for the Organized Territory Capital Working Fund.

This being an emergency measure, A division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 517, L. D. 1424, An Act Relating to Retirement Allowance for Certain State Employees After Restoration to Service; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1065, L. D. 1531, An Act Relating to Mileage and Expenses for Members of the Legislature; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1084, L. D. 1551, An Act Relating to Disposition of Part of Tax on Pari Mutuel Pools on Running Horse Races; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 603, L. D. 1570, An Act to Expand Powers of Soil Conservation Districts; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 109, L. D. 1574, An Act Reactivating State Committee on Children and Youth; and on further motion by the same Senator, a division of the Senate was had on this emergency measure.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Senate Appropriations Table S. P. 384, L. D. 1087, An Act Continuing the Committee on Aging; and on further motion by the same Senator, a division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Senate Appropriations Table (not appearing on printed calendar — tabled today) H. P. 728, L. D. 1057, "An Act Providing for Separate Voting Place for Connor;

and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Senate Appropriations Table (not appearing on printed calendar — tabled today) H. P. 862, L. D. 1249, "An Act Relating to the Education Foundation Program Allowance; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

Additional Papers from the House

Non-concurrent matters

Joint Order Relative to Legislative Research Committee to Study Municipal Tax Structure. (H. P. 1107)

In Senate, June 22, Indefinitely Postponed.

Comes from the House, that body having insisted and asked for a committee of conference.

In the Senate, on motion by Mr. Brown of Hancock, the Senate voted to adhere.

Enactors

Bill, "An Act Relating to Requirements, Appointment and Term of Adjutant General." (H. P. 250) (L. D. 319)

Bill, "An Act Relating to Loans by Washington County." (S. P. 592) (L. D. 1556)

Which Bills were passed to be enacted.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President and members of the Senate, now comes the unhappy part of my task. It is always necessary for some money bills to be indefinitely postponed because of the fact that the money is just not available for them. We have been working since we left at about 2:30 for recess or whenever it was—it is so long ago that I have forgotten now, with the leadership of the House, the leadership of both parties and I am sure Senator Jacques would agree with me that we did not view these matters on a party basis. We tried to evaluate what was in the best interests of the State of Maine.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take

from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 17, L. D. 42, "An Act Providing for Repair and Maintenance of State Owned Dam on Dead River, Androscoggin County; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 85, L. D. 129, "An Act Appropriating Money to Provide for Night Pay Differential for State Employees; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 92, L. D. 1367, Resolve Reimbursing Bay Ferry Corporation for Loss of its Business; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, before making the next motion I would explain that the money for this project is included in the bond issue.

Thereupon, on motion by the same Senator, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 141, L. D. 193, Resolve Appropriating Funds for Blockhouse at Fort Kent; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 162, L. D. 211, "An Act Relating to Payments by Baxter State Park Authority to Maine Forestry District; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Ta-

ble S. P. 91, L. D. 223, Resolve Appropriating Money to Construct a Car Ferry Ramp at Peaks Island; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 177, L. D. 246, Resolve Providing Funds for Public Landing at Islesford, Hancock County; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 181, L. D. 250, Resolve Appropriating Funds for Development at Owl's Head Lighthouse Area; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 237, L. D. 305, An Act Relating to Taxes on Spirituous and Vinous Liquors Sold to Certain Instrumentalities; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 311, L. D. 404, An Act Transferring Burial Allowance Program for Veterans from Department of Health and Welfare to Division of Veterans Affairs; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 330, L. D. 457, An Act Authorizing Bureau of Public Improvements to Study Desirability of Dam Across Bagaduce River; and on further motion by the same

Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 331, L. D. 458, An Act Authorizing Bureau of Public Improvements to Study Desirability of a Dam Across Taunton River; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 348, L. D. 502, Resolve Increasing Pension of Maurice Albert of Madawaska; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 359, L. D. 533, Resolve Providing Funds for Research on Marine Vegetation Utilization; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 424, L. D. 577, Resolve in Favor of Margaret Sinclair of Windham; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 443, L. D. 648, Resolve Providing Funds for Wind Breaker on Bridge between Old Town and Indian Island; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 500, L. D. 702, Resolve

Correcting Designation of Beneficiary of Marion Hanks under Maine State Retirement System; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 505, L. D. 707, An Act Increasing Salaries of Members of Public Utilities Commission; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 523, L. D. 740, Resolve in Favor of Macwahoc Plantation for School Construction Aid; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 560, L. D. 775, An Act Increasing Funeral Allowance in Public Assistance Cases; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 560, L. D. 775, An Act Increasing Funeral Allowance in Public Assistance Cases; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 685, L. D. 941, An Act Increasing Compensation of Members of State Police Department; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 263, L. D. 1013, An Act Relating to Allocation of Funds of Soil Conservation District; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 377, L. D. 1043, An Act Relating to Rental of Space in County Buildings by State Departments; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 827, L. D. 1214; An Act Increasing Pensions of State Employees Retired on Council Orders; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 860, L. D. 1247, An Act Relating to Licensing of Children's Homes and Defining Day Care Facilities; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 500, L. D. 1397, An Act Regulating the Taking of Clams in Wells, York County; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1011, L. D. 1462, An Act to Create the Bureau of Maine Archives; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1023, L. D. 1479, An Act Increasing Salary of Reporter of Decisions; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed, and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1042, L. D. 1513, Resolve Providing State Pension for Guy C. Brown of Portland; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was indefinitely postponed and sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 554, L. D. 1489, An Act Transferring Duties of Commissioner of Agriculture Relating to Shellfish to Commissioner of Sea and Shore Fisheries and Revising Laws thereto; and that Senator yielded to the Senator from Cumberland, Senator Cram.

On motion by Mr. Cram of Cumberland, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 401, L. D. 600, Resolve Authorizing Disposal of Western Maine Sanatorium; and on further motion by the same Senator, the resolve was finally passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 1109, L. D. 1591, An Act to Appropriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, Construction, Repairs, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965; and the same Senator moved enactment.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, I'm lost. I'm sorry, sir. Where do we find this bill?

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I apologize to the Senate. These are matters which were placed on the Senate Appropriations

Table today after the printed calendar was issued. They are matters which came in on supplemental calendars from the House.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President, would it be in order to ask for a very brief explanation of the dollars and cents involved.

The PRESIDENT: The Senator would be in order. The Chair recognizes Senator Edmunds of Aroostook.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, with respect to which bill, Senator Porteous?

Mr. PORTEOUS: The one under discussion at the present time.

Mr. EDMUNDS: Approximately \$2,500,000. It is the Governor's construction measure out of the unappropriated surplus as reported by the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs.

Thereupon, this being an emergency measure,

A division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table S. P. 632, L. D. 1595, An Act to Allocate Monies for the Administrative Expenses of the State Liquor Commission for the Fiscal Years June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965; and that Senator moved the pending question.

This being an emergency measure,

A division of the Senate was had.

Twenty-five having voted in the affirmative and none opposed, the bill was passed to be enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to take from the Special Appropriations Table H. P. 517, L. D. 734, An Act Appropriating Moneys for General Operating Expenses at the University of Maine.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President and members of the Senate, I have saved the best for last as far as I am concerned and I am not going to make a very long speech. Not having the advantage

of a college degree personally, there is nothing any closer to my heart than seeing us do something to enable the young people of the State of Maine to further their education with college degrees and graduate degrees so that they can take advantage of the various opportunities in the business and professional world and in other fields today.

When I came down here I felt that I wanted to find additional money for the University of Maine if it was at all possible. I believe we have been able to achieve this and at this time I certainly wish to move enactment of this particular bill which would give them at least \$500,000 in additional funds.

Thereupon, the bill was enacted.

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook presented the following Order out of order and under suspension of the rules:

ORDERED, the House concurring, that the Tax Assessor be directed to adjust upwards the estimates of revenue from the sales and use tax and the inheritance estates, and gift tax in the following manner: In the first year of the next biennium, increase the estimate of the inheritance estate and gift tax by \$75,000 and in the second year of the biennium, the estimate of the inheritance estate and gift tax by \$425,000 and the estimate of the sales and use tax by \$600,000.

Which Order was read and passed.
Sent down for concurrence.

Mr. Campbell of Kennebec presented the following Order and moved its passage:

ORDERED that the State Librarian be directed to forward bound copies of the Legislative Record to members and officers at their homes.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. Brown of Hancock presented the following Order and moved its passage:

ORDERED that the Superintendent of Buildings be directed to deliver to the Secretary of the Senate such equipment and supplies as the Secretary shall deem necessary

for completing and indexing the Journal of the Senate.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook presented the following Order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, that the desk, chair and equipment in the office of the President of the Senate, together with the remainder of such supplies as were required to carry out the duties of the office be presented to the President of the Senate and delivered to his address.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. Porteous of Cumberland presented the following order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, that whereas the Secretary of the Senate has been obligated with extra duties and responsibilities extending throughout the entire biennium by Joint Order S. P. 166, now be it

ORDERED that the Secretary of the Senate be paid in addition to the salary provided by law, an increase of \$4000 for services performed during the regular session of the legislature and a salary at the rate of \$1100 a year when the legislature is not in session, payment of such additional compensation to be made on the payroll approved by the President of the Senate or if the office be vacant, by a Senate member of the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs, and be it further

ORDERED that for performing additional duties at the request and direction of the Senate and on account of the excessive length of the session, the Assistant Secretary of the Senate shall be paid \$2200 in addition to the salary provided by law.

Which was read and passed.

Mrs. Sproul of Lincoln presented the following order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, that the State Librarian mail to each member of the Senate, the balance of the legislative record.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. Reed of Sagadahoc presented the following Order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, that the State Librarian mail to each member of the House and Senate a copy of the Laws of this Session when completed.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. Stilphen of Knox presented the following Order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, that the Secretary of the Senate be and hereby is authorized during the current biennium to attend the national legislative conference and meetings of any committee thereof on which he may serve and be it further

ORDERED that the Secretary of the Senate appoint a member of his staff who shall serve as secretary-stenographer for the Maine delegation attending the convention, and be it further

ORDERED, that the Secretary of the Senate be reimbursed all the necessary travel expenses.

Which was read and passed.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

Recessed to the sound of the gong.

Enactor

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed the following:

Bill, "An Act to Reorganize the Department of Economic Development." (H. P. 1089) (L. D. 1561)

Which Bill was passed to be enacted.

Committee Report — Senate

Mr. Edmunds from the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs, pursuant to Joint Order (S. P. 642) on Bill, "An Act Making Additional Appropriations for the Expenditures of State Government and for Other Purposes for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965." (S. P. 646) reported that the same Ought to pass.

Which report was read and accepted. The Bill was read a second time, under suspension of the rules, and passed to be engrossed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Committee Report — House Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act Relating to Salaries of County Officials and Municipal Court Judges and Recorders." (S. P. 628) (L. D. 1589) reported the House Recede from its action whereby it passed the Bill to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "B" and House Amendments "A", "B" and "D" and recede from its adoption of Senate Amendment "B" and House Amendments "A", "B" and "D" and indefinitely postpone Senate Amendment "B" and House Amendments "A", "B" and "D"; Adopt Conference Committee Amendment "A" and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A"; that the Senate recede and concur with the House in passing the Bill to be engrossed as amended by Conference Committee Amendment "A".

Comes from the House read and accepted.

In the Senate, the report was read and accepted, Conference Committee Amendment A read and the Senate voted to recede and concur.

Ordered sent forthwith to the engrossing department.

Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the Legislature on Bill, "An Act to Authorize General Fund Bond Issue in Amount of Six Million Nine Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Dollars and to Appropriate Moneys for Capital Improvements, Construction, Repairs, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1963." (H. P. 1111) (L. D. 1594) report that the House recede from its action whereby the Bill was passed to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "A", "C", "D", "E" and "H" and Senate Amendment "C"; and from action whereby House Amendment "A" was adopted; indefinitely postpone House Amendment "A" and pass the bill to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "C", "D", "E",

and "H" and Senate Amendment "C"; that the Senate recede and concur with the House in passing the bill to be engrossed as amended by House Amendments "C", "D", "E" and "H" and Senate Amendment "C".

Which Report was read and accepted, and the Senate voted to recede and concur.

Order Out of Order

Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, out of order and under suspension of the rules, presented the following order and moved its passage:

ORDERED, the House concurring, that there be prepared after adjournment of the present session under the direction of the Clerk of the House a register of all the bills and resolves considered by both branches of the legislature, showing the history and final disposition of each bill and resolve, and that there be printed 600 copies of the same. The Clerk of the House is hereby authorized to employ the necessary clerical assistance to prepare such register. The Clerk shall mail a copy of the register to each member and officer of the legislature and the State Librarian shall receive such number of copies as may be required.

Read and passed and sent down for concurrence forthwith.

Mr. STILPHEN of Knox: Out of order and under suspension of the rules I would like to move, Mr. President, that the Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms escort the wife of our President to the rostrum and see if she can speed this thing up a little.

Mrs. Marden was then escorted to the rostrum by the Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms amid the applause of the Senate.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would inquire whether H. P. 321, L. D. 458, "An Act Authorizing Bureau of Public Improvements to Study Desirability of a Dam Across Tunk River, is in the possession of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT: The bill is in the possession of the Senate.

Thereupon, on motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate vot-

ed to reconsider its former action whereby this bill was indefinitely postponed; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I would inquire whether H. P. 505, L. D. 707, "An Act Increasing Salaries of Members of the Public Utilities Commission" is in the possession of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT: The Chair will reply in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook, the Senate voted to reconsider its former action whereby the bill was indefinitely postponed; and on further motion by the same Senator, the bill was enacted.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

Recessed to the sound of the bell.

After Recess

Senate called to order by the President.

Additional Papers from the House Conference Committee Report

The Committee of Conference on the disagreeing action of the two branches of the legislature on Bill, "An Act Relating to Minimum Number of School Days in Public Schools (S. P. 598) (L. D. 1565) reported that they are unable to agree.

Comes from the House, read and accepted.

In the Senate, read and accepted in concurrence.

Enactors

Bill, "An Act Relating to Partial Unemployment Benefits and Experience Rating Record under Employment Security Law" (H. P. 872) (L. D. 1259).

Mr. JOHNSON of Somerset: Mr. President, inasmuch as I could not get the proper amendment on this last evening, I now move that it be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. EDMUNDS of Aroostook: Mr. President, I ask for a division.

Mr. HINDS of Somerset; Mr. President, all I want to say is that I endorse the motion of Senator Johnson.

Mr. STILPHEN of Knox: Mr. President, I support the motion of the Senator from Somerset.

Mr. FERGUSON of Oxford: Mr. President and members of the Senate: I doubt very much if we want to kill this bill at this stage. As you know, in 1961 we did enact the Estey Bill, and certainly it was an improvement over the other bill that we had lived with for a number of years, in fact it really improved the fund for people who are really eligible for unemployment payments. I remember when I first came to the legislature in 1953 that we had a fund then of forty-five million dollars and in 1961 before the Estey amendment the fund was down to twenty-two million. Over the past two years we have held it at a fairly steady level with the Estey Bill. To be sure, we have had some inequities in the bill and we have had some complaints about it. The law as written in the statutes was not completely to blame, it was due to some misinterpretation from some of the commissioners at the local level or the employment security officers. We had a little trouble with the bill in industry but now I think the thing is pretty well straightened out, and this new amendment here, L. D. 1259, is to take out some of the inequities that were overlooked at the time we enacted the bill in 1961. I, for one, certainly do not want to make a change at this time. I do not believe that the new law has been in effect for a long enough time to see how it will work out, and I think it would be a step backwards if we were to kill this amendment at this time or the bill L. D. 1251. I hope that you won't go along with the motion of the Senator from Somerset, Senator Johnson.

Mr. JACQUES of Androscoggin: Mr. President and members of the Senate: Seeing that my colleague is not here maybe I should read what he said yesterday. In the first place I do not believe this amendment is any good and I too go along with my colleague, Senator Johnson of Somerset and hope that the motion does prevail.

Mr. PORTEOUS of Cumberland: Mr. President and members of the Senate: I would like to reiterate

my support for this amendment, feeling that it does make a significant change that the workers will appreciate.

The PRESIDENT: The question before the Senate is on the motion of Senator Johnson of Somerset to indefinitely postpone.

A division of the Senate was had.

Six having voted in the affirmative and sixteen opposed, the motion to indefinitely postpone did not prevail.

Thereupon the bill was passed to be enacted.

Senate at Ease

Senate called to Order by the President.

The PRESIDENT: From the Chair to the members of this Senate, your patience and your loyalty is overwhelming.

Enactors

Bill, "An Act to Correct Errors and Inconsistencies in the Public Laws" (S. P. 33) (L. D. 124)

Which was passed to be enacted.

L. D. 1589, "An Act Relating to Salaries of County Officials and Municipal Court Judges and Recorders."

Passed to be enacted.

L. D. 1594, "An Act to Authorize General Fund Bond Issue in amount of \$8,422,000 and to appropriate moneys for Capital Improvements, Construction, Repairs, Equipment, Supplies and Furnishings for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30th, 1964."

This being a bond issue and requiring the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present for passage a division was had. Twenty-seven members having voted in the affirmative and none in the negative, being more than two-thirds of the members present, the bill was passed to be enacted.

S. P. 646, "An Act Making Additional Appropriations for the Expenditures of State Government and for other purposes for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1964 and June 30, 1965."

This being an emergency measure and requiring the affirmative

vote of two-thirds of the entire elected membership of the Senate, a division was had. Twenty-seven members having voted in the affirmative and none in the negative, being more than two-thirds of the entire elected membership, the bill was passed to be enacted as an emergency measure.

From the House:

ORDERED, the Senate concurring, that the 101st Legislature pay special tribute to an adopted son of this Great State of Maine who has contributed immeasurably to the advancement of the field of music throughout the world: The Honorable Pierre Monteux, now a resident of Hancock, Maine.

Pierre Monteux, now in his 88th year, has conducted, at one time or another, over sixty orchestras in the United States and Europe, founded several musical groups, and has been principal conductor of such renowned orchestras as the San Francisco Symphony, Boston Symphony, Concertgebouw Orchestra of Amsterdam, Ballet Russe and Metropolitan Opera Company.

Mr. Monteux, at the age of 86, was appointed, in 1961, principal conductor of the London Symphony Orchestra, a feat not only a tribute to his widely recognized ability, but to the health and vigor engendered by the care given by his Maine-born wife and his residence on the Coast of Maine.

Paramount among the achievements of this distinguished citizen is the establishment of the Domain School of Conducting in Hancock, where he, with devotion and patience, acts as "Maestro" to admiring and eager students; and be it further

ORDERED, that an engrossed copy of this Joint Order be sent by the Secretary of State to Pierre Monteux as visible evidence of the high esteem in which he is held by this legislature.

Which was read and passed in concurrence.

(H. P. 1129)

The PRESIDENT: The Chair will make the following appointments:

To the Interim Joint Committee to Study Common Law, Legal Im-

munities, Senators Campbell and Atherton.

To the Committee on Indian Affairs, Senators Hichborn and Philbrick.

To the Committee on Secondary School Accreditation, Senators Brooks and Hichborn.

To the Committee on Teachers Certification, Senators Farris and Whittaker.

To the Committee on State Subsidies, Senators Whittaker, Reed and Hichborn.

To the Interim Joint Commission to Study Search and Seizures, Senators Stitham and Farris.

To the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, Senator Wyman.

To the Maine School Building Authority, Senator Brooks.

To the Interim Committee to study the feasibility of a third institution, Senator Johnson and Senator Reed.

To the Committee on Revision of the Statutes, Senators Farris and Boardman.

To the Department of Rehabilitation Study, Senator Hinds.

To the Intragovernmental Relations Commission, Senators Cram and Jacques.

To the Legislative Research Committee, Senators Brown, Cole, Wyman, Edmunds, Ferguson, Brooks and Hinds.

Mr. Campbell of Kennebec was granted unanimous consent to address the Senate.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kennebec: Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen of the Senate, it is my pleasure at this time to read to you a poem composed by our efficient and congenial Assistant Secretary, Waldo Clark.

Senator Atherton with his great big smile

Is right on the ball that seems to be his style.

Now Senator Whittaker whom we all admire

Is always dressed in the best of attire.

Senator Philbrick, his seat-mate kind

Always seems to have a lot on his mind.

Senator Harrington watches all with an eye

That always awakes to see that none lie.

From ol' Sagadahoc comes Senator Reed, a man of renown

He has a lot on his mind, which sometimes makes him frown.

Senator Sproul, from the Coast she comes

And by no one around will she be outdone.

Senator Stilphen, he listens with great intent

On Parliamentary procedure he is somewhat bent.

Across the isle, Senator Hichborn patiently sits

No motions he misses — he depends on his wit.

Senator Bill Cole from Waldo County you all know

Is trying to fix School District No. 3 before it goes.

The man next to him, Senator Ferguson straight and tall

Fights like a tiger with his back to the wall.

Now, Senator Pike is small but witty,

He is always ready with some little ditty.

The man on his right, from way down East,

Makes all the motions, but first the skids are greased.

Senator Boardman, a lawyer by trade in the show

Keeps a tag on his coat, so all will know.

Senator Brown whose seat is Number 1

Will be mighty glad when the Legislature's done.

Senator Kimball, whom we all admire

Keeps the telephone busy — lots of help he must hire.

Senator Campbell, an orator from the start

Is right on the ball — he masters the art.

His seat-mate, Ralph Farris tables them all

Prepares an Amendment to fit the call.

Senator Noyes is happy with this political life

He cares not to mingle in any other strife.

He takes it easy — lets the other fellow sweat

He gets his Bills by and never will fret.

Senator Boisvert is very meek
He seldom makes a lengthy speech;
But he is always on the ball
And sometime asks for Senate roll calls.

Senator Couture watches all with a glance,

He talks whenever he thinks he has a chance

To change a vote or make a stand
On a Lewiston Bill or the Employment Plan.

Senator Jacques likes the ladies quite well

When they travel with him, they must look swell.

Senator Stitham sits silently and smokes his pipe

Keeps a very keen interest and speaks when he likes.

The next in line is Senator Johnson, a mighty fine-looking man
Courteous to all and definite in his plans.

Senator Brewster seldom speaks on a Bill

But sure takes his part of the Legislative ills.

He's a mighty good sport and takes all with a grin

Silence is golden but this is the way he wins.

The Senator next door, Letourneau by name

Is very intent and knows how to play the game.

Senator Lovell is Champion of all
He has many Bills and speaks on them all.

The Senate Leader is a hard-working man,

Gives all a fair chance, 'ere the best he can

You give Sen. Edmunds a job, he'll win the great game.

He's tried it before, he'll do it again.

Senator Christie we love very much
And politics will never get her in dutch

She takes all defeats with a great big sigh

And never votes wet but always dry.

Now Senator Cyr, a fine-looking man

Works very hard for the Allagash plan

Electricity and lumber is number one on his list

To win them all is his only wish.
Senator Cram is always at work
And from his duties he never shirks.

Senator Porteous wishes to save them all,

The seat belt law would have answered the call.

Senator Brooks, a quiet and modest man,

Helps his partner Perrin Edmunds with all his plans.

And Senator Hinds, this man of good will,

Wants his share of the money in the Legislature tills.

Last but not least is our President grand

Fair to all who are under his command!

(Applause)

On motion by Mr. Brooks of Cumberland,

ORDERED, The House concurring, that a Committee of three on the part of the Senate, with such as the House may join, be appointed to wait upon the Governor and inform him that both branches of the Legislature have acted on all matters before them and are now ready to receive any communication that he may be pleased to make.

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

The President appointed as Senate members of such committee Senator Pike of Oxford, Senator Christie of Aroostook and Senator Boisvert of Androscoggin.

Subsequently the committee returned and reported that the committee had attended to the duties assigned to it and the Governor was pleased to say that he would attend the session forthwith.

Subsequently the order was returned from the House, read and passed in concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Edmunds of Aroostook,

ORDERED, that a message be sent to the House of Representatives informing that body that the Senate has transacted all the business which has come before it and is ready to adjourn without day.

The President appointed Senator Cole of Waldo to deliver the message.

Subsequently that Senator returned and reported that he had delivered the message which he was charged.

A message was received from the House of Representatives through Mr. Wellman, Majority Floor Leader in the House, that the House had transacted all business before it and was ready to adjourn without day.

At this time, the Hon. John H. Reed, Governor of Maine entered the Senate Chamber and addressed the Senate as follows:

GOVERNOR REED: The hour of adjournment has arrived and I wish to thank you for the service which you have rendered the state in considering the many legislative matters which were presented to you.

The citizens of Maine are grateful for the sacrifice of your time during these long weeks and for the painstaking manner in which you have conducted the business of the state in this one hundred and first session. I am certain they would wish me to convey an expression of appreciation for your work.

I submit to you herewith a tabulation of the results of the action of the 101st Legislature:

There were 552 acts approved.

There were 94 resolves approved.

When I addressed you first in January my purpose was to outline a plan whereby state government would lend to the fullest extent of its capabilities support for economic development, educational opportunity and improved human welfare.

My fiscal program and revenue proposal to raise the monies required to fund the budget were presented to you in full realization that you would be faced with a very difficult financial decision for the State of Maine.

Let us look briefly at the record which you have written. I believe that it is a good record, one that will bring credit to this Legislature.

Of necessity and primarily due to build-in increases, I presented to you an unbalanced General Operating

Budget for the next biennium. You have recognized the need for this budget and have enacted a one per cent increase in the rate of our primary revenue source, the sales and use tax.

In so doing you have resolved the basic problem facing the State of Maine at this time. Your action has assured the continuation of state services without reduction during the next two years. The urgent need for state educational subsidy payments to the local communities will also be met.

In the field of new and expanded state services and in the area of capital improvements, a measure of progress has been achieved, even though not all goals were attained. A rearrangement of priorities and changing conditions during the session modified some of the proposals. Others failed of majority support and thus remain to challenge the thinking of future legislative bodies.

I can, however, express pleasure with the recognition which you have given to the desirability of moving the State of Maine ahead as rapidly as our resources will permit.

The legislative road has not been an easy one. The deliberations have been long and differences have arisen. Such is, of course, inevitable in the legislative process, but you have resolved those differences in an effective manner.

You have drawn the blueprint for state government for the coming biennium and it shall be my aim now to strictly administer the law with efficiency and with the highest regard for economies in the use of the funds which you have provided.

I have been extremely pleased with the excellent leadership in both branches this session and have enjoyed my association with the individual members. It has been a real pleasure to know you and to work with you.

Mrs. Reed and I will remember the occasions when you have visited us at Blaine House and it has also been a pleasure for me to greet you in my office. I hope that we will maintain this fine relationship in the future and that you will stop and say hello when you are at the Capitol.

In closing, may I state that I value your friendship and appreciate the cooperation and counsel you have given me. May you have a safe journey home, a pleasant summer and a future filled with success and happiness.

Mr. PIKE of Oxford: Mr. President and ladies and gentlemen: It seems as if this is the time for us to say goodbye finally. The last day of the legislature always seems like a graduation, we are glad to get out but there is always just a little tone of sadness in it. We have been

together almost six months and we have made friendships that will always last. I would like to yield to the good lady Senator, Mrs. Christie of Aroostook.

Mrs. CHRISTIE of Aroostook: Mr. President and members of the Senate: I now move that the 101st Legislature be adjourned sine die.

Thereupon, at 11:46 P.M. on Saturday, June 22, 1963 the Honorable Robert A. Marden, President of the Senate declared the Senate of the 101st Legislature adjourned without day.