

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 6, 2010 to April 12, 2010

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JULY 12, 2010

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine 2010

<u>30th of each year, beginning in 2011, the following information:</u>

A. Employment, payroll and state withholding data necessary to calculate the base level of employment;

B. The total number of employees added during the previous year within the base area above the base level of employment, including additional associated payroll and withholding data necessary to calculate the job tax increment and establish the appropriate payment to the fund;

C. A listing of all employers within the base area that pay withholding taxes, the locations of those employers and the number of employees at each location;

D. A listing of all affiliated businesses, data regarding current employment, payroll and Maine income tax withholding for each affiliated business within the base area; and

E. Any information required by the assessor to determine the employment tax increment revenues pursuant to Title 36, chapter 917.

5. Procedure for payment of revenue to the fund. On or before July 15th of each year, the assessor shall review the information required by subsection 4 and calculate the job tax increment for the preceding calendar year. The assessor shall also calculate the employment tax increment in the base area for reimbursement to qualified businesses and qualified Pine Tree Development Zone businesses pursuant to Title 36, chapter 917. On or before July 15th of each year, the assessor shall certify to the State Controller the total remaining job tax increment after reimbursements have been made to qualified businesses and <u>qualified Pine Tree Development Zone businesses and</u> <u>pursuant to Title 36, chapter 917. On or before July</u> <u>31st of each year, the State Controller shall transfer</u> 50% of the remaining job tax increment to the state job tax increment contingent account established, maintained and administered by the State Controller from General Fund undedicated revenue within the withholding tax category. On or before July 31st of each year, the State Controller shall deposit this revenue into the fund and distribute the payments pursuant to subsection 3.

6. Administration. The Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services shall administer the fund and may adopt rules pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act for implementation of the fund. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules pursuant to chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Sec. 10. Establishment of campus. The Maine Community College System shall establish the Midcoast Campus as a campus of Southern Maine

Community College at Brunswick Naval Air Station. The Maine Community College System shall establish the Midcoast Campus to:

1. Collaborate with other higher education entities and enter into partnerships with businesses and industry on workforce development, innovation, product development and marketing;

2. Support an incubator center in manufacturing, composites and advanced energy systems; and

3. Offer seamless transfer programs among associate degree programs, bachelor's degree programs and master's degree programs.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective April 12, 2010.

CHAPTER 642

S.P. 582 - L.D. 1504

An Act To Provide Predictable Benefits to Maine Communities That Host Wind Energy Developments

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

PART A

Sec. A-1. 12 MRSA §685-F, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 107, §2 and affected by §4, is amended to read:

3. Accounting system. The director shall require that all staff involved in any aspect of an application review for a project designated as an extraordinary project keep accurate and regular daily time records. These records must describe the matters worked on, services performed and amount of time devoted to those matters and services as well as amounts of money expended in performing those functions. The director shall keep records of all expenses incurred in reviewing a project, including staff time records-and, billing statements for contracted services and billing statements for the actual cost of review.

Sec. A-2. 35-A MRSA §3451, sub-§1-B is enacted to read:

1-B. Community benefit agreement. "Community benefit agreement" means an agreement between the developer of an expedited wind energy development and a host community that involves payments by the developer to the host community to be utilized for public purposes, including, but not limited to, for property tax reductions, economic development projects, land and natural resource conservation, tourism promotion or reduction of energy costs, and that specifies in writing:

A. The value of any lump sum payments made by the developer to the host community; and

B. Any payment schedule and associated terms and conditions for payments to be made over time by the developer to the host community.

Sec. A-3. 35-A MRSA §3451, sub-§1-C is enacted to read:

<u>1-C. Community benefits package.</u> "Community benefits package" means the aggregate collection of tangible benefits resulting from any of the following:

A. Payments, not including property tax payments, to the host community or communities, including, but not limited to, payments under community benefit agreements;

B. Payments that reduce energy costs in the host community or communities; and

<u>C.</u> Any donations for land or natural resource conservation.

Sec. A-4. 35-A MRSA §3451, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 661, Pt. A, §7, is amended to read:

7. Host community. "Host community" means a municipality, township or plantation in which the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located.:

A. The following entities:

(1) A municipality or plantation in which the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located;

(2) If the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located in a township, the county in which those facilities are located;

(3) If the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located on Passamaquoddy Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 6, the Passamaquoddy Tribe, if the Passamaquoddy Tribe notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development:

(4) If the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located on Penobscot Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 9, the Penobscot Nation if the Penobscot Nation notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development; or

(5) If the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located on Qualifying Band Trust Land, the Aroostook Band of Micmacs, if the Aroostook Band of Micmacs notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development; and

B. When the generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located within the State's unorganized or deorganized areas and the developer selects a municipality; plantation; township; Passamaquoddy Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 6; Penobscot Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 9; or Qualifying Band Trust Land proximate to the location of the generating facilities for the purpose of providing specific tangible benefits:

(1) In the case of a municipality or plantation that is selected, the municipality or plantation;

(2) In the case of a township that is selected, the county in which that township is located;

(3) In the case of Passamaquoddy Indian territory that is selected, the Passamaquoddy Tribe if the Passamaquoddy Tribe notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development;

(4) In the case of Penobscot Indian territory that is selected, the Penobscot Nation if the Penobscot Nation notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development; and

(5) In the case of Qualifying Band Trust Land that is selected, the Aroostook Band of Micmacs, if the Aroostook Band of Micmacs notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development.

An expedited wind energy development may have multiple host communities.

Sec. A-5. 35-A MRSA §3451, sub-§8-A is enacted to read:

8-A. Qualifying Band Trust Land. "Qualifying Band Trust Land" means Band Trust Land, as defined in the federal Aroostook Band of Micmacs Settlement Act, Public Law 102-171, 105 Stat. 1143 (1991), over which the Aroostook Band of Micmacs possesses municipal authority with respect to expedited wind energy development. For purposes of this subsection, "municipal authority" means the rights, privileges, powers and immunities of a municipality that are specified in legislation specifically authorizing the exercise of those government powers and that are equivalent to the rights, privileges, powers and immunities possessed by the Penobscot Nation and the Passamaquoddy Tribe with respect to expedited wind energy development within their respective Indian territories pursuant to Title 30, section 6206.

Sec. A-6. 35-A MRSA §3451, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 661, Pt. A, §7, is amended to read:

"Tangible benefits" Tangible benefits. 10. means environmental or economic improvements or benefits to residents of this State attributable to the construction, operation and maintenance of an expedited wind energy development, including but not limited to: property tax payments resulting from the development; other payments to a host community, including, but not limited to, payments under a community benefit agreement; construction-related employment; local purchase of materials; employment in operations and maintenance; reduced property taxes; reduced electrical rates; land or natural resource conservation; performance of construction, operations and maintenance activities by trained, qualified and licensed workers in accordance with Title 32, chapter 17 and other applicable laws; or other comparable benefits, with particular attention to assurance of such benefits to the host community or communities to the extent practicable and affected neighboring communities.

Sec. A-7. 35-A MRSA §3454, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 661, Pt. A, §7, is amended to read:

§3454. Determination of tangible benefits; requirements

In making findings pursuant to Title 12, section 685-B, subsection 4 or Title 38, section 484, subsection 3, the primary siting authority shall presume that an expedited wind energy development provides energy and emissions-related benefits described in section 3402 and shall make additional findings regarding other tangible benefits provided by the development. The Department of Labor, the Executive Department, State Planning Office and the Public Utilities Commission shall provide review comments if requested by the primary siting authority.

1. Documentation. As part of any permit application for an expedited wind energy development, the

applicant shall include the following information regarding tangible benefits, except that the applicant may submit the information required under paragraph D as an addendum to the permit application during the period in which the application is pending:

A. Estimated jobs to be created statewide and in the host community or communities, as a result of construction, maintenance and operations of the project:

B. Estimated annual generation of wind energy;

C. Projected property tax payments;

D. A description of the community benefits package, including but not limited to community benefit agreement payments, to be provided in accordance with the requirements of subsection 2; and

E. Any other tangible benefits to be provided by the project.

2. Community benefits package requirement. Except as provided in subsection 3, to demonstrate that an expedited wind energy development provides significant tangible benefits as required in Title 12, section 685-B, subsection 4-B and Title 38, section 484, subsection 10, the applicant for an expedited wind energy development is required to establish a community benefits package valued at no less than \$4,000 per year per wind turbine included in the expedited wind energy development, averaged over a 20-year period. This subsection does not affect the property tax obligations of an expedited wind energy development.

3. Community benefits package requirement; exceptions. The community benefits package requirement under subsection 2:

A. Is waived for any expedited wind energy development that:

(1) Has an installed capacity of less than 20 megawatts; or

(2) Is owned by a nonprofit entity, a public entity or a quasi-public entity; and

B. Does not apply to those turbines included in the development that are located:

(1) In a host community in which the legislative body has voted to waive or reduce the community benefits package requirement:

(2) On Passamaquoddy Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 6, unless the Passamaquoddy Tribe notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for the purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development;

(3) On Penobscot Indian territory, as defined in Title 30, section 6203, subsection 9, unless the Penobscot Nation notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for the purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development; or

(4) On Qualifying Band Trust Land unless the Aroostook Band of Micmacs notifies the primary siting authority that it chooses to be considered a host community for the purposes of this chapter with respect to the expedited wind energy development.

The community benefits package requirement applies to any turbines of the development that are not exempted under subparagraph (1), (2), (3) or (4).

Nothing in this subsection limits a host community's authority to require an expedited wind energy development to enter into a community benefit agreement and to fulfill its property tax obligations.

4. Community benefit agreement payments to counties. When generating facilities of an expedited wind energy development are located within an unorganized or deorganized area other than within a plantation, community benefit agreement payments provided to the county as the host community in accordance with this section may be used for projects and programs of public benefit located anywhere within that county.

5. Promoting economic development and resource conservation; assistance to host communities. To the extent practicable within existing resources, the Department of Economic and Community Development and the Executive Department, State Planning Office, shall provide, upon the request of a host community, assistance for the purpose of helping the host community maximize the economic development and resource conservation benefits from tax payments and payments made pursuant to a community benefit agreement or a community benefits package in connection with expedited wind energy developments. As part of this assistance, the department and the office shall support host communities in identifying additional funding and developing regional economic and natural resource conservation strategies.

Sec. A-8. 38 MRSA §352, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2009, c. 160, §1, is further amended to read:

3. Maximum fee. The commissioner shall set the actual fees and shall publish a schedule of all fees by November 1st of each year. If the commissioner determines that a particular application, by virtue of its size, uniqueness, complexity or other relevant factors, is likely to require significantly more costs than those listed on Table I, the commissioner may designate that

application as subject to special fees. Such a designation must be made at, or prior to, the time the application is accepted as complete and may not be based solely on the likelihood of extensive public controversy. The maximum fee for processing an application may not exceed \$250,000. All department staff of the department, the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, the Department of Conservation, the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources and the Department of Marine Resources who have worked on the review of the application, including, but not limited to, preapplication consultations, shall submit quarterly reports to the commissioner detailing the time spent on the application and all expenses attributable to the application, including the costs of any appeals filed by the applicant and, after taking into consideration the interest of fairness and equity, any other appeals if the commissioner finds it in the public interest to do so. Any appeal filed by the applicant of an application fee must be to the agency of jurisdiction of the application. The costs associated with assistance to the board on an appeal before the board may be separately charged. The processing fee for that application must be the actual cost to the department, the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, the Department of Conservation, the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources and the Department of Marine Resources. The processing fee must be distributed to each department that incurs a cost to be deposited in the account in which the expenses were incurred in that department to reimburse the actual cost to that department. The applicant must be billed quarterly and all fees paid prior to receipt of the permit. Nothing in this section limits the commissioner's authority to enter into an agreement with an applicant for payment of costs in excess of the maximum fee established in this subsection.

Sec. A-9. PL 2007, c. 661, Pt. A, §8 is amended to read:

Sec. A-8. Tracking progress toward achievement of state wind energy goals; assessment of tangible benefits. The Executive Department, Governor's Office of Energy Independence and Security, referred to in this section as "the office,' shall, on an annual basis, monitor and make an assessment of tangible benefits provided by expedited wind energy developments in accordance with the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 3454 and the State's progress toward meeting the wind energy development goals established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 3404, subsection 2 and. by December 2013, in consultation with other state agencies as appropriate, conduct a full review of the status of meeting the goals for 2015 and the likelihood of achieving the goals for 2020. The office shall provide its assessment and recommendations under this section to the joint standing committee of the Legisla-

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ture having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters by January 15th of each year.

1. Assessment. The assessment under this section must include:

A. Examination of experiences from the permitting process;

B. Identified successes, including tangible benefits realized from wind energy development, in implementing the recommendations contained in the February 2008 final report of the Governor's Task Force on Wind Power Development in Maine pursuant to Executive Order issued May 8, 2007;

B-1. A summary of tangible benefits provided by expedited wind energy developments including, but not limited to, documentation of community benefits packages and community benefit agreement payments provided. The assessment must also include a review of the community benefits package requirement under Title 35-A, section 3454, subsection 2 and the actual amount of negotiated community benefits packages relative to the statutorily required minimum amount;

C. Projections of wind energy developers' plans, as well as technology trends and their state policy implications;

D. The status of Maine and each of the other New England states in making progress toward reducing greenhouse gas emissions; and

E. Recommendations, including, but not limited to, any changes regarding:

(1) The wind energy development goals established in Title 35-A, section 3404, subsection 2;

(2) Permitting processes for wind energy development;

(3) Identification of places within the State's unorganized and deorganized areas for inclusion in the expedited permitting area established pursuant to Title 35-A, chapter 34-A; and

(4) Creation of an independent siting authority to consider wind energy development applications-<u>: and</u>

(5) The community benefits package requirement under Title 35-A, section 3454, subsection 2.

2. Assessment of tangible benefits; first annual report. In the report due January 15, 2009, the office shall include an assessment of whether there is a need for additional funding to conduct the analysis of tangible benefits realized from wind energy development as required under this section and, if funding is needed, recommendations for a funding mechanism that is

connected to the fees assessed to wind energy developers by the Department of Environmental Protection and the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission. Following receipt and review of the report, the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and energy matters may submit legislation to the First Regular Session of the 124th Legislature regarding the subject matter of this subsection.

Sec. A-10. Application. This Part does not affect the determination of tangible benefits for any expedited wind energy development pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 3454 for which a permit application has been submitted to the primary siting authority prior to the effective date of this Act.

PART B

Sec. B-1. 12 MRSA §689, as amended by PL 1979, c. 127, §70, is further amended to read:

§689. Appeal

Persons aggrieved by final actions of the commission, including without limitation any final decision of the commission with respect to any application for approval or the adoption by the commission of any district boundary or amendment thereto, may appeal therefrom in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII 7. Appeals of final actions of the commission regarding an application for an expedited wind energy development, as defined in Title 35-A, section 3451, subsection 4, must be taken to the Supreme Judicial Court sitting as the Law Court in ac-cordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 7 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80C. The Law Court has exclusive jurisdiction over requests for judicial review of final actions of the commission regarding expedited wind energy developments. This right of appeal, with respect to any commission action to which this right may apply, shall be in lieu of the rights provided under Title 5, section 8058, subsection 1.

Sec. B-2. 35-A MRSA §3458 is enacted to read:

<u>§3458. Judicial appeal; municipal permitting deci-</u> sion

Any judicial appeal of a municipal decision regarding permitting of an expedited wind energy development that is taken in the manner provided in the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80B must be heard and determined by the Superior Court as expeditiously as possible.

Sec. B-3. 38 MRSA §346, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2007, c. 661, Pt. B, §7, is further amended to read:

1. Appeal to Superior Court. Except as provided in <u>subsection 4 and</u> section 347-A, subsection 3

or 4, any person aggrieved by any order or decision of the board or commissioner may appeal to the Superior Court. These appeals to the Superior Court must be taken in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 7.

Sec. B-4. 38 MRSA §346, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2007, c. 661, Pt. B, §8, is amended to read:

4. Appeal of decision regarding an expedited wind energy development. A person aggrieved by an order or decision of judicial appeal of final action by the board or commissioner regarding an application for an expedited wind energy development, as defined in Title 35-A, section 3451, subsection 4, may appeal must be taken to the Supreme Judicial Court sitting as the law court Law Court. The Law Court has exclusive jurisdiction over request for judicial review of final action by the commissioner or the board regarding expedited wind energy developments. These appeals to the law court Law Court must be taken in the manner provided in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 7 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80C.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 643

S.P. 707 - L.D. 1804

An Act Concerning Certain MaineCare Rules Regarding Services Provided through the Child Development Services System and School Administrative Units

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, this Act is intended to provide legislative oversight of rules adopted by the Department of Health and Human Services that relate to implementation of special education and related services provided through the Child Development Services System and school administrative units; and

Whereas, it is critical that this oversight begin as soon as possible to ensure protection of children in this State in need of services; and

Whereas, this legislation must take effect prior to July 1, 2010 in order for the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Education to provide information and training to Child Development Services System regional sites and school administrative units regarding the implementation of revised rules governing Medicaid payment for services that qualify for reimbursement; and

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Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §3174-PP is enacted to read:

<u>§3174-PP. Medicaid reimbursement for eligible</u> services provided through the Child Development Services System and school administrative units

1. Consultation. Prior to adopting or amending any rule that pertains to the administration of a program of Medicaid coverage established by the department pursuant to this chapter for services that qualify for reimbursement and are provided through the auspices of the Child Development Services System and school administrative units in accordance with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 United States Code, Section 1400 et seq., the Office of MaineCare Services shall consult with the following interested parties on the proposed adoption or amendment of rules:

A. The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's designee;

B. The Executive Director of the Maine School Management Association or the executive director's designee;

C. The executive director of a statewide organization of administrators of services for children with disabilities or the executive director's designee;

D. The executive director of a statewide organization for disability rights or the executive director's designee; and

E. The Executive Director of the Maine Developmental Disabilities Council or the executive director's designee.

2. Monthly report. The Office of MaineCare Services shall prepare and submit at the beginning of each month a report that includes a detailed statement of the status of any proposed adoption or amendment of rules that pertain to the Medicaid programs specified in subsection 1 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over education matters and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health and human services matters.

Sec. 2. Rules. The Department of Health and Human Services shall amend or adopt routine technical rules pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title