MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 1, 1982 to June 24, 1983 Chapters 1-452

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

J.S. McCarthy Co., Inc. Augusta, Maine 1983

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED AT THE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

and

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

of the

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

1983

by interested parties who personally appeared at the interview. Upon request and notice to all parties at the interview, the deputy may accept corroborative documentary evidence after the interview. In no other case may the deputy base his decision on evidence received after the interview has been held.

Effective September 23, 1983.

CHAPTER 247

H.P. 326 - L.D. 385

AN ACT Concerning the Qualifications of Attorneys Moving to Maine from Other Jurisdictions.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

4 MRSA \$804, 2nd \P , as amended by PL 1979, c. 541, Pt. A, \$14, is further amended to read:

In addition to the foregoing requirements, each applicant shall produce to the board satisfactory evidence that he has graduated from a law school approved by the board; or that he has successfully completed 2/3 of the requirements for graduation from a law school approved by the board and thereafter has pursued the study of law in the office of some attorney within the State of Maine for at least one year; or that he is an attorney who has been admitted by examination to practice in another jurisdiction the United States and who has been in the active practice of law in that jurisdiction, or any other jurisdiction in the United States to which he was appropriately admitted, for a period of at least 3 years one year. When an applicant shall have satisfied the board that the foregoing requirements have been fulfilled and has paid a fee fixed by the board and approved by the Supreme Judicial Court, he shall be eligible to take such written examination prepared adopted by the board and such oral examination as the board deems appropriate to determine whether or not such applicant has the qualifications required by this chapter for admission to the bar. Upon such examination being completed, the board shall issue to each applicant who received the passing grade established by the board, or better, and who has satisfied the requirements and qualifications set forth in this chapter, a certificate of qualification recommending his admission to the bar.

Effective September 23, 1983.