

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS  
OF THE  
STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

January 5, 1977 to July 25, 1977

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH IN  
ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,  
TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

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PORTLAND LITHOGRAPH COMPANY  
PORTLAND, MAINE  
1977

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PUBLIC LAWS  
OF THE  
**STATE OF MAINE**

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Sec. 3. 23 MRSA §§ 2401 - 2405 and § 2407 are repealed.

Sec. 4. 23 MRSA § 2954 is repealed.

Sec. 5. 23 MRSA § 3651, 1st sentence, is amended to read:

Highways, town ways and streets legally established shall be opened and kept in repair so as to be safe and convenient for travelers with motor vehicles ~~horses, teams and carriages~~.

Sec. 6. 23 MRSA § 3657 is repealed.

Effective October 24, 1977

## CHAPTER 364

### AN ACT to Permit Farmers to Shoot Marauding Animals.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

12 MRSA § 2354, sub-§ 7, as enacted by PL 1971, c. 231, § 5, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

7. Destruction of property. Except as provided in subsection 1 as it applies to deer, any person may lawfully kill, or cause to be killed, any wild animal night or day, except beaver or any wild bird, found in the act of attacking, worrying or wounding that person's domestic animals or destroying that person's property.

Effective October 24, 1977

## CHAPTER 365

### AN ACT Relating to the Practice of Real Estate Brokers and Salesmen.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

32 MRSA § 4056, as last amended by PL 1975, c. 767, §§ 55-58, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§ 4056. Investigations; hearings; suspension or revocation of license

1. Investigations. The director shall, upon order of the commission or upon receipt of a verified written complaint, investigate the actions of any real estate broker, real estate salesman or any person who shall assume to act in either capacity. Upon completion of the investigation, the director shall report his findings to the commission. The commission shall consider the findings of the investigation and may convene a hearing to assist it in determining whether a violation of this chapter has occurred.

A. If the commission finds that a violation of this chapter has occurred by any of the aforementioned persons, it shall:

- (1) Report its findings to the Attorney General or District Attorney for prosecution; or
- (2) If it finds that there are mitigating circumstances, reprimand the person; or
- (3) Require the person to comply with such terms and conditions as are determined by the commission necessary to correct or prevent the basis for the complaint.

A record of the proceedings shall be made and retained by the director.

B. If the commission finds that no violation of this chapter has occurred, it shall dismiss the matter and so advise all parties involved.

2. Hearings. Hearings may be conducted by the commission to assist with investigations, to determine if cause exists for denial of a license or to determine cause for revocation or suspension of a certificate of approval or for any other purpose. Notice shall be given to all interested parties at least 10 days prior to the date on which the hearing is set.

3. Suspension or revocation of license. After hearing, the Administrative Court Judge as designated in Title 5, Part 6, shall have the power to suspend or revoke any license issued under this chapter at any time when:

A. A licensee is found guilty of one or more of the following acts:

- (1) Intentionally using advertising which is misleading or inaccurate in any material particular or in any way misrepresents any property, terms, values, policies or services;
- (2) Failure to account for or remit any money coming into his possession belonging to others;
- (3) Commingling the money or other property of his principals with his own;
- (4) Failure to maintain a trust account and deposit all money received by a broker acting in such capacity or as trustee, or the temporary custodian of the funds of others, in a real estate transaction;
- (5) Accepting, giving or charging any undisclosed commission, rebate or direct profit on expenditures made for a principal;

- (6) Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker, other than the licensed broker, without the express knowledge and consent of the licensed broker;
- (7) Accepting a commission or other valuable consideration by a salesman from anyone other than the broker under whom he is licensed;
- (8) Acting in a dual capacity of agent and undisclosed principal in any transaction;
- (9) Guaranteeing or authorizing any person to guarantee future profits which may result from the resale of real property;
- (10) Placing a sign on any property offering it for sale or rent without the written consent of the owner or his authorized agent;
- (11) Offering real estate for sale or lease without the knowledge and consent of the owner or his authorized agent or on terms other than those authorized by the owner or his authorized agent;

This subparagraph shall not mean that a broker is prohibited from communicating the interest of a prospective purchaser to an owner of real estate who has not listed his property for sale;

- (12) Inducing any party to a contract of sale or lease to break such contract for the purpose of substituting, in lieu thereof, a new contract with another principal;
- (13) Negotiating a listing, sale, exchange or lease of real estate directly with an owner or lessor if it is known that such owner has a written outstanding contract in connection with the property granting an exclusive agency or an exclusive right to sell listing to another broker;
- (14) Using prizes, money, free gifts or other valuable consideration as inducements to (a) secure customers to purchase, rent or lease property when the awarding of prizes, money, free gifts or other valuable consideration is conditioned upon the purchase, rental or lease, or (b) secure clients to list properties with licensees, or (c) solicit, sell or offer for sale real estate by offering free lots or conducting lotteries for the purpose of influencing a purchaser or prospective purchaser of real estate;
- (15) Paying a commission or compensation to any unlicensed person for performing the services of a broker or salesman. This subsection shall not apply to a broker who is licensed in his state of residence;
- (16) Failure to include a fixed date of expiration in any written listing agreement and failing to leave a copy of the agreement with the principal;
- (17) Failure to deliver within a reasonable time a completed copy of any purchase agreement or offer to buy or sell real estate to the purchaser and to the seller;
- (18) Failure by a broker who is closing the transaction at the time that

the real estate transaction is closed to deliver to the seller a complete, detailed closing statement showing all of the receipts and disbursements handled by the broker for the seller; to deliver to the buyer a complete statement showing all money received by the broker in the transaction from the buyer and the method, amounts and for what the money was disbursed; and to retain true copies of the statements in his file. Furnishing of such statements by an escrowee shall relieve the broker's responsibility and shall be deemed to be in compliance with this provision;

- (19) Making any substantial misrepresentations;
- (20) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he acts;
- (21) Failure by a salesman to place, as soon after receipt as practicable, in the custody of his licensed broker any deposit money or other money or funds entrusted to him by any person dealing with him as the representative of his licensed broker;
- (22) Violating any rule or regulation promulgated by the commission;
- (23) Representing to any lender, guaranteeing agency or any other interested party, either verbally or through the preparation of false documents, an amount in excess of the true and actual sale price of the real estate or terms differing from those actually agreed upon;
- (24) Failure to make known to any purchaser any interest the licensee has in the property he is selling;
- (25) Failure of the licensee to inform the buyer and seller at the time an offer is presented which party will be expected to pay the following closing costs: Proration of real estate taxes, proration of rents, title examination fee and real estate transfer tax;
- (26) Accepting a note as earnest money unless that fact is communicated to the owner prior to his acceptance of the offer to purchase, and such fact is shown in the contract;
- (27) Failure to deposit any check or cash received as an earnest money deposit within 2 business days of the acceptance of the offer.
- (28) Failure to produce to the commission or its authorized representative any requested documents, book or record in the licensee's possession or under his control, concerning any real estate transaction under investigation by the commission.
- (29) Failure to submit all written bona fide offers to a seller when such offers are received prior to the seller accepting an offer in writing and until the broker has knowledge of the acceptance;
- (30) Failure to disclose to a buyer a known material defect, not openly apparent, regarding the condition of a parcel of real estate of which a broker or salesman has knowledge;

(31) Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or remit any money coming into his possession which belongs to others; or

(32) The broker or salesman shall have been convicted in any court subsequent to the effective date of this section of any Class C crime or above, or of Class D crimes involving moral turpitude or the equivalent thereto; or

B. A licensee is found guilty of any act or conduct, whether of the same or different character than specified in paragraph A, which constitutes or demonstrates bad faith, incompetency or untrustworthiness, or dishonest, fraudulent or improper dealings.

4. Acts relating to qualifications for a license. The Administrative Court Judge shall, in addition, have authority to revoke or suspend any license issued under this chapter at any time, after hearing, when the licensee performs any act or acts or offers or attempts or agrees to do any act or acts, for which the commission may lawfully refuse to issue a license to any applicant.

5. Acts of salesmen, employees, partners or associates. Any unlawful act or violation of any of the provisions of this chapter by any real estate salesman, employee or partner or associate of a licensed real estate broker shall be cause for the revocation or suspension of a license of such real estate broker, if it appears to the satisfaction of the Administrative Court Judge that the broker had actual knowledge thereof or if, by acting in a reasonable manner, he should have had knowledge thereof.

Effective October 24, 1977

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## CHAPTER 366

### AN ACT to Allow Free Hunting and Fishing Licenses to Maine Disabled War Veterans.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

12 MRSA § 2401-B, sub-§ 15-A is enacted to read:

15-A. Complimentary licenses to disabled war veterans. A complimentary license to hunt or fish, or a combination hunting and fishing license, shall be issued to any resident of Maine who is a veteran, as defined in Title 37-A, section 28, has a service connected disability of 75% or more, as a result of honorable military service, who has served in a combat zone during either World War I, World War II, Korean War or the Viet Nam War and who applies for that license to the commissioner. This application shall be accompanied by a xerox or photo copy of the applicants final DD form 214 or other evidence satisfactory to the commissioner that the applicant meets the requirements of this subsection. Each license issued under this subsection shall remain valid for 3 calendar years from the date of its issue.

Effective October 24, 1977