MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

One Hundred and First Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

Published by the Director of Legislative Research in accordance with the Revised Statutes of 1954, Chapter 10, Section 27, Subsection VI.

The Knowlton and McLeary Company
Farmington, Maine
1963

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the One Hundred and First Legislature

1963

CHAP. 154

PUBLIC LAWS, 1963

'Sec. 13-A. Funds for enforcement. The Insurance Commissioner is hereby empowered to expend up to 20% \$2,500 of the funds accrued to the Electricians Examining board for the employment of one or more state fire inspectors, subject to the provisions of the Personnel Law, to assist in the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and for the purchase of necessary electrical testing equipment. Such expenditures of accrued funds shall terminate upon the employment of one or more state electrical inspectors.'

Effective September 21, 1963

Chapter 153

AN ACT Providing for Appointment of Municipal Historians.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 90-A, § 6-A, additional. Chapter 90-A of the Revised Statutes, as enacted by section 1 of chapter 405 of the public laws of 1957, is amended by adding a new section 6-A, to read as follows:

'Sec. 6-A. Employment of historian. A municipality may appoint an historian with such duties and compensation as said municipality may determine.'

Effective September 21, 1963

Chapter 154

AN ACT Providing for Oxford County Funds for Buildings for Education Programs for Retarded Children.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after the adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, if any county, through its board of county commissioners, wishes to aid in the construction of buildings for educational programs for retarded children, the funds necessary for such aid should be in the county estimates for 1963; and

Whereas, to provide such aid as soon as possible is vitally necessary to provide education to some of our unfortunate children and is in the best interest of the State of Maine; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,