

ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Ninety-first and Ninety-second Legislatures

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

From April 10, 1943 to April 21, 1945 AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE PAPERS From April 10, 1943 to May 24, 1945

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Ninety-second Legislature

1945

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where state stores are in operation or where such stores have been authorized, either under the terms of the act creating the commission or at any biennial state election, grant licenses for the sale of liquor to be consumed on the premises where sold, in accordance with the provisions of this ehapter the local option law.'

Effective July 21, 1945

Chapter 143

AN ACT Relating to Use of Gill Net in Taking White Fish in Junior Lake, Washington County.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 33, § 28, amended. The last sentence of section 28 of chapter 33 of the revised statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

'Except that gill nets of not larger than 1¼ inch mesh may be used in the taking of white fish in Eastern Grand lake and Hot Brook lake in Aroostook and Washington counties and in Baskahegan lake, Pocumpus lake and, Western Grand lake and Junior lake, all in Washington county, and in Mattawamkeag lake in Aroostook county during the month of November of each year.'

Effective July 21, 1945

Note: See Fish and Game Revision, § 44.

Chapter 144

AN ACT Increasing the Salaries of the Members of the Industrial Accident Commission.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 26, § 29, amended. The 3rd paragraph of section 29 of chapter 26 of the revised statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

'The chairman shall receive a salary of $\frac{1}{5,500}$ \$6,000 per year, and the other commissioners a salary of $\frac{1}{5,500}$ \$5,500 each per year. The commissioner of labor and industry, in addition to his salary as such, shall receive

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for his services as a member of the commission \$1,000 per year. The members of the commission shall also receive their actual, necessary, cash expenses while away from their office on official business of the commission.'

Effective July 21, 1945

Chapter 145

AN ACT Relating to Compromise of Claims.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., c. 141, § 66, amended. Section 66 of chapter 141 of the revised statutes is hereby repealed and the following enacted in place thereof:

'Sec. 66. Compromise of claims. The judge after a hearing, public or personal notice of which shall have been given in accordance with order of court, may authorize executors or administrators to adjust, by arbitration or compromise, any claims for money or other property in favor of or against the estates by them represented and likewise any other actions either at law or in equity of whatsoever nature wherein such executors or administrators are parties.

Any such award or compromise, if found by the judge just and reasonable in its effect upon all persons who may then or at any time thereafter be or become interested in said estate, shall be valid and binding on such persons; provided, however, that where it shall appear that the interests of any persons under disability not represented by guardian or any future contingent interest may be affected the court may appoint some suitable person or persons to represent such persons under disability or future interest.'

Sec. 2. R. S., c. 141, § 66-A, additional. Chapter 141 of the revised statutes is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered 66-A, to read as follows:

'Sec. 66-A. Authority to carry on business. Whenever it is made to appear to the judge that it is clearly for the benefit of all parties interested and will result in a material increase of the assets of the estate, the judge may authorize and direct that the business of the deceased, in whole or in