

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SEVENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1909

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of
June 28, 1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1909

PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-fourth
Legislature

1909

law to the treasurer of Penobscot county, but no account required by this section shall be deemed sufficient unless verified by oath of the judge.

Section 14. The town of Millinocket may, if it shall so vote, at any regularly held town meeting, provide a suitable court room in said Millinocket, conveniently situated and appropriately fitted up and furnished, in which to hold said court, and keep the same in proper condition for use, and it shall be deemed and denominated the court room, though used also for other purposes if approved by the judge. Said town of Millinocket shall provide for said court an appropriate seal, and all blanks, blank books, dockets, stationery, and other things necessary for the transaction of its business; and said town is hereby authorized to appropriate money therefor.

Town of Millinocket may provide suitable court room.

—shall provide seal, blanks, stationery and supplies for said court.

Section 15. The judge shall receive a salary in full for all services of six hundred dollars per annum to be paid him by the county of Penobscot, and the recorder a salary of one hundred dollars per annum, payable quarterly.

Salary of judge.

Section 16. Trial justices are hereby restricted from exercising any civil or criminal jurisdiction in the town of Millinocket and the Indian townships, and they are restricted from exercising any civil jurisdiction also in the towns of East Millinocket and Medway, over any matter or thing except such as are within the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, and except that they may issue warrants on complaints for criminal offenses committed in said towns to be returned before said municipal court, and excepting also such jurisdiction as is reserved for them in section seven of this act. Such restrictions shall be suspended until the judge of said court shall enter on the duties of his office. Nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with matters which have been brought and are pending before trial justices at the time when the judge of said court shall enter upon the duties of his office, but all such matters shall be disposed of by such trial justices the same as if this act had not passed.

Trial justices, jurisdiction restricted.

Section 17. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Inconsistent acts repealed.

Approved April 2, 1909.

Chapter 394.

An Act to authorize the building of a dam at the outlet of Sebec Lake.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 1. Charles J. Chase of Sebec, Walter J. Mayo of Foxcroft, Wainwright Cushing of Foxcroft, Crowell C. Hall of

Authorized to maintain dam at

CHAP. 394

outlet of
Sebec lake.

Dover, Stephen O. Brown of Dover, Theodore H. Wyman of Sebec, Francis C. Peaks of Dover, with such associates as they may join, are hereby authorized and empowered to build and forever maintain a dam at the outlet of Sebec lake, so called, near Sebec village, in such place as shall be selected by them above the old dam in said village, for the purpose of keeping more uniform the waters of Sebec lake.

Dam, how
constructed.

Section 2. The dam hereby authorized is to be built of stone or concrete, or such other material as said associates may deem best, and may be one foot higher by water level than the bottom of the flood gates in the present dam, as now constructed, according to chapter one hundred and forty-one of the private and special laws of the year nineteen hundred and three, to be provided with sluiceway of sufficient size to sluice logs, and gates sufficient in number and size for the water to flow from said lake for manufacturing and creating power for such purposes as power may be required. Said dam is to be so constructed as to keep the waters in said lake more uniform as provided in said chapter one hundred and forty-one, when not required for the purposes hereinbefore set out, but so managed and controlled in closing said sluiceway and gates, and in holding the waters in said lake, after the construction of said dam, as to give riparian proprietors and mill owners on Sebec river below said stone dam the water from said lake as hereinbefore set out.

—shall
have sluice-
way and
gates.

—shall not
hold water
to create
power.

—may re-
move rocks.

—may take
land and
materials.

—damages,
how as-
sessed, if
parties fail
to agree.

—proviso.

Nothing in this act shall be construed to give the right to hold on said dam said water to create power for any purpose or to hold the water when required for any of the purposes hereinbefore set out. Said incorporators and their successors shall have the right to remove the rocks in the channel of said lake above the dam hereby authorized, and may take land and materials for building said dam, and if the parties owning said land and materials cannot agree upon the damages therefor, then said damages shall be assessed by the county commissioners of Piscataquis county, as provided by law in case of taking land for public highways.

Provided, however, if the Sebec Dam Company shall repair its dam before August first, nineteen hundred nine, and said repairs shall be approved by the county commissioners of Piscataquis county, and provided said Sebec Dam Company shall keep the water in Sebec lake in accordance with said chapter one hundred and forty-one, then this charter shall be void; otherwise it shall be in full force and effect.