# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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#### ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

### SIXTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

OF THE

### STATE OF MAINE.

1883.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

A U G U S T A :  $\label{eq:sprague} \text{Sprague & son, printers to the state.}$   $1883 \, .$ 

## PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

# STATE OF MAINE.

1883.

Снар. 191

#### Chapter 191.

An Act to amend section seven of chapter one hundred and twenty of the Revised Statutes, relating to larceny and receiving stolen goods.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Sec. 7, ch. 120, R. S., amended. Section seven of chapter one hundred and twenty of the revised statutes, is hereby amended so that said section, as amended, shall read as follows:

Larceny by embezzlement or fraudulent conversion of property.

'Sect. 7. If an officer, agent, clerk or servant of a person, copartnership, or corporation, not an apprentice, nor less than sixteen years of age, embezzles, or fraudulently converts to his own use, or takes and secretes, with intent to do so, without the consent of his employer or master, any property of another in his possession, or under his care, by virtue of his employment, or if a public officer, collector of taxes, or an agent, clerk or servant of a public officer or tax collector, embezzles or fraudulently converts to his own use, or loans, or permits any person to have or use for his own benefit, without the authority of law, any money in his possession, or • under his control, by virtue of his office or employment by such officers, he shall be deemed guilty of larceny and be punished accordingly, and whoever, knowingly receives from a public officer, collector of taxes, or his clerk, servant or agent, with intent to convert the same to his own use, without authority of law, any money in the possession or under the control of such officer, by virtue of his office, shall be guilty of larceny and punished accordingly. But the foregoing provisions in relation to public officers, collector of taxes, their clerks, servants or agents, shall not apply to deposits by such officer in any bank, nor to any advances made towards the salary of such officer, nor to any person in the employ of the state, or to whom the state is indebted, if the sums advanced do not exceed the sum due him.'

The receiver liable.

Approved March 10, 1883.