

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

PASSED BY THE

EXTRA SESSION OF THE THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 1853,

AND THE

THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

1854.

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Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,  
Feb. 26, 1840, and March 16, 1842.  
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Augusta:

WILLIAM T. JOHNSON, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

1854.

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1854.

SECT. 13. The judge of probate of the county of Androscoggin, shall receive a salary of two hundred dollars; the register of probate three hundred dollars, and the county attorney two hundred dollars, to be paid in the manner provided by law, for such salaries in other counties.

CHAP. 61.
Salaries of judge and register of probate, and county attorney.

SECT. 14. This act shall take effect on the thirty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

[Approved March 18, 1854.]

Chapter 61.

An act to amend the eighty-second chapter of the revised statutes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

The eighty-second chapter of the revised statutes is hereby amended, by striking out the second section, and inserting instead thereof a new section in the following words:

Limitation of amount to be paid by the state to agricultural societies.

SECT. 2. If there shall be three such societies in a county, the payment from the state treasurer shall not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars to each of them; if two, and only two, two hundred dollars to each of them. And if there be only one such society, the payment thereto shall not exceed three hundred dollars.

[Approved March 20, 1854.]

Chapter 62.

An act in addition to the one hundred and fifty-fifth chapter of the revised statutes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

If any person shall willfully and maliciously set fire to any dwelling-house, owned by himself in whole or in part, or to any other building owned by himself or another, with the intent that such dwelling-house shall be burnt, and if by the kindling of such fire, or the burning of such other building, such dwelling-house shall be burnt, whether in the day time or in the night time, and if any other person at the time of the commission of such offense shall be lawfully in the dwelling-house so burnt, such offender shall be punished by imprisonment for life in the state prison.

Malicious burning of a dwelling.

[Approved March 20, 1854.]