MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SEVENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

SENATE

NO. 199

In Senate, Feb. 5, 1913.

Came from the House referred to the Committee on Judiciary and on motion by Senator Packard of Aroostook laid on the table for printing pending reference in concurrence.

W. E. LAWRY, Secretary.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN.

AN ACT to amend the act which constitutes the Police Court for the City of Rockland.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. Section two of chapter three hundred and six-

- 2 ty-eight of the Private and Special Laws of the State of
- 3 Maine for 1909 is hereby amended, so that said section shall
- 4 read as follows:

'Sect. 2. Said court shall, except where interested, exer-'6 cise concurrent jurisdiction with justices of the peace and 7 trial justices, in all such matters and things, civil and crim-

8 inal, within the county of Knox, as are within the jurisdicof tion of justices of the peace or trial justices; and exclusive 10 jurisdiction in all such matters and things where both par-II ties interested, or the plaintiff and the person or persons 12 summoned as trustees, shall be inhabitants of or residents in 13 said city; and said court shall also have exclusive jurisdic-14 tion over all such criminal offences committed within the 15 limits of said city, as are cognizable by justices of the peace 16 or trial justices and under similar restrictions and limita-17 tions; and said court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with 18 the supreme judicial court in all personal actions where the 19 debt or damage demanded, exclusive of costs, is over twenty 20 dollars and not over three hundred dollars, and in all ac-21 tions of replevin when it appears that the sum demanded 22 for the penalty, forfeiture or damages does not exceed three 23 hundred dollars, or that the property in the beasts or other 24 chattels is in question and the value thereof does not exceed 25 three hundred dollars and either defendant or the person 26 summoned as trustee is resident in Knox county; but this 27 jurisdiction shall not include proceedings under the divorce 28 laws or complaints under the mill act, so called, nor juris-29 diction over actions in which the title to real estate accord-30 ing to the pleadings filed in the case by either party is in 31 question except as provided in chapter ninety-four, sections 32 six and seven of the revised statutes. If any defendant, in 33 any action in said court where the amount claimed in the 34 writ exceeds twenty dollars or his agent or attorney shall,

35 on the return day of the writ, file in said court a motion 36 asking that said cause be removed to the supreme judicial 37 court and deposit with the recorder the sum of two dollars 38 for copies and entry fee in said supreme court, to be taxed 39 in his costs if he prevails, the said action shall be removed 40 into the supreme judicial court for said county, and the re-41 corder shall file certified copies of the writ, officer's return 42 and defendant's motion in the clerk's office of the supreme 43 judicial court, and shall pay the entry fee thereof, and said 44 action shall be entered on the docket of the term next pre-45 ceding said filing, unless said court shall then be in session, 46 when it shall be entered forthwith, and shall be in order for 47 trial at the next succeeding term. If no such motion is 48 filed, the said police court shall proceed and determine said 49 action, subject to the right of appeal in either party as here-50 inafter provided. The pleadings in such case shall be the 51 same as in the supreme judicial court. In any action in 52 which the plaintiff recovers not over twenty dollars, debt or 53 damage, the cost to be taxed shall be the same as before trial 54 justices, except that the plaintiff shall have two dollars for 55 his writ. Where the defendant prevails in any action in 56 which the sum claimed in the writ is not over twenty dollars, 57 he shall recover two dollars for his pleadings and other costs 58 as before trial justices. In actions where the amount recov-59 ered by the plaintiff, exclusive of costs, exceeds twenty dol-60 lars, or the amount claimed exceeds twenty dollars, where 61 the defendant prevails, the costs of parties, trustees and wit62 nesses shall be the same as in the supreme judicial court, ex63 cept that the costs to be taxed for attendance shall be two
64 dollars and fifty cents for each term not exceeding three
65 terms, and for trial of issue eighty cents. All the provisions
66 of the statutes of the State relative to the attachments of real
67 and personal property and the levy of executions, shall be
68 applicable to actions in this court, and executions on judg69 ments rendered therein. Actions may be referred and judg70 ments on the referees' report may be rendered in the same
71 manner and with the same effect as in the supreme judicial
72 court.

Section three of Chapter one hundred and fourteen of the Private and Special Laws of the State of Maine for 1903, is hereby amended by changing the word "two" after the word "thirty" in line seven to "three;" the word "four" after the word "section" in line eleven to "six" and the word "one" after the word "forty" in line twelve to "two," so that said section, as amended, shall read as follows:

'Sect. 3. Said judge shall have jurisdiction in all cases of 81 simple larceny when the property alleged to have been stolen 82 shall not exceed in value the sum of fifty dollars, and on con-83 viction award sentence of imprisonment in the county jail or 84 house of correction not exceeding one year, or fine not ex-85 ceeding one hundred dollars; of offenses described in section 86 four of chapter one hundred and thiry-three of the revised 87 statutes, where they are not of a high and aggravated nature, 88 and on conviction may punish by fine not exceeding fifty dol-

89 lars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not 90 exceeding six months, and all violations of the tramp law, 91 and of offenses described in section six of chapter one hunger of dred and forty-two of the Revised Statutes and on congulation, may be punished by imprisonment in the county 94 jail or house of correction not exceeding six months. And 95 shall have exclusive jurisdiction of all offenses against the 96 ordinances and by-laws of said city, though the penalty 97 therefor may accrue to said city; and in the prosecutions on 98 any such ordinances or by-laws, or any special law of the 99 State relating to said city, such by-law, ordinance or special 100 law need not be recited in the complaint or process, nor 101 the allegations therein be more particular than in prosecutions on a public statute.'

Sect. 3. Section five of Chapter one hundred and fourteen 2 of the Private and Special Laws of the State of Maine, 3 for 1903, is hereby amended by adding after the word 4 "judge" in the third line the words "or recorder," so that 5 said section as amended shall read as follows:

'Sect. 5. All warrants issued upon complaints for offenses 7 committed within the limits of the city shall be issued by 8 the judge or recorder of said court, and shall be made regular turnable before said court, and no justice of the peace or 10 trial justice, in said county of Knox, shall in any manner 11 take cognizance of, or exercise jurisdiction over any crime 12 or offense committed within the limits of said city except 13 as hereinafter prvided.'

- Sect. 4. Section three of Chapter three hundred and six2 ty-eight of the Private and Special Laws of the State of
 3 Maine for 1909, being Section Six of the Act, is hereby
 4 amended by adding after the word "otherwise" in the fifth
 5 line the words "in the city of Rockland," so that said sec6 tion as amended shall read as follows:
- 'Sect. 6. The several justices of the peace in said city 8 shall continue to have and exercise all the power and author-9 ity vested in them by the laws of the United States; but 10 no justice of the peace, nor any trial justice of said Knox 11 county shall exercise any civil or criminal jurisdiction other-12 wise in the city of Rockland, except as hereinafter provided, 13 unless in civil cases where the said judge or recorder is 14 interested, under a penalty of twenty dollars for each of-15 fense, to be recovered by indictment in any court proper to 16 try the same; but nothing in this act shall be construed to 17 prevent said justices of the peace or trial justices adminis-18 tering oaths, taking acknowledgments of deeds, and other 19 writings, acting as arbitrators or referees, or doing any 20 business other than that especially devolving upon said 21 court.'
 - Sect. 5. Section six of chapter three hundred and sixty2 eight of the Private and Special Laws of the state of Maine
 3 for 1909, being section ten of the act, is hereby amended by
 4 striking out the words in the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth
 5 lines, "and when such vacancy occurs all the proceedings
 6 and business pending in said court shall stand continued to

7 the first Tuesday of the month next after such vacancy shall 8 be filled," so that said section as amended shall read as fol-9 lows:

'Sect. 10. When the office of judge of said court shall be vacant in consequence of resignation, death or the removal of the judge's residence from said city, the recorder may perform all acts and duties appertaining to said court during the continuance of such vacancy. Whenever said judge shall be engaged in the transaction of civil business or be absent from the court room or the office shall be vacant, said recorder shall have and exercise the same powers and perform the same duties which said judge possesses and is authorized to perform in the transaction of criminal business. All processes issued by said recorder in criminal matters shall bear the seal of said court and be signed by said recorder and have the same authority as if issued and signed by said judge.'

Sect. 6. Section nine of chapter three hundred and sixty2 eight of the Private and Special Laws of the state of Maine
3 for 1909, being section fourteen of the act, is hereby amend4 ed by substituting for the word "five" in the eighth line the
5 word ', so that said section, when amended, shall
6 read as follows:

'Sect. 14. The governor, by and with the consent of the 8 council shall appoint a recorder of said court who shall be 9 a resident of Knox county and an attorney-at-law, who shall 10 qualify in the manner provided by law and who shall give

bond to the county of Knox in the sum of five hundred dolle lars to be approved by the county commissioners of said
county. Said recorder shall be appointed for the term of
left four years and shall receive a salary of nine hundred dollist lars per year, to be paid quarterly from the treasury of said
county of Knox. The recorder may administer oaths. He
respectively shall keep the records of said court. The signature of the
seconder as such shall be sufficient evidence of his right to
get act instead of the judge in accordance with the provisions
of this act or with the provisions relating to trial justices
not conflicting with this act.'

Bill, an Act to amend the Act which constitutes the Police Court for the City of Rockland," provides for the grant of money only in Section 6, which amends Section 14 of the Act; which section raises the salary of the recorder from five hundred to nine hundred dollars.

The facts are that to keep proper records for said court requires nearly all of one's time. The jurisdiction of the court in civil matters is up to three hundred dollars. The civil jurisdiction of the Municipal Court in Bangor is the same as that in Rockland, and the recorder of the Bangor Court receives a salary of \$1450, with an allowance of \$650 for clerk hire, in all twenty-one hundred dollars. See Private and Special Laws of 1909, Chapter 101, Page 433. Of course the business of the Bangor Court is larger than that of Rockland, but not in any such proportion as the disparity of salaries would be even if the increase asked for here was made.

A card index has been started in the Rockland Court, which with the enlarged jurisdiction is a necessity. It is something that the Rockland Court has never had, in fact until the appointment of the present recorder, Mr. Starrett, it never had any index at all. Considerable work will be required to keep the index up. The allowance asked is a small one for the proper performance of the duty devolved on the recorder.