

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

NEW DRAFT.

SEVENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

HOUSE

NO. 649

House of Representatives, March 21, 1913.

*Reported by Mr. Mitchell from Committee on Appropriations
and Financial Affairs, and ordered printed under joint rules.*

W. R. ROIX, Clerk.

STATE OF MAINE

RESOLVE in favor of the Children's Protective Society, Portland.

Resolved, That there be and hereby is appropriated the
2 sum of five hundred dollars to be paid to the Children's
3 Protective Society, Portland, for the year nineteen hundred
4 and thirteen, and five hundred dollars for the year nineteen
5 hundred and fourteen, for maintenance.

STATEMENT OF FACTS.

We desire to bring to your attention and interest you in the purposes, work and needs of the Children's Protective Society of Portland.

ORGANIZATION: The society was originally organized in 1902 under the name of Children's Protective Board, as a branch of the Associated Charities of Portland, but owing to the growth of its work and in order that it might have a more definite legal status for purposes of court procedure, it was reorganized on the 18th of February, 1908, as a charitable corporation under the provisions of Chapter 53 of the Revised Statutes of 1903, for the following purposes:

PURPOSES: The purposes of this Society are to aid in all appropriate ways destitute, neglected or delinquent children, and to protect them, when necessary, against cruelty and abuse, to seek out and investigate cases requiring attention, to find permanent homes for such children in private families, to assist in the enforcement of existing legislation for the benefit of such children and to secure additional legislation in their behalf when the same shall be required. It is the aim of this society to avoid institutional work in the care of neglected and dependent children so far as possible, following the modern methods of direct placing in permanent free homes approved by leading philanthropists and successfully demonstrated in Massachusetts.