MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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132nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2025

Legislative Document

No. 1120

H.P. 739

House of Representatives, March 18, 2025

An Act to Promote the Secure Storage of Firearms

Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative SAYRE of Kennebunk.

Cosponsored by Senator CARNEY of Cumberland and

 $Representatives: ABDI \ of \ Lewiston, \ ANKELES \ of \ Brunswick, \ CLOUTIER \ of \ Lewiston,$

DOUDERA of Camden, GRAMLICH of Old Orchard Beach, ROEDER of Bangor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 15 MRSA §455-A, sub-§1-A,** as enacted by PL 1991, c. 450, §2, is amended to read:
- **1-A. Posting of warnings at gun shows.** The warning sign as described in subsection 1 or 3 must be posted at all entrances of an organized gun show.
- **Sec. 2. 15 MRSA §455-A, sub-§2,** as enacted by PL 1989, c. 809, is amended to read:
- 2. Violation. Any person who fails to post the warning in compliance with subsection $1_{\frac{1}{2}}$ or 3 commits a civil violation for which a civil forfeiture of not more than \$200 may be adjudged.

Sec. 3. 15 MRSA §455-A, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

- 3. Posted notice required. At any location where a licensed dealer conducts firearm sales or transfers, the licensed dealer shall conspicuously display a notice in any area where sales or transfers occur. The notice must be posted so that it can be easily viewed by persons purchasing or receiving firearms, and the notice may not be removed, obscured or rendered illegible. If the location where sales or transfers occur is the premises listed on the dealer's federal firearms license, as required by 18 United States Code, Section 923(d)(1), an additional notice must be placed at or near the entrance to the premises. For the purposes of this subsection, "licensed dealer" means a person issued a license as a dealer in firearms pursuant to 18 United States Code, Section 923(a)(3). The notice must meet the following requirements.
 - A. The notice must be at least 8 1/2 inches high by 11 inches long and must contain black text at least 1/2 inch high against a white background.
 - B. The notice must contain the following text and no other statements or markings:
 - "WARNING: Access to a firearm in the home significantly increases the risk of suicide; death during domestic violence disputes; and the unintentional death of children, household members and others. If you or a loved one is experiencing distress or depression, call [insert telephone number provided by the Department of Health and Human Services for a hotline for suicide and crisis services].
 - Failure to securely store firearms may result in criminal prosecution. It is important that the owner of a firearm seek firearm safety instructions from a certified firearms instructor and keep firearms secured from unauthorized use."
- **Sec. 4. 17-A MRSA §554, sub-§1, ¶B-3,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 388, §1, is further amended to read:
 - B-3. Being the parent, foster parent, guardian or other person having the care and custody of a child, knowingly deprives the child of necessary health care, with a result that the child is placed in danger of serious harm. Violation of this paragraph is a Class D crime; or
- **Sec. 5. 17-A MRSA §554, sub-§1, ¶B-4,** as enacted by PL 2021, c. 388, §2, is repealed.

1 Sec. 6. 17-A MRSA §554, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 2021, c. 388, §3, is amended 2 to read: 3 4. It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under subsection 1, paragraph B-4 Title 25, section 2017, subsection 2 that: 4 5 A. The loaded firearm is: 6 (1) Stored in a locked box, locked gun safe or other secure, locked space; 7 (2) Stored or left in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure; 8 9 (3) Secured with a trigger lock or similar device that prevents the firearm from 10 discharging; B. The loaded firearm is carried on the person or within such close proximity to the 11 person that the person can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if the firearm were 12 13 carried on the person; 14 C. A child who in fact gains access to the loaded firearm gains access in order to defend the child or a 3rd person under the circumstances enumerated in section 108, 15 subsection 2, paragraph A or B; 16 17 The person has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premises where the person 18 19 stores or leaves the loaded firearm: 20 E. A child in fact gains access to the loaded firearm as the result of a criminal trespass 21 by any person on the premises where the firearm is stored or left; or 22 F. A child in fact gains access to the loaded firearm as the result of a theft of the firearm 23 by any person from the premises where the firearm is stored or left. 24 Sec. 7. 25 MRSA §2017 is enacted to read: 25 §2017. Negligent firearm storage 26 1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the 27 following terms have the following meanings. 28 A. "Authorized user" means a person who is 18 years of age or older who is not a prohibited person and who has been authorized by the owner to carry or use the firearm. 29 30 B. "Firearm" has the same meaning as in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 12-A. 31 C. "Locked container" means a box, case, chest, locker, safe or other similar receptacle equipped with a tamper-resistant lock. 32 33 D. "Minor" means a person who has not attained 18 years of age. 34 E. "Prohibited person" means a person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm by state or federal law or by court order. 35 36 F. "Serious bodily injury" has the same meaning as in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 37 23.

2. Negligent storage of firearm. A person is guilty of negligently storing a firearm if

that person stores or keeps a firearm on any premises that are under the person's custody or

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- 1 control and the person knows or has reason to know that a minor or prohibited person is
 2 likely to gain access to the firearm and:
 - A. A minor or prohibited person gains access to the firearm and either uses it in the commission of a crime or displays it in a threatening manner. Violation of this paragraph is a Class D crime; or
 - B. A minor or prohibited person gains access to the firearm and uses it to cause the death of or serious bodily injury to any person. Violation of this paragraph is a Class C crime.
 - **3. Exceptions.** This section does not apply if:

- A. The firearm is carried by or within such close proximity that it can be readily retrieved and used by the owner or another authorized user;
- B. The minor or prohibited person gains access to the firearm as a result of an illegal entry;
 - C. The minor or prohibited person gains access to and uses the firearm during the course of a lawful act of self-defense or defense of another person as described in Title 17-A, section 108; or
- D. A person stores or keeps the firearm in a locked container or the firearm is equipped with a tamper-resistant mechanical lock or other safety device.

19 SUMMARY

Under current law, it is a Class D crime to negligently store a loaded firearm in a manner that allows a child under 16 years of age to gain access to the loaded firearm without the permission of the child's parent. This bill repeals that law and makes it a Class D crime to negligently store a firearm so that a minor or person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm may gain access to the firearm and either use it in the commission of a crime or display it in a threatening manner. The bill also makes it a Class C crime to negligently store a firearm in a way so that a minor or prohibited person may gain access to the firearm and use it to cause the death of or serious bodily injury to any person. The bill also requires licensed firearms dealers to post a notice in any area where sales or transfers occur informing purchasers that access to a firearm in the home significantly increases the risk of suicide, death during domestic violence disputes and unintentional death of children.