MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1	1/0/oc 1/1 L.D. 536
2	Date: 6/3/25 Mgnty (Filing No. H-439)
3	ENERGY, UTILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY
. 4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
7	132ND LEGISLATURE
8	FIRST SPECIAL SESSION
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9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 355, L.D. 536, "An Act to Establish Net Neutrality"
11 12	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting the following:
13	'Sec. 1. 10 MRSA c. 239 is enacted to read:
14	CHAPTER 239
15	NET NEUTRAL BROADBAND INTERNET ACCESS SERVICE
16	§1500-Z. Net neutral service required
17 18	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
19 20	A. "Broadband Internet access service" has the same meaning as in Title 5, section 1541-B, subsection 1, paragraph B.
21 22	B. "Internet service provider" has the same meaning as in Title 5, section 200-B, subsection 1-A, paragraph A.
23 24	C. "Net neutral service" has the same meaning as in Title 5, section 1541-B, subsection 1, paragraph E.
25 26	D. "Paid prioritization" has the same meaning as in Title 5, section 1541-B, subsection 1, paragraph F.
27 28 29 30	E. "Reasonable network management practice" means a practice that has a primarily technical network management justification and is primarily used for and tailored to achieving a legitimate network management purpose, taking into account the particular network architecture and technology of the broadband Internet access service. "Reasonable network management practice" includes a practice necessary to ensure
32	sufficient capacity for customers of the Internet service provider if the practice is

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A" to H.P. 355, L.D. 536

implemented	on	a nond	iscrimi	natory	basis. '	'Reasonable	network	managemen	t
practice" does	s not	include	other b	usiness	practices	i <u>.</u>			7

- F. "Throttling" has the same meaning as in Title 5, section 1541-B, subsection 1, paragraph I.
- 2. Net neutral service required. An Internet service provider shall provide net neutral service in the provision of broadband Internet access service to customers in the State.
- 3. Unfair trade practice violation. A violation of this section constitutes a violation of the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act, except that a person may not bring a private action under Title 5, section 213 based on a violation of this section.

4. Construction. This section does not:

- A. Prohibit reasonable efforts by an Internet service provider providing broadband Internet access service to address copyright infringement or other unlawful activity:
- B. Supersede any obligations, authorizations or restrictions on an Internet service provider providing broadband Internet access service to address the needs of emergency communications or law enforcement, public safety or national security authorities under the laws of the State and the United States of America and the United States Constitution and the Constitution of Maine; or
- C. Prohibit an Internet service provider from offering broadband Internet access service plans that differ in speed or data limits, or offering plans with income-based eligibility, promotional offers or legacy pricing, as long as all lawful Internet traffic is treated equally within each plan and such plans are offered on a nondiscriminatory basis.'

Amend the bill by relettering or renumbering any nonconsecutive Part letter or section number to read consecutively.

SUMMARY

This amendment replaces the bill, which is a concept draft. The amendment requires an Internet service provider to provide net neutral service in the provision of broadband Internet access service to customers in the State. It specifies that the legislation does not prohibit reasonable efforts by an Internet service provider providing broadband Internet access service to address copyright infringement or other unlawful activity or supersede any obligations, authorizations or restrictions on an Internet service provider to address the needs of emergency communications or law enforcement, public safety or national security authorities. It also specifies that an Internet service provider may offer broadband Internet access service plans that differ in speed or data limits, or offer plans with income-based eligibility, promotional offers or legacy pricing, as long as all lawful Internet traffic is treated equally within each plan and such plans are offered on a nondiscriminatory basis. A violation of the requirements of this legislation is a violation of the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act, except the amendment states that private remedies under the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act are not available.