MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1	MINORITY	L.D. 1529
2	Date: 0[18/2013	(Filing No. S-3 3)
2 3 3	EDUCATION AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS	
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.	
5	STATE OF MAINE	
6	SENATE	
7	126TH LEGISLATURE	
8	FIRST REGULAR SESSIO)N
9 10	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 576, I Expand School Choice for Maine Students"	L.D. 1529, Bill, "An Act To
11	Amend the bill by incorporating the attached fiscal note.	
12	SUMMARY	
13 14	This amendment, which is the minority report of the Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs, incorporates a fiscal note.	

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126th MAINE LEGISLATURE

LD 1529

LR 2011(02)

An Act To Expand School Choice for Maine Students

Fiscal Note for Bill as Amended by Committee Amendment "4" (5-313)

Committee: Education and Cultural Affairs

Fiscal Note Required: Yes

Fiscal Note

Potential current biennium cost increase - General Fund

Fiscal Detail and Notes

Allowing private sectarian schools to receive public funds may increase the total cost of funding K-12 education and the State's share of that cost as a result of students currently attending sectarian schools that are not publicly funded being added into the student count within the Essential Programs and Services (EPS) funding model. Although the impact to the State and to local school administrative units can not be determined at this time, had this provision been in place during the 2010-2011 school year and all private sectarian schools in Maine had been approved to receive public funds for tuition purposes, the number of subsidizable students within the EPS model would have increased by an estimated 4,200 students. The total State and local cost to fund these additional students would have been approximately \$27.0 million. Assuming a 97% recognition factor and a 45.84% State contribution rate for fiscal year 2010-11, the State's share of the cost would have been approximately \$12.0 million. The local share would have been 54.16%, or approximately \$14.2 million. The actual cost will depend on the number of private sectarian schools that meet the school approval requirements and are approved to receive public funds and the number of students attending those schools.

Removing the 10-school limit on public charter schools authorized by the Maine Charter School Commission may result in a significant redistribution of state and local per-pupil allocation. The impact to individual school units can not be determined at this time.