MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 660, L.D. 936

í	2	the following.
	3 4 5 6	A. Service charges may be imposed on property only if the owner of that property owns property in the municipality that is exempt under section 652, subsection 1, paragraphs A, B, F, H and J that would have a total assessed value of at least \$1,000,000 if the property was assessed for property tax purposes.
	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	B. Service charges may be imposed only on property owned by, rented to or otherwise occupied by, in whole or in part, a person or entity that provides any employee or independent contractor engaged to provide professional management services with compensation, exclusive of health benefits, in excess of 4 times the median household income as most recently established by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census for the county where the property is located.
	14 15 16 17	C. Service charges must be calculated according to the actual cost of providing municipal services to that real property and to the persons who use that property, and revenues derived from the charges must be used to fund, to the extent possible, the costs of those services.
	18 19 20	D. Service charges must be reduced by the value of any financial contributions made, payments made or services provided to the municipality in lieu of taxes by the entity that owns or uses the tax-exempt property within the same fiscal year.
	21 22 23 24	E. Service charges must be calculated based on the square footage of building space that is exempt from taxation unless the municipality determines that a different measure more accurately represents the cost of services for which service charges are imposed.
	25 26 27	F. If service charges are imposed on any property entitled to an exemption under section 652, subsection 1, paragraph A, B, F, H or J, service charges must be imposed on all properties entitled to an exemption under the same paragraph.
	28 29 30 31	Sec. 3. Preexisting ordinances not invalidated. This Act does not void or otherwise invalidate any municipal ordinance adopted before the effective date of this Act pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 508 or former section 652, subsection 1, paragraph L.'
	32	SUMMARY
	33 34 35 36 37 38 39	This amendment, which is the minority report of the committee, provides that a municipality may impose service charges on property that is exempt from taxation because it is owned or used by entities in the following categories: benevolent and charitable institutions; literary and scientific institutions; chambers of commerce and boards of trade; fraternal organizations operating under a lodge system; and property jointly owned or used by those entities. Service charges may not be imposed on property exempt as a house of worship or parsonage or a veterans organization.
	40	Service charges must meet the following conditions:

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- 1. The property must be owned by an entity that owns exempt property in the municipality that would have a total assessed value of at least \$1,000,000 if assessed for property tax purposes and the property must be owned by, rented to or otherwise occupied by a person or entity that provides any employee or independent contractor engaged to provide professional management services with compensation, exclusive of health benefits, in excess of 4 times the median household income for the county in which the property is located;
- 2. The municipality must adopt an ordinance imposing service charges approved by the voters through a referendum process;
- The municipality may not impose a service charge on individual properties without imposing service charges on all other property in that municipality that is within the same category of exempt property;
- 4. The calculation of service charges imposed by municipalities must be based on the square footage of building space that is exempt from taxation unless the municipality determines that a different measure more accurately represents the cost of services for which the service charges are imposed; and
- 5. Service charges must be reduced by any payments made or services provided to the municipality by the exempt entity in lieu of taxes.

The amendment provides that municipal ordinances adopted before the effective date of the legislation remain valid even if they do not comply with the new requirements. The amendment retains the requirement in current law that service charges may not exceed 2% of the entity's gross annual revenue.