# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2006**

Legislative Document

No. 1932

S.P. 732

In Senate, January 4, 2006

### An Act To Implement Model Time-share Foreclosure Procedures

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator HOBBINS of York.
Cosponsored by Representative KOFFMAN of Bar Harbor and
Senators: BRYANT of Oxford, DAMON of Hancock, DAVIS of Piscataquis, President
EDMONDS of Cumberland, HASTINGS of Oxford, SAVAGE of Knox, Representatives:
BRYANT of Windham, DUPLESSIE of Westbrook, PELLETIER-SIMPSON of Auburn,
TARDY of Newport.

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 33 MRSA §594, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 407, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

- 1. Lien created. A managing entity has a lien on a time share for any assessment for expenses of the time-share property or fines levied against that time share in accordance with the project instrument from the time the assessment or fine becomes due. A lien against a time-share estate may be foreclosed as provided in section 595, subsection 1, and a lien against a time-share license may be foreclosed as provided in section 595, subsection 2. Unless the project instrument otherwise provides, fees, charges, late charges, fines and interest charged in accordance with the project instrument are enforceable as assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment thereof becomes due. The managing entity shall record notice of a lien on a time-share estate in the registry of deeds in the county in which the time-share estate is located. A notice of a lien on a time-share license must be recorded in the public records for the filing of security interests governed by the Uniform Commercial Code. If there is more than one lien, they may be listed in one filing.
- Sec. 2. 33 MRSA §595 is enacted to read:

#### §595. Foreclosure or commercial sale of timeshare

1. Nonjudicial foreclosure of time-share estate. A time-share owner may grant to a financial institution or other person a mortgage with a power of sale on that owner's time-share estate that is governed by the terms of this section. The foreclosure of a mortgage with a power of sale or a lien from an assessment created pursuant to section 594 must be conducted pursuant to this section. The provisions of Title 14, sections 6201 to 6209 do not apply to any such foreclosure.

In the event of a breach of the conditions of the power of sale
mortgage or the failure of the time-share owner to pay the
assessments as and when due and owing the following procedure

must be followed.

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A. Upon default, and after all applicable cure periods have expired, the party seeking to foreclose shall provide written notice of the default to the time-share owner at the owner's last known address by certified mail, return receipt requested and provide a reasonable opportunity to cure of not less than 30 days from the date of the mailing of the notice letter.

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2	B. If, after expiration of the 30-day period under
	paragraph A, the time-share owner has not cured the default
4	in the manner prescribed, the party seeking to foreclose shall conduct a public auction under the conditions
б	described in this paragraph.
8	(1) Notice under this paragraph must be given as
10	<u>follows.</u>
	(a) Notice of the sale must be published once in
12	a public newspaper with a general circulation in the town or county in which the time-share
14	property is situated. The publication must be not
	later than 30 days before the date of the sale,
16	calculated by excluding the date of publication of the first notice and the date of sale.
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20	(b) A written notice of the time, date and place
20	of the auction must be mailed to the last known address of the time-share owner of record by
22	certified mail, return receipt requested at least
2.4	30 days prior to the date of sale. The notice of
24	sale also must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested to all persons having a lien on
26	the time-share estate at least 30 days prior to
28	the date of the foreclosure sale.
20	(c) The notice must contain:
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32	(i) The name of the time-share owner;
34	(ii) The date, time and place of the
34	foreclosure sale;
36	(iii) A general description of the
38	time-share estate; and
30	(iv) The terms of the sale.
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42	If more than one time-share estate is to be included in the foreclosure sale, all such
	time-share estates may be combined into one notice
44	of sale, with one property description, as
46	described in division (d) or (e).
	(d) The notice of foreclosure for foreclosing on
48	the lien of a time-share estate must be printed in
50	substantially the following form:

	*** .	NOTICE OF SALE OF TIME-SHARE ESTATE OR ESTATES
2		UNDER TITLE 33, SECTION 595 OF THE MAINE REVISED
		STATUTES ANNOTATED
4		
		By virtue of the project instrument of the
6		(name and address of
		time-share property) and Title 33, section 594
8		establishing a lien for failure to pay assessments
		on the time-share estate (or estates, if more than
10		one) held by the time-share owner (or owners, if
		more than one) listed below, the time-share estate
12		(or estates, if more than one) will be sold at
+4		Public Auction commencing at on
14		, 20. at
7.4		
16		Maine. (For each time-share estate, list the name
10		and address of the time-share owner, a general
10		description of the time-share estate and the book
18		and page number of the deed.)
20		TERMS OF SALE: (State the deposit amount to be
		paid by the purchaser at the time and place of the
22		sale and the times for payment of the balance or
		the whole, as the case may be. The time-share
24		estates, if more than one, may be sold in
		individual lots or as a group.)
26		
		Other terms to be announced at the sale.
28		
		Signed
30		Lienholder or authorized agent.
32		(e) For foreclosure of a mortgage lien containing
		a power of sale on a time-share estate, a notice
34		of sale must be printed in substantially the
		following form:
36		
		NOTICE OF SALE OF TIME-SHARE ESTATE OR ESTATES
38		UNDER TITLE 33, SECTION 595 OF THE MAINE REVISED
		STATUTES ANNOTATED
40		
		By virtue of Title 33, section 595 and in
42		execution of the power of sale contained in a
		certain mortgage (or mortgages, if more than one)
44		on the time-share estate (or estates, if more than
7.7		one) given by the time-share owner (or owners, if
46		more than one) set forth below for breach of the
<b>∓</b> ∪		conditions of said mortgage (or mortgages, if more
4.0		than one) and for the purpose of foreclosing, the
48		same will be sold at Public Auction commencing at
E0		same will be sold at Public Auction commencing at
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	Maine, being all and singular the premises
2	described in said mortgage (or mortgages, if more
	than one). (For each mortgage, list the name and
4	address of the time-share owner, a general
	description of the time-share estate and the book
6	and page number of the mortgage.)
8	TERMS OF SALE: (State the deposit amount to be
	paid by the purchaser at the time and place of the
10	sale and the times for payment of the balance or
	the whole, as the case may be. The time-share
12	estates, if more than one, may be sold in
14	individual lots or as a group.)
14	Other terms to be supermand at the sele
16	Other terms to be announced at the sale.
16	C: amad
10	Signed
18	Holder of Mortgage or authorized agent.
20	(f) The notice of sale in the forms described in
	divisions (d) and (e), published in accordance
22	with the provisions of this section, together with
	such other or further notice, if any, constitutes
24	sufficient notice of the sale.
26	(2) The foreclosure sale must be conducted pursuant to
	this subparagraph.
28	
	(a) Unless the notice of sale otherwise provides,
30	the foreclosure sale must take place on the
	time-share property.
32	
	(b) The foreclosure sale must be by public
34	auction, conducted by an auctioneer or attorney
	licensed to practice in the State. At the
36	discretion of the auctioneer or attorney, the
	reading of the names of the time-share owners, if
38	more than one, the description of time-share
	estates, if more than one, and the recording
40	information, if more than one instrument, may be
	dispensed with.
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	(c) All rights of redemption of the time-share
44	owner are extinguished upon sale of a time-share
	estate.
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	(d) The managing entity, the foreclosing person
48	or any time-share owner may bid at the foreclosure
	sale. The successful buyer at the foreclosure
50	sale takes title to the time_share estate free and

2	prior time-share owner to the managing entity,
J	except that if the buyer intends to use the
4	time-share estate during the same calendar year in
	which the estate is purchased, the buyer shall pay
6	the assessment for that year. A purchaser at a
	sale is not required to complete the purchase if
8	there are liens and encumbrances, other than those
	included in the notice of sale, that are not
10	stated at the sale and included in the foreclosing
10	person's contract with the purchaser.
12	(e) Upon closing, the foreclosing person shall
14	provide the buyer with a foreclosure deed or other
	appropriate instrument transferring the rights to
16	the time-share estate and an affidavit attesting
	that all requirements of the foreclosure pursuant
18	to this section have been met. The time-share
	estate is deemed to have been sold, and the
20	instrument conveying the time-share estate must
	transfer the time-share estate, subject to
22	municipal or other public taxes and to any liens
	and encumbrances recorded prior to the recording
24	of the mortgage or the lien for assessments.
26	(f) The buyer shall record the foreclosure deed
	or other instrument with the appropriate registry
28	of deeds no more than 30 days after the
20	foreclosure sale date.
30	(a) Within 20 days after the alosing and transfer
32	(g) Within 30 days after the closing and transfer of the foreclosure deed or other instrument and
34	affidavit, the foreclosing person shall mail a
34	notice detailing the results of the foreclosure
34	sale to the last known address of the former
36	time-share owner and all parties that held a
30	junior interest to that of the foreclosing person.
38	
	2. Foreclosure of lien or security interest on time-share
40	license. In the case of a time-share license, the following must
	be conducted by public or private sale in accordance with the
42	provisions of Title 11, section 9-1610:
44	A. The foreclosure of a lien on a time-share estate
4.0	pursuant to section 594 for failure to pay assessments when
46	due; or
48	R. The evergice of the rights of a holder of a security
40	B. The exercise of the rights of a holder of a security interest in a time-share license for breach of the terms of
50	the instrument granting the security interest.
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All rights of redemption of a time-share owner are extinguished upon the consummation of the sale proceedings. The managing entity, the foreclosing person or any time-share owner may bid at the sale or may enter into agreements for the purchase of one or more time-share licenses following the completion of sale proceedings. The successful buyer takes title to the time-share license free and clear of any outstanding assessments owed by the prior time-share owner to the managing entity.

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3. Foreclosure of mortgage not containing power of sale. In the event of a breach of the conditions of a mortgage on a time-share estate that does not contain a power of sale, the holder of the mortgage may conduct a nonjudicial foreclosure of the interest of the time-share owner in the time-share estate pursuant to subsection 1 if, at the same time the holder gives written notice of default to the time-share owner as provided in subsection 1, paragraph A, the holder also gives written notice to the time-share owner stating that unless the time-share owner objects in writing to the nonjudicial foreclosure within the 30-day period required by subsection 1, paragraph A, the holder will proceed to conduct the foreclosure pursuant to subsection 1. The holder must explain in the notice that the time-share owner has the right to a judicial foreclosure if the owner asserts the objection within the specified time period and must include with the notice an objection form together with an envelope addressed to the holder. Failure of a time-share owner to object as required by this subsection in a timely manner is deemed a waiver of the owner's right to a judicial foreclosure.

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#### SUMMARY

Under current law, time-share estates are considered to be real property. The judicial foreclosure of a mortgage or the execution of a lien for assessments is expensive. The cost is disproportionately high relative to the value of time-share This bill provides for a nonjudicial process for the estates. foreclosure of time-share estates pursuant to a power of sale granted in a mortgage instrument and for the foreclosure of a This bill requires that notice of the lien for assessments. foreclosure of a time-share estate be given by certified mail to the time-share estate owner and by means of newspaper publication to the public. The sale of the time-share estate must be conducted at an auction. The foreclosure of the rights of time-share owners in time-share licenses may only be conducted as a sale under the commercial reasonableness standard of the Uniform Commercial Code. Mortgages on time-share estates that do not contain a power of sale also may be foreclosed by a nonjudicial process if notice is given to the time-share owner

and that owner fails to object to the process in a timely
manner. This will enable older mortgages to be foreclosed by the
nonjudicial process if the owner does not object and eliminate
the high costs of judicial foreclosure.