MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2006

Legislative Document

No. 1924

S.P. 724

In Senate, January 4, 2006

An Act To Protect Workers from Political or Religious Intimidation

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by President EDMONDS of Cumberland.
Cosponsored by Representative SMITH of Van Buren and
Senators: BARTLETT of Cumberland, BRYANT of Oxford, SCHNEIDER of Penobscot,
STRIMLING of Cumberland, SULLIVAN of York, Representatives: PATRICK of Rumford,
PINEAU of Jay.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 26 MRSA c. 7, sub-c. 11 is enacted to read:
4	SUBCHAPTER 11
6	
8	EMPLOYMENT ACTION BASED ON POLITICAL OR RELIGIOUS VIEWS
10	§878. Employment action based on political or religious views
12	1. Definitions. As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the
14	following meanings.
16	A. "Employer" means any public or private employer.
18	B. "Political matter" means:
20	(1) Party affiliation;
22	(2) Support for or opposition to a candidate for, or a holder of, public office;
24	
	(3) A partisan or nonpartisan public policy issue
26	presented for the vote of the electors in the form of a constitutional amendment, a new or amended law or the
28	repeal of a law; or
2.0	
30	(4) Support for or opposition to joining any lawful political, social, community or labor organization.
32	policical, social, communicy of land organization.
	2. Employment action based on political or religious views
34	prohibited. An employer may not directly or indirectly appoint,
2.6	demote, suspend, lay off, discharge or in any manner change the
36	official rank or compensation of an employee or promise or threaten to take any such action or harass, discipline or coerce
38	an employee because the employee:
40	A. Gives support to or refuses to give support to any view
	or position on a religious or political matter;
42	D. Albanda an orfinar to obtain an organization and organization
44	B. Attends or refuses to attend an employer-sponsored meeting, the primary purpose of which is to communicate the
11	employer's opinion about a religious or political matter; or
46	Ambanios o Absenta banta a saradanna as basanas manas, as
	C. Participates in or refuses to participate in any
48	communication, the primary purpose of which is to
	communicate the employer's opinion about a religious or
50	political matter.

- 3. Retaliation for reporting violations prohibited. An 2 employer may not demote, suspend, lay off, discharge or otherwise penalize or threaten to penalize an employee because the employee, or a person acting on behalf of the employee, makes a 4 good faith report, orally or in writing, of a violation or a 6 suspected violation of this section. 8 4. Exceptions. This section does not prohibit an employer from taking employment action when religious or political beliefs 10 or communications are a bona fide part of the employee's job responsibilities. 12
 - 5. Violation. An employer who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for each violation may be adjudged.
- 6. Enforcement. An aggrieved employee may bring a civil 18 action to enforce this section in the Superior Court having jurisdiction where the violation is alleged to have occurred or 20 where the employer has its principal office. The court may award a prevailing employee all appropriate relief, including 22 injunctive relief, rehiring or reinstatement of the employee to the employee's former position, back pay and reestablishment of any employee benefits to which the employee would otherwise have 24 been eligible if the violation had not occurred. The court shall 26 award a prevailing employee treble damages, together with reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
 - 7. Rights preserved. This section does not limit an employee's right to bring action under any other common law or statute relating to employment. This section does not diminish or impair the rights of a person under a collective bargaining agreement.

36 SUMMARY

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This bill prohibits an employer from discriminating in employment matters on the basis of an employee's support or opposition to the employer's political or religious views or the employee's willingness or refusal to participate in meetings or communication related to the employer's political or religious views.