MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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122nd MAINE LEGISLATURE

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Legislative Document

No. 834

H.P. 593

House of Representatives, February 16, 2005

An Act To Prevent Camcorder Piracy

Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. MacFarland
MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND
Clerk

Presented by Representative GERZOFSKY of Brunswick.

Cosponsored by Senator DAVIS of Piscataquis and

Representatives: ASH of Belfast, BLANCHETTE of Bangor, BLISS of South Portland,
BRYANT of Windham, HANLEY of Gardiner, PELLETIER-SIMPSON of Auburn,
PLUMMER of Windham, RINES of Wiscasset.

Re	it	enacted	hv	the	People	οf	the	State	of	Maine	28	follows:
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Sec. 1. 17 MRSA c. 114, as amended, is further amended by repealing the chapter headnote and enacting the following in its place:

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CHAPTER 114

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DETENTION OF CERTAIN PERSONS SUSPECTED OF STEALING

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Sec. 2. 17 MRSA §3521, as amended by PL 1989, c. 122, §1, is further amended to read:

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§3521. Detention of certain persons suspected of stealing

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A store <u>or motion picture theater</u> owner, manager supervisor, or that person's designee, may detain on the premises in a reasonable manner and for a reasonable period of time net-te exceed-1/2-hour any person as to whom there is probable cause to believe is unlawfully concealing merchandise or concealing part of or operating an audiovisual or audio recording function of any device in the motion picture theater while a motion picture is being exhibited, without the written consent of the motion picture theater owner. The purposes of detention shall-be are: To to require the person being detained to provide identification; to verify the identification; to inform a law enforcement officer of the detention and to surrender that person to the officer; to recover stolen merchandise or recordings and related equipment; and when the detained person is a minor, to inform a law enforcement officer or the parents or guardian of the minor of the detention and to surrender the minor to the person so informed.

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Sec. 3. 17-A MRSA §352, sub-§5, ¶D, as amended by PL 2001, c. 389, §2, is further amended to read:

ascertained beyond a reasonable doubt pursuant to

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standards set forth in paragraphs A to C, the trier of fact may find the value to be not less than a certain amount, and if no such minimum value can be thus ascertained, the value is deemed to be an amount less than \$500. Notwithstanding this provision, for the purposes of this chapter, the value of any audio or visual recording of all or any part of a motion picture that is obtained through the use of any type

the value of property or services cannot be

- of recording device in a motion picture theater while a
 motion picture is being exhibited, without the written
 consent of the motion picture theater owner, is deemed to be
- 50 no less than \$5,000.

D.

2	Sec. 4. 17-A MRSA §353, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2001, c. 667,
	Pt. D, $\S 3$ and affected by $\S 36$, is further amended to read:
4	1. A person is guilty of theft if:
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0	A. The person obtains or exercises unauthorized control
8	over the property of another with intent to deprive the other person of the property. Violation of this paragraph
10	is a Class E crime; er
12	B. The person violates paragraph A and:
14	(1) The value of the property is more than \$10,000. Violation of this subparagraph is a Class B crime;
16	violation of this susparagraph is a diabs b drime,
	(2) The property stolen is a firearm or an explosive
18	<pre>device. Violation of this subparagraph is a Class B crime;</pre>
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22	(3) The person is armed with a dangerous weapon at the time of the offense. Violation of this subparagraph is a Class B crime;
24	a class b clime,
26	(4) The value of the property is more than \$1,000 but not more than \$10,000. Violation of this subparagraph
	is a Class C crime;
28	(E) The series of the grounds in most than \$500 but
30	(5) The value of the property is more than \$500 but not more than \$1,000. Violation of this subparagraph is a Class D crime; or
32	is a class b clime, or
34	(6) The person has 2 prior Maine convictions for any combination of the following: theft; any violation of
34	section 401 in which the crime intended to be committed
36	inside the structure is theft; any violation of section 405 in which the crime intended to be committed inside
38	the motor vehicle is theft; any violation of section
40	651; any violation of section 702, 703 or 708; or attempts thereat. Section 9-A governs the use of prior
10	convictions when determining a sentence. Violation of
42	this subparagraph is a Class C crime. ; or
44	C. The person knowingly operates an audiovisual or audio
46	recording function of any device in a motion picture theater while a motion picture is being exhibited, without the
10	written consent of the motion picture theater owner.
48	Violation of this paragraph is a Class C crime.

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SUMMARY

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This bill makes camcorder piracy and receiving stolen property obtained through camcorder piracy a Class C crime unless a higher value is determined. The bill also extends the protection afforded a store owner when detaining a person suspected of shoplifting to a theater owner when detaining a person suspected of illegally recording motion pictures.