# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

**Legislative Document** 

No. 618

S.P. 227

In Senate, February 11, 2003

An Act To Allow Municipalities To Hire Full-time Humane Law Enforcement Officers

Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LaFOUNTAIN of York. Cosponsored by Representative SULLIVAN of Biddeford and Representative: LAVERRIERE-BOUCHER of Biddeford.

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §3906-B, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §2, is further amended to read:

4. Training and certification of animal control officers and humane law enforcement officers. The commissioner shall develop a program to train animal control officers and humane law enforcement officers. This program must include training in investigation of complaints of cruelty to animals, training in response to calls concerning animals suspected of having rabies and training in enforcement of dog licensing laws and rabies immunization laws. The commissioner shall certify all animal control officers and humane law enforcement officers who complete the training program.

#### Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §3906-B, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

4-A. Humane law enforcement officer; additional training. In addition to the training and certification requirements found in subsection 4, a humane law enforcement officer must also successfully complete the preservice law enforcement training requirements in Title 25, section 2804-B and the in-service law enforcement training requirements in Title 25, section 2804-E in order to have the power to make arrests or to carry a firearm. A humane law enforcement officer is exempt from Title 25, section 2804-C.

#### Sec. 3. 7 MRSA §3907, sub-§15-B is enacted to read:

15-B. Humane law enforcement officer. "Humane law enforcement officer" means a person meeting the training requirements of section 3906-B, subsection 4-A appointed periodically by a municipality pursuant to chapter 725.

**Sec.** 

Sec. 4. 7 MRSA §3947, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §28, is further amended to read:

§3947. Animal control officers and humane law enforcement officers

Each municipality shall appoint one or more animal control officers or humane law enforcement officers whose duties are enforcement of seetiens-3911,-3912,-3916,-3921,-3924,-3943,-3948, 3950,-3950-A,-3952-and-4041-and-Title-17,-section-1023-responding te-reports-of-animals-suspected-of-having-rabies-in-accordance with-Title-22,-sections-1313-and-1313-A all applicable animal welfare laws and such other duties to control animals as the municipality may require.

A municipality may not appoint a person who has been convicted of a <u>Class A</u>, <u>B or C crime or murder</u>, <u>or what would constitute one of those crimes in another jurisdiction</u>, <u>or of a criminal violation under Title 17</u>, chapter 42 or has been adjudicated of a civil violation for cruelty to animals under chapter 739 to the position of animal control officer <u>or humane</u> law enforcement officer.

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Animal control officers must be certified in accordance with section 3906-B, subsection 4. Humane law enforcement officers must be certified in accordance with section 3906-B, subsections 4 and 4-A. A humane law enforcement officer may not make arrests or carry a firearm unless the humane law enforcement officer as successfully completed the training requirements under Title 25, sections 2804-B and 2804-E. Upon initial appointment, an animal control officer must complete training and be certified by the commissioner within 6 months of appointment.

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Upon appointment of an animal control officer or humane law enforcement officer, the municipal elerks clerk shall notify the commissioner of the name, address and telephone number of the animal-centrel officer.

Sec. 5. 7 MRSA  $\S3950$ -A, first  $\P$ , as amended by PL 1997, c. 690,  $\S33$ , is further amended to read:

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Any mayor, municipal officer, clerk, town or city manager, administrative assistant to the mayor, town or city councilor, dog recorder of unorganized territories, constable, police officer, sheriff er, animal control officer, humane law enforcement officer or humane agent who refuses or intentionally fails to perform the duties imposed by ehapters -719, -720, -721, 725 - and -727 - and - by - this - ehapter applicable animal welfare laws commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$250 and costs may be adjudged.

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- Sec. 6. 7 MRSA §3952, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1999, c. 350, §2, is further amended to read:
- Dogs presenting immediate threat to public. 40 issuing a summons and before hearing arraignment, if the dog 42 poses an immediate or continuing threat to the public, a sheriff, local law enforcement officer  $\Theta F_{\perp}$  animal control officer  $\underline{Or}$ 44 humane law enforcement officer shall order the owner or keeper of the dog to muzzle, restrain or confine the dog to the owner's premises or to have the dog confined at the owner's expense at a 46 place determined by the sheriff, local law enforcement officer er, animal control officer or humane law enforcement officer. 48 the owner or keeper fails to comply, the sheriff, local law 50 enforcement officer er animal control officer or humane law

2	<pre>enforcement officer may apply to District Court, Superior Court or a justice of the peace for an ex parte order for authorization</pre>
_	to take possession of the dog that poses an immediate or
4	continuing threat to the public and turn the dog over to the
6	applicant or other suitable person.
•	Sec. 7. 7 MRSA §4011-A is enacted to read:
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10	§4011-A. Investigation and enforcement of cruelty violations
	A sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, constable, animal
12	control officer, humane law enforcement officer or humane agent
14	shall investigate cases of cruelty to animals and enforce the
14	laws governing cruelty to animals.
16	Sec. 8. 17 MRSA §1011, sub-§15-B is enacted to read:
18	15-B. Humane law enforcement officer. "Humane law
	enforcement officer" means a person meeting the training
20	requirements of Title 7, section 3906-B, subsection 4-A appointed
2.2	periodically by a municipality pursuant to Title 7, chapter 725.
22	Sec. 9. 17 MRSA §1021, sub-§5-A, as amended by PL 1995, c.
24	490, §24, is further amended to read:
	150, G-1, 10 141 chot dimended to load.
26	5-A. Seizure by state humane agent, state veterinarian or humane law enforcement officer without court order. A state
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	numane agent of, a state veterinarian or a numane law enlorcement
	humane agent ex, a state veterinarian or a humane law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of
30	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take
	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession
30 32	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent $\Theta F_{\perp}$ the state
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32 34	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;
32 34	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane
32 34 36 38	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or the humane law
32 34 36	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer to contact for information regarding the
32 34 36 38 40	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or the humane law
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32 34 36 38 40	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer to contact for information regarding the
32 34 36 38 40 42	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer to contact for information regarding the animal; and  C. Advises the owner of the ensuing court procedure.  If the owner can not be found, the humane agent er, the state
32 34 36 38 40 42	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer to contact for information regarding the animal; and  C. Advises the owner of the ensuing court procedure.  If the owner can not be found, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or humane law enforcement officer shall send a copy
32 34 36 38 40 42 44	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer to contact for information regarding the animal; and  C. Advises the owner of the ensuing court procedure.  If the owner can not be found, the humane agent effect the state veterinarian or humane law enforcement officer shall send a copy of the notice to the owner at the owner's last known address by
32 34 36 38 40 42 44	officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of section 1031 or 1032 has taken place or is taking place may take possession of the cruelly treated animal. Upon taking possession of an animal under this section, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall present the owner with a notice that:  A. States the reason for seizure;  B. Gives the name, address and phone number of the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer to contact for information regarding the animal; and  C. Advises the owner of the ensuing court procedure.  If the owner can not be found, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or humane law enforcement officer shall send a copy

veterinarian or humane law enforcement officer shall contact the
animal shelter or shelters used by the municipality in which the
animal was found. The humane agent er, the state veterinarian or
the humane law enforcement officer shall provide the shelter with
a description of the animal, the date of seizure and the name of
a person to contact for more information.

Within 3 working days of possession of the animal, the humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall apply to the court for a possession order. The court shall set a hearing date and that hearing date must be within 10 days of the date the animal was seized. The humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall arrange care for the animal, including medical treatment, if necessary, pending the hearing.

The humane agent er, the state veterinarian or the humane law enforcement officer shall notify the owner, if located, of the time and place of the hearing. If the owner has not been located, the court shall order a notice to be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the animal was found stating the case and circumstances and giving 48 hours notice of the hearing.

It is the owner's responsibility at the hearing to show cause why the animal should not be seized permanently or disposed of humanely. If it appears at the hearing that the animal has been cruelly abandoned or cruelly treated by its owner, the court shall declare the animal forfeited and order its sale, adoption or donation or order the animal to be disposed of humanely if a veterinarian determines that the animal is diseased or disabled beyond recovery.

A humane agent, humane law enforcement officer, state law enforcement officer or state veterinarian is not civilly liable to any party for authorization made in accordance with this subsection.

- Sec. 10. 25 MRSA §2804-I, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 682, §5, is amended to read:
- \$2804-I. Law enforcement training for harbor masters, municipal shellfish conservation wardens and humane law enforcement officers

Harbor masters and, municipal shellfish conservation wardens and humane law enforcement officers must successfully complete the preservice law enforcement training requirements in section 2804-B and the in-service law enforcement training requirements in section 2804-E in order to have the power to make arrests or

to	carry	a	firearm.	Har	bor	mas	ters	$and_{\perp}$	munici	pal	shell	fish
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### 6 SUMMARY

This bill allows municipalities to hire full-time humane law enforcement officers whose responsibilities are investigating and enforcing the animal welfare laws. It allows these officers to serve civil and criminal summons, to make arrests and to carry firearms. Under the bill, the humane law enforcement officers must undergo the same law enforcement training as harbor masters and municipal shellfish conservation wardens.