MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

L.D. 220	•

2	DATE: 4-24-02 (Filing No. H-1/25)									
4										
6	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.									
8										
10	STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 120TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION									
12										
L4	HOUSE AMENDMENT " $\mathcal B$ " to SENATE AMENDMENT "C" to S.P. 822,									
L6	L.D. 2202, Bill, "An Act to Ensure that 25% of Workers' Compensation Cases with Permanent Impairment Remain Eligible for									
18	Duration-of-disability Benefits in Accordance With the Workers' Compensation Act"									
20	Amend the amendment by striking out all of sections 1 to 5 and inserting in their place the following:									
24	'Sec. 1. 39-A MRSA §213, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is amended to read:									
26	200, 100 11, 90 222 222 27 300 00 22, 25 22020 00 10020									
28	1. Benefit and duration. While the incapacity for work is partial, the employer shall pay the injured employee a weekly									
30	compensation equal to 80% of the difference between the injured employee's after-tax average weekly wage before the personal injury and the after-tax average weekly wage that the injured									
32	employee is able to earn after the injury, but not more than the maximum benefit under section 211. Compensation must be paid for									
34	the duration of the disability if the employee's permanent impairment, determined according to the impairment guidelines									
36	adopted by the board pursuant to section 153, subsection 8 resulting from the personal injury is in excess of 15% to the									
38	body. In all other cases an employee is not eligible to receive compensation under this section after the employee has received									
10	260 weeks of compensation under section 212, subsection 1, this section or both. The board may in the exercise of its discretion									
12	extend the duration of benefit entitlement beyond 260 weeks in									

Page 1-LR3594(42)

HOUSE	AMENDMENT	B	to	SENATE	AMENDMENT	"C"	to	S.P.	822,	L.D
2202		V								

- cases involving extreme financial hardship due to inability to 2 return to gainful employment. This authority may not be delegated to a hearing officer and such decisions must be made 4 expeditiously.
- Until June 30, 2003, in calculating an employee's permanent impairment, the decision of the Maine Supreme Judicial Court in Kotch v. American Protective Services, Inc., 2002 ME 19 must be disregarded and impairment from prior causally unrelated nonwork injuries may not be included.
 - Sec. 2. Application. Notwithstanding the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 1, section 302, this Act applies to all determinations of permanent impairment made by the Workers' Compensation Board under Title 39-A on or after the effective date of this Act, and before June 30, 2003.
 - Sec. 3. Report legislation. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over labor matters shall review this Act and the issues presented by the determination of permanent impairment under Title 39-A and, based on their review, shall report out legislation on this issue to the First Regular Session of the 121st Legislature to take effect no later than June 30, 2003.'

26

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

FISCAL NOTE

28

30

32

For permanent impairment determinations made between the effective date and June 30, 2003, this amendment eliminates the cost associated with those elements of the Kotch v. American Protective Services, Inc. decision that allowed for combining current work injuries and unrelated nonwork injuries in determining eligibility for duration-of-disability wage loss benefits.

36

38

40

42

44

34

As amended, this bill will partially reduce the amount of an unbudgeted increase in costs to state agencies through increased workers' compensation payments and premiums beginning in fiscal year 2002-03 associated with those elements of the Kotch v. American Protective Services, Inc. decision that allows for combining a prior nonwork injury that contributes to the incapacity but does not aggravate or accelerate the current work injury. The total savings to state agencies can not be determined at this time.

46

HOUSE AMENDMENT "A" to SENATE AMENDMENT "C" to S.P. 822, L.D.

The additional costs associated with meeting and reporting out legislation can be absorbed by the Legislature assuming that joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over labor matters only meets during authorized meeting dates approved by the Legislative Council.

ñ

8

10

12

14

2

SUMMARY

This amendment requires the Workers' Compensation Board and its hearing officers to disregard until June 30, 2003 the Maine Supreme Judicial Court decision in Kotch v. American Protective Services, Inc. regarding impairment from nonwork injuries when calculating the percentage of an injured employee's permanent impairment.

16

18

20

This amendment directs the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over labor matters to review the issues presented by determinations of permanent impairment and authorizes that committee to report out legislation on the issue to the First Regular Session of the 121st Legislature.

22

24

1. Sullevan (Representative SULLIVAN

26

TOWN: Biddeford

28