MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1328

S.P. 419

Received by the Secretary, April 20, 1993

An Act to Keep Drunk Drivers Off the Road.

Referred to the Committee on Legal Affairs and 1200 ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 14.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LAWRENCE of York. Cosponsored by Representatives: MARTIN of Eagle Lake, OTT of York.

Be it	enacted	by	the	People	of	the	State	of	Maine	as	follows
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- Sec. 1. 15 MRSA \$1026, sub-\$3, ¶A, as amended by PL 1987, c. 870, §4, is further amended by amending subparagraph (9) to read:
- 6 (9) Refrain from <u>any</u> use e-excessive-use of alcohol and from-any-use-of drugs;
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 Sec. 2. 29 MRSA §1312-B, sub-§2-A, as amended by PL 1989, c.
 10 872, §6, is further amended to read:
- 2-A. Aggravated punishment category. If the State pleads and proves that, while operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section, the actor in fact caused serious bodily injury as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 23, to another person or in fact caused the death of another person, the sentencing class for the offense in subsection 1 is a Class C crime. The minimum penalties specified in subsection 2 apply, but the minimum period of suspension is 18 months unless a longer minimum period otherwise applies.
- A person charged with operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section and causing serious bodily injury is subject to the condition that the person may not consume alcoholic beverages, pursuant to Title 15, section 1026, subsection 3, paragraph A, subparagraph (9).
- If the State pleads and proves that, while operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section, the actor had been previously convicted of 3 or more violations of former section 1312, subsection 10, former section 1312-B or this section within a 6-year period, the sentencing class for the offense in subsection 1 is a Class C crime. The minimum penalties specified in subsection 2 apply, but the minimum fine is \$1,000.
- Sec. 3. 29 MRSA §2184, sub-§1-A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 891, Pt. A, §11, is further amended to read:

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Minimum mandatory sentences for certain suspensions. In the event the suspension was for a conviction for a violation 40 of former section 1312, subsection 10 or section 1312-B or an adjudication for a violation of former section 1312-C or for a 42 failure to comply with the duty to submit for a blood-alcohol test under section 1312, subsection 2, the court shall impose a 44 minimum fine of \$350 \$1,000, which may not be suspended; a term of imprisonment which that may be for not less than 7 30 46 consecutive days and may not be suspended; an order that the person reimburse the State for costs of jail time; and a 48 mandatory suspension of license or permit or right to operate a

motor vehicle, or right to apply for or obtain a license, for not less than one year nor more than 3 years consecutive to the 2 original suspension, which may not be suspended. 4 the person is convicted of both driving while license or registration is suspended or revoked and violating section 1312-B, the court shall impose a minimum fine of \$10,000, which may not be suspended; a term of imprisonment that may not be for less than one year and may not be suspended; an order that the R person reimburse the State for costs of jail time; and a mandatory suspension of license or permit or right to operate a 10 motor vehicle, or right to apply for or obtain a license, for not 12 less than one year nor more than 3 years consecutive to the original suspension, which may not be suspended. For all other 14 suspensions, if the person has one or more prior convictions for violating this section within a 6-year period, the minimum fine is \$200 and may not be suspended. The requirements of Title 15, 16 section 757, of a separate reading of the allegation and a 18 separate trial do not apply to a proceeding under subsection. The court shall give notice of the suspension and shall take physical custody of an operator's license or permit as 20 provided in section 2241-H.

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If the court fails to impose a suspension as provided in this subsection, the Secretary of State shall impose the minimum one-year suspension and may impose up to 3 years of suspension and give notice as provided in section 1312-D, subsection 1.

28 The minimum mandatory sentences of this subsection applies only to the original period of suspension imposed by the court or by 30 the Secretary of State, or as extended by the Secretary of State to section 1312-D, subsection 1-A. mandatory sentences of this subsection do not apply to 32 extension of the original suspension, including an extension pursuant to section 1312-B, subsection 2, paragraph C, or former 34 section 1312-C, subsection 4, imposed for the purpose of compelling compliance with conditions for the restoration of a 36 license or right to operate, or to an extension pursuant to 38 section 2241-D for failure to pay a reinstatement fee.

For the purposes of this subsection, a prior conviction has occurred within a 6-year period if the date of the docket entry by the clerk of a judgment of conviction is 6 years or less from the date of the new conduct that is penalized or for which the penalty is or may be enhanced.

Sec. 4. Study. The State Police shall study the feasibility of installing breath protection devices in motor vehicles as a means of restricting the use of motor vehicles by persons who have been convicted of operating under the influence of alcohol or drugs. For purposes of this study, breath

protection devices are devices that make impractical the operation of a motor vehicle if ethyl alcohol is detected in the breath of the operators. The study must evaluate systems in use in other states and identify the feasibility of use in the State. The State Police shall submit a report, including recommendations, to the Joint Standing Committee on Legal Affairs by November 1, 1993.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill requires the State Police to conduct a study of the feasibility of the installation of breath protection devices in the vehicles of persons convicted of operating under the influence of alcohol or drugs. The bill increases the penalties for persons convicted of operating after suspension of license or registration, persons convicted of operating after suspension of license or registration and operating under the influence of alcohol or drugs and persons convicted of injuring another person while operating under the influence of alcohol or drugs.