MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 700

S.P. 229

In Senate, February 25, 1993

An Act to Develop and Expand Markets for Recycled Materials.

Submitted by the Maine Waste Management Agency pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

> JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BALDACCI of Penobscot.

Cosponsored by Senator SUMMERS of Cumberland, Representative ZIRNKILTON of Mount

Desert and

Representative: SAXL of Bangor.

2	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
4	Sec. 1. 36 MRSA $\S2526$, as corrected by RR 1991, c. 2, $\S134$, is amended to read:
6	§2526. Solid waste reduction investment tax credit
8 10	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
1.2	A. "Employing unit" has the same meaning as in Title 26, section 1043.
14 16	B. "Solid waste" has the same meaning as in Title 38, section 1303-C.
18	C. "Waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment" means structures, machinery, equipment or devices, singly or in
20 22	combination, designed and required to <u>reduce solid waste</u> <u>generated by the employing unit or to</u> separate, process, modify, convert, treat or repair solid waste generated
24	within the State so that component materials or substances or recoverable resources may be used as a raw material or for productive use and includes:
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28	(1) Vehicles designed and dedicated exclusively for the collection of source-separated municipal solid waste generated within the State for the purpose of
30	recycling;
32	(2) Add-ons or trailers designed to modify collection vehicles and dedicated to sorting, separating and
34	transporting collected wastes generated within the State that are held for the purpose of recycling; -er
36	(3) Containers for the source separation and temporary
38	storage of recyclable wastes generated within the State+; or
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42	(4) Industrial processing equipment designed to clean, purify and convert waste into a manufacturing feedstock.
44	"Waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment" does not include structures, machinery, equipment or devices used to
46	burn solid waste.
48	D. "Investment credit base of equipment" means the total original basis of the equipment for federal income tax
50	purposes, adjusted to exclude all architectural and engineering fees, site survey fees, legal expenses,

development fees and insurance premiums, of the taxpayer for equipment that was placed into service for the first time in the State by the taxpayer or other person during the tax year for which the credit is claimed.

- 2. Credit allowed. A taxpayer constituting an employing unit that purchases and uses, or purchases and leases to a person for use by that person at a fixed facility that separates, processes, converts or treats solid waste intended for sale by that person, any waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment, ex-other-equipment used exclusively in the implementation of a solid waste reduction, reuse or recycling program, is entitled to a credit against the tax imposed by this Part-equal-te-30%-ef-the eest-of-that-equipment-incurred-during-the-taxable-year.--"Cest ef-the-equipment"-means-the-eriginal-basis, without-adjustment, ef-the-equipment-for-federal-income-tax-purposes-exclusive-ef-all architectural--and--engineering--fees, site--survey--fees, --legal expenses, --development--fees--and--insurance--premiums--that--are included-in-the-basis--ef-the-equipment--for--federal--income-tax purposes. A taxpayer may claim one of the following credits.
 - A. The credit allowed for equipment used to manage the taxpayer's own waste is 25% of the investment credit base of the equipment.
 - B. The credit allowed for equipment used to manage the collection and processing of waste generated by parties other than the taxpayer is 20% of the investment credit base of the equipment.
 - C. The credit allowed for equipment used to convert waste into a feedstock that can substitute for virgin materials in a manufacturing process is 30% of the investment credit base of the equipment or from January 1, 1993 until the day prior to the effective date of the legislation.
 - D. The credit allowed for equipment placed into service from January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991 is 30% of the investment credit base of the equipment or from January 1, 1993 until the day prior to the effective date of this paragraph.
- 3. Eligible equipment. Purehases Equipment eligible for the credit allowed under this section inelude—structures, machinery, includes waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment and—devices used to reduce, reuse or recycle solid waste, at least 90% of which is generated within the State. A certificate that the structures,—machinery, equipment and—devices—qualify qualifies for the credit provided for in this section from the Maine Waste Management Agency is required before the tax credit may be taken. Machinery—and—equipment Equipment associated with

the separation of wastes prior to incineration are <u>is</u> eligible when the Maine Waste Management Agency certifies that the separated wastes are being recycled.

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4. Limitation; carry-over. The amount of the credit that may be used by a taxpayer for a taxable year may not exceed 50% of the amount of tax otherwise due under this Part for that year. A credit may not be used to reduce taxes in any tax year starting before January 1, 1993. Any unused credit may be carried over to the following year or years for a period not to exceed 15 years-or-may-be-carried-back-for-a-period-not-to-exceed 3-years.

12 3-year

5. Application. This section applies to equipment purchased and placed into use during the period from January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991 or in any tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1993.

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6. Recapture. If a taxpayer disposes of equipment for which a credit was claimed within 4 years from the date that the equipment was placed into service, the tax imposed under this Part for the taxable year in which the disposition occurs is increased by an amount equal to the amount allowed as a credit in the year of disposition and all prior years. Any unused credit attributable to the disposed-of equipment is disallowed.

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Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §5219-D, as corrected by RR 1991, c. 2, §139, is amended to read:

§5219-D. Solid waste reduction investment tax credit

- 32 **1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
 - A. "Employing unit" has the same meaning as in Title 26, section 1043.

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- B. "Solid waste" has the same meaning as in Title 38, section 1303-C.
- C. "Waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment" means structures, machinery, equipment or devices, singly or in combination, designed and required to reduce solid waste generated by the employing unit or to separate, process, modify, convert, treat or repair solid waste generated within the State so that component materials or substances or recoverable resources may be used as a raw material or for productive use and includes:

2	the collection of source-separated municipal soli
4	waste generated within the State for the purpose o recycling;
6	(2) Add-ons or trailers designed to modify collection vehicles and dedicated to sorting, separating and
8	transporting collected wastes generated within the State that are held for the purpose of recycling; -er
10	(3) Containers for the source separation and temporary
12	storage of recyclable wastes generated within the State. or
14	(4) Industrial processing equipment designed to clean,
16	purify and convert waste into a manufacturing feedstock.
18	"Waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment" does not include structures, machinery, equipment or devices used to
20	burn solid waste.
22	D. "Investment credit base of equipment" means the total original basis of the equipment for federal income tax
24	purposes, adjusted to exclude all architectural and engineering fees, site survey fees, legal expenses,
26	development fees and insurance premiums, of the taxpayer for equipment that was placed into service for the first time in
28	the State by the taxpayer or other person during the tax year for which the credit is claimed.
30	 Credit allowed. A taxpayer constituting an employing
32	unit that purchases and uses, or purchases and leases to a person for use by that person at a fixed facility that separates,
34	processes, converts or treats solid waste intended for sale by that person, any waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment,
36	er-other-equipment used exclusively in the implementation of a solid waste reduction, reuse or recycling program, is entitled to
38	a credit against the tax imposed by this Part-equal-te-30%-ef-the
40	eest-of-that-equipment-incurred-during-the-taxable-year"Gest ef-the-equipment"-means-the-original-basis,without-adjustment,
42	<pre>ef-the-equipment-for-federal-income-tax-purposes-exclusive-of-all architecturalandengineeringfees,sitesurveyfees,legal</pre>
	empenses, development fees and insurance premiums that are
44	included-in-the-basis-of-the-equipment-for-federal-income-tax
16	purpeses. A taxpayer may claim one of the following credits.
46	A. The credit allowed for equipment used to manage the
48	taxpayer's own waste is 25% of the investment credit base of the equipment.

- B. The credit allowed for equipment used to manage the collection and processing of waste generated by parties other than the taxpayer is 20% of the investment credit base of the equipment.
 - C. The credit allowed for equipment used to convert waste into a feedstock that can subsitute for virgin materials in a manufacturing process is 30% of the investment credit base of the equipment.
 - D. The credit allowed for equipment placed into service during the period from January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991 is 30% of the investment credit base of the equipment or from January 1, 1993 until the day prior to the effective date of this paragraph.
 - 3. Eligible equipment. Purchases Equipment eligible for the credit allowed under this section include—structures, machinery, includes waste reduction, reuse or recycling equipment and—devices used to reduce, reuse or recycle solid waste, at least 90% of which is generated within the State. A certificate that the structures,—machinery, equipment and—devices—qualify qualifies for the credit provided for in this section from the Maine Waste Management Agency is required before the tax credit may be taken. Machinery—and—equipment Equipment associated with the separation of wastes prior to incineration are is eligible when the Maine Waste Management Agency certifies that the separated wastes are being recycled.
 - 4. Limitation; carry-over. The amount of the credit that may be used by a taxpayer for a taxable year may not exceed 50% of the amount of tax otherwise due under this Part for that year. A credit may not be used to reduce taxes in any tax year starting before January 1, 1993. Any unused credit may be carried over to the following year or years for a period not to exceed 15 years-or-may-be-carried-back for a period-not-to-exceed 3-years.
 - 5. Application. This section applies to equipment purchased and placed into use during the period from January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991 or in any tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1993.
 - 6. Recapture. If a taxpayer disposes of equipment for which a credit was claimed within 4 years from the date that the equipment was placed into service, the tax imposed under this Part for the taxable year in which the disposition occurs is increased by an amount equal to the amount allowed as a credit in the year of disposition and all prior years. Any unused credit attributable to the disposed-of equipment is disallowed.

STATEMENT OF FACT

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	The investment tax credit is an incentive for private
4	investment in waste reduction and recycling equipment and
	programs. The purpose of this bill is to acknowledge and
6	encourage the need for expanded markets for recycled materials.
8	This bill amends the investment tax credit for solid waste
	reduction and recycling equipment to allow credit for waste
10	reduction equipment, defines the investment credit base of
	equipment and refers consistently to this term throughout, and
12	adds a recapture provision. The bill also amends use of the
	investment tax credit as follows:
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	1. 25% of the credit base of equipment used to manage the

- 25% of the credit base of equipment used to manage the taxpayer's own waste;
- 2. 20% of the credit base of equipment used to manage the collection, processing of waste generated by parties other than the taxpayer;
- 3. 30% of the credit base of equipment used to convert waste into a processable feedstock that can substitute for virgin materials in a manufacturing process; and
- 4. 30% for equipment placed into service during the period from January 1, 1990 to June 30, 1991.