MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 2087
7 8	H.P. 1577 House of Representatives, February 16, 1984
9	Reported by Representative Swazey from the Committee on Unemployment Compensation Fund Study Commission. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed under Joint Rule 18.
. 10	EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Submitted by the Unemployment Compensation Fund Study Commission pursuant to P&SL 1983 c. 46.
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12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FOUR
17 18 19	AN ACT to Provide for Financial Solvency in the Unemployment Compensation Fund.
20 21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
22 23	Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §1043, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1983, c. 13, §1, is further amended to read:
. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	2. Annual payroll. "Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages paid by an employer during a calendar year, not meaning, however, to include that part of individual wages or salaries in excess of \$3,000 in any calendar year through 1971, \$4,200 in any calendar year through 1977, \$6,000 in any calendar year through 1982 and, \$7,000 in any subsequent calendar year through 1984, \$7,400 in 1985, \$7,900 in 1986 and \$8,500 in any subsequent calendar year.
33 34	<pre>Sec. 2. 26 MRSA §1043, sub-§19, ¶A, as amended by PL 1983, c. 13, §2, is further amended to read:</pre>

purposes of section 1221, the For term "wages" shall not include that part of remuneration which after remuneration equal to \$3,000 through December 31, 1971, \$4,200 through December 31, 1977, \$6,000 through December 31, 1982, and after January 1, 1983, that part of remuneration equal to \$7,000 through December 31, 1984, \$7,400 through December 31, 1985, \$7,900 through December 31, 1986 and on and after January 1, 1987, that part of remuneration equal to \$8,500 has been paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar is paid to the individual by the employer during that calendar year, unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a federal imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into state unemployment fund. The wages of an individual for employment with an employer shall to this exception whether earned in this subject State or any other state when the employer-employee relationship is between the same legal entities;

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Sec. 3. 26 MRSA §1193, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by
PL 1979, c. 651, §46, is further amended to read:

For the week in which he left his regular employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to such employment, or to a claimant who has voluntarily removed himself from the labor market where presently employed to an area where employment opportunity is less frequent, if so found by the deputy, and disqualification shall continue claimant has earned 4 8 times his weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer; provided no disqualification shall be imposed if the individual establishes that he left employment in good faith and accepted new employment on a perfull-time basis and he became separated manent from the new employment for good cause attributable to employment with the new employing unit. Leaving work shall not be considered voluntary without good cause when it is caused by the or disability of the claimant or of his imness mediate family and the claimant took all

able precautions to protect his employment status by having promptly notified his employer as to the reasons for his absence and by promptly requesting reemployment when he is again able to resume employment; nor shall leaving work be considered voluntary without good cause if the leaving was necessary for the claimant to accompany, follow or join his spouse in a new place of residence and he can clearly show within 7 days upon arrival at the new place of residence an attachment to the new labor market and is in all respects able, available and actively seeking suitable work;

- 14 Sec. 4. 26 MRSA §1193, sub-§2, as amended by PL 15 1979, c. 651, §§46 and 47, is further amended to read:
- 2. <u>Discharge for misconduct</u>. For the week in which he has been discharged for misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the deputy, and disqualification shall continue until claimant has earned 4 8 times his weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer.
 - A. For the duration of any period for which he has been suspended from his work by his employer as discipline for misconduct, if so found by the deputy, or until the claimant has earned 4 8 times his weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer.
- 29 Sec. 5. 26 MRSA §1193, sub-§7, as amended by PL 30 1983, c. 305, §5, is further amended to read:
 - 7. Discharged for crime. For the period of unemployment next ensuing with respect to which he was discharged for conviction of felony or misdemeanor in connection with his work. The ineligibility of such individual shall continue for all weeks subsequent until such individual has thereafter earned net less than \$600 8 times his weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer.

EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTION RATE IN PERCENT OF WAGES

When Reserve Multiple Is:

Employer Reserve Ratio Equal to or Less more than than	over 2.50	2.37- 2.50	2.23-2.36	2.09-2.22	1.95- 2.08	1.81- 1.94	1.67-	1.53- 1.66 Schedu	1.39- 1.52	1.25- 1.38	1.11- 1.24	.97- 1.10	.83- .96	.68 - .82	.45 - .67	under .45
Column A	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	К	L	М	N	0	Р
19.0% and over 18.0% 19.0% 17.0% 18.0% 16.0% 17.0% 18.0% 19.0% 16.0% 19.0% 16.0% 11.0% 15.0% 11.0% 13.0% 11.0% 13.0% 11.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 8.0% 9.0% 8.0% 9.0% 8.0% 9.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 10.0% 10.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 7.0% 8.0% 6.0% 10.0	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	00.08%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%	0.78%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%	00.01.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	0111234567888888888888888888888888888888888888	11111111111222222222333333444444555555	1111111112222222233333344444555556	23888888888888888888888888888888888888	111111122222222233333344444555566	1111111222222222223333444444555566	111111222222222333333444444455555666	1.6%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%	1.7%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%	11.22.2.22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.3.3.3.3.4.4.4.4.4	1.90%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%	22.2.2.2.2.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.4.4.4.4.4.5.4.5.5.5.5.5

- 1 Sec. 6. 26 MRSA §1221, sub-§2, ¶C is enacted to
 2 read:
- 3 C. Each employer subject to this chapter, other 4 than those liable for payments in lieu of contri-5 butions, shall pay, in addition to an 6 based on his contribution rate as prescribed in subsection 4, a surtax equal to 16% of his con-7 8 tribution rate multiplied by the wages paid by 9 him with respect to employment during the calendar years 1985, 1986 and 1987. This paragraph is 10 11 repealed January 1, 1988.
- 12 Sec. 7. 26 MRSA §1221, sub-§4, ¶B, as amended by 13 PL 1981, c. 16, §1, is further amended to read:
- 14 Subject to paragraph A, each employer's contribution rate for the 12-month period commencing 15 January 1st of each year shall be based upon his 16 17 experience rating record and determined from his 18 reserve ratio, which is the percent obtained 19 dividing the amount by which, if any, his contri-20 butions credited from the time he first or most recently became an employer, whichever date 21 22 later, and up to and including June 30th of the 23 preceding year, including any part of his contributions due for that year payable on or before 24 25 July 31st of the preceding year, exceed his benefits charged during the same period, by his aver-26 27 age annual payroll for the 36-consecutive-month 28 period ending June 30th of the preceding year. 29 His contribution rate is the percent shown on the 30 line of the following table on which in column A 31 there is indicated his reserve ratio 32 the schedule within which the reserve multiple falls as of September 30th of each year. The fol-33 34 lowing table will apply for each 12-month period 35 commencing January 1st of each year as determined 36 by paragraph C. Notwithstanding any other provi-37 sions of this paragraph, each employer's contribution rate computed and effective as of July 1, 38 39 1981, shall be for the 6-month period ending De-40 cember 31, 1981.

This bill is one of 2 bills implementing the Unemployment Compensation Fund Study Commission's recommendations to restore solvency to the Trust Fund. The Department of Labor projects that under Maine's current law, Trust Fund reserves will decline and result in a deficit balance of (-)\$103.1 million by the of 1990. Federal loans will be needed each year with only the 1984-85 loans being repaid in time avoid the new 10% federal interest charges, even though the older interest-free 1975-78 loans took until 1983 to be totally paid off. Interest penalties for the 1986-90 period would be an estimated \$36.4 million and would be borne by the state's General Fund or direct employer taxation, because federal law allow financing from Trust Fund reserves. does not Obviously, current law must be changed to prevent this result.

The commission did not attempt a permament cure of the fund's ills because there are so many uncontrollable variables that will affect it, including the overall economy, unemployment rates, state and national policies and other bills enacted by the Legislature. Instead, these recommendations will avert the financial crisis projected for the immediate future and avoid incurring a large federal debt.

The bill does the following:

Sections 1 and 2 raise the taxable wage base to which an employer's tax rates are applied. Currently, the first \$7,000 of a covered employee's wages are taxable, which is the federal minimum base. Under this bill, Maine would join the 25 other states with higher bases by raising the base to \$7,400 in 1985, \$7,900 in 1986 and \$8,500 in 1987 and thereafter, unless amended to change after 1987.

Sections 3 and 4 increase the penalties for a disqualification for voluntary quit or misconduct. Under this bill, a claimant remains disqualified until he has earned 8 times his weekly benefit amount, rather than only 4 times the weekly benefit amount.

Section 5 increases the penalty for a disqualification for crime connected with work. The claimant remains disqualified until he earns 8 times his weekly benefit amount rather than the current \$400.

Section 6 amends the employer's tax rate contribution schedules by raising rates for negative balance employers whose former employees draw more benefits than the employer has paid in taxes. Presently, all negative balance employers are taxed at the same rate, even those with large negative balances, in effect, forcing employers with better experience ratings to subsidize those with poor ratings. This weakens the incentives provided by the experience rating system. This change also meets the new federal requirement that the maximum tax rate in all schedules be at least 5.4%.

Section 7 adds a "sliding scale" surtax on 16% of an employer's contribution rate applied to covered wages. For example, an employer with a 3.4% tax rate would pay a .5% surtax, resulting in a total rate of 3.9%, while an employer with a 6.5% tax rate would pay a 1% surtax, resulting in a 7.5% total rate. This is more equitable than continuing the current flat experience rating system by taxing those with better records at a lower rate. The surtax is repealed after 1987.

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