# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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Legislativ	e Document					No. 146
S.P. 483				I	n Senate, A	pril 13, 198
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Sec	. 2. 32 M	IRSA §64	-A is e	nacted	to read	l:
§64-A.	Disciplin	nary act	ions			
1. board sl motion with the	or upon	estigate	a comofaw	mplain ritten	t, on complai	ons. The its own nt filed with or
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- The board shall notify the licensee of the content of a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as possible, but in no event later than within 60 days of receipt of this information. If the licensee's subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the board that the complaint does not merit further investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if any.
- If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-cient gravity to warrant further action, the board may request an informal conference with the licensee. The board shall provide the licensee with adequate notice of the conference and of the issues to be discussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested by the licensee. Statements made at the conference may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing unless all parties consent.
- If, at the informal conference, the board finds that
  the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of
  sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may
  take any of the following actions it deems appropriate:

- A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office;
- B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipulations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or

C. If the board concludes that modification,
suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license
might be in order, provide the licensee with the
option of having the modification, suspension,
revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:

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- (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
- 10 (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.
- 2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section
  14 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action
  to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse
  to renew the license of a person licensed under this
  chapter:
  - A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
    - B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
- 28 C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may 30 result in the licensee performing his duties in a 31 manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
- D. Aiding or abetting the practice of administration of a medical care facility by a person not duly licensed under this chapter and who represents himself to be so;
- 37 E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is 38 licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent 39 in the practice if the licensee has:

- 1 (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a 2 lack of ability or fitness to discharge the 3 duty owed by the licensee to a client 4 patient or the general public; or 5 (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a 6 lack of knowledge, or inability to apply principles or skills to carry out the prac-7 8 tice for which he is licensed; 9 F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in 10 unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been 11 12 established in the practice for which the licen-13 see is licensed; 14 G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime which involves dishonesty or false statement or which relates 15 16 17 directly to the practice for which the licensee 18 is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which 19 incarceration for one year or more may be 20 imposed; 21 H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule 22 adopted by the board; or 23 I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive 24 advertising. 25 Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §503, as repealed and replaced 26 by PL 1981, c. 594, §1, is repealed. 27 Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §503-A is enacted to read: 28 §503-A. Disciplinary actions
- 29 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The 30 board shall investigate a complaint, on its own 31 motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed 32 with the board, regarding noncompliance with or 33 violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by 34 the board.
- The board shall notify the licensee of the content of a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as possible, but in no event later than within 60 days

- of receipt of this information. If the licensee's subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the board that the complaint does not merit further investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if any.
- 7 If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-8 9 cient gravity to warrant further action, the board 10 may request an informal conference with the licensee. The board shall provide the licensee with adequate 11 notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-12 cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-13 14 tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested 15 by the licensee. Statements made at the conference may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing 16
- 18 If, at the informal conference, the board finds that 19 the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of 20 sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may 21 take any of the following actions it deems appropri-22 ate:

unless all parties consent.

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- A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office;
- 31 B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipu-32 33 lations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public 34 health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall 35 36 37 be set forth only in a consent agreement signed 38 by the board, the licensee and the Attorney 39 General's office; or
  - C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the

3 4 5 6	(1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
7 8	(2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.
9 10 11 12 13	2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a person licensed under this chapter:
15 16 17 18	A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
19 20 21 22 23 24	B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
25 26 27 28 29	C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
30 31 32	D. Aiding or abetting the practice of chiropractic by a person not duly licensed under this chapter and who represents himself to be so;
33 34 35	E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent in the practice if the licensee has:
36 37 38 39	(1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or patient or the general public; or

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option of having the modification, suspension,

revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:

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- 1 (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a
  2 lack of knowledge, or inability to apply
  3 principles or skills to carry out the prac4 tice for which he is licensed;
- F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;
- 10 G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chap11 ter 341, conviction of a crime which involves
  12 dishonesty or false statement or which relates
  13 directly to the practice for which the licensee
  14 is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which
  15 incarceration for one year or more may be
  16 imposed;
- H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board; or
- 21 Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §552, as amended by PL 1977, c 22 694, §554, is further amended to read:
- 23 §552. Examination of applicants; subjects included;
  24 certificate; certificate without examination

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board shall require the applicant to submit to an examination as to his er her qualifications for the practice of chiropractic, which examination shall include the subjects of anatomy, physiology, hygiene, symptomatology, sanitation, chemistry, pathology, electrotherapy, hydrotherapy, dietetics, bacteriology, chiropractic analysis, the principles and practice of chiropractic as taught in reputable chiropractic schools and colleges and such other subjects as the board may deem necessary. If such examination is passed in a manner satisfactory to the board, then the board shall issue to the said cant a certificate granting him or her the right to practice chiropractic in this State.

Any person of good moral character, licensed by a chiropractic board of any other state or territory having a standard equal to that of the State of Maine, shall be licensed without examination, upon the payment of \$40 and the production to the board of his or her diploma, and the license obtained in such other state and satisfactory evidence of good moral character. The board may, in its discretion, require an examination of any such applicant.

The board may refuse to grant a certificate to any person on the basis of criminal history record information in accordance with Title 5, chapter 341, or who has been quilty of grossly unprofessional conduct, or who is addicted to any vice to such a degree as to render such person unfit to practice chiropractic. Any certificate granted under this section shall be subject to annual renewal as provided in this chapter.

- 19 Sec. 6. 32 MRSA §1073, as amended by PL 1977, c. 20 458, §3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 22 §1073. Powers

- The board may:
- 1. Employees. Employ such persons as it may
  deem necessary to assist it in carrying out its
  duties in the administration and enforcement of this
  chapter; provide offices, furniture, fixtures, supplies, printing or secretarial service; and may
  expend such funds as may be deemed necessary therefor;
- 2. Rules. Adopt rules to carry out and make effective this chapter and modify or repeal the rules whenever the board deems it necessary; and
- 3. False advertising. Establish rules relating
  to false, deceptive or misleading advertising, except
  that no rules may be inconsistent with any rule
  promulgated pursuant to Title 5, section 207, subsection 2.
  - Sec. 7. 32 MRSA §1077 is enacted to read:

#### §1077. Disciplinary actions

- 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The board shall investigate a complaint, on its own motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, regarding noncompliance with or violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by the board.
- 8 The board shall notify the licensee of the content of 9 a complaint filed against the licensee as soon 10 possible, but in no event later than within 60 days of receipt of this information. If the licensee's 11 subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the 12 board that the complaint does not merit further 13 investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, 14 15 with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if 16 any.
- 17 If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-18 19 cient gravity to warrant further action, the board 20 may request an informal conference with the licensee. The board shall provide the licensee with adequate 21 22 notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-23 cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-24 tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested 25 by the licensee. Statements made at the conference 26 may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing 27 unless all parties consent.
- 28 If, at the informal conference, the board finds that
  29 the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of
  30 sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may
  31 take any of the following actions it deems appropri32 ate:
- 33 A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into 34 a consent agreement which fixes the period and 35 terms of probation best adapted to protect the 36 public health and safety and to rehabilitate or 37 educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if 38 39 entered into by the board, the licensee and Attorney General's office; 40

B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipu-lations, including terms and conditions for rein-statement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or 

- C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the option of having the modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
  - (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
  - (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.
- 2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a person licensed under this chapter:
  - A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
  - B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
  - C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;

- D. Aiding or abetting the practice of a dental profession by a person not duly licensed under this chapter and who represents himself to be so;
- E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is

  licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent
  in the practice if the licensee has:

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- (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or patient or the general public; or
- (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply principles or skills to carry out the practice for which he is licensed;
- F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;
- 20 G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chap21 ter 341, conviction of a crime which involves
  22 dishonesty or false statement or which relates
  23 directly to the practice for which the licensee
  24 is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which
  25 incarceration for one year or more may be
  26 imposed;
- 27 <u>H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule</u> 28 adopted by the board; or
- 29 <u>I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive</u> 30 advertising.
- 31 Sec. 8. 32 MRSA §1081, sub-§2, ¶E, as enacted by 32 PL 1967, c. 544, §80, is amended to read:
- 33 E. The filling of prescriptions of a licensed 34 and registered dentist by any person or persons, 35 association, corporation or other entity, for the 36 construction, reproduction or repair of pros-37 thetic dentures, bridges, plates or appliances to 38 be used or worn as substitutes for natural teeth,

provided that such person or persons, associa-tion, corporation or other entity shall not solicit nor advertise, directly or indirectly, by mail, card, newspaper, pamphlet, radio or other-to the general public to construct, repro-duce or repair prosthetic dentures, bridges, plates or other appliances to be used or worn as substitutes for natural teeth; and

- Sec. 9. 32 MRSA §1081, sub-§2, ¶F, as enacted by
  PL 1967, c. 544, §80, is amended to read:
  - F. The use of roentgen or x ray machines or other rays for making radiograms or similar records of dental or oral tissue under the supervision of a licensed dentist or physician. Such service shall not be advertised by any name whatever as an aid or inducement to secure dental patronage, and no person shall advertise that he has, leases, owns or operates a roentgen or x ray machine for the purpose of making dental radiograms of the human teeth or tissues or the oral cavity or administering treatment thereto for any disease thereof; and
- 23 Sec. 10. 32 MRSA §1081, sub-§3, ¶C, as repealed 24 and replaced by PL 1975, c. 484, §4, is amended to 25 read:
  - C. Retains the ownership or control of dental equipment or material or office and makes the same available in any manner for the use by dentists or dental hygienists or other agents, provided that nothing in this subsection shall may apply to bona fide sales of dental equipment or material secured by a chattel mortgage or retain title agreement. A person licensed to practice dentistry who enters shall not enter into any of these arrangements with a person who is not licensed to practice dentistry may have his license suspended or revoked.
- 38 Sec. 11. 32 MRSA §1082, as amended by PL 1971, 39 c. 598, §69, is further amended to read:
- 40 §1082. Qualifications

- Before receiving a certificate to practice dentistry in this State, a person shall be at least 18 years of age, of good moral character and shall be a graduate of or have a diploma from an acceptable dental college, school or dental department of a university approved by the board.
- 7 Sec. 12. 32 MRSA §1088, as enacted by PL 1967, 8 c. 544, §80, is repealed.
- 9 Sec. 13. 32 MRSA §1091, as amended by PL 1977,
  10 c. 458, §§4 and 4-A, is repealed.
- 11 Sec. 14. 32 MRSA §1096, as repealed and replaced 12 by PL 1975, c. 484, §12, is amended to read:

## §1096. Qualifications

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- A person of good moral character, 18 years old or over, who has successfully completed 2 years' training in a school of dental hygiene approved by the board, or who is a full-time dental student who has satisfactorily completed at least half of the prescribed course of study in an accredited dental college, but who has not graduated from any dental college, shall be eligible to apply for examination.
- 22 Sec. 15. 32 MRSA §1099, as amended by PL 1981, 23 c. 440, §14, is further amended to read;

# 24 §1099. Reciprocity

The board may at its discretion, without examination, issue its certificate to any applicant to practice dental hygiene who shall furnish proof satisfactory to said the board that said the dental hygienist been duly licensed to practice in another state after full compliance with the requirements dental laws, provided that the professional education shall not be less than required in this State. The board may require letters of reference as to ability merał character. Every certificate so given shall state upon its face that it was granted on basis of reciprocity. The fee for such that certificate shall be determined by the board, but not more than \$50.

- Sec. 16. 32 MRSA §1100, as amended by PL 1981, c. 440, §15, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 4 §1100. Use of former employers' lists; scope of duties

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No dental hygienist may use or attempt to use in any manner whatsoever any prophylactic lists, call lists, records, reprints or copies of those lists, records or reprints, or information gathered therefrom, of the names of patients whom he might have served in the office of a prior employer, unless these names appear on the bona fide call prophylactic list of his present employer and were caused to so appear through the legitimate practice of dentistry as provided for in this chapter. No dentist may aid or abet or encourage a dental hygienist in his employ to make use of a so-called prophylactic call list, or the calling by telephone or by use of written letters transmitted through the mails to solicit patronage from patients, formerly served in the office of any dentist formerly employing the hygienist.

- No dentist may permit any dental hygienist operating under his supervision to perform any operation other than that permitted under section 1095.
- 26 Sec. 17. 32 MRSA §1100-C, sub-§§3 and 4, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 484, §2, are repealed.
- Sec. 18. 32 MRSA §1100-E, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 696, §382, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 31 5. Additional prohibitions. No denturist may:
- 32 A. Hold himself out or permit himself to be represented as a licensed dentist;
- B. Perform otherwise than at the direction and under the direct supervision of a dentist licensed by the board and practicing in the State.

  Direct supervision requires the dentist to be on the same premises as the denturist;

- 1 C. Perform a task beyond his competence; or
- D. Administer, dispense or prescribe any medication or controlled substance.
- 4 Sec. 19. 32 MRSA §1100-E, sub-§6 is enacted to read:
  - 6. Mental or physical examination. For the purposes of this subsection, a licensed denturist shall be deemed by the application for and acceptance of the license to have given his consent to a mental or physical examination when directed by the board. The board may direct the examination whenever it deterdenturist may be suffering from a mental illness which may be interfering with his competent practice of denture technology or from the use of intoxicants or drugs to an extent that they may be preventing him from practicing denture technology competently and with safety to his patients. A denturist examined pursuant to an order of the board shall have no privilege to prevent the testimony of the examining individual or to prevent the acceptance into evidence of the report of any examining individual. Failure to comply with an order of the board to submit to a mental or physical exam shall require the Administrative Court to immediately order the license of the denturist suspended until such time as he shall submit to the examination.
- 27 Sec. 20. 32 MRSA §2105, as amended by PL 1973, 28 c. 303, §3, is repealed.
- 29 Sec. 21. 32 MRSA §2105-A is enacted to read:
- 30 §2105-A. Disciplinary actions

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- 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The board shall investigate a complaint, on its own motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, regarding noncompliance with or violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by the board.
- The board shall notify the licensee of the content of a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as possible, but in no event later than within 60 days

- of receipt of this information. If the licensee's subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the board that the complaint does not merit further investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if any.
- If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of the complaint is or may be true, and it is of sufficient gravity to warrant further action, the board may request an informal conference with the licensee. The board shall provide the licensee with adequate notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-cussed. The conference shall be conducted in executive session of the board, unless otherwise requested by the licensee. Statements made at the conference may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing unless all parties consent.
- 18 If, at the informal conference, the board finds that
  19 the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of
  20 sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may
  21 take any of the following actions it deems appropri22 ate:

- A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office;
- B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipulations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or
  - C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the

1	option of having the modification, suspension,
2	revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
3	(1) Before the board in an adjudicatory
4	hearing held in accordance with the provi-
5	sions of the Maine Administrative Procedure
6	Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
Ü	nec, freie 5, enapter 575, babenapter 17, or
7	(2) Before the Administrative Court in a
8	judicial proceeding.
O	Judicial proceeding.
9	2. Grounds for discipline. The board may sus-
10	pend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section
11	10004. The following shall be grounds for an action
12	to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse
13	to renew the license of a person licensed under this
14	<u>chapter:</u>
15	A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining
16	a license under this chapter or in connection
17	with service rendered within the scope of the li-
18	cense issued;
19	B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol
20	or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or
21	other substances the use of which has resulted or
22	may result in the licensee performing his duties
23	in a manner which endangers the health or safety
24	of his patients;
	or man patrony
25	C A professional diagnosis of a mental or
26	C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may
27	result in the licensee performing his duties in a
28	manner which endangers the health or safety of
29	his patients;
2	nis paciencs,
30	D. Aiding or abetting the practice of nursing by
31	a person not duly licensed under this chapter and
32	who represents himself to be so;
32	who represents mimself to be so;
33	E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is
34	licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent
35	in the practice if the licensee has:
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36	(1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a
37	lack of ability or fitness to discharge the
38	duty owed by the licensee to a client or
39	patient or the general public; or

1 (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a
2 lack of knowledge, or inability to apply
3 principles or skills to carry out the practice for which he is licensed;

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- F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;
- 10 G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chap-11 ter 341, conviction of a crime which involves 12 dishonesty or false statement or which relates directly to the practice for which the licensee 13 14 is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which 15 incarceration for one year or more may be 16 imposed;
- H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule
   adopted by the board; or
- 19 I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive 20 advertising.
- 21 Sec. 22. 32 MRSA §2201, sub-§1 is repealed.
- 22 Sec. 23. 32 MRSA §2251, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1965, c. 206, §4, is repealed.
- 24 Sec. 24. 32 MRSA §2417, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1973, c. 788, §156, is repealed.
- 26 Sec. 25. 32 MRSA §2417, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1973, c. 788, §156, is repealed.
- 28 Sec. 26. 32 MRSA §2419, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 563, §2, is amended to read:
- 1. <u>Diagnostic drugs</u>. The use of diagnostic drugs is permitted only by an optometrist who has obtained a diagnostic drug license under section 2427 or who has passed the examination under section 2422 <u>after</u> October 1, 1975.
- 35 Sec. 27. 32 MRSA §2427, first ¶, as enacted by 36 PL 1975, c. 563, §4, is amended to read:

- Every presently licensed Unless he has passed the 1 examination under section 2422 after October 1, 1975, 2 every optometrist desiring to use diagnostic drugs 3 4 shall:
- 5 Sec. 28. 32 MRSA §2431, as repealed and replaced 6 by PL 1977, c. 694, §598, is repealed.
- 7 Sec. 29. 32 MRSA §2431-A is enacted to read:
  - §2431-A. Disciplinary actions
- 9 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The board shall investigate a complaint, on its 10 11 motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, regarding noncompliance with or 12 violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by 13 14 the board.
- 15 The board shall notify the licensee of the content of 16 a complaint filed against the licensee as soon 17 possible, but in no event later than within 60 days of receipt of this information. If the licensee's 18 subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the 19 the complaint does not merit further 20 board that 21 investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed,
- with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if 22 23 any.
- 24 If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of 25 the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-26 cient gravity to warrant further action, the board
- 27 may request an informal conference with the licensee. 28 The board shall provide the licensee with adequate
- 29 notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-30 cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-
- tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested 31
- 32 by the licensee. Statements made at the conference
- 33 may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing 34 unless all parties consent.
- If, at the informal conference, the board finds that 35 36
- the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of 37 sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may
- take any of the following actions it deems appropri-38
- 39 ate:

A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office;

- B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipulations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or
- C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the option of having the modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
  - (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
  - (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.
- 2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a person licensed under this chapter:
  - A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
  - B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or

- other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
- 5 C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or
  6 physical condition which has resulted or may
  7 result in the licensee performing his duties in a
  8 manner which endangers the health or safety of
  9 his patients;
- D. Aiding or abetting the practice of optometry
  by a person not duly licensed under this chapter
  and who represents himself to be so;
- E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent in the practice if the licensee has:

- (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or patient or the general public; or
  - (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply principles or skills to carry out the practice for which he is licensed;
  - F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;
- G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime which involves dishonesty or false statement or which relates directly to the practice for which the licensee is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which incarceration for one year or more may be imposed;
- 36 H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board;
- 38 <u>I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive</u> 39 advertising;

rials other than those necessary to render opto-3 metric services are dispensed to the public; 4 K. Practicing under a name other than that given 5 in the certificate; L. Representing one's self to the public as 6 something other than an optometrist, by which 7 8 shall be meant as an optician, eye physician or 9 by any other designation which would confuse the nature of one's licensed practice. The following 10 titles shall be considered lawful: 11 12 (1) John Doe, O.D., Optometrist; 13 (2) John Doe, O.D.; 14 (3) John Doe, Optometrist; 15 (4) Dr. John Doe, Optometrist; and 16 (5) Doctor John Doe, Optometrist; M. Engaging in house to house solicitation for 17 18 the purpose of fitting, selling or peddling spec-19 tacles, eyeglasses or lenses, or in anyway other-20 wise peddling optometric services; 21 N. Maintaining more than one office in which to practice optometry without the prior written 22 23 approval of the board; Failure to display a diagnostic drug license 24 issued under section 2427; or 25 26 P. Splitting or dividing any fee with any person not an associate in conformance with section 27

J. Practicing in or on premises where any mate-

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30 Sec. 30. 32 MRSA §2432, as amended by PL 1975, 31 c. 563, §5, is repealed.

optician or opthalmic dispenser.

2434, or giving or accepting any rebate from

32 Sec. 31. 32 MRSA §2433, as amended by PL 1977, 33 c. 458, §§5 and 5-A, is repealed.

Sec. 32. 32 MRSA §2435, as enacted by PL 1973,
c. 788, §156, is amended to read:

#### §2435. Corporate practice of optometry

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No registered optometrist, under this chapter, shall may associate himself in any way with any person not a registered optometrist nor any copartnership, firm or corporation for the promotion of any commercial practice for profit or division of profit which enables any such person, copartnership, firm or corporation to engage, either directly or indirectly, in the practice of optometry in this State. Any optometrist registered under this chapter guilty of such conduct or violation of this section shall punished by having his certificate and registration to practice optometry in this State suspended revoked. No certificate of registration shall be susor revoked for any of the foregoing causes unless the person accused has been given at least days! notice in writing of the charge against him and afforded a public hearing before the board-

21 Sec. 33. 32 MRSA §2571, as enacted by PL 1973, 22 c. 374, §1, is amended to read:

#### §2571. Registration; qualifications; fees

Any person, before engaging in the practice osteopathic medicine in this State, shall make application for a certificate to the board, on a form preit. Said The application shall be filed scribed by with the secretary of the board at least 60 days before the date of examination together with a fee of \$125. The applicant shall present a diploma granted by an osteopathic college or university accredited by the American Osteopathic Association having the power to grant a D.O. degree. Applicants graduating from an osteopathic college or university having the power to grant a D.O. degree shall present evidence of having completed an internship of at least 12 months in a hospital conforming to the minimal standards for creditation by the American Osteopathic Association, or the equivalency, as determined by the board. applicants must present a certificate of good moral character and such other shall provide such reasonable and proper facts as the board in its application

- may require. The board at its discretion may permit an applicant who is otherwise qualified to be examined during his internship, a certificate of licensure to be withheld until successful completion of his internship.
- 6 Sec. 34. 32 MRSA §2572, as enacted by PL 1973,
  7 c. 374, §1, is amended to read:
  - §2572. Examination, reexamination; endorsement; temporary registration

10 Applicants shall be examined in whole or in part 11 in writing and shall be thorough in such subjects 12 the board may deem necessary, including osteopathic 13 theories and methods, to determine the competency of 14 candidate to practice osteopathic medicine and 15 surgery in the State of Maine. If such the examina-16 tion is passed in a manner satisfactory to the board, 17 the board shall issue to the said applicant a certif-18 icate granting him the right to practice osteopathic 19 medicine in this State. If such the applicant fails 20 pass such the examination, he or she shall be 21 entitled to one reexamination within one year there-22 after upon payment of a fee of \$100. Osteopathic 23 physicians who have been certified by the National Board of Osteopathic Examiners or have been strictly 24 25 examined and thereafter licensed to practice 26 osteopathic medicine in another state, which has equivalent licensing requirements as Maine, 27 may 28 licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in this State upon the payment of \$100 and the substantiation 29 to the board of an earned D.O. degree, 30 and the li-31 cense obtained in such other state and satisfactory 32 evidence of good moral character. The board may at 33 its discretion require an examination of any such 34 applicant.

- 35 Sec. 35. 32 MRSA §2591, as amended by PL 1977, 36 c. 694, §§599 and 600, is repealed.
- 37 Sec. 36. 32 MRSA §2591-A is enacted to read:
- 38 §2591-A. Disciplinary actions

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39 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The 40 board shall investigate a complaint, on its own

- 1 motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed
- 2 with the board, regarding noncompliance with or
- 3 violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by
- 4 the board.
- 5 The board shall notify the licensee of the content of
- a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as possible, but in no event later than within 60 days
- 7 possible, but in no event later than within 60 days of receipt of this information. If the licensee's
- 9 of receipt of this information. If the licensee s subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the
- 10 board that the complaint does not merit further
- investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed,
- with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if
- any.
- 14 If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of
- the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-
- 16 cient gravity to warrant further action, the board
- may request an informal conference with the licensee.
- 18 The board shall provide the licensee with adequate
- 19 notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-
- 20 cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-
- 21 tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested
- 22 by the licensee. Statements made at the conference
- 23 may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing
- 24 unless all parties consent.
- 25 If, at the informal conference, the board finds that
- 26 the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of
- 27 sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may
- 28 take any of the following actions it deems appropri-
- 29 ate:
- A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and
- a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the
- public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be
- 34 educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be 35 used to terminate a complaint investigation, if
- used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the
- 37 Attorney General's office;
- 38 B. In consideration for acceptance of a volun-39 tary surrender of the license, negotiate stipu-
- 40 lations, including terms and conditions for rein-
- statement, which ensure protection of the public
- 42 health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate

or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall
be set forth only in a consent agreement signed
by the board, the licensee and the Attorney
General's office; or

- C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the option of having the modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
  - (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
  - (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.
- 2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a person licensed under this chapter:
  - A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
  - B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
  - C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
  - D. Aiding or abetting the practice of osteopathy medicine by a person not duly licensed under this chapter and who represents himself to be so;

E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent 2 in the practice if the licensee has: 3 (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of ability or fitness to discharge the 4 5 6 duty owed by the licensee to a client or 7 patient or the general public; or (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply 8 9 10 principles or skills to carry out the prac-11 tice for which he is licensed; 12 F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any stan-13 14 dard of professional behavior which has been 15 established in the practice for which the licen-16 see is licensed; G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chap-17 ter 341, conviction of a crime which involves 18 19 dishonesty or false statement or which relates directly to the practice for which the licensee 20 21 is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which 22 incarceration for one year or more may be 23 imposed; 24 H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule 25 adopted by the board; 26 I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive 27 advertising; J. Advertising, practicing or attempting to practice under a name other than one's own; 28 29 30 K. The revocation, suspension or denial of the 31 individual's license in any other state or ter-32 ritory of the United States or any foreign coun-33 try; or

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36 Sec. 37. 32 MRSA §2592, as amended by PL 1977, c. 694, §601, is repealed. 37

actual services rendered.

L. Division of professional fees not based on

- Sec. 38. 32 MRSA §2594-D, sub-§1, as amended by 1 2 PL 1977, c. 694, §602, is repealed and the following 3 enacted in its place:
- 4 1. Grounds for discipline. A physician's assis-5 tant shall be subject to the sanction of section 2591-A, if he: 6
- 7 A. Has held himself out or permitted himself to be represented as a licensed physician; 8
- B. Has performed otherwise than at the direction of and under the supervision of a physician li-9 10 11 censed by the board; and
- 12 C. Has been delegated and performed a task 13 beyond his competence.
- 14 Sec. 39. 32 MRSA §2855, as repealed and replaced 15 by PL 1971, c. 282, §8, is repealed.
- 16 Sec. 40. 38 MRSA §2856, as repealed and replaced by PL 1981, c. 426, is repealed. 17
- 18 Sec. 41. 32 MRSA §2856-A is enacted to read:
- 19 §2856-A. Disciplinary actions
- 20 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The board shall investigate a complaint, on its 21 motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, regarding noncompliance with or 22 23 24 violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by 25 the board.
- 26 The board shall notify the licensee of the content of 27 a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as possible, but in no event later than within 60 days 28 of receipt of this information. If the licensee's 29 subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the 30 board that the complaint does not merit further 31 32 investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if
- 33
- 34 any.
- If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of 35 36 the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-

- cient gravity to warrant further action, the board
  may request an informal conference with the licensee.
- The board shall provide the licensee with adequate
- 4 notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-
- 5 cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-6 tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested
- 7 by the licensee. Statements made at the conference
- 8 may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing
- 9 unless all parties consent.
- 10 If, at the informal conference, the board finds that 11 the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of
- sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may
- take any of the following actions it deems appropri-
- 14 ate:

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- 15 A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into 16 a consent agreement which fixes the period and 17 terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or 18 19 educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be 20 used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and 21 22 Attorney General's office;
  - B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipulations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or
    - C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the option of having the modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
  - (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
    - (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.

2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a person licensed under this chapter:

- A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
- B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
  - C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of his patients;
    - D. Aiding or abetting the practice of pharmacy by a person not duly licensed under this chapter and who represents himself to be so;
    - E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent in the practice if the licensee has:
      - (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or patient or the general public; or
      - (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply principles or skills to carry out the practice for which he is licensed;
    - F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;

- G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime which involves dishonesty or false statement or which relates directly to the practice for which the licensee is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which incarceration for one year or more may be imposed;
  - H. Any violation of this chapter or of the pharmacy laws of the State of any rule adopted by the board; or
- 11 <u>I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive</u>
  12 advertising.

- 3. Crime in course of business. If any registered pharmacist is convicted in state or federal court of a crime which is committed during the course of his duties as a registered pharmacist or committed by him through the use of the pharmacy in which he is employed, or which he owns or operates, and which demonstrates his unfitness to practice as a pharmacist, including, but not limited to, convictions for defrauding the Medicaid program, and for illegally distributing prescription drugs, he is subject to the following action by the Administrative Court.
  - A. A pharmacist convicted of such a crime, if it is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of less than one year, shall have his registration and certificate suspended for a minimum period of 120 days.
    - B. A pharmacist convicted of such a crime, if it is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment equal to or exceeding one year, shall have his registration and certificate suspended for a minimum period of one year, and may have his registration and certificate revoked and be permanently barred from reapplying for registration, notwithstanding Title 5, sections 5301 to 5304.
- 37 Sec. 42. 32 MRSA §2901, last ¶, as amended by PL 1971, c. 282, §13, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

- The board shall make such rules, consistent with 1 2 the law, as may be necessary to carry out the purpose 3 of and enforce this section. The permit to operate a pharmacy shall be subject to the disciplinary pro-4 5 ceedings and grounds in section 2856-A.
- 6 Sec. 43. 32 MRSA §2903, as amended by PL 1979, 7 c. 28, §4, is further amended to read:

#### §2903. Renewals; fees

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Every registered pharmacist and every registered 10 assistant pharmacist who desires to continue to practice pharmacy in this State shall annually, after the 11 expiration of the first year of his registration, on or before the last day of June, pay a renewal fee of 13 \$30 to the secretary of the board, in return for 14 which a renewal registration shall be issued. If any 15 16 person shall fail or neglect to procure his annual 17 registration or permit, notice of such failrenewal ure having been mailed to his post-office address, 18 beard may, the original registration or permit 19 20 shall expire after the expiration of 30 days follow-21 ing the issue of said that notice, suspend his original registration and all other privileges conferred 22 23 by this chapter. Such person in order to regain registration shall be required to pay one renewal fee 24 in addition to the sum of all fees such person may be 25 26 in arrears.

- 27 Sec. 44. 32 MRSA §3270-C, sub-§1, as amended by 28 1977, c. 694, §607, is repealed and the following 29 enacted in its place:
- 30 1. Grounds. The sanctions of section 3282-A 31 shall apply to a physician's assistant who has:
- 32 A. Held himself out or permitted himself to be 33 represented as a licensed physician;
- 34 B. Performed otherwise than at the direction and under the supervision of a physician licensed by 35 36 the board;
- 37 C. Been delegated and performed a task beyond 38 his competence; and

- D. Administered, dispensed or prescribed any controlled substance otherwise than as authorized by law.
- 4 Sec. 45. 32 MRSA §3271, 2nd ¶, as amended by PL 1971, c. 622, §117-C, is further amended to read:
  - Each of the applicants must be 18 years of age and of good moral character. The board at its discretion may permit an applicant who is otherwise qualified to be examined during his internship, the certificate of licensure to be withheld until the successful completion of his internship.
- 14 Sec. 47. 32 MRSA §3282-A is enacted to read:
- 15 §3282-A. Disciplinary actions

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- 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The board shall investigate a complaint, on its own motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, regarding noncompliance with or violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by the board.
- 22 The board shall notify the licensee of the content of 23 a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as 24 possible, but in no event later than within 60 days of receipt of this information. If the licensee's subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the 25 26 27 board that the complaint does not merit further 28 investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, 29 with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if 30 any.
- If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of 31 the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-32 33 cient gravity to warrant further action, the board 34 may request an informal conference with the licensee. 35 The board shall provide the licensee with adequate notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-36 37 cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-38 tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested 39 by the licensee. Statements made at the conference

- 1 may not be introduced at a subsequent formal hearing
  2 unless all parties consent.
- If, at the informal conference, the board finds that the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may take any of the following actions it deems appropriate:

- A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office;
- B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipulations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or
- C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the option of having the modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
  - (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
  - (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.
- 2. Grounds for discipline. The board may suspend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a person licensed under this chapter:

with service rendered within the scope of the li-3 4 cense issued; B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol 5 6 or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or 7 other substances the use of which has resulted or may result in the licensee performing his duties 8 9 in a manner which endangers the health or safety 10 of his patients; C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may 11 12 13 result in the licensee performing his duties in a 14 manner which endangers the health or safety of 15 his patients; 16 D. Aiding or abetting the practice of medicine 17 by a person not duly licensed under this chapter and who represents himself to be so; 18 19 E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent 20 21 in the practice if the licensee has: 22 (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a 23 lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or 24 25 patient or the general public; or (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply 26 27 28 principles or skills to carry out the prac-29 tice for which he is licensed; 30 F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in 31 unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been 32 33 established in the practice for which the licen-34 see is licensed; 35 G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime which involves 36 37 dishonesty or false statement or which relates

A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining

a license under this chapter or in connection

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directly to the practice for which the licensee

is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which

- incarceration for one year or more may be
  imposed;
- 3 <u>H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule</u> 4 <u>adopted by the board;</u>
- 5 <u>I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive</u> 6 advertising;
- 7 J. Prescribing narcotic or hypnotic or other 8 drugs listed as controlled substances by the Drug 9 Enforcement Administration for other than accepted therapeutic purposes; or
- 11 K. Failure to report to the secretary of the
  12 board a physician licensed under this chapter for
  13 addiction to alcohol or drugs or for mental ill14 ness in accordance with Title 24, section 2505,
  15 except when the impaired physician is or has been
  16 a patient of the licensee.
- 17 Sec. 48. 32 MRSA §3283, as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 619, §2, is repealed.
- 21 Sec. 50. 32 MRSA §3651, first ¶, as amended by 22 PL 1979, c. 61, §3, is further amended to read:

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Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person before engaging in the practice of podiatry shall be examined as to his qualifications. applicant shall, at least 60 days before the date of his examination, present to the secretary of the Board of Registration in Medicine an application for a license to practice podiatry on a form prescribed the examiners and containing satisfactory proof that said the applicant is at least 18 years of age, good moral character and that he has received a certificate of graduation from a legally incorporated, regular established school of podiatry, recognized by the Council of Education of the American Podiatry Association, having a minimum requirement of not less than 4 consecutive years of 8 months each of scholastic attendance, nor shall such the applicant be entitled to registration and certificate unless

- such the applicant shall have had, prior to the beginning of his course in podiatry, as a minimum requirement, a 2-year course in a legally recognized college of the liberal arts or of the sciences.
- 5 Sec. 51. 32 MRSA §3654, first ¶, is amended to 6 read:
- 7 Any podiatrist of good moral character licensed to practice podiatry in a state maintaining a stan-8 9 dard equal to that maintained by this State may, upon 10 application to the secretary of the Board of 11 Registration in Medicine, be licensed to practice 12 podiatry in this State without examination, upon payment of the required fee and the presentation of satisfactory evidence of good moral character and of 13 ment of 14 15 his license to practice podiatry in such other state, 16 provided such other state extends the same privilege 17 to persons licensed to practice podiatry in this 18 State.
- 21 Sec. 53. 32 MRSA §3655-A is enacted to read:
- 22 §3655-A. Disciplinary actions
- 23 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The
  24 board shall investigate a complaint, on its own
  25 motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed
  26 with the board, regarding noncompliance with or
  27 violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by
  28 the board.
- 29 The board shall notify the licensee of the content of 30 a complaint filed against the licensee as soon as possible, but in no event later than within 60 days 31 32 of receipt of this information. If the licensee's 33 subsequent response to the complaint satisfies the board that the complaint does not merit further 34 35 investigation or action, the matter may be dismissed, 36 with notice of the dismissal to the complainant, if 37 any.
- If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of the complaint is or may be true, and it is of suffi-

- cient gravity to warrant further action, the board may request an informal conference with the licensee. The board shall provide the licensee with adequate notice of the conference and of the issues to be dis-cussed. The conference shall be conducted in execu-tive session of the board, unless otherwise requested by the licensee. Statements made at the conference may not be introduced at a subsequent formal unless all parties consent.
- If, at the informal conference, the board finds that the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of sufficient gravity to warrant further action, it may take any of the following actions it deems appropriate:

- A. With the consent of the licensee, enter into a consent agreement which fixes the period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office;
- B. In consideration for acceptance of a voluntary surrender of the license, negotiate stipulations, including terms and conditions for reinstatement, which ensure protection of the public health and safety and which serve to rehabilitate or educate the licensee. These stipulations shall be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Attorney General's office; or
- C. If the board concludes that modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of license might be in order, provide the licensee with the option of having the modification, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal action heard either:
  - (1) Before the board in an adjudicatory hearing held in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV; or
  - (2) Before the Administrative Court in a judicial proceeding.

2. Grounds for discipline. The board may sus-1 pend or revoke a license pursuant to Title 5, section 2 10004. The following shall be grounds for an action 3 to refuse to issue, modify, suspend, revoke or refuse 4 to renew the license of a person licensed under this 5 6 chapter: 7 A. The practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection 8 with service rendered within the scope of the li-9 cense issued; 10 B. Habitual intemperance in the use of alcohol 11 12 or the habitual use of narcotic or hypnotic or other substances the use of which has resulted or 13 14 may result in the licensee performing his duties 15 in a manner which endangers the health or safety 16 of his patients; C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition which has resulted or may 17 18 19 result in the licensee performing his duties in a manner which endangers the health or safety of 20 21 his patients; 22 D. Aiding or abetting the practice of podiatry by a person not duly licensed under this chapter 23 and who represents himself to be so; 24 25 E. Incompetence in the practice for which he is licensed. A licensee shall be deemed incompetent 26 27 in the practice if the licensee has: (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a 28 29

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- (1) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or patient or the general public; or
- (2) Engaged in conduct which evidence a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply principles or skills to carry out the practice for which he is licensed;
- F. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;

1	G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chap-
2	ter 341, conviction of a crime which involves
3	dishonesty or false statement or which relates
4	directly to the practice for which the licensee
5	is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which
6	incarceration for one year or more may be
7	imposed;

- H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board;
- J. Practicing podiatry in conjunction with any business such as a shoe store or beauty parlor.

### 15 STATEMENT OF FACT

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This bill standardizes the disciplinary proceedings of, and sanctions available to, health profession licensing boards. It enacts for each board a uniform section describing proceedings, sanctions and basic grounds for discipline. It repeals most other statutory sections that contradict or duplicate the uniform sections, but does not eliminate grounds for discipline except for a few archaic or unenforceable ones.

- Sections 1 and 2 apply to the Board of Licensure of Administrators of Medical Care Facilities other than hospitals.
- 28 Sections 3 to 5 apply to the statutes on chiro-29 practic.
- 30 Sections 6 to 19 apply to the statutes on den-31 tistry.
- 32 Sections 20 to 23 apply to the statutes on nurs-33 ing.
- 34 Sections 24 to 32 apply to the statutes on optom-35 etry.

2	osteopathic medicine.
3 4	Sections $$ 39 to $$ 43 apply to the statutes on pharmacy.
5 6	Sections $44$ to $49$ apply to the statutes on medicine.
7 8	Sections 50 to 53 apply to the statutes on podiatry.
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