## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	(EMER	P. 840, L.D. 1963) GENCY) JLAR SESSION
	ONE HUNDRED AND	TENTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative	Document	No. 210
	egislation and printed unde	In Senate, March 25, 190 Oxford from the Committee or Joint Rules No. 2. M. ROSS, Secretary of the Sena
	STATE OF	MAINE
	IN THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRE	OF OUR LORD ED AND EIGHTY-TWO
	AN ACT to Revise th Bid La	
do not		eas, Acts of the Legisla til 90 days after adjourn nd
essential their sha	protection for corpora reholders, and the pub hout full and fair c	r Bid Disclosure Law provations closely tied to Milic from the use of take disclosure of information
tion the thus leav	constitutionality of	sions have called into q similar laws of other st dity of Maine's law, as

Whereas, experience under the Maine Takeover Bid Disclosure Law has also shown that there are important ambigui-

- 1 ties in the current law and important gaps in coverage of 2 the current law; and
- Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,
- 8 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
- 9 Sec. 1. 13 MRSA §801, 2nd ¶, 2nd sentence, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, is amended to read:
- The Legislature further finds and declares that persons making tender offers and purchase programs for the control securities of target companies under this chapter should be required to disclose fully and accurately the terms of the offers, and that it is a matter of urgent state interest to provide adequate time for the dissemination and consideration of the information.
- 18 Sec. 2. 13 MRSA §802, sub-§11-A is enacted to read:

- 11-A. Purchase program. "Purchase program" means an offer of cash or securities, or both, made by an offeror directly or through an agent by advertisement or any other written or oral communication to offerees to acquire, or the acquisition or the purchase in open market or in privately negotiated transactions, or both, of shares of any class of the outstanding equity securities of a target company with the purpose or effect of acquiring, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership of a number of shares of any class of equity securities of the target company that:
- A. Together with the offeror's presently owned shares of that class, will in the aggregate exceed 5% of the outstanding shares of the class; or
  - B. Together with an offeror's presently owned shares of all classes of equity securities of the target company, will in the aggregate, after giving effect to all conversion and purchase rights held and to be acquired by the offeror, exceed 5% of the number of shares of stock or a similar security of the target company which will be outstanding.
- The term "purchase program" does not include:

A. Any offer to acquire or any acquisition or purchase of any equity security of a target company either:

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- (1) Directly from the target company; or
- (2) By any institutional investor, acting as such, whose activities are regulated by state or 4 5 6 federal law, which may include a bank, savings 7 institution, trust company, insurance company, 8 investment company regulated and not exempt under Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as 9 10 amended, trustee of a governmental or church retirement plan or of a trust qualified under the 11 12 United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 401 (a) or 501 (c), as amended, or chari-13 Section table foundation or charitable trust whose 14 income is exempt from federal taxation; 15
  - B. An offer made by an issuer to purchase its own shares or shares of a subsidiary;
- 18 C. An offer to purchase shares of a class not regis-19 tered pursuant to the United States Securities Exchange 20 Act of 1934, Section 12, as amended;
- D. An offer, if the acquisition by the offeror, in the instant transactions and in all acquisitions of equity securities of the same class during the preceding 12 months, does not exceed 2% of that class of outstanding equity securities of the target company; or
- E. An offer to purchase shares of a company whose assets do not exceed \$5,000,000.
- Sec. 3. 13 MRSA §802, sub-§13-A is enacted to read:
- 13-A. Subsidiary. A 'subsidiary" of a specified person is a corporation or other issuer of securities, 50% or more of whose outstanding shares entitled in the ordinary course to vote for the election of directors, or similar controlling person, are owned directly or indirectly by the person specified.
- Sec. 4. 13 MRSA §802, sub-§14, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 14. Substantial portion of total assets. "Substantial portion of total assets" of a person means \$5,000,000 or more in assets, including assets of its affiliates, but not including affiliates incorporated in a foreign country, provided those assets:

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A. Constitute 20% or more of the total assets of the person and its affiliates, but not including affiliates incorporated in a foreign country; or B. Generate 20% or more of the total sales or operating revenues of the person and its affiliates, but not including affiliates incorporated in a foreign country. 

- For purposes of this subsection, a person is not an "affiliate" of a specified person if the specified person owns 50% or less of the shares of the person.
- For the purposes of this chapter, in determining the location of assets, tangible real or personal property is deemed to be located in this State if it is physically located, as of the date of the latest audited financial statement of the person, within the territorial jurisdiction of the State as defined by Title 1, sections 1 to 6. Intangible property is deemed located as follows.
  - (1) Cash shall be located in this State if deposited at the date of the latest audited financial statement of the person with a financial institution or a financial institution authorized to dobusiness in this State, as defined in Title 9-B, section 131.
  - (2) Securities are deemed located in the state of incorporation of their issuer.
  - (3) Accounts receivable are deemed located in the place in which the product which was sold to create the account receivable was manufactured or harvested. The place in which the product was "manufactured" means the place where the last value, excluding packaging, was added to the product sold:
  - (4) All other intangibles are deemed located in the state of incorporation of the person or, if not a corporation, of the legal domicile of the person.
- Sec. 5. 13 MRSA §802, sub-§16, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 40 <u>16. Takeover bid or takeover offer. A "takeover bid</u> 41 or takeover offer" means a tender offer or a purchase pro-

- gram. Takeover offer and takeover bid shall be wholly synonymous and interchangeable terms.
- 3 Sec. 6. 13 MRSA §802, sub-§17, first sentence, as 4 enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, is amended to read:
- "Target company" is any corporation or other issuer 5 securities which is 6 either organized under or pursuant to the laws of the State or which has a substantial portion 7 8 assets in this State, or which employs 1,000 or 9 more persons in this State and which maintains for employees any one of the following benefit plans, if the 10 plan makes acquisition of shares or a beneficial interest in 11 shares of the corporation or other issuer of securities more 12 advantageous to the employees than open market purchase of 13 such shares: A qualified or nonqualified stock option plan; 14 a stock bonus plan; an Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP); 15 a Tax Reduction Act Stock Ownership Plan (TRASOP); a savings 16 and investment plan; or any other employee benefit plan or 17 program under which employees are granted the opportunity to 18 acquire shares or a beneficial interest in shares of the 19 corporation, or other issuer of securities. 20
- 21 Sec. 7. 13 MRSA §802, sub-§18 is enacted to read:
- 22 . 18. Tender offer. A "tender offer:"

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- A. Is an offer of cash or securities, or both, made by an offeror directly or through an agent by advertisement or any other written or oral communication to offerees to purchase the number of shares of any class of equity securities of the target company that:
- 28 (1) Together with the offeror's presently owned 29 shares of that class, will in the aggregate exceed 30 5% of the outstanding shares of the class; or
  - (2) Together with an offeror's presently owned shares of all classes of equity securities of the target company, will in the aggregate, after giving effect to all conversion and purchase rights held and to be acquired by the offeror, exceed 5% of the number of shares of stock or a similar security of the target company which will be outstanding; and
- B. Does not include, with respect to any class of equity securities of a target company:

1 (1) An isolated offer to purchase shares from not 2 more than 10 individual shareholders during any 2 period of 12 consecutive months, not made to 3 shareholders generally;

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- (2) An offer made by an issuer to purchase its own shares or shares of a subsidiary;
- (3) An offer to purchase shares of a class not registered pursuant to the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 12, as amended;
- (4) An offer, if the acquisition by the offeror, in the instant transactions and in all acquisitions of equity securities of the same class during the preceding 12 months, does not exceed 2% of that class of outstanding equity securities of the target company; or
- (5) An offer to purchase shares of a company whose assets do not exceed \$5,000,000.
- Sec. 8. 13 MRSA §803, sub-§1, first sentence, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, is amended to read:
  - No offeror shall may make a takeover bid unless, at least 20 days before the takeover bid is made, the offeror has filed with the superintendent and has sent by certified mail to the target company at its principal office a containing the information required by section and the takeover bid has been permitted to proceed by order of the superintendent in the manner hereinafter prescribed in this chapter, provided that a tender offer made in full compliance with the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 14, as amended, United States Code, Title 15, Section 78n, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, may commence on the date of the filing required hereby but no shares may be purchased or accepted for payment pursuant to a tender offer until the superintendent has completed any hearing held pursuant to section 804, or has determined not to hold such a hearing, and has issued an order permitting purchases to be made pursuant to section 804.
- 38 Sec. 9. 13 MRSA \$803, sub-\$2,  $\P\P$  K and L , as enacted 39 by PL 1977, c. 669, are repealed and the following enacted 40 in their place:
  - K. The other contractual terms of the offer;

5	M. All the information required under the provisions
6	of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
7	as amended, and the applicable rules and regulations
8	promulgated thereunder with respect to tender offers,
9	prior to making a tender offer, to be:
9	prior to making a tender offer, to be.
10	(1) Contained in a tandam offen for an magnest
	(1) Contained in a tender offer for, or request
11	or invitation for tenders of, securities published
12	or sent or given to security holders; and
13	(2) Filed with the Securities and Exchange Com-
14	mission, under the provisions of the United States
15	Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
16	the applicable rules and regulations promulgated
17	thereunder with respect to tender offers.
18	Sec. 11. 13 MRSA §804, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1977,
19	c. 669, is repealed and the following is enacted in its
20	place:
20	place.
21	1. Takeover bid. The superintendent shall by order
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	permit any purchase program referred to in section 803, sub-
23	section 1, to proceed and permit purchases to be made pur-
24	suant to a tender offer referred to in the proviso thereto,
25	unless, after a public hearing thereon referred to in sub-
26	section 2, he finds that:
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27	A. The terms of the takeover bid do not comply with
28	this chapter; or
29	B. There has not been full and fair disclosure, in all
30	material respects, of the information required to be
31	included in the disclosure statement filed pursuant to
32	section 803, specifically including, without limita-
33	section 803, specifically including, without limitation, complete information sufficient to allow offerees
34	to determine whether:
35	(1) The financial condition of the offeror is
36	such as to jeopardize the interests of any secur-
37	ity holders of the target company;
<b>.</b>	try notacis of the target company,
38	(2) The terms of the takeover bid are unfair or
39	inequitable to the security holders of the target
40	<pre>company;</pre>
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L. Complete and specific information concerning the matters set forth in section 804, subsection 1, para-

Sec. 10. 13, MRSA §803, sub-§2, ¶M is enacted to read:

graph B, subparagraph (1) to (4); and

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1	(3) The plans and proposals which the offeror
2	has, to make any material change in the target
3	company's business or corporate or other organiza-
4	tional structure or management, are not in the
5	interest of the security holders of the target
6	company; and

- (4) The competence, experience and integrity of those persons who would control the operation of the target company are such that it would not be in the interest of the security holders of the target company to accept the takeover bid.
- Sec. 12. 13 MRSA §804, sub-§2, first and 3rd sen-13 tences, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, are amended to read:
- A public hearing shall be held at a time and place fixed by the superintendent if, within 20 10 days after the filing of the statement referred to in section 803, subsection 1, he shall determine that such a public hearing is necessary and if, within 20 days after the filing of the statement, he shall schedule a date for commence such public hearing.
- At least 10 7 days' notice of the holding of any public hearing shall be given by the superintendent to the offeror filing the statement and to the target company.
- 23 Sec. 13. 13 MRSA §808, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1977, 24 c. 669, is amended to read:
  - 1. Solicitation for acceptance or rejection. Solicitation of any offeree for acceptance of rejection of a takeover offer, or acquisition of any equity security of a target company, pursuant to a takeover offer which has not been permitted to proceed or which is not exempt under this chapter;
- 31 Sec. 14. 13 MRSA §808, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1977, 32 c. 669, is amended to read:
- 4. Acquisition. Acquisition by the a tender offeror, after announcement of the takeover tender offer and prior to its termination, of equity securities of the target company otherwise than pursuant to the takeover tender offer.
- 37 Sec. 15. 13 MRSA §809, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, 38 is amended to read:
- 39 §809. Limitations on tender offers

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1. Offer, withdrawal. An A tender offer shall provide that any equity securities of a target company deposited or tendered pursuant to a takeover tender offer may be withdrawn by or on behalf of any offeree at any time up to the 3rd day prior to the announced termination date, except as the superintendent may otherwise prescribe by rule or order for the protection of the offerees. An A tender offer shall remain open for a minimum time period of 20 days.

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- 2. Limited offers. If an a tender offeror makes a takeover tender offer for less than all the outstanding equity securities of any class, and if the number of securities deposited or tendered pursuant thereto is greater than the number the offeror has offered to accept and pay for, the securities shall be accepted pro rata, disregarding fractions, according to the number of securities deposited or tendered by each offeree.
- 17 3. Tender offeror; terms varied. If an a offeror varies the terms of a takeover tender offer 18 19 expiration date by increasing the consideration offered 20 to the offerees, the offeror shall pay the increased consid-21 eration for all equity securities accepted, whether securities have been accepted by the offeror before or after 22 23 the variation in the terms of the offer.
  - 4. Injunctive proceeding. No offeror shall make or continue a takeover offer at any time when an administrative or injunctive proceeding has been brought by the superintendent against the offeror for violation of this chapter that has not been finally determined.
- 5. Target company. An A tender offeror may not make a takeover tender offer involving a target company which is not made to all the owners of equity securities of the target company.
- 33 Sec. 16. 13 MRSA §811, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1977, 34 c. 669, is amended by adding after the 2nd sentence a new 35 sentence to read:
- The superintendent may utilize these fees to retain persons to assist him in the administration of this chapter.
- 38 Sec. 17. 13 MRSA §812, sub-§1, first sentence, as 39 amended by PL 1979, c. 127, §90 is further amended to read:
- Whenever it appears to the superintendent that any person has engaged in or is about to engage in any act or practice constituting a violation of this chapter or any regulation

- or order adopted under this chapter, the superintendent may investigate and issue orders and notices without hearing, notwithstanding the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, including cease and desist orders and notices.
- Sec. 18. 13 MRSA §812, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1979, c. 127, §90, is further amended by adding after the first sentence a new sentence to read:
- Any such cease and desist order shall expire within 30 days unless a hearing has been scheduled pursuant to section 804, in which case the cease and desist order shall be terminated, modified or continued by the superintendent's final determination after hearing.
  - Sec. 19. 13 MRSA §812, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

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- 3. Takeover bid delayed. No offeror may make or continue a takeover offer at any time when an administrative or injunctive proceeding has been brought by the superintendent against the offeror for violation of this chapter that has not been finally determined.
- Sec. 20. 13 MRSA §817, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 669, is amended by adding at the end a new sentence to read:
- Subsequent to a filing made pursuant to section 803, the superintendent may refrain from taking any further action under this chapter if he finds that the law of another state applies to the takeover bid, that such law is being applied to the takeover bid, and that such law provides protection to shareholders equal to or greater than provided by this chapter.
- 30 Sec. 21. 13 MRSA §817, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1977, 31 c. 669, is amended to read:
- 32 3. Vote; exception. This chapter shall not apply to any offer involving a class vote by shareholders of the 33 target company, pursuant to its articles of incorporation or 34 applicable corporation statute, on a merger, consolida-35 36 tion or sale of corporate assets in consideration securities of another corporation, or sale of 37 issuance of its securities in exchange for cash or securities of another 38 39 corporation.
- Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when approved.

## STATEMENT OF FACT

At least 35 states now have so-called "state takeover bid laws" designed to regulate tender offers or takeover bids. These laws generally require certain disclosures to be made and set certain time limitations and conditions for a "tender offeror" to meet in connection with making an offer seeking ownership of significant percentages of any class of equity security of a corporation. Maine's law is one of the best.

Recently, these laws have come under attack as being unconstitutional in certain aspects because of conflicting or inconsistent federal regulation of the same subject matter. As a result, many states are now making adjustments in their laws to meet some of the constitutional challenges while maintaining state control.

This new draft makes needed changes in the Maine Takeover Bid Disclosure Law and updates our law to cover additional programs of similar intent.