MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH LEGISLATURE	
H. P. 2160 House of Approved for introduction by the Joint Rule 26.	Representatives, March 9, 1982 Legislative Council pursuant to
Referred to the Committee on Ju and ordered printed.	idiciary. Sent up for concurrence
Presented by Representative Tarbell of Cosponsors: Representative Mur tative Crowley of Stockton Springs.	
STATE OF	MAINE
IN THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRI	OF OUR LORD ED AND EIGHTY-TWO
AN ACT to Revise the Bail in Crimi	
Be it enacted by the People of the	ne State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §5524, fi	rst sentence is amended
If Except as otherwise 943, if the party is imprisoned offense, he shall be admitted offered.	
Sec. 2. 14 MRSA §5540 is a	mended to read:
§5540 Bail; exceptions	
Judicial Court or the Superior justice thereof in vacation, from	

except persons committed by the Governor and Council, Senate

or House of Representatives for causes mentioned in the Constitution, and except as otherwise provided in Title 15, section 943.

Sec. 3. 14 MRSA §5542, first sentence, as amended by PL 1965, c. 356, §15, is further amended to read:

When Subject to the limitations contained in Title 15, section 943, when a person is confined in a jail for a bailable offense or for not finding sureties, except when a verdict of guilty has been rendered against him for an offense punishable in the State Prison and except when such person is committed pending decision on report, any such commissioner, on application, may inquire into the case and admit him to bail and exercise the same power as any Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court or Superior Court can; and may issue a writ of habeas corpus and cause such person to be brought before him for this purpose, and may admit him to bail.

18 Sec. 4. 14 MRSA §5544, first paragraph is amended to 19 read:

Any Subject to the limitations contained in Title 15, section 943, any person under arrest for a bailable criminal offense may, before commitment to jail if he so requests, be taken by the officer having him in charge before a bail commissioner, who may inquire into the case and admit him to bail. Any Subject to the limitations contained in Title 15, section 943, any person arrested on the Lord's Day, or on the afternoon or evening preceding, for a bailable criminal offense, may be admitted to bail on that day by such commissioner.

Sec. 5. 15 MRSA §943 is enacted to read:

§943. Detention of persons accused of certain crimes.

1. Person whose release will unreasonably endanger another person or the community. Any person charged with a Class A, B or C crime may be admitted to bail, unless a judge determines that the release will unreasonably endanger the safety of any other person or the community. The determination by the judge shall be made only after a hearing at which the accused is entitled to be present with counsel and of which a verbatim record shall be made. If the judge determines that the release of the accused will unreasonably endanger the safety of any other person or the community, he shall, either in lieu of or in addition to the conditions set pursuant to section 942, impose the least restrictive

- condition, or combination of conditions, of release set forth in subsection 2 that will reasonably assure the safety of any other person or the community. No financial condition may be imposed to assure the safety of any person or the community.
- 2. Factors in determining detention or release. In determining whether the person should be detained or which conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person or the community, the judge shall, on the basis of available information, take into account:
- 11 A. The nature and circumstances of the offense charged;
- B. The weight of the evidence against the person for the crime of which he is charged; and
- 15 C. The history and characteristics of the person, including, but not limited to: His character, mental condition, family ties, employment, past conduct, 16 17 length of residence in the community, record of convic-18 tions and record of appearances; illegal 19 drug whether he was on probation, parole or other release pending completion of sentence for a conviction under 20 21 22 federal, state or local law at the time of the current 23 arrest; and whether he was on pretrial release 24 release pending sentence or appeal for an offense under 25 federal, state or local law at the time of the current 26 arrest.
- 27 3. Conditions of release. The judge may provide as an explicit release condition for any person ordered released under this section that the person:
- A. Remain in the custody of a designated person who agrees to supervise him, if the designated person is reasonably able to assure the judge that the person will not pose a danger to the safety of another person or the community;
- B. Abide by specified restrictions on his travel, associations or place of abode;
- C. Work conscientiously at his employment, or if unemployed, actively seek employment;
- D. Refrain from excessive use of alcohol and any use of a narcotic drug or other controlled substance without a prescription by a licensed medical practitioner;

- 1 E. Avoid all contact with potential witnesses who may testify concerning the offense;
- F. Refrain from possessing a firearm, destructive device or other dangerous weapon;

- G. Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment, including treatment for drug or alcohol dependency and remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose; or
- H. Satisfy any other condition reasonably necessary to assure the safety of any other person or the community pursuant to this section, including a condition requiring that the person return to official detention after specified hours or during specified periods and abide by such other severe restrictions on the person's freedom, associations or activities that the judge deems appropriate.
- 17 <u>4. Detention of certain persons. The judge shall order</u>
 18 that person detained in custody, if, after hearing, he finds
 19 that:
 - A. On the basis of evidence presented, there is a probability that the person committed the crime for which he has been charged; and
 - B. That the evidence indicates a substantial likelihood that the person poses a danger to any other person or to the community, and that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person or the community.
- 28 5. Persons detained to be brought to trial expedi-29 tiously. Any person detained under this section shall be 30 brought to trial expeditiously.
 - 6. Order. A judge authorizing the release or detention of a person pursuant to this section shall issue an order containing, in writing, a statement of findings of fact, the reasons for detention if imposed and any conditions of release imposed, and shall advise him of the penalty applicable to a violation of a condition of his release.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to make changes in the bail laws so that a person charged with a Class A, B or C crime may be detained and not released on bail if a judge finds,

after a hearing, that the person poses a danger to any other person or to the community.

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