MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	(Governor's Bill) (EMERGENCY) SECOND REGULAR SESSION
)	ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH LEGISLATURE
	Legislative Document No. 1949
ļ.	H. P. 1974 House of Representatives, February 9, 1982 Referred to the Committee on Taxation. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed.
١	EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative Kelleher of Bangor. Cosponsors: Senator Emerson of Penobscot, Representative J. Diamond of Bangor and Representative Tarbell of Bangor.
	STATE OF MAINE
	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-TWO
	AN ACT to Eliminate the 2¢ Excise Tax Imposed on Jet Fuel Used by International Flights.
	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
	Whereas, the excise tax on jet fuel is causing international air carriers to avoid doing business in the State of Maine; and
	Whereas, the use of airport facilities in the State of Maine by international air carriers greatly benefits the economy of the State of Maine; and

Whereas, the loss of business from international air carriers at Maine facilities during the spring and summer of 1982 will seriously harm a significant sector of the Maine economy; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

6 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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An excise tax is levied and imposed at the rate of 9¢ per gallon upon internal combustion engine fuel sold or used within this State, including such sales when made to the State or any political subdivision thereof, for any purpose whatsoever, excepting such internal combustion engine fuel sold or used in such form and under such circumstances as shall preclude the collection of this tax by reason of the laws of the United States, or sold wholly for exportation from the State, or brought into the State in the ordinary standardized equipment fuel tank attached to and forming a part of a motor vehicle and used in the operation of such vehicle within the State, except that the rate shall be 1¢ per gallon upon internal combustion engine fuel as defined in section 2902 bought or used by any person, association of persons, firm or corporation for the purpose of or turbojet engine aircraft, not for international flights, including such sales when made to the State or political subdivision thereof, and except that the rate shall be 2¢ per gallon and except that no tax may be levied upon internal combustion engine fuel as defined in section 2902 bought or used by any person, association of persons, firm or corporation for the purpose of propelling jet or turbojet engine aircraft for international flights excepting such fuel sold or used under such circumstances as shall preclude the collection of this tax by reason of the laws of the United States, or sold wholly for exportation from the State, or brought into the State in the fuel tanks of aircraft.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble this Act shall take effect when approved for fuel sold on or after the first day of the first month following the enactment of this Act.

FISCAL NOTE

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2 It is estimated that the elimination of the 2¢ excise 3 tax would result in the loss of revenue in the amount of \$34,000 for fiscal year 1982, and \$217,300 for fiscal year 5 1983.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The City of Bangor has presented information and facts which have reflected that the 2¢ excise tax imposed by the State on jet fuel by international flights has inhibited the ability to effectively compete for the servicing of "thru-flight" international air carriers. Since fuel represent 35% to 40% of the cost associated with each international flight, air carriers who would otherwise use Bangor International Airport have begun and now choose to use airports in Massachusetts, New York, and Canada which compete for this traffic. It is anticipated that elimination of the on jet fuel used by international flights excise tax would allow the City of Bangor to effectively compete airports against these thereby increasing its airport use and the taxable expenditures of those using the airport.

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