

L.D. 1944

2 3 4 5	STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (Filing No. H-700) 110TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
6 7	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " \mathcal{A} " to H.P. 1969, L.D. 1944, Bill, "AN ACT to Clarify the Criminal Restraint by Parent Law."
8 9	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in its place the following:
10 11 12	'Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §303, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 512, §26, is amended by adding at the end a new paragraph to read:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	For purposes of this subsection, "reasonable belief a child has been taken, retained or enticed in violation of this section" includes, but is not limited to, a determination by a law enforcement officer, based on his review of the terms of a certified copy of the most recent court decree granting custody of the child, that the parent who is exercising con- trol over the child is not the person authorized to have custody under terms of the decree. Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §303, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1979,
22 23	 c. 512, §26, is amended to read: <u>5.</u> Criminal restraint by parent is a Class E <u>C</u> crime.
24 25 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Sec. 3. Legislative findings and intent. The Legis- lature finds that the criminal restraint of a child by a noncustodial parent seriously interferes with the state's interest in the child's welfare. Raising the classification of the crime to Class C reflects its seriousness and permits the State to avail itself of federal resources in attempting to apprehend a person who has committed this crime and left the State to avoid prosecution. These federal resources are available to a state because the fleeing noncustodial parent in "cases involving parental kidnapping and interstate or international flight to avoid prosecution under applicable state felony statutes" (United States Code, Title 42, Section 502) commits the further federal crime of flight to avoid prosecution under the felony laws of the state from

1 . **1** 1 COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1969, L.D. 1944

2 which he flees. (United States Code, Title 18, Section 3 1073).

4 The Legislature also intends to have the State seek 5 extradition of a person apprehended outside of the State who 6 has allegedly violated the Revised Statutes, Title 17-A, 7 section 303, subsection 1, the crime of criminal restraint 8 by parent.'

STATEMENT OF FACT

10 This amendment leaves the current language creating the crime of criminal restraint by parent in place. 11 That lan-12 guage is the same as that in subsection 1, paragraph A on page 1 of the bill. 13 The amendment deletes paragraph B beginning on line 30, page 1 of the bill. Paragraph B cre-ated a new version of the crime of criminal restraint by 14 15 parent aimed at extending the states's criminal jurisdiction 16 to cover kidnapping of a child by a noncustodial parent 17 occurring outside of Maine, but in violation of a Maine cus-18 19 tody order. While this is a serious violation affecting a child in which the State has an interest, it seems unlikely 20 21 that Maine would be able to obtain extradition of the noncustodial parent from a state in which most of the ac-22 23 tions consituting the crime occurred.

By raising the classification of the crime of criminal restraint by parent to Class C, a felony, the state crime may become a federal crime. In this way, federal authorities may become involved in apprehending a person who has committed the crime of criminal restraint by parent.

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Reported by the Committee on Judiciary. Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.

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