MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	SECOND REGULAR SESSION		
ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH LEGISLATURE			
Legislative Doc	ument		No. 1892
S. P. 806 In Senate, January 27, 1982 Submitted by the Department of Business Regulation pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Referred to the Committee on Business Legislation and 1,600 or dered printed. Sent down for concurrence.			
	nator Trafton of Andr s: Senator Clark of		
	STATE C	OF MAINE	
	IN THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDF	OF OUR LORD RED AND EIGHT	
Fr	AN ACT to Regu anchises and Bus		
Be it enacted	by the People of	the State of Mai	ne as follows:
Sec. 1. 571, is repeale	32 MRSA c. 69-B	, as enacted by	y PL 1979,
Sec. 2.	32 MRSA c. 91 is e	enacted to read:	
	CHAPT	ER 91	
FRA	ANCHISE AND BU	SINESS OPPORT	UNITY ACT
§9101. Purpos	<u>se</u>		
	pose of this Active their represent sons and broke	atives, agent ers and of sell	s, employed ers of busine

sale of franchises and of business opportunities within this 2 State. 3 §9102. Definitions As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 4 indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 5 6 1. Affiliated person. "Affiliated person" means a 7 person who: 8 A. Directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by 9 or is under common control with a seller; B. Directly or indirectly owns, controls or holds with power to vote, 10% or more of the outstanding voting 10 11 12 securities of a seller; or 13 C. Has, in common with a seller, one or more partners, 14 officers, directors, trustees, branch managers or other 15 persons occupying similar status or performing similar 16 functions. 2. Business day. "Business day" means any day other than Saturday, Sunday or the following holidays: New Year's 17 18 Day; Washington's Birthday; Memorial Day; Independence Day; 19 Labor Day; Columbus Day; Veteran's Day; Thanksgiving; and 20 21 Christmas. 22 Business opportunity. A "business opportunity" 23 means: 24 A. The sale, lease or distribution of any of the fol-25 lowing items which are sold, leased or distributed by the seller to the purchaser for the purpose of enabling 26 27 the purchaser to start a business: 28 (1) Any products; 29 (2) Equipment; 30 (3) Supplies; 31 (4) Goods; 32 Commodities, including plants used for culti-33 vation and animals used for breeding; or 34 (6) Services; and

B. In which the seller represents or suggests one or more of the following:

- (1) That the seller will provide locations or assist the purchaser in finding locations for the use or operation of vending machines, racks, display cases or other similar devices, or electric game machines, currency-operated amusement machines or other similar devices on premises neither owned nor leased by the seller or purchaser;
- (2) That the seller will purchase any or all products made, produced, fabricated, grown, bred or modified by the purchaser using in whole or in part the supplies, services or chattels sold to the purchaser;
- (3) That if the purchaser is not satisfied with the business opportunity, the seller will refund all or part of the price paid for the business opportunity, or will repurchase any of the products, equipment, supplies or chattels supplied by the seller; or
- (4) That upon receiving payment the seller will provide the purchaser with a sales or marketing program which will enable the purchaser to derive income which exceeds the price paid for the business opportunity; except that the sale of an ongoing business by its owner, who sells and intends to sell no other business entities, is not the sale of a business opportunity within the meaning of this section.
- 30 <u>4. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the Commis-</u> 31 sioner of Business Regulation or his designee.
- 5. Franchise. "Franchise" has the following meanings
 subject to the exclusions and exemptions indicated.
 - A. "Franchise" means any franchise as defined in the Federal Trade Commission trade regulation rule on disclosure requirements and prohibitions concerning franchising and business opportunity ventures, 16 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 436, Section 436.2(a).
- B. This definition does not apply to any franchise exempted by the Federal Trade Commission's trade regulation rule on disclosure requirements and prohibitions

- 1 concerning franchising and business opportunity 2 ventures, 16 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 436, 3 Section 436.2(a) (3) (i)-(iv).
- 4 C. This subsection does not include any continuing 5 commercial relationship excluded by the Federal Trade 6 Commission's trade regulation rule on disclosure 7 quirements and prohibitions concerning franchising and 8 business opportunity ventures, 16 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 436, Section 436.2(a) (4) (i)-(iv); 9 10 does it include the not-for-profit sale of sales demonstration equipment, materials or samples, for a total 11 12 price of \$100 or less.
- 13 <u>6. Franchise broker. "Franchise broker" means any</u> 14 person other than a franchisor or a franchisee who sells, 15 offers for sale or arranges the sale of a franchise.
- 7. Franchisee. "Franchisee" means a person who:
- 17 <u>A. Participates in a business relationship as a</u> 18 franchisee; or
- B. Participates in a commercial relationship as a purchaser.
- 21 8. Franchisor. "Franchisor" means a person who:
- A. Participates in a franchise relationship as a franchisor, as denoted in subsection 5, or undertakes any other act relating to the promotion of franchises;
- 25 B. Participates in a commercial relationship as a seller, as denoted in subsection 5;
- 27 <u>C. Is a representative, agent or employee of the</u> 28 franchisor; or
- D. Is a subfranchisor.
- 9. Prospective franchisee. "Prospective franchisee" 30 means any person, including any representative, agent or 31 32 employee of that person, who approaches or is approached by 33 franchisor or a franchise broker or any representative, 34 agent or employee of a franchisor or a franchise broker, for 35 the purpose of discussing the establishment, or possible 36 establishment, of a franchise relationship involving such a 37 person.

- 1 10. Purchaser. "Purchaser" means a person who purchases, leases or communicates with a seller concerning the purchase or lease of a business opportunity.
- 4 <u>11. Seller. "Seller" means a person who sells,</u> 5 <u>leases, distributes, advertises or undertakes any other act</u> 6 relating to the promotion of business opportunities.

7 §9103. Intended coverage

Representatives, agents, employees and affiliated persons of franchisors, franchise brokers and representatives, agents, employees and affiliated persons of business opportunity sellers all have the same obligations as franchisors and sellers of business opportunities under this chapter.

13 §9104. Registration

- 1. Time of registration. Every franchisor, franchise broker and seller shall register with the Department of Business Regulation prior to selling, leasing, distributing, advertising, offering to sell or performing any other act relating to the sale of business opportunities or franchises in this State.
- 20 2. Requirements. Registration is complete upon:
- 21 A. Filing a registration application form;
- B. Filing a copy of the disclosure statement required by section 9109;
- 24 <u>C. Providing evidence of a bond or escrow account</u> 25 <u>satisfying the requirements of section 9111;</u>
- D. Filing a completed consent to service of process form; and
- 28 E. Paying a \$75 fee.
- 3. Department response. Not later than 30 days after the receipt for filing of the required registration materials, or not later than 15 days after the receipt for filing of a supplemental report to a disclosure statement, the department shall:
- A. Issue a letter accepting the filing, stating the
 date that the registration becomes effective and granting the franchisor a registration number; or

- 1 B. Issue a letter indicating the manner in which the submission for registration is deficient.
- 4. Period of registration. An approved franchise or business opportunity is effective for a period of one year from the date of issuance of a registration number, unless the commissioner specifies a different period.
- 7 §9105. Supplemental reports
- 1. When required. If a material adverse change in the condition of the franchisor or the seller should occur during any year, a supplemental report shall be filed as soon as reasonably possible and in any case, before the future sale of any franchise.
- 13 <u>2. Definition. A material adverse change includes,</u>
 14 but is not limited to:
- A. Insolvency; bankruptcy, voluntary or not; or inability to meet its routine obligations; and
- 17 B. A change of ownership or control.
- 18 3. Fee. Each supplemental report shall be accompanied by a supplemental report filing fee of \$15.
- 20 §9106. Renewal of registration
- 21 <u>1. Requirements. Franchisors and sellers shall annu-</u> 22 <u>ally renew their registration by:</u>
- A. Filing a registration renewal application;
- B. Filing a copy of a current disclosure document or a sworn statement that no material adverse change has occurred since the last disclosure filing;
- 27 C. Providing evidence of the continuation of their 28 bond or escrow account satisfying the requirements of 29 section 9110; and
- D. Paying a \$35 fee.
- 2. Additional filings. At his discretion, the commission of a complete new application.
- 34 §9107. Refusal to renew registration

The commissioner may refuse to renew a registration if,
after providing the franchisor or seller with an opportunity
for hearing, he finds that the franchisor, seller, any partner, officer or director of the franchisor and seller or any
person occupying similar functions or any affiliated person:

- 6 <u>1. Fraudulent transaction. Has engaged in any fraud-</u>7 ulent transaction;
- 8 2. Insolvency. Is insolvent, or in danger of becoming 9 insolvent, either in the sense that his liabilities exceed 10 his assets or in the sense that he cannot meet his obligations as they mature;
- 3. Incompetency. Has been adjudicated mentally incompetent or is a person for whom a conservator or guardian has been appointed and is acting;
- 15 <u>4. Conviction. Has been convicted, within or without</u> 16 this State of:
- 17 A. Any crime involving a franchise; or
- B. Any crime punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment equal to or exceeding one year;
- 5. Information. Has failed to furnish information requested by the Department of Business Regulation pursuant to its authority under this chapter concerning the conduct of his business; or
- 24 <u>6. Violation of chapter. Has violated any of this</u> 25 chapter.
- 26 §9108. Suspension or revocation of registration

The commissioner may file a complaint with the Administrative Court seeking the suspension or revocation of registration granted under this chapter for any reason which would justify refusal to renew the registration. In lieu of initiating a proceeding in the Administrative Court the commissioner may summarily suspend or revoke a registration, pursuant to Title 5, section 10004, where appropriate.

- 34 §9109. Required disclosure statement
- A disclosure statement which contains the form and substance required by the Federal Trade Commission's trade regulation rule on disclosure requirements and prohibitions

1 2 3 4	concerning franchising and business opportunity ventures, 16 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 436, Section 436.1(a) (1)-(20), as amended, complies with this section if it also satisfies the following added requirements.
5 7 8 9 10 11	1. Written disclosure statement. At least 72 hours before the signing of a franchise agreement or a business opportunity agreement or at least 72 hours before the payment of any consideration, whichever occurs first, prospective franchisors and purchasers shall be provided with a written document, the cover page of which is in at least 10-point type capital letters and is entitled "DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY MAINE LAW."
13 14 15	2. Contents. The body of the disclosure statement shall contain the following information in addition to the Federal Trade Commission's disclosure requirements:
16	A. The following notice:
17 18 19 20	As required by Maine law, we have secured a bond in the amount of \$ issued by (name and address of surety company)
21 22 23 24	Before signing a contract to purchase a franchise or a business opportunity, you should check with the surety company to determine the current status of the bond.
25	<u>or</u>
26 27 28 29	As required by Maine law, we maintain an escrow account in the amount of \$ at
30 31 32 33	Before signing a contract to purchase a franchise or a business opportunity you should check with the financial institution to determine the current status of the escrow account.
34 35	B. The following notice, to appear under the conspicuous caption:
36	BUYER'S RIGHT TO CANCEL
37 38	Pursuant to Maine law, you have the right to cancel this purchase for any reason, within 3 business

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	days following the signing of the contract or agreement. You may cancel the purchase by mailing a notice to the franchisor or seller. The notice must say that you do not want the franchise or business opportunity and must be mailed to (name and address of franchisor or seller) before midnight of (stated date)
10	C. A list of the following:
11 12 13	(1) The states in which the proposed registrant has been authorized to sell franchises or business opportunities;
14 15 16	(2) The states, if any, which have refused, by order or otherwise, to register these franchises or business opportunities;
17 18 19	(3) The states, if any, which have revoked or suspended the right to offer these franchises or business opportunities; and
20 21 22	(4) The states, if any, in which the proposed registration of these franchises has been withdrawn;
23 24 25	D. An unexecuted copy of all contracts or agreements relating to the sale of the franchise or business opportunity; and
26	E. A table of contents.
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	3. Earnings claim document. If the franchisor or seller makes or intends to make any oral, written or visual representation to a prospective franchisee or purchaser concerning estimated, projected or potential sales, income or gross net profit for that prospective franchisee or purchaser, the prospective franchisee or purchaser, the prospective franchisee or purchaser must be provided with an earnings claim document prepared in accordance with the Federal Trade Commission's rule, 16 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 436.1(b)-(e).
36	§9110. Report of sale
37 38 39 40	Each sale of a franchise or a business opportunity in this State shall be reported to the commissioner no later than 10 days after the sale is made on a form provided by the Department of Business Regulation.

§9111. Bonds and escrow accounts

- 1. Amount. All franchisors or sellers shall either obtain a surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this State or have established an escrow account with a licensed financial institution authorized to do business in this State. The surety bond or escrow account shall be in an amount not less than \$30,000 nor more than \$100,000, as determined by the commissioner.
- 2. Action against bond. Any person who is damaged by a violation of this chapter, by the franchisor's or seller's breach of contract for the franchise or business opportunity, or by a violation of Title 5, section 207, relating to the sale, offer for sale or promotion of a franchise or business opportunity may bring an action against the bond or escrow account to recover damages. In addition to the remedies provided under section 9116, the Attorney General may bring an action against the bond or escrow account to recover damages on behalf of persons in the State aggrieved by unlawful conduct related to the sale or offer for sale of a franchise or business opportunity. The aggregate liability of the surety or financial institution shall be only for actual damages and shall not exceed the amount of the bond or escrow account.
- 3. Termination. Such a bond or escrow account shall not be terminated, canceled or returned to the franchisor until:
- A. Twelve months following expiration of the registration under section 9104; and
 - B. The Department of Business Regulation certifies to the surety company issuing the bond or to the licensed financial institution holding the escrow account that it has no knowledge of any outstanding judgment, claims or notices of claims against the franchisor or seller in this State.

§9112. Rules and forms

The commissioner may, pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, promulgate rules to aid the administration or effectuation of this chapter. The commissioner may issue forms, including, but not limited to, forms governing disclosure statements, applications and reports. The commissioner may, for the purposes of this chapter, prescribe the content and form of financial state-

- ments and direct whether they should be certified by independent public or certified accountants.
- 3 §9113. Copy of contracts

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Every contract for the sale of a franchise or business opportunity in this State shall be in writing and is subject to this chapter. A copy of the complete contract and copies of all other documents signed by the franchisee or purchaser shall be provided to the franchisee or purchaser at the time they are signed.

- 10 §9114. Right of avoidance
 - Method. A franchisee or purchaser may avoid a contract for the purchase of a franchise or business opportunity by giving written notice of avoidance to franchisor or franchisor or seller, by ordinary mail postage prepaid within 3 full business days following the day on which the contract was made. The notice shall be sufficient if dressed to the franchisor or seller at the address given disclosure statement or either in the on the contract. Notice of avoidance is effective upon deposit in the United States mail. The notice of avoidance need not take a particular form and is sufficient if it expresses the intention of the franchisee or purchaser not to be bound by the contract.
 - 2. Return of goods. Within 20 days after avoidance is effective, the franchisee or purchaser shall tender to the franchisor or seller any goods or commodities delivered pursuant to the contract. Tender is sufficient if the franchisee or purchaser makes the goods or commodities available to the franchisor or seller at the franchisee's or purchaser's residence or business. If the franchisor or seller fails to take possession of the goods or commodities within 20 days after notice of tender, the goods or commodities shall become the property of the franchisee or seller without obligation to pay for them.
- 35 3. Return of funds. Within 20 days after notice of tender, the franchisor or seller shall return to the franchisee or purchaser the full amount of any fees or deposits which were paid under the contract.
- 39 §9115. Prohibited acts
- 40 It is unlawful for any franchisor:

- 1 1. Failure to register. To fail to register pursuant 2 to sections 9104 and 9106;
 - 2. Failure to provide statement. To fail to provide all franchisees with the disclosure statement required by section 9109;
- 6 3. Failure to post bond. To fail to post a bond or secure an escrow account as required by section 9111;
- 8 <u>4. Failure to return funds. To fail to return funds</u>
 9 <u>after a contract is avoided pursuant to section 9114, sub-</u>
 10 section 3;
- 5. Nonconforming representations. To make any representation concerning estimated, projected or actual sales, income and gross or net profits unless made only in accordance with section 9109;
- 15 6. Use of trademarks. To use the trademark, service mark, trade name, logotype, advertising or other commercial 16 symbol of any business which does not either control 17 ownership interest in the franchisor or seller or accept 18 19 responsibility for all representations made by franchisor or seller concerning the franchise or business 20 21 opportunity, unless the owner of the commercial symbol noti-22 fies all prospective franchisees or purchasers that 23 owner of the commercial symbol is not involved in the sales;
- 7. False representations. To make any false, misleading or deceptive representations concerning the franchise or business opportunity; and
- 27 <u>8. Noncompliance. To fail to comply with any other</u> 28 provision of this chapter.
- 29 §9116. Waiver

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- Any waiver by a franchisee or purchaser of the provisions of this chapter is null and void, and will not operate to relieve the franchisor or seller of any obligation placed upon him by this chapter.
- 34 §9117. Remedies
- 1. Violation. Any violation of this chapter constitutes a violation of Title 5, chapter 10.
- 37 <u>2. Class D crime. An intentional violation of this</u> 38 <u>chapter is a Class D crime.</u>

- 3. Temporary restraining order. Upon application by the Attorney General, the Superior Court shall issue a temporary restraining order under Title 5, chapter 209, enjoining any person who has committed any act prohibited by section 9115 from engaging in any conduct relating to the sale, offering for sale, leasing, distributing or promotion of franchises or business opportunities in this State until the person satisfies the court that he has complied with this chapter. The Superior Court shall grant such a temporary restraining order without requiring a showing of immediate and irreparable harm or injury.
- 12 §9118. Service of process

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- 13 The Department of Business Regulation shall be an agent of each franchisor or seller who sells, offers for sale, 14 advertises or promotes franchises or business opportunities 15 in this State for service of any process, notice or demand 16 required or permitted to be served. This service shall be 17 binding upon the franchisor. Service of any process, notice 18 or demand shall be made as provided for service upon the 19 Secretary of State under the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, 20 Rule 4(d)(8). 21
- 22 §9119. Disposal of fees
- All fees received under this chapter shall be paid to
 the Treasurer of State and are to be used for carrying out
 this chapter. Any balance of these fees shall not lapse,
 but shall be carried forward as a continuing account to be
 expended for the same purpose in the following years.
- 28 §9120. Employees
 - The Commissioner of Business Regulation may appoint, subject to the Personnel Law, such employees as may be necessary to carry out this chapter. Any person so employed shall be located in the Department of Business Regulation and under the administrative and supervisory direction of the Commissioner of Business Regulation.

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38 39 In 1979, the Legislature passed a sale of business opportunities law in order to provide purchasers and potential purchasers with protection against unfair or deceptive practices in the sale of business opportunities within this State. Specifically, the law requires that sellers of business opportunities register with the Department of Business Regulation, post a bond or establish an escrow account and disclose in writing to prospective purchasers certain information.

The imprecise language of the law has made its interpretation and administration extremely difficult. After 2 1/2 years, only one seller of business opportunities has registered.

This bill seeks to repeal the current law and to replace it with a statute covering the sale of both franchises and business opportunities. Its passage would simplify the registration process by conforming Maine's disclosure requirements to the form and substance of the Federal Trade Commission's disclosure requirements.

Additionally, addresses this bill the problem of nondisclosure and misrepresentation which are apt to come to light sometime after a purchaser buys a franchise or business opportunity without having received essential and reliable information. To address these problems, the bill franchisors and sellers of business opportunities to furnish prospective buyers information in a single document about the franchisor or seller, the business itself, and the contract to be made. Additional information terms the must be furnished by sellers if claims are made about actual or potential earnings or sales volume.

As does the current business opportunity law, this bill requires registration with the Department of Business Regulation and the posting of a surety bond or the establishment of an escrow account.

This bill does not regulate the substantive terms of the franchisor-franchisee or seller-purchaser agreement or subsequent relationship. It does require a full and timely disclosure of all facts, circumstances and claims.