MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 1847
7 8	S. P. 779 Approved for introduction by the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 26. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and ordered printed. Sent down for concurrence. MAY M. ROSS, Secretary of the Senate
9 10 11	Presented by Senator Conley of Cumberland. Cosponsors: Senator O'Leary of Oxford, Representative J. Diamond of Bangor and Representative Nelson of Portland.
12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-TWO
17 18 19	AN ACT to Require Mandatory Reporting of Elderly Abuse.
20	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
21	22 MRSA c. 958-A, sub-c. I-A is enacted to read:
22	SUBCHAPTER I-A
23 24	REPORTING OF ABUSE, NEGLECT OR EXPLOITATION
25 26	§3477. Persons mandated to report suspected abuse, neglect or exploitation
27 28 29 30	1. Reasonable cause to suspect. When, while acting in his professional capacity, a medical or osteopathic physician, resident, intern, medical examiner, physicians' assistant, dentist, chiropractor, podiatrist, registered or li-

censed practical nurse, Christian Science practitioner, nursing or boarding home administrator, social worker, homemaker, home health aide, medical or social service worker, psychologist, pharmacist, physical therapist, speech therapist, occupational therapist, mental health professional, law enforcement official or coroner knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that an adult has been or is likely to be abused, neglected or exploited, he shall immediately report or cause a report to be made to the department.

- A. Whenever a person is required to report in his capacity as a member of the staff of a medical or public or private institution, agency or facility, he shall immediately notify the person in charge of the institution, agency or facility, or his designated agent, who shall then cause a report to be made. The staff person shall also make a report directly to the department.
- B. Any person may make a report if that person knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that an adult has been or is likely to be abused, neglected or exploited.
- C. Reports regarding abuse, neglect or exploitation shall be made immediately by telephone to the department and shall be followed by a written report within 48 hours if requested by the department. The reports shall contain the name and address of the involved adult; information regarding the nature and extent of the abuse, neglect or exploitation; the source of the report; the person making the report; his occupation and where he can be contacted. The report may contain any other information which the reporter believes may be helpful.

§3478. Mandatory reporting to medical examiner for postmortem investigation

A person required to report cases of known or suspected abuse or neglect, who knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that an adult has died as a result of abuse or neglect, shall report that fact to the appropriate medical examiner. The medical examiner shall accept the report for investigation and shall report his findings to the police, the appropriate district attorney, the department and, if the institution making the report is a hospital, the hospital.

§3479. Immunity from liability

1. Reporting and proceedings. A person participating in good faith in reporting under this subchapter, or in a related adult protection investigation or proceeding is immune from any civil liability that might otherwise result from these actions.

 2. Presumption of good faith. In a proceeding regarding immunity from liability, there shall be a rebuttable presumption of good faith.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The 1980 Blaine House Conference on Aging and the 1981 Interim Conference on Aging passed a resolution calling for the introduction of legislation to enact a mandatory elderly abuse reporting law requiring a series of professionals, while acting in their professional capacity, to report suspected abuse, neglect or exploitation of the elderly.

We know that both nationally and in Maine victims of abuse, neglect or exploitation do not report the abuse for a number of reasons, which supports the need for a mandatory reporting law. Such a law exists in Maine for victims of child abuse and neglect but does not exist for the elderly.

In a survey conducted by the Maine Committee on Aging in the fall of 1980, it was found that nearly 70% of the abused elders identified refused assistance, would not admit abuse or refused to press charges against the abuser. Of the professionals surveyed, 36% had knowledge of at least one case of abuse of the elderly. Based on the survey, we know that elderly abuse exists in Maine.

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