## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION	
Joint Rule 26. Referred to the Committee ordered printed. Sent down for cor	In Senate, January 13, 1982 the Legislative Council pursuant to on Business Legislation and 1,600 neurrence. Ordered sent forthwith. AY M. ROSS, Secretary of the Senate
Presented by Senator C. Sewall of	Lincoln.
STATE	E OF MAINE
	AR OF OUR LORD IDRED AND EIGHTY-TWO
	Maine Consumer Credit Code rtgages and Mobile Homes.
Be it enacted by the People o	of the State of Maine as follows:
<b>9-A MRSA §1-202, sub-</b> § 660, §1, is further amended	8, as last amended by PL 1979, c to read:
when the loan is secured by or by a subsequent mortgag security interest in real est of circumventing or evading <del>not</del> apply to loans involvin be used as the borrower's p	supervised financial organization or a first mortgage on real estate the held by the same bank, and the sate is not made for the purpose this Act. Such exemption shall g mobile homes which are or will brincipal dwelling. For the purpobile home shall mean means a

structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is 8 body feet or more in width and is 32 body feet or more in length, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning and electrical systems contained therein; or

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## STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill exempts subsequent mortgages on real estate from the Maine Consumer Credit Code when the subsequent held by the same financial institution holding the first mortgage. This change makes the Maine Consumer Code consistent with the Banking Code which was amended by the First Regular Session of the 110th Leaislature to authorize banks to make subsequent mortgages. provisions of the Maine Consumer Credit Code, Truth in Lendwould still apply so that financial institutions would still be required to give disclosures to the consumer the cost of credit. First mortgages have always been exempt form the Maine Consumer Credit Code and subsequent mortgages held by the same institution should be treated the same way. Consumers often have subsequent mortgages which are as big as their first mortgages and could reasonably expect that subsequent mortgages would be under similar terms, conditions and restrictions as the first. Also, consumers existing mortgages often ask for substantial 2nd mortgages, for example, for energy conservation purposes, and this change would free up the supply of funds for such purposes. Finally, to bring needed capital into Maine, it is important that banks be able to sell mortgages on the To be able to sell to the secondary market, mortgages must be on standard forms and provide for variable This change permits the sale of subsequent interest rates. mortgages on the secondary market.

This bill also exempts mobile homes from the Maine Consumer Credit Code when the mobile home is the borrower's principal dwelling. Mobile homes when used as a principal dwelling are often nearly as big and expensive as certain modular housing or conventional homes which are also exempt from the Code. As with subsequent mortgages, the Truth in Lending requirements still apply to loans for such mobile homes.

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