

[Law Library note: Attachments to pages precede the page to which they are attached.]

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Sec. 1. The Revised Statutes are amended by adding reto a new Little to be numbered 24-A: CHAPTER 1 2 GENERAL DEFINITIONS AND PROVISIONS 3 § 1. Short title This Title shall be known and be cited as the Maine 4 Insurance Code. 5 6 § 2. "Person" defined 7 "Person" includes an individual, firm, partnership, 8 corporation, association, syndicate, organization, society, 9 business trust, attorney-in-fact and every natural or arti-10 ficial legal entity. 11 12 § 3. "Insurance" defined 13 14 "Insurance" is a contract whereby one undertakes to pay or indemnify another as to loss from certain specified contin-15 gencies or perils, or to pay or grant a specified amount or 16 determinable benefit or annuity in connection with ascertain-17 able risk contingencies, or to act as surety. 18 19 20 § 4. Insurer defined "Insurer" includes every person engaged as principal and 21 22 as indemnitor, surety, or contractor in the business of entering into contracts of insurance. 23 24 § 5. "Commissioner," "department" defined 25 26 1. "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner of this State. $\mathbf{27}$ "Department" means the Insurance Department of this 2. 28 29 State. 30 § 6. "Domestic," "foreign," "alien" insurer defined 31 1. A "domestic" insurer is one formed under the laws of 32

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1 this State;

2 2. A "foreign" insurer is one formed under the laws of 3 any jurisdiction other than this State; An "alien" insurer is a foreign insurer formed under 4 3. 5 the laws of any country other than the United States of 6 America, its states, districts, commonwealths and possessions. 7 8 § 7. "State defined When in context signifying other than this State, "state" 9 means any state, district, territory, commonwealth or 1Ü possession of the United States of America, and the Panama 11 12 Canal Zone. 13 14 § 8. "Authorized," unauthorized" insurer defined 1. An "authorized" insurer is one duly authorized to 15 16 transact insurance in this State by a subsisting certificate 17 of authority issued by the commissioner. An "unauthorized" insurer is one not so authorized. 18 2. 19 "Transacting insurance" defined 20 § 9. In addition to other aspects of insurance operations to 21 which provisions of this Title by their terms apply, "trans-22 act" with respect to a business of insurance includes any of 23 24 the following, whether by mail or any other means: Solicitation or inducement. 25 1. 2. Negotiations. 26 Effectuation of a contract of insurance. 3. 27 28 Transaction of matters subsequent to effectuation 4. 29 and arising out of such a contract. 30 Application of code as to particular types of § 10. 31 insurers 32 No provision of this Title shall apply with respect to:

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Chap. 1 GEN. DEFINITIONS

1	1. Domestic mutual ssees ont insurers, as identified in
2	chapter 51 of this Title, except as stated in such chapter.
3	2. Fraternal benefit societies, except as stated in
4	chapter 55 of this Title.
5	3. Hospital and medical service corporations, identified
6	in_chapter 57 of this_Title, except-as-stated-in-such_chapter.
7	4. Road or tourist service companies, except as stated
8 9	in chapter 63 of this Title. 4. a docustic incure house formed union a species att of the fighting, where inconsistent with ever a price desting house amended.
10	§ 11. Particular provisions prevail
11	Provisions of this Title as to a particular kind of
12	insurance, type of insurer, or matter shall prevail over pro-
13	visions relating to insurance, insurers, or matters in general.
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15	§ 12. General penalty 1 enforcement
16	Each violation of this Title for which a different
17	penalty consisting of fine and or imprisonment is not provi-
18	ded by a provision of this Title or other applicable laws of
19	this State, in addition-to-or in lieu-of any-applicable pre-
20	scribed_denia1,-suspension,-or-revocation_of_certificate_of
21	authority or license, shall subject the violator to a fine
22	of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for less than one $\Im I$
23	year, or both such fine and imprisonment, except, that if the
24	violator is a corporation or entity other than an individual,
25	the fine shall be not more than \$3,000 for each violation.
26	Any director, officer, manager, employee or representative
27	of a violator corporation or other violator entity shall be (m)
2 8	subject to fine and imprisonment as above provided for
2 9	authorizing or knowingly participating in any such violation.
3 0	2. Any penalty for violation of this Title may be
3 1	recovered in a civil action in the name and to the use of the
32	State or enforced by indictment.

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1	CHAPTER 3
2	THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER
3	§ 200. Department continued
4	There is continued a department of state government
5	known as the Insurance Department.
6	
7	§ 201. Insurance Commissioner; appointment, term
8	1. The Insurance Commissioner is the head of the
9	Insurance Department.
10	2. The commissioner shall be appointed by the Governor
11	with the advice and consent of the Council.
12	3. The commissioner shall hold office for 4 years and
13	until his successor has been appointed and has qualified.
14	
15	§ 202. Seal
16	The commissioner shall have a seal of office of a suit-
17	able design, bearing the words "Insurance Commissioner of the
18	State of Maine." The commissioner shall file an impression
19	of the seal, duly certified by him under oath, with the
2 0	Secretary of State.
2 1	
22	§ 203. Compensation
23	The State shall pay the commissioner an annual salary
24	in amount as provided by law as full compensation for all
2 5	duties required of him as commissioner.
2 6	
27	§ 204. Principal office
2 8	The commissioner's principal office shall be at the
2 9	State Capitol.
30	
31	§ 205. Departmental organization
32	Within the department there shall be such divisions,
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not expressly provided for or prohibited by law, as the com-1 2 missioner deems advisable for the discharge of his duties. 3 § 206. Deputy commissioners 4 1. Subject to the Personnel Law, the commissioner may 5 appoint a first deputy commissioner, and may appoint one or 6 7 more additional deputies. The deputies shall perform such duties and exercise 3 2. 9 such powers of the commissioner as the commissioner may from time to time authorize. The first deputy shall be acting 10 11 commissioner during a vacancy in the office of Insurance Commissioner or during the incapacity of the commissioner . 12 13 § 207. Staff 14 Subject to the Personnel Law, the commissioner may 15 appoint and dismiss for cause a cirier examiner and such 16 17 other examiners, clerks, and other assistants as conduct of his office may require. 18 2. All such personnel, together with the deputy commis-19 sioners, shall be in the classified service of the State, and 2021 shall receive such compensation as is provided for under the 22 rules and regulations of the Personnel Board for state employees in similar capacities. 23 24 25 § 208. Independent technical, professional services The commissioner may from time to time contract for 26 1. 27 and-procure, on a fee or independently contracting basis, such additional actuarial, examination, rating, and other 28 technical and professional services as he may require for 29 discharge of his duties. 30 2. None of the individuals rendering such services 31 \bigcirc 32shall be in the classified services of the State.

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1 § 209. Prohibited interests, rewards

1. The commissioner, or his deputy, or any examiner, 2 3 assistant, or employee of the department shall not be connected with the management or be holder of a material number of 4 shares of any insurer, insurance holding company, insurance 5 agency or broker, or be pecuniarily interested in any insur-6 7 ance transaction except as a policyholder or claimant under a policy; except, that as to matters wherein a conflict of 8 interests does not exist on the part of any such individual, 9 the commissioner may employ and retain from time to time 10 insurance actuaries, examiners, accountants, and other 11 12technicians who are independently practicing their professions even though from time to time similarly employed or retained 13 14 by insurers or others.

15 2. Subsection 1 above shall not be deemed to prohibit:
16 A. Receipt by any such individual of fully vested com17 missions or fully vested retirement benefits to which entitled
18 by reason of services performed prior to becoming commissioner
19 or prior to employment in the department;

B. Investment in shares of regulated diversified investment companies; or

22 C. Mortgage loans made under customary terms and in23 ordinary course of business.

24 З. The commissioner or his deputy, or any examiner, 25 assistant, employee, or technician employed or retained by the department, shall not be given or receive, directly or 26 27 indirectly, any fee, compensation, loan, gift or other 28 thing of value in addition to the compensation and expense 29 allowance provided by or pursuant to the law of this State, 30 or by contract with the commissioner, for any service rendered or to be rendered as such commissioner, deputy, 31 examiner, assistant, employee, or technician, or in connection 32

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1 therewith.

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3	§ 210. Delegation of powers
4	1. The commissioner may delegate to his deputy, exam-
5	iner, or an employee of the department the exercise or dis-
6	charge in the commissioner's name of any power, duty, or
7	function, whether ministerial, discretionary or of whatever
8	character, vested in or imposed upon the commissioner.
9	2. The official act of any such person acting in the
10	commissioner's name and by his authority shall be deemed an
11	official act of the commissioner.
12	
13	§ 211. General powers, duties
14	1. The commissioner shall enforce the provisions of,
15	and execute the duties imposed upon him by, this Title.
16	2. The commissioner shall have the powers and authority
17	expressly vested in him by or reasonably implied from the pro-
18	visions of this Title.
19	3. The commissioner shall have such additional rights,
2 0	powers and duties as may be provided by other laws.
21	
22	§ 212. Rules and regulations
23	Subject to the applicable requirements and procedures
24	of 5 MRSA §§ 2301 through 2354, the commissioner may make,
25	promulgate, amend and rescind reasonable rules and regula-
2 6	tions to aid the administration or effectuation of any pro-
2 7 [′]	visions of this Title. No such rule or regulation shall
2 8	extend, modify, or conflict with any law of this State or
2 9	the reasonable implications thereof.
3 0	
31	§ 213. Orders, notices in general
32	1. Orders and notices of the commissioner shall be
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1 effective only when in writing signed by him or by his
2 authority.

3 2. Except-as-otherwise expressly-provided by law as to ______
4______particular_orders, Every order of the commissioner shall
5 state its effective date, and shall concisely state:

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A. Its intent or purpose;

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B. The grounds on which based; and

8 C. The provisions of this Title pursuant to which 9 action is taken or proposed to be taken; but failure to so 10 designate a particular provision shall not deprive the com-11 missioner of the right to rely thereon.

3. Except as provided as to particular procedures, fan 12 order or notice may be given by delivery to the person to be 13 ordered or notified, or by mailing it, postage prepaid, 14 addressed to such person at his principal place of business 15 16 or residence as last of record in the department. The order 17 or notice shall be deemed to have been given when deposited in a mail depository of the United States post office, and of 18 which the affidavit of the individual who so mailed the order 19 **2**0 or notice shall be prima facie evidence.

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§ 214. Enforcement

The commissioner may, through the Attorney General 23 1. 24 . of this State, invoke the aid of the Superior Court through proceedings instituted in any county of this State to 25 26 enforce any lawful order made or action taken by him. In such proceedings the Superior Court may make such orders, 27 either preliminary or final, as it deems proper under the 28 29 facts established before it.

30 2. If the commissioner has reason to believe that any
31 person has violated any provision of this Title, or of other
32 law as applicable to insurance operations, for which

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criminal prosecution is provided and would be in order, he
 shall give the information relative thereto to the Attorney
 General. The Attorney General shall promptly institute such
 action or proceedings against such person as in his opinion
 the information may require or justify.

6 3. The Attorney General upon request of the commis-7 sioner is authorized to proceed in the courts of any other 8 state or in any federal court or agency to enforce an order 9 or decision of any court proceeding or in any administrative 10 proceeding before the commissioner.

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§ 215. Violation of rules, regulations, orders -Penalty

Any person who knowingly violates any rule, regulation, or order of the commissioner shall, except where other penalty is expressly provided, be subject to such suspension or revocation of certificate of authority or license, or administrative-fine-in-lieu-of-such-suspension or revocation, as may be applicable under this Title for violation of the provision to which such rule, regulation, or order relates.

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§ 216. Records; inspection; destruction

The commissioner shall carefully preserve in the
 department and in permanent form, a correct account of all
 his transactions and of all fees and moneys received by him
 by virtue of his office, together with all financial state ments, examination reports, correspondence, filings, and
 documents duly received by the department. The commissioner
 shall hand the same over to his successor in office.

All records of the department shall be subject to
 public inspection except as otherwise expressly provided by
 law as to particular matters; and except that records, corres pondence, and reports of investigation in connection with

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actual or claimed violations of this Title or prosecution
 or disciplinary action therefor shall be confidential. The
 confidential nature of any such record, correspondence or
 report shall not, however, limit or affect use of the same
 by the commissioner in any such prosecution or action.

6 3. All records and documents of the department are
7 subject to subpoena by a court of competent jurisdiction.
8 4. The commissioner may destroy unneeded or obsolete
9 records and filings in the department in accordance with
10 provisions and procedures applicable to administrative
11 agencies of the State in general.

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§ 217. Annual report

As soon as practical after the annual financial
 statements have been received from the authorized insurers,
 the commissioner may make a written report to the Governor
 and Council showing with respect to the preceding calendar
 year:

A. The receipts and expenses of the department for theyear;

B. A summary of the insurance business transacted in
this State;

C. A summary of the financial condition of each
authorized insurer, as shown by its most recent financial
statement on file with the commissioner;

26 D. Such recommendations as he deems advisable relative 27 to amendment or supplementation of the insurance laws; and

E. Such other information and matters as he deems to be in the public interest relative to the insurance business in this State.

31 2. If the report is printed the commissioner shall fur32 nish a copy upon request thereby to the insurance supervisory

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; and, if copies are available for the purpose, to other persons who so request and upon paymentby such persons of such reasonable charge therefor as may be fixed by the commissioner.

official of other states and to authorized insurers, 1 2 3 § 218. Publications; price 4 The commissioner may have the directory of authorized 5 insurers, of licensed insurance representatives, license 6 examination material, insurance laws and related laws and regulations under his administration published in pamphlet 7 form from time to time, and may fix a price for each copy to 8 cover cost of printing and mailing. 9 10 11 § 219. Interstate cooperation <u> 2-1</u>. The commissioner may communicate on request of the 12 insurance supervisory official of any state, province or 13 country, any information which it is his duty by law to 14 ascertain respecting authorized insurers. 15 The commissioner may be a member of the National 16 2. Association of Insurance Commissioners or any successor 17 organization, and may participate in and support other 18 cooperative activities of public officials having supervision 19 of the business of insurance. 20 21 22 § 220. Investigations authorized 23 In addition to examinations and investigations expressly authorized, the commissioner may conduct such investigations 24 of insurance matters as he may deem proper upon reasonable 25 cause to determine whether any person has violated any pro-**2**6 vision of this Title or to secure information useful in the 27 lawful administration of any such provision. The cost of 28 such investigations shall be borne by the State. 29 30

31 § 221. Examination of insurers

32 1. For the purpose of determining its financial

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1 condition, fulfillment of its contractual obligations and 2 compliance with the law, the commissioner shall examine the 3 affairs, transactions, accounts, record and assets of each 4 authorized insurer, and of any person as to any matter rele-5 vant to the financial affairs of the insurer or to the examination, as often as he deems advisable. 6 Except as otherwise 7 expressly provided, he shall so examine each domestic insurer not less frequently than every 5 years. Examination of an 8 alien insurer shall be limited to its insurance transactions, 9 10 assets, trust deposits and affairs in the United States except as otherwise required by the commissioner. 11

12 2. The commissioner shall in like manner examine each
13 insurer applying for an initial certificate of authority to
14 transact insurance in this State.

15 3. In lieu of making his own examination, the commis16 sioner may, in his discretion, accept a full report of the
17 last recent examination of a foreign or alien insurer, certi18 fied to by the insurance supervisory official of another
19 state.

4. As far as practical the examination of a foreign or
alien insurer shall be made in cooperation with the insurance
supervisory officials of other states in which the insurer
transacts business.

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§ 222. Examination of holding companies, subsidiaries, agents, promoters, and others

For the purpose of ascertaining compliance with law, or relationships and transactions between any such person and any insurer or proposed insurer, the commissioner may as often as he deems advisable examine the accounts, records, documents, and transactions pertaining to or affecting the insurance affairs or proposed insurance affairs and transactions of: 1. Any insurance holding company; or person holding the

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shares of voting stock or policyholder proxies of an insurer
 as voting trustee or otherwise, for the purpose of control ling the management thereof.

4 2. Any insurance agent, broker, general agent, surplus
5 lines broker, adjuster, consultant, insurer representative,
6 or any person holding himself out as any of the foregoing.

3. Any person having a contract under which he enjoys
by terms or in fact the exclusive or dominant right to manage
or control the insurer.

10 4. Any person in this State engaged in, or proposing to 11 be engaged in this State in, or holding himself out in this 12 State as so engaging or proposing, or in this State assisting 13 in, the promotion, formation, or financing of an insurer or 14 insurance holding corporation, or corporation or other group 15 to finance an insurer or the production of its business.

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§ 223. Conduct of examination; access to records; correction

18 1. Whenever the commissioner determines to examine the
 affairs of any person, he shall designate one or more exam iners and instruct them as to the scope of the examination.
 The examiner shall, upon demand, exhibit his official cre dentials to the person under examination.

23 2. The commissioner shall conduct each examination in
24 an expeditious, fair and impartial manner.

25 3. Upon any such examination the commissioner, or the 26 examiner if specifically so authorized in writing by the com-27 missioner, shall have power to administer oaths, and to 28 examine under oath any individual as to any matter relevant 29 to the affairs under examination or relevant to the examina-30 tion.

31 4. Every person being examined, its officers, attorneys,
 32 employees, agents and representatives shall make freely avail-

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able to the commissioner or his examiners the accounts,
 records, documents, files, information, assets and matters of
 such person in his possession or control relating to the sub ject of the examination and shall facilitate the examination.

5. If the commissioner or examiner finds any accounts 5 6 or records to be inadequate, or inadequately kept or posted, 7 the commissioner may employ experts to reconstruct, rewrite, 8 post or balance them at the expense of the person being examined if such person has failed to maintain, complete or 9 10 correct such records or accounting after the commissioner or 11 examiner has given him written notice and a reasonable oppor-12 tunity to do so.

Neither the commissioner nor any examiner shall 13 6. remove any record, account, document, file or other property 14 of the person being examined from the offices or place of 15 such person except with the written consent of such person in 16 17 advance of such removal or pursuant to an order of court duly obtained. This provision shall not be deemed to affect the 18 making and removal of copies or abstracts of any such record, 19 **2**0 account, document, or file.

21 7. Any individual who refuses without just cause to be
22 examined under oath or who wilfully obstructs or interferes
23 with the examiners in the exercise of their authority pursuant
24 to this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to
25 a fine of not more than \$2,500, or imprisonment for less than
26 a year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

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§ 224. Appraisal of asset

If the commissioner deems it necessary to value any
 asset involved in such an examination, he may make written
 request of the person being examined to appoint one or more
 appraisers who by reason of education, experience or special

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training, and disinterest, are competent to appraise the
asset. Selection of any such appraiser shall be subject to
the written approval of the commissioner. If no such appointment is made within 20 days after the request therefor was
delivered to such person, the commissioner may appoint the
appraiser or appraisers.

7 2. Any such appraisal shall be expeditiously made, and
8 a copy thereof furnished to the commissioner and to the per9 son being examined.

10 3. The reasonable expense of the appraisal shall be11 borne by the person being examined.

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§ 225. Examination report - Contents - Prima facie evidence in certain proceedings

14 1. Upon completion of an examination, the examiner in 15 charge shall make a true report thereof which shall comprise only facts appearing upon the books, records or other docu-of from an approximate d particular, ments of the person examined, for as ascertained from the 16 17 sworn testimoney of its officers or agents or other indi-18 19 viduals examined concerning its affairs, and such conclusions 20 and recommendations as may reasonably be warranted from such 21 facts. The report of examination shall be verified by the 22 oath of the examiner in charge thereof.

23 2. Such a report of examination of an insurer so veri24 fied shall be prima facie evidence in any delinquency proceed25 ing against the insurer, its officers, employees, or agents
26 upon the facts stated therein, and whether or not the report
27 has then been filed in the department as provided in section
28 226 of this-chapter.

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§ 226. Examination reports - Distribution, hearing; as evidence

31 1. The commissioner shall deliver a copy of the exam32 ination report to the person examined, together with a notice

affording such person 20 days or such additional reasonable
 period as the commissioner for good cause may allow, within
 which to review the report and recommend changes therein.

2. If so requested by the person examined, within the 4 period allowed under subsection 1 above, or if deemed advisable 5 by the commissioner without such request, the commissioner 6 shall hold a hearing relative to the report and shall not 7 file the report in the department until after such hearing 8 and his order thereon; except, that the commissioner may fur-9 nish a copy of the report to the Governor, Attorney General 10 or Treasurer of State pending final decision thereon, Subject to Lection 2270 - Free as to the consider NIA NATURE of the REPORT. 3. If no such hearing has been requested or held, the 11 section 2270 12 examination report, with such modifications, if any, thereof 13 14 as the commissioner deems proper, shall be accepted by the 15 commissioner and filed in the department upon expiration of the review period provided for in subsection 1 above. 16 The report shall in any event be so accepted and filed within 6 17 months after final hearing thereon. 18

19 4. The commissioner shall forward to the person
20 examined a copy of the examination report as filed, together
21 with any recommendations or statements relating thereto which
22 he deems proper.

23 5. If the report is as to examination of a domestic 24 insurer, a copy of the report, or a summary thereof approved 25 by the commissioner, when filed in the department, together 26 with the recommendations or statements of the commissioner 27 or his examiner, shall be presented by the insurer's chief 28 executive officer to the insurer's board of directors or simi-29 lar governing body at a meeting thereof which shall be held within 30 days next following receipt of the report in final 30 31 form by the insurer. A copy of the report shall also be fur-32 nished by the secretary of the insurer, if incorporated, or

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by the attorney-in-fact if a reciprocal insurer, to each member of the insurer's board of directors or board of governors
(if a reciprocal insurer), and the certificate of the secretary
or attorney-in-fact that a copy of the examination report has
been so furnished shall be deemed to constitute knowledge of
the contents of the report by each such member.

7 The report when so filed in the department shall be 6. admissible in evidence in any action or proceeding brought by 8 the commissioner against the person examined, or against its 9 officers, employees or agents. In any such action or proceed-1Ŏ 11 ing, the commissioner or his examiners may, however, at any 12 time testify and offer proper evidence as to information **1**3 secured or matters discovered during the course of an examination, whether or not a written report of the examination has 14 been either made, furnished, or filed in the department. **ĩ**5 16

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§ 227. Examination report - Confidential nature

18 The report of examination of a domestic insurer, although 19 filed in the department as provided in section 226 of this 20 chapter, shall nevertheless not be for public inspection except 21 as to those portions of the report showing the insurer's 22 current financial condition. The comments and recommendations 23 of the examiner(s) shall be deemed confidential information 24 and shall not be available for public inspection.

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§ 228. Examination expense

1. The expense of examination of an insurer, or of any 1. The expense of examination of an insurer, or of any person referred to in subdivision 1 (holding companies and persons holding voting stock or policyholder provise), or 3 persons holding voting stock or policyholder provise), or 3 (management or control of the insurer under contract), or 4 (promoters, etc.) of section 222 of this chapter, shall be borne by the person examined. Such expense shall include

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3. Except, that in lieu of payment of examination expense as above **proxided** required, a domestic insurer shall have the right, at its option, of making an annual payment to the commissioner of an examination expense allotment in an amount equal to .00033% of its total admitted assets as of the end of the preceding calendar year, and which payment shall be made on March 1 with the filing of the insurer's annual statement with the commissioner; or, if the insurer' admitted assets exceed \$10,000,000, the insurer shall have the right, at its option, to pay to the commissioner with respect to any examination the lesser of:

A. The expense of the examination as determined pursuant to subsections 1 adm and 2 above; or

B. An amount equal to $x\Omega\Omega\Omega x$.001% of the first \$10,000,000 of the insurer's admitted assets plus .0001% of the remainder of such assets, as such assets are shown by the insurer's financial statement filed with the commissioner for the year-end next preceding the commencement of the examination.

1 only the reasonable and proper hotel and travel expenses of the commissioner and his examiners and assistants, including and symmetry furnished for the purpose by other states in which the inscore is author expert assistance; (reasonable compensation as to such exam-) 2 3 . transe insurance iners and assistants and incidental expenses as necessarily 4 5 incurred in the examination. As to expense and compensation 6 involved in any such examination the commissioner may give 7 due consideration to scales and limitations recommended by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and out-8 9 lined in the examination manual sponsored by that Association. 10 2. Such person examined shall promptly pay to the com-11 missioner the expenses of the examination upon presentation by him of a reasonably detailed written statement thereof. 12 13 § 229. Administrative procedures; hearings in general 14 15 The commissioner may hold a hearing without request 1. 16 of others for any purpose within the scope of this Title. 17 The commissioner shall hold a hearing: 2. If required by any provision of this Title, or A. 18 19 в. Upon written application for a hearing by a person 20 aggrieved by any act or impending act, or by any report, rule, 21 regulation or order of the commissioner (other than an order 22 for the holding of a hearing, or order on a hearing, or pur-23 suant to such order, of which hearing such person had notice). 24 3. Any such application must be filed with the commis-25 sioner within 90 days after such person knew or reasonably 26 should have known of such act, impending act, failure, 27 report, rule, regulation, or order, unless a different period is provided for by other applicable law, and in which case 28 29 such other law shall govern. The application shall briefly 30 state the respects in which the applicant is so aggrieved, together with the ground to be relied upon for the relief to 31 32 be demanded at the hearing. The commissioner may require that

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the application be signed and sworn to by a person competent
 to be a witness in civil courts.

If the commissioner finds that the application is 3 4. timely and made in good faith, that the applicant would be 4 so aggrieved if his grounds are established and that such 5 grounds otherwise justify the hearing, he shall hold the 6 hearing within 30 days after filing of the application, or 7 within 30 days after the application has been sworn to, which-8 9 ever is the later date, unless in either case the hearing is 10 postponed by mutual consent.

5. Failure to hold the hearing upon application therefor of a person entitled thereto as hereinabove provided shall constitute a denial of the relief sought, and shall be the equivalent of a final order of the commissioner on hearing for the purpose of an appeal under section 236_of-thischapter.

17 6. Pending the hearing and decision thereon, the com18 missioner may suspend or postpone the effective date of his
19 previous action.

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§ 230. Notice of hearing

lener ger period is expressly provided Except where a 19 22 1. 23 in this Title, the commissioner shall give written notice of 24 the hearing not less than 14 days in advance. The notice 25 shall state the date, time and place of the hearing and 26 specify the matters to be considered thereat. If the persons 27 to be given notice are not specified in the provision pursuant **2**8 to which the hearing is held, the commissioner shall give 29 such notice to all persons whose pecuniary interest, to the 30 commissioner's knowledge or belief, are to be directly and immediately affected by the hearing. Notice of hearing may 31 be waived, and the hearing held at a time mutually fixed by 32

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1 the commissioner and the parties.

2 If any person is entitled to a hearing by any pro3 vision of this Title before any proposed action is taken,
4 the notice of the hearing may be in the form of a notice to
5 show cause, stating that the proposed action may be taken
6 unless such person shows cause at a hearing to be held as
7 specified in the notice why the proposed action should not
8 be taken, and stating the basis of the proposed action.

9 з. If any such hearing is to be held for consideration 10 of rules and regulations of the commissioner, or of other matters which, under subsection 1 above, would otherwise 11 require separate notices to more than 30 persons, in lieu of 12 13 other notice the commissioner may give notice of the hearing by publication thereof in a newspaper of general circulation 14 in this State, at least once each week during the 4 weeks 15 immediately preceding the week in which the hearing is to be 16 held; except, that the commissioner shall mail such notice 17 to all persons who have requested the same in writing in 18 advance and have paid to the commissioner the reasonable 19 20 amount fixed by him to cover the cost thereof.

4. All such notices, other than published notices,
shall be given as provided in section 213 of this chapter.

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§ 231. Conduct of hearing

The commissioner may hold a hearing in Augusta or
 any other place of convenience to parties and witnesses, as
 the commissioner determines. The commissioner or his
 designee shall preside at the hearing, and shall expedite
 the hearing and all procedures involved therein.

30 2. Any party to the hearing shall have the right to
31 appear in person and by counsel, to be present during the
32 giving of all evidence, to have a reasonable opportunity to

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inspect all documentary and other evidence and to examine 1 2 and cross-examine witnesses, to present evidence in support of his interest and to have subpoenas issued by the commis-3 4 sioner to compel attendance of witnesses and production of 5 evidence in his behalf. Testimony may be taken orally or by deposition, and any party shall have such right of 6 7 introducing evidence by interrogatories or deposition as 8 may obtain in a Superior Court.

9 3. Upon good cause shown the commissioner shall permit
10 to become a party to the hearing by intervention, if timely,
11 only such persons, not original parties thereto, whose
12 pecuniary interests are to be directly and immediately
13 affected by the commissioner's order made upon the hearing.

4. Formal rules of pleading or of evidence need not be
observed at any hearing, except that formal rules of evidence
shall be followed at the election of any party who communicates notice of such election to all other parties not less
than 5 days prior to the date of the hearing.

19 5. The hearing shall be public, unless the commissioner
20 or hearing officer determines that a private hearing would be
21 in the public interest, in which case and only with the con22 sent of all parties to the hearing, the hearing shall be
23 private.

24 6. The commissioner or his hearing officer shall cause a complete record to be made of the hearing proceedings by a 25 26 competent reporter, and if transcribed such record shall be made a part of the commissioner's record of the hearing. 27 The record shall be transcribed at the request and expense of 28 29 any party desiring the same, and a copy of such transcription shall be furnished to any other party upon the written 30 request and at the expense of such other party. If the 31 32 record is not transcribed, the commissioner or his hearing

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officer shall prepare a summary record of the proceedings and
 evidence.

3 7. The validity of any hearing held in accordance with
4 the notice thereof, or waiver of notice, shall not be affec5 ted by the failure of any person to attend or remain in
6 attendance.

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§ 232. Witnesses and documentary evidence

9 1. As to the subject of any examination, investigation 10 or hearing being conducted by him, the commissioner may sub-11 poena witnesses and administer oaths or affirmations and 12 examine any individual under oath, or take depositions; and 13 by subpoena <u>duces tecum</u> may require the production of 14 documentary and other evidence. Any delegation by the com-15 missioner of power of subpoena shall be in writing.

Every person subpoended to appear at any such hear ing, examination, or investigation shall obey the subpoend,
 testify truthfully, conduct himself with decorum, and in no
 way obstruct the proceeding or purpose thereof.

20 Witnesses shall be entitled to the same fees and 3. 21 allowances as witnesses in Superior Court; except that no 22 insurer, agent, broker or other person subject to this Title 23 who is a subject of such proceeding, and no officer, director or employee of any of the foregoing, shall be entitled to 24 25 witness or mileage fees. No person shall be excused from attending and testifying in obedience to a subpoena on the 26 27 ground that the proper witness fee was not tendered or paid, **2**8 unless the witness shall have demanded such payment as a 29 condition precedent to attending the hearing, examination, 30 or investigation and unless such demand shall not have been 31 complied with.

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4. Any individual knowingly testifying falsely under

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- oath or making a false affirmation, as to any matter
 material to any such examination, investigation, or hearing,
 shall upon conviction thereof be guilty of perjury.
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§ 233. Witnesses - Disciplinary proceedings

1. If any individual without reasonable cause fails to 6 7 appear when summoned as a witness, or refuses to answer a lawful and pertinent question, or refuses to produce documen-8 9 tary evidence when directed to do so by the commissioner or 10 deports himself in a disrespectful or disorderly manner at 11 the inquiry, or obstructs the proceedings by any means, 12 whether or not in the presence of the commissioner or his 13 designee, he is guilty of contempt and may be dealt with as provided in subsection 2 below. 14

15 2. The commissioner or his designee, as the case may be, may file a complaint in the Superior Court, setting forth 16 17 under oath the facts constituting the contempt and requesting 18 an order returnable in not less than 2 nor more than 5 days, directing the alleged contemner to show cause before the 19 20 court, why he should not be punished for contempt. Upon the return of such order, the court shall examine the alleged 21 contemner under oath, and the alleged contemner shall have 22 23 an opportunity to be heard. If the court determines that the 24 respondent has committed any alleged contempt, the court shall 25 punish the offender as if the contempt had occurred in an 26 action arising in or pending in such court.

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§ 234. Witnesses - Immunity from prosecution

29 1. If any individual asks to be excused from attending
30 or testifying or from producing any books, papers, records,
31 contracts, correspondence or other documents in connection
32 with any examination, hearing or investigating being

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1 conducted by the commissioner on the ground that the testi-2 mony or evidence required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture, and shall, 3 4 by the Attorney General, be directed to give such testimony or produce such evidence, he must nonetheless comply with 5 such direction, but he shall not thereafter be prosecuted 6 or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account 7 of any transaction, matter or thing concerning which he may 8 9 have so testified or produced evidence, and no testimony so 10 given or evidence produced shall be received against him 11 upon any criminal action, investigation or proceeding; 12 except, however, that no such individual so testifying shall 13 be exempt from prosecution or punishment for any perjury committed by him in such testimony, and the testimony or 14 evidence so given or produced shall be admissible against 15 16 him upon any criminal action, investigation, or proceeding concerning such perjury; nor shall such individual be 17 exempt from the refusal, suspension or revocation of any 18 license, permission or authority conferred, or to be con-19 ferred, pursuant to this Title. 20

21 2. Any such individual may execute, acknowledge and 22 file in the office of the commissioner and of the Attorney 23 General a statement expressly waiving such immunity or 24 privilege in respect to any transaction, matter or thing 25 specified in such statement, and thereupon the testimony of 26 such individual or such evidence in relation to such transaction, matter or thing may be received or produced before 27 28 any judge or justice, court, tribunal, grand jury or otherwise, and if so received or produced such individual shall 29 not be entitled to any immunity or privileges on account of 30 any testimony he may so give or evidence so produced. 31

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1 § 235. Order on hearing 2 In the conduct of hearings under this Title and 1. making his order thereon, the commissioner shall act in a 3 4 quasi-judicial capacity. Within 35 days after termination of a hearing, or 5 2. 6 of any rehearing thereof or reargument thereon, or within such other period as may be specified in this Title as to or within such further recorded prior collicommissions in good cause me particular proceedings, the commissioner shall make his 7 8 order on hearing covering matters involved in such hearing, 9 10 and give a copy of the order to each party to the hearing in the same manner as notice of the hearing was given to 11 such party; except, that as to hearings held with respect to 12 13 merger, consolidation, bulk reinsurance, conversion, affili-14 ation or change of control of a domestic insurer as provided 15 in chapter 47 (organization and corporate procedures of domestic stock and mutual insurers) of-this-Title, where 16 17 notice of the hearing was given to all stockholders and/or policyholders of an insurer involved, the commissioner is 18 required to give a copy of the order on hearing to the cor-19 20 poration and insurer parties, to intervening parties, to a reasonable number of such stockholders or policyholders as 21 22 representative of the class, and to other parties only upon 23 written request of such parties. 24 3. The order shall contain: A concise statement of facts found by the commis-25 A. sioner upon the evidence adduced at the hearing; 26 A concise statement of the commissioner's conclu-27 Β. sions from the facts so found; 28

C. His order, and the effective date thereof; and
D. Citation of the provisions of this Title upon which
the order is based; but failure to so designate a particular
provision shall not deprive the commissioner of the right

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1 thereafter to rely thereon.

The order may affirm, modify or rescind action 2 4. theretofore taken or may constitute taking of new action 3 within the scope of the notice of the hearing. 4 5 Appeal from the commissioner 6 § 236. An appeal from the commissioner shall be taken only 7 1. from an order on hearing, or as to a matter on which the com-8 missioner has refused or failed to hold a hearing after appli-9 cation therefor under section 229 of this chapter, or as to a 10 matter as to which the commissioner has failed to make his 11 order on hearing as required by section 235 of this chapter. 12 Any person who was a party to such a hearing or whose 13 2. 14 pecuniary interests are directly and immediately affected by any such refusal or failure, and who is aggrieved by such 15 order, refusal, or failure, may appeal from such order or as 16 to any such matter within 30 days after: 17 18 Α. The order on hearing has been mailed or delivered to the persons entitled to receive the same, or given by 19 **2**0 'last publication thereof where delivery by publication is 21 permitted; or The commissioner has refused or failed to grant or 22 Β. 23 hold a hearing as required under section 229 of this chapter; 24 or 25 C. The commissioner has refused or failed to make his **2**6 order on hearing as required under section 235 of this 27 *Chapter*. 3. The appeal shall be granted as a matter of right, 28 and shall be taken to the Superior Court in any county of 29 this State is which The appellant recides a hear his principal place 30 The appeal shall be taken by filing in the court a 31 4. complaint setting 'forth the grounds for appeal, and by 32

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1 serving a copy of the complaint on the commissioner. If 2 the appeal is from the commissioner's order on hearing, the petitioner shall also deliver to the commissioner a suffi-3 4 cient number of copies of the complaint and the commissioner 5 shall mail or otherwise furnish a copy thereof to the other parties to the hearing to the same extent as a copy of the 6 7 commissioner's order is required to be furnished to the hearing parties under section 235 of this chapter. 8

9 Upon receiving the complaint on appeal, the commis-5. 10 sioner shall forthwith prepare an official record certified by him which shall contain a copy of all proceedings and 11 orders of the commissioner appealed from and the transcript 12 of testimony and evidence or summary record thereof made as 13 provided in section 231 of this chapter. Within 30 days 14 after the complaint was served upon him the commissioner 15 shall file such official record with the court. 16

17 6. Upon filing of the complaint on appeal the court
18 shall have full jurisdiction of the proceeding. Such filing
19 shall not stay the enforcement of the commissioner's order
20 or action appealed from unless so stayed by order of the
21 court.

7. If the appeal is from the commissioner's order on hearing the review of the court shall be limited to matters shown by the commissioner's official record; otherwise, the review shall be <u>de novo</u>. The court shall have power, by preliminary order, to settle questions concerning the completeness and accuracy of the commissioner's official record.

8. In its discretion the court may remand the case to the commissioner for further proceedings in accordance with the court's directions; or, in advance of judgment and upon a sufficient showing, the court may remand the case to the commissioner for the purpose of taking additional testimony

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1 or other proceedings.

2 9. From the judgment of the Superior Court the commis-3 sioner or other party to the appeal may appeal to the Supreme Judicial Court of the State of Maine in the same manner as 4 provided in civil cases. 5 6 CHAPTER 5 7 AUTHORIZATION OF INSURERS 8 AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS SUBCHAPTER I 9 AUTHORIZATION OF INSURERS AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS 10 11 § 400. "Stock" insurer defined 12 A "stock" insurer is an incorporated insurer with its 13 capital divided into shares and owned by its stockholders. 14 "Mutual" insurer defined 15 § 401. A "mutual" insurer is an incorporated insurer without 16 permanent capital stock, and the governing body of which is 17 elected by its policyholders or those policyholders speci-18 fied in its charter, or by any reasonable combination of its 19 **2**0 policyholders, guaranty fund stockholders, or guaranty fund certificate holders, or by other reasonable method. 21 22 23 § 402. "Reciproca1" insurer defined 24 A "reciprocal" insurer is an unincorporated aggregation 25 of subscribers operating individually and collectively through 26 an attorney-in-fact common to all such persons to provide 27 reciprocal insurance among themselves. **2**8 29 § 403. "Charter" defined Except where context requires otherwise, "charter" 30 means certificate of organization, certificate of incorpora-31 tion, articles of incorporation, articles of agreement, 32

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- articles of association, corporate charter granted by legis lative act, or other basic constituent document of a
 corporation, or the power of attorney of the attorney-in fact of a reciprocal insurer.
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§ 404. Certificate of authority required; enforcement; penalty

No person shall act as an insurer and no insurer
shall transact insurance in this State by mail or otherwise,
unless as authorized by a certificate of authority issued
by the commissioner pursuant to this Title and then in full
force and effect, except as to such transactions as are
expressly otherwise provided in this Title.

13 2. No insurer formed under the laws of this State, and 14 no foreign insurer from offices or by personnel or facili-15 ties located in this State, shall solicit insurance applica-16 tions or otherwise transact insurance in another state or 17 country unless it holds a subsisting certificate of authority 18 granted to it by the commissioner authorizing it to transact 19 the same kind or kinds of insurance in this State.

3. The commissioner shall enforce this section through
any and all available and lawful means, including, but not
limited to, the enjoining of any violation or threatened
violation.

4. Any insurer and any officer, director, agent, representative or employee of any insurer, who wilfully authorizes,
negotiates, makes, or issues any insurance contract in violation of this section shall upon conviction thereof be subject
to a fine of not to exceed \$5,000, or imprisonment for not
over 2 years, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

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31 § 405. Exceptions to certificate of authority requirement

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A certificate of authority shall not be required of an

1 insurer with respect to any of the following:

Investigation, settlement, or litigation of claims
 under its policies lawfully written in this State, or liqui dation of assets and liabilities of the insurer (other than
 collection of new premiums), all as resulting from its
 former authorized operations in this State.

7 2. Except as provided in subsection 2 of section 404,
8 of this chapter, transactions thereunder subsequent to
9 issuance of a policy covering only subjects of insurance not
10 resident, located or expressly to be performed in this State
11 at time of issuance, and lawfully solicited, written and
12 delivered outside this State.

3. Transactions pursuant to surplus lines coverages
 14 lawfully written under chapter 19 of this Title.

15

4. Reinsurance, except as to domestic reinsurers.

16 5. Transactions relative to its investments in this17 State.

6. Any suit or action by the duly constituted receiver,
rehabilitator or liquidator of the insurer, or of the
insurer's assignee or successor, under laws similar to
those contained in chapter 59 (delinquency proceedings;
rehabilitation and liquidation) of this Title.

23

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§ 406. General eligibility for certificate of authority

To qualify for and hold authority to transact insurance in this State, an insurer must be otherwise in compliance with this Title and with its charter powers, and must be an incorporated stock or mutual insurer, or a reciprocal *R floyd* insurer; of the same general type as may be formed as a domestic insurer under this Title; except that:

31 1. No foreign insurer shall be authorized to transact
32 insurance in this State unless as to insurance written in

- 30 -

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this State it maintains reserve as required by chapter 11
(assets and liabilities) of-this-Title; or which, if other
than a property or casualty insurer, transacts business anywhere in the United States on the assessment plan, or stipulated premium plan, or any similar plan.

8 2. No insurer shall be authorized to transact a kind
7 of insurance in this State unless duly authorized or quali8 fied to transact such insurance in the state or country of
9 its domicile.

3. No insurer shall be authorized to transact in this
State any kind of insurance which is not within the definitions as set forth in chapter 9 (kinds of insurance) of this
Title.

4. No such authority shall be granted or continued as
to any insurer while in arrears to the State for fees,
licenses, taxes, assessments, fines or penalties accrued on
business previously transacted in this State.

business previously transacted in this State. 5. A Mayds mourer shall be treated as a stock mourer for the purposes of this Title, with netassite over all hishelities to be not 18 than the expited Junies required of a foreign stack insever transaction the se Same - Ownership, management § 407. 19

20 1. No foreign insurer which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled in whole or substantial part by any other than 1 the povernment of the writed State fluctures, 21 government or governmental agency, shall be authorized to 22 23 transact insurance in Maine. Membership in a mutual insurer, 24 or subscribership in a reciprocal insurer, or ownership of 25 stock of an insurer by the alien property custodian or **2**6 similar official of the United States, or ownership of stock 27 or other security which does not have voting rights with 28 respect to the management of the insurer, or supervision of 29 an insurer by public authority, shall not be deemed to be an 30 ownership or control of the insurer for the purposes of this 31 provision.

32

2. The commissioner shall not grant or continue

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1 authority to transact insurance in this State as to any insurer or proposed insurer, any director, officer or other 2 individual materially part of the management of which is 3 found by him after investigation or upon reliable informa-4 5 tion to be incompetent, or dishonest, or untrustworthy, or of unfavorable business repute, or the managers of which are 6 so lacking in insurance company managerial experience in 7 8 operations of the kind proposed in this State as to make such operation, currently or prospectively, hazardous to, or 9 contrary to the best interests of, the insurance-buying or 10 investing public of this State; or which he has good reason 11 to believe is affiliated directly or indirectly through 12 13 ownership, control, management, reinsurance transactions, or other business relations, with any person or persons of 14 15 unfavorable business repute, or whose business operations in this Make or elsewhere , are or have been marked, to the injury of insurers, stock-16 17 holders, policyholders, creditors, or the public, by ille-18 gality, or by manipulation of assets, or of accounts, or of reinsurance, or by bad faith. 19

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§ 408. <u>Name of insurer</u>

No insurer shall be formed or authorized to trans act insurance in this State which has or uses a name which
 is the same as or deceptively similar to that of another
 insurer already so authorized.

26 2. No life insurer shall be so authorized which has or 27 uses a name deceptively similar to that of another insurer, 28 other than a predecessor in interest, authorized to transact 29 insurance in this State within the preceding 10 years if 30 life insurance policies originally issued by such other 31 insurer are still outstanding in this State.

32 3. No insurer shall be formed or authorized to transact

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insurance which has or uses a name the same as or deceptively 1 similar to that of any foreign insurer not so authorized if 2 such foreign insurer has within the next preceding 12 months 3 signified its intention to secure an incorporation in this 4 State under such name, or to do business as a foreign 5 insurer in this State under such name, by filing notice of 6 such intention with the commissioner, unless the written con-7 sent to the use of such name or deceptively similar name has 8 been given by such foreign insurer. 9

10 4. No insurer shall be so authorized which has or uses
11 a name which tends to deceive or mislead as to the type of
12 organization of the insurer.

5. In case of conflict of names between 2 insurers, or a conflict otherwise prohibited under this section, the commissioner may permit, (or shall require as a condition to the issuance of an original certificate of authority to an applicant insurer), the insurer to use in this State such supplementation or modification of its name or such business name as may reasonably be necessary to avoid the conflict.

20 6. Except as provided in subsection 5 above, an 21 insurer shall conduct its business in this State in its own 22 corporate (if incorporated) or proper (if reciprocal) name. 23

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24

§ 409. Combinations of insuring powers

An insurer may be authorized to transact such kinds of
insurance as it is qualified for under this Title, except
that a reciprocal insurer shall not transact life insurance.

29

§ 410. Capital funds required

To qualify for authority to transact any one kind
 of insurance (as defined in chapter 9 of this Title), or
 combination of kinds of insurance as shown below, an insurer

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shall possess and thereafter maintain unimpaired paid-in
 capital stock (if a stock insurer) or unimpaired basic surplus
 (if a foreign mutual or foreign reciprocal insurer), and when
 first so authorized shall possess initial free surplus, all
 in amounts not less than as determined from the following
 table:

7		<u>Stock In</u> Minimum	surers	Foreign mutual, Minimum	Reciprocal Insurers
8	Kind or Kinds of	Required	Initial	Required	Initial
9	Insurance	Capital Stock	Free <u>Surplus</u>	Basic <u>Surplus</u>	Free Surplus
10	Life	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000*	\$1,000,000*
11	Health	25 0,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
12	Life & Health	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000*	1,000,000*
13	Casualty	500, 000	500,0 00	500, 000	500,000
14	Marine & Trans- portation	500,000	500,000	500 , 000	500,000
15	Property	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
16	Surety	500, 000	500,000	500,000	500, 000
17	Title	150,000	150,00 0	150,000	150,000
18	Multiple line	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
19	Life, and any o or more of Pr				
2 0 ·	Casualty, Sur Marine & Tran	ety,			
2 1	tion	3, 000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000*	€,000,000*

- *Does not apply as to a reciprocal insurer.
- 23 Except:

22

A. An insurer holding a valid certificate of authority 24 to transact insurance in this State immediately prior to the 25 effective date of this Act may, if otherwise qualified 26 27 therefor, continue to be so authorized while possessing paidin capital stock (if a stock insurer) or surplus (if a **2**8 mutual, insurer) as required for such authority immediately 29 prior to such effective date. The commissioner shall not 30 authorize such an insurer to transact any other kinds of 31 32 insurance unless) it then complies with the requirements as

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Except, that a domestic mutual insurer formed prior to January 1, 1968, and while possessing surplus of not less than \$200,000", may be authorized to transact such additional kinds of insurance as were then authorized by its charter; subject, however, to the same minimum required basic surplus amount as is applicable as to foreign mutual insurers under, subsection 1, above, if the insurer is to transact life insurance is transportation insurances.

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to capital and surplus, as applied to all kinds of insur-1 ance it then proposes to transact, as provided by this 2 Title as to foreign insurers applying for original certifi-3 cates of authority under this Title. 4

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An insurer which otherwise possesses funds as 5 в. required under subsection 1 above, shall at all times main-6 tain policyholders' surplus (combined paid-in capital . 7 stock, if any, and surplus) reasonable in amount, as deter-8 mined by the commissioner, in relation to the kinds and 9 amount of insurance it has in force, or being written and 10 11 retained by it, net of applicable reinsurance. In making 12 any such determination the commissioner shall give due con-13 sideration to any applicable standards approved or adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and 14 to the desirability of substantial uniformity as to such 15 . 16 requirements among the respective states.

2. Capital and surplus requirements are based upon all 17 the kinds of insurance transacted by the insurer in any and 18 all areas in which it operates or proposes to operate, whether 19 20 or not only a portion of such kinds are to be transacted in 21 this State.

As to surplus required for authority to transact 22 3. one or more kinds of insurance and thereafter to be main-23 24 tained, domestic mutual legal reserve insurers hereafter 25 formed shall be governed by chapter 47 of this Title. 26

27

Insuring combinations without additional § 411. capital funds

28 Without additional paid-in capital stock or additional 29 surplus, an authorized insurer may also be authorized: 30 1. If a life insurer, to grant annuities. If a health insurer, to insure against congenital 31 2. defects, as defined in section 707 of this Title. 32

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3. If a casualty insurer or multiple line insurer,
 to transact health insurance. Except, that this provision
 shall not apply to a domestic insurer authorized to transact
 casualty insurance only, pursuant to paragraph A, subsection
 1 of section 410 of this chapter.

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§ 412. Deposit requirement, alien insurers

The commissioner shall not authorize an alien 8 1. insurer to transact insurance in this State unless it makes 9 in this State through the commissioner and thereafter con-10 tinuously maintains a deposit, representing funds in excess 11 of all the insurer's liabilities under insurance contracts 12 in force in the United States of America, of a fair market 13 value in amount not less than the minimum paid-in capital 14 stock required under this Title of a foreign stock insurer 15 authorized to transact like kinds of insurance in this 16 17 State. The deposit shall be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the insurer's policyholders and creditors in the 18 United States of America. 19

20 2. In lieu of such a deposit made or maintained in 21 this State, the commissioner shall accept the certificate 22 in proper form of the public official having general super-23 vision of insurers in any other state to the effect that a 24 deposit of like quality and amount, or part thereof, by such 25 insurer is being maintained for like purposes in public cus-26 tody or control pursuant to the laws of such state.

27 3. All such deposits in this State are subject to the
28 applicable provisions of chapter 15 (administration of
29 deposits) of this Title.

30

31 § 413. <u>Application for certificate of authority</u>
32 To apply for an original certificate of authority an

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insurer shall file with the commissioner its written appli-1 cation therefor on forms as prescribed and furnished by the 2 commissioner, accompanied by the applicable fees specified 3 in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title, stating under 4 the oath of the president or vice-president or other chief 5 officer and the secretary of the insurer, or of the attorney-6 in-fact (if a reciprocal insurer), the insurer's name, loca-7 8 tion of its home office or principal office in the United States (if an alien insurer), the kinds of insurance to be 9 10 transacted, date of organization or incorporation, form of organization, state or country of domicile, and such addi-11 tional information as the commissioner may reasonably 12 require, together with the following documents, as applicable: 13 If a corporation, a copy of its charter, together 14 1. with all amendments thereto, or as restated and amended under 15 the laws of its state or country of domicile, currently 16 certified by the public official with whom the originals are 17 on file in such state or country. 18

If a domestic incorporated insurer or a mutual
 insurer, a copy of its bylaws, certified by the insurer's
 corporate secretary.

3. If a reciprocal insurer, a copy of the power of
attorney of its attorney-in-fact, certified by the attorneyin-fact; and if a domestic reciprocal insurer, the declaration provided for in section 3856 of this Title.

4. A complete copy of its financial statement as of
not earlier than the December 31 next preceding in form as
customarily used in the United States by like insurers,
sworn to by at least two executive officers of the insurer
or certified by the public insurance supervisory official of
the insurer's state of domicile, or of entry into the
United States (if an alien insurer).

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5. A copy of the report of last examination of the
 insurer completed within the 12 months immediately prior to
 the filing of the application, certified by the public
 insurance supervisory official of the insurer's state of
 domicile, or of entry into the United States (if an alien
 insurer).

6. Appointment of the commissioner pursuant to section
421 of this chapter as its attorney to receive service of
9 legal process.

10 7. If a foreign or alien insurer, a certificate of the
11 public insurance supervisory official of its state or country
12 of domicile showing that it is authorized or qualified for
13 authority to transact in such state or country the kinds of
14 insurance proposed to be transacted in this State.

15 8. If an alien insurer, certificate as to deposit if
16 to be tendered pursuant to section 412 of this chapter, and
17 a copy of the trust deed pertaining to such deposit, certi18 fied by the trustee.

9. If a life or health insurer, a copy of the insurer's
rate book and of each form of policy currently proposed to
be issued in this State, and of the form of application
therefor.

23 10. If an alien insurer, a copy of the appointment and
24 authority of its United States manager, certified by its offi25 cer having custody of its records.

26 11. Designation by the insurer of its officer or repre27 sentative authorized to appoint and remove its agents in this
28 State.

12. If to transact surety insurance, the names and
addresses of all its attorneys-in-fact within this State
together with the scope of authority of each such attorneyin-fact.

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Issuance, refusal of authority, ownership § 414. of certificate

If upon completion of its application the commis-2 1. 3 sioner finds that the insurer has met the requirements therefor under this Title, and that the insurer has furnished 4 evidence satisfactory to him that its methods of operation 5 are not such as would render its proposed operation hazard-6 ous to the public or its policyholders in this State, the 7 commissioner may, if he deems it advisable, issue to the 8 insurer a proper certificate of authority; otherwise, the 9 commissioner shall issue his order refusing such certificate. 10 The certificate of authority, if issued, shall 11 2. state the insurer's name, home office address, state or 12 country of organization, and the kinds of insurance the 13 insurer is authorized to transact throughout this State. 14 At the insurer's request, the commissioner may issue a certifi-15 cate of authority limited to particular types of insurance 16 or coverages within a kind of insurance as defined in 17 chapter 9 of this Title. 18

19 3. Although issued and delivered to the insurer, the 20 certificate of authority at all times shall be the property 21 of the State of Maine. Upon any expiration, suspension, or 22 termination thereof the insurer shall promptly deliver the 23 certificate to the commissioner.

24

25

Continuance, expiration, reinstatement § 415. of certificate of authority

26 1. A certificate of authority shall continue in force as long as the insurer is entitled thereto under this Title, 27 28 and until suspended or revoked by the commissioner or ter-29 minated at the insurer's request; subject, however, to con- $\mathbf{30}$ tinuance of the certificate by the insurer each year by: Payment on) or before March 1 of the continuation 31 Α. fee provided in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title, 32

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B. Due filing by the insurer of its annual statement
 for the next preceding calendar year as required by section
 423 of this chapter, and

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C. Payment by the insurer of premium taxes with respect to the preceding calendar year.

6 2. If not so continued by the insurer, its certificate of authority shall expire as at midnight on the June 30 next 7 8 following such failure of the insurer to continue it in 9 force, unless earlier revoked for failure to pay taxes as 10 provided in section 416 of this chapter. The commissioner shall promptly notify the insurer of the occurrence of any 11 12 failure resulting in impending expiration of its certificate 13 of authority.

The commissioner may, in his discretion, upon the 14 3. insurer's request made within 3 months after expiration, 15 16 reinstate a certificate of authority which the insurer has 17 inadvertently permitted to expire, after the insurer has 18 fully cured all its failures which resulted in the expira-19 tion, and upon payment by the insurer of the fee for rein-20 statement specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this 21 Title. Otherwise the insurer shall be granted another cer-22 tificate of authority only after filing application therefor 23 and meeting all other requirements as for an original certi-24 ficate of authority in this State.

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§ 416. Suspension or revocation of certificate of authority - Mandatory grounds

The commissioner shall refuse to continue or shall
 suspend or revoke an insurer's certificate of authority:
 A. If such action is required by any provision of this
 Title; or

B. If a foreign insurer and it no longer meets the
requirements for a certificate of authority, on account of

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deficiency of capital or surplus or otherwise; or
 C. If a domestic insurer and it has failed to cure an
 impairment of capital or surplus within the time allowed
 therefor by the commissioner under this Title or is other wise no longer qualified for the certificate of authority;
 or

D. If the insurer's certificate of authority to transact insurance therein is suspended or revoked by its state
of domicile, or state of entry into the United States if an
alien insurer; or

E. For failure of the insurer to pay taxes on its
premiums as required by law.

13 2. Except in case of insolvency or impairment of required capital or surplus, or suspension or revocation by 14 another state as referred to in subdivision D above, the com-15 missioner shall give the insurer at least 20 days notice in 16 17 advance of any such refusal, suspension, or revocation under 18 this section, and of the particulars of the reasons therefor. If the insurer requests a hearing thereon within such 20 19 20 days, such request shall automatically stay the commissioner's 21 proposed action until his order is made on such hearing. 22

23

§ 417. Suspension or revocation of certificate of authority - Discretionary and special grounds

The commissioner may, in his discretion, refuse to 24 1. 25 continue or may suspend or revoke an insurer's certificate 26 of authority if he finds after a hearing thereon, or upon 27 waiver of hearing by the insurer, that the insurer has vio-28 lated or failed to comply with any lawful order of the com-29 missioner, or has wilfully violated or wilfully failed to 30 comply with any lawful regulation of the commissioner, or has violated any provision of this Title other than those 31 32 for violation of which suspension or revocation is mandatory;

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1 or, in lieu of such suspension or revocation, the commis-2 sioner may, in his discretion, levy upon the insurer, and 3 the insurer shall pay forthwith, an administrative fine of 4 not over \$2,000.

5 2. The commissioner shall suspend or revoke an
6 insurer's certificate of authority on any of the following
7 grounds, if he finds after a hearing thereon that the
8 insurer:

9 A. Is in unsound condition, or is being fraudulently 10 conducted, or is in such condition or using such methods and 11 practices in the conduct of its business as to render its 12 further transaction of insurance in this State currently or 13 prospectively hazardous or injurious to policyholders or to 14 the public; or

With such frequency as to indicate its general busi-15 в. ness practice in this State, has without just cause failed to 16 pay, or delayed payment of, claims arising under its policies, 17 whether the claim is in favor of an insured or is in favor of 18 a third person; or, with like frequency, without just cause 19 20 compels insureds or claimants to accept less than the amount 21 due them or to employ attorneys or to bring suit against the 22 an insured to secure full payment or settleinsurer or 23 ment of such claims; or

C. Refuses to be examined, or if its directors,
officers, employees, or representatives refuse to submit to
examination relative to its affairs, or to produce its
accounts, records and files for examination by the commissioner when required, or refuse to perform any legal obligation relative to the examination; or

30 D. Has failed to pay any final judgment rendered
31 against it in this State upon any policy, bond, recognizance,
32 or undertaking as) issued or guaranteed by it, within 30 days

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after the judgment became final or within 30 days after dis missal of an appeal before final determination, whichever
 date is the later.

3. The commissioner may, in his discretion and without advance notice or a hearing thereon, immediately suspend the certificate of authority of any insurer as to which proceedings for receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other delinquency proceedings, have been commenced in any state by the public insurance supervisory official of such state.

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§ 418. Order, notice of suspension or revocation -Publication - Effect upon agents' authority

All suspensions or revocations of, or refusal to
 continue, an insurer's certificate of authority shall be by
 the commissioner's order given to the insurer.

16 2. Upon issuance of the order, the commissioner shall 17 forthwith give notice thereof to the insurer's agents in 18 this State of record in the department, and shall likewise 19 suspend or revoke the authority of such agents to represent 20 the insurer.

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§ 419. Duration of suspension - Insurer's obligation during suspension period - Reinstatement

Suspension of an insurer's certificate of authority
 shall be for such period as the commissioner specifies in the
 order of suspension, but not to exceed one year. During the
 suspension period the commissioner may rescind or shorten
 the suspension by his further order.

28 2. During the suspension period the insurer shall not 29 solicit or write any new business in this State, but shall 30 file its annual statement, pay fees, licenses and taxes as 31 required under this Title, and may service its business 32 already in force in this State, as if the certificate of

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1 authority had continued in full force.

2	3. Upon expiration of the suspension period, if within
3	such period the certificate of authority has not terminated,
4	the insurer's certificate of authority shall automatically
5	reinstate unless the commissioner finds that the causes of
6	the suspension, being other than a past event, are continuing,
7	or that the insurer is otherwise not in compliance with the
8	requirements of this Title, and of which the commissioner
. 9	shall give the insurer notice not less than 30 days in
10	advance of expiration of the suspension period.
11	4. Upon reinstatement of the insurer's certificate of
12	authority, the authority of its agents in this State to
13	represent the insurer shall likewise reinstate. The commis-
14	sioner shall promptly notify the insurer and its agents in
15	this State, of record in the department, of such reinstate-
16	ment.
17	
17 18	§ 420. General corporation laws inapplicable to foreign insurers
18	to foreign insurers
18 19	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not
18 19 20	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of
18 19 20 21	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of
18 19 20 21 22	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State.
18 19 20 21 22 23	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. § 421. Commissioner process agent for insurers
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. § 421. <u>Commissioner process agent for insurers</u> 1. Before the commissioner shall authorize it to transact insurance in this State, each insurer shall appoint the commissioner, and his successors in office, as its
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. § 421. <u>Commissioner process agent for insurers</u> 1. Before the commissioner shall authorize it to transact insurance in this State, each insurer shall appoint
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. § 421. <u>Commissioner process agent for insurers</u> 1. Before the commissioner shall authorize it to transact insurance in this State, each insurer shall appoint the commissioner, and his successors in office, as its <i>Agent</i>
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. § 421. <u>Commissioner process agent for insurers</u> 1. Before the commissioner shall authorize it to transact insurance in this State, each insurer shall appoint the commissioner, and his successors in office, as its Authorize to receive service of legal process issued against
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. § 421. <u>Commissioner process agent for insurers</u> 1. Before the commissioner shall authorize it to transact insurance in this State, each insurer shall appoint the commissioner, and his successors in office, as its Authority to receive service of legal process issued against the insurer in this State. The appointment shall be made
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	to foreign insurers The general corporation laws of this State shall not apply as to foreign insurers holding certificates of authority to transact insurance in this State. \$ 421. <u>Commissioner process agent for insurers</u> 1. Before the commissioner shall authorize it to transact insurance in this State, each insurer shall appoint the commissioner, and his successors in office, as its August attorney to receive service of legal process issued against the insurer in this State. The appointment shall be made on a form as designated and furnished by the commissioner,

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executed the appointment were duly authorized to do so on
 behalf of the insurer.

2. The appointment shall be irrevocable, shall bind the insurer and any successor in interest or to the assets or liabilities of the insurer, and shall remain in effect as long as there is in force any contract of the insurer in this State or any obligation of the insurer arising out of its transactions in this State.

9 3. Service of such process against a foreign or alien
10 insurer shall be made only by service thereof upon the com11 missioner.

4. Service of such process against a domestic insurer
may be made as provided hereunder, or in any other manner
provided by law.

15 5. At the time of application for a certificate of 16 authority the insurer shall file the appointment with the 17 commissioner, together with designation of the person to 18 whom process against it served upon the commissioner is to 19 be forwarded. The insurer may change such designation by 20 a new filing.

6. A copy of such appointment, certified by the commissioner, shall be received in evidence in all courts of
this State.

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25

§ 422. Serving process

26 1. Service of process against an insurer for whom the ent to receive ser commissioner is attorney, shall be made by delivering to and 27 leaving with the commissioner, his deputy, or a person in 28 29 apparent charge of his office during the commissioner's 30 absence, two copies of the process, together with fee therefor as specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title, 31 taxable as costs in the action. 32

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Upon such service the commissioner shall forthwith
 mail by certified mail one of the copies of such process
 with the date and time of service of same on the commis sioner noted thereon, to the person currently designated
 by the insurer to receive the same as provided in section
 421 of this chapter. Service of process shall be complete
 when the same has been so mailed.

8 3. Process served in the manner provided by this
9 section shall for all purposes constitute valid and binding
10 personal service upon the insurer within this State.

4. The commissioner shall keep a record of the day of
service upon him of all legal process.

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§ 423. Annual statement

Each authorized insurer shall annually on or before 15 1. 16 March 1, or within any reasonable extension of time therefor 17 which the commissioner for good cause may have granted on or before such March 1, file with the commissioner a full and 18 true statement of its financial condition, transactions and 19 **2**0 affairs as of December 31 preceding. The statement shall be 21 in the general form and context of, and require information 22 as called for by, the form of annual statement as currently in general and customary use in the United States for the 23 type of insurer and kinds of insurance to be reported upon, 24 25 with any useful or necessary modification or adaptation 26 thereof and as supplemented by additional information required by the commissioner. The statement shall be veri-27 28 fied by the oath of the insurer's president or vice-president, 29 and secretary or actuary as applicable, or in the absence of the foregoing, by two other principal officers; or if a 30 reciprocal insurer, by the oath of the attorney-in-fact or 31 its like officers if a corporation. 32

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Chap. 5 GEN. REQUIREMENTS

1 2. The statement of an alien insurer shall be verified 2 by its United States manager or other officer duly author-3 ized, and shall relate only to the insurer's transactions and affairs in the United States unless the commissioner 4 5 requires otherwise. If the commissioner requires a statement as to such an insurer's affairs throughout the world, 6 the insurer shall file such statement with the commissioner 7 8 as soon as reasonably possible.

9 3. The commissioner may refuse to continue, or may
10 suspend or revoke, the certificate of authority of any
11 insurer failing to file its annual statement when due.
12 4. At time of filing, the insurer shall pay the fee
13 for filing its annual statement as prescribed by section 601
14 (fee schedule) of-this-Title.

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17

§ 424. <u>Same - Penalty for late or false statement</u>
1. An insurer failing, without just cause beyond the

18 reasonable control of the insurer, to file its annual state19 ment as required in section 423 of this chapter shall forfeit
20 to the State \$25 for each day of delinquency, to be collected in the insurer in the District Gast Lauthorn Menorly. densities the context data in the destruction of the insure densities.

2. Any director, officer, agent or employee of any
 insurer who subscribes to, makes or concurs in making or
 publishing, any annual or other statement required by law,
 knowing the same to contain any material statement which is
 false, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000,
 or by imprisonment for not less than one year, or both such
 fine and imprisonment.

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§ 425. Transactions with parent corporation, subsidiaries, and affiliates

No insurer shall engage directly or indirectly in
 any transaction or agreement with its parent corporation,
 or with any subsidiary or affiliated person which shall

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1 result or tend to result in:

2 A. Substitution through any method of any asset of the 3 insurer with an asset or assets of inferior quality or lower fair market value; or 4 5 в. Deception as to the true operating results of the insurer; or 6 7 C. Deception as to the true financial condition of the 8 insurer; or 9 D. Allocation to the insurer of a proportion of the 10 expense of combined facilities or operations which is unfair and unfavorable to the insurer; or 11 E. Unfair, unnecessary or excessive charges against 12 the insurer for services, or facilities, or supplies, or 13 reinsurance; or 14 15 F. Unfair and inadequate charges by the insurer for reinsurance, services, facilities, or supplies furnished by 16 the insurer to others; or 17 18 G. Payment by the insurer for services, facilities, supplies, or reinsurance not reasonably needed by the 19 20 insurer. In all transactions between the insurer and its 21 2. parent corporation, or involving the insurer and any sub-22 23 sidiary or affiliated person, full recognition shall be given to the paramount duty and obligation of the insurer 24 25 to protect the interests of policyholders, both existing and future. 26 3. For the purposes of this section a "subsidiary" is 27 a person of which either the insurer and or the parent **2**8 (or both,) corporation holds practical control, and an "affiliated 29 person" is a person controlled by any combination of the 30 insurer, the parent corporation, a subsidiary, or the princi-31

pal stockholders or officers or directors of any of the

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1 foregoing.

2 § 426. Resident agent, countersignature law 3 Except as provided in section 427 of this chapter, 4 1. a foreign authorized insurer shall not effect an insurance 5 contract covering a resident of this State, property situ-6 ated in this State, a risk incident to the performance or 7 8 non-performance of any obligation to be performed in this 9 State, or a risk incident to any obligation which is 10 governed by the laws of this State though actually to be performed elsewhere, unless it is issued or countersigned 11 by a duly licensed agent of the insurer resident in this 12 13 State. 2. The countersignature shall be in the manner provi-14 15 ded by section 1611 (signature, countersignature of policies) 16 of this Title. A nonresident agent or nonresident broker shall 17 3.

18 pay the countersigning agent countersignature fee as provi-19 ded by section 1612 (countersignature fee) of-this-Title. 20

21

§ 427. Same - Exceptions

22 Section 426 of this chapter shall not apply as to any
23 of the following:

Life insurance or annuity contracts, or supple mental contracts against accidental death or permanent and
 total disability made in connection therewith;

27 2. Insurance covering the rolling stock of a railroad
28 or any vessel, aircraft or motor carrier used in interstate
29 or foreign commerce, or covering any liability or other
30 risks incident to the ownership, maintenance or operation
31 of them;

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3.

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Insurance covering any property in interstate or

1 foreign commerce, or any liability or risk incidental to
2 it;

4. Reinsurance;

5. Bid bonds issued in connection with any public or
private building or construction project;

6 Group insurance of a type permitted by this Title
7 issued to a nonresident policyholder, and any insurance
8 certificate applicable to itcor

9 7.- Insurance-issued by insurers not operating on an 10 agency system in the solicitation of business.

11

3

12

§ 423. Retaliatory provision

13 When by or pursuant to the laws of any other state 1. or foreign country or province any taxes, licenses and other 14 fees, in the aggregate, and any fines, penalties, deposit 15 requirements or other material requirements, obligations, 16 17 prohibitions or restrictions are or would be imposed upon 18 Maine insurers doing business or that might seek to do busi-19 ness in such state, country or province, or upon the agents or representatives of such insurers or upon brokers, which 20 21 are in excess of such taxes, licenses and other fees, in 22 the aggregate, or which are in excess of the fines, penal-23 ties, deposit requirements or obligations, prohibitions, or restrictions directly imposed upon similar insurers, or upon 24 25 the agents or representatives of such insurers, or upon 26 brokers, of such other state, country, or province under 27 the statutes of this State, so long as such laws of such other state, country or province continue in force or are 28 29 so applied, the same taxes, licenses and other fees, in the 30 aggregate, or fines, penalties or deposit requirements or other material requirements, obligations, prohibitions, or 31 restrictions of whatever kind shall be imposed by the com-32

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Chap. 5 GEN. REQUIREMENTS

missioner upon the insurers, or upon the agents or repre-1 2 sentatives of such insurers, or upon brokers, of such other state, country or province doing business or seeking to do 3 4 business in Maine. Any tax, license or other fee or other obligation imposed by any city, county, or other political 5 subdivision or agency of such other state, country or pro-6 vince on Maine insurers or their agents or representatives 7 8 or upon Maine brokers shall be deemed to be imposed by such 9 state, country or province within the meaning of this section. 10 This section shall not apply as to personal income 2.

taxes, or as to ad valorem taxes on real or personal 11 12 property, or as to special purpose obligations or assess-13 ments imposed by another state in connection with particular 14 kinds of insurance other than property insurance; except that 15 deductions, from premium taxes or other taxes otherwise payable, allowed on account of real estate or personal property 16 17 taxes paid shall be taken into consideration by the commis-18 sioner in determining the propriety and extent of retalia-19 tory action under this section.

3. For the purposes of this section the domicile of an
alien insurer, other than insurers formed under the laws of
Canada or a province thereof, shall be that state designated
by the insurer in writing filed with the commissioner at time
of admission to this State or within 6 months after the
effective date of this Act, whichever date is the later, and
may be any one of the following states:

A. That in which the insurer was first authorized to
transact insurance;

B. That in which is located the insurer's principal
place of business in the United States; or

31 C. That in which is held the largest deposit of trust-32 eed assets of the insurer for the protection of its policy-

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1 holders in the United States.

If the insurer makes no such designation, its domicile
shall be deemed to be that state in which is located its
principal place of business in the United States.

5 4. The domicile of an insurer formed under the laws of 6 Canada or a province thereof shall be that province of 7 Canada in which its head office is located.

Chap. 5- Sub. II GEN. REQUIREMENTS INS. EMERGENCIES

SUECHAPTER II

INSURANCE EMERGENCIES

1

§ 471. Proclamation by Governor

2 Whenever it appears to the Governor that the welfare of 3 the State or any section thereof, or the welfare and security 4 of insurers under the supervision of the commissioner or their 5 insureds or beneficiaries require, the Governor may proclaim 6 that an insurance emergency exists and this subchapter shall 7 thereupon become effective.

8

§ 472. Rules and regulations

9 During the period of any insurance emergency described 10 in section 471 of this chapter, the commissioner shall 11 have power to make, amend or rescind such rules and regula-12 tions governing the business of any insurers as he deems 13 expedient in order to adopt and maintain sound methods of 14 protecting the interests of insurer, insureds, beneficiar-15 ies or the public.

16

§ 473. Insurers regulated; suspended

17 During any insurance emergency period as described in of this chapter, the commis-18 sections 471 and 472 sioner is empowered to suspend for such time or times as he 19 may determine the transaction of insurance functions of any 20 21 authorized insurer, whether domestic or foreign, solvent or otherwise, and to limit its insurance business in volume or 22 23 character to such particular amounts or classifications and 24 for such time or times as he may deem advisable.

25

§ 474. Payments deferred

During any insurance emergency period as described in sections <u>471</u> and <u>472</u> of this chapter, the commissioner shall have authority to postpone or defer, by rules or orders made and issued by him, for such time or times as he may determine, the payment of any amount payable under the terms of any policy of insurance, annuity or pure endowment contract, and

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1 the payment of judgments, notes, drafts, checks, bills of 2 exchange or other forms of payment of claims due from insurers to any person, firm or corporation, whether such claim is 3 4 liquidated or unliquidated, due or to become due at a day certain, and defer the payment of premiums on policies 5 6 affected by such postponements or suspensions and may direct payment in full or in part whenever in his discretion such 7 8 payment may be safely consummated.

9

§

475. "Insurer" defined

10 The words "insurer" or "insurers" as used in this <u>subchap-</u>
11 ter shall include corporations, interinsurers, associations,
12 societies and orders as well as partnerships and individual
13 agents representing such organizations.

14

§ 476. <u>Personal responsibility of the commissioner</u> limited

15 The commissioner shall not be held legally responsible 16 for any act or failure to act in the premises when such act 17 or failure to act shall have been shown to be the result of 18 good faith.

19

§ 477. Duration at will of Governor

20 The authority and power given the commissioner under sub21 this/chapter shall terminate and be of no effect when the
22 Governor proclaims that any insurance emergency has ceased
23 to exist.

24

§ 478. Jurisdiction of courts

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25 During any emergency insurance period as described in 472 of this chapter, the commissioner 26 sections 471 and 27 is authorized to issue such directions, rules or orders as in his discretion the circumstances may warrant, and any 28 Justice of the supreme judicial or superior courts shall have 29 full jurisdiction to enforce this chapter by appropriate 30 31 decrees.

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Chap. 5 - Sub. II GEN. REQUIREMENTS INS. EMERGENCIES

479. 1 Ş

Penalties

Any violation of any order issued by virtue of this sub-2 3 chapter or any rule or regulatory provision made by the 4 commissioner pursuant thereto shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment for less 5 than one year, or by both. 6

1		CHAPTER 7
2		FEES AND TAXES
3	§ 6	01. Fee schedule
4	The	commissioner shall collect in advance, and persons
5	so serve	d shall pay to the commissioner, fees, licenses and
6	miscella	neous charges as follows:
7	1.	Insurer's certificate of authority
8	Α.	For filing application for initial
9		certificate of authority, including
10		all documents submitted as part of
11	-	such application \$ 300.00
12	в.	Issuance, and each annual continuation 100.00
13	c.	Reinstatement (section 415 of this
14	9	Title), annual continuation fee plus
15	,	50% thereof
16	2.	Charter documents (other than those
17		filed with application for certifi-
18		cate of authority). Filing amendments
19		to certificate of organization, articles
2 0		or certificate of incorporation, charter,
21		bylaws, power of attorney (as to
22		reciprocal insurers), and other con-
2 3		stituent documents of the insurer,
24		each document 5.00
25	3.	Annual statement of insurer, filing 50.00
2 6	4.	Service of process
27		Acceptance of service of process 5.00
2 8	5.	Agents' licenses and appointments
2 9	Α.	Application for original resident agent
30		license and issuance, if issued 5.00
31	в.	Appointment of resident agent, each
32		insurer, per year 5.00
٠		a sa

1		Annual continuation of appointment, per year Each domestic mutual monters mutual finance	
2		por-your	5.00
3	с.	Temporary license	5.00
4	D.	Limited license (section 1531)of this	
5		TILIE)	5.00
6	E.	Nonresident agent license, application	•
7		and issuance, if issued	15.00
8		Appointment of such agent, each insurer	
9		ber-hour	16.00
10		Annual continuation of appointment, lach insur	2 J
11		per sear you your	10.00
12	6.	Broker licenses	
13	A.	Resident broker, application for original	
14		license and issuance, if issued	25. 00
15		Annual continuation	25. 00
16	в.	Nonresident broker, application for	
17		original license and issuance, if issued	50.00
18		Annual continuation	50.00
19	с.	Surplus lines broker, application for	
2 0		original license and issuance, if issued	25.00
2 1		Annual continuation	25. 00
22	7.	Consultant license	
23		Application for original license and	
2 4		issuance, if issued	25.00
25		Annual continuation	25.00
26	8.	Adjuster license	
27		Application for original license and	
28		issuance, if issued	5.00
2 9		Annual continuation	5.00
30	9.	Examination for license	
31		Filing application for each examina-	
32		tion, other than consultants	15.00

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		•	
1		Consultants, filing application, each	
2		examination	25.00
3	10.	Insurance vending machines	
4		Filing application for license and	
5		issuance, if issued, each machine	50.00
6		Annual continuation of license,	
7		each machine	50.00
8	11.	Rating organizations	
9		License fee	.3 0.00
10		Annual renewal of license	 00.00
11	12.	Hospital and medical service corporations	
12		Corporation's certificate of authority,	
13		annually	20.00
14		Agent license, annually	2.00
15	13.	Road or tourist service license, annually	20.00
16		Agent license, annually	2.00
17	14.	<u>Certified copy</u> of insurer certificate of	
18		authority or other license issued under	
19		this Title	2,00
2 0	15.	Copies of other documents on file in the	
2 1		department:	
22		Reasonable charge as fixed by the commis-	
2 3		sioner; and for certifying and fixing	
2 4		official seal	1.00
25	§ 60	2. Tax on premiums and annuity consideration	ons
26	As t	o returns and taxes on premiums and annuity	con-
27	sideratio	ns refer to 36 MRSA Ch. 357, section 2511 e	t seq.
2 8	§ 60	3. Record, remittance of fees	
2 9	The	commissioner shall keep a correct account of	f all
30	fees and	moneys received by him by virtue of his off:	ice,
3 1	and shall	pay the same over to the Treasurer of State	e forth-
32	with.	· ·	
)	

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1. Payment by the insurer of the taxes as required by XRSx 36 MRSA Ch. 357, section 2511 <u>et seq</u>. shall be in lieu of all taxes imposed by the State upon premiums or upon income, and of any franchise, privilege or other taxes measured by income of the insurer.

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Chap. 7 FEES & TAXES

§ 604. Insurance regulatory fund 1 2 There is created in the State Treasury a dedicated 1. account to be designated the "insurance regulatory fund," 3 the funds of which are hereby appropriated for the partial 4 5 support and maintenance of the Insurance Department. 2. The Treasurer of State shall credit the following 6 7 funds to the insurance regulatory fund: The balance, if any, remaining on the effective 8 Α. 9 date of this Act of funds allocated to the department pursuant to 26/MRSA § 372; 10 B. Fees, licenses and other charges collected and 11 remitted by the commissioner under section 601 (fee schedule) 12 of this chapter, or as increased pursuant to section 428 13 (retaliatory provision) of this Title; and C. amounts collected for investigation reports under dection 1519. 14 -C. Administrative fines levied and collected by the 15 16 commissioner under this Title. -17 З. Expenditures by the department from the insurance 18 regulatory fund shall be subject to budget control in the same manner as applies to departments of State in general. 19 20 21 In lieu, pre-emption provision § 605. 22 The fees, charges and premium taxes imposed by the State shall be in lieu of all county and municipal license 23 24、 fees and taxes upon the business of insurance in this State, 25 excepting property taxes. 26 2. The State hereby preempts the field of regulating, 27 or of imposing excise, privilege, franchise, income, 28 license, permit, registration and similar taxes, licenses 29 and fees upon, insurers and their general agents, agents and 30 other representatives as such; and on the intangible property of insurers or such representatives; and all political sub-

divisions or agencies thereof in this State are prohibited 32

31

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3. The provisions of this section shall not be modified or repealed by any law of general application hereafter enacted unless expressly referred to or expressly repealed therein.

 1 from regulating insurers or their general agents, agents and 2 other representatives as such, and from imposing upon then 3 any such tax, license, or fee. Except, that this provision 4 shall not prohibit the imposition by political subdivisions 5 of taxes upon real and tangible personal property.

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CHAPTER 9. KINDS OF INSURANCE; LIMITS OF RISK; REINSURANCE

SUBCHAPTER I. KINDS OF INSURANCE

§ 701. Definitions not mutually exclusive

It is intended that certain insurance coverages may come within the definitions of two or more kinds of insurance as defined in this chapter, and the inclusion of such coverage within one definition shall not exclude it as to any other kind of insurance within the definition of which such coverage is likewise reasonably includable.

8

1

§ 702. "Life insurance" defined

9 Life insurance is insurance on human lives. The trans-10 action of life insurance includes also the granting of endow-11 ment benefits, additional benefits in event of death or dis-12 memberment by accident or accidental means, additional bene-13 fits in event of the insured's disability, and optional modes 14 of settlement of proceeds of life insurance.

15

§ 703. "Annuity" defined

16 For the purposes of this Title an "annuity" is a contract 17 under which obligations are assumed with respect to periodic (sor a spicific term or terms or) payments/where the making or continuance of all or of some of 18 such payments, or the amount of any such payment, is dependent 19 upon the continuance of hyman life, Such a contract which in-20 21 cludes extra benefits of the kinds set forth in sections 702 22) and 704(health (life insurance defined) shall nevertheless be deemed to be an 23 insurance defined annuity if such extra benefits constitute a subsidiary or 24 25 incidental part of the entire contract.

26

§ 704. "Health insurance" defined

Health insurance is insurance of human beings against bodily injury, disablement, or death by accident or accidental means, or the expense thereof, or against disablement or expense resulting from sickness, and every insurance appertaining thereto.

32

§ 705. "Property insurance" defined

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Property insurance is insurance on real or personal pro perty of every kind and of every interest therein against loss
 or damage from any and all hazard or cause, and against loss
 consequential upon such loss or damage, other than noncontract ual legal liability for any such loss or damage. Property in surance does not include title insurance, as defined in section
 709 of this chapter.

8

§ 706. "Surety insurance" defined

9 Surety insurance includes:

Fidelity insurance, which is insurance guaranteeing
 the fidelity of persons holding positions of public or private
 trust.

13 2. Insurance guaranteeing the performance of contracts,
14 other than insurance policies, and guaranteeing and executing
15 bonds, undertakings, and contracts of suretyship.

16 3. Insurance indemnifying banks, bankers, brokers, finan-17 cial or moneyed corporations or associations against loss, re-18 sulting from any cause, of bills of exchange, notes, bonds, securities, evidences of debt, deeds, mortgages, warehouse 19 20 receipts or other valuable papers, documents, money, precious 21 metals and articles made therefrom, jewelry, watches, gems, 22 precious and semiprecious stones, including any loss while 23 the same are being transported in armored motor vehicles, or by messenger, but not including any other risks of transport- $\mathbf{24}$ ation or navigation; also insurance against loss or damage to 25 26 such an insured's premises or to his furnishings, fixtures, 27 equipment, safes and vaults therein, caused by burglary, 28 robbery, theft, vandalism or malicious mischief, or any 29 attempt thereat.

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§ 707.

1. Casualty insurance includes:

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"Casualty insurance" defined

A. <u>Vehicle insurance</u>. Insurance against loss of

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Chap. 9 - Sub. I KINDS-LIMITS-REINSURANCE KINDS OF INSURANCE

1. or damage to any land vehicle or aircraft or any draft or riding animal or to property while contained therein or 2 thereon or being loaded or unloaded therein or therefrom, 3 from any hazard or cause, and against any loss, liability or 4 5 expense resulting from or incidental to ownership, mainten-6 ance or use of any such vehicle, aircraft or animal; together 7 with insurance against accidental injury to individuals, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, including 8 9 the named insured, while in, entering, alighting from, adjust-10 ing, repairing, cranking, or caused by being struck by a vehicle, aircraft or draft or riding animal, if such insur-11 ance is issued as an incidental part of insurance on the 12 13 vehicle, aircraft or draft or riding animal.

Liability insurance. Insurance against legal 14 Β. liability for the death, injury, or disability of any human 15 16 being, or for damage to property; and provision of medical, 17 hospital, surgical, disability benefits to injured persons and funeral and death benefits to dependents, beneficiaries 18 or personal representatives of persons killed, irrespective 19 of legal liability of the insured, when issued as an inciden-20 tal coverage with or supplemental to liability insurance. 21

22 C. Workmen's compensation and employer's liability.
23 Insurance of the obligations accepted by, imposed upon, or
24 assumed by employers under law for death, disablement, or
25 injury of employees.

D. <u>Burglary and theft</u>. Insurance against loss or damage by burglary, theft, larceny, robbery, forgery, fraud, vandalism, malicious mischief, confiscation, or wrongful conversion, disposal, or concealment, or from any attempt at any of the foregoing; including supplemental coverage for medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral expense incurred by the named insured or any other person as a result

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f bodily injury during the commission of a burglary, robbery,
 or theft by another; also insurance against loss of or damage
 to moneys, coins, bullion, securities, notes, drafts, accept ances, or any other valuable papers and documents, resulting
 from any cause.

E. <u>Personal property floater</u>. Insurance upon
personal effects against loss or damage from any cause.

8 F. Glass. Insurance against loss or damage to
9 glass, including its lettering, ornamentation, and fittings.

10 G. <u>Boiler and machinery</u>. Insurance against any 11 liability and loss or damage to property or interest result-12 ing from accidents to or explosions of boilers, pipes, pres-13 sure containers, machinery, or apparatus, and to make 14 inspection of and issue certificates of inspection upon 15 boilers, machinery, and apparatus of any kind, whether or 16 not insured.

17 Η. Leakage and fire extinguishing equipment. 18 Insurance against loss or damage to any property or interest 19 caused by the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, hoses, pumps, 20 and other fire extinguishing equipment or apparatus, water 21 pipes or containers, or by water entering through leaks or 22 openings in buildings, and insurance against loss or damage to such sprinklers, hoses, pumps, and other fire extinguishing 23 24 equipment or apparatus.

25 I. <u>Credit</u>. Insurance against loss or damage
26 resulting from failure of debtors to pay their obligations
27 to the insured.

J. <u>Malpractice</u>. Insurance against legal liability of the insured, and against loss, damage, or expense incidental to a claim of such liability, and including medical hospital, surgical, and funeral benefits to injured persons, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, arising out

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KINDS-LIMITS-REINSURANCE KINDS OF INSURANCE of the death, injury, or disablement of any person, or arising out of damage to the economic interest of any person, as the result of negligence in rendering expert, fiduciary, or professional service.

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5 K. <u>Elevator</u>. Insurance against loss of or damage to any 6 property of the insured, resulting from the ownership, mainten-7 ance or use of elevators, except loss or damage by fire, and to 8 make inspection of and issue certificates of inspection.upon, 9 elevators.

L. <u>Congenital defects</u>. Insurance against congenital
 defects in human beings.

M. Livestock. Insurance against loss or damage to livestock, and services of a veterinary for such animals.

N. Entertainments. Insurance indemnifying the producer
of any motion picture, television, radio, theatrical, sport,
spectacle, entertainment, or similar production, event, or
exhibition against loss from interruption, postponement, or
cancellation thereof due to death, accidental injury, or sickness of performers, participants, directors, or other principals.

0. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. Insurance against any other kind of
loss, damage, or liability properly a subject of insurance and
not within any other kind of insurance as defined in this subchapter, if such insurance is not disapproved by the commissioner
as being contrary to law or public policy.

Provision of medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral 2. 25 26 benefits, and of coverage against accidental death or injury, as incidental to and part of other insurance as stated under 27 subdivisions As (vehicle), B (liability), D (burglary), G 28 (boiler and machinery), J_{4} (malpractice), and K_{6} (elevator) of 29 subsection 1 shall for all purposes be deemed to be the same 30 31 kind of insurance to which it is so incidental, and shall not be subject to provisions of this Title applicable to life and 32 health insurances. 33

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§ 708 <u>Marine and transportation</u>, "wet marine" insurance defined

"Marine and transportation insurance" includes:

Insurance against any kinds of loss or damage

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to:

(1)Vessels, craft, aircraft, cars, automobiles and 5 6 vehicles of every kind, as well as all goods, freights, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, moneys, bullion, 7 precious stones, securities, choses in action, evidences of 8 debt, valuable papers, bottomry and respondentia interests 9 and all other kinds of property and interests therein, in 10 respect to, appertaining to, or in connection with any and all 11 risks or perils of navigation, transit, or transportation, 12 including war risks, on or under any seas or other waters, on 13 14 land or in the air, or while being assembled, packed, crated, baled, compressed or similarly prepared for shipment or while 15 16 awaiting the same or during any delays, storage, transshipment," 17 or reshipment incident thereto, including marine builder's 18 risks and all personal property floater risks, and

(2). Person or to property in connection with or 19 20 appertaining to a marine, inland marine, transit or transpor-21 tation insurance, including liability for loss of or damage 22 to either, arising out of or in connection with the construc-23 tion, repair, operation, maintenance or use of the subject 24 matter of such insurance (but not including life insurance 25 or surety bonds nor insurance against loss by reason of bodily 26 injury to the person arising out of the ownership, maintenance 27 or use of automobiles), and

(3) Precious stones, jewels, jewelry, gold,
silver and other precious metals, whether used in business
or trade or otherwise and whether the same be in course of
transportation or otherwise, and

32

(4)' Bridges, tunnels and other instrumentalities

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Chap. 9 - Sub. I KINDS-LIMITE-REINSURANCI KINDS OF INSURANCE

1 of transportation and communication (excluding buildings, 2 their furniture and furnishings, fixed contents and supplies held in storage) unless fire, tornado, sprinkler leakage, 3 hail, explosion, earthquake, riot and/or civil commotion are 4 the only hazards to be covered; piers, wharves, docks and 5 6 slips, excluding the risks of fire, tornado, sprinkler leak-7 age, hail, explosion, earthquake, riot and/or civil commotion; 8 other aids to navigation and transportation, including dry 9 docks and marine railways, against all risks.

Β. "Marine protection and indemnity insurance," 10 meaning insurance against, or against legal liability of the 11 insured for, loss, damage or expense arising out of, or 12 incident to, the ownership, operation, chartering, maintenance, 13 use, repair or construction of any vessel, craft or instrument-14 ality in use in ocean or inland waterways, including liability 15 of the insured for personal injury, illness or death or for 16 loss of or damage to the property of another person. 17

18 2. For the purposes of this Title, "wet marine and
19 transportation" insurance is that part of "marine and trans20 portation" insurance which includes only:

A. Insurance upon vessels, crafts, hulls and of
interests therein or with relation thereto:

B. Insurance of marine builders' risks, marine
war risks and contracts of marine protection and indemnity
insurance;

C. Insurance of freights and disbursements pertaining to a subject of insurance coming within this definition; and

D. Insurance of personal property and interests therein, in course of exportation from or importation into any country, or in course of transportation coastwise or on inland waters, including transportation by land, water or

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air from point of origin to final destination, in respect to,
 appertaining to or in connection with, any and all risks or
 perils of navigation, transit or transportation, and while
 being prepared for and while awaiting shipment, and during
 any delays, storage, transshipment or reshipment incident
 thereto.

7

§ 709. "Title insurance" defined

8 Title insurance is insurance of owners of property or 9 others having an interest therein, or liens or encumbrances 10 thereon, against loss by encumbrance, or defective titles, 11 or invalidity, or adverse claim to title.

12

§ 710. "Multiple line" insurers

A multiple line insurer may transact any two or more kinds of insurance, as defined in sections 704 through 709 of this chapter (health, property, surety, casualty, marine and transportation and title insurance). This provision shall not be deemed to prohibit such an insurer from transacting also life insurance and annuity business if otherwise qualified therefor under this Title.

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§ 721. Limits of risk

1. No insurer shall retain any risk on any one subject
of insurance, whether located or to be performed in this State
or elsewhere, in an amount exceeding 10% of its surplus to
policyholders.

SUBCHAPTER II. LIMITS OF RISK

26 2. A "subject of insurance" for the purposes of this sec-27 tion, as to insurance against fire and hazards other than wind-28 storm, earthquake and other catastrophic hazards, includes all 29 properties insured by the same insurer which are customarily 30 considered by underwriters to be subject to loss or damage from 31 the same fire or the same occurrence of any other hazard insured 32 against.

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3. Reinsurance ceded as authorized by section 731
 of this Title shall be deducted in determining risk retained.
 As to surety risks, deduction shall be made of the amount
 assumed by any authorized co-surety and the value of any
 security deposited, pledged, or held subject to the surety's
 consent and for the surety's protection.

7 4. As to alien insurers, this section shall relate
8 only to risks and surplus to policyholders of the insurer's
9 United States branch.

5. "Surplus to policyholders" for the purposes of this 10 section, in addition to the insurer's capital and 11 12 surplus, shall be deemed to include any voluntary reserves 13 which are not required pursuant to law, and shall be determined from the last sworn statement of the insurer on file 14 with the commissioner, or by the last report of examination 15 16 of the insurer, whichever is the more recent at time of 17 assumption of risk.

6. This section shall not apply to life or health insurance, annuities, title insurance, insurance of wet marine and transportation risks, workmen's compensation insurance, employers' liability coverages, nor to any policy or type of coverage as to which the maximum possible loss to the insurer is not readily ascertainable on issuance of the policy.

25 7. Limits of risk as to newly formed domestic mutual
26 insurers shall be as provided in section <u>3352</u> of this Title.
27 SUBCHAPTER III. REINSURANCE

28 § 731. Reinsurance

An insurer may accept reinsurance only of such
 kinds of risks, and retain risk thereon within such limits,
 as it is otherwise authorized to insure.

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An insurer may reinsure all or part of any particu-1 2. lar risk with any solvent insurer authorized to transact 2 insurance in one or more states and having surplus to policy-3 holders in amount not less than the paid-in capital stock 4 required of an authorized foreign stock insurer transacting 5 like kinds of insurance. Cession of bulk reinsurance by a 6 7 domestic insurer is subject to section 3483 (bulk reinsurance). of this Title. 8

9 3. No credit shall be allowed to an insurer, as an 10 asset or as a deduction from liability, for reinsurance 11 ceded to an alien insurer unless such alien insurer has surplus to policyholders in amount not less than the paid-in 12 13 capital stock required of an authorized foreign stock insurer transacting like kinds of insurance and is authorized to 14 transact insurance in at least one state of the United States; 15 or, in the case of a group of individual, unincorporated alien 16 17 insurers, has assets held in trust for the benefit of its United States policyholders in a sum not less than \$50,000,000, 18 19 and is authorized to transact insurance in at least one state.

20 4. Credit shall be allowed as an asset or as a deduction 21 from liability, to any ceding insurer for reinsurance ceded 22 to an assuming insurer qualified therefor under subsection 3, 23 above; except that no such credit shall be allowed unless the 24 reinsurance is payable by the assuming insurer on the basis 25 of the liability of the ceding insurer under the contracts 26 reinsured without diminution because of the insolvency of the 27 ceding insurer.

5. Upon request of the commissioner an insurer shall promptly inform the commissioner in writing of the cancellation or any other material change of any of its reinsurance treaties or arrangements.

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Chap. 11 - Sub. I ASSETS, LIABILITIES ASSETS

1	6. This section shall not apply to wet marine and
2	transportation insurance.
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5	CHAPTER 11. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
6	SUBCHAPTER I. ASSETS
7	§ 901. "Assets" defined
8	In any determination of the financial condition of an
9	insurer, there shall be allowed as assets only such assets
10	as are owned by the insurer and which consist of:
11	1. Cash in the possession of the insurer, or in transit
12	under its control, and including the true balance of any de-
13	posit in a solvent bank or trust company.
14	2. Investments, securities, properties and loans
15	acquired or held in accordance with this Title, and in connec-
16	tion therewith the following items:
17	A. Interest due or accrued on any bond or evidence of
18	indebtedness which is not in default and which is not valued
19	on a basis including accrued interest.
2 0	B. Declared and unpaid dividends on stock and shares,
21	unless such amount has otherwise been allowed as an asset.
22	C. Interest due or accrued upon a collateral loan
2 3	in an amount not to exceed one year's interest thereon.
24	D. Interest due or accrued on deposits in solvent
25	banks and trust companies, and interest due or accrued on
26	other assets, if such interest is in the judgment of the
27	commissioner a collectible asset.
2 8	E. Interest due or accrued on a mortgage loan, in an
29	amount not exceeding in any event the amount, if any, of
30	the excess of the value of the property less delinquent
31	taxes thereon over the unpaid principal; but in no event
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shall interest accrued for a period in excess of 18 months
 be allowed as an asset.

F. Rent due or accrued on real property if such rent is not in arrears for more than 3 months, and rent more than 3 months in arrears if the payment of such rent be adequately secured by property held in the name of the tenant and conveyed to the insurer as collateral.

8 G. The unaccrued portion of taxes paid prior9 to the due date on real property.

10 3. Premium notes, policy loans, and other policy 11 assets and liens on policies and certificates of life insur-12 ance and annuity contracts and accrued interest thereon, in 13 an amount not exceeding the legal reserve and other policy 14 liabilities carried on each individual policy.

15 4. The net amount of uncollected and deferred
16 premiums and annuity considerations in the case of a life
17 insurer.

18 5. Premiums in the course of collection, other
19. than for life insurance, not more than 3 months past due,
20 less commissions payable thereon. The foregoing limitation
21 shall not apply to premiums payable directly or indirectly
22 by the United States government or by any of its instrument23 alities.

6. Installment premiums other than life insurance
premiums to the extent of the unearned premium reserve carried
on the policy to which premiums apply.

7. Notes and like written obligations not past
due, taken for premiums other than life insurance premiums,
on policies permitted to be issued on such basis, to the
extent of the unearned premium reserves carried thereon.
8. The full amount of reinsurance recoverable by

32 a ceding insurer from a solvent reinsurer and which reinsurance

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Chap. 11 - Sub. I ASSETS, LIABILITIES ASSETS

1 is authorized under section 731 of this Title.

9. Amounts receivable by an assuming insurer repre senting funds withheld by a solvent ceding insurer under
 a reinsurance treaty.

5 10. Deposits or equities recoverable from under-6 writing associations, syndicates and reinsurance funds, 7 or from any suspended banking institution, to the extent 8 deemed by the commissioner available for the payment of 9 losses and claims and at values to be determined by him.

10 11. All assets, whether or not consistent with the 11 provisions of this section, as may be allowed pursuant to 12 the annual statement form approved by the commissioner for 13 the kinds of insurance to be reported upon therein.

14 12. As to a title insurer, its title plant and equip-15 ment reasonably necessary for conduct of its abstract or 16 title insurance business, at not to exceed the cost thereof.

17 13. Electronic and mechanical machines and related
18 equipment constituting a data processing, recordkeeping,
19 or accounting system or systems if the cost of each such
20 system is at least \$25,000, which cost shall be amortized
21 in full over a period not to exceed 10 years. The aggre22 gate amount invested in all such systems shall not exceed
23 5% of the insurer's assets.

24 14. Other assets, not inconsistent with the provi25 sions of this section, deemed by the commissioner to be
25 available for the payment of losses and claims, at values
26 to be determined by him.

27

§ 902. Assets not allowed

In addition to assets impliedly excluded by the provisions of section 901 of this chapter, the following expressly shall not be allowed as assets in any determination of the financial condition of an insurer: . Good will, trade names and other like intangible

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1 assets.

Advances to officers (other than policy loans)
 whether secured or not, and advances to employees, agents
 and other persons on personal security only.

3. Stock of such insurer, owned by it, or any equity
therein or loans secured thereby, or any proportionate
interest in such stock acquired or held through the ownership by such insurer of an interest in another firm, corporation or business unit.

4. Furniture, fixtures, furnishings, safes, vehicles, 10 libraries, stationery, literature and supplies (other than 11 data processing, recordkeeping and accounting systems author-12 ized under section 901, subsection 13 of this chapter, except in 13 the case of title insurers such materials and plants as the 14 insurer is expressly authorized to invest in under section 15 1129 of this Title and except, in the case of any insurer, 16 such personal property as the insurer is permitted to hold 17 18 pursuant to chapter 13, of this Title, or which is reasonably necessary for the maintenance and operation of real estate 19 **2**Ú lawfully acquired and held by the insurer other than real estate used by it for home office, branch office and similar 21 22 purposes.

5. The amount, if any, by which the aggregate book
value of investments as carried in the ledger assets of the
insurer exceeds the aggregate value thereof as determined
under this Title.

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28

§ 921. Liabilities, in general

In any determination of the financial condition of an insurer, capital stock and liabilities to be charged against its assets shall include:

SUBCHAPTER II. LIABILITIES

32

1. The amount of its capital stock outstanding, if any.

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Chap. 11 - Sub. II ASSETS, LIABILITIES LIABILITIES

The amount, estimated consistent with the provi-2. 1 2 sions of this Title, necessary to pay all of its unpaid losses and claims incurred on or prior to the date of state-3 ment, whether reported or unreported, together with the 4 expenses of adjustment or settlement thereof. 5 3. With reference to life insurance policies and 6 annuity contracts, and disability and accidental death bene-7 fits in or supplemental thereto: 8 The amount of reserves on life insurance policies Α. 9 and annuity contracts in force, valued according to the 10 tables of mortality, rates of interest, and methods adopted 11 pursuant to this Title which are applicable thereto. 12 Reserves for disability benefits, for both active 13 в. and disabled lives. 14 Reserves for accidental death benefits. 15 C. D. Any additional reserves which may be required by 16 the commissioner consistent with applicable customary and 17 18 general practice in insurance accounting. 19 As to health insurance policies, the reserve 4. required under section 925 of this chapter. $\mathbf{20}$ With reference to insurance other than specified $\mathbf{21}$ 5. in subdivisions 3 and 4 above, and other than title insur-22 23 ance, the amount of the unearned premium reserves computed 24 in accordance with this subchapter. Disallowance of "wash" transactions 25 § 922. 26 1. The commissioner shall disallow as an asset or as 27 a credit against liabilities any reinsurance found by him 28 after a hearing thereon to have been arranged for the purpose

principally of deception as to the ceding insurer's financial condition as at the date of any financial statement of the insurer. Without limiting the general purport of the foregoing provision, reinsurance of any substantial part of the

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insurer's outstanding risks contracted for in fact within 4 months prior to the date of any such financial statement and cancelled in fact within 4 months after the date of such statement, or reinsurance under which the reinsurer bears no substantial insurance risk or chance of net loss to itself, shall prima facie be deemed to have been arranged principally for the purpose of deception.

8 2. The commissioner shall disallow as an asset any
9 deposit, funds or other assets of the insurer found by him
10 after a hearing thereon:

A. Not to be in good faith the property of the insurer,and

B. Not freely subject to withdrawal or liquidation by
the insurer at any time for the payment or discharge of *interfactory depends of the insurer*claims or other obligations arising under its policies,' and
C. To be resulting from arrangements made principally
for the purpose of deception as to the insurer's financial
condition as at the date of any financial statement of the
insurer.

3. The commissioner may suspend or revoke the certificate of authority of any insurer which has knowingly been a
party to any such deception or attempt thereat.

23 § 923. Unearned premium reserve

As to property, casualty and surety insurance the
 insurer shall maintain an unearned premium reserve on all
 policies in force.

27 2. Except as provided in section 924 of this chapter
28 as to marine and transportation risks, the unearned premium
29 reserve shall be fequal to not less than 50% of
30 premiums in force after deduction of applicable reinsurance

31 in solvent insurers.

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Chap. 11 - Sub. II ASSETS, LIABILITIES LIABILITIES

1

§ 924. Uncarned premium reserve for marine and transportation insurance

As to marine and transportation insurance, the entire amount of premiums on trip risks not terminated shall be deemed unearned; and the commissioner may require the insurer to carry a reserve equal to 100% of premiums on trip risks written during the month ended as of the date of statement.

8

§ 925. Health insurance policy reserves

9 For all health insurance policies the insurer shall 10 maintain an active life reserve which shall place a sound 11 value on its liabilities under such policies and be not less 12 than the reserve according to appropriate standards set 13 forth in regulations issued by the commissioner and, in no 14 event, less in the aggregate than the pro rata gross 15 unearned premiums for such policies.

16

§ 926. <u>Title insurance reserves</u>

In addition to an adequate reserve as to outstanding
losses as required under section 921 of this chapter, a
title insurer shall maintain a guaranty fund or unearned
premium reserve of not less than an amount computed as
follows:

Ten percent of the total amount of the risk portion
 of premiums written in the calendar year for title insurance
 contracts shall be assigned originally to the reserve.

25 2. During each of the 20 years next following the
26 year in which the title insurance contract was issued, the
27 reserve applicable to the contract may be reduced by 5% of
28 the original amount of such reserve.

§ 927. Mortgage guaranty contingency reserve
Casualty or surety insurers insuring real property
mortgage lenders against loss by reason of nonpayment of the
mortgage indebtedness by the borrower, shall maintain a con-

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tingency reserve for the protection of policyholders against
 the effects of adverse economic cycles.

2. The insurer shall contribute to such contingency 4 reserve 50% of the net premiums (gross premiums less pre-5 miums returned to policyholders) written on such insurance 6 remaining after establishment of the unearned premium 7 reserve.

8 3. Subject to the commissioner's approval, the contin-9 gency reserve shall be available for payment of losses only 10 when the insurer's incurred losses in any one calendar year 11 exceed the rate formula expected losses by 10% of the related 12 earned premiums.

SUBCHAPTER III. LIFE INSURANCE RESERVES
 § 951. Short title
 Sections 951 through 957 shall be known as the "standard

Sections 951 through 957 shall be known as the "standard
 valuation law."

17

§ 952. Calculation of reserve liabilities

The commissioner shall annually value, or cause to 18 1. 19 be valued, the reserve liabilities, hereinafter called 20 reserves, for all outstanding life insurance policies and annuity and pure endowment contracts of every life insurer 21 transacting business in this State, except that in the case 22 23 of an alien insurer, such valuation shall be limited to its $\mathbf{24}$ United States business; and may certify the amount of any 25 such reserves, specifying the mortality table or tables, rate or rates of interest and methods, net level premium 26 27 method or other, used in the calculation of such reserves. In calculating such reserves, he may use group methods and 28 29 approximate averages for fractions of a year or otherwise. 30 In lieu of the valuation of the reserves required of any 31 foreign or alien insurer, he may accept any valuation made, 32 or caused to be made, by the insurance supervisory official

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Chap. 11 - Sub. III ASSETS, LIABILITIES LIFE INS. RESERVES

of any state or other jurisdiction when such valuation 1 $\mathbf{2}$ complies with the minimum standard herein provided and if 3 the official of such state or jurisdiction accepts as sufficient and valid for all legal purposes the certificate 4 of valuation of the commissioner when such certificate 5 6 states the valuation to have been made in a specified 7 manner according to which the aggregate reserves would be at least as large as if they had been computed in the manner 8 9 prescribed by law of that state or jurisdiction.

10 2. Any such insurer which at any time shall have 11 adopted any standard of valuation producing greater aggre-12 gate reserves than those calculated according to the mini-13 mum standard herein provided may, with the approval of the 14 commissioner, adopt any lower standard of valuation, but 15 not lower than the minimum herein provided.

16

§ 953. Minimum standards

This subsection applies only to policies and con tracts issued prior to January 1, 1948, or such earlier
 date after July 21, 1945, as shall have been elected by an
 insurer as the date on and after which it would comply with
 the standard nonforfeiture law.

 $\mathbf{22}$ The legal minimum standard of value for such life 23 insurance policies issued on or after the first day of September, 1931, by any life insurer chartered by this State, 24 $\mathbf{25}$ shall be the American Experience Table of Mortality with $\mathbf{26}$ interest at 31% per year. Any such life insurer may, at 27 its option, value its insurance policies issued on and 28 after such day, in accordance with their terms on the basis of the American Men Ultimate Table of Mortality with 29 interest not higher than 31% per year by the (level) net pre-30 31 mium method. Reserves for all such policies and contracts 32 may be calculated, at the option of the insurer, according

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to any standards which produce greater aggregate reserves
 for all such policies and contracts than the minimum
 reserves required by this subsection.

2. This subsection applies only to policies and contracts issued on and after January 1, 1948, or such earlier
date after July 21, 1945, as shall have been elected by an
insurer as the date on and after which it would comply with
the standard nonforfeiture law.

9 The minimum standard for the valuation of all such poli-10 cies and contracts shall be the commissioners reserve valua-11 tion method defined in section 954, 3½% interest, and the 12 following tables:

13 Α. Standard Ordinary Mortality Table. For all ordin-14 ary policies of life insurance issued on the standard basis, 15 excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies, - the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary 16 17 Mortality Table; provided, however, that the Commissioners 18 1953 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table shall be the table for such minimum standard on and after January 1, 1966, cr 19 $\mathbf{20}$ such earlier date after September 12, 1959, as shall have $\mathbf{21}$ been elected by an insurer as the date on and after which 22 it would use such table as the basis for minimum cash **2**3 surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits under the **2**4 standard nonforfeiture law; provided that for any category 25 of such policies issued on female risks all modified net 26 premiums and present values referred to in sections 951 to 27 957 may be calculated according to an age not more than 28 3 years younger than the actual age of the insured. 29 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. For all Β. 30 industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard 31 basis, excluding any disability and accidental death bene-

32 fits in such policies, - the 1941 Standard Industrial

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Chap. 11 - Sub. III ASSETS, LIABILITIES LIFE INS. RESERVES

Mortality Table; provided, however, that the Commissioners 1 2 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table shall be the table to such plices issued 3 for such minimum standard on and after January 1, 1968, or such earlier date after September 1, 1962, as shall have 4 been elected by the insurer as the date on and after which 5 it would use such table as the basis for minimum cash 6 surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits under the 7 8 standard nonforfeiture law.

9 C. Standard Annuity Mortality Table or Annuity For individual annuity and pure endowment 10 Mortality Table. contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death 11 benefits in such policies - the 1937 Standard Annuity 1213 Mortality Table or, at the option of the insurer, the Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, Ultimate, or any modification of 14 15 either of these tables approved by the commissioner.

16 D. Group Annuity Mortality Table. For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and 17 accidental death benefits in such policies - the Group 18 Annuity Mortality Table for 1951, any modification of such 19 **2**0 table approved by the commissioner, or, at the option of the insurer, any of the tables or modifications of tables speci-21 22 fied for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts.

23Class (3) Disability Table. For total and perman-Ε. 24 ent disability benefits in or supplementary to ordinary 25 policies or contracts - for policies or contracts issued on 26 or after January 1, 1966, the tables of Period 2 disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950 termination rates of the 27 **2**8 1952 Disability Study of the Society of Actuaries, with due **2**9 regard to the type of benefit; for policies or contracts 30 issued on or after January 1, 1961 and prior to January 1, 1966, either such tables or, at the option of the insurer, 31 the Class (3) Disability Table (1926); and for policies 32

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issued prior to January 1, 7961, the Class (3) Disability
 Table (1926). Any such table shall, for active lives, be
 combined with a nortality table permitted for calculating
 the reserves for life insurance policies.

F. Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table. 5 For accidental death benefits in or supplementary to poli-6 cies - for policies issued on or after January 3, 1966, the $\overline{7}$ 1959 Accidental Death Denefits Table; for policies issued on or after January 1, 1961 and prior to January 1, 1966, 9 either such table or, at the option of the insurer, the 10 Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table; and for 11 12policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table. Rither table shall be 13 14 combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating 15 the reserves for life insurance policies.

16 G. <u>Group Life Insurance Tables</u>. For group life insur-17 ance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and 18 other special benefits - such table as may be approved by 19 the commissioner.

20 § 954. Commissioners reserve valuation method defined 21 Reserves according to the commissioners reserve valua- $\mathbf{22}$ tion method, for the life insurance and endowment benefits of policies providing for a uniform amount of insurance and 23 requiring the payment of uniform premiums shall be the $\mathbf{24}$ 25 excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of valua-26 tion, of such future guaranteed benefits provided for by 27 such policies, over the then present value of any future $\mathbf{28}$ modified net premiums therefor. The modified net premiums $\mathbf{29}$ for any such policy shall be such uniform percentage of the 30 respective contract premiums for such benefits that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all 31 32 such modified net premiums shall be equal to the sum of the

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Chap. 11 - Sub. III ASSETS, LIABILITIES LIFE INS. RESERVES

then present value of such benefits provided for by the] policy and the excess of 1 over 2, as follows: $\hat{2}$ 3 1. Met level annual premium. A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of 4 such benefits provided for after the first policy year, 5 divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an 6 annuity of one per annum payable on the first and each sub-7 sequent anniversary of such policy on which a premium falls 8 due. Such net level annual premium shall not exceed the 9 10 net level annual premium on the 19-year premium whole life plan for insurance of the same amount at an age one year 11 12 higher than the age at issue of such policy. 13 2.Net one-year term premium. A net one-year term premium for such benefits provided for in the first policy 14 15 year. Reserves according to the commissioners reserve valua-16 27 tion method for: 18 Life insurance policies providing for a varying Α. 19 amount of insurance or requiring the payment of varying pre- $\mathbf{20}$ miums, Annuity and pure endowment contracts, 21 Ρ. Disability and accidental death benefits in all $\mathbf{22}$ C. policies and contracts, and $\mathbf{23}$ All other benefits, except life insurance and endow- $\mathbf{24}$ D. $\mathbf{25}$ ment benefits in life insurance policies, 26 shall be calculated by a method consistent with the principles of the preceding paragraph, except that any extra pre-27 miums charged because of impairments or special hazards **2**8 29 shall be disregarded in the determination of modified net 30 premiums. § 955. Amount of aggregate reserves 31 In no event shall an insurer's aggregate reserves for 32

all life insurance policies, excluding disability and accidental death benefits, which are subject to section 953,
subsection 2, at this chapter, be less than the aggregate
reserves calculated in accordance with the method set forth
in section 954 of this chapter and the mortality table or
tables and rate or tates of interest used in calculating
nonforfeiture benefits for such policies.

8

§ 956. Calculation of reserves

Reserves for any category of policies, contracts or 9 benefits as established by the commissioner, which are sub-10ject to section 953, subsection 2, of this chapter, may be 11 caiculated, at the option of the insurer, according to any 1213 standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for such 14 category than those calculated according to the minimum standard herein provided, but the rate or rates of interest 15 16 used shall not be higher than the corresponding rate or rates of interest used in calculating any nonforfeiture 17 18 benefits provided for therein. Reserves for participating life insurance policies, which are subject to section 953, 19 subsection 2, of this chapter may, with the consent of the $\mathbf{20}$ commissioner, be calculated according to a rate of interest 21 lower than the rate of interest used in calculating the non-22 23 forfeiture benefits in such policies, with the further pro-24viso that if such lower rate differs from the rate used in 25 the calculation of the nonforfeiture benefits by more than 1/2% the insurer issuing such policies shall file with the 26 27 commissioner a plan providing for such equitable increases, 28 if any, in the cash surrender values and nonforfeiture bene-29 fits in such policies as the commissioner shall approve.

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§ 957. Deficiency reserve

31 If the gross premium charged by any life insurer on
32 any policy or contract which is subject to section 953,

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Chap. 11 - Sub. IV ASSETS, LIABILITIES VALUATION OF ASSETS

subsection 2, of this chapter, is less than the net premium 1 $\mathbf{2}$ for the policy or contract according to the mortality table, 3 rate of interest and method used in calculating the reserve thereon, there shall be maintained on such policy or con-Ž 5 tract a deficiency reserve in addition to all other reserves required by law. For each such policy or contract 3 7 the deficiency reserve shall be the present value, according to such standard, of an annuity of the difference 8 between such net premium and the premium charged for such 9 10 policy or contract, running for the remainder of the pre-11 mium-paying period.

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§ 981. Valuation of bonds

All bonds or other evidences of debt having
 a fixed term and rate of interest held by an insurer may, if
 amply secured and not in default as to principal or interest,
 be valued as follows:

SUBCHAPTER IV. VALUATION OF ASSETS

18

A. If purchased at par, at the par value.

19 E. If purchased above or below par, on the basis of 20 the purchase price adjusted so as to bring the value to par 21 at maturity and so as to yield in the meantime the effective 22 rate of interest at which the purchase was made, or in lieu 23 of such method, according to such accepted method of valua-24 tion as is approved by the commissioner.

C. Purchase price shall in no case be taken at a higher
figure than the actual market value at the time of purchase,
plus actual brokerage, transfer, postage or express charges
paid in the acquisition of such securities.

D. Unless otherwise provided by valuation established or approved by the commissioner, no such security shall be carried at above the call price for the entire issue during any period within which the security may be so called.

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2. The commissioner shall have full discretion in
 determining the method of calculating values according to
 the rules set forth in this section.

4

§ 982. Valuation of other securities

Securities, other than those referred to in section
981 of this chapter, held by an insurer shall be valued, in
the discretion of the commissioner, at their market value, or
at their appraised value, or at prices determined by him as
representing their fair market value.

10 2. Preferred or guaranteed stocks or shares while paying full dividends may be carried at a fixed value in tieu 23. of market value, at the discretion of the commissioner and in 12accordance with such method of computation as he may approve. 13 The stock of a subsidiary of an insurer shall be 14 3. valued on the basis of the value of only such of the assets 15of such subsidiary as would constitute lawful investments 1.6 of the insurer if acquired or held directly by the insurer. 17 18 § 983. Valuation of property

g ses. <u>Valuation of property</u>

19 Real property acquired pursuant to a mortgage loan 1. **2**0 or contract for sale, in the absence of a recent appraisal 21 deemed by the commissioner to be reliable, shall not be $\mathbf{22}$ valued at an amount greater than the unpaid principal of the 23 defaulted loan or contract at the date of such acquisition, together with any taxes and expenses paid or incurred in con- $\mathbf{24}$ nection with such acquisition, and the cost of improvements 25 26 thereafter made by the insurer and any amounts thereafter paid by the insurer on assessments levied for improvements .27 28 in connection with the property.

Other real property held by an insurer shall not be
 valued at an amount in excess of fair value as determined by
 recent appraisal. If valuation is based on an appraisal
 more than 3 years old, the commissioner may at his discretion

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call for and require a new appraisal in order to determine
 fair value.

§ 984. <u>Valuation of purchase money mortgages</u>
Purchase money mortgages on real property referred to
in section 983, subsection 1, of this subchapter shall be
valued in an amount not exceeding the acquisition cost of
the real property covered thereby or 90% of the fair value
of such real property, whichever is less.

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5. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to prohibit an insurer from advancing funds to another insurer upon the type of agreement provided for in section 3415 (borrowed capital funds) of this Title, and subject to the terms of such Olector, 3415.

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1	CHAPTER 13
2	INVESTMENTS
3	§ 1101. Scope of chapter
4	Except as provided in section 1137 of this chapter,
5	this chapter applies to domestic insurers only.
6	
7	§ 1102. Eligible investments
8	1. Insurers shall hereafter invest in or lend their
9	funds on the security of, and shall hold as invested assets,
10	only disco only eligible investments a prescribed in this chapter.
11	2. Any particular investment held by an insurer on
12	the effective date of this Act, which was a legal invest-
13	ment at the time it was made, and which the insurer was
14	legally entitled to possess immediately prior to such effec-
15	tive date, shall be deemed to be an eligible investment.
16	3. Eligibility of an investment shall be determined
17	as of the date of its making or acquisition, except as stated
18	in subsection 2 above.
19	4. Any investment limitation or diversification require-
20 .	ment based upon the amount of the insurer's assets or
2 1	particular funds shall relate to such assets or funds as
22	shown by the insurer's annual statement as of the December
23	31 next preceding date of acquisition of the investment by
24	the insurer, or as shown by a current applicable financial
25	statement resulting from merger of another insurer, bulk
2 6	reinsurance, or change in capitalization.
27	
2 8	§ 1103. General qualifications
29	1. No security or investment (other than real and
3 0	personal property acquired under section 1125 (real estate)
31	Cof-this chapter), shall be eligible for acquisition unless
32	it is interest bearing or interest accruing or entitled to

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Chap. 13 INVESTMENTS

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dividends for is otherwise income-entitled, is not then in default in any respect, and the insurer is entitled to receive for its exclusive account and benefit the interest or income accruing thereon.

5 2. No security or investment shall be eligible for 6 purchase at a price above its fair value or market value.

7 3. No provision of this chapter shall prohibit the acquisition by an insurer of other or additional securities 8 or property if received as a dividend or as a lawful distri-9 bution of assets, or upon a debt or judgment, or under a 10 lawful and bona fide agreement of bulk reinsurance, merger, 11 12 or consolidation. Any security or property so acquired which is not otherwise an eligible investment under this 13 14 chapter shall be disposed of pursuant to section 1133 of this 15 chapter if real estate, or pursuant to section 1134 of this 16 chapter if personal property or securities.

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§ 1104. Authorization, record of investments

An insurer shall not make any investment or loan,
 (other than policy loans or annuity contract loans of a life
 insurer) unless the same is authorized or approved by the
 insurer's board of directors or by a committee thereof
 charged with supervision of investments and loans.

24 2. The insurer shall maintain a full record of each 25 investment, showing, among other pertinent information, the 26 name of any officer, director or principal stockholder of 27 the insurer having any direct, indirect, or contingent 28 interest in the securities, loan, or property constituting 29 the investment, or in the person in whose behalf the invest-30 ment is made, and the nature of such interest.

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	1	§ 13	105.	Diversification - Life, life/health insurers	
2 Investments of an insurer transacting life or hea					
	3	insurances or both shall as to such insurances be subject			
	4	to the fo	ollowi	ng diversification requirements and limita-	
	5	tions:			
	6	1.	Not 1	less than 60% of the insurer's assets in aggre-	
	7	gate amou	unt sł	all consist of cash funds and investments	
	8	eligible	under	the following sections of this chapter:	
	9	Α.	1107	(public obligations);	
1	LÛ	в.	1108	(obligations, stock of certain federal and	
]	11	internat	ional	agencies);	
1	2	<u>C</u> .	1109	(corporate obligations);	
נ	13	Ð.	1116	(trustees' or receivers' obligations);	
î	4	F.E.	1117	(equipment trust certificates);	
1	15		1118	(acceptances, bills of exchange);	
ĩ	L6	HG.		(savings institutions);	
1	17	ĮH.		(bank's common trust fund);	
1	18	J.	1121	(hydrocarbon production payments);	
3	19	K.	1122	(policy loans);	
2	20	ĸ.	1124	(mortgage loans);	
2	21	. AL.	1126	(housing developments); and	
2	22	AN.	1130	(investments in foreign countries).	
2	23	2.	The i	insurer shall not invest in aggregate amount	
2	24	over 20%	of it	s assets in all investments eligible under the	
2	25	following	g sect	tions of this chapter:	
-2	26	D.	1112	(preferred or guaranteed stocks);	
2	27	<i>.</i> ₽ .	1113	(common stocks);	
2	28	E.	1114	(insurance stocks);	
2	29	đ.	1115	(stocks of subsidiaries) as to subsidiary	
3	30	insuranc		porations; and	
3	31	Þ.			
3	32	3.	The i	12 (mutual funds). (<i>in angregate amount</i>) insurer shall not invest over 15% of its assets	
		•)	

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Chap. 13 INVESTMENTS

1 <u>in-aggregate amount</u> in all investments(eligible under aust (127 (liaust propuly)). section (1125 (real estate), of-this chapter. $\mathbf{2}$ 3 The insurer shall not invest over 10% of its assets 4. in investments eligible under section 1127 (leased property) -4 of this chaster. 5 5. Notwithstanding any other provision an insurer 6 shall not invest in the aggregate an amount in excess of 7 35% of its surplus as to policyholders in all investments 8 9 eligible under the section 1115 (stocks of subsidiaries) of ---10 this chapter. Except as otherwise expressly provided an insurer 11 6. 12 shall not invest more than 10% of its assets in the securities of any one person, other than investments eligible under 13 the following sections of this chapter: 14 15. Α. 1107 (public obligations); 1108 (obligations, stock of certain federal and 16 в. 17 international agencies); and 1122 (policy loans). 18 c. 19 Other investment limitations shall be as provided 7. 20 in particular sections of this chapter. 21 Diversification - Property, casualty and other nonlife insurers 22 § 1106. 23 Investments of an insurer transacting property, casualty, $\mathbf{24}$ surety and other such insurances other than life insurance and annuity business, and including health insurance when 25 26 transacted by an insurer also transacting casualty insurance, 27 shall as to such insurances be subject to the following 28 diversification requirements and limitations: Not less than 30% of the insurer's assets in aggre-29 1. 30 gate amount shall consist of cash funds, agents' balances less than 90 days past due, and investments eligible under 31 the following sections of this chapter: 32

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3. The insurer shall not invest in aggregate amount over 20% of its assets in all investments eligible under sections 1125 (real estate) and 1127 (leased property) of this chapter.

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1	Α.	1107 (public obligations);
2	в.	1108 (obligations, stock of certain federal and
3	internat:	ional a	gencies);
4	с.	1109 ((corporate obligations);
5	D.	1112 (preferred or guaranteed stocks);
6	E.	1116 ((trustees' or receivers' obligations);
7	F.	1117 ((equipment trust certificates);
8	G.	1118 (acceptances, bills of exchange);
9	н.	1119 ((savings institutions);
10	I,	1120 ((common trust funds, mutual funds);
11	J.	1124 ((mortgage loans); and
12	. к.	1126 ((housing developments).
13	2.		nsurer shall not invest in aggregate amount
14	over 85%	2 N ^{of its}	s surplus as to policyholders in all invest-
15	ments el:	igib1e	under the following sections of this chapter:
16	Α.	1113 ((common stocks);
17	в.	1114 ((insurance stocks);
18	c.	1115 ((stocks of subsidiaries); and
19	< ^D .		2 (mutual funds).
2 0	. 琴.	Except	as otherwise expressly provided an insurer
2 1	shall no	t inves	st more than 10% of its assets in the securi-
22	ties of a	any one	e person, other than investments eligible
2 3	under the	e fol l o	owing sections of this chapter:
24	Α.	1107	(public obligations); and
25	в.	1108	(obligations, stock of certain federal and
2 6	internat	ional a	agencies).
27			- A
2 8	§ 1	107. 1	Public obligations
2 9	An	insuren	r may invest in bonds or other evidences of
30	indebted	ness, r	not in default as to principal or interest,
31	which ar	e valio	d and legally authorized obligations issued,
32	assumed,	or gua	aranteed by the United States or by any state

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1 thereof, or by Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or by 2 any county, city, town, village, municipality or district therein or by any political subdivision thereof or by a 3 public instrumentality of one or more of the foregoing, if, 4 5 by statutory or other legal requirements applicable thereto, such obligations are payable, as to both principal and 6 interest, from (2) taxes levied or by law required to be 7 levied upon all taxable property or all taxable income with-8 in the jurisdiction of such governmental unit, or from (2), 9 adequate special revenues pledged or otherwise appropriated 10 11 or by law required to be provided for the purpose of such payment; but not including any obligation payable solely out 12 13 of special assessments on properites benefited by local 14 improvements unless adequate security is evidenced by the 15 ratio of assessment to the value of the property or the obligation is additionally secured by an adequate guaranty fund 16 17 required by law.

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§ 1108. Obligations, stock of certain federal and international agencies

An insurer may invest in the obligations, and/or stock where stated, issued, assumed or guaranteed by the following agencies of the government of the United States of America, or in which such government is a participant, whether or not such obligations are guaranteed by such government:

25

1. Farm Loan Bank.

26 2. Commodity Credit Corporation.

27 3. Federal Intermediate Credit Banks.

28 4. Federal Land Banks.

29 5. Central Bank for Cooperatives.

30 6. Federal Home Loan Banks, and stock thereof.

31 7. Federal National Mortgage Association, and stock32 thereof when acquired in connection with sale of mortgage

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1 loans to such Association.

2 8. International Bank for Reconstruction and Develop-3 ment.

9. Inter-American Development Bank.

10. Asian Development Bank.

6 11. Any other similar agency of, or participated in by, 7 the government of the United States of America and of similar 8 financial quality.

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§ 1109. Corporate obligations

An insurer may invest in obligations, other than those 11 eligible for investment under section 1124 (mortgage loans) 12 of this chapter, issued, assumed or guaranteed by any solvent 13 14 institution created or existing under the laws of the United States or of Canada, or of any state, province, district or 15 territory thereof, which are not in default as to principal 16 or interest and which are qualified under any of the follow-17 18 ing:

Obligations (including also bonds, notes or other ~ 1. 19 obligations of corporations engaged primarily in the business 20 of owning or holding or leasing real property, secured by one 21 or more mortgages on real estate and/or by assignment of one 22 23 or more leases on real estate) secured by adequate collateral security and bearing fixed interest and if during each of 24 any 3, including either of the last 2, fiscal years of a 25 ⁻26 period of not less than 3 nor more than 5 fiscal years next 27 preceding the date of acquisition by the insurer, the net earnings of the issuing, assuming or guaranteeing institu-28 tion available for its fixed charges, as defined in section 29 **3**0 1110 of this chapter, shall have been not less than one and one-quarter times the total of its fixed charges for such 31 year, or obligations which, at the date of acquisition by 32

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Colligations secured by one or more
 leases, whether or not additionally
 secured by one or more mortgages,

provided the following conditions are met:

A.(a) The leases are assigned directly
to the insurer and are noncancellable
by either party except under provisions
specified in the leases and designed to
give adequate protection to the insurer's investment.

6. (b) The aggregate rentals due under all such leases are sufficient to provide
(1) for all expenses (including taxes other than the borrower's income tax) of operation of the leased property during the initial term of such leases and (ii) for amortization during the initial term of such leases than 90% of the investment (or 100% thereof if the investment is not also secured by a mortgage) with interest thereon.

- C. (c) The leases make suitable provisions for continuation of adequate payments throughout the life of the investment.
- **D.** (d) The lessees under such leases, or any corporation or instrumentality of government which has assumed or guaranteed the lessees' performance thereunder is such that its obligations would be eligible for investment by an insurer in accordance with the provisions of Section 1107 of this chapter or the aggregate net earnings of such lessees available for fixed charges, as defined in Section 1110 of this chapter, is at least equal to that required by Section 1109 1 of this chapter."

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the insurer, are adequately secured and have investment qualities and characteristics wherein the speculative elements are not predominant. In determining the adequacy of collateral security, not more than one-third of the total value of such required collateral shall consist of stock other than stock meeting the requirements of section 1112 (preferred or guaranteed stock) of this-chapter.

Fixed interest bearing obligations, other than -2. 8 9 those described in paragraph 1 above, if the net earnings of the issuing, assuming or guaranteeing institution avail-10 able for its fixed charges for a period of 5 fiscal years 11 next preceding the date of acquisition by the insurer have $\mathbf{12}$ 13 averaged per year not less than one and one-half times its annual fixed charges applicable to such period and if during 14 15 either of the last 2 years of such period such net earnings 16 have been not less than one and one-half times its fixed charges for such year. 17

18 Adjustment, income or other contingent interest 19 obligations if the net earnings of the issuing, assuming or 20 guaranteeing institution available for its fixed charges for a period of 5 fiscal years next preceding the date of acqui-21 22 sition by the insurer have averaged per year not less than 23 one and one-half times the sum of its average annual fixed 24 charges and its average annual maximum contingent interest 25 applicable to such period and if during either of the last 2 years of such period such net earnings have been not less 26 27 than one and one-half times the sum of its fixed charges and 28 maximum contingent interest for such year.

4. Fixed interest bearing obligations, other than
those described in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, if A. net earnings of the issuing, assuming or guaranteeing institution
available for its fixed charges for a period of 5 fiscal

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years next preceding the date of acquisition by the insurer 1 2 have averaged per year not less than one and one-quarter 3 times its average annual fixed charges applicable to such period and if during each of any 4 fiscal years of such 4 5 period such net earnings have been not less than one and one-quarter times its fixed charges for such year, B. the 6 7 net earnings of such institution available for its fixed charges during a period of not less than 7 nor more than 10 8 9 fiscal years next preceding the date of acquisition by the insurer have been such that for each of any 7 fiscal years 10 of such period such net earnings have been not less than 11 12 . one and one-quarter times its fixed charges for such year, and C. the liquid assets of such institution have been not 13 less than 105% of its liabilities, (other than capital stock 14 and surplus). For the purposes of this paragraph 4, "liquid 15 16 assets" and "liabilities" shall be determined in reliance 17 upon the latest regular financial statement of the issuing, 18 assuming or guaranteeing institution prepared as of a date not more than 15 months prior to the date of acquisition by 19 **2**0 the insurer; if net earnings are determined in reliance upon 21 consolidated earnings statements of parent and subsidiary 22 institutions, "liquid assets" and "liabilities" shall be 23 determined in reliance upon a consolidated financial state- $\mathbf{24}$ ment of parent and subsidiary institutions after treating 25 any minority stock interest in such subsidiary institutions as a liability; and the term "liquid assets" shall mean the .26 sum of cash, receivables or portions thereof, as the case 27 28 may be, payable on demand or not more than 10 years after the date as of which the determination thereof is made for 29 the purposes of this paragraph 4, and readily marketable 30 31 securities, in each case less applicable reserves and 32 unearned income.

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§ 1110. Same - Certain terms defined - Net earnings
 Certain terms used are defined for the purposes of
 this chapter as follows:

4 A. "Obligations" includes bonds, debenture, notes or
5 other evidences of indebtedness.

B. "Institution" includes a corporation, a jointstock association and a business trust.

8 C. "Net earnings available for fixed charges" means 9 net income after deducting operating and maintenance 10 expenses, taxes other than federal, state and other income 11 taxes, depreciation and depletion, but excluding extra-12 ordinary nonrecurring items of income or expense appearing 13 in the regular financial statements of the issuing, assuming 14 or guaranteeing institutions.

D. "Fixed charges" includes interest on funded and
unfunded debt, amortization of debt discount, and rentals
for leased properties.^C

2. If net earnings are determined in reliance upon 18 consolidated earnings statements of parent and subsidiary 19 **2**0 institutions, such net earnings shall be determined after 21 provisions for income taxes of only those subsidiaries in 22 which the parent institution owns directly or indirectly 23 less than 90% of all classes of voting stock, and after proper allowance for minority stock interest, if any; and 24 the required coverage of fixed charges shall be computed 25 26 on a basis including fixed charges and preferred dividends of subsidiaries other than those payable by such subsidiaries 27 to the parent corporation or to any other of such subsid-**2**8 iaries, except that if the minority common stock interest in 29 the subsidiary corporation is substantial, the fixed charges 30 and preferred dividends may be apportioned in accordance 31 with regulations prescribed by the commissioner. 32

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In applying the earnings tests under this chapter to any institution for any period, whether or not in legal existence at the beginning of such period:

Same - Application of earnings test

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§ 1111.

5 1. Earnings from the beginning of. such period may 6 include, as determined in accordance with adjusted or pro forma consolidated earnings statements, earnings of any 7 8 other institution the assets of which have been acquired 9 substantially as an entirety by purchase, merger, consolidation or otherwise after the beginning of such period. 10 If less than substantially all the assets of another institu-11 tion have been so acquired, and such assets constitute 12 either substantially all the assets of the acquiring insti-13 14 tution immediately after such acquisition or substantially all the assets theretofore employed by such other institu-15 16 tion in a divisional, branch or other unit operation, the 17 earnings determined to be properly attributable to the 18 assets so acquired may be so included, if certified by an independent accountant approved by the insurer to be earn-19 **2**0 ings so attributable. If any such acquisition of assets has 21 been made from a business enterprise other than an institu-22 tion, the earnings determined to be attributable to the assets 23 so acquired may likewise be so included if so certified. In 24 the case of any such inclusion of earnings of assets so 25 acquired, fixed charges, contingent interest or dividends for the period of such inclusion shall be either A. 25 the 26 fixed charges, contingent interest or dividends for such 27 period determined in accordance with adjusted or pro forma **2**8 consolidated statements for such period giving effect to any additional fixed charges or contingent interest existing or 29 30 dividends on stock or shares outstanding, immediately after such acquisition, properly attributable to such acquisition, 31 as certified by an independent accountant approved by the 32

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insurer to be such fixed charges, contingent interest or
 dividends so determined, or B. the fixed charges or contin gent interest existing or dividends on stock or shares out standing immediately after such acquisition.

If any institution has been reorganized pursuant 5 2. to the bankruptcy law after the beginning of such period, 6 7 earnings prior to such reorganization of the institution so reorganized may be so included. In the case of the inclu-8 9 sion of earnings prior to such a reorganization, fixed 10 charges, contingent interest or dividends for the period of 11 such inclusion shall be fixed charges or contingent interest 12 existing or dividends on stock or shares outstanding imme-13 diately after such reorganization.

14 3. If earnings are determined in reliance on consoli-15 dated earnings statements of parent and subsidiary institutions, A. the provisions of this paragraph may also be 16 17 applied in determining earnings of any subsidiary institu-18 tion and B. any institution which has become a subsidiary 19 institution after the beginning of such period may be inclu-20 ded as a subsidiary institution from the beginning of such 21 period. In the case of any such inclusion of a subsidiary 22 institution, fixed charges, contingent interest or dividends 23 for the period of such inclusion shall be either A. the 24 fixed charges, contingent interest or dividends for such 25 period determined in accordance with adjusted or pro forma **2**6 consolidated statements for such period which give effect to 27 any additional fixed charges or contingent interest existing 28 or dividends on stock or shares outstanding, immediately 29 after such subsidiary institution shall have become a subsidiary, properly attributable to the acquisition of stock 30 or shares of such subsidiary institution, during such period 31 and before it became a subsidiary, as certified by an inde-32

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pendent accountant approved by the insurer to be such fixed
 charges, contingent interest or dividends so determined, or
 B. the fixed charges or contingent interest existing or divi dends on stock or shares outstanding immediately after such
 subsidiary institution became a subsidiary.

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§ 1112. Preferred or guaranteed stocks

An insurer may invest in the preferred or guaranteed 8 9 stocks or shares of any solvent institution created or existing under the laws of the United States or of Canada, or of 10 any state, province, district or territory thereof, if all 11 of the prior obligations and prior preferred stocks, if any, 12 13 of such institution at the date of acquisition by the insurer are eligible as investments under this chapter; and if quali-14 fied under paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 following: 15

Preferred stocks or shares shall be deemed quali fied if both of the following requirements are met:

Α. The earnings of such institution available for its 18 fixed charges for a period of 5 fiscal years next preceding 19 **2**0 the date of acquisition by the insurer shall have averaged 21 per year not less than one and one-half times the sum of its 22 average annual fixed charges, if any, its average annual 23 maximun contingent interest, if any, and its average annual 24 preferred dividend requirements applicable to such period; 25 and

B. During either of the last 2 years of such period
such net earnings shall have been not less than one and
one-half times the sum of its fixed charges, contingent
interest and preferred dividend requirements for such year.
The term "preferred dividend requirements" shall be deemed
to mean cumulative or non-cumulative dividends whether paid
or not.

2. Guaranteed stocks or shares shall be deemed qualified if the assuming or guaranteeing institution meets the requirements of paragraph 2 of section 1109 (corporate obligations) of this chapter, construed so as to include as a fixed charge the amount of guaranteed dividends of such issue or the rental covering the guarantee of such dividends.

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§ 1113. Common stocks

An insurer may invest in nonassessable (except as to 9 bank or trust company stocks, and except for taxes) common 10 stocks, other than insurance stocks, of any solvent corpora-11 tion organized and existing under the laws of the United 12 States or Canada, or of any state or province thereof, if 13 14 such corporation has had net earnings available for dividends on such stock in at least 5 of the 7 fiscal years next 15 16 preceding acquisition by the insurer. If the issuing corporation has not been in legal existence for the whole of such 7 17 18 fiscal years but was formed as a consolidation or merger of 2 or more businesses of which at least one was in operation 19 **2**0 on a date 7 years prior to the investment, eligibility of its common stock under this section shall be based upon consoli-21 22 dated pro-forma statements of the predecessor or constituent 23 institutions.

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§ 1114. Insurance stocks

An insurer may invest in the stocks of other solvent
 insurers formed under the laws of this or another state,
 which stocks meet the applicable requirements of sections
 1112 (preferred or guaranteed stocks) or 1113 (common
 stocks) of this chapter.

31 2. With the commissioner's advance written consent an
32 insurer may acquire and hold the controlling interest in the

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outstanding voting stock of a stock insurer formed under the laws of this or another state. The commissioner shall not give his consent if he finds that such acquisition would not be in the best interests of the insurers involved, or of their respective policyholders or stockholders, or that it would materially tend to lessen competition or to result in any monopoly in the insurance business.

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§ 1115. Stocks of subsidiaries

An insurer may invest in the stock of its subsidiary
 insurance corporation formed or acquired by it; or in the
 stock of its subsidiary business corporation or corporations
 formed and engaged solely in any one or more of the follow ing businesses:

A. In any business necessary and incidental to the convenient operation of the insurer's insurance business, or to
(..., to the business busility is produced and
17 the administration of any of its lawful affairs;

B. Providing any of actuarial, computer, data processing, accounting, claims, appraisal, collection, loss prevention,
or safety engineering and similar services;

Real estate management and development;

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D. Premium financing;

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E. Financing of agents of the insurer;

F. Acting as investment adviser and/or principal an investment company of management companies, underwriter of a management company or management companies, (mutual funds), registered as such under the Investment
Companies Act of 1940;
G. Financial and investment counseling services;

30 I. Administration of self-insured pension and similar
31 plans, or the self-insured portions of such plans;
32 J. Acting as administrative agent for a government

Administration of self-insurance plans;

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1 instrumentality which is performing an insurance function;

K. Securities broker-dealer;

3 L. Escrow services;

M. Trust services with respect to funds payable or
paid by it under its insurance contracts.

6 2. For the purposes of this section a "subsidiary" is
7 a corporation of which the insurer owns 100% of its outstand
8 ing stock or of which the insurer owns sufficient stock to
9 give it effective control.

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§ 1116. Trustees' or receivers' obligations

12 An insurer may invest in certificates, notes or other 13 obligations issued by trustees or receivers of any institu-14 tion created or existing under the laws of the United States 15 or of any state, district or territory thereof, which, or 16 the assets of which, are being administered under the 17 direction of any court having jurisdiction, if such obliga-18 tion is adequately secured as to principal and interest. 19

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§ 1117. Equipment trust certificates

21 An insurer may invest in equipment trust obligations or 22 certificates which are adequately secured, or in other ade-23 quately secured instruments evidencing an interest in trans-24 portation equipment wholly or in part within the United 25 States of America and a right to receive determined portions 26 of rental, purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for 27 the use or purchase of such transportation equipment.

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§ 1118. Acceptances, bills of exchange

30 An insurer may invest in bank and bankers' acceptances 31 and other bills of exchange of the kind and maturities made 32 eligible, pursuant to law, for purchase in the open market

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1 2 by federal reserve banks.

\$ 1119. Savings institutions
An insurer may invest in the shares of savings and loan
or buildings and loan associations or in the savings accounts
of federal savings and loan associations, to the extent that
the investment or account is insured by the Federal Savings
and Loan Insurance Corporation pursuant to the National
Housing Act of 1934, as amended.

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§ 1120. Common trust funds, mutual funds

12 An insurer may invest in:

A bank's common trust fund as defined in section
 584 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954; and

15 2. The securities of any open-end management type 16 investment company or investment trust registered with the 17 federal Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as from time to time amended, if 18 such investment company or trust (other than one of which 19 a subsidiary of the insurer is investment adviser or prin-20 cipal underwriter, has a net asset value of not less than 21 22 \$25,000,000 as at the date of investment by the insurer.

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§ 1121. Hydrocarbon production payments

25 An insurer may invest in production payments, or ⁻26 interests therein evidenced by trust certificates or other 27 instruments, payable from oil, gas or other hydrocarbons in producing properties located in the United States or the 28 adjacent continental shelf if an obligation secured by and 29 payable from such production payment or interest therein 30 subsection 1, would qualify for investment under section 1109 / (corporate 31 obligations) of this chapter as an obligation which is 32

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1 adequately secured and has investment qualities and charac-2 teristics wherein the speculative elements are not predomin-3 ant. "Production payments" means rights to oil, gas or other 4 hydrocarbons in place or as produced which entitle the owner 5 thereof to a specified fraction or percentage of production 6 until a specified sum of money has been received.

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§ 1122. Policy loans

9 A life insurer may lend to its policyholder upon pledge 10 of the policy as collateral security, any sum not exceeding 11 the cash surrender value of the policy; or may lend against 12 pledge or assignment of any of its supplementary contracts 13 or other contracts or obligations, so long as the loan is 14 adequately secured by such pledge or assignment. Loans so 15 made are eligible investments of the insurer.

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§ 1123. Collateral loans

An insurer may lend and thereby invest its funds upon 18 19 the pledge of securities eligible for investment under this 20 chapter. As at date made, no such loan shall exceed in 21 amount 90% of the market value of such collateral pledged. 22 The amount so loaned shall be included pro rata in determining the maximum percentage of funds permitted under this 23 24 chapter to be invested in the respective categories of 25 securities so pledged.

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§ 1124. Mortgage loans

An insurer may invest in bonds, notes or evidences
 of indebtedness other than those described in section 1109
 (corporate obligations) of this chapter, which are secured
 by first mortgages or deeds of trust upon improved real
 property located in the United States or Canada, (including

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leasehold estates having an unexpired term of not less than
 21 years, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provi ded by enforceable options of renewal, if the underlying real
 property is not subject to any prior lien, and subject to the
 following requirements:

6 A. The security for the loan must be a first lien upon7 such real property; and

8 B. In the case of leaseholds, there must not be any 9 condition or right of re-entry or forfeiture not insured 10 against under which the insurer is unable to continue the 11 lease in force for the duration of the loan.

Nothing herein shall prohibit any investment by
 reason of the existence of any prior lien for ground rents,
 taxes, assessments or other similar charges not yet
 delinquent.

3. A mortgage shall nevertheless be deemed to be a 16 first lien for the purposes of this section if, although 17 junior in lien to a prior existing mortgage covering the 18 19 same real property, the net amount actually advanced by the 20 insurer under its mortgage plus the balance of principal and accrued interest then remaining unpaid under such prior 21 22 mortgage does not exceed the amount which the insurer other-23 wise could have invested in such mortgage loan, and if the 24 investing insurer administers the payments and other per-25 formance required under such prior mortgage.

4. Such a mortgage loan or loans made or acquired by an insurer on any one property shall not at time of investment by the insurer, be in amount in excess of 80% of the fair market value of the property or permit amortization over a period in excess of 40 years, or, in the case of leasehold interest, be in excess of 75% of the fair market value of such interest or permit amortization over a period

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exceeding four-fifths of the lease term remaining at the 1 time of the loan. Prior to the investment the value of the 2 3 property or of the leasehold interest shall be determined, for the purposes of the investment, by a competent appraiser. 4 In applying the limitations under subsection 4 5 5. above, there may be excluded from the amount invested that 6 7 portion guaranteed by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 8 9 1944, as amended, or insured by the Federal Housing Adminis-10 tration under the National Housing Act, as amended, or by 11 other United States or Canadian government agency.

12 6. An insurer may invest in purchase money mortgages or like securities received by it upon the sale or exchange 13 14 of real property acquired pursuant to section 1125 of this schapter. Subsection 4 of this section shall not apply as to 15 16 such investments.

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§ 1125. Real estate Electron provider in the character in the provider in the character is the character in the character in the character is the character in the character in the character is the character in the character in the character is the character in the character in the character is the character in the character in the character is the character is the character in the character in the character is the character in the character in the character is the character in the character is the character in the character in the character in the character in 19 if used for the purposes or acquired in the manners, and 20 21 within the limits, as follows:

22 Α. The building in which it has its principal office, the land upon which the building stands, and such other real 23 estate as may be requisite for the insurer's convenient $\mathbf{24}$ accommodation in the transaction of its business. 25 The **2**6 amount so invested shall not aggregate more than 10% of the 27 insurer's assets, if a life insurer, or more than 15% of **2**8 the insurer's assets if a property or casualty or surety or 29 other such nonlife insurer.

30 в. Real estate acquired in satisfaction of loans, mort-31 gages, liens, judgments, decrees or debts previously owing to the insurer in the due course of its business. 32

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C. Real estate acquired in part payment of the consideration on the sale of other real estate owned by it, if such transaction shall have effected a net reduction in the insurer's investments in real estate.

5 D. Real estate acquired by gift or devise, or through
6 merger, consolidation, or bulk reinsurance of another insurer
7 under this Title.

8 E. The seller's interest in real estate subject to an 9 agreement of purchase or sale, but the sum invested in any 10 such interest shall not exceed two-thirds of the fair value 11 of such parcel.

12 F. Additional real estate and equipment incident 13 thereto, if necessary or convenient for the purpose of 14 enhancing the sale or other value of real estate previously acquired or held under this section. 15 Such real estate and 16 equipment, together with the real estate for the enhancement 17 of which it was acquired, shall be included, for the purpose of applicable investment limits, and shall be subject to 18 19 disposal under section 1133 of this chapter at the same time 20 and under the same conditions as apply to such enhanced real 21 estate.

Improved real estate, or any interest therein, 22 G. acquired or held by purchase, lease, or otherwise, other 23 than real estate to be used primarily for agricultural, 24 25 ranch, mining, development of oil or mineral resources, recreational, amusement, hotel, motel, or club purposes, 26 27 acquired as an investment for production of income, or 28 acquired to be improved or developed for such investment 29 purposes pursuant to an existing program therefor. The insurer may hold, mortgage, improve, develop, maintain, 30 manage, lease, sell, convey, and otherwise dispose of real 31 estate acquired by it under this provision. 32

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2. For the purposes of section 1124 (mortgage loans)
 of this chapter and this section 1125, "improved" real
 property means:

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A. Farmland used for tillage, crop or pasture;

B. Real estate on which permanent improvements, or
improvements under construction or in process of construction,
suitable for residence, institutional, commercial or
industrial use, are situated; and

9 C. Real estate to be developed for the use or uses set 10 forth in paragraph B, above, on which improvements, or 11 improvements under construction or in process of construction, 12 such as streets, sidewalks, sewers and utilities which will 13 become an integral part of such development, are situated or 14 abut.

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§ 1126. Housing developments

17 To the extent and upon such conditions as may be authorized by the commissioner, an insurer may invest in stock and 18 19 evidences of indebtedness of any housing company or redevelop-20 ment company organized under the private housing finance law of this or any other state, or of any corporation organized 21 22 for the purpose of owning and operating any housing project 23 under laws expressly designed to promote the provision of housing for persons of low and moderate income, or in the 24 securities of any corporation organized under the laws of 25 26 this or any other state for the purpose of owning, acquiring or holding real property or any interest therein as an 27 28 investment for the production of income or to be developed 29 or improved for such investment purpose, if all of the stock (other than directors' qualifying shares) of such housing 30 -> company, redevelopment company, or corporation has been or is 31 to be originally issued to one or more insurers, whether 32

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- domestic or foreign.

§ 1128.

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§ 1127. Leased property

An insurer may invest in personal or real property owned either by the insurer or by a trustee, while under lease to a lessee able to meet any one of the earnings tests provided by section 1109 (corporate obligations) of this chapter.

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: Separate accou Special investments of pension sharing-or-annuity-funds

The amounts allocated to each separate account established 11 12 by the insurer in-connection with a pension, retirement or sprefit-sharing plan or annuity pursuant to section 2537 13 (pension, profit-sharing, annuity agreements (separate 14 15 accounts) of this Title, together with accumulations thereon may be invested and reinvested in any class of investments 16 17 which may be authorized in the written contract or agreement without regard to any requirements or limitations prescribed 18 by this chapter; except, that to the extent that the insurer's 19 reserve liability with regard to $(\frac{1}{2})_{i}$ benefits guaranteed as 20 juincipal 5. to amount and duration, and 22 funds guaranteed as to 21 22 principal amount or stated rate of interest, is maintained 23 in any separate account, a portion of the assets of such separate account at least equal to such reserve liability $\mathbf{24}$ 25 shall be invested in accordance with the applicable provisions of this chapter. The investments in such separate 26 account or accounts shall not be taken into account in apply-27 ing the investment limitations applicable to other investments 28 of the insurer. 29

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31 § 1129. Special investments of title insurers
32 1. A title insurer may also have invested funds in an

amount not exceeding 50% of its paid-in capital stock and
 its surplus, in its abstract plant and equipment and in
 stocks of abstract companies.

4 2. Investments authorized under subsection 1 shall not
5 be credited against required reserves.

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§ 1130. Investments in foreign countries

8 1. An insurer authorized to transact insurance in a 9 foreign country, or which has outstanding insurance, annuity 10 or reinsurance contracts on lives or risks resident or located in a foreign country may invest in or otherwise acquire 11 12 or loan upon securities and investments in such foreign 13 country which are substantially of the same kinds, classes and investment grades as those eligible for investment under 14 15 other sections of this chapter; but the aggregate amount of such investments in a foreign country and of cash in the 16 17 currency of such country shall not, except as to Canadian investments otherwise authorized under this chapter, exceed 18 19 one and one-half times the amount of its reserves and other 20 obligations under such contracts or the amount which the 21 insurer is required by law to invest in such country, whichever is the greater. 22

23 2. In addition to the foreign investments otherwise permitted under this chapter, an insurer may invest in or 24 25 otherwise acquire or loan upon securities and investments 26 in foreign countries which are substantially of the same kinds, classes and investment grades as those otherwise 27 28 eligible for investment under this chapter; but the aggre-29 gate amount of such investments under this subsection shall not exceed 1% of the insurer's assets. . 30

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§ 1131. Miscellaneous investments

An insurer may make loans or investments not other-2 1. wise expressly permitted under this chapter, in aggregate 3 4 amount not over 5% of the insurer's assets if a life insurer, and in aggregate amount not over 10% of the insurer's assets 5 if a property or casualty or surety or other such nonlife 6 7 insurer, and not over 1% of such assets as to any one such loan or investment, if such loan or investment fulfills the 8 requirements of section 1103 (general qualifications) of this² 9 102 chapter and otherwise qualifies as a sound investment. No 11 such loan or investment shall be represented by: 12 A. Any item described in section 902 (assets not allowed) of this Title, or any loan or investment otherwise 13 expressly prohibited. 14 Agent's balances, or amounts advanced to or owing 15 в. by agents; except as to policy loans, mortgage loans, and 16 17 collateral loans otherwise authorized under this chapter. 18 C. Any category of loans or investments expressly 19 eligible under any other provision of this chapter. 20 D. Any asset theretofore acquired or held by the insurer under any other category of loans or investments 21 22 eligible under this chapter. The insurer shall keep a separate record of all 23 2. loans and investments made under this section. 24 25 § 1132. Conversion and incidental rights **2**6 27 Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to prohibit an insurer from making an investment otherwise authorized under 28 this chapter, because the investment is convertible into 29 other securities in which the insurer is not permitted to 30 invest under this chapter, or because the insurer receives 31 32 in connection with such investment stock warrants, whether

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or not detachable, stock options, stock, property interests 1 or other assets of any kind. Anything so received by the 2 insurer and in which the insurer is otherwise not authorized 3 to invest, shall be carried on its books at no value and-4 shall be disposed of by the insurer under the applicable pro-5 visions of sections 1133 (time limit for disposal of real 6 7 estate) or 1134 (time limit for disposal of other ineligible property and securities) of this chapter. 8 9 10 § 1133. Time limit for disposal of real estate Except as stated in subsection 2 of this section, 1. 11 12 or unless the insurer elects to hold the real estate as an 13 investment under paragraph G, subsection 1, of section 1125 14 of this chapter: 15 An insurer shall dispose of real estate acquired Α. under paragraph A, subsection 1, of section 1125 of this 16 17-chapter within 5 years after it has ceased to be necessary 18 for the convenient accommodation of the insurer in the trans-19 action of its business. **2**0 в. An insurer shall dispose of real estate acquired under paragraphs B, C or E, subsection 1, of section 1125 of 21 22 - this chapter within 5 years after the date of acquisition, 23 unless used or to be used for the insurer's accommodation 24 under paragraph A, subsection 1, of section 1125 of this 25 chapter. 2. 26 Upon proof satisfactory to him that the interests of the insurer will suffer materially by the forced sale 27 28 thereof, the commissioner may by order grant a reasonable 29 extension of the period, as specified in such order, within 30 which the insurer shall dispose of any particular parcel of such real estate. 31

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§ 1134. Time limit for disposal of other ineligible property and securities

Any personal property or securities lawfully acquired 2 by an insurer which it could not otherwise have invested in 3 or loaned its funds upon at the time of such acquisition, 4 shall be disposed of within 3 years from date of acquisition 5 unless within such period the security has attained to the 6 standard of eligibility; except, that any security or per-7 sonal property acquired under any agreement of bulk 8 reinsurance, merger, or consolidation, may be retained for a 9 longer period if so provided in the plan for such reinsurance, 10 merger, or consolidation as approved by the commissioner under 11 chapter 47 of this Title. Upon application by the insurer 12 and proof that forced sale of any such property or security 13 14 would materially injure the interests of the insurer, the commissioner may extend the disposal period for an addition-15 16 al reasonable time.

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§ 1135. Failure to dispose of real estate or securities - Effect, penalty

19 1. Any real estate, personal property, or securities 20 lawfully acquired, and held by an insurer after expiration 21 of the period for disposal thereof or any extension of such 22 period granted by the commissioner as provided in sections 23 l133 and 1134 of this chapter, shall not be allowed as an 24 asset of the insurer.

25 2. The insurer shall forthwith dispose of any ineligible 26 investment unlawfully acquired by it, and the commissioner 27 shall suspend or revoke the insurer's certificate of 28 authority if the insurer fails to dispose of the investment 29 within such reasonable time as the commissioner may, by his 30 order, specify.

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§ 1136. Prohibited investments and investment underwriting

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1. In addition to investments excluded pursuant to other provisions of this Title, an insurer shall not invest in or lend its funds upon the security of:

Issued shares of its own capital stock, except (1) 5 Α. for the purpose of mutualization under chapter 47 of this 6 7, Title, or (2) for retirement, or (3) pursuant to a plan for such investment or loan submitted in writing by the insurer 8 9 to the commissioner in advance, and which the commissioner has not, within 20 days after such submission or within such 10 additional reasonable period as the commissioner may request, 11 disapproved as being unfair or inequitable to the insurer's 12 13 policyholders or stockholders.

14 в. Securities issued by any corporation or enterprise 15 the controlling interest of which is, or will after such acquisition by the insurer be, held directly or indirectly 16 by the insurer or any combination of the insurer and the 17 insurer's directors, officers, subsidiaries, or controlling 18 19 stockholders, and the spouses and children of any of the **2**0 foregoing individuals. Investments in controlled insurance 21 corporations or subsidiaries under sections 1114 and 1115 22 of this chapter are not subject to this provision.

C. Any note or other evidence of indebtedness of any
director, officer, employee or controlling stockholder of
the insurer or of the spouse or child of any of the foregoing
except as to policy loans authorized under section 1122 of
this chapter.

No insurer shall underwrite or participate in the
 underwriting of an offering of securities or property of
 any other person. This provision shall not be deemed to
 H(U) prohibit: The acquisition and ownership by the insurer of its
 subsidiary corporation acting as investment adviser and or

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(b) the registration by the incurar, under the Securities and of 1933 or other applicable law, of restricted or other securities example between acquired in regular course of business.

1 principal underwriter of a management company or investment 2 company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commis-3 sion under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. 4 3. No insurer shall enter into any agreement to with-5 hold from sale any of its securities or property, and the disposition of its assets shall at all times be within the 6 control of the insurer. This furnisis chief out to deside to affect any suffer a discussion of the incurse under a contract or agreened referred to in letter 2537 (separato accounts) of the First 7 8 9 § 1137. Investments of foreign insurers The investment portfolio of a foreign or alien insurer 10 shall be as permitted by the laws of its domicile if of a 11

12 quality substantially equal to that required under this chap-13 ter for similar funds of like domestic insurers.

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CHAPTER 15. ADMINISTRATION OF DEPOSITS 1 2 § 1251. Authorized deposits of insurers The following deposits of insurers when made through 3 4 the commissioner shall be accepted and held in trust, 5 subject to the provisions of this chapter: 1. Deposits required under this Title for authority 6 to transact insurance in this State. 7 Deposits of domestic insurers when made pursuant to the charter: 8 2. , to the laws of other states, provinces, and countries as 9 10 requirement for authority to transact insurance in such state, province, or country. 11 12 3. Deposits in such additional amounts as are permitted to be made under section 1259 of this chapter. 13 14 § 1252. Purpose of deposit Deposits made in this State under section 412 15 1. 16 (deposit requirement) of this Title shall be held in trust for the respective purposes stated in that section. 17

18 2. A deposit made in this State by a domestic insurer
19 transacting insurance in another state, province, or country,
20 and as required by the laws of such other state, province, or
21 country, shall be held for the protection of all the insurer's
22 policyholders or all its policyholders and creditors or for
23 such other purpose or purposes as may be specified pursuant
24 to such laws.

3. Deposits required under the retaliatory law, section
428 of this Title, shall be held for such purposes as is required by such law, and as specified by the commissioner's
order requiring such deposit to be made.

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§ 1253. Securities eligible for deposit

30 1. All such deposits required under section 412 of this
31 Title for authority to transact insurance in this State and
32 hereafter made shall consist of securities in negotiable

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form of kinds eligible for investment of funds of domestic
 insurers under chapter 13 of this Title, other than real estate
 mortgages, and approved by the commissioner for deposit.
 Deposits heretofore made shall consist of such assets as were
 then eligible for deposit.

6 2. All other deposits of a domestic insurer held in this 7 State pursuant to the laws of another state, province, or 8 country shall be comprised of securities of the kinds des-9 cribed in subsection 1, above, and of such additional kind 10 or kinds of securities required or permitted by the laws of 11 such state, province, or country.

12 3. Deposits of foreign insurers made in this State under 13 the retaliatory law, section 428 of this Title, shall consist 14 of such assets as are required by the commissioner pursuant 15 to such law.

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§ 1254. Depositary; records

Deposits made in this State under this Title shall be
 made through the commissioner with the Treasurer of State.

2. The Treasurer of State shall furnish the commissioner,
 for delivery to the depositing insurer, his official certificate
 identifying the securities deposited, the amount and par value
 of each, and his opinion of their value.

3. The commissioner shall keep a record of the securities
comprising the deposit of each insurer, showing as far as practical the amount and market value of each item, and all his
transactions relative thereto.

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§ 1255. Responsibility for safekeeping

The State shall be responsible for the safekeeping of all securities and receipts delivered to the commissioner under authority of this chapter.

31 § 1256. Custodial arrangements

1. In lieu of deposit with the Treasurer of State as

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provided in section 1254 of this chapter, upon the insurer's written request and for its greater convenience, the commissioner may in his discretion permit the insurer to make and maintain the deposit under custodial arrangements with the trust department of an established bank located in Maine.

6 2. Where of convenience to the insurer in the buying, 7 selling and exchange of securities comprising its deposit, 8 and in the collection of accruals thereon, the insurer may, 9 with the commissioner's advance written approval, deposit 10 certain of its securities under custodial arrangements with 11 an established bank or trust company located outside this 12 State.

13 3. The insurer shall deposit with the Treasurer of State
14 through the commissioner the original receipts issued by the
15 custodian institution for all securities held under such cus16 todial arrangements.

17 4. The form and terms of all such custodial arrangements
18 shall be as prescribed or approved by the commissioner consist19 ent with the applicable provisions of this Tiple.

5. The insurer shall bear the costs of custodial arrangements, and the State of Maine shall not be responsible for the
safekeeping of securities so held.

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§ 1257. Assignment, transfer of securities or assets

All assets deposited by an insurer and not negotiable by delivery shall be duly assigned or transferred to the commissioner and his successors in office. Upon release of any such security to the insurer, the commissioner shall reassign or transfer the same to the insurer.

29 § 1258. Appraisal

30 The commissioner may, in his discretion, prior to acceptance
31 for deposit of any particular security, or at any time thereafter
32 while so deposited, have the same appraised or valued by compet-

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ent appraisers. The reasonable cost of any such appraisal
 or valuation shall be borne by the insurer.

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§ 1259. Excess deposits

If securities deposited by an insurer under this
 chapter are subject to material fluctuations in market value,
 the commissioner may, in his discretion, require the insurer
 to deposit and maintain on deposit additional securities in
 amount reasonably necessary to assure that the deposit at all
 times has a market value of not less than the amount specified
 under the law by which the deposit is required.

11 2. An insurer may otherwise at its option deposit $\mathbf{12}$ securities in amount exceeding its deposit required or otherwise 13 permitted under this Title by not more than 20% of such required or permitted deposit, or \$20,000, whichever is the larger amount, 14 15 for the purpose of absorbing fluctuations in the value of secur-16 ities deposited and to facilitate exchange and substitution of 17 such securities. During the solvency of the insurer any such excess shall be released to the insurer upon its request. Dur-18 ing the insolvency of the insurer, such excess deposit shall subsection 19 be released only as provided in section 1263 5 of this chapter. $\mathbf{20}$

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§ 1260. Rights of insurer during solvency

So long as the insurer remains solvent and is in compliance
with this Title it may:

24 1. Demand, receive, sue for and recover the income from
25 the securities deposited;

2. Exchange and substitute for the deposited securities,
 eligible securities of equivalent or greater fair market value; and
 3. At any reasonable time inspect any such deposit.

29 § 1261. Levy upon deposit

30 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 below the judgment 31 creditor or other claimant of an insurer shall have the right to 32 levy upon any of the assets held in this State as a deposit for

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the protection of the insurer's policyholders or policyholders and creditors. As to deposits made pursuant to the retaliatory provision, section 428 of this Title, levy thereupon shall be permitted if so provided in the commissioner's order under which the deposit is required.

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§ 1262. Deficiency of deposit

7 If for any reason the market value of securities of an insurer held on deposit in this State as required under this 8 9 Title falls below the required amount, the insurer shall promptly 10 deposit other or additional assets eligible for deposit suffici-11 ent to cure the deficiency. If the insurer has failed to cure the deficiency within 20 days after receipt of notice thereof 12 13 by registered mail from the commissioner, the commissioner shall forthwith revoke the insurer's certificate of authority. 14

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§ 1263. Duration and release of deposit, in general

16 1. Every deposit made in this State by an insurer pursuant 17 to this Title shall be held as long as there is outstanding any 18 liability of the insurer as to which the deposit was so required; 19 or, if a deposit required under the retaliatory law, section 428, 20 of this Title, the deposit shall be held for so long as the basis 21 of such retaliation exists.

22 Upon the request of a domestic insurer, the commissioner 2. 23 shall return to the insurer the whole or any portion of the $\mathbf{24}$ assets and securities of the insurer held on deposit when the 25 commissioner is satisfied that the securities so to be returned are subject to no liability and are not required to be longer 26 held by any provision of law or the purposes of the original 27 28 deposit. If the insurer has reinsured all its outstanding risks in another insurer or insurers authorized to transact insurance band if so provided in the reinsurance agreement, in this State, the commissioner shall deliver such securities 29 30 to such insurer or insurers so assuming such risks, upon proof 31 32 to his satisfaction A. that the assuming insurer has assumed

1 and agreed to discharge all liabilities of every kind due and $\mathbf{2}$ to become due which the deposit was to secure, B. that the assuming insurer has on deposit in this State or with a State 3 official in the United States, securities in an amount and 4 5 value not less than the deposit required of the reinsured insurer and which will subsist for the security of the obliga-6 7 tions of the reinsured insurer so assumed, and C. that such assets and securities have been duly assigned, transferred 8 9 and set over to such assuming insurer or insurers.

10 3. The commissioner shall return to a foreign insurer 11 any deposit made in this State by the insurer, when the insurer 12 has ceased transacting insurance in this State, or in the 13 United States, and the insurer is not subject to any liability 14 in this State on account of which the deposit was held.

4. If the insurer is subject to delinquency proceedings as defined in section 4353 of this fitter upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction the commissioner shall yield the insurer's assets held on deposit to the receiver, conseryator, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the insurer, or to any other properly designated official or officials who succeed to the management and control of the insurer's assets.

5. No release of deposited assets shall be made except upon application to and the written order of the commissioner. The commissioner shall have no personal liability for any release of any such deposit or part thereof so made by him in good faith.

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CHAPTER 17 1 AGENTS, BROKERS, CONSULTANTS, AND ADJUSTERS 2 SUBCHAPTER I 3 LICENSING PROCEDURES & GENERAL REQUIREMENTS 4 § 1501. Scope of chapter 5 This chapter governs the qualifications, licensing, 6 7 and general requirements as to insurance agents, brokers, 8 consultants and adjusters, as to any and all kinds of insurance and types of insurers; except that: 9 10 1. This chapter does not apply as to reinsurance; and 2. The application of this chapter as to domestic 11 12 mutual assessment insurers is as provided in section 3628 of 13 Sthis Title. 14 § 1502. "Agent" defined, in general 15 As used in this Title, insurance "agent" means a 16 17 general lines agent, or life agent, or health agent, as 18 defined in this subchapter, or all such agents, as indicated 19 by context. 20 21 § 1503. "General lines agent" defined 22 A general lines agent is any person authorized or 23 appointed by an insurer to solicit applications for insur-24 ance contracts or to negotiate for such contracts in its 25 behalf and, if authorized to do so by the insurer, to 26 effectuate and countersign insurance contracts for one or 27 more kinds of insurance as follows: 28 1. Casualty insurance; 29 2. Property insurance; 30 3. Marine and transportation insurance; 31 4. Surety insurance; 32 5. Health insurance, when transacted by an insurer

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also represented by the same agent as to property or 1 2 casualty or surety insurance; and 6. Title insurance. 3 4 § 1504. "Life agent" defined 5 A life agent is a person authorized or appointed by an 6 7 insurer to solicit applications for, or negotiate the procurement of, life insurance contracts or annuity contracts 8 on behalf of the insurer, including also the solicitation 9 and negotiation of health insurance contracts where so 10 11 authorized and transacted by the same insurer. 12 13 § 1505. "Health agent" defined A "health" agent is any person authorized or appointed 14 by an insurer to solicit applications for, or negotiate the 15 procurement of health insurance contracts on behalf of the 16 17 insurer, other than an agent licensed as to health insurance under sections 1503 ("general lines agent" defined) or 1504 18 ("life agent" defined) of this chapter. 19 20 § 1506. "Broker" defined 21 22 A "broker" is any person who, not being an agent of 1. 23 the insurer, as an independent contractor and-on-behalf of issont 24 the insured solicits, negotiates, or procures insurance or annuity contracts or the renewal or continuation thereof 25 on bihalf of forkinsureds or prospective insureds other than himself. 26 A "general lines broker" is a broker so transacting 27 2. one or more kinds of insurance as follows: 28 29 Casualty insurance; Α. 30 в. Property insurance; c. Marine and transportation insurance; 31 32 D. Surety insurance; and

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E. Title insurance. 1 A "life broker" is a broker licensed as to life 2 3. insurance and annuity contracts, and as to health insurance 3 contracts if so requested by the broker. 4 5 "Service representative" defined § 1507. 6 1. A "service representative" is an individual 7 regularly employed on salary by an insurer, group of insurers, 8 or managing general agent to work in the field with licensed 9 agents in soliciting, negotiating and effectuating insurance 10 in such insurer, group, or insurers represented by the 11 12 managing general agent. 2. Service representatives are not required to be 13 licensed as such, but shall qualify for and be licensed as 14 an agent, resident or nonresident, as the case may be, as to 15 the kinds of insurance to be transacted as a service repre-16 17 sentative. 18 3. This section does not apply as to life and health 19 insurances and annuity contracts. 20 21 § 1508. "Consultant" defined 22 A "consultant" is any individual who as an inde-1. 23 pendent contractor in relation to his client for fee or $\mathbf{24}$ compensation other than from the insurer in any manner 25 advises, or offers or purports to advise, any person actually 26 or prospectively insured, or named or to be named as bene-27 ficiary, or having or to have any interest in or insured 28 under, any insurance contract or annuity contract, existing 29 or proposed, relative to coverage, advisability, rights, or interests under such contract, or relative to the retention, 30 exchange, surrender, exercise of rights, or other disposi-31 tion of such a contract or of rights thereunder. 32 This

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1 subsection shall not apply as to:

2 An attorney while licensed to practice and actively Α. 3 practicing law in this State; or 4 An insurance actuary, and as such a member or в. 5 associate of the Society of Actuaries or Academy of 6 Actuaries. 7 2. A "general lines consultant" is one licensed as a 8 consultant as to any one or more of the following kinds of 9 insurance: 10 Α. Casualty insurance; 11 Β. Property insurance; 12 C. Surety insurance; 13 D. Marine and transportation insurance; 14 Ε. Title insurance. 3. A "life consultant" is one licensed as a consultant 15 16 as to life insurance contracts, annuity contracts and health 17 insurance contracts. 18 "Adjuster" defined findependent § 1509. 19 ÷. 20 An adjuster is any person who for compensation as an independent contractor or for fee, investigates and settles, 21 and reports to his principal relative to, claims arising 22 23 under insurance contracts or annuity contracts, on behalf 24 solely of either the insurer or the insured. The definition -25 of adjuster shall not be deemed to include and license as 26 adjuster shall not be required of: 1. Attorneys at law admitted to practice in this State; 27 **2**8 2. Definition: The salaried employee of the insurer, or of the 29 managing general agent representing the insurer, as to whom

30 the employer has filed with the commissioner in advance 31 written notice of the employee's name and address and 32 authority to adjust.

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1	C. A licensed resident agent of the insurer as to whom
2	the insurer has filed with the commissioner in advance
3	written notice of the agent's name and address and authority
4	to adjust.
5	2. "Independent adjuster means an adjuster represent-
6	ing only the insurer.
7	3. "Public adjuster" means an adjuster employed by and
8	representing solely the interests of the insured named in
9	the policy as to losses under fire insurance coverages.
10	
11	§ 1510. "Organization" defined
12	For the purposes of this chapter an "organization" is
13	a partnership or a corporation.
14	
15	§ 1511. "Resident," "nonresident" defined
16	1. For the purposes of this chapter a "resident" is an
17	individual whose domicile or principal place of business is
18	located in this State, or an organization with an established
19	place of business in this State.
2 0	2. A "nonresident" is other than a resident.
21	
22	§ 1512. License required; liability; validity of contract; penalty
23	1. No person shall in this State be, act as, or hold
24	himself out to be, with respect to subjects of insurance
25	resident, located, or to be performed in this State or else-
2 6	where, an agent or broker or consultant unless then licensed
27	as such under this Title. No person shall in this State be,
2 8	act as, or hold himself out to be an adjuster unless then
2 9	licensed as an adjuster under this Title, except as provided
3 0	in section 1858 (nonresident adjusters of special, catas-
31	trophe losses) of this chapter.
32	2. No agent or broker shall take application for,

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procure, or place for others, any kind of insurance as to which he is not then licensed under this Title. No consultant shall act as such with respect to any kind of insurance as to which he is not then licensed as consultant under this Title.

6 3. Except as provided in section 1677 (excess or
7 rejected risks), no agent shall place any insurance with
8 any insurer as to which he does not then hold a license and
9 appointment as agent under this Title.

4. An agent is personally liable under any insurance
contract made by or through him outside the scope of his
licensed authority. An insurance contract issued on an application solicited, received or forwarded by an unlicensed
person and otherwise valid, is not thereby rendered invalid.

In addition to or in lieu of any applicable denial,
suspension, or revocation of license or-administrative-fine,
any person violating this section shall, upon conviction, be
punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$1,000,
or by imprisonment for less than 1 year, or by both such fine
and imprisonment.

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§ 1513. Exceptions to license requirement

In addition to persons otherwise excluded therefrom, the definitions of agent, broker, consultant, or adjuster shall not be deemed to include, and no license shall be required as to:

Individuals performing only clerical or administra tive services in the office of the employer; and including,
 if a salaried employee of a general lines agent or general
 lines broker, incidental taking of insurance applications in
 the office of the employer if the employee does not receive
 commission on such applications and his compensation is not

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1 varied thereby.

2. Salaried employees of insurers or of life agents
 3 or life brokers who do not solicit or accept from the public
 4 applications for life insurance.

5 Any regular salaried officer or employee, other-than-3. 6 a-service-representative, of an authorized insurer rendering 7 assistance to or on behalf of a licensed agent or broker, if 8 such officer or employee devotes substantially all of his time to activities other than the solicitation of applications 9 10 for insurance or annuity contracts, and receives no commission or other compensation directly dependent upon the amount 11 12 13

- 14
- § 1514. Purpose of license; "controlled business"

15 The purpose of a license issued under this chapter 1. to an agent or broker is to authorize and enable the licensee 16 17 actively and in good faith to engage in the insurance business 18 with respect to the general public, and to facilitate the 19 public supervision of such activities in the public interest; 20 and not for the purpose of enabling the licensee to receive a rebate of premium in the form of "commission" or other com-21 pensation upon insurance solicited or procured by or through 22 23 him upon his own interests or upon those of other persons 24 with whom he is closely associated in capacities other than as an insurance agent or broker. **25** ·

26 2. The commissioner shall not grant, renew, continue, 27 or permit to exist any license as agent or broker as to any 28 applicant therefor or licensee thereunder if he finds that 29 the license is being or will probably be used by the appli-30 cant or licensee materially for the purpose of writing 31 "controlled business," that is:

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A. Insurance of his own interests or those of his

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1 family or of his employer; or

2 Insurance or annuity contracts covering himself or Β. 3 members of his family, or a corporation, association or partnership, or the officers, directors, stockholders, 4 partners, employees or debtors of such a corporation, 5 association or partnership, of which he or a member of his 6 7 family is an officer, director, stockholder, partner, 8 associate, or employee. 9 3. Such a license shall be deemed to have been, or 10 intended to be, used materially for the purpose of writing controlled business if the commissioner finds that during 11 12 any 12 months' period the aggregate commissions earned from such controlled business have exceeded or probably will 13 exceed 45% of the aggregate commissions earned or to be 14 earned on all business written or probably to be written 15 by such applicant or licensee during the same period. 16 4. 17 This section shall not apply as to: Insurance of the interest of a sales or financing 18 Α. 19 agency in a motor vehicle sold or financed by it. Insurance of the interest of a real property mort-20 Β. 21 gagee in the mortgaged property. C. Credit life and credit health insurance. D. Any 12-month period during which the license was totally disabled for 6 months or more. 22 23 § 1515. Licensing forms 24 25 The commissioner shall prescribe, consistent with the 26 applicable requirements of this chapter, and furnish all 27 printed forms required under this chapter in connection $\mathbf{28}$ with application for and issuance of licenses, examinations 29 for licenses, and for appointment and termination of appointments of agents. 30

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1	§ 1516. License to be issued only on compliance
2	1. For the protection of the people of this State the
3	commissioner shall not issue or continue or renew or permit
.4	to exist any license as agent, broker, consultant, or
5	adjuster except in compliance with the applicable provisions
6	of this chapter.
7	2. The commissioner shall not issue, or continue, or
8	renew, or permit to exist any such license as to any indi-
9	vidual who has not established to the commissioner's satis-
10	faction that he is qualified therefor in accordance with the
11	applicable provisions of this chapter.
12	
13	§ 1517. Licensing of organizations

14 A firm or corporation shall be licensed only as an 1. 15 agent or broker or adjuster. Each general partner of a firm, and each other individual to act for the firm or corporation 16 17 under the license, shall be named in or registered with the commissioner as to the license, and shall qualify as though 18 an individual licensee. Such an individual shall exercise 19 20 the license powers only for and in the name of the organization, but this shall not prevent such individual from at 21 22 the same time being separately licensed and acting in his 23 own behalf and name. A full additional license fee shall be paid as to each respective individual in excess of one named 24 25 in or registered as to the organization license.

26 2. The commissioner shall not license a firm or
27 corporation unless the license is within purposes stated in
28 the partnership agreement or certificate of organization.

3. The organization must establish and maintain a
place of business in this State if to be licensed as a resident agent or broker.

32 4. All such licensees shall be subject to the applicable

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standards of subsection 2 of section 407 (ownership, manage ment) of this Title.

5. The licensee shall promptly notify the commissioner
of every change among its members, directors and officers, and
of other individuals designated in or registered as to the
license.

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§ 1518. Application for license

Written application for an agent, broker, consult-9 1. 10 ant, or adjuster license shall be made to the commissioner 11 by the applicant, accompanied by the applicable license application and examination application fees shown in section 601 12 13 (fee schedule) of this Title, and the investigation cost, if 14 applicable, referred to in section 1519 of this chapter. The 15 application shall be signed and duly sworn to be the appli-16 cant.

17 2. The application form shall require full answers to 18 questions reasonably necessary to determine the applicant's 19 identity, age, residence, present occupation and occupations and business record over not less than the 5 years next pre-20 ceding the date of the application, financial responsibility, 21 22 insurance experience, special education or instruction in 23 insurance and insurance laws of this State he has had or expects to receive, purpose for which the license is to be 24 25 used, whether he will devote all or part of his efforts to transactions under the license and, if part only, how much 26 time he will devote to such transactions and in what other 27 28 business or businesses he is or will be engaged or employed, and such other facts as the commissioner may require relative 29 to the applicant's qualifications for the license as such 30 qualifications are stated in this chapter. The application 31 shall be accompanied by an imprint of the applicant's 32

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1 fingerprints and applicant's recent photograph.

2 3. If for an agent, broker, or consultant license the
3 application shall state the kinds of insurance proposed to
4 be transacted.

5 4. If for an agent license, the application shall be 6 accompanied by written appointment by an authorized insurer 7 of the applicant as agent for such kinds of insurance, sub-8 ject to issuance of the license.

9 5. If the applicant is a firm or corporation, as provided in section 1517 of this chapter, the application shall 10 show, in addition, the names and residence addresses of all 11 12 members, officers and directors, and shall designate the name and residence address of each individual who is to exercise 13 14 the license powers; and each such individual shall furnish information with respect to himself as though for an indi-15 vidual license. 16

17 6. The application shall show whether the applicant 18 was ever previously licensed anywhere as to insurance; 19 whether any such license was ever refused, suspended, revoked or renewal or continuance refused; whether any 20 21 insurer, general agent, agent or broker claims applicant 22 to be indebted to it, and if so, the details thereof and 23 applicant's defense thereto; whether applicant has ever had an agency contract cancelled, and the facts thereof; and, if 24 applicant is a married woman, like information with respect 25 to her husband. 26

7. If the application is for license as an agent, it shall be accompanied by the insurer's certificate, on form furnished by the commissioner and signed by the insurer's duly authorized representative, that the insurer has investigated the applicant's character and background and is satisfied that he is trustworthy and qualified to act as its

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; except, that in lieu of obtaining a special such report, the commissioner may, in his discretion, accept a similar report furnished by or on behalf of an insurer which proposes to appoint the applicant as its agent. agent and will hold himself out in good faith to the general
 public as an agent.

8. No applicant for license under this chapter shall
wilfully misrepresent or withhold any fact or information
called for in the application form or in connection therewith.

9. The commissioner shall withhold from public inspec8 tion information of a personal nature concerning applicants
9 for license.

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§ 1519. Investigation

12 1. Upon completion of any application for license under 13 this chapter the commissioner shall make such investigation 14 as he deems advisable of the applicant's character, financial 15 responsibility, experience, background, and fitness for the 16 license applied for.

17 2. As to applicants not theretofore licensed under this 18 Title or licensed as insurance agent, broker, or adjuster in this State under laws heretofore in force, the commissioner 19 $\mathbf{20}$ shall secure, as soon as is reasonably possible after filing $\mathbf{21}$ of the application, a credit and investigation report rela-22 tive to the applicant from a recognized and established 23 independent investigation and reporting agency? The cost, of $\mathbf{24}$ such report, in a reasonable uniform flat amount as from time 25 to time fixed by the commissioner, shall be paid by or on behalf of the applicant, and shall be deposited with the 26 27 commissioner at the time of filing the application. The 28 commissioner shall promptly deposit the payment with the 29 Treasurer of State to the credit of the insurance regulatory 30 fund. The commissioner shall keep confidential the contents 31 of any such report.

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§ 1520. Examination for license; application for examination

After completion and filing of application with the
 commissioner as required by section 1518 of this chapter the
 commissioner shall subject each applicant for license as
 agent, broker, consultant, or adjuster, unless exempted
 therefrom under section 1521 of this chapter; to a written
 examination as to his competence to act as such agent, broker,
 consultant, or adjuster.

9 2. If the applicant is an organization, the examina10 tion shall be so taken by each individual who is to be
11 named in or registered as to the license, as provided in
12 section 1517 of this chapter.

3. As to life insurers authorized to issue variable
annuities, applicants appointed by such insurers to solicit
such annuity contracts in this State, in addition to completing examinations required for a life agent's license,
shall take and pass successfully a separate examination

17 shall take and pass successfully a separate examination
18 *covering the subject of variable annuities* and pay a separate
19 examination application fee therefor.

4. An applicant for license as both a life agent or
broker and a general lines agent or broker shall be separately
examined as to life insurance and as to such general lines,
and shall pay a separate examination application fee as to
each of such two examinations.

25 5. Nothing in subsections 3 or 4 above shall be deemed
26 to prohibit the giving of all required examinations as to a
27 particular applicant on the same day.

6. Written application for the examination shall be filed with the commissioner by or on behalf of the applicant not less than 10 days prior to the date fixed for the examination, as provided in section 1523 of this chapter, and shall be accompanied by the fee for such application as

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For the purposes of this subsection an agent's license covering fire insurance and existing on the effective date of this Act shall be deemed to be the equivalent of a license covering "property" insurance as defined in this Title. specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title. This
 application fee is earned when paid, and is not subject to
 refund.

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§ 1521. Exemption from examination

6 Section 1520 of this chapter shall not apply and no such
7 examination shall be required of:

An applicant for license covering the same kind or 8 1. 9 kinds of insurance as to which the applicant was licensed 10 under a similar license in this State, other than a temporary 11 license or initial license as a life agent, within 2 years next preceding date of application for the license, unless 12 · 13 such previous license was revoked or continuation thereof refused by the commissioner, and if the commissioner deems 14 the applicant to be fully qualified for the license. 🗲 15

16 2. An applicant for an agent's license who is currently 17 licensed as a broker or as a consultant as to the same kind 18 or kinds of insurance, or has been so licensed within 12 19 months next preceding date of application for the license, 20 unless such previous license was revoked or suspended or 21 continuation thereof refused by the commissioner.

3. Applicants for limited license under section 1531
of this chapter, who represent public carriers and in the
course of such representation solicit or sell insurance
incidental to the transportation of persons or to the storage
or transportation of property, and as to insurance so transacted.

4. Applicants for license as title insurance agent,
who are attorneys at law duly licensed to practice law in
this State.

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1	§ 1522. Scope of examination; reference material
2	1. Each examination for license as agent, broker, con-
3	sultant, or adjuster shall reasonably test the applicant's
4	competence and knowledge of the kinds of insurance, policies
5	and transactions to be handled under the license applied
6	for, of the duties and responsibilities of such a licensee,
7	and of the pertinent laws of this State with which the
8	appiicant reasonabiy should be familiar.
9	2. The examination for a broker license shall be more
10	difficult than that for an agent license; the examination
11	for a consultant license shall be substantially more diffi-
12	cult than that for a broker license and shall be a thorough
13	testing of the applicant's competence to provide expert
14	advice within the field covered by the license applied for;
15	and the examination for a life agent permanent license shall
16	be substantially more difficult than the examination for
17	initial license as a life agent as provided for in section
18	1674 of this chapter.
19	3. The commissioner shall prepare and make available
20	to applicants printed information as to the general scope
2 1	of, and particular subjects to be covered by, the examina-

tion for a particular license, together with information as to published books and other reference sources which may be studied by the applicant in preparation for the examination.

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§ 1523. Conduct of examination

All examinations of license applicants shall be
 conducted by the commissioner, or his designee using
 examinations prepared by him.

31 2. The commissioner shall make examinations available
32 to applicants at least biweekly at the commissioner's

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principal office; and at such other times and places in this
 State as the commissioner may deem advisable.

3 3. All the kinds of insurance and annuity business the 4 applicant proposes to transact under the license applied for 5 shall be included in the same examination, except as provi-6 ded in subsections 3 and 4 of section 1520 of this chapter 7 as to applicants for license as to both life insurance and 8 general lines, and as to variable annuities.

9 4. The commissioner shall give, conduct, and grade all 10 examinations in a fair and impartial manner and without 11 unfair discrimination as between individuals examined.

5. The applicant must pass the examination with a
grade indicating his ability to perform his duties in a
satisfactory manner under the license for which he applies.

6. Within 30 days after the examination the commisand the applicant as to whether or not he
16 sioner shall inform the applicant as to whether or not he
17 has passed.

18 7. The commissioner shall keep each examination paper19 on file for at least 6 months.

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21 § 1524. Failure to take examination; re-examination 22 An applicant who fails to take an examination within 1. 90 days after filing application therefor shall forfeit both 23 $\mathbf{24}$ his application and the fee paid in connection therewith. 25 An applicant who has failed to pass the first 2. examination for the license applied for may take a second 26 27 examination after a one-week waiting period, and without 28 paying a new examination application fee if the second examination is taken within 6 months after the first examin-29 30 ation.

31 3. An applicant who has failed to pass the first two
32 examinations for the license applied for shall not be

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permitted by the commissioner to take a third or subsequent
 examination until expiration of 6 months after the last pre vious examination. Except as provided in subsection 2,
 above, the applicant shall pay a new examination application
 fee with respect to each examination after the first examina tion for the license applied for.

7 4. A different set of examination questions than any
8 theretofore used as to the same applicant shall be used on
9 each re-examination.

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§ 1525. Examination advisory boards -Designation, appointment

12 1. The commissioner shall continue to appoint two 13 advisory boards to make recommendations to him with respect 14 to the scope, type and conduct of written examinations for license, the times and places within the State where examina-15 16 tions shall be held, and with respect to the other matters 17 referred to in this section. He shall appoint one such 18 board with respect to general lines agent licensing, to be 19 referred to as the "general lines agent examination advisory **2**0 board;" he shall appoint the other such board with respect to life agent licensing, to be referred to as the "life agent 21 22 examination advisory board."

Each such board shall consist of 5 members, to be 23 2. appointed by the commissioner for terms of 3 years each, on 24 a staggered term system so as to prevent the terms of more 25 26 than 2 members from expiring in any one year. No person shall be eligible for appointment to such a board unless 27 28 he or she is active on a full-time basis in the general 29 lines insurance business (as to the general lines advisory 30 board) or in the life insurance business (as to the life advisory board), and is a resident of this State. 31 No 32 person may be reappointed to a board for more than one

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1 3-year term.

2	3. In appointing members to the general lines
3	advisory board, the commissioner so far as practicable
4	shall appoint persons with prior experience in the education
5	and training of fire, casualty or surety insurance agents or
e	prospective agents; and so far as practicable the commis-
7	sioner shall so constitute such board that it shall at all
8	times include members who are experienced in the fire,
9	casualty or surety insurance business, 2 of whom shall be
10	representatives of general lines agents, one of whom shall
11	be a representative of the domestic mutual insurers (other
12	than life insurers), one of whom shall be the representative
13	of other insurers authorized to do a property, casualty or
14	surety insurance business in this State, and one of whom
15	shall represent the public.

16 In appointing members to the life advisory board 4. the commissioner so far as practicable shall appoint persons 17 with prior experience in the education and training of life 18 19 insurance agents or prospective agents; and so far as 20 practicable the commissioner shall so constitute the board 21 that it shall at all times include one general agent or 22 manager of a life insurance agency within this State, and one salaried home office officer or employee of a domestic 23 24 life insurer.

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§ 1526. Same - Functions, reports, expenses

1. Each respective such advisory board shall meet with the commissioner twice during each calendar year at times and places to be designated by the commissioner, and on such other occasions as its members deem appropriate. The commissioner shall furnish to the board such information, not otherwise designated by law as confidential, as its members

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may reasonably require with respect to the conduct, scope
 and results of examinations of general lines agents (as to
 the general lines advisory board) or of life agents (as to
 the life advisory board).

5 2. Each such board shall make at least one written annual report to the commissioner with respect to the 6 matters within its province. In the report, or in addition 7 8 thereto, the board shall provide the commissioner with its 9 specific recommendations from time to time as to changes in 10 the scope, format and nature of examinations with which it is concerned, as appear to its members desirable and in the 11 best interest of the people of this State, and of the 12 13 property, casualty or surety insurance business (as to the general lines advisory board) or the life insurance business 14 (as to the life advisory board) as conducted in this State. 15

16 3. The commissioner shall avail himself and his depart-17 ment of all such recommendations and material so furnished 18 by the respective such boards, and shall adopt or implement 19 such portions thereof as appear to him appropriate and 20 advisable.

21 Each board may, in addition, consult with the com-4. 22 missioner with respect to possible legislation or regulatory 23 measures designed or intended to improve the quality and $\mathbf{24}$ nature of the solicitation and servicing of property, 25 casualty or surety insurance by licensed general lines 26 agents (as to the general lines advisory board), or of life 27 insurance by licensed life agents (as to the life advisory board), within this State; but nothing in this section shall 28 29 be deemed to vest any authority in such a board other than on an advisory basis as stated. 30

31 5. The written reports of a board shall be matters of
32 public record, and available from the commissioner upon

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1 request.

2 6. The members of such a board shall serve without compensation, but with the commissioner's approval may be 3 reimbursed for their reasonable travel expenses in attend-4 ing any meeting called by the commissioner. 5 6 Issuance, refusal of license; refundability of fees § 1527. 7 8 1. If the commissioner finds that the application is complete, that the applicant has passed any required examina-9 10 tion and is otherwise qualified for the license applied for, he shall promptly issue the license; otherwise, the commis-11 12sioner shall refuse to issue the license and promptly notify 13 the applicant and the appointing insurer (if application is for an agent's license) of such refusal, stating the grounds 14 thereof. 15 16 2. If the license is refused, the commissioner shall 17 promptly refund to the appointing insurer, in the case of applications for agent's license, the appointment fee 18 tendered with the license application. All other fees for 19 20 application for agent, broker, consultant, or adjuster license shall be deemed earned when paid and shall not be 21 22 refundable. 23 24 § 1528. License categories 25 The commissioner shall issue under this chapter the 26 following categories of license only: 27 1. Agent license: Resident agent, individual or organization. 28 Α. Nonresident agent, individual or organization. 29 в. C. Life agent initial license. 30 Life agent permanent license. 31 D. Except as provided in section 1531, of this chapter, 32 Ε. -142-

1	an agent license must cover one or more complete kinds of
2	insurance as defined in chapter 9 of this Title.
3	2. Broker license:
4	A. Resident broker, individual or organization.
5	B. Nonresident broker, individual or organization.
6	C. A broker license must cover one or more complete
7	kinds of insurance as defined in chapter 9 of this Title.
8	3. <u>Consultant license</u> :
9	A. Consultant, individual only.
10	B. A consultant license must cover either or both of
11	the following categories, as selected by the licensee:
12	(1) General lines, that is, property, casualty and
13	surety insurances.
14	(2) Life insurance, annuities, and health insurance.
15	4. Adjuster license:
16	A. Independent adjuster, Individual or organization.
17	B. Public adjuster, individual or organization.
18	
19	§ 1529. License contents; number of licenses required
2 0	1. The license shall state the name and address of
21	the licensee, date of issue, general conditions relative
22	to expiration or termination, the kind or kinds of insur-
23	ance covered by the license, if applicable, and such other
24	conditions as the commissioner deems proper for inclusion
25	in the license certificate. No license shall be issued in
2 6 [^]	a trade name unless the name has been duly registered or
27	filed as required by law.
2 8	2. The license of an agent shall not specify the
29	name of any particular insurer by which the licensee is
3 0	appointed as agent, except as provided in subsection 4,
31	below, as to limited licenses; and the licensee may,
32	subject to section $^{)}1530$ of this chapter as to life or health \bigcirc^{\flat}

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agents, represent as such agent under the one license as
 many insurers as may appoint him therefor, with respect to
 the kind or kinds of insurance covered by the license, in
 accordance with this chapter.

5 3. A license issued to an organization shall list the
6 location of each place of business of the organization.

7 4. Each limited license issued pursuant to section
8 1531 of this chapter shall show also the name of the insurer
9 so represented, and a separate license shall be required as
10 to each such insurer.

11 5. The license of an adjuster shall specify whether 12 licensed as an independent adjuster or as a public adjuster. 13

14

§ 1530. <u>Multiple licensing, life or health insurance</u> agents

15 A life or health insurance agent may concurrently 1. 16 be licensed as to as many life or health insurers as duly 17 file appointments of the licensee with the commissioner and 18 pay the appointment fee, except as provided hereinbelow. 19 2. Upon the filing of each appointment of the **2**0 licensee or proposed licensee by a life or health insurer 21 the commissioner shall promptly give written notice of the pending appointment to all other life or health insurers, 22 23 as the case may be, as to whom the licensee has been licensed in this State within the 24 months next preceding, and shall 24 allow such other insurers a reasonable period as specified 25 26 in the notice within which to respond. If the commissioner finds that the applicant or licensee has a debit balance 27 with any such other insurer which is not adequately secured 28 or otherwise provided for to the obligee insurer's satis-29 faction, and that such indebtedness is either acknowledged 30 by the applicant or licensee or the insurer has secured a 31 32 judgment therefor, the commissioner shall not effectuate

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1 the new appointment until after such debit balance has been 2 adequately secured, or otherwise so provided for. 3 § 1531. Limited licenses 4 5 The commissioner may issue to an applicant quali-6 fied therefor under this chapter a limited agent's license 7 as follows: Covering motor vehicle insurance only; or 8 Α. To persons representing public carriers, as provi-9 в. ded in paragraph 3 of section 1521 of this chapter; or 10 C. Covering only credit life and credit health 11 12 insurance. 13 2. No person so licensed shall concurrently hold license as an agent or broker as to any other or additional 14 15 kind of insurance. The fee for limited licenses is as specified in 3. 16 17 section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title. 18 19 § 1532. Continuation, expiration of licenses 20 1. Each broker (resident or nonresident), consultant, 21 and adjuster license issued under this Title shall continue 22 in force until expired, suspended, revoked or otherwise 23 terminated, but subject to payment to the commissioner at 24 his office in Augusta annually on or before December 31 of 25 the applicable continuation fee as stated in section 601 26 (fee schedule) of this Title, accompanied by written request 27 of the licensee for such continuation. Any such license not 28 so continued on or before December 31 shall be deemed to 29 have expired as at midnight on such December 31; except 30 that the commissioner may effectuate a request for continuation received by him within 30 days after such December 31 31 32 if accompanied by an annual continuation fee of 150% of the

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1 continuation fee otherwise required.

2 2. An initial license as life agent shall be for a
3 term of 1 year and shall not be subject to renewal, contin4 uance or re-issuance.

5 3. An agent license, other than initial license as 6 life agent, shall continue in force while there is in effect as to the licensee, as shown by the commissioner's 7 records, an appointment or appointments as agent of author-8 ized insurers covering collectively all the kinds of insur-9 10 ance included in the agent's license. Upon termination of all the licensee's agency appointments as to a particular 11 12 kind of insurance and failure to replace such appointment within 60 days thereafter, the license shall thereupon 13 14 expire and terminate as to such kind of insurance, and the licensee shall promptly deliver his license to the commis-15 sioner for reissuance, without fee or charge, as to such 16 17 kinds of insurance, if any, covered by the licensee's remaining agency appointments. Upon termination of all the 18 19 licensee's agency appointments the license shall forthwith 20 terminate.

4. As a condition to or in connection with the continuation of any agent or broker license the commissioner may require the licensee to file with him information as for application for the license, or as to the use made of the license during the current or next preceding calendar year.

27 5. This section does not apply to temporary licenses
28 issued under section 1536 of this chapter.

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§ 1533. Appointment of agents

Each insurer appointing an agent in this State shall
 file with the commissioner the appointment in writing,

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specifying the kinds of insurance or annuity business to be transacted by the agent for the insurer, and pay the appointment fee, or license fee in the case of limited licenses, at the rate specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this required to Line a beauty schemication furchast to produce 15 Title. An agent shall be separately appointed as to variable annuities and the insurer shall pay a separate appointment fee therefor.

2. Where an initial limited license is issued or an 8 initial agent appointment is filed as to an insurer after 9 10 the insurer's anniversary (as defined in section 1534 of this chapter) the commissioner shall reduce, to the nearest fifty 11 cents, the license or appointment fee in proportion to the 12 then expired portion of the insurer's appointment year, 13 except that in no case shall the fee as reduced be less than 14 15 \$1.

16 3. Subject to annual continuation by the insurer as 17 provided in section 1534 of this chapter, each appointment 18 shall remain in effect until the agent's license is revoked 19 or otherwise terminated, unless the insurer earlier termin-20 ates the appointment as provided in section 1535 of this 21 chapter.

22

23

§ 1534. Annual continuation of appointment

In order to spread the renewal of limited licenses 24 1. 25 and continuation of agent appointments with reasonable 26 uniformity throughout the calendar year, the commissioner shall fix a date ("insurer's anniversary") upon which all 27 28 such licenses and appointments shall be subject to renewal or continuation as to a particular insurer, and shall give 29 30 the insurer at least 90 days advance written notice of such 31 date.

32

2. Annually on or before the insurer's anniversary the

insurer shall file with the commissioner an alphabetical list 1 2 of the names and addresses of all its agents in this State 3 whose appointments, or licenses in the case of limited licenses, are to remain in effect as to the kinds of insur-4 ance or annuity business for which the respective agents are 5 so appointed or licensed, accompanied by payment of the 6 annual continuation of appointment fee, or license fee in 7 the case of limited licenses, as specified in section 601 8 (fee schedule) of this Title. At the same time, the insurer 9 shall also file with the commissioner an alphabetical list of 10 the names and addresses of all its agents whose appointments 11 or limited licenses in this State are not to remain in effect, 1213 or whose appointment as to certain kinds of insurance or annuity business are not to remain in effect and as desig-14 15 nated in such list. Any appointment or limited license not so continued and not otherwise expressly terminated shall be 16 17 deemed to have expired at midnight on the insurer's 18 anniversary.

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§ 1535. Termination of agent appointment

Subject to the agent's contract obligations and 21 1. 22 rights, if any, an insurer or agent may terminate an agency 23 appointment at any time. If termination is by the insurer, the insurer shall promptly give written notice of termina- $\mathbf{24}$ tion and the effective date thereof to the commissioner, and 25 26 to the agent where reasonably possible. The list of appoint-27 ments not being continued referred to in section 1534 of this chapter shall constitute such notice to the commis-28 sioner as to the terminations so listed. The commissioner 29 30 may require of the insurer reasonable proof that the insurer 31 has given such notice to the agent where reasonable possible. 32 2. Accompanying the notice of termination given the

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commissioner the insurer shall file with him a statement of the cause, if any, for termination. Any information, document, record or statement so disclosed or furnished to the commissioner shall be deemed an absolutely privileged communication and shall not be admissible as evidence in any action or proceeding unless so consented in writing by the insurer.

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§ 1536. Temporary license as agent or broker

9 1. The commissioner, in his discretion, may issue a 10 temporary license as agent or broker, as the case may be, to 11 or with respect to an individual otherwise qualified therefor 12 but without requiring such individual to take an examination, 13 in the following cases:

14 A. To the surviving spouse or next of kin, or to the administrator or executor or employee thereof, of a licensed 15 agent or broker becoming deceased, or to the spouse, next of 16 kin, employee or legal guardian or employee thereof, of a 17 18 licensed agent or broker disabled because of sickness, 19 insanity or injury, if in either case the commissioner deems 20 that such temporary license is necessary for the winding up or continuation of the agent's or broker's business. 21

B. To a member or employee of a firm, or officer or
employee of a corporation, licensed as agent or broker, upon
the death or disablement of an individual designated in or
registered as to the license to exercise the powers thereof.

C. To the designee of a licensed agent or broker
entering upon active service in the armed forces of the
United States of America.

A temporary license issued under this section shall
 be for a term of not over 6 months, and shall not be renewed.
 3. The fee paid for a temporary license may be applied
 upon the fee required for any permanent similar license

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issued to the licensee, prior to expiration of the temporary
 license and covering the same kinds of insurance.

3

§ 1537. Same - Rights, limitations

The temporary license may cover the same kinds of
 insurance for which the agent or broker thereby being
 replaced was licensed.

7 2. The temporary licensee may represent under the
8 license all insurers last represented by the replaced agent,
9 and without the necessity of new appointments of the licensee;
10 but the licensee shall not be appointed as to any additional
11 insurer or additional kind of insurance under such a
12 temporary license. This provision shall not be deemed to
13 prohibit termination of its appointment by any insurer.

14 3. A temporary licensee shall have the same license
15 powers and duties as under a permanent license.

16

17

§ 1538. Insurance vending machines

A licensed resident agent may solicit and issue
 personal travel accident insurance policies by means of
 mechanical vending machines supervised by the agent and
 placed at airports and similar places of convenience to the
 traveling public, if the commissioner finds:

A. That the policy to be so sold provides reasonable coverage and benefits, is reasonably suited for sale and issuance through vending machines, and that use of such a machine in a proposed location would be of material convenience to the public;

B. That the type of vending machine proposed to be
used is reasonably suitable for the purpose;

30 C. That reasonable means are provided for informing
 31 prospective purchasers of policy coverages and restrictions;
 32 and

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D. That reasonable means are provided for refund of money inserted in defective machines and for which no insurance, or a less amount than that paid for, is actually received.

5 As to each such machine to be used, the commis-2. 6 sioner shall issue to the agent a special vending machine 7 license. The license shall specify the name and address of 8 the insurer and agent, the name of the policy to be sold, 9 the serial number of the machine, and the place where the 10 machine is to be in operation. The license shall be subject 11 to annual continuation, to expiration, suspension, or revocation coincidentally with that of the agent. The commis-12 13 sioner shall also revoke the license as to any machine as to which he finds that the license qualifications no longer 14 15 The license fee shall be as stated in section 601 exist. (fee schedule) of this Title for each license year or part 16 17 thereof for each respective vending machine. Proof of the 18 existence of a subsisting license shall be displayed on or about each such machine in use in such manner as the commis-19 20 sioner reasonably requires.

21

22 Suspension, revocation, refusal of license § 1539. 23 1. The commissioner may suspend for not more than 12 24 months, or may revoke or refuse to continue any license 25 issued under this chapter or any surplus lines broker license if, after notice to the licensee and to the insurer 26 represented (as to an agent) and hearing, he finds that as 27 28 to the licensee any one or more of the following causes 29 exist:

30 A. For any cause for which issuance of the license
31 could have been refused had it then existed and been known
32 to the commissioner.

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B. For violation of or noncompliance with any appli cable provision of this Title, or for wilful violation of
 any lawful rule, regulation, or order of the commissioner.

C. For obtaining or attempting to obtain any such
license through misrepresentation, or for failure to disclose a material fact required to be disclosed in the application, or for fraud.

8 D. For misappropriation or conversion to his own use, 9 or illegal withholding, or illegal failure to remit, moneys 10 belonging to policyholders, or insurers, or beneficiaries, 11 or others and received in conduct of business under the 12 license.

E. For material misrepresentation of the terms of any
existing or proposed insurance contract.

15 F. For wilful overinsurance of property located in16 this State.

17 G. For holding at the same time licenses as a resident18 agent or broker in this and any other State.

H. If in conduct of his affairs under the license the
licensee has used fraudulent, or coercive, or dishonest
practices, or has shown himself to be incompetent, or untrustworthy, or financially irresponsible, or a source of injury
and loss to the public.

24 2. The license of a firm or corporation may be sus25 pended, revoked or refused also for any of such causes as
26 relate to any individual designated in or registered as to
27 the license to exercise its powers.

3. In lieu of such suspension, revocation, or refusal
to continue, the commissioner may levy an administrative fine
upon the licensee of not less than \$25 and not more than \$500.
The order levying the fine shall specify the date before
which the fine shall be paid. Upon failure to pay the fine

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when due, the commissioner shall revoke the licenses of the
 licensee and the fine may be recovered in a civil action
 brought on behalf of the commissioner by the Attorney
 General. Fines so collected shall be paid by the commis sioner forthwith to the Treasurer of State for the account
 of the insurance regulatory fund.

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§ 1540. Notice, effective date of suspension, revocation or refusal to continue

Upon suspension or revocation of or refusal to 9 1. 10 continue any such license the commissioner shall forthwith notify the licensee thereof in writing either delivered to 11 12 the licensee in person or sent by registered or certified 13 mail addressed to the licensee at his address last of 14 record with the commissioner. Notice by mail shall be 15 deemed effective when so mailed. The commissioner shall 16 give like notice to the insurers represented by an agent.

17 2. The suspension or revocation or refusal to continue
18 shall become effective upon the date specified in the notice,
19 but not less than 20 days after the notice was given or
20 mailed as provided in subsection 1 above.

21

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§ 1541. Return of license to commissioner

All licenses issued under this Title, although
 issued and delivered to the licensee, shall at all times be
 the property of the State of Maine. Upon any expiration,
 termination, suspension, or revocation of the license, the
 licensee or other person having possession or custody of
 the license shall forthwith deliver it to the commissioner
 by personal delivery or by mail.

30 2. As to any license lost, stolen, or destroyed while
31 in the possession of any such licensee or person, the com32 missioner may accept in lieu of return of the license, the

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affidavit of the licensee or other person responsible for
 or involved in the safekeeping of such license, concerning
 the facts of such loss, theft, or destruction.

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§ 1542. <u>Re-licensing after revocation</u>, refusal of license

The commissioner shall not again issue license 6 1. under this Title as to any person whose license has been 7 revoked or continuance refused, until after expiration of 8 one year from the effective date of such revocation or 9 10 refusal, or, if judicial review of such revocation or refusal is sought, until after one year from the date of 11 12 final court order or decree affirming such revocation or refusal, and until such person again qualifies for the 13 license in accordance with the applicable provisions of this 14 15 Title. The commissioner may refuse any such new license applied for unless the applicant shows good cause why the 16 17 prior revocation or refusal shall not be deemed a bar to the issuance of a new license. 18

19 2. A person whose license has been revoked or contin20 uance refused twice shall not again be eligible for any
21 license under this Title.

If the license of a firm or corporation is so sus-22 3. 23 pended or revoked or continuance refused, no member of such $\mathbf{24}$ firm, or officer or director of such corporation, shall be $\mathbf{25}$ licensed or be designated in or as to any license to exer-26 cise the powers thereof during the period of such suspension, revocation or refusal, unless the commissioner determines 27 28 upon substantial evidence that such member, officer, or 29 director was not personally at fault and did not acquiesce in the matter on account of which the license was suspended, 30 31 revoked, or continuance refused.

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· ·	1	SUBCHAPTER II
	2	GENERAL LINES AGENTS AND BROKERS - QUALIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS
	3	§ 1601. Short title
	4	Subchapter II of this chapter may be referred to as the
	5	"general lines agent and broker law."
	6	
	7	§ 1602. Scope of subchapter
	8	1. Subchapter II of this chapter applies only as to:
	9	A. General lines agents, as defined in section 1503 of
x	10	this chapter.
	11	B. General lines brokers, as defined in section 1506
	12	of this chapter.
	13	2. As used in this subchapter II "agent" means general
	14	lines agent, and "broker" means general lines broker.
	15	
	16	§ 1603. Qualifications for agent, broker licenses
	17	For the protection of the people of this State, the
	18	commissioner shall not issue, continue, or permit to exist
	19	any agent or broker license except in compliance with this
	2 0	chapter, or as to any individual unless qualified therefor
	21	as follows:
	22	1. Age. Must be at least 21 years of age.
	23	2. <u>Residence</u> . Must be a resident of this State if to
	24	be licensed as a resident agent or resident broker, and (if
	25	to be licensed as a resident agent or broker must not be
	2 6	licensed as a resident agent or resident broker of another
	27	state.
•	2 8	3. Competence, etc. Must be competent, trustworthy,
	29	financially responsible, and of good personal and business
	3 0	reputation.
	31	4. Education. Must have fulfilled applicable educa-
	32	tion requirements as provided for in section 1604, of this
•		-155-

2 5. Examination. Must have passed any written examina3 tion required for the license under this chapter.

6. <u>Purpose</u>. Must not seek or use the license for the
purpose of writing controlled business, as referred to in
section 1514 of this chapter.

7 7. <u>Appointment</u>. If for agent's license, must have
8 been appointed agent by an authorized insurer or insurers as
9 to the kinds of insurance to be covered by the license, sub10 ject to issuance of the license.

11 8. Experience. If for broker's license, must have had 12 experience either as an agent, consultant, service repre-13 sentative, adjuster, managing general agent, or broker, or 14 other special experience, education or training, all of 15 sufficient content and duration as deemed by the commissioner 16 to be reasonably necessary for competence in fulfilling the 17 responsibilities of a broker.

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§ 1604. Educational requirement

1. An applicant for license as agent or broker who is required, under sections 1520 and 1521 of this chapter, to take a written examination must have completed the educational requirement prescribed by either paragraph A or B below within the 2 years next prior to the date his application for license is filed with the commissioner:

26 Α. He must have completed successfully such courses of instruction in insurance as the commissioner may reason-27 28 able require and approve. Such courses may be either in 29 attendance at or under the supervision and direction of or by correspondence with an educational institution or 30 insurer, as approved by the commissioner; or 31 He must have had not less than 6 months of 32 в.

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responsible duties and experience as a substantially full time employee of an insurance agent or broker, or of an
 insurer, its manager, general agent, or representative, in
 the property, casualty and surety insurance business. As
 to applicants for license as broker, this provision shall
 not be deemed to restrict the requirements of paragraph 8
 of section 1603.

8 2. If qualification is based upon fulfillment of the 9 requirements of paragraph B, above, the applicant shall file 10 with the commissioner an affidavit by his employer stating 11 the period of employment, that it was substantially full-12 time, and the nature of the duties performed by the appli-13 cant.

14 3. An applicant for re-licensing as agent or broker
15 and who has once fulfilled the above educational require16 ment, need not again fulfill them.

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§ 1605. Authority of agent; limitation as to surety bonds

19 1. A licensed agent resident in this State of an20 authorized insurer may:

A. <u>Sale of insurance</u>. Solicit, sell and make binding out
insurance contracts through/this State within the authority
granted him by the insurer and the scope of his license.
B. <u>Adjustment of losses</u>. Adjust the losses of the
insurer within the authority granted him by the insurer.

26 2. An agent who is also a judge of probate, register
27 of probate or an employee in the office of either, shall
28 not write surety bonds or share in the commissions thereon.
29

30

§ 1606. Broker's bond

31 1. Every applicant for a broker's license shall file
32 with the commissioner with the application and shall

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1 thereafter maintain in force while so licensed, a bond in 2 favor of the State of Maine executed by an authorized surety 3 insurer. The bond shall be conditioned upon full accounting 4 and due payment to the person entitled thereto, of funds 5 coming into the broker's possession through insurance transactions under the license. The bond may be continuous in 6 7 form and aggregate liability on the bond shall be limited to payment of not less than \$2,500. 8

9 2. The bond shall remain in force until released by 10 the commissioner, or until cancelled by the surety. Without 11 prejudice to liability previously incurred thereunder, the 12 surety may cancel the bond upon 30 days' advance written 13 notice to both the broker and the commissioner.

14

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- § 1607. Broker's authority, commissions

A person licensed as a resident or nonresident
 broker may negotiate with any authorized insurer insurance
 contracts within the scope of his license and covering risks
 in this State, subject, as to a nonresident broker, to
 section 1618 (must place business through resident agent) of
 this chapter.

22 2. A broker as such is not an agent or other repre23 sentative of an insurer and does not have power by his own
24 acts to obligate the insurer upon any risk or with reference
25 to any insurance transaction.

3. An insurer or agent shall have the right to pay to
a broker licensed under this chapter the customary commissions upon insurance placed through the broker.

29

30 § 1608. Broker, agent license combinations
31 A licensed agent may be licensed also as a broker and

32 be a broker as to insurers for which he is not then licensed

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as agent. The sole relationship between a broker and an
 insurer as to which he is then licensed as an agent, as to
 transactions arising during the existence of such agency
 appointment, shall be that of insurer and agent, and not
 that of insurer and broker.

6

7

§ 1609, Place of business

8 Every resident agent and broker shall have and main-9 tain in this State a place of business accessible to the 10 public, and wherein the licensee principally conducts trans-11 actions under his license. The licensee shall promptly 12 notify the commissioner in writing of any change of address. 13 Nothing in this section shall prohibit maintenance of such 14 a place in the licensee's residence in this State.

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§ 1610. Records

The agent or broker shall keep at his place of
 business complete records of transactions under his license.
 Such records shall show, as to each insurance policy or
 contract placed through or countersigned by the licensee,
 not less than:

22 A. The names of the insurer and insured;

B. The number and expiration date of the policy orcontract;

25 C. The premium payable as to the policy or contract;
26 D. The date, time, insurer, insured, and coverage of
27 every binder made by the agent; and

28 E. Such other information as the commissioner may29 reasonably require.

30 2. The record shall be kept available for inspection
31 by the commissioner for a period of at least 3 years after
32 completion of the respective transactions.

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§ 1611. <u>Signature, countersignature of policies</u>
 When by law the signature or countersignature of
 an agent is required on an insurance contract, or rider or
 endorsement thereto, the agent shall affix his signature
 thereon, either by original written signature or by a true
 facsimile signature.

7 2. The agent may grant a power of attorney to an
8 individual who is 21 years or more of age to sign and
9 countersign policies and endorsements in his name and behalf
10 after first obtaining the commissioner's written consent and
11 that of the proper official of the insurer involved.

3. A facsimile signature may be used as to personal
accident insurance policies covering air travel on a common
carrier and issued through a vending machine licensed as
provided in section 1538 of this chapter.

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§ 1612. Countersignature fee

18 1. A nonresident agent or nonresident broker shall 19 pay as a countersigning fee to a resident agent who counter-20 signs an insurance contract pursuant to section 426 of this 21 Title, subject to exceptions stated in section 427 of this 22 Title, 50% of the commission on the first \$50 of commis-23 sions, and a negotiated amount of commission on the balance 24 of the commission based on the services rendered or to be 25 rendered by the countersigning resident agent.

26 2. If the laws of a state or a province of Canada, 27 in which the nonresident agent or nonresident broker is 28 licensed as a resident thereof, imposes upon a Maine agent 29 or broker a requirement to pay a greater countersignature 30 fee of a specific amount of percentage of the commission, 31 the countersigning fee payable to the Maine agent shall be 32 the same as would be imposed on the Maine agent or broker

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by or under the laws of such state or province. 1 2 3 § 1613. Reporting and accounting for premiums All premiums and return premiums received by an agent 4 or broker are trust funds so received by the licensee in a 5 fiduciary capacity; and the licensee shall in the applicable 6 regular course of business account for and pay the same to 7 the insured, insurer, or person entitled thereto. 8 otherwise required to be licensed as and or broker Quarter this despter 9 Commissions - Payment, acceptance 10 -§ 1614. 11 1. No insurer shall pay or allow to any person, either directly or indirectly, any commission or compensation for 12 13 soliciting, negotiating or effecting a contract of insurance within this State unless at the time of such solicita-14 15 tion, negotiation or effectuation such person was duly 16 licensed by this State as an agent or broker as to the kind or kinds of insurance involved, and, if an agent, was duly 17 18 appointed as an agent of the insurer as provided in section 1533 of this chapter. This provision shall not apply as to 19 20 business placed pursuant to section 1615 of this chapter or pursuant to any assigned risk plan. 21 22 No person other than one entitled to the same as 2. 23 provided in subsection 1 above, shall receive or accept any 24 such commission or compensation. 25 26 § 1615. Sharing commissions 27 An agent may place with an insurer as to which he is not then appointed as agent, through a duly licensed and **2**8 29 appointed agent of such insurer, an insurance coverage 30 necessary for the adequate protection of a subject of 31 insurance and share in the commission thereon, if each such agents is licensed as to the kinds of insurance involved. 32

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1	§ 1616. Nonresident agents, brokers
2	1. The commissioner may license as agent or broker
3	a resident of another state or province of Canada otherwise
4	qualified therefor, if a similar privilege is extended by
5	such other state or province to residents of Maine.
6	2. The commissioner may waive the taking of a written
7	examination by the nonresident applicant for such a license,
8	if a similar privilege is extended by the other state or
9	province to Maine residents and if he finds that the appli-
10	cant has already met qualification requirements and
11	standards in the applicant's domiciliary state or province
12	substantially as high as those applicable under this chapter
13	to Maine residents applying for a similar license.
14	3. Such a nonresident licensee shall have the same
15	general duties and obligations as apply under this chapter
.16	to a Maine resident holding similar license.
16 17	to a Maine resident holding similar license.
•	to a Maine resident holding similar license. § 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u>
17	
17 18	§ 1617. Same - Service of process
17 18 19	§ 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u> Every nonresident licensed in this State as an
17 18 19 20	§ 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u> Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall
17 18 19 20 - 21	§ 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u> Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon
17 18 19 20 21 22	§ 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u> Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	§ 1617. Same - Service of process Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection with any action or proceeding brought or pending in this
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24	§ 1617. Same - Service of process Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection with any action or proceeding brought or pending in this State against or involving the licensee and relating to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	§ 1617. Same - Service of process Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection with any action or proceeding brought or pending in this State against or involving the licensee and relating to transactions under his Maine license. The appointment
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	§ 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u> 1. Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection with any action or proceeding brought or pending in this State against or involving the licensee and relating to transactions under his Maine license. The appointment shall be irrevocable and shall continue in force for so
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	§ 1617. Same - Service of process Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection with any action or proceeding brought or pending in this State against or involving the licensee and relating to transactions under his Maine license. The appointment shall be irrevocable and shall continue in force for so long as any such action or proceeding could arise or exist.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	§ 1617. <u>Same - Service of process</u> Every nonresident licensed in this State as an agent or broker under section 1616 of this chapter shall appoint the commissioner in writing as his attorney upon whom may be served all legal process issued in connection with any action or proceeding brought or pending in this State against or involving the licensee and relating to transactions under his Maine license. The appointment shall be irrevocable and shall continue in force for so long as any such action or proceeding could arise or exist. The commissioner shall prescribe and furnish the form for

31 the commissioner or other person in apparent charge of his
32 office during his⁾ absence, accompanied by payment of the

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CH. 17 - Sub. III LIFE AGENTS, BROKERS

process fee specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this
 Title. Upon receiving such service the commissioner shall
 promptly mail a copy thereof by registered or certified addressed
 mail (with return receipt requested)/to the nonresident
 licensee at his business address last of record with the
 commissioner.

7 3. Process served and copy thereof forwarded as in
8 this section provided shall for all purposes constitute
9 personal service thereof upon the licensee.

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§ 1618. <u>Same - Nonresident must place business</u> through resident agent

12A nonresident agent or broker must place through an 13 agent resident in this State of the insurer, all insurance 14 covering a resident of this State, property situated in 15 this State, a risk incidental to the performance or non-16 performance of any obligation to be performed in this State, 17 or a risk incidental to any obligation which is governed by 18 the laws of this State though actually to be performed else-19 where, except as provided in section 427 (exceptions to countersignature law) of this Title. 20 21

22 SUBCHAPTER III

LIFE AGENTS AND BROKERS QUALIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

24

23

§ 1671. Short title

25 Subchapter III of this chapter may be referred to as
26 the "life agent and broker law."

27

28 § 1672. Scope of Subchapter III

29 1. Subchapter LH of this chapter applies only as to:
30 A. Life agents as defined in section 1504 of this
31 chapter.

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B. Life brokers as defined in section 1506.of this

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1 Chapter.

As used in this subchapter III "agent" means life 2. agent, and "broker" means life broker. 3 4 § 1673. Qualifications for life agent, broker 5 licenses For the protection of the people of this State, the 6 commissioner shall not issue, continue, or permit to exist 7 8 any agent or broker license except in compliance with this chapter, or as to any individual unless qualified therefor 9 10 as follows: Age. Must be 21 years or more of age. 11 1. 2. Residence. If to be licensed as a resident agent in function for the function of the state of the state of the state of the state and not 12 13 be licensed as a resident agent or resident broker of another 14 15 state. Competence, etc. Must be competent, trustworthy, 16 3. financially responsible, and of good personal and business 17 18 reputation. Examination. Must have passed any written examina-19 4. 20 tion required for the license under this chapter. Purpose. Must not seek or use the license for the 21 5. purpose of writing controlled business, as referred to in 22 section 1514 of this chapter. 23 24 6. Appointment. If for agent's license, must have been appointed agent by an authorized insurer as to the 25 kinds of insurance to be covered by the license, subject 26 27 to issuance of the license. 28 7. Experience. If for broker's license, must have had 29 experience as a life agent or broker, or managing general agent, or other special experience, education or training 30 in the life insurance business, all of sufficient content 31 and duration as deemed by the commissioner reasonably 32 -164necessary for competence in fulfilling the responsibilities
 of a broker.

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§ 1674. Initial license - Life agents, brokers

5 1. An individual who has not theretofore been licensed under other than a temporary license as a life agent or life 6 7 broker in this State or elsewhere, shall in this State first 8 qualify for and be licensed as a life agent under an initial license. The initial license shall be valid for a period of 9 one year from date of issue, and shall not be subject to 10 continuance, renewal or reissuance. Not more than one 11 initial license shall ever be issued as to the same individual. 12 13 2. Prior to expiration of his initial license, the 14 licensee shall qualify for and obtain issuance to or as to him of a permanent license as a life agent or as a life 15 16 broker. If the licensee does not so qualify for and secure 17 his permanent license within such year, upon expiration of 18 the initial license the licensee shall discontinue his 19 activities as a life insurance agent and shall not thereafter 20 be or act as a life agent or life broker in this State 21 unless he applies and qualifies, and takes and passes the required examination, for a permanent license as life agent 22 23 or life broker.

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§ 1675. Brokers - Bond, authority, commissions, combinations

The following sections of subchapter II of this chapter

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28

shall also apply as to life brokers:

1. Section 1606 (broker's bond);

29 2. Section 1607 (broker's authority, commissions),
30 except that the requirement that a nonresident broker must
31 place insurance covering a subject of insurance in this
32 State through a resident agent shall not apply as to life

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1 brokers; and

2 3. Section 1608 (broker, agent license combinations).
3

4

§ 1676. Commissions - Payment, acceptance

No insurer, life agent, or broker shall pay directly 5 1. 6 or indirectly any commission, brokerage, or other valuable consideration to any person for services as a life agent or 7 8 life broker within this State, unless such person held at the time such services were performed a valid license to 9 10 act as a life agent or life broker as required by the laws 11 of this State; nor shall any person, other than a person duly licensed as a life agent or life broker by this State 12 13 at the time such services were performed, accept any such 14 commission, brokerage, or other valuable consideration.

15 2. This section shall not prevent payment or receipt 16 of renewal or other deferred commissions to or by any person 17 entitled thereto under subsection 1 above, even though at 18 the time of such payment or receipt such person had ceased 19 to hold a license as life agent or life broker.

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§ 1677. Excess or rejected risks

A life or health agent may place with another insurer as to which he is not licensed as agent, and receive commission from the insurer as to, a particular risk or portion thereof which has been rejected by the insurers as to which the agent is licensed or is known to the agent to be unacceptable to such insurers, and without then being licensed as to such other insurer.

30 § 1678. <u>Reporting and accounting for premiums</u>
31 Section 1613 of subchapter II of this chapter shall
32 likewise apply as to life agents and life brokers.

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CH. 17 - Sub. III LIFE AGENTS, BROKERS

1	§ 1679. Countersignature of health policies
2	Sections 1611 (signature, countersignature of policies)
3	and 1612 (countersignature fee) o f subchapter H of this
4	<pre>>chapter shall also apply as to countersignature of health</pre>
5	policies by a life agent licensed as to health insurance.
6	
7	§ 1680. Nonresident agents, brokers
8	1. An individual not resident in this State may be
9	licensed as a life agent or life broker if the state or
10	Canadian province of his domicile will accord the same
11	privilege to a resident of this State.
12	2. The commissioner is authorized to enter into recip-
13	rocal agreements with the appropriate official of any other
14	state or Canadian province waiving the written examination
15	of an applicant resident in such other state or province, if:
16	A. A written examination is required of applicants for
17	a life agent's or life broker's license in such other state
18	or province;
19	B. The appropriate official of such other state or
2 0	province certifies that the applicant holds a currently
21	valid license as a life agent or life broker, as the case
22	may be, in such other state or province and either passed
23	such written examination or was the holder of such a license
2 4	prior to the time such written examination was required;
2 5	C. The applicant has no place of business within this
2 6 ^ˆ	State, and is not an officer, director, stockholder or part-
27	ner in any corporation or firm doing business in this State
2 8	as a life insurance agency or broker; and
2 9	D. In such other state or province, a resident of this
3 0	State is privileged to procure a life agent's or life broker's
31	license, as the case may be, upon the foregoing conditions
32	and without discrimination as to fees or otherwise in favor

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1 of the residents of such other state or province.

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3. Section 1617 (service of process) of subchapter II
3 of this chapter shall also apply as to nonresidents licensed
4 under this section.

§ 1681. <u>Change of address, notice to commissioner</u>
7 Every agent and broker shall promptly notify the com8 missioner in writing of every change of his principal busi9 ness or residence address.

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1	SUBCHAPTER IV
2	INSURANCE CONSULTANTS
3	QUALIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS
4	§ 1801. Short title
5	Ma Subchapter IV of this chapter may be referred to as the
6	"insurance consultant law."
7	
8	§ 1802. Scope of subchapter IV
9	1. Subchapter Worf this chapter applies only as to gen-
10	eral lines consultants and life consultants, as defined in
11	section 1508 o f this chapter .
12	2. Unless context otherwise requires, "consultant" as
13	used in this subchapter means both general lines consultants
14	and life consultants.
15	
16	§ 1803. Qualifications for license as consultant
17	For the protection of the people of this State the com-
18	missioner shall not issue, continue, or permit to exist any
19	license as consultant except in compliance with this chapter,
20	or as to any person not qualified therefor as follows:
2 1	. I. Must be an individual of 25 or more years of age;
22	2. Must have had not less than 5 years of actual exper-
2 3	ience as a licensed agent or broker with respect to the kinds
24	of insurance and contracts to be covered by the license, and
25	other special experience, education or training, all of suffi-
26	cient content and duration reasonably necessary for competence
27	in fulfilling the responsibilities of a consultant;
2 8	3. Must have a thorough knowledge of insurance and
29	annuity contracts of the kinds proposed to be covered under
30	the license;
31	4. Must pass all written examinations required for the
32	license under this chapter;
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5. Must be competent, trustworthy under highest fiduciary
 standards, financially responsible, and of good personal and
 business reputation; and

6. Must have filed the bond required by section 1804 of
5 this chapter.

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§ 1804. Consultant's bond

8 1. Every applicant for license as a consultant shall 9 file with the commissioner with his application for license, 10 and shall maintain in effect while so licensed, a bond issued 11 by an authorized surety insurer in favor of the State of Maine, 12 continuous in form and providing for aggregate liability of 13 \$5,000.

14 2. The bond shall indemnify any person damaged by any 15 fraudulent or unlawful act or conduct of the licensee in 16 transactions under the license, and shall likewise be conditioned 17 upon faithful accounting and application of all moneys coming 18 into the licensee's possession in connection with his activi-19 ties as such a licensee.

3. The bond shall remain in force until released by
the commissioner, or until cancelled by the surety. Without
prejudice to any liability previously incurred thereunder,
the surety may cancel the bond upon 30 days advance written
notice to the licensee and the commissioner.

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§ 1805. Place of business, records

27 1. Every consultant shall have and maintain in this
28 State a place of business accessible to the public. The
29 address of such place shall appear upon the license, and
30 the licensee shall promptly notify the commissioner in writ31 ing of any change thereof. Nothing in this section shall
32 prohibit maintenance of such a place in the licensee's

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CH. 17 - Sub. IV CONSULTANTS

residence in this State. 1 2 2. The license of the licensee shall be conspicuous-3 ly displayed in such place of business in a part thereof 4 customarily open to the public. 5 3. The licensee shall keep at his place of business 6 as a complete record of transactions under his license. 7 The record shall be kept available for inspection by the 8 commissioner for a period of at least 3 years after comple-9 tion of the respective transactions. 10 11 § 1806. Combined licensing prohibited 12 A licensed consultant shall not at the same time be 13 licensed as an agent or broker and shall not have a pecun-14 iary interest in any insurance agency or broker. 15 16 **§** 1807. Sharing in commissions prohibited; penalty 17 1. A consultant shall not, directly or indirectly, 18 receive or share in any commission or compensation paid, 19 directly or indirectly, by any insurer with respect to any 20 insurance or annuity contract procured, renewed, continued, 21 modified, terminated, or otherwise disposed of pursuant to 22 any recommendation given or transaction engaged in by the 23 licensee under his license. 24 2. If the licensee has received or is to receive any 25 fee, commission, or compensation from the insured or proposed 26 insured, or from any other person other than the insurer, 27 directly or indirectly, with respect to any insurance trans-**2**8 action or proposed insurance transaction, or with respect 29 to any insurance or annuity contract existing or proposed, 30 it shall conclusively be presumed that the licensee was acting as a consultant with respect to such transaction or con-31 32 tract.

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1 In addition to any applicable suspension, revocation, 3. 2 or refusal to continue the licensee's license, violation of 3 this section shall, upon conviction, be punishable by a fine 4 of not over \$5,000 or by imprisonment for less than 1 year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. 5 6 § 1808. 7 Obligation to serve interest of client A consultant is obligated, under his license, to serve 8 9 with objectivity and complete loyalty the interests of his 10 client.alone; and to render his client such information, counsel, and service as within the knowledge, understanding and 11 12 opinion in good faith of the licensee will best serve the client's insurance or annuity needs and interests. 13

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15 § 1809. Nonresident consultants; service of process
16 Section 1617 (service of process) of this chapter shall
17 also apply as to nonresidents of this State licensed as consultants by this State.

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SUBCHAPTER V

INSURANCE ADJUSTERS QUALIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

22 § 1851. Short title

23 This subchapter V may be referred to as the "insurance24 adjuster law."

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§ 1852. Scope of this subchapter

27 This subchapter V shall apply only to insurance adjusters,
28 as defined in section 1509 of this chapter.

30 § 1853. Qualifications for adjuster license

31 For the protection of the people of this State the com-32 missioner shall not issue, continue, or permit to exist any

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CH. 17 - Sub. V ADJUSTERS

license as either an independent adjuster or as a public
 2 subjuster except in compliance with this chapter, or as to
 3 any individual not qualified therefor as follows:

4

1. Must be at least 21 years of age.

5

2. Must be competent, trustworthy, financially respon-

6 sible, and of good personal and business reputation.

7 3. Must pass any written examination required for the
8 license under this chapter.

9 4. Must have had at least 2 years' experience, or special training with respect to handling of loss claims under 10 11 insurance contracts, of sufficient duration and scope reasonably to make him competent to fulfill the responsibilities of 12 13 an adjuster; or, in lieu of such experience of training, is to be employed by and subject to the immediate personal super-14 vision of a licensed adjuster in this State who has been so 15 established in business for not less than 3 years next preced-16 ing date of application for the license. This paragraph 4 17 shall not apply as to persons holding subsisting licenses as 18, 19 adjuster in this State immediately prior to the effective 20 date of this Act.

21 5. Must post the bond required under section 1856 of
22 Sthis chapter.

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§ 1854. Combination license prohibited

A person shall be licensed as either an independent adjuster or as a public adjuster; and the same person shall not concurrently be licensed or act as both an independent adjuster and public adjuster.

\$ 1855. Public adjuster restricted to fire insurance losses

The license of a public adjuster shall cover, and the operations of the licensee under the license shall be limited

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to, the adjustment on behalf of the named insured of claims 1 for destruction, loss, or damage as to the insured property 2 and arising solely under fire insurance coverages. 3 4 § 1856. Adjuster's bond 5 Before issuance of an adjuster license the applicant 6 1. shall file with the commissioner and thereafter maintain in 7 force while so licensed, a surety bond in favor of the State 8 9 of Maine executed by an authorized surety insurer, and condi-10 tioned on the due accounting and payment by the licensee of 11 funds of others received by him in connection with transactions under the license. 12 The bond shall be continuous in form, and aggregate 13 2. liability thereon may be limited to \$10,000. 14 15 The bond shall remain in force until the surety is released from liability by the commissioner, or until can-16 17 celled by the surety. Without prejudice to any prior liability accrued, the surety may cancel the bond upon 30 days' 18 19 advance written notice to the licensee and the commissioner. 20 4. The commissioner may waive the requirement of a separate bond as to a licensee employed or to be employed 21 by a licensed firm or corporation adjuster which has posted 22 with the commissioner a general bond covering all such lic-23 ensees in such aggregate liability amount in excess of 24 \$10,000 as the commissioner deems reasonable. 25 26 § 1857. Records 27 1. Each adjuster shall keep at his business address 28 shown on his license a record of all transactions 29 under the license. 30 The record shall include: 31 2. A copy of all investigations or adjustments under-32 Α.

1 taken or consummated.

2 B. A statement of any fee, commission or other compen-3 sation received or to be received by the adjuster on account of such investigation or adjustment. 4 5 3. The adjuster shall make such records available for 6 examination by the commissioner at all times, and shall 7 retain the records for at least 3 years. 8 Nonresident adjusters; process; special catastrophe losses § 1858. 9 Section 1617 (service of process) of this chapter 10 1. shall also apply as to nonresidents of this State licensed 11 12 as adjuster by this State. 2. No adjuster license is required as to any adjuster 13 sent into this State on behalf of an authorized insurer for 14 the investigation or adjustment of a particular unusual or 15 extraordinary loss, or of a series of losses resulting from 16 17 a catastrophe common to all such losses.

CHAPTER 19

1	SURPLUS LINES
2	
3	§ 2001. Short title
4	This chapter constitutes and may be cited as the
5	"surplus lines" law.
6	
7	§ 2002. Exemptions
8	This surplus line law shall not apply to life insurance,
9	health insurance, or reinsurance; or to the following insur-
10	written ance when so-placed by licensed general lines agents or
11	brokers or surplus line brokers of this State:
12	1. Wet marine and transportation insurance.
13	2. Insurance on subjects located, resident, or to be
14	performed wholly outside of this State, or on vehicles or air-
15	craft owned and principally garaged outside this State.
16	3. Insurance on operations of railroads engaged in
17	transportation in interstate commerce and their property used
18	in such operations.
19	4. Insurance of aircraft owned or operated by manu-
2 0 [.]	facturers of aircraft, or of aircraft operated in commercial
21	interstate flight, or cargo of such aircraft, or against
22	liability, other than workmen's compensation and employer's
23	liability, arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use
24	of such aircraft.
2 5	
2 6	§ 2003. Definitions"Broker," "export"
27	1. "Broker" as used in this chapter and unless context
2 8	otherwise requires, means a surplus linesbroker duly licensed
2 9	as such under this chapter.
3 0	2. To "export" means to place in an unauthorized
31	insurer under this surplus lines law insurance covering a sub-
32	ject of insurance resident, located, or to be performed in
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Chap. 19 SURPLUS LINES

1 Maine.

2 3 § 2004. Conditions for export If certain insurance coverages cannot be procured from 4 authorized insurers, such coverages, hereinafter designated 5 6 "surplus lines," may be procured from unauthorized insurers, subject to the following conditions: 7 8 1. The insurance must be procured through a licensed 9 surplus linesbroker. 10 2. The desired coverage is necessary for the adequate protection of a risk in the State. 11 It may be written under the laws of this State by an 12 3. 13 authorized insurer. 4. It is not available in any authorized insurer after delige 14 15 16 § 2005. Application to commissioner 17 Prior to effecting any such surplus lines insurance the broker shall make written application to the commissioner 18 19 stating his reasons for desiring to insure a particular risk 20 with an unauthorized insurer. The commissioner shall grant 21 him permission if he finds that the conditions for export 22 referred to in section 2004 cf this chapter exist as to the 23 desired coverage. 24 \$ 2006. Open lines for export 25 26 1. The commissioner may by order declare eligible for 27 export generally and without compliance with the provisions of sections 2004, subsections 2 and 3, and 2005 of this chap-28 **2**9 ter, any class or classes of insurance coverage or risk for 30 which he finds, after a hearing of which notice was given to each insurer authorized to transact such class or classes in 31 32 this State, that there is not a reasonable or adequate market

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among authorized insurers either as to acceptance of the
 risk, contract terms, or premium or premium rate. Any such
 order shall continue in effect during the existence of the
 conditions upon which predicated, but subject to earlier ter mination by the commissioner.

6 2. The broker shall file with or as directed by the 7 commissioner a memorandum as to each such coverage placed by 8 him in an unauthorized insurer, in such form and context as 9 the commissioner may reasonably require for the identifica-10 tion of the coverage and determination of the tax payable to 11 the State relative thereto.

The broker, or a licensed Maine agent of the author-12 3. ized insurer or a general lines broker, may also place with 13 authorized insurers any insurance coverage made eligible for 14 export generally under subsection 1 above, and without regard 15 to rate or form filings which may otherwise be applicable as 16 17 to the authorized insurer. As to coverages so placed in an authorized insurer the premium tax thereon shall be reported 18 19 and paid by the insurer as required generally under the law 20 of this State.

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§ 2007. Eligible surplus lines insurers

1. A broker shall not knowingly place surplus lines
insurance with an insurer that is unsound financially, or
that is ineligible under this section.

2. The commissioner shall from time to time publish a
 1ist of all surplus lines insurers deemed by him to be eli gible currently, and shall mail a copy of such list to each
 broker at his office last of record with the commissioner.
 This subsection shall not be deemed to cast upon the commis sioner the duty of determining the actual financial condition
 or claims practices of any unauthorized insurer; and the status

of eligibility, if granted by the commissioner, shall indicate 1 only that the insurer appears to be sound financially and to 2 have satisfactory claims practices, and that the commissioner 3 has no credible evidence to the contrary. While any such 4 list is in effect the broker shall restrict to the insurers 5 so listed all surplus lines business placed by him. 6

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§ 2008. Evidence of the insurance; changes; penalty 8 9 Upon placing a surplus lines coverage, the broker 1. 10 shall promptly issue and deliver to the insured evidence of the insurance consisting either of the policy as issued by 11 12the insurer, or, if such policy is not then available, the 13 surplus linesbroker's certificate. Such a certificate shall be executed by the broker and shall show the description and 14 location of the subject of the insurance, coverage, conditions 15 16 and term of the insurance, the premium and rate charged and taxes collected from the insured, and the name and address of 17 18 the insured and insurer. If the direct risk is assumed by more than one insurer, the certificate shall state the name 19 20 and address and proportion of the entire direct risk assumed 21 by each such insurer.

22 No broker shall issue any such certificate or any 2. cover note, or purport to insure or represent that insurance 23 24 will be or has been granted by any unauthorized insurer, unless he has prior written authority from the insurer for 25 26 the insurance, or has received information from the insurer 27 in the regular course of business that such insurance has 28 been granted, or an insurance policy providing the insurance 29 actually has been issued by the insurer and delivered to the 30 insured.

3. If after the issuance and delivery of any such 31 32 certificate there is any change as to the identity of the

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insurers, or the proportion of the direct risk assumed by an insurer as stated in the broker's original certificate, or in any other material respect as to the insurance evidenced by the certificate, the broker shall promptly issue and deliver to the insured a substitute certificate accurately showing the current status of the coverage and the insurers responsible thereunder.

8 4. If a policy issued by the insurer is not available 9 upon placement of the insurance and the broker has issued and 10 delivered his certificate as hereinabove provided, upon 11 request therefor by the insured the broker shall as soon as 12 reasonably possible procure from the insurer its policy evi-13 dencing such insurance and deliver such policy to the insured 14 in replacement of the broker's certificate theretofore issued.

15 Any surplus linesbroker who knowingly or negligently 5. issues a false certificate of insurance or who fails promptly 16 17 to notify the insured of any material change with respect to 18 such insurance by delivery to the insured of a substitute 19 certificate as provided in subsection 3, shall upon convic-20 tion, be subject to the penalty provided by section 12 21 of this Title or to any greater applicable penalty otherwise 22 provided by law.

23

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§ 2009. Endorsement of contract

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Every insurance contract procured and delivered as a charler surplus linescoverage pursuant to this law, shall have stamped upon it, and bearing the name of the surplus line broker who procured it, the following: "This insurance contract is issued pursuant to the Maine Insurance Laws by an insurer neither licensed by nor under the jurisdiction of the Maine Insurance Department."

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Chap. 19 SURPLUS LINES

1

§ 2010. Surplus lines insurance valid

Insurance contracts procured as surplus line coverage from unauthorized insurers in accordance with this 127 shall be fully valid and enforceable as to all parties, and shall be given recognition in all matters and respects to the same effect as like contracts issued by authorized insurers.

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§ 2011. Liability of insurer

As to a surplus lines risk which has been assumed by 9 1. 10 an unauthorized insurer pursuant to this surplus lines insurance law, and if the premium thereon has been received by the 11 12 surplus linesbroker who placed such insurance, in all questions 13 thereafter arising under the coverage as between the insurer 14 and the insured the insurer shall be deemed to have received the premium due to it for such coverage; and the insurer shall 15 16 be liable to the insured as to losses covered by such insur-17 ance, and for unearned premiums which may become payable to 18 the insured upon cancellation of such insurance, whether or 19 not in fact the broker is indebted to the insurer with respect **2**0 to such insurance or for any other cause.

21 2. Each unauthorized insurer assuming a surplus lines
 22 risk under this surplus lines insurance law shall be deemed
 23 thereby to have subjected itself to the terms of this section.
 24

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§ 2012. Surplus linesbrokers - Licensing

Any person while licensed in this State as a resi dent general lines agent or as a general lines broker, who
 is deemed by the commissioner to be competent and trustworthy
 with respect to the handling of surplus lines, and while main taining an office at a designated location in this State, may
 be licensed as a surplus lines broker.

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2. Application) for the license shall be made to the

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commissioner on forms as designated and furnished by the com missioner.

3 3. The license fee shall be as specified in section
4 601 (fee schedule) of this Title.

5 4. The license and licensee shall be subject to the
6 applicable provisions of chapter 17 (agents, brokers, consult7 ants and adjusters) of this Title.

8

9 § 2013. Suspension, revocation of broker's license
10 1. The commissioner may suspend or revoke any surplus
11 linesbroker's license:

12 A. If the broker fails to file the annual statement or 13 to remit the tax as required by sections 2016-and 2017; of this 14 chapter; or

B. If the broker fails to maintain an office in this
State, or to keep the records, or to allow the commissioner
to examine his records as required by this law, or if he
removes his records from the State; or

C. If the broker places a surplus linescoverage in an
insurer other than as authorized under section 2007; of this
chapter; or

D. For any other applicable cause for which a general
lines agent's license may be suspended or revoked.

24 2. The procedures provided by chapter 17 of this Title
 25 for suspension or revocation of licenses shall apply to sus 26 pension or revocation of a surplus linesbroker's license.

3. Upon suspending or revoking the broker's surplus
lines license the commissioner shall also suspend or revoke
all other licenses of or as to the same individual under this
Title.

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§ 2014. Broker may compensate agents and brokers 1 2 A licensed surplus linesbroker may accept and place surplus line business for any insurance agent or broker 3 licensed in this State for the kind of insurance involved, 4 and may compensate the agent or broker therefor. 5 6 § 2015. Records of broker 7 8 Each broker shall keep in his office in this State 1. a full and true record of each surplus lines coverage procured 9 10 by him, including a copy of each daily report, if any, a copy 11 of each certificate of insurance issued by him, and such of the following items as may be applicable: 12 13 A. Amount of the insurance; 14 Β. Gross premium charged; 15 c. Return premium paid, if any; D. Rate of premium charged upon the several items of 16 17 property; 18 Effective date of the contract, and the terms thereof; E. Name and address of each insurer on the direct risk 19 F. 20 and the proportion of the entire risk assumed by such insurer 21 if less than the entire risk; Name and address of the insured; 22 G. 23 H. Brief general description of the property or risk 24 insured and where located or to be performed; and 25 Other information as may be required by the commis-I. **2**6 sioner. 27 2. The record shall not be removed from this State and 28 shall be open to examination by the commissioner at all times 29 within 5 years after issuance of the coverage to which it 30 relates.

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1	§ 2016. Monthly report of broker	
2	Each broker shall file a monthly report with the commis-	
3	sioner showing the amount of insurance placed for any person	
4	or organization, the location of each risk, the gross premium	
5	charged, the names of each insurer in which the insurance was	
6	placed, the date and term of each insurance contract issued	
7	and any other pertinent information required by the commis-	
8	sioner. The report shall show in the same detail each con-	
9	tract cancelled during the month covered by the report and the	
10	return premium on it.	
11		
12	§ 2017. Annual report and tax	
13	1. Each broker shall file an annual report in January	
14	with the commissioner and the Treasurer of State containing	
15	a sworn statement of the gross premium charged for insurance	
16	placed, and the gross return premiums on the insurance cancelled,	
17	during the year ending on the 31st of the preceding December.	
18	At the time of filing the report, he shall pay to the Treasurer	
19	of State $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the difference between the gross premiums and	
2 0 ·	the return premiums reported for the business transacted	
21	during the year.	
2 2	2. If a surplus linespolicy covers risks or exposures	
2 3	only partially in this State the tax so payable shall be com-	
2 4	puted upon the proportion of the premium which is properly	
25	allocable to the risks or exposures located in this State.	
2 6		
27	§ 2018. Failure to file statement or remit tax - Penalty	
2 8	If any broker fails to file his annual statement, or	
2 9	fails to remit the tax provided by section 2017 of this chap-	
30 ter , prior to the first day of March after the tax is due,		
31	and if in the commissioner's opinion such failure is without	
32	just cause, he shall be liable for a fine of \$25 for each day	

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Chap. 19 SURPLUS LINES

1 of delinquency commencing with the first day of March. The 2 tax may be collected by distraint, or the tax and fine may be 3 recovered by an action instituted by the commissioner in any 4 court of competent jurisdiction. Any fine collected by the 5 commissioner shall be paid to the Treasurer of State and cre-6 dited to the insurance regulatory fund:

7

8

§ 2019. Legal process against surplus line insurer

9 1. An unauthorized insurer shall be sued, upon any
10 cause of action arising in the State under any contract issued
11 by it as a surplus linescontract pursuant to this law, in the
12 Superior Court.

Service of legal process against the insurer may be 13 2. made in any such action by service of $t \neq 0$ copies thereof upon 14 the commissioner, and payment of the service of process fee 15 specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title. 16 The commissioner shall forthwith mail a copy of the process 17 18 served to the person designated by the insurer in the policy 19 for the purpose, by prepaid registered or certified mail with $\mathbf{20}$ return receipt requested. If no such person is so designated in the policy, the commissioner shall in like manner mail a $\mathbf{21}$ 22 copy of the process to the broker through whom such insurance 23 was procured, or to the insurer at its principal place of busi-24 ness, addressed to the address of the broker or insurer, as the 25 case may be, last of record with the commissioner. Upon service 26 of process upon the commissioner and mailing of the same in 27 accordance with this provision, the court shall be deemed to 28 have jurisdiction in personam of the insurer.

3. An unauthorized insurer issuing such policy shall be
deemed thereby to have authorized service of process against
it in the manner and to the effect as provided in this
section. Any such policy shall contain a provision stating

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the substance of this section, and designating the person to
 whom the commissioner shall mail process as provided in sub section 2 of this section.

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BOOK #2 Contains:

Chapter	Subject		Beginning Page
21	Unauthorized Insurers - Prohibitions, Process and Advertising		187
23	Trade Practices and Frauds		196
25	Rates and Rating Organizations		213
27	The Insurance Contract		235
29	Life Insurance and Annuity Contracts		256
31	Group Life Insurance		284
33	Health Insurance Contracts		307
35	Group and Blanket Health Insurance		330
37	Credit Life and Credit Health Insurance	· _	346
39	Casualty Insurance Contracts		357
41	Property Insurance Contracts		361
43	Surety Insurance Contracts	· · · ·	371
45	Title Insurance Contracts		374

CHAPTER 21. UNAUTHORIZED INSURERS - PROHIBITIONS, PROCESS AND ADVERTISING

1

§ 2101. Representing or aiding unauthorized insurer prohibited

2 No person shall in this State directly or indirectly 1. act as agent for, or otherwise represent or aid on behalf of 3 4 another, any insurer not then authorized to transact such 5 business in this State, in the solicitation, negotiation, procurement or effectuation of insurance or annuity contracts, 6 or renewal thereof, or forwarding of applications for insur-7 8 ance or annuities, or the dissemination of information as to coverage or rates, or inspection of risks, or fixing of rates, 9 10 or investigation or adjustment of claims or losses, or collec-11 tion or forwarding of premiums, or in any other manner represent or assist such an insurer in the transaction of insurance 12 with respect to subjects of insurance resident, located or to 13 be performed in this State. 14

15

2. This section does not apply to:

A. Matters authorized to be done by the commissioner
under the unauthorized insurers process act, sections 2104
through 2108 of this chapter.

B. Transactions as to which the insurer is not required
to have a certificate of authority pursuant to section 405
(exceptions to certificate of authority requirement), of
this Title.

C. A licensed adjuster or attorney at law representing
such an insurer from time to time in his professional capacity.
D. Persons in this State who secure and furnish information for the purposes of group life insurance, group or blanket
health insurance or annuity coverages, or for enrolling
individuals under such plans or issuing certificates thereunder or otherwise assisting in administering such plans

and Transfertation interester. D. Transactions in This State relation , to a at Transportion in red delivered or is

1 where no commission is paid for such services and the master
2 policy or contract was lawfully solicited, issued and delivered
3 in and pursuant to the laws of a state in which the insurer
4 was then authorized to transact insurance.

5 E.S. The employee, compensated on salary only, of a 6 Maine employer who on behalf of the employer assists in the 7 procurement or administration of insurance coverages on the 8 property, risks and insurable interests of the employer.

9

§ 2102. Purpose of unauthorized insurers process act and unauthorized insurers false advertising act

10 10 The purpose of sections 2103 through 2108 (unauthorized insurers process act) and sections 2109 through 2111 (unauth-11 orized insurers false advertising process act) of this chapter 12 13 is to subject certain insurers to the jurisdiction of the commissioner and the courts of this State in suits and disciplin-14 15 ary proceedings as provided therein, by or on behalf of in-16 sureds or beneficiaries under insurance contracts or the com-17 missioner. The Legislature declares its concern that many 18 Maine residents hold insurance policies delivered in this 19 State by unauthorized insurers, other than as to surplus lines 20 coverages written pursuant to chapter 19 of this Title, thus presenting to such residents the often insuperable obstacle 21 22 of resort to distant courts for the assertion of legal rights under their policies; and that such insurers may induce resi-23 24 dents to purchase insurance through false advertising sent 25 into this State. In furtherance of such state interest, the 26 Legislature herein provides a method of substituted service 27 of process upon such insurers, declares that in so doing it 28 exercises its power to protect Maine residents, to define, 29 for the purposes of this chapter, what constitutes doing busi-30 ness in this State, and also exercises powers and privileges 31 available to the State under Public Law 15, 79th Congress of the United States, chapter 20, 1st Session, S. 340, as amended, 32

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Chap. 21 UNAUTH. INSURERS

which declares that the business of insurance and every person
 engaged therein shall be subject to the laws of the several
 states.

4

§ 2103. Unauthorized insurers process act; title; interpretation

5 1. Sections 2104 through 2108 of this chapter con6 stitute and may be cited as the unauthorized insurers process
7 act.

8 2. The act shall be so interpreted as to effectuate
9 its general purpose to make uniform the laws of those states
10 which enact it.

11

§ 2104. Commissioner process agent

12 Solicitation, effectuation, or delivery of any insurance contract, by mail or otherwise, within this State by an 13 14 unauthorized insurer, or the performance within this State of any other service or transaction connected with such 15 16 insurance by or on behalf of such insurer, shall be deemed 17 to constitute an appointment by such insurer of the commis-18 sioner and his successors in office as its attorney, upon 19 whom may be served all lawful process issued within this $\mathbf{20}$ State in any action or proceeding against such insurer aris-21 ing out of any such contract or transaction; and shall be 22 deemed to signify the insurer's agreement that any such ser-23 vice of process shall have the same legal effect and validity 24 as personal service of process upon it in this State.

 $\mathbf{25}$

§ 2105. Service of process

1. Service of process upon any such insurer pursuant to section 2104 of this chapter shall be made by delivering to and leaving with the commissioner or some person in apparent charge of his office 2 copies thereof and the payment to him of the fees as prescribed by section 601 of this Title. The commissioner shall forthwith mail by registered or certified mail one of the copies of such process to the

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defendant at its principal place of business last known to 1 2 the commissioner, and shall keep a record of all process so 3 served upon him. Such service of process is sufficient, provided notice of such service and a copy of the process are 4 sent within 10 days thereafter by registered or certified 5 mail by plaintiff's attorney to the defendant at its last 6 known principal place of business, and the defendant's receipt 7 or receipt issued by the post office with which the letter is 8 registered or certified, showing the name of the sender of 9 10 the letter and the name and address of the person to whom the letter is addressed, and the affidavit of the plaintiff's 11 12attorney showing a compliance herewith are filed with the clerk of the court in which such action is pending on or before the 13 14 date the defendant is required to appear, or within such 15 further time as the court may allow.

2. Service of process in any such action, suit
or proceeding shall in addition to the manner provided in subsection 1 above be valid if served upon any person within
this State, who in this State on behalf of such insurer, is:
A. Soliciting insurance, or

B. Making any contract of insurance or issuing
or delivering any policies or written contracts of insurance,
or

24 Collecting or receiving any premium for insur-C. ance; fand a copy of such process is sent within 10 days 25 26 thereafter by registered or certified mail by the plaintiff's 27 attorney to the defendant at the last known principal place 28 of business of the defendant, and the defendant's receipt, or 29 the receipt issued by the post office with which the letter 30 is registered or certified, showing the name of the sender of 31 the letter and the name and address of the person to whom the letter is addressed, and the affidavit of the plaintiff's 32

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Chap. 21 UNAUTH. INSURERS

attorney showing a compliance herewith are filed with the
 clerk of the court in which such action is pending on or
 before the date the defendant is required to appear, or within
 such further time as the court may allow.

3. No plaintiff or complainant shall be entitled to a
judgment or to have his complaint taken pro confesso under
this section until the expiration of 30 days from the date
of the filing of the affidavit of compliance.

9 4. Nothing in this section shall limit or abridge
10 the right to serve any process, notice or demand upon any
11 insurer in any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.

 $\mathbf{12}$

§ 2106. Exemptions from service or process provisions

Sections 2104 and 2105 of this chapter shall not apply 13 14 to surplus linesinsurance lawfully effectuated under chapter 19 of this Title, or to reinsurance, or to any action or 15 16 proceeding against an unauthorized insurer arising out of 17 any of the following where the policy or contract contains a 18 provision designating the commissioner as its attorney for the acceptance of service of lawful process in any action or pro-19 20 ceeding instituted by or on behalf of an insured or beneficiary arising out of any such policy, or where the insurer $\mathbf{21}$ 22 enters a general appearance in any such action:

23

1. Wet marine and transportation insurance;

24 2. Insurance on or with respect to subjects located,
25 resident, or to be performed wholly outside this State, or
26 on vehicles or aircraft owned and principally garaged out27 side this State;

28 3. Insurance on property or operations of railroads
29 engaged in interstate commerce; or

30 4. Insurance on aircraft or cargo of such aircraft,
31 or against liability, other than employer's liability, arising
32 out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of such aircraft.

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§ 2107. Defense of action by unauthorized insurer
 Before an unauthorized insurer files or causes
 to be filed any pleading in any action or proceeding insti tuted against it under sections 2104 and 2105 of this chapter,
 such insurer shall:

6 A. Procure a certificate of authority to transact 7 insurance in this State, or

B. Deposit with the clerk of the court in which 8 9 such action or proceeding is pending cash or securities, or file with such clerk a bond with good and sufficient sureties, 10 to be approved by the court, in an amount to be fixed by the 11 court sufficient to secure the payment of any final judgment 12 which may be rendered in such action. The court may in its 13 discretion make an order dispensing with such deposit or bond 14 where the insurer makes a showing satisfactory to the court 15 that it maintains in a state of the United States funds or 16 17 securities, in trust or otherwise, sufficient and available 18 to satisfy any final judgment which may be entered in such action or proceeding, and that the insurer will pay any final 19 20 judgment entered therein without requiring suit to be brought 21 on such judgment in the state where such funds or securities 22 are located.

23 2. The court in any action or proceeding in which 24 service is made in the manner provided in section 2105 of this 25 chapter may, in its discretion, order such postponement as 26 may be necessary to afford the defendant reasonable opportunity 27 to comply with the provisions of subsection 1 above, and to 28 defend such action.

3. Nothing in subsection 1 above, is to be
construed to prevent an unauthorized insurer from filing a
motion to quash or to set aside the service of any process
made in the manner provided in section 2105 of this chapter

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Chap. 21 UNAUTH. INSURERS

1 on the ground either:

A. That such unauthorized insurer has not done any of the acts enumerated in section 2104 of this chapter,

5 B. That the person on whom service was made pur-6 suant to subsection 2 of section 2105 of this chapter was 7 not doing any of the acts therein enumerated.

8

§ 2108. Attorney fees

In any such action against an unauthorized insurer, 9 if the insurer has failed for 30 days after demand prior to 10 11 the commencement of the action to make payment in accordance with the terms of the contract, and it appears to the court 12 13 that such refusal was vexatious and without reasonable cause, the court shall allow to the plaintiff a reasonable attorney 14 fee and include such fee in any judgment that may be rendered 15 in such action, and in no event shall such fee be less than 16 17 \$100. Failure of an insurer to defend any such action shall 18 be deemed prima facie evidence that its failure to make payment was vexatious and without reasonable cause. 19

20

§ 2109. Unauthorized insurers false advertising process act; title

21 Sections 2102 and 2109 through 2111 of this chapter 22 constitute and may be referred to as the "unauthorized insurers 23 false advertising process act."

24

§ 2110. Notice to domicilary supervisory official

25 No unauthorized insurer through any estimate, illustration, circular, pamphlet, letter, announcement, statement, 26 27 or any other means or medium, shall misrepresent to any person 28 in this State as to its financial condition or the terms of 29 any contract issued or to be issued by it or the advantages 30 thereof, or the dividends or share to be received thereon. 31 Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that any such 32 insurer is so misrepresenting, he shall so notify the insurer

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and the insurance supervisory official of the insurer's domi ciliary state or province by registered or certified mail.

3

§ 2111. Action by commissioner

1. If within 30 days following the giving of the 4 notice provided for in section 2110 of this chapter the 5 insurer has not ceased such dissemination, and if the com-6 7 missioner has reason to believe that such insurer is solicit-8 ing, issuing or delivering contracts of insurance to residents of this State or collecting premiums on such contracts 9 10 or performing any other transaction in connection with such 11 insurance, and that a proceeding by him in respect to such 12 matters would be to the interest of the public, he shall take action against such insurer under provisions of section 13 2167 of this Title (trade practices act, service of process 14 15 on unauthorized insurers).

16 2. If upon such hearing the commissioner finds that the insurer has misrepresented as referred to in section 2110 of 17 this chapter, he shall by order on such hearing require the 18 insurer to cease and desist from such violation, and shall 19 20 mail a copy of the order by registered or certified mail to the insurer at its principal place of business last of record 21 with the commissioner and to the insurance supervisory offi- $\mathbf{22}$ 23 cial of the insurer's domiciliary state or province. Each 24 violation thereafter of such desist order shall subject the insurer to a penalty of \$2,000, to be recovered by a civil 25 action brought against the insurer by the commissioner. Ser-26 27 vice of process upon the insurer in such action may be made upon the commissioner pursuant to sections 2105 or 2167 28 29 3 of this-Title or in any other lawful manner.

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\$ \$2112. Reciprocal judgment

The Attorney General upon request of the commissioner may proceed in the courts of this State or any reciprocal state or in any federal court or agency to enforce an order or decision in any court proceeding or in any administrative proceeding before the commissioner.

1. Definitions. (In this section:

A. "Reciprocal state" means any state the laws of which contain procedures substantially similar to those specified in this section for the enforcement of decrees or orders in equity issued by courts located in other states, against insurers incorporated or authorized to do business in such state.

B. "Foreign decree" means any decree or order in equity of a court located in a "reciprocal state", including a court of the United States located therein, against a "domestic insurer" obtained by a "qualified party".

C. "Domestic insurer" means any insurer incorporated or authorized to do business in this State.

D. "Qualified party" means a state regulatory agency acting in its capacity to enforce the insurance laws of its state.

2. List of reciprocal states. The commissioner shall determine which states qualify as reciprocal states and shall maintain at all times an up-to-date list of such states.

3. <u>Filing and status of foreign decrees</u>. A copy of any foreign decree authenticated in accordance with the act of Congress or the statutes of this State may be filed in the office of the clerk of any Superior Court of this State. The clerk, upon verifying with the commissioner that the decree or order qualifies as a "foreign decree" shall treat the foreign decree in the same manner as a decree of a Superior Court of this State. A foreign decree so filed has the same effect and shall be deemed as a decree of a Superior Court of this State, and is subject to the same procedures, defenses and proceedings for reopening, vacating, or staying as a decree of a Superior Court of this State and may be enforced or satisfied in like manner.

4. Notice of filing.

A. At the time of the filing of the foreign decree, the Attorney General shall make $a_{A}^{\mu\nu}$ file with the clerk of the court an affidavit setting forth the name and last known post office address of the defendant.

B. Promptly upon the filing of the foreign decree and the affidavit, the clerk shall mail notice of the filing of the foreign decree to the defendant at the address given, and to the commissioner, and shall make a note of the mailing in the docket. In addition, the Attorney General may mail a notice of the filing of the foreign decree to the defendant and to the commissioner and may file proof of mailing with the clerk. Lack of mailing notice or filing by the clerk shall not affect the enforcement proceedings if proof of mailing by the Attorney General has been filed.

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C. No execution or other process for enforcement of a foreign decree filed hereunder shall issue until 30 days after the date the decree is filed.

5. <u>Stay</u>.

A. If the defendant shows the Superior Court that an appeal from the foreign decree is pending or will be taken, or that a stay of execution has been granted, the court shall stay enforcement of the foreign decree until the appeal is concluded, the time for appeal expires, or the stay of execution expires or is vacated, upon proof that the defendant has furnished the security for the satisfaction of the decree required by the state in which it was rendered.

B. If the defendant shows the Superior Court any ground upon which enforcement of a decree of any Superior Court of this State would be stayed, the court shall stay enforcement of the foreign decree for an appropriate period, upon requiring the same security for satisfaction of the decree which is required in this State.

6. <u>Fees</u>. Any person filing a foreign decree shall pay to the clerk of court the applicable fee. Fees for docketing, transcription or other enforcement proceedings shall be as provided for decrees of the Superior Court.

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UNAUTHORIZED INSURERS AND SURPEUS LINES 41=1234 \$ 2113.

41.1233. Report and tax of independently procured coverages #(1) /. Every insured who in this state procures or causes to be procured or continues or renews insurance in an unauthorized foreign insurer, or any self-insurer who in this state so procures or continues excess loss, catastrophe or other insurance, upon a subject of insurance resident, located or to be performed within this state, other than insurance procured through a surplus line broker pursuant to the surplus line law procured through a surplus line broker pursuant to the surplus line law of this flate or exempted from tax pursuant to section 44-1212, shall "within thirty...(30) days after the date such insurance was so procured, continued or renewed file a written report of the same with the commis-sioner on forms designated by the commissioner and furnished to the insured upon request. The report shall show the name and address of the insured or insureds, name and address of the insurer, the subject of the insurance, a general description of the coverage, the amount of premium currently charged therefor, and such additional pertinent information as the commissioner reasonably requests. If the insurance information as the commissioner reasonably requests. If the insurance covers also a subject of insurance resident, located or to be performed outside this state a proper pro rata portion of the entire premium pay-able for all such insurance shall be allocated to this state for the purposes of this state. of this section.

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of this section. (2) Any insurance in an unauthorized insurer procured through negotiations or an application in whole or in part occurring or made within or from within this state, or for which premiums in whole or in part are remitted directly or indirectly from within this state, shall be deemed to be insurance procured or continued or renewed in this state within the intent of subsection (1) above. (3) For the general support of the government of this state there is levied upon the insured with respect to the obligation, chose in action, or right represented by such insurance, a tax at the rate of *ithree per-*cent (3%) of the gross amount of the premium charged for the insur-ance. Within thirty (30) days after the insurance was so procured, continued or renewed, and coincidentally with the filing with the com-missioner of the report provided for in subsection (1) above, the in-sured shall pay the amount of the tax to the commissioner. (4) The tax imposed hereunder if delinquent shall bear interest at

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(4) The tax imposed hereunder if delinquent shall bear interest at the rate of six percent-(6%) per annum, compounded annually.
(5) The tax shall be collectible from the insured by civil action brought by the commissioner, or by distraint.
(6) The commissioner shall promptly deposit all taxes and interest collected under this section with the state treasurer to the credit of the state and entered to the credit of the state of the credit of the credit

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collected under this section with the state treasurer, to the credit of the state's general fund. (7) This section does not abrogate or modify any provision of sections 41-1291 (nepresenting or aiding unauthorized insurer pro-hibited), 41-1202 (representing or aiding unauthorized insurer pro-hibited penalty), or 41-1203 (suits by unauthorized insurer penalty). 7.

8. F1961 ch. 330. 8/277. p. 645.1

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Chap. 21 UNAUTH. INSURERS

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§ 2112. Penalty

2	Any person who in this State represents an unauthorized
3	insurer in the transaction of business in this State in vio-
4	lation of law, shall, in addition to any other applicable
5	penalty, be liable for the full amount of any loss sustained
6	on any insurance contract made by or through him, directly
7	or indirectly, and for any premium taxes which may become
8	due under any law of this State by reason of such contract.

1	CHAPTER 23
2	TRADE PRACTICES AND FRAUDS
3	§ 2151. Purpose
4	The purpose of sections 2151 through 2167 of this chapter
5	is to regulate trade practices in the business of insurance
6	in accordance with the intent of Congress as expressed in the
7	Act of Congress of March 9, 1945 (Public Law 15, 79th
8	Congress), by defining or providing for the determination of
9	all such practices in this State which constitute unfair
10	methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or prac-
11	tices, by defining or providing for the determination of all
12	such practices in other states by residents of this State
13	which constitute unfair methods of competition or unfair
14	or deceptive acts or practices, and by prohibiting the trade
15	practices so defined or determined.
16	
17	§ 2152. Unfair methods, deceptive acts prohibited
18	No person shall engage in this State in any trade
19	practice which is defined in this chapter, as, or determined
2 0	pursuant to this chapter, to be an unfair method of competi-
2 1	tion or an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business
22	of insurance. No resident of this State shall engage in any
23	other state in any trade practice which is defined in this

other state in any trade practice which is defined in this
chapter as, or determined pursuant to this chapter to be, an
unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act
or practice in the business of insurance.

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§ 2153. <u>Misrepresentation</u>, false advertising of policies

No person shall make, issue, circulate, or cause to be made, issued, or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued or the benefits or advantages promised

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Chap. 23 TRADE PRACTICES

1 thereby or the dividends or share of the surplus to be 2 received thereon, or make any false or misleading statement as to the dividends or share of surplus previously paid on 3 4 similar policies, or make any misleading representation or 5 any misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any 6 insurer, or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer operates, or use any name or title on any policy 7 8 or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof.

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§ 2154. False information, advertising

No person shall make, publish, disseminate, circulate, 11 or place before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, 1213 to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine or other publi-14 cation, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, 15 letter or poster, or over any radio or television station, 16 or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement or state-17 18 ment containing any assertion, representation or statement with respect to the business of insurance or with respect to 19 20 any person in the conduct of his insurance business, which 21 is untrue, deceptive or misleading.

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§ 2155. "Twisting" prohibited

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No person shall make or issue, or cause to be made or $\mathbf{24}$ 25 issued, any written or oral statement misrepresenting or making incomplete comparisons as to the terms, conditions, 26 or benefits contained in any policy for the purpose of 27 inducing or attempting or tending to induce the policyholder 28 29 to lapse, forfeit, borrow against, surrender, retain, 30 exchange, modify, convert, or otherwise affect or dispose of any insurance policy. 31

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§ 2156. False or misleading financial statements

No person shall file with any supervisory or other
 public official, or make, publish, disseminate, circulate or
 deliver to any person, or place before the public, or cause
 directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated,
 circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the
 public, any false statement of financial condition of an
 insurer with intent to deceive.

9 2. No person shall make any false entry in any book, 10 report or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive 11 any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its 12 condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official 13 to whom such insurer is required by law to report, or who has authority by law to examine into its condition or into 14 15 any of its affairs, or, with like intent, wilfully omit to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the 16 business of such insurer in any book, report or statement of 17 18 such insurer.

19 3. No person shall advertise the capital or assets of
20 an insurer without in the same advertisement setting forth
21 the amount of the insurer's liabilities.

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§ 2157. Defamation

No person shall make, publish, disseminate, or circu-24 25 late, directly or indirectly, or aid, abet or encourage the 26 making, publishing, disseminating or circulating of any oral 27 or written statement or any pamphlet, circular, article or /28 literature which is false, or maliciously critical of or 29 derogatory to the financial condition of an insurer, or of an organization proposing to become an insurer, and which is 30 31 calculated to injure any person engaged or proposing to engage in the business of insurance. 32

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§ 2158. Boycott, coercion and intimidation No person shall:

3 1. Enter into any agreement to commit, or by any con-4 certed action commit, any act of boycott, coercion or intimi-5 dation resulting in or tending to result in unreasonable 6 restraint of or monopoly in the business of insurance.

2. 7 Enter into any agreement to commit any act of boy-8 cott, coercion or intimidation, or in pursuance thereof 9 monopolize or attempt to monopolize any part of the business 10 of insurance.

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Unfair discrimination - Life insurance, annuities, and health insurance § 2159.

13 No person shall make or permit any unfair discrimina-1. tion between individuals of the same class and equal expecta-14 tion of life in the rates charged for any contract of life 15 insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other 16 benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and 17 18 conditions of such contract.

19 2. No person shall make or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and of essentially 20 the same hazard in the amount of premium, policy fees, or 21 22 rates charged for any policy or contract of health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the 23 24 terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner 25 whatever.

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§ 2160. Rebates - Life, health and annuity contracts

Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, no person 28 29 shall knowingly permit or offer to make or make any contract of life insurance, life annuity or health insurance, or 30 31 agreement as to such contract other than as plainly expressed in the contract issued thereon, or pay or allow, or give or 32

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offer to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as 1 2 inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or 3 4 advantage in the dividends or other benefits thereon, or 5 any paid employment or contract for services of any kind, 6 or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not 7 specified in the contract; or directly or indirectly give, 8 or sell, or purchase or offer or agree to give, sell, 9 purchase, or allow as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, and whether or not to be speci-10 11 fied in the policy or contract, any agreement of any form 12 or nature promising returns and profits, or any stocks, bonds, or other securities, or interest present or contin-13 gent therein or as measured thereby, of any insurer or other 14 15 corporation, association, or partnership, or any dividends or profits accrued or to accrue thereon. 16

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§ 2161. Exceptions to discrimination, rebates, stock inducements provision - Life, health, and annuity contracts

19 Nothing in sections 2159 and 2160 of this chapter 1. **2**0 shall be construed as including within the definition of 21 discrimination or rebates any of the following practices: 22 In the case of any contract of life insurance or Α. 23 life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise 24 abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus - 25 accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, provided that 26 any such bonuses, or abatement of premiums shall be fair 27 and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of **2**8 the insurer and its policyholders.

B. In the case of life insurance policies issued on
the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders
who have continuously for a specified period made premium
payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount

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1 which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.

C. Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group
insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience
thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent policy
year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive
only for such policy year.

D. Reduction of premium rate for policies of large
amount, but not exceeding savings in issuance and administration expenses reasonably attributable to such policies as
compared with policies of similar plan issued in smaller
amounts.

E. Reduction in premium rates for life or health insurance policies or annuity contracts on salary savings, payroll deduction, pre-authorized check, bank draft or similar plans in amounts reasonably commensurate with the savings made by the use of such plans.

17 F. The issuance of policies of group insurance with or 18 without annuities at rates less than the usual rate of pre-19 miums for individual policies or contracts as otherwise pro-20 vided for by law.

G. Allowance to an agent or broker, and receipt by the
agent or broker, of commissions with respect to insurance
written on himself.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as inclu-24 2. 25 ding within the definition of securities as inducements to 26 purchase insurance the selling or offering for sale, contemporaneously with life insurance or annuities, of mutual fund 27 28 shares or face amount certificates of regulated investment 29 companies under offerings registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission where such shares or such face amount 30 certificates or such insurance or annuities may be purchased 31 independently of and not contingent upon purchase of the 32

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other, at the same price and upon the same terms and condi tions as where purchased independently.

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§ 2162. Unfair discrimination, rebates prohibited -Property, casualty, surety insurance

No property, casualty or surety insurer or any 5 1. employee or representative thereof, and no broker, agent, or 6 as to such insurance, solicitor shall pay, allow, or give, or offer to pay, allow 7 or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to insur-8 ance, or after insurance has been effected, any rebate, 9 discount, abatement, credit or reduction of the premium named 10 in a policy of insurance, or any special favor or advantage 11 in the dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any 12valuable consideration or inducement whatever, not specified 13 or provided for in the policy, except to the extent provided 14 15 for in an applicable filing with the commissioner as provided by law. 16

17 2. No such insurer shall make or permit any unfair 18 discrimination between insureds or property having like insur-19 ing or risk characteristics, in the premium or rates charged 20 for insurance, or in the dividends or other benefits payable 21 thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of the 22 insurance.

23 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the payment of commissions or other compensation to $\mathbf{24}$ $\mathbf{25}$ duly licensed agents, brokers, or solicitors, or as prohibi-26 ting any insurer from allowing or returning to its partici-27 pating policyholders, members or subscribers, dividends, 28 savings or unabsorbed premium deposits. As used in this 29 section the word "insurance" includes suretyship and the 30 word "policy" includes bond. This section does not apply 31 as to wet marine and transportation insurance.

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§ 2163. Receipt of rebate, illegal inducement prohibited

No person shall knowingly receive or accept, directly 2 3 or indirectly, any rebate of premium or part thereof, or agent's, solicitor's or broker's commission thereon payable 4 5 on any policy of insurance or annuity contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividend or other benefit 6 to accrue thereon, or receive anything of value as induce-7 ment to such insurance or contract or in connection therewith 8 which is not specified, promised or provided for in the 9 policy or contract, except as provided in section 2161 10 (exceptions to discrimination, rebate, stock inducement 11 provision) of this chapter. 12

13

Stock operations and advisory board contracts 14 § 2164. 15 No person shall issue or deliver or permit its agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver agency company 16 17 stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common/law corporation, or securities or any 18 19 special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of 20 any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to 21 insurance.

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§ 2165. Desist orders for prohibited practices

24 If, after a hearing thereon of which notice of such 1. 25 hearing and of the charges against him were given such per-26 son, the commissioner finds that any person in this State 27 has engaged or is engaging in any act or practice defined in 28 or prohibited under this chapter, or that a resident of this 29 State has so engaged or is so engaging in another state, the 30 commissioner shall order such person to desist from such 31 acts or practices.

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2. Such desist order shall become final upon expiration

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of the time allowed for appeals from the commissioner's
orders, if no such appeal is taken, or, in the event of such
an appeal, upon final decision of the court if the court
affirms the commissioner's order or dismisses the appeal. An
intervenor in such hearing shall have the right to appeal as
provided in section 236 of this Title.

7 3. In event of such an appeal, to the extent that the
8 commissioner's order is affirmed the court shall issue its
9 own order commanding obedience to the terms of the commis10 sioner's order.

4. No order of the commissioner pursuant to this section
or order of court to enforce it shall in any way relieve or
absolve any person affected by such order from any other
liability, penalty, or forfeiture under law.

15 5. Violation of any such desist order shall be deemed
16 to be and shall be punishable as a violation of this Title.
17 6. This section shall not be deemed to affect or pre18 vent the imposition of any penalty provided by this Title or
19 by other law for violation of any other provision of this
20 chapter, whether or not any such hearing is called or held
21 or such desist order issued.

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§ 2166. Procedures as to undefined practices

24 1. If the commissioner believes that any person engaged $\mathbf{25}$ in the insurance business is engaging in this State, or that 26 any resident of this State engaged in the insurance business is engaging in another state, in any method of competition 27 28 or in any act or practice not defined in this chapter, in 29 the conduct of such business, which is unfair or deceptive 30 and that a proceeding by him in respect thereto would be in the public interest, he shall, after a hearing of which 31 notice of the hearing and of the charges against him are 32

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The court shall have jurisdiction of the proceeding and shall have power to make and enter appropriate orders in connection therewith and to issue such writs or orders as are ancillary to its jurisdiction or necessary in its judgment to prevent injury to the public pendente lite;

3. If the court finds that:

A. The method of competition complained of is unfair, or that the act or practice complained of is unfair or deceptive; and

B. The proceedings by the commissioner with respect thereto is to the interest of the public; and

C. The findings of the commissioner are supported by the weight of the evidence,

it shall issue its order enjoining and restraining the continuance of such method of competition, act or practice.

4. Either party may appeal from such final judgment or order or decree of court in a like manner as provided for appeals in civil cases.

Chap. 23 TRADE PRACTICES

given such person, make a written report of his findings of
 fact relative to such charges and serve a copy thereof upon
 such person and any intervenor at the hearing.

2. If such report charges a violation of this chapter
and if such method of competition, act or practice has not
been discontinued, the commissioner may at any time after

the service of such report cause an action to be instituted in The Sugarian Court of the county where in the purcen resident or has his prime 7 unipal ilac of busines Vto enjoin and restrain such person from engaging in such 8 method, act, or practice. VIn_such action the court may grant 9 10 a restraining order or injunction upon such terms as may be 11 just; but the people of this State shall not be required to give security before the issuance of any such order or 12under this cection) junction. If a stenographic record of the proceedings in injunction. 13 the hearing before the commissioner was made, a certified 14 transcript thereof including all evidence taken and the 15 report and findings shall be received in evidence in such 16 17 action.

18 **5.** If the commissioner's report made under subsection 19 1 above, or order on hearing made under section 235 of—this—____ 20 — Title does not charge a violation of this chapter, then any 21 intervenor in the proceedings may appeal therefrom within 22 the time and in the manner provided in this Title for appeals 23 from the commissioner generally.

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§ 2167. Service upon unauthorized insurers

Service of all process, statements of charges, and
 notices under this chapter upon unauthorized insurers shall
 be made by any deputy or employee of the department deliver ing to and leaving with the commissioner or some person in
 apparent charge of his office, 2 copies thereof, or in the
 manner provided for by section 2105 (service of process,
 unauthorized insurers process act) of this Title.

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2. The commissioner shall forward all such process,
 statements of charges, and notices to the insurer in the
 manner provided in section 2105 of this Title.

3. No default shall be taken against any such unauthorized insurer until expiration of 30 days after date of
forwarding by the commissioner under subsection 1 above, or
date of service of process if under section 2105 of this
8 Title.

9 4. Section 2105 of this Title shall apply as to all
10 process, statements of charges, and notices under this
11 section.

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§ 2168. Coercion in requiring insurance

14 1. No person engaged in the business of financing the purchase of real or personal property or of lending money 15 16 on the security of real or personal property shall require, as a condition to such financing or lending, or as a condi-17 tion to the renewal or extension of any such loan or to the 18 performance of any other act in connection with such finan-19 **2**0 cing or lending, that the purchaser or borrower, or his successors, shall negotiate through a particular insurer or $\mathbf{21}$ 22 insurers, insurance agent or agents, broker or brokers, type 23 of insurer or types of insurers, any policy of insurance or 24 renewal thereof insuring such property.

25 2. This section shall not prevent the exercise by any
26 mortgagee of his right to approve the insurer selected by
27 the borrower on a reasonable nondiscriminatory basis related
28 to the solvency and assessment policies of the insurer and
29 its ability to service the policy.

30 3. Any person violating this section shall be punished
31 by a fine of not more than \$100 or by imprisonment of not
32 more than 60 days, or by both; and if he holds a license

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1 from the commissioner, he shall forfeit the same. The
2 Superior Court, on complaint by any person that this section
3 is being violated, may issue an injunction against such vio4 lation and may hold in contempt and punish therefor in case
5 of disregard of such injunction.

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7 § 2169. Notice of free choice of agent or insurer Every debtor, borrower or purchaser of property with 8 9 respect to which insurance of any kind on the property is 10 required in connection with a debt or loan secured by such 11 property or in connection with the sale of such property shall be informed by the creditor or lender of his right of 1213 free choice in the selection of the agent and insurer through 14 or by which such insurance is to be placed. There shall be 15 no interference either directly or indirectly with such borrower's, debtor's or purchaser's free choice of an agent 16 17 and of an insurer which complies with the requirements set out in section 2168 of this chapter, and the creditor or 18 19 lender shall not refuse an adequate policy so tendered by **2**0 the borrower, debtor or purchaser. Upon notice of any 21 refusal of such tendered policy, the commissioner shall order the creditor or lender to accept the tendered policy, 22 23 if he determines that such refusal is not in accordance with 24 the requirements set out in section 2168 of this chapter. 25 Failure to comply with such an order of the commissioner shall be deemed a violation of this section. 26

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§ 2170. Certain fees for handling insurance transactions in connection with loans prohibited

No person who makes a loan on real or personal
 property shall in connection with such a transaction make
 any separate charge to or require any fee from or require

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the payment of any money for handling insurance papers for 1 an insurer, insurance agency, borrower, mortgagor or pur-2 chaser, other than the insurance premium on insurance 3 written as additional security for the loan. 4 This prohibition includes any separate charge or fee or payment of any 5 money for the substitution by a borrower or a mortgagor or 6 a purchaser of one insurance policy on the property for an 7 8 existing policy on the property when the existing or substi-9 tuted policy is provided through an insurer or insurance 10 agent or broker licensed to do business in the State.

2. This section shall not prohibit fees paid to a
 lender for handling or processing credit accident and health
 or credit life insurance not exceeding 10% of premiums.

14 3. Nothing in this section prevents the payment of the
15 interest which may be charged on premium loans or premium
16 advancements in accordance with the security agreement, or
17 dividends to group policyholders.

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§ 2171. Using insurance information to detriment of another

20 Whenever the instrument requires that the purchaser, $\mathbf{21}$ mortgagor or borrower furnish insurance of any kind on real 22 or personal property being conveyed or as collateral secur-23 ity to a loan, the mortgagee or lender shall refrain from 24 disclosing or using any and all such insurance information 25 to his or its own advantage and to the detriment of either - 26 the borrower, purchaser, mortgagor, insurer or company or 27 agency complying with the requirements relating to insurance. 28

§ 2172. Fictitious groups prohibited
No insurer or person on behalf of any insurer shall
offer, make, or permit any preference or distinction for
purposes of any property, casualty, or surety insurance

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1 coverage, as to form of policy, certificate, premium, 2 rates, benefits or conditions of insurance, based upon mem-З bership, nonmembership, or employment of any person or persons in or by any particular group, association, corpora-4 tion or organization; and shall not make any such preference 5 or distinction available in any event based upon any ficti-6 7 tious grouping of persons. For the purposes of this section a fictitious grouping is defined as any grouping by other a insurable interest as to the subject of the insurance and than, common majority ownership of, the risk to be insured. 8 9 10 2. This section shall not apply as to any grouping organized prior to January 1, 1968. 11

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§ 2173. Interlocking ownership, management

14 1. Any insurer may retain, invest in or acquire the whole or any part of the capital stock of any other insurer 15 or insurers, or have a common management with any other 16 insurer or insurers, unless such retention, investment, 17 18 acquisition or common management is inconsistent with any other provision of this Title, or unless by reason thereof 19 20 the business of such insurers with the public is conducted 21 in a manner which substantially lessens competition generally 22 in the insurance business or tends to create any monopoly 23 therein.

24 2. Any person otherwise qualified may be a director
25 of 2 or more insurers which are competitors, unless the
26 effect thereof is to lessen substantially competition between
27 insurers generally or tends materially to create any monopoly.
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§ 2174. Political contributions prohibited; penalty 1. No insurer shall directly or indirectly pay or use, or offer, consent, or agree to pay or use, any money or property for or in aid of any political party, committee, or

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organization, or for or in aid of any corporation or other body organized or maintained for political purposes, or for or in aid of any candidate for political office, or for nomination for such office, or for any political purpose whatsoever, or for the reimbursement or indemnification of any person for money or property so used.

2. Any officer, director, stockholder, attorney, or 7 agent of any insurer which violates any of the provisions of 8 this section, who participates in, aids, abets, or advises, 9 or consents to any such violation, and any person who solicits 10 or knowingly receives any money or property in violation of 11 this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be 12punished by imprisonment for less than one year and a fine 13 of not more than \$1,000; and any officer or director abetting 14 in any contribution made in violation of this section shall 15 be liable to the insurer for the amount so contributed. 16 This section shall not prohibit expenditures by an 17 3. insurer otherwise lawful, for presentation of information to 18 legislators relative to proposed legislation affecting the 19 20 insurer.

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§ 2175. Illegal dealing in premiums; excess charges for insurance

No person shall knowingly collect any sum as pre mium or charge for insurance, which insurance is not then
 provided or is not in due course to be provided, (subject to
 acceptance of the risk by the insurer by an insurance
 policy issued by an insurer as authorized by this Title.

28 2. No person shall wilfully collect as premium or 29 charge for insurance any sum in excess of the premium or 30 charge applicable to such insurance, and as specified in the 31 policy, in accordance with the applicable classifications 32 and rates as filed with and approved by the commissioner; or,

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in cases where classifications, premiums, or rates are not 1 2 required by this Title to be so filed and approved, such pre-3 miums and charges shall not be in excess of those specified in the policy and as fixed by the insurer. This provision 4 shall not be deemed to prohibit the charging and collection, 5 6 by surplus lines brokers licensed under chapter 19 of this 7 <u>Title</u>, of the amount of applicable state and federal taxes 8 and nominal service charge to cover communication expenses, 9 in addition to the premium required by the insurer. This 10 provision shall not be deemed to prohibit the charging and collection, by a life insurer, of amounts actually to be 11 expended for medical examination of an applicant for life 12 insurance or for reinstatement of a life insurance policy. 13 14

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§ 2176. Insurer's ownership of funeral establishment prohibited

16 No insurer shall own or manage or supervise or operate 17 or maintain a mortuary establishment or funeral establish-18 ment.

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§ 2177. Funeral contracts prohibited

No insurer shall contract or agree with any funeral director, funeral establishment or mortuary establishment to the effect that such director or establishment shall conduct the funeral of any individual insured by the insurer. Nothing in this section shall prevent compliance with Title 39, section 59, or the use of an insurance policy to provide security for the payment for a funeral.

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§ 2178. Insurer name - Deceptive use prohibited
No person who is not an insurer shall assume or use any
name which deceptively infers or suggests that it is an
insurer.

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§ 2179. False applications, claims, proofs of loss; penalty

No agent, broker, solicitor, examining physician, appli-2 3 cant, or other person, shall knowingly or wilfully make any false or fraudulent statement or representation in or with 4 5 reference to any application for insurance; or for the purpose of obtaining any money or benefit, knowingly or wilfully 6 7 present or cause to be presented a false or fraudulent claim; or any proof in support of such a claim for the payment of 8 the loss upon a contract of insurance; or prepare, make, or 9 10 subscribe a false or fraudulent account, certificate, affidavit or proof of loss, or other document or writing, with 11 intent that the same may be presented or used in support of 12 such a claim. Violations of this section shall be subject 13 to the penalty provided in section 12 of this Title, or as 14 provided by any other applicable law which provides a 15 16 greater penalty.

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§ 2180. Inquests into insurance frauds

19 On application in writing to the commissioner by an officer of any insurer doing business in the State, stating 20 21 that he has reason to believe and does believe that any per-22 son has, by false representations, procured from the insurer 23 an insurance, or that the insurer has sustained a loss by 24 the fraudulent act of the insured or with his knowledge or 25 consent, and requesting an investigation thereof, the commis-26 sioner shall summon and examine, under oath, at a time and 27 place designated by him, any persons and require the produc-28 tion of all books and papers necessary for a full investiga-**2**9 tion of the facts and make report thereof, with the testimony by him taken, to the insurer making such application. 30

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1	CHAPTER 25
2	RATES AND RATING ORGANIZATIONS
3	§ 2301. Purpose of chapter; interpretation
4	The purpose of this chapter is to promote the public
5	welfare by regulating insurance rates (in accordance with
6	the intent of Congress as expressed in Public Law 15 - 79th
7	Congress) to the end that they shall not be excessive,
8	inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, and to authorize and
9	regulate cooperative action among insurers in rate making
10	and in other matters within the scope of this chapter.
11	Nothing in this chapter is intended (1) to prohibit or dis-
12	courage reasonable competition, or (2) to prohibit, or en-
13	courage except to the extent necessary to accomplish the
14	aforementioned purpose, uniformity in insurance rates, rat-
15	ing systems, rating plans or practices. This chapter shall
16	be liberally interpreted to carry into effect the provisions
17	of this section.
18	
19	§ 2302. Scope of chapter
2 0	1. This chapter applies to:
2 1	A. Casualty insurance and all forms of motor vehicle
22	insurance, on risks or operations in this State;
2 3	B. Surety insurance;
24	C. Fire and allied lines, marine and inland marine
25	insurance, on risks located in this State. Inland marine
26	insurance shall be deemed to include insurance now or here-
27	after defined by statute, or by interpretation thereof, or
2 8	if not so defined or interpreted, by ruling of the commis-
29	sioner, or as established by general custom of the business,
30	as inland marine insurance.
31	2. This chapter shall not apply to:
32	A. Reinsurance, except joint reinsurance as provided

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in section 2322 of this chapter;

2 Β. Health insurance; с. Insurance of vessels or craft, their cargoes, 3 marine builders' risks, marine protection and indemnity, 4 or other risks commonly insured under marine, as distin-5 guished from inland marine, insurance policies; 6 7 D. Insurance of hulls of aircraft, including their 8 accessories and equipment, or against liability, other than 9 workmen's compensation and employers' liability, arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of aircraft; 10 11 E. Life insurance; 12 F. Title insurance; 13 G. Insurance written on an assessment plan by domestic mutual insurers. 14 Workmen's compensation shall first be subject to 15 3. 16 Title 39, but any parts of this chapter not inconsistent 17 with such Title shall also apply. The filings required by 18 Title 39, section 22, may be made on behalf of any workmen's compensation insurer by a rating organization licensed in 19 accordance with section 2310, of this chapter. 20 21 4. Nothing in this chapter shall abridge or restrict 22 the freedom of contract between insurers and agents or **2**3 brokers with respect to commissions or between insurers and their employees with respect to compensation. 24 25 26 § 2303. Making of rates 27 1. Rates shall be made in accordance with the follow-**2**8 ing provisions: 29 A. Manual, minimum, class rates, rating schedules or rating plans, shall be made and adopted, except in the 30 case of specific inland marine rates on risks specially 31 32 rated;

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Chap. 25 FATES, RATING ORG.

1	B. Rates shall not be excessive, inadequate or unfair-
2	ly discriminatory;
3	C. Due consideration shall be given:
4	(1) To past and prospective loss experience within
5	and outside this State;
6	(2) To the conflagration and catastrophe hazards;
7	(3) To a reasonable strain for underwriting profit
8	and contingencies;
9	(4) To dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium
10	deposits allowed or returned by insurers to their policy-
11	holders, members or subscribers;
12	(5) To past and prospective expenses both country-
13	wide and those specially applicable to this State;
14	(6) To all other relevant factors within and outside
15	this State; and
16	(7) In the case of fire insurance rates, consideration
17	shall be given to the experience of the fire insurance busi-
18	ness during a period of not less than the most recent 5 year
19	period for which such experience is available;
2 0	D. The systems of expense provisions included in the
21	rates for use by any insurer or group of insurers may differ
22	from those of other insurers or groups of insurers to reflect
23	the requirements of the operating methods of any such insurer
2 4	or group with respect to any kind of insurance, or with res-
25	pect to any subdivision or combination thereof for which
26	subdivision or combination separate expense provisions are
27	applicable;
29	E. Risks may be grouped by classifications for the
30	establishment of rates and minimum premiums. Classification
31	rates may be modified to produce rates for individual risks
32	in accordance with rating plans which establish standards for
33	measuring variations in hazards or expense provisions, or both.

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Such standards may measure any differences among risks which
 may have a probable effect upon losses or expenses.

2. Nothing in this section shall be taken to prohibit 3 4 as unreasonable or unfairly discriminatory the establishment of classifications or modifications of classifications or 5 6 risks based upon size , expense, management, individual exper-7 ience, purpose of insurance, location or dispersion of hazard, or any other reasonable considerations, provided such classi-8 fications and modifications apply to all risks under the same 9 10 or substantially similar circumstances or conditions.

3. Except to the extent necessary to meet the provi sions of paragraph B of subsection 1 of this section, uni formity among insurers in any matters within the scope of
 this section is neither required nor prohibited.

15 4. Rates made in accordance with this section may be16 used subject to this chapter.

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§ 2304. Rate filings

Every insurer shall file with the commissioner, 19 1. 20 except as to inland marine risks which by general custom of 21 the business are not written according to manual rates or 22 rating plans, every manual, minimum, class rate, rating schedule or rating plan and every other rating rule, and every mod-23 ification of any of the foregoing which it proposes to use. 24 25 Every such filing shall state the effective date thereof, 26 and shall indicate the character and extent of the coverage 27 contemplated.

28 2. When a filing is not accompanied by the informa-29 tion upon which the insurer supports such filing, and the 30 commissioner does not have sufficient information to deter-31 mine whether such filing meets the requirements of this chap-32 ter , he shall require the insurer to furnish the information

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upon which it supports the filing. Any filing may be sup-1 2 ported by the experience, or judgment if experience is not 3 available, of the insurer or rating organization making the filing, the experience of other insurers or rating organ-4 5 izations or any other factors which the insurer or rating 6 organization deems relevant. A filing and any supporting 7 information shall be open to public inspection after the 8 filing becomes effective.

9 3. Specific inland marine rates on risks specially 10 rated, made by a rating organization, shall be filed with 11 the commissioner, and shall become effective when filed 12 and shall be deemed approved and in compliance with the 13 requirements of this chapter until such time as the commis-14 sioner rejects the filing.

15 4. A rate filing and its supporting data are confiden-16 tial until the filing becomes effective.

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§ 2305. Exemption from filing

19 Under such rules and regulations as he adopts the com-20 missioner may, by written order, suspend or modify the re-21 quirement of filing as to any kind of insurance, subdivision 22 or combination thereof, or as to classes of risks, the rates 23 for which cannot practicably be filed before they are used. 24 Such orders, rules and regulations shall be made known to 25 insurers and rating organizations affected thereby. The com-26 missioner may make such examination as he deems advisable to 27 ascertain whether any rates affected by such order meet the standards set forth in section 2303, subsection 1, paragraph B, 28 29 of this chapter.

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§ 2306. Disapproval of filing

32 1. If at any time the commissioner has reason to believe

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that a filing does not meet the requirements of this chap-1 2 ter, he shall, after a hearing held upon not less than 10 days' written notice, specifying the matters to be consid-3 4 ered at such hearing, to every insurer and rating organization which made such filing, issue an order specifying in 5 6 what respects he finds that such filing fails to meet the 7 requirements of this chapter, and stating when, within a reasonable period thereafter, such filing shall be deemed 8 no longer effective. Copies of the order shall be sent to 9 10 every such insurer and rating organization. The order shall not affect any contract or policy made or issued prior to 11 12 the expiration of the period set forth in the order.

No such order shall be issued by the commissioner 13 2. 14 with respect to the rate of an insurer if such rate is one 15 used by any other insurer unless such order applies equally 16 to all insurers using such rate. Such order may be issued 17 to an insurer without being applicable to all other insurers 18 using the same rate if the basis for such order is that the insurer affected thereby could not otherwise, with safety 19 20 to the public and to its policyholders, be permitted to continue to transact business. 21

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§ 2307. Limitation of disapproval power

No manual of classifications, rules, rating plans, or any modification of any of the foregoing which establishes standards for measuring variations in hazards or expense provisions, or both, and which has been filed pursuant to section 2303 of this chapter, shall be disapproved if the rates produced meet the requirements of this chapter.

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§ 2308. Excess rates

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Upon the written application of the insured, stating

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his reasons therefor, filed with and approved by the com missioner, a rate in excess of that provided by a filing
 otherwise applicable may be used on any specific risk.

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§ 2309. Rating organizations - Filings for members and subscribers authorized

6 An insurer may satisfy its obligation to make filings 7 required by section 2303 of this chapter by becoming a mem-8 ber of, or a subscriber to, a licensed rating organization 9 which makes such filings, and by authorizing the commissioner 10 to accept such filings on its behalf. Nothing contained in 11 this chapter shall be construed as requiring any insurer to 12 become a member of or a subscriber to any rating organization.

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§ 2310. Rating organizations - Licensing

15 1. No rating organization shall make or file rates for
 risks located in this State without first being licensed
 17 therefor under this chapter.

2. A corporation, an unincorporated assocation, a partnership or an individual, whether located within or outside
this State, may make application to the commissioner for license as a rating organization for such kinds of insurance,
or subdivision or class of risk or a part or combination
thereof as are specified in its application, and shall file
therewith FR WMuMb:

A. A certified copy of its constitution, its articles
of agreement or association, or its certificate of incorporation, and of its bylaws, rules and regulations governing the
conduct of its business;

B. A certified list of its members and subscribers;
C. The name and address of a resident of this State
upon whom notices or orders of the commissioner or process
affecting such rating organization may be served;

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D. A statement of its qualifications as a rating organ ization; and

E. A power of attorney appointing the commissioner to be the true and lawful attorney of such organization in and for this State, upon whom all lawful process in any action or proceeding against the organization, other than an action or proceeding instituted by the commissioner, may be served in the same manner as service of process on insurers under section 422 of this Title.

10 If the commissioner finds that the applicant is 3. competent, trustworthy and otherwise qualified to act as 11 a rating organization and that its constitution, articles 12 of agreement or association or certificate of incorporation, 13 and its bylaws, rules and regulations governing the conduct 14 of its business conform to the requirements of law, he shall 15 16 issue a license specifying the kinds of insurance, or subdivision or class of risk or part or combination thereof for 17 18 which the applicant is authorized to act as a rating organization. Every such application shall be granted or denied 19 20 in whole or in part by the commissioner within 60 days after 21 the same has been filed with him.

4. Licenses issued pursuant to this section shall remain in effect until the first day of the next July and annually thereafter may be renewed, expiring on the first day of the succeeding July unless sooner suspended or revoked by the commissioner. The fee for the license and for each annual renewal thereof shall be as specified in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title.

5. Licenses issued pursuant to this section may be suspended or revoked by the commissioner, after hearing upon
notice, in the event the rating organization ceases to meet
the requirements of this section.

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§ 2311. Subscribers to rating organizations

Subject to rules and regulations which have been 2 1. 3 approved by the commissioner as reasonable, each rating organization shall permit any insurer to be a subscriber to its 4 rating services for any kind of insurance, subdivision, or 5 6 class of risk or a part or combination thereof for which 7 it is authorized to act as a rating organization. Notice of proposed changes in such rules and regulations shall be 8 given to subscribers. Each rating organization shall furnish 9 10 its rating services without discrimination to its subscribers.

The reasonableness of any rule or regulation in 11 2. 12 its application to subscribers, or the refusal of any rating organization to admit an insurer as a subscriber, shall, 13 14 at the request of any subscriber or any such insurer, be 15 reviewed by the commissioner at a hearing held upon at least 16 10 days' written notice to such rating organization and to such subscriber or insurer. If the commissioner finds that 17 18 such rule or regulation is unreasonable in its application 19 to subscribers, he shall order that such rule or regulation 20 shall not be applicable to subscribers. If the rating organ-21 ization fails to grant or reject an insurer's application 22 for subscribership within 30 days after it was made, the insurer may request a review by the commissioner as if the 23 24 application had been rejected. If the commissioner finds 25 that the insurer has been refused admittance to the rating 26 organization as a subscriber without justification, he shall 27 order the rating organization to admit the insurer as a sub-28 scriber. If he finds that the action of the rating organiza-29 tion was justified, he shall make an order affirming its action. 30

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§ 2312. Notice of changes

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Every rating organization shall notify the commissioner

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promptly of every change in its constitution, its articles of agreement or association, or its certificate of incorporation, and its bylaws, rules and regulations governing the conduct of its business, its list of members and subscribers, and the name and address of the resident of this State designated by it upon whom notices or orders of the commissioner or process affecting such rating organization may be served.

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- § 2313. Rules not to affect dividends

10 No rating organization shall adopt any rule the effect 11 of which would be to prohibit or regulate the payment of 12 dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed 13 or returned by insurers to their policyholders, members or 14 subscribers.

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§ 2314. Technical services

Any rating organization may subscribe for or purchase
actuarial, technical or other services, and such services
shall be available to all subscribers without discrimination.

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§ 2315. Stamping Bureau

STRE INSURANSE Any rating organization may provide for the examination 22 of its subscriber's policies, daily reports, binders, renewal 23 24 certificates, endorsements or other evidences of insurance, 25 or the cancellation thereof, and may make reasonable rules governing their submission. Such rules shall contain a pro-26 27 vision that in the event any insurer does not within 60 days 28 furnish satisfactory evidence to the rating organization of 29 the correction of any error or omission previously called to 30 its attention by the rating organization, the rating organ-31 ization shall notify the commissioner thereof. All informa-32 tion so submitted for examination shall be confidential.

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§ 2316. Adherence to filings

No insurer shall make or issue a contract or policy except in accordance with the filings which are in effect for the insurer as provided in this chapter or in accordance with sections 2305 (exemption from filing) or 2308 (excess rates) of this chapter. This section shall not apply to contracts or policies for inland marine risks as to which filings are not required.

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§ 2317. Deviations

Every member of or subscriber to a rating organiza-11 1. tion shall adhere to the filings made on its behalf by such 12 13 organization except that any such insurer may make written 14 application to the commissioner for permission to file a 15 deviation from the class rates, schedules, rating plans or rules respecting any kind of insurance, or class of risk 16 within a kind of insurance, or combination thereof. 17 Such 18 application shall specify the basis for the modification and a copy thereof shall also be sent simultaneously to such 19 20 rating organization.

21 2. The commissioner shall set a time and place for a
22 hearing at which the insurer and the rating organization
23 may be heard and shall give them not less than 10 days'
24 written notice thereof. If the commissioner is advised by
25 the rating organization that it does not desire a hearing
26 he may, upon the consent of the applicant, waive such hearing.

3. In considering the application for permission to
file such deviation the commissioner shall give consideration to the available statistics and the principles for rate
making as provided in section 2303 of this chapter. The commissioner shall issue an order permitting the deviation for
the insurer to be filed if he finds it to be justified and

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it shall mereupon become effective. He shall issue an order
denying the application if he finds that the resulting premiums would be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory.
4 4. Each deviation permitted to be filed shall be effective for a period of one year from the date of such permission
unless terminated sooner with the approval of the commissioner.

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§ 2318. Appeal from rating organization

10 1. Any member of or subscriber to a rating organization
 may appeal to the commissioner from the action or decision of
 the rating organization in approving or rejecting any pro posed change in or addition to the filings of such rating
 organization.

2. 15 The commissioner shall, after a hearing held upon not less than 10 days' written notice to the appellant and 16 to the rating organization, issue an order approving the 17 action or decision of the rating organization or directing 18 19 it to give further consideration to such proposal; or if the 20 appeal is from the action or decision of the rating organization in rejecting a proposed addition to its filings, he may, in the 21 22 event he finds that such action or decision was unreasonable, **2**3 issue an order directing the rating organization to make an 24 addition to its filings on behalf of its members and subscribers, in a manner consistent with his findings, within a reason-25 26 able time after the issuance of such order.

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§ 2319. Appeal by insurers and others as to filings

29 1. Any person or organization in interest aggrieved
30 with respect to any filing which is in effect may make written
31 application to the commissioner for a hearing thereon, except
32 that the insurer or rating organization that made the filing

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shall not be authorized to proceed under this section. Such
 application shall specify the grounds to be relied upon by
 the applicant.

If the commissioner finds that the application is
made in good faith, that the applicant would be so aggrieved
if his grounds are established, and that such grounds otherwise justify holding such a hearing, he shall, within 30 days
after receipt of such application, hold a hearing upon not
less than 10 days' written notice to the applicant and to
every insurer and rating organization which made such filing.

11 3. If, after such hearing, the commissioner finds that 12 the filing does not meet the requirements of this chapter, 13 he shall issue an order specifying in what respects he finds that such filing fails to meet the requirements of this chap-14 15 ter, and stating when, within a reasonable period thereafter, 16 such filing shall be deemed no longer effective. Copies of 17 the order shall be sent to the applicant and to every such 18 insurer and rating organization. The order shall not affect 19 any contract or policy made or issued prior to the expiration 20 of the period set forth in the order.

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§ 2320. Information furnished insureds; hearings and appeals of insureds

1. Every rating organization and every insurer which
makes its own rates shall, within a reasonable time after
receiving written request therefor and upon payment of such
reasonable charge as it may make, furnish to any insured
affected by a rate made by it, or to the authorized representative of such insured, all pertinent information as to such
rate.

30 2. Every rating organization and every insurer which
31 makes its own rates shall provide within this State reason32 able means whereby any person aggrieved by the application

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of its rating system may be heard, in person or by his auth-1 orized representative, on his written request to review the 2 3 manner in which such rating system has been applied in connection with the insurance afforded him. If the rating organiza-4 tion or insurer fails to grant or reject such request within 5 30 days after it is made, the applicant may proceed in the 6 7 same manner as if his application had been rejected. Any party affected by the action of such rating organization 8 9 or such insurer on such request may, within 30 days after written notice of such action, appeal to the commissioner, 10 11 who, after a hearing held upon not less than 10 days' written notice to the appellant and to such rating organization or 12 insurer, may affirm or reverse such action. 13

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§ 2321. Advisory organizations

16 1. Every group, association or other organization of
17 insurers, whether located within or outside this State,
18 which assists insurers which make their own filings or rat19 ing organizations in rate making, by the collection and fur20 nishing of loss or expense statistics, or by the submission
21 of recommendations, but which does not make filings under
22 this chapter, shall be known as an advisory organization.

23 2. Every advisory organization shall file with the
24 commissioner:

A. A copy of its constitution, its articles of agreement or association or its certificate of incorporation and
of its bylaws, rules, and regulations governing its activities;

B. A list of its members;

C. The name and address of a resident of this State upon
whom notice or orders of the commissioner or process issued
at his direction may be served; and

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D. An agreement that the commissioner may examine such

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advisory organization in accordance with section 2328 (exam ination) of this chapter.

3 3. If, after a hearing, the commissioner finds that the
4 furnishing of such information or assistance involves any
5 act or practice which is unfair or unreasonable or otherwise
6 inconsistent with this chapter, he may issue a written order
7 specifying in what respects such act or practice is unfair
8 or unreasonable or otherwise inconsistent with this chapter,
9 and requiring the discontinuance of such act or practice.

10 4. No insurer which makes its own filings nor any rating organization shall support its filings by statistics or 11 12 adopt rate making recommendations, furnished to it by an 13 advisory organization which has not complied with this section or with an order of the commissioner involving such statistics 14 15 or recommendations issued under subsection 3 of this section. 16 If the commissioner finds such insurer or rating organization 17 to be in violation of this subsection he may issue an order 18 requiring the discontinuance of such violation.

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§ 2322. Joint underwriters; joint reinsurers

21 1. Every group, association or other organization of 22 insurers which engages in joint underwriting or joint reinsur-23 ance, shall be subject to regulation with respect thereto as 24 herein provided, subject, however, with respect to joint 25 underwriting, to all other provisions of this chapter and with respect to joint reinsurance, to sections 2328 (examina-26 tions), 2329 (penalties), and 2330 (appeals from commissioner) 27 of this chapter. **2**8

29 2. If, after a hearing, the commissioner finds that any
30 activity or practice of any such group, association or other
31 organization is unfair or unreasonable or otherwise inconsistent
32 with the provisions of this chapter, he may issue a written

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order specifying in what respects such activity or practice
 is unfair or unreasonable or otherwise inconsistent with the
 provisions of this chapter, and requiring the discontinuance
 of such activity or practice.

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§ 2323. Recording and reporting of loss and expense experience

7 The commissioner shall promulgate reasonable rules 1. 8 and statistical plans, reasonably adapted to each of the 9 rating systems on file with him, which may be modified from 10 time to time and which shall be used thereafter by each 11 insurer in the recording and reporting of its loss and 12 · countrywide expense experience, in order that the exper-13 ience of all insurers may be made available at least annually in such form and detail as may be necessary to aid him in 14 determining whether rating systems comply with the standards 15 set forth in section 2303 of this chapter. Such rules and 16 17 plans may also provide for the recording and reporting of 18 expense experience items which are specially applicable to 19 this State and are not susceptible of determination by a prorating of countrywide expense experience. 20

21 2. In promulgating such rules and plans, the commissioner 22 shall give due consideration to the rating systems on file 23 with him, and in order that such rules and plans may be as uniform as is practicable among the several states, to the 24 25 rules and to the form of the plans used for such rating sys-26 tems in other states. No insurer shall be required to record 27 or report its loss experience on a classification basis that 28 is inconsistent with the rating system filed by it.

3. The commissioner may designate one or more rating
organizations or other agencies to assist him in gathering
such experience and making compilations thereof, and such
compilations shall be made available, subject to reasonable

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rules promulgated by the commissioner, to insurers and rat ing organizations.

3 4. Each insurer shall report its loss or expense exper-4 ience to the lawful rating organization or agency of which 5 it is a member or subscriber, but shall not be required to 6 report its loss or expense experience to any rating organ-7 ization or agency of which it is not a member or subscriber. 8 Any insurer not reporting such experience to a rating organ-9 ization or other agency may be required to report such exper-10 ience to the commissioner. Any report of such experience of 11 any insurer filed with the commissioner shall be deemed con-12 fidential and shall not be revealed by the commissioner to 13 any other insurer or other person, but the commissioner may make compilations including such experience. 14

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§ 2324. Interchange of rating plan data; consultation; cooperative action in rate-making

Reasonable rules and plans may be promulgated by the
 commissioner for the interchange of data necessary for the
 application of rating plans.

20 2. In order to further uniform administration of rate 21 regulatory laws, the commissioner and every insurer and rat-22 ing organization may exchange information and experience 23 data with insurance supervisory officials, insurers and rat-24 ing organizations in other states and may consult with them 25 with respect to rate making and the application of rating 26 systems.

3. Cooperation among rating organizations or among rating organizations and insurers in rate making or in other matters within the scope of this chapter is authorized, but the filings resulting from such cooperation are subject to all provisions of this chapter which are applicable to filings generally. The commissioner may review such cooperative act-

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ivities and practices and if, after a hearing, he finds that
any such activity or practice is unfair or unreasonable or
otherwise inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter,
he may issue a written order specifying in what respects such
activity or practice is unfair or unreasonable or otherwise
inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, and requiring the discontinuance of such activity or practice.

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§ 2325. Assigned risks

1. Agreements may be made among insurers with respect 10 to the equitable apportionment among them of insurance which 11 may be afforded applicants who are in good faith entitled to 12 13 but who are unable to procure such insurance through ordinary 14 methods and such insurers may agree among themselves on the 15 use of reasonable rate modifications for such insurance, such 16 agreements and rate modifications to be subject to the approval 17 of the commissioner.

18 Every insurer undertaking to transact in this State 2. 19 the business of automobile and motor vehicle bodily injury, 20 property damage liability, physical damage, and medical pay-21 ments insurance and every rating organization which files 22 rates for such insurance shall cooperate in the preparation 23 and submission of a plan for the equitable apportionment among 24 insurers of applicants for insurance who are ingood faith 25 entitled to, but who are unable to procure through ordinary 26 methods, such insurance. The plan shall provide:

A. <u>Distribution of risks</u>. Reasonable rules governing
the equitable distribution of risks by direct insurance, reinsurance or otherwise and their assignment to insurers;

B. <u>Rates</u>. Rates and rate modifications applicable to
such risks which shall not be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory;

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C. <u>Liability</u>. The limits of liability which the insurer
 shall be required to assume; and

D. Hearings; appeal. A method whereby applicants for
insurance, insureds and insurers may have a hearing on grievances and the right of appeal to the commissioner.

3. The plan shall be filed in writing with the commis-6 The commissioner shall review the plan as soon as 7 sioner. 8 reasonably possible after filing in order to determine wheth-9 er it meets the requirements set forth in paragraphs A, B, C, and D. The plan, unless sooner approved in writing, shall 10 11 be on file for a waiting period of 30 days before it becomes effective. The plan shall be deemed approved unless disap-12 proved by the commissioner within the waiting period. 13

Subsequent to the waiting period, the commissioner may 14 15 disapprove the plan on the ground that it does not meet the requirements set forth in paragraphs A, B, C, and D, but only 16 17 after a hearing held upon not less than 10 days' written 18 notice to every insurer and rating organization affected, 19 specifying the matters to be considered at such hearing, and 20 only by an order specifying in what respect he finds that the 21 plan fails to meet such requirements, and stating when within a reasonable period thereafter the plan shall be deemed no 22 23 longer effective. Such order shall not affect any assign-24 ment made or policy issued or made prior to the expiration 25 of the period set forth in the order. Amendments to the 26 plan shall be prepared, filed and reviewed in the same manner 27 as herein provided with respect to the original plan. refined to in subjection 2, Im

4. When the plan or amendments thereto have been approved or promulgated, no insurer shall thereafter issue a
policy of automobile and motor vehicle bodily injury, property
damage liability, physical damage and medical payments insurance or undertake to transact such business in this State

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unless such insurer shall participate in such an approved
 or promulgated plan.

3 5. If, after hearing, the commissioner finds that any activity or practice of any insurer or rating organiza-(referred to the debuckion 2 above) tion in connection with the operation of the plan is unfair 4 5 or unreasonable or otherwise inconsistent with this section, 6 7 he may issue a written order specifying in what respects such activity or practice is unfair or unreasonable or other-8 wise inconsistent with this section and requiring the discon-9 tinuance of such activity or practice. 10 11 § 2326. False or misleading information 12 No person or organization shall wilfully withhold 13 1. information from, or knowingly give false or misleading 14 information to: 15 16 Α. The commissioner; Any statistical agency designated by the commissioner; or 17 Β. 18 С. Any rating organization, or any insurer which will affect the rates or premiums chargeable under this chapter. 19 20 2. A violation of this section shall subject the one 21 guilty of such violation to the penalties provided in section 2329 of this chapter. $\mathbf{22}$ 23 $\mathbf{24}$ § 2327. Fleet rates / Two or more insurers, who, by virtue of their business 25 associations in the United States, represent themselves to 26 27 be or are customarily known as a "group" or similar insur-28 ance trade designation, may make the same filings or use the 29 same rates for each such insurer, subject to the provisions 30 of section 2303; and nothing contained in this chapter shall 31 be construed to prohibit an agreement to make the same filings

32 or use the same rates and concerted action in connection with

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Thi 2. This section shall not be deemed to prohibit or restrict any agreement oraction otherwise lawful under section 2322 (joint underwriters; joint reinsurers).

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such filings or rates by such insurers. This section shall not apply to 2 or more insurers who are not under the same common executive or general management or control and who act in concert in underwriting groups or pools.

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7 The commissioner shall examine the affairs, transactions, 8 accounts, and records of each rating organization licensed in this State as provided in section 2310 of this chapter, 9 10 of each advisory organization in this State as defined in section 2321 of this chapter, and of joint underwriters and 11 joint reinsurers as defined in section 2322 of this chapter, 12 as often as he deems advisable, but not less frequently than 13 once every 5 years. The examination shall be conducted in 14 15 the same manner and is subject to the same applicable provisions as apply to examination of insurers in chapter 3 of 16 this Title. The reasonable costs of any such examination shall 17 18 be paid by the organization or association so examined. In 19 lieu of any such examination the commissioner may accept the 20 report of an examination made by the insurance supervisory 21 official of another state, pursuant to the laws of such state.

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§ 2329. Penalties

Any person or organization wil fully violating any 24 1. provision of this chapter shall be subject to a penalty of not r, if the moletum is willful, the penalty shall be subject to a penalty of not more than \$500 for each such violation. Such penalty may be 25 26 27 in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

28 The commissioner may suspend the license of any rat-2. 29 ing organization or insurer which fails to comply with an 30 order of the commissioner within the time limited by such order 31 or any extension thereof which the commissioner may grant. The commissioner shall not suspend the license of any rating 32

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organization or insurer for failure to comply with an order 1 2 until the time prescribed for an appeal therefrom has expired 3 or if an appeal has been taken, until such order has been affirmed. The commissioner may determine when a suspension 4 of license shall become effective and it shall remain in 5 6 effect for the period fixed by him unless he modifies or rescinds such suspension, or until the order upon which such 7 8 suspension is based is modified, rescinded or reversed.

9 3. No penalty shall be imposed and no license shall
10 be suspended or revoked except upon a written order of the
11 commissioner, stating his findings, made after a hearing
12 held upon not less than 10 days' written notice to such per13 son or organization specifying the alleged violation.

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§ 2330. Appeals from commissioner

16 Any insurer or rating organization aggrieved by any 17 order or decision of the commissioner may appeal there-18 from as provided in section 236 (appeal from the commissioner). 19 of this Title.

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1	CHAPTER 27
2	THE INSURANCE CONTRACT
3	§ 2401. Scope of chapter
4	This chapter applies as to all insurance contracts and
5	annuity contracts, other than:
6	1. Reinsurance.
7	2. Policies or contracts not issued for delivery in
8	this State nor delivered in this State.
9	3. Wet marine and transportation insurance.
10	
11	§ 2402. "Policy" defined
12	"Policy" means the written contract of or written agree-
13	ment for or effecting insurance, by whatever name called,
14	and includes all clauses, riders, endorsements and papers
15	which are a part thereof.
16	
17	§ 2403. "Premium" defined
18	"Premium" is the consideration for insurance, by what-
19	ever name called. Any "assessment", or any "membership",
2 0	"policy", "survey", "inspection", "service" or similar fee or
2 1	other charge in consideration for an insurance contract is
22	deemed part of the premium.
2 3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 4	§ 2404. Insurable interest - Personal insurance
2 5	1. Any individual of competent legal capacity may pro-
2 6	cure or effect an insurance contract upon his own life or
27	body for the benefit of any person. But no person shall
2 8	procure or cause to be procured any insurance contract upon
29	the life or body of another individual unless the benefits
3 0	under such contract are payable to the individual insured or
31	his personal representatives, or to a person having, at the
32	time when such contract was made, an insurable interest in

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1 the individual insured.

2 2. If the beneficiary, assignee, or other payee under 3 any contract made in violation of this section receives from 4 the insurer any benefits thereunder accruing upon the death, 5 disablement, or injury of the individual insured, the indi-6 vidual insured or his executor or administrator, as the case 7 may be, may maintain an action to recover such benefits from 8 the person so receiving them.

9 3. "Insurable interest" as to such personal insurance 10 means that every individual has an insurable interest in the 11 life, body, and health of himself, and of other persons as 12 follows:

A. In the case of individuals related closely by blood
or by law, a substantial interest engendered by love and
affection;

B. In the case of other persons, a lawful and substantial economic interest in having the life, health, or bodily safety of the individual insured continue, as distinguished from an interest which would arise only by, or would be enhanced in value by, the death, disablement or injury of the individual insured; and

22 An individual heretofore or hereafter party to a C. contract or option for the purchase or sale of an interest 23 in a business partnership or firm, or of shares of stock of $\mathbf{24}$ 25 a closed corporation or of an interest in such shares, has an insurable interest in the life of each individual party 26 27 to such contract and for the purposes of such contract only, 28 in addition to any insurable interest which may otherwise 29 exist as to the life of such individual.

30 4. An insurer shall be entitled to rely upon all state31 ments, declarations and representations made by an applicant
32 for insurance relative to the insurable interest of the

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applicant in the insured; and no insurer shall incur legal
 liability except as set forth in the policy, by virtue of
 any untrue statements, declarations or representations so
 relied upon in good faith by the insurer.

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§ 2405. Insurable interest - Exception when certain institutions designated beneficiary

1. Life insurance contracts may be entered into in which the person paying the consideration for the insurance has no insurable interest in the life of the individual insured, where charitable, benevolent, educational, or religious institutions, or their agencies, are designated irrevocably as the beneficiaries thereof.

2. In making such contracts the person paying the premium shall make and sign the application therefor as owner, and shall designate a charitable, benevolent, educational or religious institution, or an agency thereof, irrevocably as the beneficiary or beneficiaries of such contract. The application shall be signed also by the individual whose life is to be insured.

3. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit
any combination of the applicant, premium payer, owner, and
beneficiary from being the same person.

4. Such a contract shall be valid and binding among
the parties thereto, notwithstanding the absence otherwise
of an insurable interest in the life of the individual insured.

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§ 2406. Insurable interest, property

No contract of insurance of property or of any
 interest in property or arising from property shall be
 enforceable as to the insurance except for the benefit of
 persons having an insurable interest in the things insured
 as at the time of the loss.

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"Insurable interest" as used in this section means 1 2. any actual, lawful, and substantial economic interest in the 2 safety or preservation of the subject of the insurance free 3 from loss, destruction, or pecuniary damage or impairment. 4 The measure of an insurable interest in property is 5 3. the extent to which the insured might be directly or indirectly 6 damnified by loss, injury, or impairment thereof. 7

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§ 2407. Power to contract - Purchase of insurance and annuities by minors

Any person of competent legal capacity may contract
 for insurance.

2. Any minor not less than 15 years of age, nearest 12 birthday, may, notwithstanding his minority, contract for or 13 own annuities, or insurance, or affirm by novation or other-14 wise pre-existing contracts for annuities or insurance upon 15 his own life, body, health, property, liabilities or other 16 17 interests, or on the persons of another in whom the minor has an insurable interest. Such a minor shall, notwithstand-18 19 ing such minority, be deemed competent to exercise all rights and powers with respect to or under any contract for annuity 20 21 or for insurance upon his own life, body or health, or any 22 contract such minor effected upon his own property, lia-23 bilities or other interests, or any contract effected or 24 owned by the minor on the person of another, as might be 25 exercised by a person of full legal age, and may at any time 26 surrender his interest in any such contracts and give valid 27 discharge for any benefit accruing or money payable thereunder. Such a minor shall not, by reason of his minority, be entitled **2**8 to rescind, avoid or repudiate the contract, nor to rescind, 29 30 avoid or repudiate any exercise of a right or privilege there-31 under, except that such a minor not otherwise emancipated, 32 shall not be bound by any unperformed agreement to pay by

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promissory note or otherwise, any premium on any such annuity
 or insurance contract.

3 3. Any annuity contract or policy of life or health
4 insurance procured by or for a minor under subsection 2 above,
5 shall be made payable either to the minor or his estate or to
6 a person having an insurable interest in the life of the
7 minor.

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§ 2408. Consent of insured - Life, health insurance 9 10 No life or health insurance contract upon an indivior annul dual, except a contract of group life insurance or of group 11 insurance, shall be made or effectuated 12 or blanket health unless at the time of the making of the contract the indivi-13 14 dual insured, being of competent legal capacity to contract, 15 applies therefor or has consented thereto in writing, except 16 in the following cases: 17 A spouse may effectuate such insurance upon the other 1.

A spouse may effectuate such insurance upon the other
 spouse.

19 2. Any person having an insurable interest in the life
20 of a minor, or any person upon whom a minor is dependent for
21 support and maintenance, may effectuate insurance upon the
22 life of or pertaining to such minor.

3. Family policies may be issued insuring any 2 or more
members of a family on an application signed by either parent,
a step-parent, or by a husband or wife.

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§ 2409. Alteration of application, life and health insurance

No alteration of any written application for any life or health insurance policy, shall be made by any person other than the applicant without his written consent, except that insertions may be made by the insurer, for administrative purposes only, in such manner as to indicate clearly that

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1 such insertions are not to be ascribed to the applicant.
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§ 2410. Application; statements; as evidence

The insured shall not be bound by any statement made 4 1. an L La ser and a series of the second second in an application for a life or health insurance policy or 5 6 annuity contract, and the application shall not be admissible in evidence in any action relative to such policy or contract, 7 8 unless a true copy of the application was attached to or endorsed on the policy or contract when issued as a part 9 10 thereof. This provision shall not apply to industrial life insurance policies or To group life or group health insurance policie. 11

12 2. If any policy of life or health insurance delivered 13 in this State is reinstated or renewed, and the insured or 14 the beneficiary or assignee of the policy makes written 15 request to the insurer for a copy of the application, if any, 16 for such reinstatement or renewal, the insurer shall within 17 30 days after receipt of such request at its home office, or 18 branch office, deliver or mail to the person making such 19 request a copy of such application reproduced by any legible **2**0 means. If such copy is not so delivered or mailed after **2**1 having been so requested, the insurer shall be precluded 22 from introducing the application in evidence in any action or proceeding based upon or involving the policy or its rein-23 $\mathbf{24}$ In the case of such a request from a statement or renewal. or according 25 beneficiary, the time within which the insurer is required. 26 to furnish a copy of such application shall not begin to run until after receipt of evidence satisfactory to the insurer 27 of the beneficiary's vested interest in the policy or contract. **2**8 3. As to kinds of insurance other than life or health 29 30 insurance, no application for insurance signed by or on behalf of the insured shall be admissible in evidence in any 31 32 action between the insured and the insurer arising out of the

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policy so applied for, if the insurer has failed, at the expiration of 30 days after receipt by the insurer of written demand therefor by or on behalf of the insured, to furnish to the insured a copy of such application reproduced by any legible means.

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§ 2411. Representations in applications

8 All statements and descriptions in any application for 9 an insurance policy or annuity contract, by or in behalf of 10 the insured or annuitant, shall be deemed to be representa-11 tions and not warranties. Misrepresentations, omissions, 12 concealment of facts, and incorrect statements shall not 13 prevent a recovery under the policy or contract unless either:

14

1. Fraudulent; or

15 2. Material either to the acceptance of the risk, or to16 the hazard assumed by the insurer; or

The insurer in good faith would either not have 17 3. issued the policy or contract, or would not have issued it at 18 the same premium rate, or would not have issued a policy or 19 contract in as large an amount, or would not have provided **2**0 21 coverage with respect to the hazard resulting in the loss, $\mathbf{22}$ if the true facts had been made known to the insurer as 23 required either by the application for the policy or contract $\mathbf{24}$ or otherwise.

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§ 2412. Filing, approval of forms

1. No basic insurance policy or annuity contract form, or application form where written application is required and is to be made a part of the policy or contract, or printed rider or endorsement form or form of renewal certificate, shall be delivered, or issued for delivery in this State, unless the form has been filed with and approved by

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the commissioner. This provision shall not apply to surety 1 bonds, or to specially rated inland marine risks, or to 2 policies, riders, endorsements or forms of unique character 3 designed for and used with relation to insurance upon a par-4 ticular subject, or which relate to the manner of distribu-5 tion of benefits or to the reservation of rights and benefits 6 under life or health insurance policies and are used at the 7 request of the individual policyholder, contract holder, or 8 certificate holder. As to group insurance policies effectu-9 ated and delivered outside this State but covering persons 10 resident in this State, the group certificates to be delivered 11 or issued for delivery in this State shall be filed, for the 12 commissioner's information only, with the commissioner at his 13 request. As to forms for use in property, marine (other than 14 wet marine and transportation insurance), casualty and surety 15 insurance coverages the filing required by this subsection 16 17 may be made by rating organizations on behalf of its members 18 and subscribers; but this provision shall not be deemed to 19 prohibit any such member or subscriber from filing any such 20 forms on its own behalf.

Every such filing shall be made not less than 30 days 21 2. 22 in advance of any such delivery. At the expiration of such 23 30 days the form so filed shall be deemed approved unless 24 prior thereto it has been affirmatively approved or disapproved by order of the commissioner. Approval of any such form by 25 26 the commissioner shall constitute a waiver of any unexpired 27 portion of such waiting period. The commissioner may extend 28 by not more than an additional 30 days the period within which 29 he may so affirmatively approve or disapprove any such form, 30 by giving notice to the insurer of such extension before 31 expiration of the initial 30 days period. At the expiration of any such period as so extended, and in the absence of such 32

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prior affirmative approval or disapproval, any such form 1 2 shall be deemed approved. The commissioner may at any time, 3 after hearing and for cause shown, withdraw any such approval. Any order of the commissioner disapproving any such 4 3. 5 form or withdrawing a previous approval shall state the grounds therefor and the particulars thereof in such detail 6 7 as reasonably to inform the insurer thereof. Any such with-8 drawal of a previously approved form shall be effective at expiration of such period, not less than 30 days after the 9

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10 giving of the notice of withdrawal, as the commissioner shall 11 in such notice prescribe.

12 4. The commissioner may, by order, exempt from the 13 requirements of this section for so long as he deems proper 14 any insurance document or form or type thereof as specified 15 in such order, to which, in his opinion, this section may not 16 practicably be applied, or the filing and approval of which 17 are, in his opinion, not desirable or necessary for the pro-18 tection of the public.

19 5. Appeals from orders of the commissioner disapproving
20 any such form or withdrawing a previous approval may be taken
21 as provided in sections 229 through 236 of this Title.

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§ 2413. Grounds for disapproval

The commissioner shall disapprove any form filed
 under section 2412 of this chapter, or withdraw any previous
 approval thereof, only on one or more of the following
 grounds:

A. If it is in any respect in violation of or does notcomply with this Title.

B. If it contains or incorporates by reference, where
such incorporation is otherwise permissible, any inconsistent,
ambiguous, or misleading clauses, or exceptions and conditions

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which deceptively affect the risk purported to be assumed in
 the general coverage of the contract.

3 C. If it has any title, heading, or other indication4 of its provisions which is misleading.

5 D. As to an individual health insurance policy, if the 6 benefits provided therein are unreasonable in relation to 7 the premium charged; or, as to any health insurance contract, 8 if it contains any unjust, unfair or inequitable provision 9 or provisions.

E. As to a life insurance or health insurance policy,
if it contains a provision or provisions such as to encourage
misrepresentation.

13 2. The insurer shall not use in this State any such14 form after disapproval or withdrawal of approval.

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§ 2414. Standard provisions, in general

Insurance contracts shall contain such standard or
 uniform provisions as are required by the applicable provi sions of this Title pertaining to contracts of particular
 kinds of insurance. The commissioner may waive the required
 use of a particular provision in a particular insurance
 policy form if:

A. He finds such provision unnecessary for or unrelated
to the protection of the insured and inconsistent with the
purposes of the policy, and

26

B. The policy is otherwise approved by him.

27 2. No policy shall contain any provision inconsistent 28 with or contradictory to any standard or uniform provision 29 used or required to be used, but the commissioner may approve 30 any substitute provision which is, in his opinion, not less 31 favorable in any particular to the insured or beneficiary 32 than the provisions otherwise required.

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Chap. 27 INSULANCE COMPLEXON

1 3. In lieu of the provisions required by this Title 2 for contracts for particular kinds of insurance, substantially 3 similar provisions required by the law of the domicile of a foreign or alien insurer may be used when approved by the 4 5 commissioner.

4. A policy issued by a domestic insurer for delivery 6 D in another jurisdiction may contain any provision required 7 or permitted by the laws of such jurisdiction. 8 5. This saltion dole not apply as to the attandard fine policy.

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§ 2415. Charter, bylaw provisions

No policy shall contain any provision purporting to make 11 any portion of the charter, bylaws or other constituent 12 13 document of the insurer (other than the subscriber's agreement or power of attorney of a reciprocal insurer) a part of the 14 15 contract unless such portion is set forth in full in the 16 policy. Any policy provision in violation of this section 17 shall be invalid.

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Execution of policies § 2416.

20 Every insurance policy shall be executed in the name 1. 21 of and on behalf of the insurer by its officer, attorney in 22 fact, employee, or representative duly authorized by the 23 insurer.

24 2. A facsimile signature of any such executing indivi-25 dual may be used in lieu of an original signature.

26 3. No insurance contract heretofore or hereafter issued 27 and which is otherwise valid shall be rendered invalid by 28 reason of the apparent execution thereof on behalf of the 29 insurer by the imprinted facsimile signature of an individual not authorized so to execute as of the date of the policy. 30

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§ 2417. Underwriters' and combination policies 1 1. Two or more authorized insurers may jointly issue, 2 and shall be jointly and severally liable on, an underwriters' 3 policy bearing their names. Any one insurer may issue 4 5 policies in the name of an underwriter's department and such policy shall plainly show the true name of the insurer. 6 Two or more insurers may, with the approval of the 2. 7 commissioner, issue a combination policy which shall contain 8 9 provisions substantially as follows: That the insurers executing the policy shall be 10 Α. severally liable for the full amount of any loss or damage, 11 according to the terms of the policy, or for specified per-12 centages or amounts thereof, aggregating the full amount of 13 14 insurance under the policy, and That service of process, or of any notice or proof 15 в. of loss required by such policy, upon any of the insurers 16 executing the policy, shall constitute service upon all such 17 18 insurers. 19 3. This section shall not apply to co-surety obliga-20 tions. 21 § 2418. 22 Validity and construction of non-complying forms 23 A policy hereafter delivered or issued for delivery 1. to any person in this State in violation of this Title but $\mathbf{24}$ otherwise binding on the insurer, shall be held valid, but 25 26 shall be construed as provided in this Title.

27 2. Any condition, omission or provision not in compliance 28 with the requirements of this Title and contained in any 29 policy, rider, or endorsement hereafter issued and otherwise 30 valid, shall not thereby be rendered invalid but shall be 31 construed and applied in accordance with such condition, 32 omission or provision as would have applied had the same been

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Chap. 27 INSULANCE COMPLACT

in full compliance with this Title. 1

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Delivery of policy as to manufa while and and § 2419. 3 In event the original policy is delivered or is so 4 required to be delivered to or for deposit with any vendor, 5 mortgagee, or pledgee of any motor vehicle, and in which 6 7 policy any interest of the vendee, mortgagor, or pledgor in or with reference to such vehicle is insured, a duplicate of 8 such policy setting forth the name and address of the 9 10 insurer, insurance classification of vehicle, type of coverage, limits of liability, premiums for the respective 11 coverages, and duration of the policy, or memorandum thereof 12 containing the same such information, shall be delivered by 13 the vendor, mortgagee, or pledgee to each such vendee, mort-14 gagor, or pledgor named in the policy or coming within the 15 16 group of persons designated in the policy to be so included. 17 If the policy does not provide coverage of legal liability for injury to persons or damage to the property of third 18 parties, a statement of such fact shall be printed, written, 19 **2**0 or stamped conspicuously on the face of such duplicate $\mathbf{21}$ policy or memorandum. This section does not apply to 22 inland marine floater policies. 23

§ 2420. Assignability; rights of insurer, assignee $\mathbf{24}$ 1. A policy may be assignable or not assignable, as $\mathbf{25}$ 26 provided by its terms.

Subject to its terms relating to assignability, a 27 2. life or health insurance policy, whether heretofore or here-**2**8 29 after issued, under the terms of which the beneficiary may 30 be changed upon the sole request of the insured or owner, may be assigned either by pledge or transfer of title, by 31 32 an assignment executed by the insured or owner alone and

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4. Any individual insured under a group insurance policy or group annuity contract shall have the right, unless expressly prohibited under the terms of the goolicy or contract, to assign to any other person his rights and benefits under the policy or contract, including, but not limited to, the right to designate the beneficiary or beneficiaries and the rights as to conversion provided for in sections 2621 through 2625 of this fitte. While the assignment is in effect the insurer shall be entitled to deal with the assignee as the owner of such rights and benefits in accordance with the terms of the assignment; but without prejudice to the insurer on account of any lawful action taken or payment made by it prior kto receipt by it at its home office of written notice of the assignment or of the termination thereof.

and whether heretofor or hureafter made,

delivered to the insurer, whether or not the pledgee or
 assignee is the insurer.

3 3. Any assignment of a policy which is otherwise lawful 4 and of which the insurer has received notice, shall entitle 5 the insurer to deal with the assignee as the owner or pledgee 6 of the policy in accordance with the terms of the assignment, 7 until the insurer has received at its home office written 8 notice of termination of the assignment or pledge, or written notice by or on behalf of some other person claiming some 9 10 interest in the policy in conflict with the assignment.

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§ 2421. Renewal of policy

13 Any policy terminating by its terms at a specified ex-14 piration date and not otherwise renewable, may be renewed 15 or extended at the option of the insurer and upon a currently 16 authorized policy form and at the premium rate then required 17 therefor for a specified additional period or periods by a 18 certificate or other endorsement of the policy, and without 19 requiring issuance of a new policy.

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§ 2422. Notice to, knowledge of agent binding on insurer

1. An agent authorized by an insurer, if the name of
such agent is borne on the policy, is the insurer's agent
in all matters of insurance. Any notice required to be
given by the insured to the insurer or any of its officers
may be given to such agent.

27 2. The authorized agent of an insurer shall be regarded 28 as in the place of the insurer in all respects regarding 29 any insurance effected by him. The insurer is bound by his 30 knowledge of the risk and all matters connected therewith. 31 Omissions and misdescriptions known to the agent shall be re-32 gerded as known to the insurer and waived by it as if noted 33 in the policy.

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Chap. 27 INSURANCE CONTRACT

1	§ 2423. Forms for proof of loss to be furnished
2	An insurer shall furnish, upon written request of any
3	person claiming to have a loss under an insurance contract
4	issued by such insurer, forms of proof of loss for comple-
5	tion by such person, but such insurer shall not, by reason
6	of the requirement so to furnish forms, have any responsi-
7	bility for or with reference to the completion of such proof
8	or the manner of any such completion or attempted completion.
9	
10	§ 2424. Claims administration not waiver
11	Without limitation of any right or defense of an insurer
12	otherwise, none of the following acts by or on behalf of an
13	insurer shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of any provi-
14	sion of a policy or of any defense of the insurer thereunder:
15	1. Acknowledgment of the receipt of notice of loss or
16	claim under the policy.
17	2. Furnishing forms for reporting a loss or claim,
18	for giving information relative thereto, or for making proof
19	of loss, or receiving or acknowledging receipt of any such
20	forms or proofs completed or uncompleted.
21	3. Investigating any loss or claim under any policy
22	or engaging in negotiations looking toward a possible settle-
23	ment of any such loss or claim.
24	4. Making advance or partial payments under automobile
25	liability insurance policies as an accommodation to or on
26	behalf of any person_suffering injury, loss_or_damage.
27	
2 8	§ 2425. Payment discharges insurer
29	Whenever the proceeds of or payments under a life or
3 0	health insurance policy or annuity contract heretofore or
31	hereafter issued become payable in accordance with the terms
32	of such policy or contract, or the exercise of any right or

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\$ 2426. Advance payments

1. No payment or payments made by any person, or by his insurer by firtue of an insurance policy, on account of bodily injury or death or damage to or loss of property of another, shall constitute an admission of liability or waiver of defense as to such injury, death, loss or damage, or be admissible in evidence in any action brought against the insured person or his insurer for damages, indemnity or benefits arising out of such injury, death, loss or damage unless pleaded as a defense to the action.

2, All such payments shall be credited upon any settlement with respect to the same damage, expense, or loss made by, or judgmer, rendered therefor in such an agtion against, the payor or ix his insurer, and in favor of any person to whom or on whose account payment was made.

privilege thereunder, and the insurer makes payment thereof 1 2 in accordance therewith or in accordance with any written 3 assignment thereof, the person then designated as being entitled thereto shall be entitled to receive such proceeds or payments 4 5 and to give full acquittance therefor, and such payments shall 6 fully discharge the insurer from all claims under the policy 7 or contract unless, before payment is made, the insurer has received at its home office written notice by or on behalf 8 9 of some other person that such other person claims to be en-10 titled to such payment or some interest in the policy or con-11 tract.

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§ 2427. Minor may give acquittance

1. Any minor domiciled in this State who has attained 14 the age of 18 years shall be deemed competent to receive and 15 to give full acquittance and discharge for a payment or pay-16 17 ments in aggregate amount not exceeding \$3,000 in any one year 18 made by a life insurer under the maturity, death, or settle-19 ment agreement provisions in effect or elected by such minor 20 under a life insurance policy or annuity contract, if such 21 policy, contract or agreement provides for payment to such minor. No such minor shall be deemed competent to alienate 22 23 the right to or to anticipate or commute such payments. This section shall not be deemed to restrict the rights of minors 24 25 set forth in section 2407 of this chapter.

26 2. If a guardian of the property of any such minor is 27 duly appointed and written notice thereof is given to the in-28 surer at its home office, any such payment thereafter falling 29 due shall be paid to the guardian for the account of the 30 minor, unless the policy or contract under which the payment 31 is made expressly provides otherwise.

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3. This section shall not be deemed to require any

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, and such proceeds and avails shall be exempt from all liability for any debt of the beneficiary existing at the time the proceeds and avails is made available for his use

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insurer making any such payment to determine whether any
 other insurer may be effecting a similar payment to the same
 minor.

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§ 2429. Exemption of proceeds - Life, endowment, annuity, accident contracts

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6 1. Certain policies of insurance shall be exempt from
7 claims of creditors, and the rights of beneficiaries and
8 assignees thereof shall be protected, as set forth.

9 Except in cases of transfers with intent to defraud 2. 10 creditors, if a contract of life, endowment, annuity or accident insurance, whether heretofore or hereafter issued, 11 12 is effected by any person on his own life or on another life, in favor of a person other than himself or is assigned or 13 14 in any way made payable to any other person, the lawful beneficiary or assignee thereof, other than the insured or the 15 16 person so effecting such contract of insurance or executors 17 or administrators of such insured or of the person so effect-18 ing such contract of insurance, shall be entitled to its pro-19 ceeds and avails against the creditors and representatives of $\mathbf{20}$ the insured and of the person effecting the same, whether or 21 not the right to change the beneficiary is reserved or per-22 mitted and whether or not the contract of insurance is made payable to the person whose life is insured if the beneficiary 23 $\mathbf{24}$ or assignee shall predecease such person; Subject to the 25 statute of limitations, the amount of any premiums for such 26 contract of insurance paid with intent to defraud creditors, 27 with interest thereon, shall inure to the benefit of the 28 creditors from the proceeds of the contract of insurance; 29 but the insurer issuing the contract shall be discharged of all liability thereon by payment of its proceeds in accord-30 ance with its terms, unless before such payment the insurer 31 shall have been given written notice, by or in behalf of a 32

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with specifications of the amount claimed along with such facts as will assist the insurer to ascertain the particular policy of

3. For the purpose of subsection 2 above, a contract of insurance shall also be deemed to be payable to a person other than the insured if and to the extent that a facility-of-payment clause or similar clause in the contract permits the insurer to discharge its obligation after the death of the individual insured by paying the death benefits to a person as permitted by such clause. 1 creditor, of a claim to recover for transfer made or premiums
2 paid with intent to defraud creditors, and unless such insurer
3 shall have been served with trustee process for the cash sur4 render value of any such contract of insurance as required
5 by law prior to making payment of the proceeds in accordance
6 with the terms of the contract of insurance.

§ 2429. Exemption of proceeds, health insurance 8 9 Except as may otherwise be expressly provided by the 10 policy or contract, the proceeds or avails of all contracts 11 of health insurance and of provisions providing benefits on account of the insured's disability which are supplemental 12 13 to life insurance or annuity contracts heretofore or hereafter effected shall be exempt from all liability for any 14 15 debt of the insured, and from any debt of the beneficiary existing at the time the proceeds are made available for 16 17 his use.

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§ 2429. Exemption of proceeds, group insurance

A policy of group life insurance or group health
 insurance or the proceeds thereof payable to the individual
 insured or to the beneficiary thereunder, shall not be liable,
 either before or after payment, to be applied by any legal
 or equitable process to pay any debt or liability of such
 insured individual or his beneficiary or of any other person
 having a right under the policy.

27 2. This section shall not apply to group insurance
28 issued pursuant to this Title to a creditor covering his
29 debtors, to the extent that such proceeds are applied to
30 payment of the obligation for the purpose of which the insur31 ance was so issued.

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Chap. 27 INSURANCE CONTRACT

1

§ 2430. Exemption of proceeds, individual annuity contracts; assignability of rights

The benefits, rights, privileges and options which
 under any individual annuity contract heretofore or hereafter
 issued are due or prospectively due the annuitant, shall not
 be subject to execution nor shall the annuitant be compelled
 to exercise any such rights, powers, or options, nor shall
 creditors be allowed to interfere with or terminate the con tract, except:

A. As to amounts paid for or as premium on any such 9 10 annuity with intent to defraud creditors, with interest thereon, and of which the creditor has given the insurer 11 written notice at its home office prior to the making of 12 the payment to the annuitant out of which the creditor seeks 13 to recover. Any such notice shall specify the amount claimed 14 or such facts as will enable the insurer to ascertain such 15 amount, and shall set forth such facts as will enable the 16 insurer to ascertain the annuity contract, the annuitant 17 18 and the payment sought to be avoided on the ground of fraud.

19 B. The total exemption of benefits presently due and 20 payable to any annuitant periodically or at stated times under all annuity contracts under which he is an annuitant, 21 22 shall not at any time exceed \$450 per month for the length 23 of time represented by such installments, and that such periodic payments in excess of \$450 per month shall be sub-24 25 ject to garnishee execution to the same extent as are wages 26 and salaries.

27 C. If the total benefits presently due and payable to 28 any annuitant under all annuity contracts under which he is 29 an annuitant, shall at any time exceed payment at the rate 30 of \$450 per month, then the court may order such annuitant 31 to pay to a judgment creditor or apply on the judgment, in 32 installments, such portion of such excess benefits as to the

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court may appear just and proper, after due regard for the
 reasonable requirements of the judgment debtor and his
 family, if dependent upon him, as well as any payments
 required to be made by the annuitant to other creditors
 under prior court orders.

6 2. If the contract so provides, the benefits, rights, 7 privileges or options accruing under such contract to a 8 beneficiary or assignee shall not be transferable nor sub-9 ject to commutation, and if the benefits are payable period-10 ically or at stated times, the same exemptions and exceptions 11 contained herein for the annuitant, shall apply with respect 12 to such beneficiary or assignee.

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§ 2432. Exemption of employee's interest - Group annuities, pension trusts

If any group annuity contract or pension trust, whether 15 16 heretofore or hereafter issued, is effected by an employer 17 for the benefit of his employees, whether or not requiring any contribution toward the cost thereof by such employees, 18 19 the interest of any employee, beneficiary or joint or contin-**2**0 [`] gent annuitant in any policy, certificate or fund in connec-21tion therewith and his interest in any payments or proceeds 22 thereof and in any optional or death benefits shall not in 23 any way be subject to execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, trustee process or any other legal or equitable process. 24

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26 § 2432. Jurisdiction of courts, limitation of actions 27 No conditions, stipulations or agreements in a contract 28 of insurance shall deprive the courts of this State of juris-29 diction of actions against foreign insurers, or limit the 30 time for commencing actions against such insurers to a period 31 of less than 2 years from the time when the cause of action 32 accrues.

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Chap. 27 INSURANCE CONT. LOT

§ 243⁴. Suits against foreign insurers
 Any person having a claim against any foreign insurer
 may bring a trustee action or any other appropriate action
 therefor in the courts of this State. Service of process
 upon such an insurer shall be made as provided in sections
 421 and 422 of this Title.

1	CHAPTER 29
2	LIFE INSURANCE AND ANNUITY CONTRACTS
3	§ 2501. Scope of chapter
4	This chapter applies only to contracts of life insur-
5	ance and annuities, other than reinsurance, group life
6 7	insurance and group annuities, except that section 2537 (Separate accounts) shall also apply as to group annuity contra 3.
8	§ 2501. "Industrial life insurance" defined
9	For the purposes of this Title "industrial life insur-
10	ance" is that form of life insurance written under policies
11	of face amount of $\frac{3}{51,000}$ or less bearing the words "indus-
12	or "weekly premium policy" or words of similar import trial policy 'imprinted on the face thereof as part of
13	the descriptive matter, and under which premiums are pay-
14	able monthly or more often.
15	
16	§ 2503. Standard provisions required
17	1. No policy of life insurance other than pure
18	endowments with or without return of premiums or of
19	premiums and interest, shall be delivered or issued
2 0	for delivery in this State unless it contains in sub-
21	stance all of the applicable provisions required by
22	sections 2504 to 2515, inclusive, of this chapter.
2 3	This section shall not apply to annuity contracts nor
24	to any provision of a life insurance policy, or contract
2 5	supplemental thereto, relating to disability benefits

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or to additional benefits in the event of death by accident
 or accidental means.

2. Any of such provisions or portions thereof not
applicable to single premium or nonparticipating or term
policies or insurance granted in exchange for lapsed or
surrendered policies, shall to that extent not be incorporated
therein.

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§ 2504. Payment of premiums

9 There shall be a provision relating to the time and10 place of payment of premiums.

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§ 2505. Grace period

There shall be a provision that a grace period of 12 13 30 days, or, at the option of the insurer, of one month of not less than 30 days, or of 4 weeks in the case of industrial 14 15 life insurance policies the premiums for which are payable more frequently than monthly, shall be allowed within which 16 17 the payment of any premium after the first may be made, during 18 which period of grace the policy shall continue in full force. 19 The insurer may impose an interest charge not in excess of 20 6% per annum for the number of days of grace elapsing before the payment of the premium, and, whether or not such interest 21 22 charge is imposed, if a claim arises under the policy during 23 such period of grace the amount of any premium due or overdue, 24 together with interest and any deferred installment of the 25 annual premium, may be deducted from the policy proceeds. 26 Grace shall date from the premium due date specified in the 27 policy.

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§ 2500. Entire contract

There shall be a provision that except as otherwise expressly provided by law, the policy and the application therefor, if a copy of such application is endorsed upon or attached to the policy when issued, shall constitute the

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entire contract between the parties, and that all statements
 contained in the application shall, in the absence of fraud,
 be deemed representations and not warranties.

§ 2507. Incontestability

There shall be a provision that the policy shall be 9 10 incontestable after it has been in force during the lifetime 11 of the insured for a period of not more than 2 years after its date of issue, except for nonpayment of premiums, wie 12 13 lation of conditions of the policy relating to naval or military service in time of war, and, at the insurer's op-14 15 tion, provisions relating to benefits in the event of total and permanent disability and provisions granting additional 16 17 benefits specifically against death by accident or accidental 18 means.

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§ 2503. Misstatement of age

There shall be a provision that if the age of the insured or of any other person whose age is considered in determining the premium or benefit has been misstated, any amount payable or benefit accruing under the policy shall be such as the premium would have purchased at the correct age or ages.

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§ 2509. Dividends

27 1. There shall be a provision in participating 28 policies that, beginning not later than the end of the third 29 policy year, the insurer shall annually ascertain and appor-30 tion the divisible surplus, if any, that will accrue on the 31 policy anniversary or other dividend date specified in the 32 policy provided the policy is in force and all premiums to

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Chap. 29 LIFE INS.& ANN.CONTRACTS

that date are paid. Except as hereinafter provided, any divi dend becoming payable shall at the option of the party
 entitled to elect such option be either:

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A. Payable in cash, or

Applied to any one of such other dividend op-5 в. tions as may be provided by the policy. If any such other 6 dividend options are provided, the policy shall further state 7 which option shall be automatically effective if such party 8 9 shall not have elected some other option. If the policy speci-10 fies a period within which such other dividend option may be 11 elected, such period shall be not less than 30 days following 12 the date on which such dividend is due and payable. The 13 annually apportioned dividend shall be deemed to be payable 14 in cash within the meaning of A above even though the 15 policy provides that payment of such dividend is to be deferred 16 for a specified period, provided such period does not exceed 17 6 years from the date of apportionment and that interest will 18 be added to such dividend at a specified rate.

19 2. Renewable term policies of 10 years or less may 20 provide that the surplus accrued to such policies shall be 21 determined and apportioned each year after the second policy 22 year, and accumulated during each renewal period, and that at 23 the end of the renewal period, on renewal of the policy by the 24 insured, the insurer shall apply the accumulated surplus as an 25 annuity for the next succeeding renewal term in the reduction. 26 of premiums.

3. In participating industrial life insurance policies, in lieu of the provision required in subsection 1 above, there shall be a provision that, beginning not later than the end of the fifth policy year, the policy shall participate annually in the divisible surplus, if any, in the manner set forth in the policy

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4. This section does not apply as to insurance
 issued in consideration of lapsed or surrendered policies.

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§ 2510. Policy loan

1. There shall be a provision that after 3 full
years' premiums have been paid and after the policy has a cash
surrender value and while no premium is in default beyond the
grace period for payment, the insurer will advance, on proper
assignment or pledge of the policy and on the sole security
thereof, at a specified rate of interest, —

an amount equal to or, at the option 11 of the party entitled thereto, less than the loan value of the 12 13 policy. The loan value of the policy shall be at least equal to the cash surrender value at the end of the then current 14 15 policy year, and the insurer may deduct, either from such loan value or from the proceeds of the loan, any existing indebted-16 17 ness not already deducted in determining such cash surrender value including any interest then accrued but not due, any 18 19 unpaid balance of the premium for the current policy year, 20 and interest on the loan to the end of the current policy year. The policy may also provide that if interest on any indebted-21 ness is not paid when due it shall then be added to the exist-22 ing indebtedness and shall bear interest at the same rate, and 23 24 that if and when the total indebtedness on the policy, inclu-25 ding interest due or accrued, equals or exceeds the amount of 26 the loan value thereof, then the policy shall terminate and 27 become void, but not until at least 30 days' notice has been 28 mailed by the insurer to the last address, of record with the 29 insurer, of the insured or other policy owner and of any 30 assignee of record at the insurer's home office. . The policy 31 shall reserve to the insurer the right to defer the granting of a loan, other than for the payment of any premium to the 32

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C)

insurer, for 6 months after application therefor. Such provision shall also contain a table showing in figures the loan
values each year during the first 20 years of the policy, or
during the term of the policy, whichever is shorter. The
policy, at the insurer's option, may provide for automatic
premium loan.

7 2. This section shall not apply to term poli8 cies, or to term insurance benefits provided by rider or
9 supplemental policy provisions or to industrial life insurance
10 policies.

11

§ 2511. Table of installments

12 In case the policy provides that the proceeds may 13 be payable in installments which are determinable at issue of 14 the policy, there shall be a table showing the amounts of the 15 guaranteed installments.

16

17

22

§ 2512. Reinstatement

3.

There shall be a provision that unless:

18 1. The policy has been surrendered for its cash
 19 surrender value, or

20
2. Its cash surrender value has been exhausted,
21 or

The paid-up term insurance, if any, has

23 expired ----24 the policy will be reinstated at any time within 3 years, (or 2 years in the case of industrial life insurance 25 policies (from the date of premium default upon written appli-26 27 cation therefor, the production of evidence of insurability satisfactory to the insurer, the payment of all premiums in 28 29 arrears and the payment or reinstatement of any other indebt-30 edness to the insurer upon the policy, all with interest at a 31 rate not exceeding 6% per annum compounded annually.

32 § 2513. Payment of claims

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There shall be a provision that when the benefits 1 under the policy shall become payable by reason of the death 2 of the insured, settlement shall be made upon receipt of due 3 proof of death and, at the insurer's option, surrender of the 4 policy and proof of the interest of the claimant. 5 If an insurer shall specify a particular period prior to the expira-6 tion of which settlement shall be made, such period shall not 7 8 exceed 2 months from the receipt of such proofs.

9

§ 2514. Beneficiary, industrial policies

10 An industrial life insurance policy shall have the name of the beneficiary designated thereon or in the applica-11 12 tion or other form if attached to the policy, with a reservation of the right to designate or change the beneficiary after 13 14 the issuance of the policy, unless such beneficiary be irrevocably designated. The policy may also provide that no desig-15 16 nation or change of beneficiary shall be binding on the insurer 17 until endorsed on the policy by the insurer, and that the insurer may refuse to endorse the name of any proposed bene-18 19 ficiary who does not appear to the insurer to have an 20 insurable interest in the life of the insured. The policy 21 may also provide that if the beneficiary designated in the 22 policy does not make a claim under the policy or does not 23 surrender the policy with due proof of death within the period stated in the policy, which shall not be less than 30 days 24 25 after the death of the insured, or if the beneficiary is the estate of the insured, or is a minor, or dies before the 26 27 insured, or is not legally competent to give a valid release, then the insurer may make any payment thereunder to the execu-28 29 tor or administrator of the insured, or to any relative of the 30 insured by blood or legal adoption or connection by marriage, 31 or to any person appearing to the insurer to be equitably 32 entitled thereto by reason of having been named beneficiary,

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or by reason of having incurred expense for the maintenance,
 medical attention or burial of the insured. The policy may
 also include a similar provision applicable to any other pay ment due under the policy.

5

§ 2515. Title

6 There shall be a title on the policy, briefly7 describing the same.

8

§ 2516. Excluded or restricted coverage

9 A clause in any policy of life insurance providing 10 that such policy shall be incontestable after a specified 11 period shall preclude only a contest of the validity of the 12 policy, and shall not preclude the assertion at any time of 13 defenses based upon provisions in the policy which exclude 14 or restrict coverage, whether or not such restrictions or ex-15 clusions are excepted in such clause.

16

§ 2517. Standard provisions - annuity and pure endowment contracts

17 No annuity or pure endowment contract, other 1. 18 than reversionary annuities (also called survivorship annuities) or group annuities and except as stated herein, shall 19 20 be delivered or issued for delivery in this State unless it 21 contains in substance each of the provisions specified in sections 2518 to 2523, inclusive, of this chapter. Any of 22 such provisions not applicable to single premium annuities 23 24 or single premium pure endowment contracts shall not, to that 25 extent, be incorporated therein.

26 2. This section shall not apply to contracts for 27 deferred annuities included in, or upon the lives of benefi-28 ciaries under, life insurance policies, now to variable annuity

29

§ 2518. Grace period - annuities

30 In an annuity or pure endowment contract, other than 31 a reversionary, survivorship or group annuity, there shall be 32 a provision that there shall be a period of grace of one month,

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but not less than 30 days, within which any stipulated payment 1 to the insurer falling due after the first may be made, subject 2 at the option of the insurer to an interest charge thereon at 3 a rate to be specified in the contract but not exceeding 6% 4 per annum for the number of days of grace elapsing before such 5 payment, during which period of grace the contract shall con-6 tinue in full force; but in case a claim arises under the con-7 tract on account of death prior to expiration of the period 8 9 of grace before the overdue payment to the insurer or the deferred payments of the current contract year, if any, are 10 made, the amount of such payments, with interest on any over-11 due payments, may be deducted from any amount payable under 12 the contract in settlement. 13

14

§ 2519. Incontestability - annuities

15 If any statements, other than those relating to age, 16 sex and identity are required as a condition to issuing an 17 annuity or pure endowment contract, other than a reversion-18 ary, survivorship, or group annuity, and subject to section 2521 of this chapter, there shall be a provision that the 19 20 contract shall be incontestable after it has been in force 21 during the lifetime of the person or of each of the persons 22 as to whom such statements are required, for a period of 2 23 years from its date of issue, except for nonpayment of stipu-24 lated payments to the insurer; and at the option of the insurer 25 such contract may also except any provisions relative to bene-26 fits in the event of disability and any provisions which grant 27 insurance specifically against death by accident or accidental 28 means.

29

§ 2520. Entire contract - annuities

In an annuity or pure endowment contract, other than a reversionary, survivorship, or group annuity, there shall be a provision that the contract shall constitute the entire contract

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between the parties or, if a copy of the application is
 endorsed upon or attached to the contract when issued, a pro vision that the contract and the application therefor shall
 constitute the entire contract between the parties.

5

§ 2521. Misstatement of age or sex - annuities

In an annuity or pure endowment contract, other 6 than a reversionary, survivorship, or group annuity, there 7 shall be a provision that if the age or sex of the person or 8 persons upon whose life or lives the contract is made, or of 9 10 any of them has been misstated, the amount payable or benefits accruing under the contract shall be such as the stipulated 11 12 payment or payments to the insurer would have purchased according to the correct age or sex and that if the insurer 13 14 shall make or has made any overpayment or overpayments on 15 account of any such misstatement, the amount thereof with 16 interest at the rate to be specified in the contract but not 17 exceeding 6% per annum, may be charged against the current or 18 next succeeding payment or payments to be made by the insurer 19 under the contract.

20

• § 2522. Dividends - annuities

If an annuity or pure endowment contract, other than a reversionary, survivorship, or group annuity, is participating, there shall be a provision that the insurer shall annually ascertain and apportion any divisable surplus accruing on the contract.

26

§ 2523. Reinstatement - annuities

In an annuity or pure endowment contract, other than a reversionary or group annuity, there shall be a provision that the contract may be reinstated at any time within one year from the default in making stipulated payments to the insurer, unless the cash surrender value has been paid, but all overdue stipulated payments and any indebtedness to the

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1 insurer on the contract shall be paid or reinstated with 2 interest thereon at a rate to be specified in the contract but 3 not exceeding 6% per annum payable annually, and in cases 4 where applicable the insurer may also include a requirement 5 of evidence of insurability satisfactory to the insurer.

6

§ 2524. Standard provisions - reversionary annuities

1. Except as stated herein, no contract for a
reversionary annuity shall be delivered or issued for delivery
in this State unless it contains in substance each of the
following provisions:

A. Any such reversionary annuity contract shall contain the provisions specified in sections 2518 through 2522 of this Title except that under section 2518 the insurer may at its option provide for an equitable reduction of the amount of the annuity payments in settlement of an overdue payment in lieu of providing for deduction of such payments from an amount payable upon settlement under the contract.

B. In such reversionary annuity contracts there 18 19 shall be a provision that the contract may be reinstated at 20 any time within 3 years from the date of default in making stipulated payments to the insurer, upon production of evidence 21 22 of insurability satisfactory to the insurer, and upon condition 23 that all overdue payments and any indebtedness to the insurer 24 on account of the contract be paid, or, within the limits per-25 mitted by the then cash values of the contract, reinstated, with interest as to both payments and indebtedness at a rate 26 to be specified in the contract but not exceeding 6% per annum 27 28 compounded annually.

29. Winning 2. This section shall not apply to group annuities.
30 A or to annuities included in life insurance policies, and any of
31 such provisions not applicable to single premium annuities
32 shall not to that extent be incorporated therein.

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§ 2525. Limitation of liability 1 No policy of life insurance shall be delivered 2 L. or issued for delivery in this State if it contains any of the 3 following provisions: 4 A provision limiting the time within which an 5 A. action at law or in equity may be commenced on such a policy 6 to less than 3 years after the cause of action has accrued. 7 B. A provision which excludes or restricts lia-8 bility for death caused in a certain specified manner or 9 occurring while the insured has a specified status, except 10 that a policy may contain provisions excluding or restricting 11 coverage as specified therein in the event of death under any 12 13 one or more of the following circumstances: 14 (1) Death as a result, directly or indirectly, of 15 war, declared or undeclared, or of action by military forces, or of any act or hazard of such war or action, or of service 16 in the military, naval, or air forces or in civilian forces 17 auxiliary thereto, or from any cause while a member of such 18 19 military, naval, or air forces of any country at war, declared 20 or undeclared, or of any country engaged in such military 21 action; 22 (2) Death as a result of aviation or any air 23 travel or flight; 24 (3) Death as a result of a specified hazardous occupation or occupations; 25 26 (4) Death while the insured is a resident outside 27 continental United States and Canada; or 28 (5) Death within 2 years from the date of issue of the policy as a result of suicide, while same or insame. 29 30 2. A policy which contains any exclusion or restriction pursuant to subdivision B above, shall also provide 31 32 that in the event of death under the circumstances to which any

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such exclusion or restriction is applicable, the insurer will 1 attributable there as pay an amount not less than a reserve, determined according to 2 the Commissioners reserve valuation method upon the basis of 3 the mortality table and interest rate specified in the policy 4 for the calculation of nonforfeiture benefits, (or if the 5 policy provides for no such benefits, computed according to a 6 mortality table and interest rate determined by the insurer 7 and specified in the policy) with adjustment for indebtedness 8 or dividend credit. q

10 3. This section shall not apply to group life 11 insurance, health insurance, reinsurance, or annuities, 12 or to any provision in a life insurance policy or contract 13 supplemental thereto relating to disability benefits or to 14 additional benefits in the event of death by accident or acci-15 dental means.

16 4. Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit
17 any provision which in the opinion of the commissioner is more
18 favorable to the policyholder than a provision permitted by
19 this section.

20

§ 2526. Prohibited provisions

21 1. No life insurance policy, other than industrial
22 insurance, shall be issued or delivered in this State, or be
23 issued by any domestic insurer, if it contains any of the
24 following provisions:

A. A provision by which the policy purports to be issued or to take effect more than 1 year before the original application for the insurance was made.

B. A provision for any mode of settlement at
maturity of the policy of less value than the amount insured
under the policy, plus dividend additions, if any, less any
indebtedness to the insurer on or secured by the policy and
less any premium that may by the terms of the policy be deducted.

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7	C. A provision to the effect that the agent solici-
8	ting the insurance is the agent of the person insured under the
9	policy, or making the acts or representations of such agent
10 11	binding upon the person so insured under the policy. Le délivere à react les délivere à the State y 2. No policy of industrial life insurance shall
12	contains any of the following provisions:
13	A. A provision by which the insurer may deny lia-
14	bility under the policy for the reason that the insured has
15	previously obtained other insurance from the same insurer.
16	B. A provision giving the insurer the right to
17	declare the policy void because the insured has had any disease
18	or ailment, whether specified or not, or because the insured
19	has received institutional, hospital, medical or surgical treat-
20	ment or attention, except a provision which gives the insurer
21	the right to declare the policy void if the insured has,
22	within 2 years prior to the issuance of the policy, received
23	institutional, hospital, medical or surgical treatment or
24	attention and if the insured or claimant under the policy
25	fails to show that the condition occasioning such treatment
2 6	or attention was not of a serious nature or was not material
27	to the risk.
2 8	C. A provision giving the insurer the right to
29	declare the policy void because the insured has been rejected
30	for insurance, unless such right be conditioned upon a show-
31	ing by the insurer that knowledge of such rejection would have
32	led to a refusal by the insurer to make such contract.

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1 3. No insurer shall provide in any policy, certificate, contract or agreement of life insurance for the payment of 2 any insurance, indemnity or benefit in services, goods, 3 wares or merchandise of any kind. 4 5 § 2527. 6 Provisions required by law of other jurisdiction 7 The policies of a foreign life insurer may contain any provision which the law of the state, territory, district, 8 or country under which the insurer is organized prescribes 9 10 shall be in such policies when issued in this State, and the policies of a domestic life insurer may, when issued or 11 delivered in any other state, territory, district, or coun-12 the laws 13 try, contain any provisions required by/thereof, anything 14 in this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding. 15 § 2528. 16 Short title Sections 2528 to 2534, inclusive, shall be known as 17 the "Standard nonforfeiture law." 18 19 20 § 2529. Nonforfeiture provisions 21 1. In the case of policies issued on or after the effective date of this Title no policy of life insurance, 22 except as stated in section 2534 of this chapter shall be 23 24 issued or delivered in this State unless it shall contain 25 in substance the following provisions, or corresponding provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner are 26 at least as favorable to the defaulting or surrendering 27 **2**8 policyholder: Paid-up nonforfeiture benefit. That, in the event 29 Α. 30 of default in any premium payment, the company will grant, upon proper request not later than 60 days after the due 31

32 date of the premium in default, a paid-up nonforfeiture

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1 benefit on a plan stipulated in the policy, effective as of such due date, of such value as may be hereinafter specified. 2 3 Β. Cash surrender value. That, upon surrender of the policy within 60 days after the due date of any premium pay-4 5 ment in default after premiums have been paid for at least 3 full years in the case of ordinary insurance or 5 full 6 7 years in the case of industrial insurance, the company will 8 pay, in lieu of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, a cash 9 surrender value of such amount as may be hereinafter specified.

10 C. Effective date of benefit. That a specified paid-up 11 non forfeiture benefit shall become effective as specified 12 in the policy unless the person entitled to make such elec-13 tion elects another available option not later than 60 days 14 after the due date of the premium in default.

D. Cash surrender value if policy paid up. That, if 15 the policy shall have become paid up by completion of all 16 premium payments or if it is continued under any paid-up 17 nonforfeiture benefit which became effective on or after the 18 3rd policy anniversary in the case of ordinary insurance or 19 the 5th policy anniversary in the case of industrial insur- $\mathbf{20}$ ance, the company will pay, upon surrender of the policy 21 22 within 30 days after any policy anniversary, a cash surrender value of such amount as may be hereinafter specified. 23

Mortality table and interest rate used. A statement 24 Ε. 25 of the mortality table and interest rate used in calculating the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture 26 27 benefits available under the policy, together with a table showing the cash surrender value, if any, and paid-up non-28 forfeiture benefit, if any, available under the policy on 29 30 each policy anniversary either during the first 20 policy years or during the term of the policy, whichever is shorter, 31 such values and benefits to be calculated upon the assumption 32

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that there are no dividends or paid-up additions credited
 to the policy and that there is no indebtedness to the
 company on the policy.

F. Method used in computing value and benefit. A 4 5 statement that the cash surrender values and the paid-up non-6 forfeiture benefits available under the policy are not less 7 than the minimum values and benefits required by or pursuant 8 to the insurance law of the state in which the policy is 9 delivered; an explanation of the manner in which the cash 10 surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits 11 are altered by the existence of any paid-up additions credited to the policy or any indebtedness to the company 12 13 on the policy; if a detailed statement of the method of 14 computation of the values and benefits shown in the policy 15 is not stated therein, a statement that such method of com-16 putation has been filed with the insurance supervisory 17 official of the state in which the policy is delivered; 18 and a statement of the method to be used in calculating 19 the cash surrender value and paid-up nonforfeiture benefit 20 available under the policy on any policy anniversary beyond 21 the last anniversary for which such values and benefits are consecutively shown in the policy. 22

23 2. Any of the foregoing provisions or portions thereof
24 not applicable by reason of the plan of insurance may, to
25 the extent inapplicable, be omitted from the policy.

3. The company shall reserve the right to defer the
payment of any cash surrender value for a period of 6 months
after demand therefor with surrender of the policy.

30 § 2530. Cash surrender value

29

Any cash surrender value available under the policy in
the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy

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anniversary, whether or not required by section 2529 of
 this chapter, shall be an amount not less than the excess,
 if any, of the present value, on such anniversary, of the
 future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided
 for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions,
 if there had been no default, over the sum of:

Present value of adjusted premiums. The then present value of the adjusted premiums as defined in section
2532 of this chapter, corresponding to premiums which would
have fallen due on and after such anniversary, and

Amount of indebtedness. The amount of any indebted-11 2. ness to the company on the policy. Any cash surrender value 12 available within 30 days after any policy anniversary under 13 14 any policy paid up by completion of all premium payments or 15 any policy continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, 16 whether or not required by section 2529, of this chapter, 17 shall be an amount not less than the present value, on such 18 anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, 19 decreased by any indebtedness to the company on the policy. 20

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§ 2531. Paid-up nonforfeiture benefits

23 Any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on 24 25 any policy anniversary shall be such that its present value as of such anniversary shall be at least equal to the cash 26 27 surrender value then provided for by the policy or, if none 28 is provided for, that cash surrender value which would have been required by sections 2529 to 2534 of this chapter in 29 the absence of the condition that premiums shall have been 30 paid for at least a specified period. 31

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§ 2332. Adjusted premiums

1

How calculated. Except as provided in subsection 3 2 1. his section, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall 3 4 be calculated on an annual basis and shall be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy 5 6 for each policy year, excluding any extra premiums charged 7 because of impairments or special hazards, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such ad-8 9 justed premiums shall be equal to the sum of:

10 A. The then present value of the future guaranteed11 benefits provided for by the policy;

B. 2% of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the equivalent uniform amount, as hereinafter defined, if the amount of insurance varies with duration of the policy;

16 C. 40% of the adjusted premium for the first policy
17 year;

D. 25% of either the adjusted premium for the first policy year or the adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or equivalent uniform amount with uniform premiums for the whole of life issued at the same age for the same amount of insurance, whichever is less.

In applying the percentages specified in paragraphs C and D, no adjusted premium shall be deemed to exceed 4% of the amount of insurance or uniform amount equivalent thereto. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this section shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.

29 2. In the case of a policy providing an amount of in30 surance varying with duration of the policy, the equivalent
31 uniform amount thereof for the purpose of this section shall
32 be deemed to be the uniform amount of insurance provided by

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an otherwise similar policy, containing the same endowment 1 benefit or benefits, if any, issued at the same age and for 2 the same term, the amount of which does not vary with duration 3 and the benefits under which have the same present value at Δ 5 the date of issue as the benefits under the policy, provided 6 that in the case of a policy providing a varying amount of insurance issued on the life of a child under age 10, the 7 equivalent uniform amount may be computed as though the 8 9 amount of insurance provided by the policy prior to the 10 attainment of age 10 were the amount provided by such policy 11 at age 10.

12 3. The adjusted premiums for any policy providing term
13 insurance benefits by rider or supplemental policy provision
14 shall be equal to:

A. The adjusted premiums for an otherwise similar
policy issued at the same age without such term insurance
benefits, increased, during the period for which premiums
for such term insurance benefits are payable, by

19 в. The adjusted premiums for such term insurance, the 20 foregoing items A and B being calculated separately and as 21 specified in subsections 1 and 2 of this section except that, for the purposes of paragraphs B, C and D of subsection 1 22 23 the amount of insurance or equivalent uniform amount of 24 insurance used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums referred to in B of this subsection shall be equal to the 25 excess of the corresponding amount determined for the entire 26 27 policy over the amount used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums in A of this subsection. **2**8

4. All adjusted premiums and present values referred
to in sections 2529 to 2534 of this chapter shall for all
policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis
of the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table,

1 provided that for any category of ordinary insurance issued 2 on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than 3 years 3 younger than the actual age of the insured, and such calcu-4 5 lations for all policies of industrial insurance shall be 6 made on the basis of the Commissioners 1961 Standard Indus-7 trial Mortality Table. All calculations shall be made on 8 the basis of the rate of interest, not exceeding $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ per 9 year, specified in the policy for calculating cash surren-10 der values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits. In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with 11 accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeit-12 ure benefit for ordinary insurance, the rates of mortality 13 assumed may not be more than those shown in the Commissioners 14 1958 Extended Term Insurance Table and for industrial insur-15 ance the rates of mortality may not be more than those shown 16 17 in the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance 18 For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the cal-Table. culation of any such adjusted premiums and present values 19 20 may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the insurer and approved by the commissioner. 21

22

§ 2533. Calculation of cash surrender value of certain policies on default

Any cash surrender value and any paid-up nonforfeiture 23 benefit, available under the policy in the event of default 24 25 in a premium payment due at any time other than on the policy 26 anniversary, shall be calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of fractional premiums beyond the last 27 28 preceding policy anniversary. All values referred to in sec-29 tions 2530 to 2532 of this chapter may be calculated upon 30 the assumption that any death benefit is payable at the end of the policy year of death. The net value of any paid-up 31 additions, other than paid-up term additions, shall be not 32

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less than the dividends used to provide such additions. 1 Notwithstanding section 2530 ef this chapter, additional 2 3 benefits payable: In the event of death or dis-4 1. Death or accident. memberment by accident or accidental means; 5 6 Total disability. In the event of total and perm-2. 7 anent disability; 8 Reversionary annuity. As reversionary annuity or 3. deferred reversionary annuity benefits; 9 Term insurance benefits. As term insurance bene-10 4. fits provided by a rider or supplemental policy provision 11 to which, if issued as a separate policy, sections 2529 to 12 2534 of this chapter would not apply; 13 5. Child term insurance benefits. As term insurance 14 on the life of a child or on the lives of children provided 15 in a policy on the life of a parent of the child, if such 16 17 term insurance expires before the child's age is 26, is uniform in amount after the child's age is one, and has 18 not become paid up by reason of the death of a parent of 19 20 the child; and Other policy benefits. As other policy benefits 21 6. additional to life insurance and endowment benefits, 22 and premiums for all such additional benefits, shall be 23 24 disregarded in ascertaining cash surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits required by sections 2529 to 2534, of -25 26 this chapter, and no such additional benefits shall be required to be included in any paid-up nonforfeiture 27 benefits. 28 29 30 § 2534. Exceptions Sections 2529 to 2534 of this chapter shall not apply 31

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to any reinsurance, group insurance, pure endowment, annuity

or reversionary annuity contract, nor to any term policy 1 2 of uniform amount, or renewal thereof, of 15 years or less expiring before age 66, for which uniform premiums are 3 4 payable during the entire term of the policy, nor to any 5 term policy of decreasing amount on which each adjusted 6 premium, calculated as specified in section 2532 of this 7 chapter, is less than the adjusted premium so calculated, 8 on such 15-year term policy issued at the same age and 9 for the same initial amount of insurance, nor to any 10 policy which shall be delivered outside this State through an agent or other representative of the insurer issuing 11 12the policy.

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§ 2535. Incontestability, limitation of liability after reinstatement

A reinstated policy of life insurance or annuity
 contract may be contested on account of fraud or misrep resentation of facts material to the reinstatement only
 for the same period following reinstatement and with the
 same conditions and exceptions as the policy provides with
 respect to contestability after original issuance.

21 2. When any life insurance policy or annuity contract
22 is reinstated, such reinstated policy or contract may
23 exclude or restrict liability to the same extent that
24 such liability could have been or was excluded or res25 tricted when the policy or contract was originally issued,
26 and such exclusion or restriction shall be effective from
27 the date of reinstatement.

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Participating, nonparticipating policies § 2536. 1 right to issue 2 A life insurer may issue policies on either the participating basis or the nonparticipating basis, or on both 3 bases, if the right or absence of right of participation 4 is reasonably related to the premium charged and the 5 insurer is otherwise not in violation of sections 2159 6 7 (unfair discrimination - life insurance, annuities, and health insurance) or 2160 (rebates - life, health and 8 annuity contracts), of this Title. 9 10 Pension, profit sharing, annuity agreements separate accounts 11 § <u>2537.</u> 12 A domestic life insurer may establish one or more 1. 13 separate accounts, and may allocate there to, in accordance with the terms of a written contract or agreement, 14 any amounts paid to the insure win connection with a pen-15 sion, retirement or profit sharing plan or an annuity 16 which are to be applied to provide benefits payable in 17 fixed or in variable dollar amounts or in both. 18 2. The amounts allocated to each such account and 19 20 accumulations thereon may be invested and reinvested as provided in section X128 (special investments of pension, 21 profit sharing or annuity funds) of this Title. 22 3. The income, if any, and gains and losses, realized 23 24 or unrealized, on each such account shall be credited to 25 or charged against the amounts allocated to the account in accordance with the agreement, without regard to other 26 income, gains or losses of the insurer. 27 **2**8 4. Assets allocated to a separate account shall be

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PROPOSED=STATUTE

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Separate Accounts

Any Insurer may establish one or more separate .]. accounts, including that type known as a unit investment trust, as defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. §80A, et seq., as amended, and may allocate to such separate accounts, in accordance with the terms of a written contract or agreement or annuity or pension, profitsharing or retirement plan, whether or not qualified under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 68A Stat. 1, 26 U.S.C. §1, et. seq., as amended, with any individual or any group, any amounts paid or remitted to or held by the company. which are to be applied to provide for annuities or other benefits payable in fixed and guaranteed or variable dollar amounts, or both.

2. The amounts allocated to each such account and accumulations thereon may be invested and reinvested as provided in Section 1128 (special investments: separate accounts) of this Title.

3. The income, gains and losses, realized or unrealized, from assets allocated to a separate account shall be credited to or charged against the separate account, without regard to other income, gains or losses of the company. That portion of the assets of

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any such separate account equal to the reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to such account shall not be chargeable with liabilities arising out of any other business the company may conduct.

4. Assets allocated to a separate account shall be valued at their market value on the date of valuation, or if there is no readily available market, then in accordance with the terms of the contract or the rules or other written agreement applicable to such separate account; except, that the portion of the assets of such separate account at least equal to the insurer's reserve liability with regard to the guaranteed benefits and funds referred to in section 1128, if any, shall be valued in accordance with rules otherwise applicable to the insurer's assets.

5. If the contract or agreement provides for payment of benefits in variable amounts, it shall contain a statement of the essential features of the procedure to be followed by the insurer in determining the dollar amount of such variable benefits. Any such contract or agreement including a group agreement ' and any certificate issued thereunder shall state that such dollar amount may decrease or increase and shall contain on its first page a statement that the benefits thereunder are on a variable basis.

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6. No Insurer shall deliver or issue for delivery within this State any contract or agreement providing benefits in variable amounts under this Act unless it duly authorized is licensed or organized to conduct a life insurance or annuity business within this State and has satisfied the Commissioner that its condition or methods of operation in connection with the issuance of such contracts or agreements will not render its operation hazardous to the public or its policyholders in this State. In determining the qualification of an insurer requesting such authority, the Commissioner shall consider, among other things,

A. The history and financial condition of the insurer;
B. The character, responsibility and general fitness of the officers and directors of the insurer; and
C. In the case of an insurer other than a domestic insurer, whether the statutes or regulations of

the jurisdiction of its incorporation provide a degree of protection to policyholders and the public which is substantially equal to that provided by this

section and the rules and regulations issued thereunder. AN INSUREA A company, which issues variable contracts and which is a subsidiary of, or affiliated through common management or ownership with, another life insurer authorized to do Transact business in this State shall be deemed to have met the provisions of this subsection if either it or the parent or affiliated company meets the requirements hereof.

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7. Any Insurer which establishes one or more separate accounts pursuant to subsection (1) above, to the extent it deems necessary to comply with the Investment Company Act of 1940, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. §80a, et seq., as amended, may amend its charter to provide, with respect to any separate account or any portion thereof, for the benefit of persons having beneficial interests therein, special voting and other rights and special procedures for the conduct of the business and affairs of such separate account or portion thereof, including without limitation special rights and procedures relating to investment policy, investment advisory services, selection of independent public accountants, and selection of a committee, the members of which need not be otherwise affiliated with the company, to manage the business and affairs of such separate account or portion thereof. In addition, the insurance company may make such other provisions in respect to the separate account, as the company may deem appropriate to facilitate compliance with any requirements of, or pursuant to, any federal or state law, now or hereafter in effect. However, this subsection shall not in any manner affect existing laws pertaining to the voting rights of the policyholders of the comp

8. No sale, exchange or other transfer of assets may be an in intervent made by accompany between any of its separate accounts or between any other investment account and one or more of its separate accounts unless, in case of a transfer into a separate account, such transfer is made solely to establish

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the account or to support the operation of the contracts with respect to the separate account to which the transfer is made, and unless such transfer, whether into or from a separate account to which the transfer is made, (a) by a transfer of cash, or (b) by a transfer of securities having a readily determinable market value, is approved by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may approve other transfers among such accounts if, in his opinion, such transfers would not be inequitable.

9. The insurance company shall not, in connection with the allocation of investments or expenses, or in any other respect, discriminate unfairly between separate accounts or between separate and other accounts, but this subsection shall not require the insurance company to follow uniform investment policies for its accounts.

10. Variable annuity contracts delivered or issued for delivery in this State may include as an incidental benefit provisions for payment on death during the deferred period of an amount not in excess of the greater of the sum of the premiums or stipulated payments paid under the contract or the value of the contract at the time of death. Any such contract providing such a benefit shall not be deemed to be life insurance and therefore shall not be subject to the min Min provisions of the Insurance Code governing life insurance contracts. A provision for any other benefit on death during the deferred period shall be subject to such insurance provisions.

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11. The Commissioner shall have sole authority to regulate the issuance and sale of the contracts or agreements authorized i by subsection i above, and to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the effectuation of this section.

12. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all pertinent this fifth provisions of the Insurance Code shall apply to separate accounts and contracts relating thereto. The reserve liability for variable annuities shall be established in accordance with actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the benefits provided and any mortality guarantees.

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1 of its incorporation provide a degree of protection to policy-2 holders and the public which is substantially equal to that 3 provided by this section and the rules and regulations issued 4 thereunder.

7. Any domestic life insurer which establishes 5 one or more separate accounts pursuant to subsection 1 6 above, may amend its charter to provide for special voting 7 rights and procedures for such separate account contract owners 8 giving them jurisdiction over matters relating to investment 9 policy, investment advisory services and selection of certified 10 public accountants, in relation to the administration of the 11 assets in any such separate account. This provision shall not 12 in any way affect existing laws pertaining to the voting 13 rights of/the insurer's policyholders. 14

15 8. The commissioner shall have sole authority to
16 regulate the issuance and sale of such agreements, and to make
17 rules and regulations for the effectuation of this section.

§ 2538. Prohibited policy plans

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No life insurer shall hereafter deliver or issue
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 20 (in this State:

21 Α. As part of or in combination with any life insur-22 ance, endowment or annuity contract, any agreement or plan, 23 additional to the rights, dividends, and benefits arising out 24 of any such contract, which provides for the accumulation of 25 profits over a period of years and for payment of all or any 26 part of such accumulated profits only to members or policy-27 holders of a designated group or class who continue as members 28 or policyholders until the end of a specified or ascertainable 29 period of years.

B. Any "registered" policy; that is, any policy (at a the are "registered" or otherwise specially recorded, purporting to be "registered" or otherwise specially recorded, with any agency of the State of Maine, or of any other

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This provision shall not prohibit family policies insuring unspecified members of a family, nor prohibit payment to unspecified beneficiaries of a class designated by the insured or policy owner.

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state, or with any bank, trust company, escrow company, or
 other institution other than the insurer; or purporting that any
 reserves, assets or deposits are held, or will be so held, for
 the special benefit or protection of the holder of such policy,
 by or through any such agency or institution.

С. Any policy or contract under which any part of 6 7 the premium or of funds or values arising from the policy or 8 contract or from investment of reserves, or from mortality 9 savings, lapses or surrenders, in excess of the normal reserves or amounts required to pay death, endowment, and nonforfeiture 10 11 benefits in respective amounts as specified in or pursuant to the policy or contract, are on a basis not involving insurance 12 or life contingency features, (1) to be placed in special funds 13 14 or segregated accounts or specially designated places or (2) to be invested in specially designated investments or types 15 16 thereof, and the funds or earnings thereon to be divided among the holders of such policies or contracts, or their beneficiar-17 18 ies or assignees. This provision does not apply as to any contract authorized under section 2537 of this chapter. 19

D. Any policy which provides that on the death
of anyone not specifically named therein the owner or
beneficiary shall receive the payment or granting of anything of value.

E. Any policy providing benefits or values for
surviving or continuing policyholders contingent upon the
lapse or termination of the policies of other policyholders,
whether by death or otherwise.
other than to another policyholders.

F. Any policy containing or referring to one or more of the following provisions or statements:

30 (1) Investment returns or profit-sharing, other
31 than as a participation in the divisible surplus of the insurer
32 under a regular participation provision as provided for in

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Extanta such policy or content.

1 section 2509 Cf-this-chapter. 2 Special treatment in the determination of any (2)3 dividend that may be paid as to such policy. (3)Reference to premiums as "deposits". 4 5 (4)Relating policyholder interest or returns to those of stockholders. 6 7 (5) That the policyholder as a member of a select group will be entitled to extra benefits or extra dividends 8 not available to policyholders generally. 9 10 2. This section shall not be deemed to prohibit the 11 provision, payment, allowance or apportionment of regular 12 - answer dividends or "savings" under regular participating forms of policies or contracts. 13 14 15 § 2539. Holding proceeds of policies in trust 16 1. Any domestic life insurer shall have power to hold 17 the proceeds of any policy issued by it under a trust or other agreement upon such terms and restrictions as to revo-18 19 cation by the policyholder and control by the beneficiaries 20 and with such exemptions from the claims of creditors of beneficiaries other than the policyholder as shall have 21 22 been agreed to in writing by the insurer and the policy-23 holder.

24 2. The insurer shall not be required to segregate funds so held but may hold them as a part of its general 25 26 corporate assets.

27 3. A foreign or alien insurer, when authorized by its charter or the laws of its domicile, may exercise any such 28 with report to produce land to a help by wind to the 29 30 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to subject any such insurer to any other laws or requirements of 31 32 this State which would not be deemed applicable in the

absence of this section.

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§ 2540. "Wholesale life insurance" defined "Wholesale life insurance" is that plan of life insurance, other than salary savings life insurance or pension trust insurance and annuities, under which individual policies are issued to the employees of any employer and where such policies are issued on the lives of not less than 4 employees at date of issue. Premiums for such policies shall be paid either wholly from the employer's funds, or funds contributed by him, or partly from such funds and partly from funds contribbted by the insured employees.



2. This chapter does not apply to any contracts or policies entered into or issued prior to August 6, 1949 nor to any extensions, renewals or modifications thereof or amendments thereto whenever made.

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1	CHAPTER 31
2	GROUP LIFE INSURANCE
3	
4	§ 2601. Scope of chapter - short title
5	1. This chapter applies only to group life insurance.
6	and "employee-life insurance."
7	3. This chapter may be known and cited as the "group
8	life insurance law."
9	
10	§ 2602. Group contracts must meet group requirements
11	1. No life insurance policy shall be delivered or
12	issued for delivery in this State insuring the lives of more
13	than one individual unless to one of the groups as provided
14	for in sections 2603 through 2610 of this chapter, and unless
15	in compliance with the other applicable provisions of this
16	chapter.
17	2. Subsection 1 above, shall not apply to life insur-
18	ance policies:
19	A. Insuring only individuals related by blood, marriage
20	or legal adoption; or
2 1	B. Insuring only individuals having a common interest
22	through ownership of a business enterprise, or a substantial
2 3	legal interest or equity therein, and who are actively en-
24	gaged in the management thereof; or
2 5	C. Insuring only individuals otherwise having an insur-
26	able interest in each other's lives.
27	
2 8	§ 2603. Employee groups
2 9	The lives of a group of individuals may be insured
30	under a policy issued to an employer, or to the trustees
31	of a fund established by an employer, which employer, or
32	trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure employ-

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ees of the employer for the benefit of persons other than
 the employer, subject to the following requirements:

3 1. The employees eligible for insurance under the policy shall be all of the employees of the employer, or 4 all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions 5 pertaining to their employment. The policy may provide that 6 7 the term "employees" shall include the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations, and the employees, individual 8 9 proprietors, and partners of one or more affiliated corporations, proprietors or partnerships if the business of the 10 employer and of such affiliated corporations, proprietors or 11 partnerships is under common control through stock ownership, 12 13 or contract or otherwise. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include the individual proprietor or 14 partners if the employer is an individual proprietor or a 15 partnership. The policy may provide that the term "employees" 16 shall include retired employees. No director of a corporate 17 18 employer shall be eligible for insurance under the policy 19 unless such person is otherwise eligible as a bona fide emp-20 loyee of the corporation by performing services other than 21 the usual duties of a director. No individual proprietor or partner shall be eligible for insurance under the policy 22 unless he is actively engaged in and devotes a substantial 23 part of his time to the conduct of the business of the pro-24 prietor or partnership. A policy issued to insure the emp-25 loyees of a public body may provide that the term "employees" 26 27 shall include elected or appointed officials.

28 2. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the 29 policyholder, either wholly from the employer's funds or 30 funds contributed by him, or partly from such funds and 31 partly from funds contributed by the insured employees. 32 No policy may be issued on which the entire premium is to

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be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees. 1 2 A policy on which part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees may be placed 3 4 in force only if at least 75% of the then eligible employees, 5 excluding any as to whom evidence of individual insurability 6 is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required 7 contributions. A policy on which no part of the premium is 8 to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees must insure all eligible employees, or all except any as to 9 10 whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory 11 to the insurer.

12 3. The policy must cover at least 3 employees at date
13 of issue.

14 4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
15 based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
16 by the employees or by the employer or trustees.

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§ 2604. Debtor groups

19 The lives of a group of individuals may be insured under 20 a policy issued to a creditor, or to a trustee or trustees or 21 agent designated by 2 or more creditors, which creditor, 22 trustee, trustees or agent shall be deemed the policyholder, 23 to insure debtors of the single creditor or debtors of 2 or 24 more creditors, as the case may be, subject to the following 25 requirements:

The ceptors eligible for insurance under the policy
 shall be all of the debtors of the single creditor or all
 the debtors of the 2 or more creditors whose indebtedness
 is repayable either

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A. In installments, or

B. In one sum at the end of a period not in excess of
18 months from the initial date of debt, or all of any class
or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to the

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1 indebtedness or to the purchase giving rise to the indebted-2 The policy may provide that the term "debtors" shall ness. include the debtors of one or more subsidiary corporations, 3 and the debtors of one or more affiliated corporations, pro-4 5 prietors or partnerships if the business of the policyholder and of such affiliated corporations, proprietors or partner-6 ships is under common control through stock ownership, contract 7 or otherwise. No debtor shall be eligible unless the indebted-8 ness constitutes an irrevocable obligation to repay which is 9 10 binding upon him during his lifetime, at and from the date the insurance becomes effective upon his life. 11

The premium for the policy shall be paid by the pol-12 2. icyholder, either from the creditor's or creditors' funds, or 13 14 from charges collected from the insured debtors, or from both. 15 A policy on which part or all of the premium is to be derived from the collection from the insured debtors of identifiable 16 17 charges not required of uninsured debtors shall not include, 18 in the class or classes of debtors eligible for insurance, debtors under obligations outstanding at its date of issue 19 20 without evidence of insurability unless at least 75% of the 21 then eligible debtors elect to pay the required charges. A 22 policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from the collection of such identifiable charges must insure all 23 eligible debtors, or all except any as to whom evidence of 24 25 individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

26 The policy may be issued only if the group of eli-3. 27 gible debtors is then receiving new entrants at the rate of at least 100 persons yearly, or may reasonably be expected 28 **2**9 to receive at least 100 new entrants during the first policy 30 year, and only if the policy reserves to the insurer the right 31 to require evidence of individual insurability if less than 75% of the new entrants become insured. The policy may 32 exclude from the classes eligible for insurance classes of 33

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1 debtors determined by age.

2 The amount of the insurance on the life of any debtor Eccent of (a) They shall at no time exceed the amount of the unpaid indebtedness. 3 Where the indebtedness is repayable in one sum to the creditor, 4 5 the insurance on the life of any debtor shall in no instance 6 be in effect for a period in excess of 18 months except that 7 such insurance may be continued for an additional period not 8 exceeding 6 months in the case of default, extension or re-9 casting of the loan.

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10 5. The insurance shall be payable to the policyholder.
11 Such payment shall reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebted12 ness of the debtor to the extent of such payment.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the above subsec-13 6. tions, insurance on agricultural credit transaction commit-14 15 ments not exceeding 2 years in duration may be written up to the amount of the loan commitment on a nondecreasing or level 16 Cortion term plan, and insurance on educational credit Transaction 17 for the assount of the law of such commitments may be written up to the amount of the loan com-18 commitment that has 20ther advance my the matilion. 19 mitment-less the amount of any repayments made on the loan.

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§ 2605. Labor union groups

The lives of a group of individuals may be insured under a policy issued to a labor union, which shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure members of such union for the benefit of persons other than the union or any of its officials, representatives or agents, subject to the following requirements: 1. The members eligible for insurance under the policy

shall be all of the members of the union, or all of any class
or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to
their employment, or to membership in the union, or both.
The policy may provide that the term "members" shall include retired members.
2. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the
policyholder, either wholly from the union's funds, or partly
from such funds and partly from funds contributed by the

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1 insured members specifically for their insurance. No policy 2 may be issued on which the entire premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their 3 insurance. A policy on which part of the premium is to be 4 5 derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifi-6 cally for their insurance may be placed in force only if at 7 least 75% of the then eligible members, excluding any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory 8 to the insurer, elect to make the required contributions. A 9 10 policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from 11 funds contributed by the insured members specifically for 12 their insurance must insure all eligible members, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satis-13 14 factory to the insurer.

15 3. The policy must cover at least 25 members at
16 date of issue.

17 4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must
18 be based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
19 by the members or by the union.

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§ 2606. Trustee groups

21 The lives of a group of individuals may be insured 22 under a policy issued to the trustees of a fund established 23 by 2 or more employers in the same industry or in related $\mathbf{24}$ industries or by one or more labor unions, or by one or more employers and one or more labor unions, which trustees shall 25 26 be deemed the policyholder, to insure employees of the employers 27 or members of the unions for the benefit of persons other than 28 the employers or the unions, subject to the following require-29 ments:

No policy may be issued to insure employees of
 any employer whose eligibility to participate in the fund as
 an employer arises out of considerations directly related to

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the employer being a commercial correspondent or business
 client or patron of another employer, except where such other
 employer exercises substantial control over the business opera tions of the participating employers.

5 2. The persons eligible for insurance shall be all 6 of the employees of the employers or all of the members of the 7 unions, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by 8 conditions pertaining to their employment, or to membership in 9 the unions, or to both. The policy may provide that the term en mandalland "employees" shall include retired employees, and the individual 10 11 proprietor or partners if an employer is an individual proprie-12 tor or a partnership. No director of a corporate employer shall be eligible for insurance under the policy unless such person 13 is otherwise eligible as a bona fide employee of the corpora-14 15 tion by performing services other than the usual duties of a 16. director. No individual proprietor or partner shall be eligible 17 for insurance under the policy unless he is actively engaged in and devotes a substantial part of his time to the conduct 18 19 of the business of the proprietor or partnership. The policy 20 may provide that the term "employees" shall include trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are principally 21 $\mathbf{22}$ connected with such trusteeship.

з. 23 The premium for the policy shall be paid by the trustees wholly from funds contributed by the employer $\mathbf{24}$ 25 or employers of the insured persons, or by the union or unions, 26 or by both or partly from such funds and partly from funds 27 contributed by the insured persons. A policy on which part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by $\mathbf{28}$ 29 the insured persons specifically for their insurance may be placed in force only if at least 75% of the then eligible 30 persons, excluding any as to whom evidence of insurability 31 is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required 32

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5. The amount of insurance under the policy must be based upon some plan precluding individual selection either by the insured persons or by the policyholders, employers or unions.

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contributions. A policy on which no part of the premium is
 to be derived from funds contributed by the insured persons
 specifically for their insurance must insure all eligible
 persons, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual
 insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

6 The policy must cover at date of issue at least 4. 7 100 persons; and it must cover an average of not less than 8 3 persons per employer unit unless the policy is issued to the trustees of a fund established by employers which have 9 10 assumed obligations through a collective bargaining agreement and are participating in the fund either pursuant to those 11 12 obligations with regard to one or more classes of their employees which are encompassed in the collective bargaining 13 agreement or as a method of providing insurance benefits for 14 other classes of their employees, or unless the policy is 15 16 issued to the trustees of a fund established by one or more labor unions. If-the-fund-is-established-by-the-members-of-17 18 an association of employers the policy may be issued only if either the participating employers constitute at date of 19 issue at least 60% of those employer members whose employees 20 21 are not already covered for group life insurance or the total number of persons covered at date of issue exceeds 600; and 22 the policy shall not require that, if a participating employer 23 $\mathbf{24}$ discontinues membership in the association, the insurance of his employees shall cease solely by reason of such discontin-25 26 uance.

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§ 2607. Trade association groups

The lives of a group of individuals may be insured under a policy issued to trustees of a fund established by the employer members of a trade association, which trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure employees

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of such employers for the benefit of persons other than the
 association or the employers, subject to the following require ments:

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1. The policy may be issued only if

A. The association has been in existence for at least
5 years and was formed for purposes other than obtaining
7 insurance, and

8 The participating employers, meaning such employer Β. 9 members whose employees are to be insured, constitute at date 10 of issue at least 50% of the total employers eligible to participate, unless the total number of persons covered at 11 date of issue exceeds 600, in which event such participating 12 employers must constitute at least 25% of such total employers, 13 14 in either case omitting from consideration any employer whose 15 employees are already covered for group life insurance.

16 The persons eligible for insurance under the policy 2. 17 shall be all of the employees of the participating employers, 18 or all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to their employment. The policy may provide 19 20 that the term "employees" shall include the individual proprietor or partners whenever a participating employer is an individ-21 22 ual proprietor or a partnership. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees. The 23 policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include 24 and in the state according and the trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are 25 26 principally connected with such trusteeship.

3. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the trustees either wholly from funds contributed by the employers or funds contributed jointly by the employers and the employees. A policy on which part of the premium so payable is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees may be placed in force only if at least 75% of the then eli-

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gible employees of each participating employer, excluding 1 any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not 2 satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required 3 contributions. A policy on which no part of the premium 4 so payable is to be derived from funds contributed by the 5 insured employees must insure all eligible employees, or 6 all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability 7 is not satisfactory to the insurer. 8

9 4. The policy must cover at least 100 employees at10 date of issue.

5. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
by the employees or by the policyholder or the employer.

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§ 2608. Municipal employees association groups

The lives of a group of individuals may be insured under 16 17 a policy issued to an incorporated or unincorporated association of municipal employees, which association is organized and 18 maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of ob-19 20 taining insurance and has been so organized and maintained for a period of 2 years prior to the issuance of such policy 21 or contract, which shall be deemed the policyholder to insure 22 members of such association for the benefit of persons other 23 than the association or any of its officials, representatives 24 or agents, subject to the following requirements: 25

1. The members eligible for insurance shall be all of
the members of the association, or all of any class or classes
thereof determined by conditions pertaining to membership in
the association, or both.

30 2. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the
31 policyholder wholly from the association's funds. No policy
32 may be issued which does not insure all of the eligible mem-

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bers, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual
 insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

3 3. The policy must cover at least 10 members at date4 of issue.

5 4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
6 based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
7 by the members or the association.

8 5. The policy must provide for a reduction of coverage
9 of a member after his retirement from active service with a
10 municipality.

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§ 2609. Professional association groups

The lives of a group of individuals may be insured under 13 a policy issued to the trustees of a fund established by an 14 15 association of individuals licensed by the State of Maine or 16 authorized by law to engage in a recognized profession, which 17 trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure members 18 of such association, or all of any class or classes thereof 19 determined by conditions pertaining to their employment or 20 to membership in the association, subject to the following 21 requirements:

The individuals eligible for insurance shall be all
 the members of the association or all of any class or classes
 thereof, determined by conditions pertaining to their employ ment or to membership in the association, or to both.

26 2. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the trustees wholly from funds contributed by the association, 27 or partly from such funds and partly from funds contributed specifically for their insurance 28 The-premium may be paid by funds 29 by the insured individuals. 30 contributed by the insured individuals specifically for their insurance if the number of individuals covered by the policy 31 unless the policy 32 Timer exceeds 75% of the eligible individuals, excluding any as to-

reserves to the insurer the right to require evidence of individual insurability if less than 75% of the entrants become insured.

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whom evidence of insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, and all of whom elect to make the required contribution. A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured individuals specifically for their insurance must insure all eligible persons, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

8 3. The policy must cover at date of issue at least 9 100 individuals, and thereafter cover not less than 75% of 10 those eligible therefor under subdivision 1 above, exclud-11 ing any as to whom evidence of insurability is not satis-12 factory to the insurer, subject to further requirements, if 13 any, relating to payment of premium as stated in subdivision 14 2 above.

4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
 based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
 by the insured persons or by the policyholder.
 by the insured persons or by the policyholder.

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§ 2610. Credit union groups

20 The lives of a group of individuals may be insured 21 under a policy issued to a single credit union, or to a 22 trustee or trustees or agent designated by 2 or more credit 23 unions, which credit union, trustee, trustees or agent shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure members of the credit 24 union or credit unions to the extent of each insured mem-25 26 ber's share in any such union, for the benefit of persons 27 other than the credit union or credit unions or its officials, representatives or agents, subject to the following requirements: 28 The members eligible for insurance under the policy 29 1. 30 shall be all of the members of the single credit union or all of the members of the 2 or more credit unions, or all 31 32 of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions per-

; and as to any one insured person the amount of term insurance together with term insurance of such person under all other group life insurance policies shall not exceed \$100,000.

taining to their membership in the credit union or credit
 unions, or both.

The premium for the policy shall be paid by the 2. 3 policyholder, either wholly from the credit union's funds, 4 5 or the credit unions' funds, or partly from such funds and 6 partly from funds contributed by the insured members 7 specifically for their insurance. No policy may be issued 8 on which the entire premium is to be derived from funds 9 contributed by the insured members specifically for their 10 insurance. A policy on which part of the premium is to be 11 derived from funds contributed by the insured members specically for their insurance may be placed in force only if at 12 13 least 75% of the then eligible members, excluding any as to 14 whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory 15 to the insurer, elect to make the required contributions. A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from 16 17 funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their insurance must insure all eligible members, or all 18 19 except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is 20 not satisfactory to the insurer.

21 3. The policy must cover at least 25 members at date
22 of issue.

4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
by the insured members or by the policyholder.

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\$-2611. Savings account groups

The lives of a group of individuals may be insured under a policy issued to a bank, savings and loan association or similar financial institution as the policyholder, to insure savings account depositors or share account members, as the case may be, or all of any class or classes,

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\$ 2611. § 2612. Dependents' coverage

2 Insurance under any group life insurance policy issued pursuant to sections 2603 (employee groups), 2605 3 (labor union groups), 2606 (trustee groups), 2607 (trade 4 association groups), and 2608 (municipal employees associa-5 tion groups) of this chapter, may if 60% of the then insured 6 7 employees or members who then have eligible dependents elect, be extended to insure the dependents, or any class or classes 8 thereof, of each insured employee or member who so elects 9 10 in amounts in accordance with a plan which precludes indiv-11 idual selection and shall not be in excess of 50% of the insurance on the life of such employee or members nor in any 12 event in excess of \$2,000 upon the life of a spouse or in 13 excess of \$1,000 0 upon the life of a child, or, as to a 14 child whose age at death is under 6 months, the amount shall 15 not be in excess of \$100.00. A "dependent" is the spouse of 16 the insured employee or member and an insured employee's or 17 member's child under 21 years of age or his child 21 years 18 19 or older who is attending an educational institution and 20 relying upon the insured employee or member for financial 21 support.

22 2. Premiums for the insurance on such dependents may 23 be paid by the group policyholder, or by the employee or 24 member or by the group policyholder and the employee or mem-25 ber jointly.

26 3. A spouse pursuant to this section shall have the
27 same conversion right as to the insurance on his or her
28 life as is vested in the employee or member.

4. Notwithstanding the provision of section 262D only
one certificate need be issued for each family unit if a
statement concerning any dependent's coverage is included
in such certificate.

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CH. 31 GROUP LIFE INS.

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1	§ 2613. Limit as to amount of insurance
2	No such policy of group life insurance may be issued
3	to an employer, or labor union or to the trustees of a fund
4	established in whole or in part by an employer or a labor
5	union, which provides term insurance on any person which, to-
6	gether with any other term insurance under any group life
7	insurance policy or policies issued to the employer or emp-
8	loyers of such person or to a labor union or labor unions
9	of which such person is a member or to the trustees of a
10	fund or funds established in whole or in part by such emp-
11	loyers or such labor union or labor unions, exceeds \$25,000,
12	unless 250% of the annual compensation of such person from
13	his employer or employers exceeds \$25,000, in which event all
14	such term insurance shall not exceed $$50,000$, or 250% of
15	such annual compensation, whichever is the lesser.
16	
17	§ 261 $\hat{4}$. Provisions required in group contracts
18	No policy of group life insurance shall be delivered
19	in this State unless it contains in substance the provisions
20	set forth in sections 2614 through 2625 of this chapter or
21	provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner are
2 2	more favorable to the persons insured, or at least as favor-
2 3	able to the persons insured and more favorable to the policy-
24	holder; except , however, that:
25	1. Sections 2619 to 2623 of this chapter, inclusive,
26	and section $2627 < -$ Ashall not apply to policies issued to a creditor to insure
27	debtors of such creditor;
2 8	2. The standard provisions required for individual
29	life insurance policies shall not apply to group life insur-
30	ance policies; and
31	3. If the group life insurance policy is on a plan of
32	insurance other than the term plan, it shall contain a non-
	-2 99-

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2. Any such provision shall preclude only a contest of the validity of the policy or of the insurance, and shall not preclude the assertion at any time of defenses based upon provinkionikkin the policy which exclude or restrict coverage, whether or not such pestrictions or exclusions are excepted in such provision. 1 forfeiture provision or provisions which in the opinion of 2 the commissioner is or are equitable to the insured persons 3 and to the policyholder, but nothing herein shall be con-4 strued to require that group life insurance policies contain 5 the same nonforfeiture provisions as are required for individ-6 ual life insurance policies.

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§ 2615. Grace period

The group life insurance policy shall contain a provi-9 10 sion that the policyholder is entitled to a grace period of 31 days for the payment of any premium due except the 11 12 first, during which grace period the death benefit coverage shall continue in force, unless the policyholder shall have 13 14 given the insurer written notice of discontinuance in advance of the date of discontinuance and in accordance with the 15 16 terms of the policy. The policy may provide that the policyholder shall be liable to the insurer for the payment of a 17 18 pro rata premium for the time the policy was in force during 19 such grace period.

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§ 2616. Incontestability

/. The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision 22 that the validity of the policy shall not be contested, except 23 for nonpayment of premium, after it has been in force for 24 2 years from its date of issue; and that no statement made 25 by any person insured under the policy relating to his insur-26 27 ability shall be used in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which such statement was made after such **2**8 29 insurance has been in force prior to the contest for a period 30 of 2 years during such person's lifetime nor unless it is 31 contained in a written instrument signed by him.

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CH. 31 GROUP LIFE INS.

§ 2617. 1 Application; statements deemed representations 2 The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision that a copy of the application, if any, of the policy-3 holder shall be attached to the policy when issued and become 4 5 a part of the contract; that all statements made by the policyholder or by the persons insuredshall be deemed 6 representations and not warranties, and that no statement 7 8 made by any person insured shall be used in any contest 9 unless a copy of the instrument containing the statement is or has been furnished to such person or to his beneficiary. Prior 10 to the insured's death. 11

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§ 2613. Insurability

13 The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision 14 setting forth the conditions, if any, under which the insurer 15 reserves the right to require a person eligible for insurance 16 to furnish evidence of individual insurability satisfactory 17 to the insurer as a condition to part or all of his coverage. 18

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§ 2619. Misstatement of age

The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision specifying an equitable adjustment of premiums or of benefits or both to be made in the event the age of a person insured has been misstated, such provision to contain a clear statement of the method of adjustment to be used.

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2917 § 2620. Payment of benefits

The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision that any sum becoming due by reason of the death of the person insured shall be payable to the beneficiary designated by the person insured, subject to the provisions of the policy in the event there is no designated beneficiary, as to all or any part of such sum, living at the death of the person

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insured, and subject to any right reserved by the insurer
in the policy and set forth in the certificate to pay at
its option a part of such sum not exceeding \$500 to any
person appearing to the insurer to be equitably entitled
thereto by reason of having incurred funeral or other expenses incident to the last illness or death of the person
insured.

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§ 262D. Information as to insurance

10 The group life insurance policy shall contain a provi-11 sion that the insurer will issue to the policyholder for 12 delivery to each person insured printed information as to 13 the insurance protection to which he is entitled, to whom 14 the insurance benefits are payable, and the rights and con-15 ditions set forth in sections 2622, 2623 and 2622 of this 3 16 chapter.

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§ 2622. Conversion on termination of eligibility

19 There shall be a provision that if the insurance, or 20. any portion of it, on a person covered under the policy 21 ceases because of termination of employment or of member-22 ship in the class or classes eligible for coverage under 23 the policy, such person shall be entitled to have issued 24 to him by the insurer, without evidence of insurability, 25 an individual policy of life insurance without disability or other supplementary benefits, provided application for 26 27 the individual policy shall be made, and the first premium paid to the insurer, within 31 days after such termination, **2**8 29 and provided further that:

30 1. The individual policy shall, at the option of 31 such person, be on any one of the forms, except term insur-32 ance, then customarily issued by the insurer at the age and 33 for the amount applied for;

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CH. 31 GROUP LIFE INS.

1 The individual policy shall be in an amount not in 2. 2 excess of the amount of life insurance which ceases because 3 of such termination less the amount of any life insurance 4 for which such person is or becomes eligible under the same 5 or any other group policy within 31 days after such term-6 ination; provided, that any amount of insurance which shall 7 have matured on or before the date of such termination as 8 an endowment payable to the person insured, whether in one 9 sum or in installments or in the form of an annuity, shall 10 not, for the purposes of this provision, be included in the 11 amount which is considered to cease because of such termin-12 ation; and

13 3. The premium on the individual policy shall be at
14 the insurer's then customary rate applicable to the form
15 and amount of the individual policy, to the class of risk
16 to which such person then belongs, and to his age attained
17 on the effective date of the individual policy.

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§ 2623. Conversion on termination of policy

20 The group life insurance policy shall contain a provi-21 sion that if the group policy terminates or is amended so 22 as to terminate the insurance of any class of insured per-23 sons, every person insured thereunder at the date of such termination whose insurance terminates and who has been so 24 insured for at least 5 years prior to such termination date 25 26 shall be entitled to have issued to him by the insurer an 27 individual policy of life insurance, subject to the same conditions and limitations as are provided by section 262228 of this chapter, except that the group policy may provide 29 that the amount of such individual policy shall not exceed 30 31 the smaller of:

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1. The amount of the person's life insurance protection

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ceasing because of the termination or amendment of the
 group policy, less the amount of any life insurance for
 which he is or becomes eligible under any group policy
 issued or reinstated by the same or another insurer within
 31 days after such termination, and

2. \$2,000 08.

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§ 2624. Death pending conversion

The group life insurance policy shall contain a pro-9 10 vision that if a person insured under the policy dies dur-11 ing the period within which he would have been entitled to have an individual policy issued to him in accordance with 12 sections 2622 or 2623 of this chapter and before such an 13 individual policy shall have become effective, the amount 14 15 of life insurance which he would have been entitled to have issued to him under such individual policy shall be payable 16 as a claim under the group policy, whether or not applica-17 18 tion for the individual policy or the payment of the first 19 premium therefor has been made.

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§ 262⁵. Information to debtor

A policy issued to a creditor to insure debtors of 22 23 such creditor shall contain a provision that the insurer will furnish to the policyholder for delivery to each debtor 24 insured under the policy a form which will contain a state-25 ment that the life of the debtor is insured under the policy 26 27 and that any death benefit paid thereunder by reason of his death shall be applied to reduce or extinguish the indebted-28 29 ness.

31 § 2625. Notice as to conversion right
32 If any individual insured under a group life insurance

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an applicable mortality table and interest assumption factor found by the commissioner to be reasonably suitable for current use for the purpose, and-resulting in net premium not less than if based on the Commissioners 1960-Group Mortality Table with interest at 3% par annum, plus in any case a loading computed in accordance with a formula which shall be determined by the commissioner.

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٦ policy hereafter delivered in this State becomes entitled 2 under the terms of such policy to have an individual policy 3 of life insurance issued to him without evidence of insurability, subject to making of application and payment of the 4 5 first premium within the period specified in such policy, and 6 if such individual is not given notice of the existence of such right at least 15 days prior to the expiration date of 7 such period, then, in such event the individual shall have an 8 9 additional period within which to exercise such right, but 10 nothing herein contained shall be construed to continue any 11 insurance beyond the period provided in such policy. This 12 additional period shall expire 15 days next after the indiv-13 idual is given such notice but in no event shall such addi-14 tional period extend beyond 60 days next after the expiration 15 date of the period provided in such policy. Written notice presented to the individual or mailed by the policyholder to 16 17 the last known address of the individual or mailed by the insurer to the last known address of the individual as furn-18 19 ished by the policyholder shall constitute notice for the 20 purpose of this section.

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§ 2627. Rate of premiums

1. No insurer shall be permitted to do business in this
State if it delivers or issues for delivery, within this
State, any policy of group life insurance on which the premium shall be less than the net premium based on the Commissioners-1960 Group Mortality Table with interest at 3% per
annum, plus a loading computed in accordance with a formula
which shall be determined by the commissioner.

30 2. Anything in this Title to the contrary notwithstanding,
31 any group life insurance policy issued or delivered in this
32 State may provide for readjustment of the rate of premium

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based on the experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, and such readjustment may be made retroactive only for such policy year.

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628. Application of dividends, rate reductions

If a policy dividend is hereafter declared or a reduc-7 8 tion in rate is hereafter made or continued for the first or any subsequent year of insurance under any policy of *could*, *under this haple* group life insurance heretofore, or hereafter issued, to any 9 10 policyholder, the excess, if any, of the aggregate divid-11 12 ends or rate reductions under such policy and all other 13 group insurance policies of the policyholder over the aggre-14 gate expenditure for insurance under such policies made from 15 funds contributed by the policyholder, or by an employer of insured persons, or by a union or association to which the 16 17 insured persons belong, including expenditures made in con-18 nection with administration of such policies, shall be applied by the policyholder for the sole benefit of insured 19 employees, of members, or debutora. 20

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§ 2629. "Employee life insurance" defined "Employee life insurance" is that plan of life insurance, other than salary savings life insurance or pension trust insurance and annuities, under which individual policies are issued to the employees of any employer and where such policies are issued on the lives of not less than 4 employees at date of issue. Premiums for such policies shall be paid either wholly from the employer's funds, or funds contributed by him, or partly from such funds and partly from funds contributed by the insured employees.

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Chap. 3	3	
HEALTH	INSURANCE	CONTRACTS

1	CHAPTER 33. HEALTH INSURANCE CONTRACTS
2	§ 2701. Scope of chapter
3	Nothing in this chapter shall apply to or affect:
4	1. Any policy of liability or workmen's compensa-
5	tion insurance with or without supplementary expense coverage
6	therein.
7	2. Any group or blanket policy.
8	3. Life insurance, endowment or annuity contracts,
9	or contracts supplemental thereto which contain only such pro-
10	visions relating to health insurance as:
11	A. Provide additional benefits in case of death
12	or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident or accidental
13	means, or as
14	B. Operate to safeguard such contracts against
15	lapse, or to give a special surrender value or special benefit
16	or an annuity in the event that the insured or annuitant be-
17	comes totally and permanently disabled, as defined by the
18	contract or supplemental contract.
19	4. Reinsurance.
20	§ 2702. Short title
21	This chapter may be cited as the "uniform health
22	policy provision law".
23	§ 2703. Scope, format or policy
24	No policy of health insurance shall be delivered or
25	issued for delivery to any person in this State unless it
26	otherwise complies with this Title, and complies with the
27	following:
28	1. The entire money and other considerations
29	therefor shall be expressed therein;
30	2. The time when the insurance takes effect and

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1 terminates shall be expressed therein;

It shall purport to insure only one person, 2 з. except that a policy may insure, originally or by subsequent 3 amendment, upon the application of an adult member of a 4 family, who shall be deemed the policyholder, any 2 or more 5 eligible members of that family, including husband, wife, 6 dependent children or any children under a specified age 7 which shall not exceed H years and any other person depend-8 ent upon the policyholder; 9

10 4. The style, arrangement and overall appearance of the policy shall give no undue prominence to any portion 11 12of the text, and every printed portion of the text of the 13 policy and of any endorsements or attached papers shall be 14 plainly printed in light-faced type of a style in general use, 15 the size of which shall be uniform and not less than ten-16 point with a lower case unspaced alphabet length not less than one hundred and twenty-point (the "text" shall include all 17 18 printed matter except the name and address of the insurer, name of title of the policy, the brief description, if any, 19 20 and captions and subcaptions);

21 5. The exceptions and reductions of indemnity 22 shall be set forth in the policy and, other than those con-23 tained in sections 2705 to 2729, inclusive, of this chapter, $\mathbf{24}$ shall be printed, at the insurer's option, either included 25 with the benefit provision to which they apply, or under an 26 appropriate caption such as "Exceptions", or "Exceptions and 27 Reductions", except that if an exception or reduction specifi-28 cally applies only to a particular benefit of the policy, 29 a statement of such exception or reduction shall be included 30 with the benefit provision to which it applies; 31 Each such form, including riders and endorse-6.

32 ments, shall be indentified by a form number in the lower

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1 left-hand corner of the first page thereof; and

7. The policy shall contain no provision purporting to make any portion of the charter, rules, constitution or bylaws of the insurer a part of the policy unless such portion is set forth in full in the policy, except in the case of the incorporation of, or reference to, a statement of rates or classification of risks, or short-rate table filed with the commissioner.

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§ 2704. Required provisions; captions - omissions - substitutions

10 Except as provided in subsection 2 below, 1. each such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any per-11 son in this State shall contain the provisions specified in 12 13 sections 2705 to 2716, inclusive, of this chapter, in the words in which the same appear; except, that the insurer may, 14 15 at its option, substitute for one or more of such provisions corresponding provisions of different wording approved by the 16 17 commissioner which are in each instance not less favorable in 18 any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Each such pro-• 19 vision shall be preceded individually by the applicable 20 caption shown, or, at the option of the insurer, by such appro-21 priate individual or group captions or sub-captions as the 22 commissioner may approve.

23 If any such provision is in whole or in part 2. 24 inapplicable to or inconsistent with the coverage provided by a particular form of policy, the insurer, with the approval 25 of the commissioner, shall omit from such policy any inappli-26 27 cable provision or part of a provision, and shall modify any 28 inconsistent provision or part of a provision in such manner 29 as to make the provision as contained in the policy consistent 30 with the coverage provided by the policy.

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§ 2705. Entire contract - changes

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There shall be a provision as follows:

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"Entire Contract; Changes: This policy, including the endorsements and the attached papers, if any, constitutes the entire contract of insurance. No change in this policy shall be valid until approved by an executive officer of the company and unless such approval be endorsed hereon or attached hereto. No agent has authority to change this policy or to waive any of its provisions."

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§ 2703. Time limit on certain defenses

There shall be a provision as follows:

10 "Time Limit on Certain Defenses: (a) After three
11 years from the date of issue of this policy no misstatements,
12 except fraudulent misstatements, made by the applicant in the
13 application for such policy shall be used to void the policy
14 or to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined
15 in the policy) commencing after the expiration of such three16 year period."

17 1. (The foregoing policy provision shall not be 18 so construed as to affect any legal requirement for avoidance 19 of a policy or denial of a claim during such initial three-20 year period, nor to limit the application of sections 2718 21 through 2723 of this chapter in the event of misstatement 22 with respect to age or occupation or other insurance.)

23 2. (A policy which the insured has the right to 24 continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premium 1 until at least age 50 or, 225 in the case of a policy issued after age 44, for at least 5 years from its 26 27 date of issue, may contain in lieu of the foregoing the 28 following provision (from which the clause in parentheses may 29 be omitted at the insurer's option) under the caption "Incon-30 testable:"

31 "After this policy has been in force for a period
32 of three years during the lifetime of the insured (excluding

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Chap. 33 HEALTH INSURANCE CONTRACTS

any period during which the insured is disabled), it shall 1 become incontestable as to the statements contained in the 2 application.)") 3

"(b) No claim for loss incurred or disability (as 4 defined in the policy) commencing after three years from the 5 date of issue of this policy shall be reduced or denied on 6 the ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded 7 from coverage by name or specific description effective on 8 the date of loss had existed prior to the effective date of 9 10 coverage of this policy."

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§ 2707. Grace period

There shall be a provision as follows:

"A grace period of (insert a number not less 13 than "7" for weekly premium policies, "10" for monthly premium 14 policies and "31" for all other policies) days will be granted , 15 for the payment of each premium falling due after the first 16 premium, during which grace period the policy shall continue 17 in force." 18

19 A policy in which the insurer reserves the right 20 to refuse any renewal shall have, at the beginning of the 21 above provision:

"Unless not less than five days prior to the pre-22 23 mium due date the company has delivered to the insured or has mailed to his last address as shown by the records of the 24 25 company written notice of its intention not to renew this policy beyond the period for which the premium has been accepted." 26 27 § 2708. Reinstatement

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There shall be a provision as follows: 1. 29 "Reinstatement: If any renewal premium be not paid 30 within the time granted the insured for payment, a subsequent acceptance of premium by the insurer or by any agent duly 31 authorized by the company to accept such premium, without 32

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requiring in connection therewith an application for rein-1 statement, shall reinstate the policy; provided, however, 2 that if the company or such agent requires an application for 3 reinstatement and issues a conditional receipt for the premium 4 tendered, the policy will be reinstated upon approval of such 5 application by the company or, lacking such approval, upon the 6 forty-fifth day following the date of such conditional receipt 7 unless the company has previously notified the insured in writing 8 of its disapproval of such application. The reinstated policy 9 shall cover only loss resulting from such accidental injury as 10 may be sustained after the date of reinstatement and loss due 11 12 to such sickness as may begin more than ten days after such In all other respects the insured and company shall 13 date. 14 have the same rights thereunder as they had under the policy 15 immediately before the due date of the defaulted premium, sub-16 ject to any provisions endorsed herein or attached hereto in 17 connection with the minstatement. Any premium accepted in 18 connection with a reinstatement shall be applied to a period 19 for which premium has not been previously paid, but not to any 20 period more than sixty days prior to the date of reinstatement." 21 2. The last sentence of the above provision may be 22 omitted from any policy which the 'insured has the right to con-23 tinue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of 24 premiums 25 Α. Until at least age 50, or 26 In the case of a policy issued after age 44, в. 27 for at least 5 years from its date of issue. § 2709. 28 Notice of claim 29 There shall be a provision as follows: 1. 30 "Notice of Claim: Written notice of claim must be given to the company within twenty days after the occurrence 31 32 or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, or as soon

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1 thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice given by or on behalf of the insured or the beneficiary to the company at 2 3 (insert the location of such office as the company may designate for the purpose), or to any author-4 ized agent of the company, with information sufficient to 5 identify the insured, shall be deemed notice to the company." 6 7 2. In a policy providing a loss-of-time benefit which may be payable for at least 2 years, an insurer may at 8

9 its option insert the following between the first and second 10 sentence of the above provision:

"Subject to the qualifications set forth below, if 11 12 the insured suffers loss of time on account of disability for which indemnity may be payable for at least two years, he 13 shall, at least once in every six months after having given 14 notice of the claim, give to the company notice of continuance 15 of the disability, except in the event of legal incapacity. 16 The period of six months following any filing of proof by the 17 insured or any payment by the company on account of such claim 18 or any denial of liability in whole or in part by the company. 19 20 shall be excluded in applying this provision. Delay in the giving of such notice shall not impair the insured's right to 21 22 any indemnity which would otherwise have accrued during the 23 period of six months preceding the date on which such notice is actually given." 24

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§ 2710. Claim forms

There shall be a provision as follows:

"Claim Forms: The company, upon receipt of a notice of claim, will furnish to the claimant such forms as are usually furnished by it for filing proofs of loss. If such forms are not furnished within fifteen days after the giving of such notice the claimant shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this policy as to proof of loss upon

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submitting, within the time fixed in the policy for filing 1 $\mathbf{2}$ proofs of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made." 3 § 2711. Proofs of loss 4 There shall be a provision as follows: 5 "Proofs of Loss: Written proof of loss must be 6 furnished to the company at its said office in case of claim 7 for loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment 8 contingent upon continuing loss within ninety days after the 9 termination of the period for which the company is liable and 10 in case of claim for any other loss within ninety days after 11 the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within 12 the time required shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim 13 if it was not reasonably possible to give proof within such 14

15 time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably 16 possible and in no event, except in the absence of legal 17 capacity, later than one year from the time proof is otherwise 18 required."

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§ 2712. Time of payment of claims

There shall be a provision as follows:

21 "Time of Payment of Claims: Indemnities payable 22 under this policy for any loss other than loss for which this 23 policy provides any periodic payment, will be paid immediately 24 upon receipt of due written proof of such loss. Subject to 25 due written proof of loss, all accrued indemnities for loss 26 for which this policy provides periodic payment will be paid 27 (insert period for payment which must not 28 be less frequently than monthly) and any balance remaining un-29 paid upon the termination of liability will be paid immediately 30 upon receipt of due written proof."

31 32 § 2713. Payment of claims

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1. There shall be a provision as follows:

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1 "Payment of Claims: Indemnity for loss of life will $\mathbf{2}$ be payable in accordance with the beneficiary designation and 3 the provisions respecting such payment which may be prescribed 4 herein and effective at the time of payment. If no such designation or provision is then effective, such indemnity shall be 5 payable to the estate of the insured. Any other accrued 6 7 indemnities unpaid at the insured's death may, at the option 8 of the company, be paid either to such beneficiary or to such 9 estate. All other indemnities will be payable to the insured."

10 2. The following provisions, or either of them,
11 may be included with the foregoing provision at the option of
12 the insurer:

13 "If any indemnity of this policy shall be pay-Α. able to the estate of the insured, or to an insured or bene-14 15 ficiary who is a minor or otherwise not competent to give a valid release, the compary may pay such indemnity, up to an 16 17 amount not exceeding \$ (insert an amount which shall not exceed \$1,000), to any relative by blood or 18 19 connection by marriage of the insured or beneficiary who is 20 deemed by the company to be equitably entitled thereto. Any payment made by the company in good faith pursuant to this 21 provision shall fully discharge the company to the extent of 22 23 such payment."

24 "Subject to any written direction of the insured Б. 25 in the application or otherwise all or a portion of any indem-26 nities provided by this policy on account of hospital, nursing, medical or surgical services may, at the company's option and 27 28 unless the insured requests otherwise in writing not later 29 than the time of filing proofs of such loss, be paid directly 30 to the hospital or person rendering such services; but it is 31 not required that the service be rendered by a particular hos-32 pital or person."

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§ 2717. Right to examine and return policy

1. Except as to nonrenewable accident policies and individual credit health insurance policies, every individual health insurance policy shall contain a provision therein or in a separate rider attached thereto when delivered, stating in substance that the person to whom the policy is issued shall be permitted to return the policy within 10 days of its delivery to such person and to have a refund of the premium paid if after examination of the policy the purchaser is not satisfied with it for any reason. The provision shall be set forth in the policy under an appropriate caption, and if not so printed on the face page of the policy adequate notice of the provision shall be printed or stamped conspicuously on the face page.

2. The policy may be so returned to the insurer at its home or branch office to to the agent through whom it was applied for, and thereupon shall be void as from the beginning and as if the policy had not been issued.

Physical examination, autopsy 1 § 2714. There shall be a provision as follows: 2 "Physical Examinations and Autopsy: The company at its 3 own expense shall have the right and opportunity to examine 4 5 the person of the insured when and as often as it may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim hereunder and to 6 make an autopsy in case of death where it is not forbidden 7 8 by law." § 2715. Legal actions 9 There shall be a provision as follows: 10 "Legal Actions: No action at law or in equity shall be 11 12 brought to recover on this policy prior to the expiration of sixty days after written proof of loss has been furnished in 13 accordance with the requirements of this policy. No such 14 15 action shall be brought after the expiration of three years after the time written proof of loss is required to be fur-16 nished." 17 § 2716. Change of beneficiary 18 There shall be a provision as follows: 19 1. "Change of Beneficiary: Unless the insured makes an 20 irrevocable designation of beneficiary, the right to change 21 the beneficiary is reserved to the insured and the consent 22 23 of the beneficiary or beneficiaries shall not be requisite to 24 surrender or assignment of this policy or to any change of 25 beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to any other changes in this 26 policy." The first clause of this provision, relating to the 2. 27 irrevocable designation of beneficiary, may be omitted at the **2**8 insurer's option. 29

30 § 271%. Optional policy provisions
31 Except as provided in section 2704, subsection 2, of this
32 Chapter, no such policy delivered or issued for delivery to

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any person in this State shall contain. provisions respecting 1 the matters set forth in sections 2718 to 2723, inclusive, of 2 3 this-chapter unless such provisions are in the words in which the same appear in the applicable section, except that the 4 insurer may, at its option, use in lieu of any such provision 5 a corresponding provision of different wording approved by 6 the commissioner which is not less favorable in any respect 7 8 to the insured or the beneficiary. Any such provision contained in the policy shall be preceded individually by the 9 appropriate caption or, at the option of the insurer, by such 10 appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as 11 the commissioner may approve. 12

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§ 2718. Change of occupation

There may be a provision as follows:

15 "Change of Occupation: If the insured be injured or contract sickness after having changed his occupation to one 16 17 classified by the company as more hazardous than that stated in this policy or while doing for compensation anything per-18 taining to an occupation so classified, the company will pay 19 20 only such portion of the indemnities provided in this policy 21 as the premium paid would have purchased at the rates and within the limits fixed by the company for such more hazard-22 23 ous occupation. If the insured changes his occupation to one classified by the company as less hazardous than that stated $\mathbf{24}$ 25 in this policy, the company, upon receipt of proof of such 26 change of occupation, will reduce the premium rate accordingly, 27 and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium from the date of change of occupation or from the policy anniversary 28 29 date immediately preceding receipt of such proof, whichever 30 is the more recent. In applying this provision, the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be 31 such as have been last filed by the company prior to the 32

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occurrence of the loss for which the company is liable or 1 prior to date of proof of change in occupation with the state 2 3 official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided at the time this policy was issued; but 4 if such filing was not required, then the classification of 5 occupational risk and the premium rates shall be those last 6 made effective by the company in such state prior to the 7 8 occurrence of the loss or prior to the date of proof of change in occupation." 9

10 11 § 2710. Misstatement of age

There may be a provision as follows:

12 "Misstatement of Age: If the age of the insured 13 has been misstated, all amounts payable under this policy shall 14 be such as the premium paid would have purchased at the correct 15 age."

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§ 2720. Overinsurance--same insurer

There may be a provision as follows:

18 "If an accident or sickness or accident and sickness 19 policy or policies previously issued by the company to the 20 insured be in force concurrently herewith, making the aggregate 21 indemnity for (insert type of coverage or 22 coverages) in excess of \$.... (insert maximum limit of indem-23 nity or indemnities) the excess shall be void and all premiums 24 paid for such excess shall be returned to the insured or to his estate." 25

26 or, in lieu thereof:

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27 "Insurance effective at any one time on the insured under this 28 policy and a like policy or policies in this company is limited 29 to the one policy elected by the insured, his beneficiary or 30 his estate, as the case may be, and the company will return 31 all premiums paid for all other such policies." 1

§ 2721. Insurance with other insurers (Provision of service or expense incurred basis)

 $\mathbf{2}$

1. There may be a provision as follows:

3 "Insurance with Other Insurers: If there be other valid coverage, not with this company, providing benefits for the 4 same loss on a provision of service basis or on an expense 5 incurred basis and of which this company has not been given 6 7 written notice prior to the occurrence or commencement of 8 loss, the only liability under any expense incurred coverage 9 of this policy shall be for such proportion of the loss as 10 the amount which would otherwise have been payable hereunder plus the total of the like amounts under all such other valid 11 coverages for the same loss of which this insurer had notice 12 bears to the total like amounts under all valid coverages 13 for such loss, and for the return of such portion of the pre-14 miums paid as shall exceed the pro rata portion for the amount 15 16 so determined. For the purpose of applying this provision when other coverage is on a provision of service basis, the 17 18 'like amount' of such other coverage shall be taken as the amount which the services rendered would have cost in the 19 absence of such coverage." 20

2. 21 If the foregoing policy provision is included in a 22 policy which also contains the policy provision set out in section 2722 of this chapter there shall be added to the 23 caption of the foregoing provision the phrase "--Expense 24 Incurred Benefits." The insurer may, at its option, include 25 26 in this provision a definition of "other valid coverage," approved as to form by the commissioner, which definition 27 shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by 28 29 organizations subject to regulation by insurance law or by 30 insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, and by hospital or 31 32 medical service organizations, and to any other coverage the

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inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner. 1 In the absence of such definition such term shall not include 2 group insurance, automobile medical payments insurance, or 3 coverage provided by hospital or medical service organization 4 or by union welfare plans or employer or employee benefit 5 organizations. For the purpose of applying the foregoing 6 policy provision with respect to any insured, any amount of 7 benefit provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory 8 benefit statute, (including any workmen's compensation or 9 employer's liability statute , whether provided by a govern-10 mental agency or otherwise shall in all cases be deemed to 11 · be "other valid coverage" of which the insurer has had notice. 12In applying the foregoing policy provision no third party 13 liability coverage shall be included as "other valid coverage." 14 15

- 16 17

§ 2723. Insurance with other insurers--Other benefits

1. There may be a provision as follows:

"Insurance With Other Insurers: If there be other valid 18 coverage, not with this company, providing benefits for the 19 same loss on other than an expense incurred basis and of $\mathbf{20}$ which this company has not been given written notice prior 21 to the occurrence or commencement of loss, the only liability $\mathbf{22}$ 23 for such benefits under this policy shall be for such proportion of the indemnities otherwise provided hereunder for 24 such loss as the like indemnities of which the company had 25 notice (including the indemnities under this policy) bear to 26 the total amount of all like indemnities for such loss, and 27 for the return of such portion of the premium paid as shall 28 exceed the pro rata portion for the indemnities thus deter-29 30 mined."

31 2. If the foregoing policy provision is included in a
32 policy which also contains the policy provision set out in

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section 2721 of this chapter, there shall be added to the 1 caption of the foregoing provision the phrase "--Other $\mathbf{2}$ 3 Benefits." The insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of "other valid coverage," approved 4 5 as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by organiza-6 7 tions subject to regulation by insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States 8 or any province of Canada, and to any other coverage the 9 inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner. 10 In the absence of such definition such term shall not include 11 group insurance, of benefits provided by union welfare plans 12 or by employer or employee benefit organizations. For the 13 purpose of applying the foregoing policy provision with res-14 pect to any insured, any amount of benefit provided for such 15 insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including 16 17 any workmen's compensation or employer's liability statute) 18 whether provided by a governmental agency or otherwise shall in all cases be deemed to be "other valid coverage" of which 19 20 the insurer has had notice. In applying the foregoing policy $\mathbf{21}$ provision no third party liability coverage shall be included 22 as "other valid coverage."

23

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§ 2723. <u>Relation of earnings to insurance</u> There may be a provision as follows:

26 "If the total monthly amount of loss of time benefits 27 promised for the same loss under all valid loss of time 28 coverage upon the insured, whether payable on a weekly or 29 monthly basis, shall exceed the monthly earnings of the 30 insured at the time disability commenced or his average 31 monthly earnings for the period of 2 years immediately pre-32 ceding a disability for which claim is made, whichever is

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the greater, the company will be liable only for such pro-1 portionate amount of such benefits under this policy as the 2 amount of such monthly earnings or such average monthly 3 earnings of the insured bears to the total amount of monthly 4 benefits for the same loss under all such coverage upon the 5 insured at the time such disability commences and for the 6 return of such part of the premiums paid during such 2 years 7 8 as shall exceed the pro rata amount of the premiums for the benefits actually paid hereunder; but this shall not operate 9 10 to reduce the total monthly amount of benefits payable under all such coverage upon the insured below the sum of \$200 or 11 the sum of the monthly benefits specified in such coverages, 1213 whichever is the lesser, nor shall it operate to reduce bene-14 fits other than those payable for loss of time." (The fore-15 going policy provision may be inserted only in a policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to 16 17 its terms by the timely payment of premiums (+) until at least age 50 or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after 18 19 age 44, for at least 5 years from its date of issue. The 20 insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of "valid loss of time coverage", approved as to 21 form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited 22 23 in subject matter to coverage provided by governmental agencies or by organizations subject to regulation by $\mathbf{24}$ 25 insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, 26 27 or to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner or any combination of such $\mathbf{28}$ 29 coverages. In the absence of such definition such term shall not include any coverage provided for such insured pursuant 30 to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workmen's 31 compensation or employer's liability statute), or benefits 32 provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee 33

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1	benefit organizations.)		
2	§ 2725. Unpaid premiums		
3	There may be a provision as follows:		
4	♥ Unpaid Premium: Upon the payment of a claim under		
5	this policy, any premium then due and unpaid or covered by any		
6	note or written order may be deducted therefrom."		
7	§ 2725. Conformity with state statutes		
8	There may be a provision as follows:		
9	"Conformity with State Statutes: Any provision of		
10	this policy which, on its effective date is in conflict with		
11	the statutes of the state in which the insured resides on such		
12	date is hereby amended to conform to the minimum requirements		
13	of such statutes."		
14	§ 2726. Illegal occupation		
15	There may be a provision as follows:		
16	"Illegal Occupation: The company shall not be liable		
17	for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's		
18	commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a		
19	contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an		
20	illegal occupation."		
21	§ 2727. Intoxicants and narcotics		
22	There may be a provision as follows:		
23	"Intoxicants and Narcotics: The company shall not		
24	be liable for any loss sustained or contracted in consequence		
25	of the insured's being intoxicated or under the influence of		
2 6	any narcotic unless administered on the advice of a physician."		
27	§ 2729. Renewability		
2 8	Health insurance policies, other than accident		
29	insurance only policies, in which the insurer reserves the		
30	right to refuse renewal on an individual basis, shall provide		
31	in substance in a provision thereof or in an endorsement		
32	thereon or rider attached thereto that subject to the right		

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to terminate the policy upon nonpayment of premium when due, 1 such right to refuse renewal may not be exercised so as to 2 take effect before the renewal date occurring on, or after 3 and nearest, each policy anniversary (or in the case of lapse 4 and reinstatement, at the renewal date occurring on, or after 5 and nearest, each anniversary of the last reinstatement), and 6 that any refusal of renewal shall be without prejudice to any 7 claim originating while the policy is in force. (The paren-8 thetic reference to lapse and reinstatement may be omitted at 9 the insurer's option.) 10

11

§ 2720. Order of certain provisions

The provisions which are the subject of sections $a_1/(27/37_2)$ 12 2716, and 27. 2705 to 2727, inclusive, of this chapter, or any correspond-13 ing provisions which are used in lieu thereof in accordance 14 with such sections shall be printed in the consecutive order 15 of the provisions in such sections or, at the option of the 16 17 insurer, any such provision may appear as a unit in any part of the policy, with other provisions to which it may be logi-18 cally related, provided that the resulting policy shall not 19 20 be in whole or in part unintelligible, uncertain, ambiguous, abstruse, or likely to mislead a person to whom the policy is 21 22 offered, delivered or issued.

23

§ 2730. Third party ownership

The word "insured", as used in this chapter, shall not be construed as preventing a person other than the insured with a proper insurable interest from making application for and owning a policy covering the insured or from being entitled under such a policy to any indemnities, benefits, and rights provided therein.

30 § 2731. <u>Requirements of other jurisdictions</u>
31 1. Any policy of a foreign or alien insurer, when
32 delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this State,

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may contain any provision which is not less favorable to the
 insured or the beneficiary than the provisions of this chap ter and which is prescribed or required by the law of the state
 or country under which the insurer is organized.

5 2. Any policy of a domestic insurer may, when 6 issued for delivery in any other state or country, contain 7 any provision permitted or required by the laws of such other 8 state or country.

9

§ 2732. Policies issued for delivery in another state

10 If any policy is issued by a domestic insurer for delivery to a person residing in another state, and if the 11 12 insurance commissioner or corresponding public official of 13 such other state has informed the commissioner that any such policy is not subject to approval or disapproval by such offi-14 cial, the commissioner may by ruling require that the policy 15 meet the standards set forth in sections 2703 to 2731, inclu-16 sive, of this chapter. 17

18

§ 2733. Conforming to statute

No policy provision which is not subject to
 this chapter shall make a policy, or any portion thereof, less
 favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary
 than the provisions thereof which are subject to this chapter.

23 2. A policy delivered or issued for delivery to 24 any person in this State in violation of this chapter shall 25 be held valid but shall be construed as provided in this 26 chapter. When any provision in a policy subject to this chapter is in conflict with any provision of this chapter, the 27 rights, duties, and obligations of the insurer, the insured 28 29 and the beneficiary shall be governed by the provisions of 30 this chapter.

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§ 2734. Age limit

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If any such policy contains a provision establishing,

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as an age limit or otherwise, a date after which the cover-1 age provided by the policy will not be effective, and if $\mathbf{2}$ such date falls within a period for which premium is accep-3 ted by the insurer or if the insurer accepts a premium after 4 such date, the coverage provided by the policy will continue 5 فالمحافظ والمستحد والمستعد والمناري in force until the end of the period for which premium has 6 been accepted. In the event the age of the insured has been 7 misstated and if, according to the correct age of the insured, 3 the coverage provided by the policy would not have become 9 effective, or would have ceased prior to the acceptance of 10 such premium or premiums, then the liability of the insurer <u>3</u> 2 shall be limited to the refund, upon request, of all premiums 12paid for the period not covered by the policy. 13

14

§ 2735. Filing of rates individual Each insurer issuing health insurance policies for 15 delivery in this State shall, before use thereof, file with 16 the commissioner its premium rates and classification of 17 18 risks pertaining to such policies. The insurer shall adhere to its rates and classifications as filed with the commis-19 20 sioner. The insurer may change such filings from time to 21 time as it deems proper.

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§ 2736. "Noncancellable disability insurance" defined

23 "Noncancellable disability insurance" means insurance 24 against disability resulting from sickness, ailment or 25 bodily injury, but not including insurance solely against 26 accidental injury, under any contract which does not give 27 the insurer the option to cancel or otherwise terminate the contract at or after one year from its effective date 28 or renewal date. 29

§ 2737. **3**0 Notice as to renewability The commissioner shall have the right to make the 31 32 following requirements:

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1	1. When a policy, other than a noncancellable policy,
2	has neither a brief description nor a separate statement
3	printed on the first page and on the filing back, referring
4	to the renewal conditions of the policy, a separately cap-
5	tioned provision, setting forth the conditions under which
6	the policy may be renewed, must appear on the first page of
7	the policy. The caption shall be clear and definite and
8	shall be approved by the commissioner; but any one of the
9	following capitions is acceptable:
10	"RENEWAL SUBJECT TO CONSENT OF COMPANY.
11	RENEWAL SUBJECT TO COMPANY CONSENT.
12	RENEWABLE AT OPTION OF COMPANY."
13	2. If the policy is not renewable, a separate,
14	appropriately captioned provision on the first page of the
15	policy shall so state.
16	3. The term "noncancellable," as used herein, means a
17	policy which the insured may rightfully continue in force
18	subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums until
19	at least age 50 or, in the case of a policy issued after age
2 0	44, for at least 5 years from its date of issue.
21	§ 273§. Lapse of policy, advance notice; limitation of action
22	No individual policy of health insurance issued or
23	delivered in this State, except a policy which by its terms
2 4	is renewable or continuable with the insurer's consent, or
25	except a policy the premiums for which are payable monthly
2 6	or at shorter intervals, shall terminate or lapse for non-
27	payment of any premium until the expiration of 3 months from
28	the due date of such premium, unless the insurer, within not
29	less than 10 nor more than 45 days prior to said due date,
30	shall have mailed, postage prepaid, duly addressed to the
31	insured at his last address shown by the insurer's records,
3 2	a 'notice showing the amount of such premium and its due date.

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If such a notice is not so sent, the insured may pay the 1 2 premium in default at any time within such period of 3 The affidavit of any officer, clerk or agent of the 3 months. insurer, or of any other person authorized to mail such 4 notice, that the notice required by this section has been 5 duly mailed by the insurer in the manner required shall be 6 7 prima facie evidence that such notice was duly given. No action shall be maintained on any policy to which this 8 9 section applies and which has lapsed for nonpayment of any premium unless such action is commenced within 2 years from 10 11 the due date of such premium.

12

§ 2739. Franchise health insurance law

Health insurance on a franchise plan is hereby de clared to be that form of health insurance issued to:

A. Three or more employees of any corporation, copartnership, or individual employer or any governmental corporation, agency or department thereof; or

18 E. Ten or more members, employees or employees of mem-19 bers of any trade or professional association or of a labor 20 union or of any other association having had an active exis-21 tence for at least 2 years where such association or union 22 has a constitution or bylaws and is formed in good faith for 23 purposes other than that of obtaining insurance;

where such persons with or without their dependents, are 24 25 issued the same form of an individual policy varying only as 26 to amounts and kinds of coverage applied for by such persons, 27 under an arrangement whereby the premiums on such policies may be paid to the insurer periodically by the employer, with 28 29 or without payroll deductions, or by the association or union 30 for its members, or by some designated person acting on behalf 31 of such employer or association or union, or by the insured directly to the insurer if permitted by the insurer. 32 The

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term "employees" as used herein may be deemed to include 1 2 the officers, managers and employees and retired employees of the employer and the individual proprietor or partners 3 if the employer is an individual proprietor or partnership. 4 5 2. No provision of this Title shall be deemed to prohibit different rates charged, or benefits payable, or dif-6 ferent underwriting procedure for individuals insured under 7 a franchise plan, if rates charged, benefits payable or 8 9 underwriting procedure used do not discriminate between 10 franchise plans.

4. Any reference hereinafter to group health insurance shall mean group accident, group sickness and group accident and sickness insurance as herein defined.

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1	CHAPTER 35
2	GROUP AND BLANKET HEALTH INSURANCE
3	§ 2801. Scope of chapter - Short title
4	1. This chapter applies only to group health insurance
5	contracts and to blanket health insurance contracts as here-
6	in provided for.
7	2. This chapter may be cited as the "group or blanket
8	health insurance law."
9	
10	§ 2802. Group insurance defined
11	1. Any policy or contract of insurance against death
12	or injury resulting from accident or from accidental means
13	which covers more than one person, except blanket accident
14	policies as defined in section 2812 of this chapter and
15	family accident and sickness policies conforming to section
16 _.	2703 of this Title, shall be deemed a group accident insur-
17	ance policy.
18	2. Any policy or contract which insures against dis-
19	ablement, disease or sickness of the insured, excluding
2 0	disablement which results from accident or from accidental
2 1	means, and which covers more than one person, except
2 2	blanket sickness insurance policies as defined in section
23	2812 of this chapter and family accident and sickness poli-
2 4	cies conforming to section 2703 of this Title, shall be
25	deemed a group sickness insurance policy or contract.
2 6	3. Any policy or contract of insurance which combines
27	the coverage of group accident insurance and of group sick-
2 8	ness insurance shall be deemed a group accident and sickness
2 9	insurance policy.
3 0	
31	§ 2803. Must meet requirements
32	No policy or contract of group health insurance, and no

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1 certificate thereunder, shall be delivered or issued for 2 delivery in this State unless to a group as provided for in 3 this chapter and otherwise in conformity with the require-4 ments of this chapter.

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§ 2804. Employee groups

7 A group of individuals may be insured under a policy 8 issued to an employer or to the trustees of a fund estab-9 lished by an employer, which employer or trustee shall be 10 deemed the policyholder, to insure employees of the employer 11 for the benefit of persons other than the employer, subject 12 to the following requirements:

13 1. The employees eligible for insurance under the policy shall be all of the employees of the employer, or 14 15 all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to their employment. The policy may provide that 16 the term "employees" shall include the employees of one or 17 18 more subsidiary corporations and the employees, individual proprietors and partners of one or more affiliated corpora-19 tions, proprietors or partnerships, if the business of the $\mathbf{20}$ 21 employer and of such affiliated corporations, proprietors or partnerships is under common control through stock ownership $\mathbf{22}$ or contract. A The policy may provide that the term "employees" 23 shall include the individual proprietor or partners, if the and the (The policy may provide that a total improved "shall include returned implyings"; I may all employer is an individual proprietor or a partnership. A No 24 25 **2**6 director of a corporate employer shall be eligible for ينظيره 27 insurance under the policy unless such person is otherwise 28 eligible as a bona fide employee of the corporation by performing services other than the usual duties of a director. 29 **3**0 No individual proprietor or partner shall be eligible for insurance under the policy unless he is actively engaged in 31 and devotes a substantial part of his time to the conduct of 32

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1 the business of the proprietor or partnership.

2 2. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the 3 policyholder, either wholly from the employer's funds or funds contributed by him, or partly from such funds and 4 partly from funds contributed by the insured employees, or 5 wholly from funds contributed by the insured employees. A 6 7 policy on which any part of the premium is to be derived 8 from funds contributed by the insured employees may be 9 placed in force only if at least 75% of the then eligible 10 employees, excluding any as to whom evidence of individual 11 insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required contributions. 12

A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees must insure all eligible employees, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

18 3. The policy must cover at least 3 employees at date19 of issue.

4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
by the employees or by the employer or trustees.

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§ 2805. Union groups

25 A group of individuals may be insured under a policy issued to a labor union or to an incorporated or unincorpora-26 27 ted association of employees, which association has a constitution and bylaws and has 50 or more members and is organized 28 and maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of 29 30 obtaining insurance and has been so organized and maintained for a period of not less than 2 years prior to the issuance 31 of such policy or contract, which shall be deemed the policy-32

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1 holder to insure members of such union or association for $\mathbf{2}$ the benefit of persons other than the union or association 3 or any of its officials, representatives or agents, subject 4 to the following requirements: 5 The members eligible for insurance under the policy 1. 6 shall be all of the members of the union or association or 7 all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions 8 pertaining to their employment, or to membership in the union or association, or both. The policy may peovide that the term "member" shell also include returned members. 9 The premium for the policy shall be paid by the 10 11 policyholder, either wholly from the union's or association's funds or partly from such funds and partly from funds contrib-12 uted by the insured members specifically for their insurance, ~ Wholey from functions in the last members. No-policy may be issued on which the entire premium is to be 13 14 15 derived from funds contributed by the insured members specific-16 ally for their insurance. A policy on which part of the pre-17 mium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured 18 members specifically for their insurance may be placed in 19 force only if at least 75% of the then eligible members, **2**0 excluding any as to whom evidence of individual insurability 21 is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the 22 required contributions. A policy on which no part of the 23 premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the 24 insured members specifically for their insurance must insure all eligible members, or all except any as to whom evidence 25 of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer. 26 27 3. The policy must cover at least 25 members at date 28 of issue. 29 4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be

30 based upon some plan precluding individual selection either 31 by the members or by the union or association.

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1 § 2806. Trustee groups 2 A group of individuals may be insured under a policy buscles or 3 issued to the trustees of a fund established by 2 or more 02 maland and march 4 employers in the same industry or by one or more labor 5 unions, or by one or more employers and one or more labor 6 unions which trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to 7 insure employees of the employers or members of the unions for the benefit of persons other than the employers or the 8 unions, subject to the following requirements: 9 10 The persons eligible for insurance shall be all of 1. the employees of the employers or all of the members of the 11 12unions, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to their employment, or to member-13 14 ship in the unions, or to both. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include the individual proprietor 15 16 partnership. No director of a corporate employer shall be 17 18 eligible for insurance under the policy unless such person 19 is otherwise eligible as a bona fide employee of the corpor-20 ation by performing services other than the usual duties of 21 No individual proprietor or partner shall be a director. 22 eligible for insurance under the policy unless he is 23 actively engaged in and devotes a substantial part of his 24 time to the conduct of the business of the proprietor or 25 partnership. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include the trustees or their employees, or both, 26 27 if their duties are principally connected with such trustee-28 ship. The premium for the policy shall be paid by the bucker >2 29 2. trustees wholly from funds contributed by the employer or 30 employers of the insured persons, or by the union or unions, or party from such such factly or who if them from to or by both.-No-policy may be issued on which any part of the-31

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premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the 1 2 insured persons specifically for their insurance, except that any coverages provided under the policy with respect 3 4 to the insured person's dependents may be paid entirely or 5 in part by funds contributed by such insured person. The 6. policy must insure all eligible persons, or all except any 7 as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satis-8 factory to the insurer.

9 3. The policy must cover at date of issue at least 100 persons and not less than an average of 5 persons per 10 employer unit, except that, in the case of credit union 11 employees or associations of insurance agents the policy 12 must cover at least 25 persons but shall not be subject to 13 any required average number of employees covered per 14 employer unit; and if the fund is established by the members 15 of an association of employers the policy may be issued only 16 if either: 17

A. The participating employers constitute at date of
issue at least 60% of those employer members whose employees
are not already covered for the same or similar benefits
under a plan maintained by their employer, or

B. The total number of persons covered at date ofissue exceeds 600.

4. The amounts of insurance under the policy must be
based upon some plan precluding individual selection either
by the insured persons or by the policyholder, employers
or unions.

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§ 2807. Debtor groups

A group of individuals may be insured under a policy
issued to a creditor, or to a trustee or trustees or agent
designated by 2 or more creditors, which creditor, trustee,

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Coverage of dependents; continuation of coverage of sently, \$ 2809. <u>ටිංදාවෙන්නෙක්</u>නට

1. Any policy of group health insurance issued pursuant to sections 2804 (employee groups), 2805 (union and employee association groups), 2806 (trustee groups) or 2808 (other groups), may include coverage for members of the family or dependents of indixistand individuals otherwise insured in such groups.

2. Any group health insurance policy which contains provisions for the payment by the insurer of benefits for expenses incurred on account of hospital, nursing, medical or surgical services for members of the family or dependents of an individual in the insured group may provide for the continuation of such benefit provisions, or any part or parts thereof, after the death of the individual in the death of the individual is the individual is the death of the individual is the death of the individual is the death of the individual is the indin the individual is the indi

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trustees or agent shall be deemed the policyholder, 1 2 insuring a group of debtors of the creditor or a group of 3 debtors of the 2 or more creditors, as the case may be, all as defined and set forth under section 2604 of this 4 Title, and under the same conditions and limitations as $5 \leq$ specified in such section, provided that the amount of 6 7 indemnity payable with respect to any person insured thereunder shall not at any time exceed the aggregate of the 8 9 periodic scheduled unpaid installments, nor the sum of ,000, whichever is less, and provided that nothing in 10 this paragraph shall be construed or deemed to apply to or 11 12 affect disability benefit provisions in group credit life 13 insurance policies as authorized under section 2604. of 14 = this Title.

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§ 2808. Other groups

A group of individuals may be insured under a policy issued to any person or organization to which a policy of group life insurance may be issued or delivered in this State under chapter 31 of this Title, to insure any class or classes of individuals that could be insured under such Agrouphicatific and policy may also be issued to group life policy. Cover any other group, which is the communication and in cubic any other group, which is the communication with in cubic any other group.

§ 2809. Payments; beneficiaries 24 'n 25 The benefits payable under any policy or contract of 26 group health insurance shall be payable to the employee or 27 other insured member of the group or to some beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by him, other than the employer or 28 the association or any officer thereof as such; but if there 29 is no designated beneficiary as to all or any part of the 30 insurance at the death of the employee or member, then the 31 amount of insurance payable for which there is no designated 32

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✓ If a policy dividend is hereafter declared or a reduction in rate is hereafter made or continued for the first or any subsequent year of insurance under any policy of group health insurance heretofore issued, or hereafter issued under this chapter, to any policyholder, the excess, if any, of the aggregate dividends or rate reductions under the policy and all other group insurance policies of the policyholder over the aggregate expenditure for insurance under such policies made from funds contributed by the policyholder, or by an employer of insured persons, or by a union or association to which the insured persons belong, including reasonable expenditures made in connection with administration of such policies, shall be applied by the policyholder for the such sole bunefit of insured employees, members, or debtors.

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1 beneficiary shall be payable to the estate of the employee 2 or member, except that the insurer may in such case, at its 3 option, pay such insurance to any one or more of the following surviving relatives of the employee or member: Wife, 4 husband, mother, father, child or children, brothers or 5 sisters; and except that payment of benefits for expenses 6 incurred on account of hospitalization or medical or surgi-7 cal aid, as provided in section 2810 of this chapter, may 8 be made by the insurer to the hospital or other person or 9 persons furnishing such aid. Payment so made shall discharge 10 11 the insurer's obligation with respect to the amount of insurance so paid. 12

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§ 2810. Payment of expenses

Any policy or contract of group health insurance may include provisions for the payment by the insurer of benefits for expenses incurred, by the employee or other member of the insured group, on account of hospitalization or medical or surgical aid for himself, his spouse, his child or children, or other persons chiefly dependent upon him for support and maintenance.

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§ 2811. Readjustment of premium rate

Anything in this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding, 24 any policy or contract of group health insurance may provide 25for readjustment of the rate of premium based on the exper-26 27 ience thereunder at the end of the first year or of any 28 subsequent year of insurance thereunder, and such readjust ment may be made retroactive only for such policy year. Any 29 refund under any plan for readjustment of the rate of premium 30 31 based on the experience under group policies and any dividen paid under such policies may be used to reduce the employer-32

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contribution to group insurance for the employees of the employed and the excess over such contribution by employer shall be applied by the employer for the sole bene. fit of the employees.

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§ 2812. "Blanket health insurance" defined

7 Blanket health insurance is hereby declared to be that
8 form of health insurance covering groups of persons as
9 enumerated in one of the following paragraphs:

Under a policy or contract issued to any common
 carrier or to any operator, owner or lessee of a means of
 transportation, who or which shall be deemed the policy holder, covering a group of persons who may become passengers
 defined by reference to their travel status on such common
 carrier or such means of transportation.

16 2. Under a policy or contract issued to an employer,
17 who shall be deemed the policyholder, covering any group of
18 employees, dependents or guests, defined by reference to
19 specified hazards incident to an activity or activities or
20 operations of the policyholder.

Under a policy or contract issued to a college,
 school or other institution of learning, a school district
 or districts, or school jurisdictional unit, or to the head,
 principal or governing board of any such educational unit,
 who or which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering
 students, teachers, or employees.

4. Under a policy or contract issued to any religious,
charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization,
or branch thereof, which shall be deemed the policyholder,
covering any group of members or participants defined by
reference to specified hazards incident to an activity or
activities or operations sponsored or supervised by such

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1 policyholder.

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5. Under a policy or contract issued to a sports
team, camp or sponsor thereof, which shall be deemed the
policyholder, covering members, campers, employees, officials or supervisors.

6. Under a policy or contract issued to any volunteer 7 fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other such 8 volunteer organization, which shall be deemed the policy-9 holder, covering any group of members or participants 10 defined by reference to specified hazards incident to an 11 activity or activities or operations sponsored or supervised 12 by such policyholder.

13 7. Under a policy or contract issued to a newspaper
14 or other publisher, which shall be deemed the policyholder,
15 covering its carriers.

8. Under a policy or contract issued to an association, 16 including a labor union, which has a constitution and bylaws 17 18 and which has been organized and is maintained in good faith 19 for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, which 20 shall be deemed the policyholder, covering any group of 21 members or participants defined by reference to specified 22 hazards incident to an activity or activities or operations 23 sponsored or supervised by such policyholder.

9. Under a policy or contract issued to cover any
other risk or class of risks which, in the discretion of
the commissioner, may be properly eligible for blanket
health insurance. The discretion of the commissioner may be
exercised on an individual risk basis or class of risks, or
both.

§ 2813. <u>Blanket insurance - Payments; beneficiaries</u> All benefits under any blanket health insurance policy

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shall be payable to the person insured, or to his designated 1 2 beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to his estate, as shall be specified in the policy, except that if the person insured 3 be a minor, such benefits may be made payable to his parent, 4 5 guardian or other person actually supporting him, or to a person or persons chiefly dependent upon him for support and 6 7 maintenance.

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§ 2814. Legal liability of policyholders

10 Nothing contained in this chapter shall be deemed to affect the legal liability of policyholders for the death 11 12 of or injury to any member of any such group.

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§ 2815. Requirements

No policy of group or blanket health insurance and no 2 15 Zeertificate thereunder shall, except as provided in section 16 2829 of this chapter, be delivered or issued for delivery in 17 this State, unless the policy contains in substance each and 18 all of the provisions set forth in sections 2818 through 2827 19 20 Sof this chapter or provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner are more favorable to the holders of such cer-21 $\mathbf{22}$ tificates or not less favorable to the holders of such cer-23 tificates and more favorable to policyholders.

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§ 2816. Applicant's statements; waivers, amendments **2**6 There shall be a provision that no statement made by 27 the applicant for insurance shall avoid the insurance or reduce benefits thereunder unless contained in the written 28 application signed by the applicant; and a provision that 29 no agent has authority to change the policy or to waive any 30 of its provisions; and that no change in the policy shall 31 be valid unless approved by an officer of the insurer and 32

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1 evidenced by indorsement on the policy, or by amendment to 2 the policy signed by the policyholder and the insurer. 3 § 2817. Statements in application 4 5 There shall be a provision that all statements contained in any such application for insurance shall be deemed repre-6 7 sentations and not warranties. 8 9 § 2818. New employees, members There shall be a provision that all new employees or 10 11 new members, as the case may be, in the groups or classes eligible for such insurance must be added to such groups or 12classes for which they are respectively eligible. 13 14 15 § 2819. Renewal of policy 16 There shall be a provision stating the conditions under 17 which the insurer may decline to renew the policy. 18 § 2820. 19 Individual certificates 20 Except in the case of blanket health, 21 Sinsurance, a provision that $\mathbf{22}$ the insurer shall issue to the policyholder, for delivery to each member of the insured group, an individual certificate 🗠 23 setting forth in summary form a statement of the essential 24 features of the insurance coverage of such employee or such 25 member, to whom the benefits thereunder are payable, and 26 in substance the provisions of sections 2821 then 2827 of 27 this chapter. I dependente an included in the hourage sale withinte on printed summing need be issued for 28 29 parinty unit. § 2821. Age limits 30 . There shall be a provision specifying the ages, if any 31

32 there be, to which the insurance provided therein shall be

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limited; and the ages, if any there be, for which additional
 restrictions are placed on benefits and the addional restric tions placed on the benefits at such ages.

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§ 2822. Notice of claim

6 There shall be a provision that written notice of sick-7 ness or of injury must be given to the insurer within 30 days 8 after the date when such sickness or injury occurred. Failure 9 to give notice within such time shall not invalidate nor 10 reduce any claim if it shall be shown not to have been reason-11 ably possible to give such notice and that notice was given 12 as soon as was reasonably possible.

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§ 2823. Proof of loss

There shall be a provision that in the case of claim 15 16 for loss of time for disability, written proof of such loss 17 must be furnished to the insurer within 30 days after the commencement of the period for which the insurer is liable, 18 19 and that subsequent written proofs of the continuance of $\mathbf{20}$ such disability must be furnished to the insurer at such intervals as the insurer may reasonably require, and that 21 $\mathbf{22}$ in the case of claim for any other loss, written proof of 23 such loss must be furnished to the insurer within 90 days 24 after the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within such time shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim 25 26 if it shall be shown not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such proof and that such proof was furnished as 27 $\mathbf{28}$ soon as was reasonably possible.

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§ 2824. Forms for proof of loss

There shall be a provision that the insurer will furnish to the policyholder such forms as are usually furnished

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1 by it for filing proof of loss. If such forms are not furnished before the expiration of 15 days after the insurer 2 received notice of any claim under the policy, the person 3 making such claim shall be deemed to have complied with 4 5 the requirements of the policy as to proof of loss upon submitting within the time fixed in the policy for filing 6 7 proof of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, 8 character and extent of the loss for which claim is made.

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§ 2825. Examination, autopsy

11 There shall be a provision that the insurer shall have 12 the right and opportunity to examine the person of the 13 insured when and so often as it may reasonably require 14 during the pendency of claim under the policy and also the 15 right and opportunity to make an autopsy in case of death 16 where it is not prohibited by law.

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§ 2826. Time for payment of benefits

19 There shall be a provision that all benefits payable **2**0 under the policy, other than benefits for loss of time, 21 will be payable not more than 60 days after receipt of 22 proof, and that, subject to due proof of loss, all accrued benefits payable under the policy for loss of time will be 23 24 paid not later than at the expiration of each period of 30 25 days during the continuance of the period for which the insurer is liable, and that any balance remaining unpaid at **2**6 27 the termination of such period will be paid immediately upon receipt of such proof. **2**8

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§ 2827. Time for suits

There shall be a provision that no action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on the policy prior to

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the expiration of 60 days after proof of loss has been filed in accordance with the requirements of the policy and that no such action shall be brought at all unless brought within 2 years from the expiration of the time within which proof of loss is required by the policy.

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§ 2829. Exceptions

1. Any portion of any such policy, delivered or issued 8 for delivery in this State, which purports, by reason of 9 10 the circumstances under which a loss is incurred, to reduce 11 any benefits promised thereunder to an amount less than that 12 . provided for the same loss occurring under ordinary circum-13 stances, shall be printed in such policy and in each certificate issued thereunder, in bold face type and with greater 14 15 prominence than any other portion of the rest of such policy 16 or certificate, respectively; and all other exceptions of 17 the policy shall be printed in the policy and certificate with the same prominence as the benefits to which they apply. 18 2. 19 If any such policy contains any provision which 20 affects the liability of the insurer because of any vicla-21 tion of law by the insured during the term of the policy, 22 it shall be in the following form: The insurer shall not 23 be liable for death, injury incurred or disease contracted, 24 to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission

25 of or attempt to commit a felony, or which occurs while the 26 insured is engaged in an illegal occupation.

3. If any such policy contains any provision which
affects the liability of the insurer because of the insured's
use of intoxicating liquor or narcotics during the term of
the policy, it shall be in the following form: The insurer
shall not be liable for death, injury incurred or disease
contracted while the insured is intoxicated or under the

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or patters inorginic lange influence of narcotics unless administered on the advice of 1 2 a physician.

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§ 2829. Omissions, modifications: commissioner may approve

The commissioner may approve any form of blanket health 5 insurance policy, or any form of certificate to be issued 6 7 under such policy, which omits or modifies any of the provi-8 sions hereinbefore required, if he deems such omission or modification suitable for the character of such insurance 9 and not unjust to the persons insured thereunder. 10

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§ 2830. Hospital, medical benefits - Direct payment 12 13 Any such group or blanket policy may include benefits payable on account of hospital or medical or surgical aid 14 15 for an employee or other member of the group insured by such policy, his or her spouse, child or children or other 16 dependents, and may provide that any such benefits be paid 17 by the insurer directly to the hospital, physician, surgeon 18 19 doctor, nurse or other person furnishing services covered **2**0 by such provisions of the policy.

CHAPTER 37

1	CREDIT LIFE AND CREDIT HEALTH INSURANCE
2	
3	§ 2851. Scope
4	All life insurance and all health insurance in connec-
5	tion with loans or other credit transactions shall be sub-
6	ject to this chapter, except such insurance in connection
7	with a loan or other credit transaction of more than 5 years
8	duration issued in an isolated transaction on the part of
9	the insurer not related to an agreement or a plan for insur-
10	ing debtors of the creditor.
11	
12	§ 2852. Purpose; construction
13	The purpose of this chapter is to promote the public
14	welfare by regulating credit life insurance and credit
15	health insurance. Nothing in this chapter is intended to
16	prohibit or discourage reasonable competition. This chap-
17	ter shall be liberally construed.
18	
19	§ 2853. Definitions
20	For the purpose of this chapter:
21	1. "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life
22	of a debtor pursuant to or in connection with a specific
2 3	lean or other credit transaction.
24	2. "Credit health insurance" means insurance on a
25	debtor to provide indemnity for payments becoming due on a
2 6	specific loan or other credit transaction while the debtor
27	is disabled as defined in the policy.
2 8	3. "Creditor" means the lender of money or vendor or
2 9	lessor of goods, services or property, rights or privileges
30	for which payment is arranged through a credit transaction,
31	or any successor to the right, title or interest of any
32	such lender, vendor or lessor, and an affiliate, associate

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or subsidiary of any of them, or any director, officer or
 employee of any of them, or any other person in any way
 associated with any of them.

4 4. "Debtor" means a borrower of money or a purchaser
5 or lessee of goods, services, property, rights or privileges
6 for which payment is arranged through a credit transaction.

7 5. "Indebtedness" means the total amount payable by a
8 debtor to a creditor in connection with a loan or other credit
9 transaction.

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§ 2854. Forms available

12 Credit life insurance and credit health insurance shall13 be issued only in the following forms:

Individual life. Individual policies of life insur ance issued to debtors on the term plan.

16 2. Individual accident and health. Individual policies
17 of _______ health insurance issued to debtors on a term
18 plan, or disability benefit provisions in individual policies
19 of credit life insurance.

3. <u>Group life.</u> Group policies of life insurance
issued to creditors providing insurance upon the lives of
debtors on the term plan.

4. <u>Group accident and health</u>. Group policies of health
insurance issued to creditors on a term plan insuring debtors,
or disability benefit provisions in group credit life insurance policies to provide such coverage.

27 5. Combination. A combination under subsections 1 and
28 2, or under 3 and 4.

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30 § 2855. Amounts of insurance

1. Credit life insurance.

A. Amount of coverage limited. The initial amount of

1 credit life insurance shall not exceed the total amount repay2 able under the contract of indebtedness and, where an indebt3 edness is repayable in substantially equal installments, the
4 amount of insurance shall at no time exceed the scheduled
5 or actual amount of unpaid indebtedness, whichever is greater.

6 2. Agricultural credit commitments. Notwithstanding 7 subsection 1, paragraph A, insurance on agricultural credit 8 transaction commitments not exceeding one year, in duration 9 may be written up to the amount of the loan commitment, on 10 a nondecreasing or level term plan.

3. Educational credit commitments. Notwithstanding
 subsection 1, paragraph A, insurance on educational credit
 transaction commitments may be written for the amount of
 the portion of such commitment that has not been advanced
 by the creditor.

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4. Credit health insurance.

17 A. <u>Coverage limited</u>. The total amount of indemnity 18 payable by credit health insurance in the event of dis-19 ability, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the 20 aggregate of the periodic scheduled unpaid installments 21 of the indebtedness; and the amount of each periodic indem-22 nity payment shall not exceed the original indebtedness 23 divided by the number of periodic installments.

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§ 2856. Term of insurance

1. The term of any credit life insurance or credit
 health insurance shall, subject to acceptance by the insurer,
 commence on the date when the debtor becomes obligated to
 the creditor; except, that where a group policy provides
 coverage with respect to existing obligations, the insur ance on a debtor with respect to such indebtedness shall
 commence on the effective date of the policy.

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Where evidence of insurability is required and 1 2. 2 such evidence is furnished more than 30 days after the 3 date when the debtor becomes obligated to the creditor, 4 the term of the insurance may commence on the date on 5 which the insurer determines the evidence to be satisfac-6 tory, and in such event there shall be an appropriate 7 refund or adjustment of any charge to the debtor for 8 insurance.

9 3. The term of such insurance shall not extend more 10 than 15 days beyond the original or revised scheduled mat-11 urity date of the indebtedness except when extended with-12 out additional cost to the debtor.

4. If the indebtedness is discharged due to renewal or refinancing prior to the scheduled maturity date, the insurance in force shall be terminated before any new insurance may be issued in connection with the renewed or refinanced indebtedness. In all cases of termination prior to scheduled maturity, a refund shall be paid or credited as provided in section 2859 of this chapter.

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§ 2857. Policy provisions; delivery or disclosure to debtors

1. <u>Policy or certificate delivered</u>. All credit life insurance and credit health insurance shall be evidenced by an individual policy, or in the case of group insurance by a certificate of insurance, which individual policy or group certificate of insurance shall be delivered to the debtor.

28 2. <u>Content of policy or certificate</u>. Each individual 29 policy or group certificate of credit life insurance or 30 credit health insurance shall, in addition to other require-31 ments of law, set forth the name and home office address of 32 the insurer, the name or names of the debtor, or, in the

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b) Failure toxxxx comply with the foregoing requirement shall preclude the use of such application as evidence in any action brought against the insured.

1 case of a certificate under a group policy, the identity 2 by name or otherwise of the debtor; the premium or amount of payment if a separate identifiable charge is 3 the debtor separately for credit life insurance and credit 4 5 health insurance; a description of the coverage including the amount and term thereof, and any exceptions, limitations 6 7 and restrictions; and shall state that the benefits shall be paid to the creditor to reduce or extinguish the unpaid in-8 9 debtedness and, wherever the amount of insurance may exceed 10 the unpaid indebtedness, that any such excess shall be payable to a beneficiary, other than the creditor, named by 11 12the debtor or to his estate.

13 3. <u>When delivered</u>. The individual policy or group
14 certificate of insurance shall be delivered to the insured
15 debtor at the time the indebtedness is incurred except as
16 otherwise provided.

Application or notice if proposed insurance/delivered. 17 4. If the individual policy or group certificate of insurance is 18 not delivered to the debtor at the time indebtedness is in-19 20 curred, a copy of the application for such policy or a notice of proposed insurance, signed by the debtor and setting forth 21 22 the name and home office address of the insurer, the name or `3 names of the debtor, the premium or amount of payment by the $\mathbf{24}$ debtor, if a separate identifiable charge is made separately 25 for credit life insurance and credit health insurance, the 26 amount, term and a brief description of the coverage provided, shall be delivered to the debtor at the time such indebtedness 27 28 is incurred. The copy of the application for, or notice of proposed insurance, shall refer exclusively to insurance cov-29 erage, and shall be separate and apart from the loan, sale 30 31 or other credit statement of account, instrument or agreement, unless the information required by this subsection is promin-32

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ently set forth therein. Upon acceptance of the insurance 1 2 by the insurer and within 30 days of the date upon which the indebtedness is incurred, the insurer shall cause the 3 4 individual policy or group certificate of insurance to be delivered to the debtor. The application or notice of 5 6 proposed insurance shall state that upon acceptance by the 7 insurer, the insurance shall become effective as provided 8 in section 2856 of this chapter.

9 5. <u>Risk not accepted</u>. If the named insurer does not 10 accept the risk, the debtor shall receive a policy or certi-11 ficate of insurance setting forth the name and home office 12 address of the substituted insurer and the amount of the 13 premium to be charged, and if the amount of premium is less 14 than that set forth in the notice of proposed insurance, 15 an appropriate refund shall be made.

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§ 2858. Filing, approval and withdrawal of forms; appeals

Forms filed. All policies, certificates of insur ance, notices of proposed insurance, applications for insur ance, endorsements and riders delivered or issued for delivery
 in this State and the schedules of premium rates pertaining
 thereto shall be filed with the commissioner.

nd<u>rates</u>. 5. The commissioner shall within Approval of forms. 23 2. 24 30 days after the filing of any such policies, certificates 25 of insurance, notices of proposed insurance, applications for 26 insurance, endorsements and riders, disapprove any such form 27 if the benefits provided therein are not reasonable in rela-28 tion to the premium charge, or if it contains provisions 29 which are unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading, deceptive 30 or encourage misrepresentation of the coverage, or are con-31 trary to any provision of the insurance laws or of any regulation promulgated thereunder. In determining whether to 32

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1 disapprove any such form or premium rates, the commissioner 2 shall give due consideration to past and prospective loss 3 experience and mortality or morbidity rates, based on an 4 appropriate mortality or morbidity table, and claim adjust-5 ment expenses, general administrative expenses, including 6 handling cost for return premiums, commissions to agents, 7 cost and compensation to the creditor, branch and field 8 expenses and other acquisition costs, federal, state and 9 local taxes, profit to the insurer, reasonable underwriting 10 judgment, and any and all other factors and trends demonstrated to be relevant. The insurer may support these 11 12 factors by statistical information, experience, actuarial computations and estimates certified by an executive officer 13 14 of the insurer, and the commissioner shall give due considera-15 tion to such supporting data.

Notice of disapproval; waiting period. If the com-16 3. missioner notifies the insurer that the form is disapproved, 17 it is unlawful thereafter for such insurer to issue or use 18 such form in such notice, the commissioner shall specify 19 20 the reason for his disapproval and state that a hearing will be granted within 20 days after request in writing by the in-21 22 surer. No such policy, certificate of insurance, notice of proposed insurance, or any application, endorsement or rider 23 24 p shall be issued or used until the expiration of 30 days after it has been so filed, unless the commissioner shall give his 25 26 prior written approval thereto.

Approval withdrawn. The commissioner may, at any 27 4. time after a hearing held not less than 20 days after written 28 notice to the insurer, withdraw his approval of any such form 29 ortale on any ground set forth in subsection 2. The written notice 30 of such hearing shall state the reason for the proposed 31 private The insurer shall not use a form after withdraw-32 withdrawal. al of approval thereof. 33

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16,1961,00 2001 Group policy filing. 1 5. If a group policy of credit flend . r han life insurance or credit health insurance is delivered in 2 another state, before or after they become effective, the 3 insurer shall be required to file only the group certificate 4 5 and notice of proposed insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this State as specified in section 2857, sub-6 7 sections 2 and 4, of this chapter, and such forms shall be approved by the commissioner if they conform with the 8 9 requirements specified in such subsections and if the 10 schedules of premium rates applicable to the insurance evi-11 denced by such certificate or notice are not in excess of the insurer's schedules of premium rates filed with the 12 13 commissioner.

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§ 2859. Premium rates; refunds; accounts credited when insurance not issued

16 1. Rates filed. Any insurer may revise its schedules 17 of premium rates from time to time, and shall file such re-18 vised schedules with the commissioner. No insurer shall issue any credit life insurance policy or credit health 19 20 insurance policy for which the premium rate exceeds that 21 determined by the schedules of such insurer as then on 22 file with the commissioner.

Refund. Each individual policy or group certificate 2. 23 24 shall provide that in the event of termination of the insurance prior to the scheduled maturity date of the indebtedness, 25 26 any refund of an amount paid by the debtor for insurance shall be paid or credited promptly to the person-entitled 27 **2**8 thereto. The commissioner shall prescribe a minimum refund 29 and no refund which would be less than such minimum need be made. The formula to be used in computing such refund shall 30 be filed with and approved by the commissioner. 31

3. Accounts credited where insurance not issued. If a

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creditor requires a debtor to make any payment for credit
 life insurance or credit health insurance and an individual
 policy or group certificate of insurance is not issued, the
 creditor shall immediately give written notice to such debtor
 and shall promptly make an appropriate credit to the account.

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§ 2860. Authorized insurer, agent required

8 All policies of credit life insurance and credit health 9 insurance shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this 10 State only by an insurer authorized to transact such insur-11 ance therein, and shall be issued only through holders of 12 licenses or authorizations issued by the commissioner.

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§ 2861. Premium not deemed interest; amount, collection

1. The premium or cost of such insurance when issued 15 16 through any creditor shall not be deemed interest, or charges, or consideration, or an amount in excess of permitted charges 17 18 in connection with the loan or other credit transaction, and any benefit or return or other gain or advantage to the cred-19 20 itor arising out of the sale or provision of such insurance 21 shall not be deemed a violation of any other law, general or 22 special, of the State of Maine.

23 2. The amount charged to a debtor for any credit life
24 or credit health insurance shall not exceed
25 the premiums charged by the insurer, as computed at the time
26 the charge to the debtor is determined.

3. The insurance premium or other identifiable charge
for such insurance may be collected from the insured or included in the finance charge or principal of any loan or other
credit transaction at the time such transaction is completed.

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§ 2862.

Claims

1. Claims reported. All claims shall be promptly

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reported to the insurer or its designated claim representa tive, and the insurer shall maintain adequate claim files.
 All claims shall be settled as soon as possible and in
 accordance with the terms of the insurance contract.

5 2. <u>Claims paid</u>. All claims shall be paid either by 6 draft drawn upon the insurer or by check of the insurer to 7 the order of the claimant to whom payment of the claim is 8 due pursuant to the policy provisions, or upon direction of 9 such claimant to one specified.

10 Creditor may not adjust claims. No plan or arrange-3. 11 ment shall be used whereby any person other than the insurer or its designated claim representative shall be authorized 12 to settle or adjust claims. The creditor shall not be de-13 signated as claim representative for the insurer in adjust-14 15 ing claims; except, that a group policyholder may, by arrangement with the group insurer, draw drafts or checks in payment 16 17 of claims due to the group policyholder subject to audit and 18 review by the insurer.

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§ 2863. Existing insurance; choice of insurer

21 When credit life insurance or credit health insurance is required as additional security for any indebtedness, 22 the debtor shall, upon request to the creditor, have the 23 option of furnishing the required amount of insurance 24 25 through existing policies of insurance owned or controlled by him or of procuring and furnishing the required coverage 26 27 through any insurer authorized to transact such insurance within this State. **2**8

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§ 2864. Enforcement

Whenever the commissioner finds that there has been a
violation of this chapter or any regulations issued pursuant

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thereto, and after written notice thereof and hearing given 1 to the insurer or other person authorized or licensed by 2 the commissioner, he shall set forth the details of his 3 findings together with an order for compliance by a 4 specified date. Such order shall be binding on the insurer 5 6 and other person authorized or licensed by the commissioner on the date specified unless sooner withdrawn by the commis-7 8 sioner.

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1	CHAPTER 39
2	CASUALTY INSURANCE CONTRACTS
3	§ 2901. Contracts subject to general provisions
4	All contracts of casualty insurance delivered or issued
5	for delivery in this State and covering subjects resident,
6	located, or to be performed in this State are also subject
7	to the applicable provisions of chapter 27 (the insurance
8	contract) of this Title and to other applicable provisions
9	of this Title.
10	· · · · · ·
11	§ 2902. Uninsured vehicle coverage; insolvency of insurer
12	1. No policy insuring against liability arising out of
13	the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle shall
14	be delivered or issued for delivery in this State with respect
15	to any such vehicle registered or principally garaged in this
16	State unless coverage is provided therein or supplemental thereto
17	for the protection of persons insured thereunder who are legally
18	entitled to recover damages, from owners or operators of uninsured
19	or hit-and-run motor vehicles, for bodily injury, sickness or
20	disease, including death, resulting from the ownership, mainten-
21	ance, or use of such uninsured or hit-and-run motor vehicle,
22	except, that no such coverage shall be required in or supple
23	mental to a policy where rejected by an insured named therein;
24	or upon any renewal of such policy unless the coverage is then
25	requested in writing by the named insured. The coverage herein
26	required may be referred to as "uninsured vehicle coverage."
27	2. The amount of coverage to be so provided shall be not
2 8	less than the minimum limits for bodily injury liability insur-
2 9	ance provided for under the motorists financial responsibility
30	laws of this State.
31	3. For the purposes of this section the term "uninsured

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motor vehicle" shall be deemed also to include, subject to the

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1 terms and conditions of such coverage, an insured other motor
2 vehicle where:

A. The liability insurer of such other motor vehicle is unable because of its insolvency to make payment with respect to the legal liability of its insured within the limits specified in its policy; and

7 B. The occurrence out of which such legal liability arose
8 took place while the uninsured vehicle coverage required under
9 subsection 1, above, was in effect; and

10 C. The insolvency of the liability insurer of such other been given to the insurer within Zapan thread. 11 motor vehicle existed at the time of, or within one year after, 12 such occurrence.

Nothing contained in this subsection 3 shall be deemed to prevent any insurer from providing insolvency protection to its insureds under more favorable terms.

16 4. In the event of payment to any person under uninsured 17 vehicle coverage, and subject to the terms of such coverage, 18 to the extent of such payment the insurer shall be entitled to 19 the proceeds of any settlement or recovery from any person 20 legally responsible for the bodily injury as to which such 21 payment was made, and to amounts recoverable from the assets 22 of the insolvent insurer of the other motor vehicle.

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§ 2903. Liability absolute when loss occurs

25 The liability of every insurer which insures any person 26 against accidental loss or damage on account of personal injury or death or on account of accidental damage to property shall 27 become absolute whenever such loss or damage, for which the 28 insured is responsible, occurs. The rendition of a final 29 30 judgment against the insured for such loss or damage shall not be a condition precedent to the right or obligation of the 31 insurer to make payment on account of such loss or damage. 32

1	§ 2904. Judgment creditor may have insurance; exceptions
2	Whenever any person, administrator, executor, guardian,
3	recovers a final judgment against any other person for any loss
4	or damage specified in section 2903 of this chapter, the judg-
5	ment creditor shall be entitled to have the insurance money
6	applied to the satisfaction of the judgment by bringing a civil
7	action, in his own name, against the insurer to reach and apply
8	the insurance money,/when the right of action accrued, the
9	judgment debtor was insured against such liability and if
10	before the recovery of the judgment the insurer had had notice
11	of such accident, injury or damage. The insurer shall have
12	the right to invoke the defenses described in this section in
13	the proceedings. None of the provisions of this paragraph
14	and section 2903 of this chapter shall apply:

Motor vehicle operated illegally or by one under age.
 When the insured automobile, motor vehicle or truck is being
 operated by any person contrary to law as to age or by any
 person under the age of 16 years where no statute restricts the
 age; or

20 2. Motor vehicle used in race contest. When such automo21 bile, motor vehicle or trust is being used in any race or speed
22 contest; or

3. <u>Motor vehicle used for towing a trailer</u>. When such
automobile, motor vehicle or truck is being used for towing
or propelling a trailer unless such privilege is indorsed on
the policy or such trailer is also insured by the insurer; or

27 4. Liability assumed. In the case of any liability assumed
28 by the insured for others; or

29 5. Liability under workmen's compensation. In the case
30 of any liability under any workmen's compensation agreement,
31 plan or law; or

32

6. Fraud or collusion. When there is fraud or collusion

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1 between the judgment creditor and the insured.

2 No civil action shall be brought against an insurer to 3 reach and apply such insurance money until 20 days shall have 4 elapsed from the time of the rendition of the final judgment 5 against the judgment debtors.

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§ 2905. Cancellation, release of interest insured under, automobile physical damage insurance

8 1. /insurer may cancel an automobile physical damage insur-9 ance policy only on 10 days' written notice to the insured and 10 any other person mentioned in the loss payable clause of the 11 policy.

12 2. When the policy is cancelled by the insured he shall 13 notify forthwith any other person mentioned in the loss payable 14 clause; and in the event the interest of any person mentioned in 15 the loss payable clause is released, such person shall forthwith 16 notify the insurer.

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1	CHAPTER 41
2	PROPERTY INSURANCE CONTRACTS
3	§ 3001. Contracts subject to general provisions
4	All contracts of property insurance covering subjects
5	located in this State are subject to this chapter, to the
6	applicable provisions of chapter 27 (the insurance contract)
2	of this Title and to other applicable provisions of this
8	Title.
9	
10	SUBCHAPTER I
11	STANDARD FIRE POLICY
12	§ 3002. Standard fire policy required; exceptions
13). No insurer shall issue fire insurance policies on pro-
14	perty in this State, other than those of the Maine standard
15	fire insurance policy as identified in laws in force imme-
16	diately prior to the effective date of this Act, a copy of
17	which policy the commissioner shall keep on file in the
18	department, all except as follows:
19	1. What may be printed. The insurer may print on or
2 0	in its policies its name, location and date of incorporation,
21	the amount of its paid-up capital stock, the names of its
22	officers and agents, the number and date of the policy and,
23	if it is issued through an agent, the words, "This policy
24	shall not be valid unless countersigned by the duly author-
25	ized agent of the company at ."
2 6	2. <u>Description of property insured</u> . The insurer may
27	print or use in its policies, printed forms of description
2 8	and specification of the property insured.
29	3. Authorized by law, charter; deductible policies.
3 0	A domestic insurer may print in its policies any provision
31	which it is authorized or required by law to insert therein.
32	A foreign insurer, with the approval of the commissioner,
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which shall contain the following general conditions and stipulations:

* Concealment, fraud. This entire policy shall be void if, whether before or after a loss, the insured has will-fully concealed or misrepresented any ma-terial fact or circumstance concerning this insurance or the sub-ject thereof, or the interest of the insured therein, or in case of any fraud or false swearing by the insured relating thereto.

Uninsurable and excepted property.

This policy shall not cover accounts, bills, currency, deeds, evidences of debt, money or securites; nor, unless specifically, named hereon in writing, bullion or manu-corints. scripts.

Perils not included. (a) enemy attack by armed forces, including action taken by mili-tary, naval or air forces in resisting an actual or an immediately impending enemy attack; (b) invasion; (c) insurrection; (d) rebel-lion; (e) revolution; (f) civil war; (g) usurped power; (h) order

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of any civil authority except acts of destruction at the time of and for the purpose of preventing the spread of fire, provided that such fire did not originate from any of the perils excluded by this policy; (i) neglect of the insured to use all reasonable means to save and preserve the property at and after a loss, or when the property is endangered by fire in neighboring premises; (j) nor shall this Company be liable for loss by theft.

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Other Insurance. Other insurance may be prohibited or the amount of insurance may be limited by endorsement attached hereto.

Conditions suspending or restricting insurance. Unless otherwise provided in writing added hereto this Company shall not be liable for loss occurring

(a) while the hazard is increased by any means within the control or knowledge of the insured; or

(b) while a described building, whether intended for occupancy by owner or tenant, is vacant or unoccupied beyond a period of sixty consecutive days; or

as a result of explosion or riot, unless fire ensue, and in that (c) event for loss by fire only.

Any other peril to be insured against or subject of insurance to be covered in this Other perils or subjects. policy shall be by endorsement in writing

hereon or added hereto.

The extent of the application of insur-Added provisions. ance under this policy and of the contribution to be made by this Company in case of loss, and any other provision or agreement not inconsistent with the provisions of this policy, may be pro-vided for in writing added hereto, but no provision may be waived except such as by the terms of this policy is subject to change.

Waiver No permission affecting this insurance provisions. shall exist, or waiver of any provision be valid, unless granted herein or expressed in writing added hereto. No provision, stipulation or forfeiture shall be held to be waived by any requirement or proceeding on the part of this Company relating to appraisal or to any examination provided for herein.

Cancellation

This policy shall be cancelled at any time at the request of the insured, in which case

of policy. at the request of the insured, in which case this Company shall, upon demand and surrender of this policy, refund the excess of paid premium above the customary short rates for the expired time. This policy may be cancelled at any time by this Company by giving to the insured a ten days' writ-ten notice of cancellation with or without tender of the excess of paid premium above the pro rata premium for the expired time, which excess, if not tendered, shall be refunded on demand. Notice of cancellation shall state that said excess premium (if not tendered) will be refunded on demand.

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Mortgagee interests and obligations.

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If loss hereunder is made payable, in whole or in part, to a designated mortgagee not named herein as the insured, such interest in this policy may be cancelled by giving to such mortgagee a ten days' written notice of cancellation.

If the insured fails to render proof of loss such mortgagee, upon notice, shall render proof of loss in the form herein specified within sixty (60) days thereafter and shall be subject to the provi-sions hereof relating to appraisal and time of payment and of bringing suit. If this Company shall claim that no liability existed as to the mortgagor or owner, it shall, to the extent of payment of loss to the mortgage, be subrogated to all the mort-gagee's rights of recovery, but without impairing mortgagee's right to sue; or it may pay off the mortgage debt and require an assignment thereof and of the mortgage. Other provisions relat-ing to the interests and obligations of such mortgagee may be added hereto by agreement in writing.

Pro rata liability.

This Company shall not be liable for a greater proportion of any loss than the amount hereby insured shall bear to the whole insurance covering the property against the peril involved, whether collectible or not.

Requirements in case loss

The insured shall give immediate written notice to this Company of any loss, protect

occurs. the property from further damage, forth-with separate the damaged and undamaged personal property, put it in the best possible order, furnish a complete inventory of the destroyed, damaged and undamaged property, showing in the destroyed, damaged and undamaged property, showing in detail quantities, costs, actual cash value and amount of loss claimed; and within sixty days after the loss, unless such time is extended in writing by this Company, the insured shall render to this Company a proof of loss, signed and sworn to by the insured, stating the knowledge and belief of the insured as to the follow-ing: The time and origin of the loss, the interest of the insured and of all others in the property, the actual cash value of each item thereof and the amount of loss thereto, all encumbrances thereon, all other contracts of insurance, whether valid or not, covering any of said property, any changes in the title, use, occovering any of said property, any changes in the title, use, oc-cupation, location, possession or exposures of said property since the issuing of this policy, by whom and for what purpose any building herein described and the several parts thereof were occupied at the time of loss and whether or not it then stood on leased ground, and shall furnish a copy of all the descriptions and schedulos in all policies and if required varified plans and specischedules in all policies and, if required, verified plans and specifications of any building, fixtures or machinery destroyed or damaged. The insured, as often as may be reasonably required, shall exhibit to any person designated by this Company all that remains of any property herein described, and submit to examin-ations under oath by any person named by this Company, and subscribe the same; and, as often as may be reasonably required, shall produce for examination all books of account, bills, invoices

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and other vouchers, or certified copies thereof if originals be lost, at such reasonable time and place as maybe designated by this Company or its representative, and shall permit extracts and copies thereof to be made.

Appraisal. In case the insured and this Company shall fail to agree as to the actual cash value or the amount of loss, then, on the written demand of either, each shall select a competent and disinterested appraiser and notify the other of the appraiser selected within twenty days of such demand. The appraisers shall first select a competent and disinterested umpire; and failing for fiteeen days to agree upon such umpire, then, on request of the insured or this Company, such umpire shall be selected by a judge of a court of record in the state in which the property covered is located. The appraisers shall then appraise the loss, stating separately actual cash value and loss to each item; and, failing to agree, shall submit their differences, only, to the umpire. An award in writing, so itemized, of any two when filed with this Company shall determine the amount of actual cash value and loss. Each appraiser shall be paid by the party selecting him and the expenses of appraisal and umpire shall be paid by the parties equally.

Company's options.

It shall be optional with this Company to take all, or any part, of the property at the agreed or appraised value, and also to re-

agreed or appraised value, and also to repair, rebuild or replace the property destroyed or damaged with other of like kind and quality within a reasonable time, on giving notice of its intention so to do within thirty days after the receipt of the proof of loss herein required.

Abandonment.

There can be no abandonment to this Company of any property.

When lossThe amount of loss for which this Company
may be liable shall be payable sixty days
after proof of loss, as herein provided, is received by this Com-
pany and ascertainment of the loss is made either by agreement
between the insured and this Company expressed in writing or by
the filing with this Company of an award as herein provided.

Suit. No suit or action on this policy for the recovery of any claim shall be sustainable in any court of law or equity unless all the requirements of this policy shall have been complied with, and unless commenced within twelve months next after inception of the loss.

Subrogation. This Company may require from the insured an assignment of all right of recovery against any party for loss to the extent that payment therefor is made by this Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Company has executed and attested these presents; but this policy shall not be valid unless countersigned by the duly authorized Agent of this Company at the agency hereinbefore mentioned.

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2. The insurer may use an endorsement or rider attached to its printed policy forms used in other states in order, where necessary, to bring the terms of such form into compliance with the above provisions.

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CH. 41- Sub. I PROPERTY INS. CON. STANDARD FIRE POLICY

United States resident officers whose positions correspond 1 to those of secretary and president. 2 3 § 3003. Combination coverages 4 Any policy or contract otherwise subject to the provi-5 sions of section 3002 (standard fire policy required; 6 exceptions) of this chapter, which includes either on an un-7 specified basis as to the coverage or for a single premium 8 coverage against the peril of fire and substantial coverage 9 against other perils need not comply with such provisions, 10 11 provided: 1. Such policy or contract shall afford coverage, with 12 respect to the peril of fire, not less than the coverage 13 afforded by such Maine standard fire policy; 14 15 2. That such coverage as to the peril of fire shall be made subject without change to the same general provisions 16 17 and stipulations as those of such standard fire policy. 18 The provisions in relation to mortgagee interests 3. 19 and obligations in such standard fire policy shall be **2**0 incorporated therein without change; 21 4. Such policy or contract is complete as to all of 22 its terms without reference to the standard form of fire 23 insurance policy or any other policy; and 5. The commissioner is satisfied that such policy or 24 25 contract complies with the provisions hereof.

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\$ 3004. Lines numbered consecutively
 The lines of the conditions of the standard fire insur ance policy shall be numbered consecutively at the option of
 the commissioner.

\$ 3005. Protection from nuclear loss allowed

1. The standard fire policy as required in section 3002 of this chapter is not intended to cover loss or damage caused by nuclear reaction or nuclear radiation or radioactive contamination, all whether or not directly or indirectly resulting from an insured peril under the policy.

2. Insurers issuing the standard policy pursuant to section 3002 of this chapter are authorized to affix thereto or include therein a written statement that the policy does not cover loss or damage caused by nuclear reaction or nuclear radioactive contamination, all whether or not directly or indirectly resulting from an insured peril under the policy.
3. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the attachment to any such policy of an endorsement or endorsements specifically assuming coverage for loss or damage caused by nuclear reaction or nuclear radioactive contamination.

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§ 3005. Cancellation of standard fire policy for nonpayment of premium

An insurer issuing fire insurance policies on property in this State, under the standard form required by section 3002 of this chapter, may cancel any such policy in the manner provided by law without tendering to the assured a ratable proportion of the premium, if the premium has not been paid to the insurer or its agent, or to a duly licensed insurance broker through whom the contract of insurance was negotiated.

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CH. 41 - Sub. I PROPERTY INS. CON. STANDARD FIRE POLICY

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§ 3007. Arbitration as to amount of loss under standard fire policy

2 In case of loss under any fire insurance policy, issued on property in this State, in the standard form required in sec-3 tion 3002 of this chapter, and the failure of Athe parties to 4 agree as to the amount of loss, if the insurer shall not, within 5 6 10 days after a written request to appoint referees under the provision for arbitration in such policy, name 3 men under such 7 8 provision, each of whom shall be a resident of this State and willing to act as one of such referees; or if such insurer shall 9 not, within 10 days after receiving the names of 3 men named by 10 the insured under such provision, make known to the insured its 11 12^{2} choice of one of them to act as one of such referees, it shall be deemed to have waived/the right to an arbitration under such 13 policy and be liable to suit thereunder, as though the same 14 contained no provision for arbitration as to the amount of loss 15 In case of the failure of 2 referees, chosen respect-16 or damage. 17 tively by the insurer and the insured, to agree upon and select within 10 days from their appointment a 3rd referee willing to 18 act in such capacity, either of the parties may within 20 days 19 20 from the expiration of said 10 days make written application 21 setting forth the facts to the commissioner to appoint such 3rd referee. The commissioner shall thereupon make such appointment 22 and shall send written notification thereof to the parties. 23

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§ 3005. Wilful violations

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Any insurer or agent who shall make, issue or deliver a policy of fire insurance in wilful violation of sections 3002 or 3003 of this chapter shall forfeit for each offense not less than \$50 nor more than \$200, but the policy shall nevertheless be binding upon the insurer issuing the same.

31 32

1	SUBCHAPTER II
2	DEPOSIT NOTES
3	<pre>\$ 30 20. Policy and deposit note one contract; insolvency; liability of insured; note surrendered</pre>
4	1. A policy of insurance issued by a fire or marine
5	insurer, domestic or foreign, and a deposit note given there-
6	for are one contract. A loss under such policy or other
7	equitable claims may be proved in defense to the note, though
8	it was indorsed or assigned before it was due.
9	2. When an insurer becomes insolvent, the maker of the
10	note is only liable for the equitable proportion thereof which
11	accrued during the solvency. If the insolvency occurs within
12	60 days of the date of the note, it is void except for the
13	amount of the maker's claim, if any, on the insurer. No insured
14	shall be held to contribute to any losses or expenses beyond
15	the amount of his deposit note. At the expiration of his term
16	of insurance, his note, on payment of all assessments for which
17	it is liable, shall be relinquished to him, except as provided
18	in section 3021 of this chapter.
19	
2 0	§ 3021. Lien on insured real estate
21	Any fire insurer shall have a lien against the insured,
22	on the buildings insured and the land appurtenant thereto,
23	for the amount at any time due on the note referred to in
24	section 3020 of this chapter, to commence from the time of
25	the recording of the same, and to continue 60 days after the
26	expiration of the policy on which such note is given, if the
27	insurer causes a certificate of its claim to such lien, signed
2 8	by the secretary, to be recorded by the register of deeds for
29	the county or district. During the pendency of such lien, an

30 attachment of such property, in a civil action on the note in 31 favor of the insurer, has priority of all other attachments 32 or claims. Execution, when recovered, may be levied on it 33 accordingly.

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CH. 41 - Sub. II - Sub. III PROPERTY INS. CON. DEPOSIT NOTES LIEN OF MORT. ON POLICIES

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§ 3022. Lien continues on deceased's property; policy descends to estate

2 Upon the death of a member, the lien of the insurer remains 3 good on the property insured to the amount due on the deposit 4 note, and the policy descends to the executor or administrator 5 of the deceased for the benefit of the estate during its contin-6 uance, unless voluntarily surrendered or forfeited by the charter 7 of the insurer.

SUBCHAPTER III

LIEN OF MORTGAGEES ON POLICIES

§ 3030. Lien established; application of payments

The mortgagee of any real estate or the mortgagee of any 12 personal property shall have a lien upon any policy of insurance 13 14 against loss by fire procured thereon by the mortgagor, to take 15 effect from the time he files with the insurer, at its home 16 office, a written notice, briefly describing his mortgage, the 17 estate conveyed thereby and the sum remaining unpaid thereon. 18 If the mortgagor, by a writing by him signed and filed with the . 19 secretary, consents that the whole of the sum secured by the 20 policy, or so much as is required to discharge the amount due 21 on the mortgage at the time when a loss occurs, shall be applied to the payment of the mortgage, it shall be so paid by the insurer 22 and the mortgagee's receipt therefor shall be a sufficient dis-23 charge of the insurer. $\mathbf{24}$

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§ 3031. Enforcement of lien

If the mortgagor does not consent as provided for in section 3030 of this chapter, the mortgagee of any real estate may, at any time within 60 days after a loss, and the mortgagee of any personal property may at any time within 30 days after a loss, enforce his lien by a civil action against the mortgagor, and the insurer as his trustee, in which judgment may be rendered 1 for what is found due from the insurer upon the policy, notwith2 standing the time of payment of the whole sum secured by the
3 mortgage has not arrived, and which action shall be commenced
4 and service made on the trustee within such 60 or 30 days.
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§ 3032. Application of amount recovered

The amount recovered under section 3031 of this chapter 7 8 shall be applied first to the payment of the costs of the civil 9 action and officer's fees on the execution and next to the pay-10 ment of the amount due on the mortgage. The balance, if any, 11 shall be retained by the insurer and paid to the mortgagor. If 12 the insurer assumes the defense, it shall be liable to the plain-13 tiff for costs in the same manner as the principal defendant, 14 defending the action, would be.

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§ 3033. Priority of mortgagees

When 2 or more mortgagees claim the benefit of sections 3030 through 3032 of this chapter, their rights shall be determined according to the priority of their claims and mortgages by the principles of law.

21

SUECHAPTER IV
\$ 3034. Mortgagee's policy void, unless consented to
When any mortgagee claims the benefit of sections 3030
through 3033 of this chapter, any policy of insurance which he
had procured or subsequently procures on his interest in the
same property by virtue of his mortgage is void, unless consented to by the insurer insuring the mortgagor's interest.

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31 § 3040. Insurance on furniture, owned jointly by husband and wife

GENERAL PROVISIONS

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Insurance effected by a husband or wife on a dwelling house

CH. 41 - Sub. IV PROPERTY INS. CON. GENERAL PROVISIONS

owned by the insured and on the furniture therein, is valid for
 all the furniture, although part is owned by the husband and
 part by the wife.

Time limit for adjusting, paying fire loss; penalty § 3041. 5 In case of physical loss by fire to property insured 1. 6 by any insurer, the insurer or its representative shall begin 7 adjustment of such loss within 20 days after the receipt of the 8 of loss but no fire¹ 9 notice/provided for by the policy? insurer shall pay any loss or damage in excess of \$1,000/until 10 after the expiration of 45 days from the date of loss. 11 Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the 12 2. payment of a loss to any property owner when the aggregate loss 13 under all policies covering the risk does not exceed \$1,000. 14

15 3. Upon application from an insurer or its authorized 16 representative, written permission to make earlier payment on 17 any loss may be given the insurer or its authorized representa-18 time by the commissioner, and immediately upon issuance of such 19 permit, the commissioner shall notify and grant permits to any 20 other insurers known to be interested in the risk.

4. For any violation of this section the commissioner may
suspend the authority of the insurer to transact business in
this State for such length of time, not exceeding one year, as
he may deem advisable.

25 25. In any statute relating to fire insurance or in any
26 policy of fire insurance reference to the date of loss or the
27 time when a loss occurs shall mean the day of the fire against
28 which the policy insures.

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§ 3042. Dividends -

31 Any dividend due from a foreign mutual fire insurer under 32 a policy of insurance issued by it shall be payable at the place

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(Page 370 is mitted.

1	CHAPTER 43 ·
2	SURETY INSURANCE CONTRACTS
3	§ 3101. Contracts subject to general provisions
4	All contracts of surety insurance delivered or issued
5	for delivery in this State and covering subjects resident,
6	located, or to be performed in this State are also subject
7	to the applicable provisions of chapter 27 (the insurance
8	contract) of this Title and to other applicable provisions
9	of this Title.
10	
11	§ 3102. Acceptance as surety on bonds
12	Any insurer duly authorized to transact surety insurance
13	in this State may be accepted as surety upon the bond of any
14	person required by the laws of the State to execute a bond.
15	If such insurer shall furnish satisfactory evidence of its
16	ability to provide all the security required by law, no
17	additional surety may be exacted, but other surety or sureties
18	may, in the discretion of the official authorized to approve
19	such bond, be required. Such insurer may be released from
2 0	its liability on the same terms and conditions as are by law
21	prescribed for the release of individuals. It is the true
2 2	intent and meaning of this section to enable corporations
23	created for that purpose to become surety on bonds required
24	by law, subject to all the rights and liabilities of private
25	individuals.
2 6	
27	§ 3103. Premiums on bonds
2 8	Any court or officer whose duty it is to pass upon the
2 9	account of any person required by law to give a bond may,
3 0	whenever such person has given any such surety insurer as
31	surety upon the bond, allow in the settlement of such
32	account a reasonable sum for the expense of procuring such

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surety. The premiums on account of all official bonds
 required by law to be given by county officials shall be
 paid from the treasuries of their several counties.

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§ 3104. <u>Notice of authorization to registers of</u> probate

Whenever any surety insurer is authorized to transact 6 7 business in this State, the commissioner shall forthwith transmit to each register of probate the name of such insurer 8 and the names of all agents of such insurer who have been 9 licensed by him, their places of residence and the dates 10 when their licenses will expire, and the names and addresses 11 of all attorneys in fact registered with him whose addresses 12 are in the county of such register. He shall on the first 13 days of March and October of each year forward to each 14 register of probate a list containing the names of all 15 surety insurers, foreign and domestic, which are then 16 >17 authorized to transact business in the State, the names of all agents of such insurers who have been licensed by him, 18 and their places of residence and the dates when their res-19 pective licenses will expire. He shall from time to time 20 21 communicate to the registers of probate the names of all 22 surety insurers which cease to be authorized to transact 23 business in this State. The registers shall preserve such lists on the files of the courts. $\mathbf{24}$

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§ 3105. Estoppel to deny corporate power

Any insurer which shall execute any bond as surety under section 3102 of this chapter shall be estopped in any proceedings to enforce the liability which it shall have assumed to incur, to deny its corporate power or the authority of its attorney in fact within the scope of his power of attorney filed in accordance with section 413 of this Title,

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1 to execute such instrument or assume such liability or the 2 authority of any licensed agent to countersign such instru-3 ment.

1	CHAPTER 45
2	TITLE INSURANCE CONTRACTS
3	§ 3201. Contracts subject to general provisions
4	All contracts of title insurance delivered or issued
5	for delivery in this State and covering subjects located in
6	this State are subject to the applicable provisions of
7	chapter 27 (the insurance contract) et this Title and to
8	other applicable provisions of this Title.

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BOOK #3 Contains:

Chapter	Subject	Beginning Page
47	Organization, Corporate Powers, Procedures of Domestic Legal Reserve Stock and Mutual Insurers	375
49	Continuity of Management	432
51	Domestic Mutual Assessment Insurers	443
53	Reciprocal Insurers	457
5 5	Fraternal Benefit Societies	470
57	Delinquent Insurers	515
59	Insurance of Public Employees and Property	550
61	Unclaimed Funds of Life Insurers	552
63	Road or Trade Service	560
	Amendments	

	·					
ī	CHAPTER 47					
2	ORGANIZATION, CORPORATE POWERS, PROCEDURES OF DOMESTIC LEGAL RESERVE STOCK AND MUTUAL INSURERS					
3	SUBCHAPTER I					
4	ORGANIZATION AND GENERAL POWERS					
5	§ 3301. Scope of chapter					
6	This chapter applies only as to domestic stock and					
7	mutual insurers transacting insurance on the cash premium					
8	or legal reserve plan, and applies as to such insurers in					
9	particular as follows:					
10	1. To each such insurer hereafter organized.					
11	2. To each such insurer heretofore organized under					
12	general laws.					
13	3. To each such insurer heretofore organized by special					
14	Act of the Legislature, except where inconsistent with such					
15	special Act as heretofore amended.					
16						
17	§ 3302. Insurers to be organized under this Title					
18	A11 domestic stock and mutual legal reserve insurers					
19	hereafter organized shall be organized under the provisions					
2 0	of this Title, and not otherwise.					
2 1						
22	§ 3303. Reservation of power					
23	The Legislature shall have power to amend, repeal or					
24	modify this Title at pleasure.					
25						
2 6	§ 3304. Applicability of general corporation statutes					
27	Domestic stock and mutual insurers shall be governed					
2 8	by the applicable provisions of the general statutes of this					
2 9	State relating to private corporations organized for profit,					
3 0	as such statutes are now or hereafter may be constituted,					

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except where such general statutes are in conflict with the
 express provisions of this Title and the reasonable implica tions thereof, and in which case the provisions of this Title
 shall govern.

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§ 3305. "Stock," "mutual" insurers defined

9 2. A "mutual" insurer is as defined in section 401.of 10 this Title.

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§ 3306. Incorporation of domestic stock, mutual insurers

13 1. This section applies to stock and mutual insurers
 14 hereafter incorporated in this State. Such an insurer may
 15 be formed for the purpose of transacting any kind or kinds
 16 of insurance, as well as annuity business.

17 2. <u>Incorporators</u>. Three or more individuals, none of
18 whom is less than 21 years of age, may incorporate a stock
19 insurer; 10 or more such individuals may incorporate a mutual
20 insurer. At least a majority of the incorporators must be
21 citizens of the United States of America.

3. Certificate of organization. The incorporators
shall execute a certificate of organization in quadruplicate,
and at least a majority of the incorporators shall acknowledge
their execution thereof under oath. The certificate of
organization shall state and show:

A. The name of the corporation, which must be generally indicative of the business to be transacted and be subject to section 408 (name of insurer) of this Title; if a mutual, the word "mutual" must be a part of the name. An alternative name or names may be specified for use in foreign countries, or in jurisdictions wherein conflict of name with

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that of another insurer or organization might otherwise
 prevent the corporation from being authorized to transact
 insurance therein.

B. The duration of its existence, which may be per-petual.

6 C. The kinds of insurance, as defined in this Title,7 which the corporation is formed to transact.

If a stock corporation, its authorized capital and 8 D. the number of shares of stock into which divided. 9 The capi-10 tal stock shall consist entirely of common stock of one uni-11 form class, par value not less than \$1.00 per share, each outstanding share of which shall have equal rights in every 12 13 respect with every other such share, except that treasury stock shall not have dividend or voting rights. Shares with-14 15 out par value shall not be authorized.

16 E. If a stock corporation the extent, if any, to which
17 shares of its stock shall be subject to assessment.

18 F. If a mutual corporation, the maximum contingent liability of its members, other than as to nonassessable 19 20 policies, for payment of losses and expenses incurred. Such 21 liability shall be as stated in the certi: `icate of organiza-22 tion, but shall not be less than 1 or more than 6 times the 23 premium for the member's policy at the annual premium rate 24 for a term of 1 year.

G. If a mutual corporation, the amount, if any, of its shares
guaranty capital, the number and par value of shares into
which divided, the voting and other rights of such shares,
and the conditions under which such shares shall or may be
retired by the corporation, all consistent with the provisions of section 3358 (guaranty capital) of this chapter.

31 H. The number of directors, not less than 3, who shall
32 constitute the board of directors and conduct the affairs of

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1 the corporation; and the names, addresses and terms of the 2 members of the initial board of directors, who shall conduct 3 the corporation's affairs for the term specified in the cer-4 tificate, but for not more than 1 year after date of 5 incorporation.

I. The city or town, and county in this State in which
the corporation's principal place of business is to be located.

9 J. The name, residence address and national citizen10 ship of each incorporator.

11 K. Other provisions, not inconsistent with law, 12 deemed appropriate by the incorporators, and including, in 13 the case of life insurers, the power to act as trustee with 14 respect to proceeds of maturity or death benefits payable 15 under life insurance or annuity contracts issued or assumed 16 by it.

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§ 3307. Certificate of organization, approval and filing

19 The incorporators of a proposed insurer shall 1. 20 deliver the quadruplicate originals of the certificate of 21 organization to the commissioner. The commissioner shall 22 deliver one set of such originals to the Attorney General 23 of this State, and the Attorney General shall examine the 24 same. If the Attorney General finds that the certificate 25 of organization complies with law, he shall so certify in writing and return the original of the certificate of 26 27 organization, so certified, to the commissioner.

28 2. When the certificate of organization has been so 29 approved and returned by the Attorney General, the commis-30 sioner shall also endorse his approval upon each set 31 thereof and return the quadruplicate originals of the cer-32 tificate of organization to the incorporators. The

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incorporators shall then file one of such sets with the Secretary
of State of this State, one set with the commissioner bearing
the certification of the Secretary of State, one set for
recording in the registry of deeds of the county in this
State in which the corporation's principal place of business
is to be located, and shall retain the remaining set in the
corporate records.

3. For filing the certificate of organization of a 8 9 mutual insurer the Secretary of State shall charge and collect a filing fee of \$25; except, that if it is a mutual 10 11 insurance corporation with provision for guaranty capital 12 shares, the Secretary of State shall charge and collect for 13 the filing of the certificate of organization the same amount as would be payable by a stock insurance corporation 14 15 having a like amount of authorized capital stock.

16 If the Attorney General finds that the proposed 17 certificate of organization does not comply with law, he 18 shall refuse to approve the same and shall return the set 19 thereof to the commissioner, together with a written state-20 ment of the respects in which he finds that the certificate 21 does not so comply. The commissioner shall thereupon return 22 all sets of the proposed certificate of organization to the 23 proposed incorporators together with the Attorney General's 24 written statement.

25 5. The Secretary of State shall not permit the filing
26 in that office of any such certificate unless the same bears
27 the commissioner's approval endorsed thereon as hereinabove
28 provided.

6. The approval of the Attorney General or commissioner, as hereinabove provided for, shall be deemed to relate only to the form and contents of the certificate, and shall not constitute approval or commitment as to any other

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aspect or operation of the proposed insurer or relative to
its entitlement, if any, to a certificate of authority.
7. The commissioner and Attorney General shall perform
all duties required of them under this section within a
reasonable time after the certificate of organization has
been submitted to the commissioner as provided in subsection
1, above.

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§ 3308. Certificate of Secretary of State

10 1. Upon filing with him of the certificate of 11 organization of a proposed insurer as provided in subsection 12 2 of section 3307 of this chapter and payment of the charges 13 and fees therefor, the Secretary of State shall issue to the 14 corporation his certificate of organization in the following 15 form:

16

"STATE OF MAINE

17 "Be it known, that whereas" (names of the incorporators) "have associated themselves with the intention of forming a 18 corporation, under the name of 19 for the purpose" (here the purpose declared in the certifi-20 cate of organization shall be inserted,) "with a capital 21 ____, and have complied with 22 stock of \$ the provisions of the statutes of the State in such case 23 made and provided, as appear from the certificate of $\mathbf{24}$ 25 organization, duly approved by the Insurance Commissioner and recorded in this office: Now, therefore, I, 26 27 ____, Secretary of State of Maine, 28 hereby certify that" (incorporators' names) "their associates 29 and successors, are legally organized and established as, and 30 are hereby made, an existing corporation under the name of 31 the _____ company, with all the powers,

32 rights and privileges, and subject to the duties, liabilities

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and restrictions which by law appertain thereto. Witness my
 official signature, hereunto subscribed, and the seal of the
 State of Maine hereunto affixed, this _____ day of ______,
 A.D. 19 _." (In case of purely mutual companies, so much as
 relates to capital stock shall be omitted.)

The Secretary of State shall sign the same, and 6 2. cause the seal of the State to be thereto affixed, and such 7 certificate shall have the force and effect of a special 8 charter and be conclusive evidence of the organization and 9 establishment of such corporation. The certificate shall be 10 duly recorded in the office of the Secretary of State, and a 11 duly authenticated copy of such record may be used in evi-12 dence, with like effect as the original certificate. 13

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§ 3309. Completion of incorporation; general powers, duties

16 The incorporation of an insurer shall be effective as 17 of the date of issuance by the Secretary of State of his 18 certificate as provided for in section 3308 of this chapter; and thereupon the corporation shall be vested with all the 19 20 powers, rights and privileges, and be subject to all the duties, liabilities and restrictions applicable to insurer 21 22 corporations; subject, however, to qualification and appli-23 cation for, and issuance to the corporation of, a certificate of authority as an insurer by the commissioner under 24 25 the provisions of this Title.

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- $\mathbf{27}$

§ 3310. Amendment of certificate of organization; change of principal place of business

A stock insurer may amend its certificate of
 organization for any lawful purpose by authorization or vote
 of stockholders as provided for business corporations in
 general under the laws of this State applicable to such busi ness corporations.

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1 2. A mutual insurer may amend its certificate of 2 organization for any lawful purpose by affirmative vote of a majority of those of its members entitled to vote and 3 present or represented by proxy at a lawful meeting of its 4 5 members of which the notice given members included due 6 notice of the proposal to amend and the substance of such 7 proposal, and by affirmative vote of the holders of at least 2/3 of the insurer's outstanding guaranty capital shares, if 8 9 any.

3. Upon adoption of such an amendment the insurer shall 10 make in quadruplicate under its corporate seal a certificate, 11 (sometimes referred to as a "certificate of amendment"), set-12 ting forth such amendment and the date and manner of the 13 adoption thereof. The certificate shall be executed by the 14 insurer's president or vice-president and secretary or assis-15 tant secretary and duly sworn to by one of them. 16 The insurer 17 shall deliver to the commissioner the quadruplicate originals of the certificate for review, certification and approval or 18 disapproval by the Attorney General and the commissioner, and 19 20 filing and recording, all as provided for original certificates of organization under section 3307. of this chapter. 21 The Secretary of State shall charge and collect for the use 22 of the State a fee of \$20 for filing and recording the certi-23 24 ficate of amendment of a mutual insurer. The amendment shall be effective when duly approved and filed with the Secretary 25 26 of State.

4. An insurer may change its principal place of business without amendment of its certificate of organization,
by resolution of its board of directors. A copy of such
resolution, duly certified under oath by the corporate
secretary, shall be executed in quadruplicate and filed with
the commissioner, the Secretary of State, the registry of

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deeds of the county in which the insurer's principal place 1 of business was theretofore located, and in the corporate 2 records. If the principal place of business is thereby 3 changed to another county of this State, the insurer shall 4 also file in the registry of deeds of such county a copy, 5 duly certified by the commissioner, of its certificate of 6 organization and of each amendment thereto, and a certified 7 copy of the resolution by which the principal place of busi-8 9 ness was so changed.

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§ 3311. Insurance business exclusive; exceptions

No domestic insurer heretofore or hereafter formed 12 1. shall engage directly or indirectly in any business other 13 14 than the insurance business and in business activities reasonably and necessarily incidental to such insurance busi-15 16 ness.

2. Except that: 17

A title insurer may also engage in business as an 18 Α. 19 escrow agent;

20 Any insurer may also engage in business activities Β. 21 reasonably related to the management, supervision, servicing 22 of, and protection of its interests as to its lawful investments, and to the full utilization of its facilities; and 23 Aubsidieries owning other subsidieries, An insurer may own subsidiaries, which may engage 24 25 in such businesses all as provided for in section 1115

26 (stocks of subsidiaries) of this Title. MACHTES & TELOTA AD MINISTRATION interio li

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SUBCHAPTER II

PROVISIONS APPLYING ONLY TO MUTUAL INSURERS

§ 3352. Mutual insurers, initial qualifications

When hereafter newly organized, a mutual insurer 1.

32 may be authorized to transact any one of the kinds of insurance

-383-D. An insurer may utilize its facilities to perform administrative services for any governmental body, unit, or agency.

listed in the schedule contained in subsection 2, below, or
 any combination of such kinds as provided in subsection 3,
 below.

4 2. When applying for an original certificate of 5 authority, the insurer must be otherwise qualified therefor under this Title, and must have received and accepted bona 6 7 fide applications as to substantial insurable subjects for 8 insurance coverage of a substantial character of the kind 9 of insurance proposed to be transacted, must have collected 10 in cash the full premium therefor at a rate not less than 11 that usually charged by other insurers for comparable 12 coverages, must have surplus funds on hand and deposited as 13 of the date such insurance coverages are to become effective, or, in lieu of such applications, premiums, and surplus, may 14 15 deposit and thereafter maintain surplus, all in accordance with that part of the following schedule which applies to 16 each kind of insurance the insurer proposes to transact: 17

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)
	Min.No.	Min. No.	Minimum	Minimum	Max.Amt. Ins. Ea.	Deposit Min.Sur-	Deposit surplus
Kind of Ins.	of Apps. <u>Accepted</u>	subjects covered	Premium Collected	Amt. Ins. Ea. Subj.	Subject (5)	pls.Fund (6)	in lieu (7)
Life(1)	500	5 00	Annual	\$ 2,000	\$ 5,000	\$100,000	\$200,0 0
Health(2)	500	500	Quarterly	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100,000	\$200 , 00
				(weekly indem.)	(weekly inder.)		
Property (3) 100	250	Annual	\$ 3,000	\$ 7,0 00	\$100,000	\$200, 00
Casualty(4) 2 50	500	Annual	\$ 5,000	\$25 , 000	\$200,0 00	\$300 , 00
							- -
The following provisos are respectivly applicable to							

29 the foregoing schedule and provisions as indicated by like 30 numerals appearing in such schedule:

31 A.(+) No group insurance or term policies for terms of 32 less than 10 years shall be included.

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1 0.(27 No group, blanket or family plans of insurance
 2 shall be included. In lieu of weekly indemnity a life pre 3 mium value in medical, surgical, and hospital benefits may
 4 be provided. Any accidental death or dismemberment benefit
 5 provided shall not exceed \$5,000.

6 C.(3) Only insurance of the owner's interest in real
7 property may be included.

8 D(4) Must include insurance of legal liability for
9 bodily injury and property damage, to which the maximum and
10 minimum insured amounts apply.

11 £. (57) The maximums provided for in this column (F) are net
12 of applicable reinsurance.

13 *f*. (6) The deposit of surplus in the amount specified in
14 columns (G) and (H) must thereafter be maintained unimpaired.
15 The deposit is subject to the provisions of chapter 15
16 (administration of deposits) of this Title.

17 <u>Expendable surplus</u>: In addition to surplus deposited and 18 thereafter to be maintained as shown in columns (G) or (H) 19 above, the insurer when first authorized must have on hand 20 surplus funds, which it can thereafter expend in the conduct 21 of its business, in amount not less than 50% of the appli-22 cable deposited and maintained surplus required of it under 23 the above schedule.

3. An insurer may initially qualify for authority to transact both life and health insurances by fulfilling the foregoing requirements as to each such kind of insurance; and may in like manner initially qualify for authority to transact both property and casualty insurance. An insurer shall not, however, so qualify to transact any other combination of such insurances except as provided in section 3357 31 - of this chapter.

§ 3353. <u>Qualifying applications for insurance;</u> bond or deposit

2 1. Before soliciting any applications for insurance required under section 3352 as qualification for the 3 4 original certificate of authority, the incorporators of the 5 proposed insurer shall file with the commissioner a corporate surety bond in the penalty of \$15,000, in favor of the State 6 7 of Maine and for use and benefit of the State of Maine and of applicant members and creditors of the corporation. 8 The 9 bond shall be conditioned as follows:

10 A. For the prompt return to applicant members of all
11 premiums collected in advance;

B. For payment of all indebtedness of the corporation;and

14 C. For payment of costs incurred by the State of Maine
15 in event of any legal proceedings for liquidation or dissolu16 tion of the corporation;

all in the event the corporation fails to complete its 17 18 organization and secure a certificate of authority within one year after the date of its certificate of organization. 19 2. 20 In lieu of such bond, the incorporators may deposit with the commissioner \$15,000 in cash or United States govern-21 22 ment bonds, negotiable and payable to the bearer, with a 23 market value at all times of not less than \$15,000 and to be held in trust upon the same conditions as required for the 24 25 bond.

3. The commissioner shall release and discharge any
such bond filed or deposit or remaining portion thereof held
under this section upon settlement and termination of all
liabilities against it.

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§ 3354. Qualifying applications for insurance; solicitation

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Upon receipt of the commissioner's approval of the

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bond or deposit as provided in section 3353, the directors and officers of the proposed domestic mutual insurer may commence solicitation of such requisite applications for insurance policies as they may accept, and may receive deposits of premiums thereon.

6 2. All such applications shall be in writing signed
7 by the applicant, covering subjects of insurance resident,
8 located or to be performed in this State.

9 3. All such applications shall provide that:
10 A. Issuance of the policy is contingent upon the
11 insurer qualifying for and receiving a certificate of
12 authority;

B. No insurance is in effect unless and until the
certificate of authority has been issued; and

15 C. The prepaid premium or deposit, and membership or 16 policy fee, if any, shall be refunded in full to the appli-17 cant if organization is not completed and the certificate 18 of authority is not issued and received by the insurer before 19 a specified reasonable date which date shall be not later 20 than one year after the date of the certificate of organiza-21 tion.

 $\mathbf{22}$ All qualifying premiums collected shall be in cash. 4. 23 Solicitation for such qualifying applications for 5. $\mathbf{24}$ insurance shall be by licensed agents of the corporation, 25 and the commissioner shall, upon the corporation's applica-26 tion therefor, issue temporary agent's licenses expiring on 27 the date specified pursuant to paragraph C above to individuals qualified as for a resident agent's license except as $\mathbf{28}$ 29 to the taking or passing of an examination. The commissioner 30 may suspend or revoke any such license for any of the causes and pursuant to the same procedures as are applicable to 31 32 suspension or revocation of licenses of agents

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1 in general under chapter 17 of this Title.

 $\mathbf{2}$ Deposit of qualifying premiums; effective § 3355. 3 date of insurance All sums collected by a domestic mutual corporation 4 1. as premiums or fees on qualifying applications for insurance 5 therein shall be deposited in trust in a bank or trust 6 7 company in this State under a written trust agreement consistent with this section and with subsection 3, paragraph C, 8 9 of section 3354 of this chapter. The corporation shall file an executed copy of such trust agreement with the commissioner. 10 Upon issuance to the corporation of a certificate 2. 11 of authority as an insurer for the kind or kinds of insur-12 13 ance for which such applications were solicited, all funds so held in trust shall become the funds of the insurer, and 14 the insurer shall thereafter in due course issue and deliver 15 its policies for which premiums had been paid and accepted. 16 17 The insurance provided by such policies shall be effective 18 as of the date of the certificate of authority or thereafter 19 as provided by the respective policies. 20 $\mathbf{21}$ § 3356. Failure to complete and qualify 22 If the proposed domestic mutual insurer fails to complete

its organization and to secure its original certificate of authority within one year from and after date of its certificate of organization its corporate powers shall cease, and the commissioner shall return or cause to be returned to the persons entitled thereto all advance deposits or payments of premium held in trust under section 3355 of this chapter.

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§ 3357. Authority to transact additional kinds of insurance

31 After being authorized to transact one kind or combina-32 tion of kinds of insurance as provided in section 3352 of

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this chapter, a mutual insurer may be authorized by the com-1 missioner to transact such additional kinds of insurance as 2 are permitted under section 409 (combinations of insuring 3 powers) of this Title, while otherwise in compliance with 4 this Title and while maintaining unimpaired surplus and/or 5 guaranty capital funds in an amount not less than the amount 6 7 of paid-in capital stock required to be maintained by a like domestic stock insurer transacting the same kinds of insur-8 9 ance.

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§ 3358. Guaranty capital shares

A mutual insurer formed to transact or transacting 121. any kind of insurance shall have the right to establ 13 quaranty Capital Shares provision therefor in its certificate of organization. 14 guaranty capital shares in an amount at aggregate par value 15 16 not exceeding the minimum amount of basic surplus required 17 to be maintained by the insurer for authority to transact 18 such kind or kinds of insurance as provided in section 410 (capital funds required) of this Title. Outstanding 19 $\mathbf{20}$ guaranty capital shares at the par value thereof shall take the place of a like amount of basic surplus otherwise 21 22 required for authority to transact insurance.

23 2. Shares of guaranty capital stock shall have a par
24 value of \$100 each, and shall be paid for in cash. Nothing
25 in this Title shall be deemed to prohibit the sale of such
26 shares at a price above such par value in order to provide
27 the insurer with capital surplus.

3. Only one class of such guaranty capital shares shall be provided for, and each such share outstanding shall have equal voting, dividend, retirement and other rights with every other such share. Each such share shall have one vote on matters coming to a vote at meetings of the insurer's

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shareholders and members. Policyholders of the insurer shall
 have the same voting rights as would exist in the absence of
 such guaranty capital.

4 4. Noncumulative dividends not exceeding in any one 5 year 7% of the amount paid to the insurer for the same, may be declared and paid by the insurer on outstanding guaranty 6 capital shares out of that portion of the insurer's expend-7 able surplus representing net realized earnings from its 8 operations; and may be so paid even though the amount of the 9 10 insurer's expendable surplus is then less in amount than any prior total of expendable contributed, borrowed, or paid-in 11 12surplus. Such a dividend may be paid in cash or in guaranty capital shares, or part in each. An amount equal to the par 13 14 value of shares so distributed as dividend shall be trans-15 ferred from the insurer's earned surplus account to its 16 guaranty capital shares account.

17 5. If the guaranty capital becomes impaired, the impair18 ment shall be cured as provided in section 3423 (impairment of
19 capital funds) of this chapter.

20 6. The insurer shall retire and cancel the guaranty shares capital/in part and in whole as soon as is reasonably possible, $\mathbf{21}$ 22 out of expendable surplus resulting from net realized earnings from its operations, or out of surplus created through issuance 23 of agreements authorized by section 3415 of this chapter. $\mathbf{24}$ The insurer shall retire and cancel the guaranty capital shares in their 25 26 entirety when such retirement would, in the commissioner's 27 opinion, leave the insurer with surplus as to policyholders reasonably adequate to enable it to continue to transact the **2**8 kinds and volume of insurance business transacted. 29

30 7. In any liquidation of the insurer outstanding
31 guaranty capital shares shall have the same rights and priority
32 as to the insurer's assets as are possessed by the stockholders

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of a like stock insurer. 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 3 § 3359. By1aws A domestic mutual insurer shall have bylaws for 4 1. 5 the government of its affairs. The insurer's initial board of directors shall adopt original bylaws, subject 6 to the approval of the insurer's members at the next meet-7 ing of members. 8 The bylaws shall contain provisions, consistent 9 2. with this Title, relating to: 10 The voting rights of members; 11 Α. 12 в. Election of directors, and the number, qualifica-13 tions, terms of office and powers of directors; 14 C. Annual and special meetings of members; 15 D. The number, designation, election, terms and powers 16 and duties of the respective corporate officers; 17 E. Deposit, custody, disbursement and accounting for 18 corporate funds; Fidelity bonds covering such officers and employees 19 F. 20 of the insurer as handle its funds, to be issued by a 21 corporate surety and to be in such amount as may be reason-22 able; and 23 G. Such other matters as may be customary, necessary, 24 or convenient for the management or regulation of corporate 25 affairs. 26 3. The insurer shall promptly file with the commis-27 sioner a copy, certified by the insurer's secretary, of its 28 bylaws and of every modification thereof or addition thereto. 29 The commissioner shall disapprove any bylaw provision deemed 30 by him, after a hearing held thereon, to be unlawful, 31 unreasonable, inadequate, unfair or detrimental to the proper

32 interests or protection of the insurer's members or any

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class thereof. The insurer shall not, after receiving
 written notice of such disapproval and during the existence
 thereof, effectuate any bylaw provision so disapproved.

§ 3360. Members are policyholders

Each policyholder of a domestic mutual insurer,
 other than of a reinsurance contract, is a member of the
 insurer with all rights and obligations of such membership,
 and the charles and as
 and the policy shall so specify.

10 $\mathbf{2}$. Any person, government or governmental agency, state or political subdivision thereof, public or private 11 12 corporation, board, association, firm, estate, trustee or 13 fiduciary may be a member of a domestic, foreign, or alien mutual insurer. Any officer, stockholder, trustee or legal 14 15 representative of any such corporation, board, association 16 or estate may be recognized as acting for or on its behalf 17 for the purpose of such membership, and shall not be person-18 ally liable upon any contract of insurance for acting in 19 such representative capacity.

3. Any domestic corporation may participate as a member of a mutual insurer as an incidental purpose for which
such corporation is organized, and as much granted as the
rights and powers expressly conferred.

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§ 3361. Meetings of members, in general

Meetings of members of a domestic mutual insurer
 shall be held in the city or town of its principal office in
 this State, except as may otherwise be provided in the
 insurer's bylaws with the commissioner's approval.

30 2. Each such insurer shall, during the first 6 months
31 of each calendar year, hold the annual meeting of its
32 members to fill vacancies existing or occurring in the board

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of directors, receive and consider reports of the insurer's
 officers as to its affairs and transact such other business
 as may properly be brought before it.

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PROV. APPLYING TO MUT. INSURERS

4 3. Written notice of the time and place of the annual 5 meeting of members shall be given members not less than 30 days prior to the meeting. Notice may be given by imprint-6 7 ing the notice plainly on the policies issued by the insurer or in any other appropriate manner. Any change of the date 8 9 or place of the annual meeting shall be made only by an 10 annual meeting of members. Notice of such change, among 11 other appropriate methods may be given:

A. By imprinting such new date or place on all policies
which will be in effect as of the date of such changed meeting;
or

B. Unless the commissioner otherwise orders, notice of the new date or place need be given only through policies issued after the date of the annual meeting at which such change was made and in premium notices and renewal certificates issued during the 24 months immediately following such meeting.

4. If more than 6 months are allowed to elapse after an annual meeting of members is due to be held and without such annual meeting being held, the commissioner shall, upon written request of any officer, director, or member of the insurer, cause written notice of such meeting to be given to the insurer's members, and the meeting shall be held as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

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§ 3362. Special meetings of members

A special meeting of the members of a mutual
 insurer may be held for any lawful purpose. The meeting
 shall be called by the corporate secretary pursuant to

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request of the insurer's president or of its board of
 directors, or upon request in writing signed by not less
 than 1/10 of the insurer's members. The meeting shall be
 held at such time as the secretary may fix, but not less
 than 10 nor more than 30 days after receipt of the request.
 If the secretary fails to issue such call, the president,
 directors, or members making the request may do so.

2. Not less than 10 days' written notice of the meet-8 ing shall be given. Notice addressed to the insurer's 9 10 members at their respective post office addresses last of 11 record with the insurer and deposited, postage prepaid, in 12a letter depository of the United States post office, shall be deemed to have been given when so mailed. 13 In lieu of mailed notice the insurer may publish the notice in such 14 publication or publications as shall afford a majority of 15 16 its members a reasonable opportunity to have actual advance notice of the meeting. The notice shall state the purposes 17 18 of the meeting, and no business shall be transacted at the 19 meeting of which notice was not so given.

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§ 3363. Voting rights of members

Each member of a mutual insurer is entitled to one
 vote upon each matter coming to a vote at a meeting of
 members, or to such other vote as may be provided for on a
 reasonable basis in the insurer's bylaws with the commis sioner's approval.

26 2. A member shall have the right to vote in person or 27 by his written proxy filed with the corporate secretary not 28 less than 20 days prior to the meeting. No such proxy shall 29 be made irrevocable, nor be valid beyond the earlier of the 30 following dates:

31 A. The date of expiration set forth in the proxy; or
32 B. The date of termination of membership; or

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1 C. 5 years from the date of execution of the proxy. 2 3. No member's vote upon any proposal to divest the 3 insurer of its business or assets, or the major part thereof, 4 shall be registered or taken except in person or by proxy 5 newly executed and specific as to the matter to be voted 6 upon.

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§ 3364. Contingent liability of members

1. Except as provided otherwise in section 3367 of 9 10 this chapter with respect to nonassessable policies, each member of a domestic mutual insurer shall have a contingent 11 12 liability, prorata and not one for another, for the discharge of its obligations, which contingent liability shall be in 13 such maximum amount - not less than 1 or more than 6 times 14 15 the annual premium for the member's policy at the annual premium rate - as shall be specified in the insurer's certi-16 17 ficate of organization or bylaws.

18 2. Every policy issued by the insurer shall contain
19 a plain and legible statement of the contingent liability
20 upon either the face or back thereof.

3. Termination of the policy of any such member shall
not relieve the member of contingent liability for his proportion of the obligations of the insurer which accrued
while the policy was in force.

4. Unrealized contingent liability of members does
not constitute an asset of the insurer in any determination
of its financial condition.

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- § 3365. Levy of contingent liability

If at any time the assets of a domestic mutual
 insurer are less than its liabilities, (exclusive of
 guaranty capital shares, if any, at par value) and the

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1 minimum amount of surplus required to be maintained by it 2 under this Title for authority to transact the kinds of 3 insurance being transacted, and the deficiency is not cured 4 from other sources, its directors may, if the same is 5 approved by the commissioner as being reasonable and in the best interests of the insurer and its members, levy an 6 7 assessment only on its members who held the policies providing for contingent liability at any time within the 12 8 9 months next preceding the date the levy was authorized by the 10 board of directors, and such members shall be liable to the 11 insurer for the amount so assessed.

12 2. The levy of assessment shall be for such an amount 13 as is required to cure such deficiency and to provide a 14 reasonable amount of working funds above such minimum amount 15 of surplus, but such working funds so provided shall not 16 exceed 5% of the sum of the insurer's liabilities and such 17 minimum required surplus as of the date of the levy.

18 3. As to the respective policies subject to the levy,
19 the assessment shall be computed upon the basis of premium
20 earned during the period covered by the levy.

4. No member shall have an offset or counterclaim
against any assessment for which he is liable, on account
of any claim for unearned premium or loss payable.

 $\mathbf{24}$ 5. As to life insurance, any part of such an assess-25 ment upon a member which remains unpaid following notice of assessment, demand for payment, and lapse of a reasonable 26 waiting period as specified in such notice, may, if approved 27 by the commissioner as being in the best interests of the 28 insurer and its members, be secured by placing a lien upon 29 the cash surrender values and accumulated dividends held or 30 to be held by the insurer to the credit of the member's 31 32 policy.

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Chap. 47 - Sub. II ORG./CORP. POWERS PROV. APPLYING TO MUT. INSURERS

1	§ 3366. Enforcement of contingent liability
2	1. The insurer shall notify each member of the amount
3	of assessment to be paid, and the date - not less than 20
4	days after mailing date - by which payment is to be made, by
5	written notice mailed to the member at his address last of
6	record with the insurer. Failure of the member to receive
7	the notice so mailed, within the time specified therein for
8	the payment of the assessment or at all, shall be no
9	defense in any action to collect the assessment.
10	2 If a member fails to naw the accordment within the

10 If a member fails to pay the assessment within the 2. 11 period specified in the notice, the insurer may institute 12 suit to collect the same.

§-3367. Nonassessable policies

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A domestic mutual insurer, by depositing through 1. the commissioner and thereafter maintaining unimpaired 16 surplus or guaranty capital funds not less in amount than the minimum paid-in capital stock required of a like domes-18 tic stock insurer for authority to transact the same kind 19 or kinds of insurance, may, upon receipt of the commissioner's order so authorizing, extinguish the contingent 22 liability to assessment of its members as to all its poli-23 cies in force and, so long as such surplus or guaranty 24 capital and deposit are maintained, may omit provisions 25 imposing contingent liability in all policies currently 26 issued. Any deposit of the insurer made through the commissioner as prerequisite to its certificate of authority may 27 be included as part of the deposit required under this 28 section.

The commissioner shall not authorize a domestic 30 2. 31 insurer to extinguish the contingent liability of any of its members or in any of its policies to be issued, unless it 32

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§ 3367. Nenassessable policies: limits of assessability; use of funds; combination operations

1. A domestic mutual insurer may extinguish the contingent liability to assessment of its members as to ald its cash premium plan policies in force and may omit provisions imposing contingent liability in such policies currently issued while for has and maintains surplus, as determined by its financial statement filed with the commissioner as of the year end next preceding, of not less than \$100,000 as to an insurer formed prior to January 1, 1968, and of not less than \$200,000 as to an insurer formed after January 1, 1968.

2. If the insurer after qualifying to issue sha such a nonassessable policy fails to maintain the applicable above requirement, it shall cease to issue ponassessable policies until it has again met and maintained the requirement for a period of one year.

3. Any assessment levied under the contingent liability provisions of the policy shall be for the exclusive tenefit of the holders of policies subject to contingent liability, and such policyholders shall not be liable to assessment in an amount greater in proportion to the total deficiency than the ratio that the deficiency attributable to the contingently liable business bears to the total deficiency. XMMEXYMEREXMEXALSESSmentxxhalkx An assessment shall apply only to the holders of the type of policy or plan under which the deficiency occurred, and funds received from the assessment shall be for the exclusive benefit of such holders.

4. Nothing in this chapter shall probibition be deemed to prohibit a domestic mutual insurer formed prior to January 1, 1968 from miximizations at any one time transacting, in respective departments or divisions of its operations, insurance business on any two or all of the following bases:

A. Cash premium plan, without contingent liability to assessment, and issuance of nonassessable policies if qualified therefor as above provided in this section:

B. Cash premium plan, with contingent liability to assessment; and

(q)

C. Assessment province plan.

	1	qualifies to and does extinguish such liability of all its
	2	members so contingently liable and in all such policies for
	3	all kinds of insurance transacted by it.
	4	3. The commissioner shall revoke the authority of a
	5	domestic mutual insurer to issue policies without contingent
	6	liability if
2	7	A. At any time the insurer's assets are less than the
	8	sum of its liabilities and the surplus or guaranty capital
	9	required for such authority, or
X	10	B. The insurer, by resolution of its board of directors
/	11	requests that the authority be revoked.
	12	4. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, mutual
	13	insurers heretofore issuing nonassessable policies under laws
	14	heretofore in force shall have the right to continue such
	15	issuance so long as qualified therefor under the same stand-
	16	ards and requirements as pertained under such laws.
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	18	SUBCHAPTER III
	19	PROVISIONS APPLYING TO STOCK AND MUTUAL INSURERS
	2 0	§ 3408. Home office, records, assets to be in State; exceptions
	2 1	1. Every domestic insurer shall have and maintain its
	22	principal place of business and home office in this State,
	23	and shall keep therein accurate and complete accounts and
	24	records of its assets, transactions, and affairs in accord-
	25	ance with the usual and accepted principles and practices of
	2 6	insurance accounting and record keeping as applicable to the
	27	kinds of insurance transacted by the insurer.
	2 8	2. Every domestic insurer shall have and maintain its
	2 9	assets in this State, except as to:
	30	A. Real property and personal property appurtenant
	31	thereto lawfully owned by the insurer and located outside
	32	this State, and

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Chap. 47 - Sub. III ONG./CORP. POWERS PROV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURERS

B. Such property of the insurer as may be customary,
 necessary, and convenient to enable and facilitate the
 operation of its branch offices located outside this State
 as referred to in subsection 4 below.

5 No person shall remove all or a material part of 3. 6 the records or assets of a domestic insurer from this State 7 except pursuant to a plan of merger, consolidation, or bulk 8 reinsurance approved by the commissioner under this Title, 9 or for such reasonable purposes and periods of time as may 10 be approved by the commissioner in writing in advance of 11 such removal, or conceal such records or assets or such 12 material part thereof from the commissioner. Any person who removes or attempts to remove such records of assets or such 13 14 material part thereof from the home office or other place 15 of business or of safekeeping of the insurer in this State with the intent to remove the same from this State, or who 16 17 conceals or attempts to conceal the same from the commis-18 sioner, in violation of this section, shall upon conviction 19 thereof be guilty of a felony, punishable by a fine of not 20 more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than 5 years, or by both such fine and impris-21 22 onment in the discretion of the court. Upon any removal or 23 attempted removal of such records of assets, or upon 24 retention of such records or assets or material part thereof . 25 outside this State, beyond the period therefor specified in 26 the commissioner's consent under which the records were so removed thereat, or upon concealment of or attempt to 27 conceal records or assets in violation of this section, the $\mathbf{28}$ commissioner may institute delinquency proceedings against 29 the insurer pursuant to the provisions of chapter $5\cancel{9}$ of this 30 31 Title.

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4. This section shall not be deemed to prohibit or

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1 prevent an insurer from:

2 Α. Establishing and maintaining regional home offices or branch offices in other states or countries where neces-3 sary or convenient to the transaction of its business, and 4 keeping therein the detailed records and assets customary 5 and necessary for the servicing of its insurance in force 6 7 and affairs in the territory served by such an office, as long as such records and assets are made readily available 8 . 9 at such office for examination by the commissioner at his 10 request.

B. Having, depositing or transmitting funds and assets
of the insurer in or to jurisdictions outside of this State
required by the law of such jurisdiction or as reasonably
and customarily required or convenient in the regular course
of its business.

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§ 3409. Vouchers for expenditures

No insurer shall make any disbursement of \$50 or
 more, unless evidenced by a voucher or other document
 correctly describing the consideration for the payment and
 supported by a check or receipt endorsed or signed by or on
 behalf of the person receiving the money.

23 2. If the disbursement is for services and reimburse24 ment, the voucher or other document, or some other writing
25 referred to therein, shall describe the services and itemize
26 the expenditures.

27 3. If the disbursement is in connection with any matter
28 pending before any legislature or public body or before any
29 public official, the voucher or other document shall also
30 correctly describe the nature of the matter and of the
31 insurer's interest therein.

4. If in a particular instance such a voucher cannot

be obtained, the expenditure must be supported by an affi davit executed by an officer of the insurer stating the
 reasons for such inability and the particulars of such
 expenditure as otherwise hereinabove required.

Chap. 47 - Sub. III ONG./CORP. POWERS PROV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURERS

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§ 3410. Destruction of records

1. An insurer may destroy its obsolete records after
expiration of such reasonable period after completion of the
transactions to which they relate as the insurer may deem
proper. The insurer may so destroy its closed files relating
to losses and claims arising under its policies after the
first to occur of the following events:

A. Completion of a regular examination of the insurer
by the commissioner and to which the closed file was subject;
or

16 B. Expiration of 6 years after the file was duly17 closed.

Records preserved on microfilm or other similar pro cess and freely retrievable shall not be deemed to have been
 destroyed.

3. This section shall not relieve the insurer of any
 responsibility or liability otherwise arising under law with
 respect to the existence and availability of any record.
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§ 3411. Directors

The affairs of every domestic insurer shall be
 managed by a board of directors consisting of not less than
 7 directors or more than 21 directors.

29 2. Directors (other than initial directors named in 30 the insurer's certificate of organization) shall be elected 31 by the members or stockholders of a domestic insurer at the 32 annual meeting of stockholders or members. Directors may be

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elected for terms of not more than 3 years each and until 1 their successors are elected and have qualified; and if to 2 be elected for terms of more than 1 year the insurer's 3 4 bylaws may provide for a staggered term system under which the terms of a proportionate part of the members of the 5 board of directors shall expire on the date of each annual 6 7 meeting of stockholders or members. A directorship becoming vacant before expiration of the term shall be 8 filled for the remainder of the term. 9 10 3. A director of a stock insurer shall be a stock----

11 holder thereof, and a director of a mutual insurer shall be 12 a policyholder thereof.

4. As to an insurer operating as an authorized insurer
only in the State of Maine, a majority of the members of the
insurer's board of directors shall be residents of and shall
actually reside in this State.

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§ 3412. Officers; notice of change

19 1. An insurer's board of directors shall elect one of 20 their number as president, and shall elect a corporate secre-21 tary and such other officers as may be provided for in the 22 bylaws or otherwise required by law. Any such officer shall 23 serve for such term as may be fixed in the bylaws or by the 24 board of directors, but shall be subject to removal as an 25 officer by the board of directors at any time.

26 2. Each officer shall have such powers and duties as
27 may be prescribed by or pursuant to the insurer's charter or
28 bylaws.

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§ 3413. Prohibited pecuniary interest of officials and others; use of confidential information prohibited

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Any officer or director, or any member of any

Chap. 47 - Sub. III ORG./CORP. POWERS PROV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURERS

committee or any employee of a domestic insurer, having the 1 2 duty or power of investing or handling the insurer's funds, shall not deposit or invest such funds except in the insurer's 3 4 name; shall not borrow the funds of the insurer; or be 5 pecuniarily interested in any loan, pledge, deposit, security, investment, sale, purchase, exchange, reinsurance, 6 7 or other similar transaction or property of the insurer except as a stockholder, member, employee, or director, 8 unless the transaction is authorized or approved by the 9 insurer's board of directors, with knowledge and recording 10 11 of such pecuniary interest, by affirmative vote of not less than 2/3 of the directors; and shall not take or receive to 1213 his own use any fee, brokerage, commission, gift, or other similar consideration for or on account of any such trans-14 action made by or on behalf of the insurer. 15

16 . 2. No director, officer, or employee of a domestic insurer shall directly or indirectly use for his own private 17 18 pecuniary advantage confidential information concerning the 19 insurer or its past, existing or proposed affairs or trans-**2**0 actions acquired by him in the course of his services as 21 such director, officer, or employee. The amount of any 22 financial gain realized directly or indirectly by any such $\mathbf{23}$ individual and accompanied by violation of this subsection shall belong to the insurer, and shall be recoverable by the $\mathbf{24}$ 25 insurer by civil suit. This subsection shall not apply as 26 to transactions in shares of a stock insurer which are sub-27 ject to section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, **2**8 as amended.

3. No insurer shall guarantee the financial obligation
of any of its officers or directors.

31 4. This section shall not prohibit such a director,
32 officer, member of a committee, or employee from becoming

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a policyholder of the insurer and enjoying the usual rights 1 of a policyholder or from participating as beneficiary in 2 3 any pension trust, deferred compensation plan, profit sharing plan, stock option plan or similar plan authorized by 4 5 the insurer and to which he may be eligible; or prohibit any director of member of a committee from receiving a 6 7 reasonable fee for lawful services actually rendered to the 8 insurer.

The commissioner may, by regulation from time to 9 5. time define and permit additional exceptions to the prohibi-10 tion contained in subsection 1 of this section solely to 11 12enable payment of reasonable compensation to a director who is not otherwise an officer or employee of the insurer, or 13 to a corporation or firm in which a director is interested, 14 for necessary services performed or sales or purchases made 15 to or for the insurer in the ordinary course of the insurer's 16 business and in the usual private professional or business 17 capacity of such director, corporation or firm. 18

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§ 3414. <u>Management, commission, exclusive agency</u> contracts

21 1. No domestic insurer shall hereafter make any 22 contract whereby any person is granted or is to enjoy in 23 fact the management of the insurer to the material exclusion $\mathbf{24}$ of its board of directors or to have the controlling or pre-25 emptive right to produce substantially all insurance business 26 for the insurer, or, if an officer, director, or otherwise 27 part of the insurer's management, is to receive any commis-28 sion, bonus or compensation based upon the volume of the 29 insurer's business or transactions, unless the contract is 30 filed with and not disapproved by the commissioner. The 31 contract shall become effective in accordance with its terms unless disapproved by the commissioner within 20 days after 32

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Chap. 47 - Sub. III ONG./CONP. POWERS PNOV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURENS

date of filing, subject to such reasonable extension of time
 as the commissioner may require by notice given within such
 20 days. Any disapproval shall be delivered to the insurer
 in writing stating the grounds therefor.

Any such contract shall provide that any such manager, 5 $\mathbf{2}$. producer of its business, or contract holder shall within 90 6 days after expiration of each calendar year furnish the 7 insurer's board of directors a written statement of amounts 8 9 received under or on account of the contract and amounts expended thereunder during such calendar year, with specifica-10 tion of the emoluments received therefrom by the respective 11 directors, officers, and other principal management personnel $\mathbf{12}$ 13 of the manager or producer, and with such classification of items and further detail as the insurer's board of directors 14 15 may reasonably require.

16 3. The commissioner shall disapprove any such contract17 if he finds that it:

18 A. Subjects the insurer to excessive charges; or
19 B. Is to extend for an unreasonable length of time; or
20 C. Does not contain fair and adequate standards of
21 performance; or

D. Contains other inequitable provision or provisions
which impair the proper interests of stockholders or members
of the insurer.

4. The commissioner may, after a hearing held thereon,
disapprove any such contract theretofore permitted to become
effective, if he finds that the contract should be disapproved
on any of the grounds referred to in subsection 3 above.

5. This section does not apply as to contracts entered
into prior to the effective date of this Act, or to amendment of such contracts other than extensions thereof.
6. This section shall not be deemed to prohibit receipt

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of commissions on insurance written personally by a director or officer who is duly licensed and regularly engaged in business as an insurance agent or broker; or to prohibit receipt of vested commissions by a director or officer based upon insurance business theretofore written by him.

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§ 3415. Borrowed capital funds

1. A domestic stock or mutual insurer may borrow money 8 9 to defray the expenses of its organization, provide it with 10 surplus funds, or for any purpose of its business, upon a written agreement that such money is required to be repaid 11 12 only out of the insurer's surplus in excess of that stipula-13 ted in such agreement. The agreement may provide for interest not exceeding per annum a rate 2 percentage points 14 15 in excess of the then current discount rate of the Federal 16 Reserve Bank, Boston, which interest shall or shall not constitute a liability of the insurer as to its funds other than 17 18 such excess of surplus, as stipulated in the agreement. No 19 commission or promotion expense shall be paid in connection **2**0 with any such loan, except that if sale 21 is made of the loan securities through established securi-22 ties brokers or by public offering the insurer may pay the reasonable costs thereof approved by the commissioner. 23

24 Money so borrowed, together with the interest 2. 25 thereon if so stipulated in the agreement, shall not form 26 a part of the insurer's legal liabilities except as to its 27 surplus in excess of the amount thereof stipulated in the 28 agreement, or be the basis of any set-off or counterclaim; 29 but until repaid, financial statements filed or published by the insurer shall show as a footnote thereto the amount 30 31 thereof then unpaid together with any interest thereon 32 accrued but unpaid.

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6. Loans authorized under this section may be made by domestic insurers as well as by other persons: but such a loan shall not constitute an asset in any determination of the financial condition of the lending insurer.

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Chap. 47 - Sub. III ONG./CORP. POWARS PHOV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURERS

1	3. Any such loan shall be subject to the commissioner's
2	approval. The insurer shall, in advance of the loan, file
3	with the commissioner a statement of the purpose of the loan
4	and a copy of the proposed loan agreement. The loan and
5	agreement shall be deemed approved unless within 15 days
6	after date of such filing the insurer is notified of the
7	commissioner's disapproval and the reasons therefor. The
8	commissioner shall disapprove any proposed loan or agree-
9	ment if he finds the loan is unnecessary or excessive for
10	the purpose intended, or that the terms of the loan agree-
11	ment are not fair and equitable to the parties and to other
12	similar lenders, if any, to the insurer, or that the infor-
13	mation so filed by the insurer is inadequate.
14	4. Any such loan to a mutual insurer or substantial
15	portion thereof may be repaid by the insurer when no longer
16	reasonably necessary for the purpose originally intended.
17	whether here to fore, or hereafter outstanding . No repayment of such a loan shall be made, by a mutual insurer-
18	other then as provided in the loan asperments
19	5. This section shall not apply to other kinds of loans
2 0	obtained by the insurer in ordinary course of business, or

21 to loans secured by pledge or mortgage of assets.

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§ 3416. Dividends to stockholders

A domestic stock insurer shall not pay any cash
 dividend to stockholders except out of that part of its
 available and accumulated surplus funds which is derived
 from realized net operating profits on its business and net
 realized capital gains.

A cash dividend otherwise lawful may be payable
 out of the insurer's earned surplus even though its total
 surplus is then less than the aggregate of its past contri buted or paid-in surplus.

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3. A stock dividend may be paid out of any available
 surplus funds, other than "surplus" resulting from borrowed
 capital funds such as provided for under section 3415. of
 this chapter.

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§ 3417. Participating policies

7 If provided for in its certificate of organization 1. or charter, a stock insurer or mutual insurer may issue any 8 9 or all of its policies or contracts with or without partici-10 pation in profits, savings, unabsorbed portions of premiums, or surplus; may classify policies issued and perils insured 11 12 on a participating and nonparticipating basis, and may 13 determine the right to participate and the extent of participation of any class or classes of policies. Any such 14 15 classification or determination shall be reasonable, and shall not unfairly discriminate as between policies so 16 17 classified.

A life insurer may issue both participating and
 nonparticipating policies or contracts if the right or
 absence of right to participate is reasonably related to the
 premium charged.

22 After the first policy year, no dividend, otherwise 3. 23 earned under a life or health insurance policy or annuity 24 contract, shall be made contingent upon the payment of 25 renewal premium on any such policy or contract; except, that 26 a participating life or health insurance policy providing for participation at the end of the first and/or second 27 policy year may provide that the dividend or dividends will 28 29 be paid subject to payment of premium for the next ensuing 30 year.

Chap. 47 - Sub. III ORG./CORP. POWERS PROV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURERS

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§ 3418. Dividends to policyholders

The directors of a domestic mutual insurer may from
 time to time apportion and pay or credit to its members divi dends only out of that part of its accumulated surplus funds
 which represents net realized savings, net realized earnings,
 and net realized capital gains, all in excess of the surplus
 required by law to be maintained by the insurer.

8 2. A dividend otherwise proper may be payable out of 9 such savings, earnings, and gains even though the insurer's 10 total surplus is then less than the aggregate of contribu-11 ted surplus remaining unpaid by the insurer.

12 3. A domestic stock insurer may pay dividends to
13 holders of its participating policies out of any available
14 surplus funds.

4. No dividend shall be paid which is inequitable, or
which unfairly discriminates as between classifications of
policies or policies within the same classifications.

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§ 3419. Pension and other plans for employees and others

20 Pursuant to the terms of a pension plan or plans or 1. 21 any modification thereof, heretofore or hereafter adopted by 22 the insurer's board of directors and approved by the commis-23 sioner, any domestic stock or mutual insurer may pay the 24 whole or any part of the cost of retirement or disability pensions for such of its officers, employees or full-time 25 26 insurance agents as are specified in such plan or plans or modifications thereof. If so specified in the plan or 27 28 plans, in lieu of such pensions actuarially equivalent benefits may be paid to such officers, employees or full-time 29 agents or to their designated beneficiaries. 30

31 2. The commissioner shall approve any such plan unless
32 he finds the same not to be within the reasonable financial

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resources of the insurer or not fair and equitable as between
 the respective classifications of participants therein.

3 3. Nothing contained in this section or in section 3420
4 of this chapter shall be deemed to prohibit profit-sharing,
5 stock option or similar plans for an insurer's officers,
6 employees, or agents.

7

8 § 3420. Insurance benefits for employees and others Pursuant to vote of its board of directors heretofore 9 10 or hereafter made, any domestic stock or mutual insurer may provide for its officers, employees or full-time insurance 11 agents, a plan or plans of life insurance, sickness, accident, -1213 hospitalization, medical, surgical and related insurance bene-14 stits, to be issued under group or individual policies. The insurer may pay the cost, in whole or in part, of such 15 insurance; or, if duly authorized by its charter and bylaws, 16 may itself provide such benefits directly as the insurer 17. 18 thereof, without requirement of placement through a licensed 19 insurance agent, and in such case may adjust the premium rate $\mathbf{20}$ for the insurance to reflect such savings in expense as the 21 insurer may deem applicable.

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§ 3421. Solicitation, insuring in other states

 $\mathbf{24}$ 1. No domestic insurer shall knowingly solicit insur-25 ance business in any reciprocating state in which not then licensed as an authorized insurer. This subsection shall 26 **2**7 not prohibit advertising through publications and radio, 28 television and other media originating outside such recipro- $\mathbf{29}$ cating state, if the insurer is licensed in the state in 30 which the advertising originates and the advertising is not specifically directed to residents of such reciprocating 31 state. This subsection shall not apply as to surplus lines 32

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Chap. 47 - Sub. III CRG./CONP. POWERS PROV. APPLYING TO STOCK/MUTUAL INSURERS

و الانصيات المساهدة بمثلة الممانين insurance, or prohibit insurance covering persons or risks 1 2 located in a reciprocating state, under contracts solicited 3 and issued in states in which the insurer is then licensed, 4 or insurance otherwise effectuated in accordance with the 5 laws of the reciprocating state. A "reciprocating" state, 6 as used herein, is one under the laws of which a similar 7 prohibition is imposed upon and enforced against insurers 8 domiciled in that state.

A domestic insurer duly authorized to transact 9 2. 10 insurance in another jurisdiction may frame and issue poli-11 cies for delivery in such jurisdiction pursuant to applications for insurance solicited and obtained therein, in 12 accordance with the laws thereof, subject only to such res-13 14 trictions, if any, as may be contained in the insurer's certificate of organization or bylaws; and subject, in the 15 case of health insurers, to the provisions of section 2732 16 17 of this Title (policies issued for delivery in another state). 18

19

Purchase of own shares by stock insurer § 3422. STOCK

 $\mathbf{20}$ A domestic insurer shall have the right to purchase or 21 acquire shares of its own stock only as follows:

For elimination of fractional shares. 22 1 Incidental to the enforcement of rights of the 23 2.

 $\mathbf{24}$ insurer with respect to lawful transactions previously 25 entered into in good faith for purposes other than the acquisition of such shares. 26

27 For the purposes of a general savings and invest-3. ment plan for employees or agents of the insurer. 28

For mutualization of the insurer, as provided in 29 4. section 3472 of this chapter. 30

or Alanum For retirement of the shares under a plan submitted 31 5. to and approved in writing by the commissioner. The 32

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commissioner shall not approve a plan unless found by him
 to be reasonable, fair and equitable as to remaining stock holders of the insurer, and not materially adverse to the
 protection of the insurer's policyholders.

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§ 3423. Impairment of capital funds

7 1. If a domestic stock insurer's paid-in capital stock (as represented by the aggregate par value of its 8 outstanding capital stock) becomes impaired, or the assets 9 10 of a domestic mutual insurgr are less than its liabilities and the minimum amount of surplus required to be maintained 11 12by it under this Title for authority to transact the kinds of insurance being transacted, the commissioner shall at 13 once determine the amount of deficiency and serve notice 14 15 upon the insurer to cure the deficiency and file proof thereof with him within the period specified in the notice, 16 17 which period shall be not less than 30 nor more than 90 days from the date of the notice. Such notice may be so 18 19 served by delivery to the insurer, or by mailing to the insurer addressed to its registered office in this State. 20

21 2. The deficiency may be made good in cash or in assets eligible under chapter 13 (investments) of this 22 Title for the investment of the insurer's funds or by amend-23 ment of the insurer's certificate of authority to cover only $\mathbf{24}$ 25 such kind or kinds of insurance thereafter for which the insurer has sufficient paid-in capital stock (if a stock 26 insurer) or surplus (if a mutual insurer) under this Title; 27 or, if a stock insurer, by reduction of the number of shares **2**8 **2**9 of the insurer's authorized capital stock or the par value 30 thereof through amendment of its certificate of organization, to an amount of authorized and unimpaired paid-in capital 31 stock not below the minimum required for the kinds of 32

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1 insurance thereafter to be transacted.

3. If the deficiency is not made good and proof thereof filed with the commissioner within the period required by
the notice as specified in subsection 1 above, the insurer
shall be deemed insolvent and the commissioner shall institute delinquency proceedings against it under chapter 57. cf

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§ 3424. Restrictions during impairment; penalty

Chap. 47 - Sub. IV ORG./CORP. POWERS

CONVERSION/AMALG/DISSOLUTION

10 1. During the existence of impairment of the capital 11 stock or surplus of an insurer, as referred to in section 12 3423 of this chapter, the commissioner shall require such 13 restriction of, or arrangements as to, operations of the 14 insurer while the impairment exists as he deems advisable 15 for protection of policyholders, the insurer, or the public.

16 2. Any officer, director, representative, or employee
17 of the insurer who knowingly violates or fails to comply with
18 any such restriction or requirement shall upon conviction
19 thereof be subject to fine of not less than \$500 or more
20 than \$5,000, or imprisonment for less than 1 year, or to
21 both such fine and imprisonment.

SUBCHAPTER IV

CONVERSION, AMALGAMATION, DISSOLUTION

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§ 3471. Scope of subchapter

The applicable provisions of this subchapter IV apply as to domestic stock and mutual insurers whether heretofore or hereafter formed, and to such domestic insurers chartered under special legislative Acts where feasible and not in conflict with specific provisions of the Act, as heretofore amended, under which the insurer was so organized.

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§ 3472. Mutualization of stock insurer

1. A stock insurer other than a title insurer may or a combination Stochand Mutuel Insures, become a mutual insurer, under such plan and procedure as may $\mathbf{2}$ 3 be approved by the commissioner after a hearing thereon. 4 2. 5 The commissioner shall not approve any such plan,

6 procedure or mutualization unless:

7

It is equitable to stockholders and policyholders; Α. It is subject to approval by the holders of not 8 в. 9 less than two-thirds of the insurer's outstanding capital stock having voting rights, and by not less than two-thirds 10 of the insurer's policyholders who vote on such plan in 11 12 .person, by proxy or by mail pursuant to such notice and procedure as may be approved by the commissioner; 13

14 C. If a life insurer, the right to vote thereon is 15 limited to holders of policies other than term or group policies, and whose policies have been in force for more 16 17 than one year;

Mutualization will result in retirement of shares 18 D. 19 of the insurer's capital stock at a price not in excess of 20 the fair market value thereof as determined by competent 21disinterested appraisers;

 $\mathbf{22}$ The plan provides for the purchase of the shares Ε. 23 of any nonconsenting stockholder in the same manner and 24 subject to the same applicable conditions as provided by the 25 general corporation law of the State as to rights of nonconsenting stockholders, with respect to consolidation or **2**6 27 merger of private corporations;

28 F. The plan provides for definite conditions to be $\mathbf{29}$ fulfilled by a designated early date upon which such mutuali-30 zation will be deemed effective; and

The mutualization leaves the insurer with surplus 31 G. funds reasonably adequate for the security of its policy-32

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3. Any such combination stock and nutual insurer referred to in subsection 1 above must have and maintain separate paid-in capital stock and basic and other surplus funds, axxax in respective amounts as would be required under this Title of separate domestic stock and mutual insurers transacting the same kind or kings of insurance.

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holders and to enable it to continue successfully in business in the states in which it is then authorized to transact insurance, and for the kinds of insurance included in its certificates of authority in such states.

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5 A. No director, officer, agent or employee of the 6 insurer, or any other person, shall receive any fee, commis-7 sion or other valuable consideration whatsoever, other than 8 their customary salaries or other regular compensation, for 9 in any manner aiding, promoting, or assisting in the mutuali-10 zation, except as set forth in the plan of mutualization as 11 approved by the commissioner.

12 J. This section shall not apply to mutualization under 13 order of court pursuant to rehabilitation or reorganization 14 of an insurer under chapter 5³ of this Title.

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§ 3473. Conversion of stock insurer to ordinary business corporation

A domestic stock insurer may convert to a Maine
 ordinary business corporation through the following proce dures:

20 A. The insurer must give the commissioner written 21 notice of its intent to convert to an ordinary business 22 corporation;

B. The insurer must bulk reinsure all of its insurance,
if any, in force, with another authorized insurer under a
bulk reinsurance agreement approved by the commissioner as
provided in section 3483 of this chapter. The agreement
of bulk reinsurance may be made contingent upon approval
of stockholders as provided in paragraph D below;

C. The insurer must set aside funds in a special
reserve in such amount and subject to such administration as may be found by the commissioner to be reasonable
and adequate for the purpose, for payment of all obligations,

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if any, of the insurer incurred by it and remaining unpaid
 under its insurance contracts prior to the effective date of
 such bulk reinsurance, or make other reasonable disposition
 satisfactory to the commissioner for such payment;

5 D. The proposed conversion must be approved by affirmative vote of not less than 2/3 of each class of outstanding 6 7 securities of the insurer having voting rights, at a special meeting of holders of such securities called for the purpose; 8 and at such meeting and by a like vote the certificate of 9 10 organization of the corporation must be amended to remove therefrom the power to transact an insurance business as an 11 12 insurer, to provide for such new powers and purposes author-13 ized by the general corporation laws of this State as may be 14 consistent with the purposes for which the corporation is thereafter to exist, and to make such further alterations in 15 the certificate of organization as may be required under 16 17 such general corporation laws of an ordinary business 18 corporation;

E. Security holders of the corporation who dissent
from such proposed conversion shall have the same applicable
rights as exist under such general corporation laws with
respect to dissent from a proposed merger of the corporation;
and

F. Upon compliance with paragraphs A through D above, and upon filing of the amendment of the certificate of organization with the commissioner and otherwise as required by laws applicable to ordinary business corporations, the conversion shall thereupon become effective.

29 2. An insurer which has once converted to an ordinary
30 business corporation shall not have power thereafter to con31 vert to an insurer; and no ordinary business corporation
32 shall have power to convert to an insurer.

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§ 3474. Merger, consolidation of stock insurers 1 2 A domestic stock insurer may merge or consolidate 1. 3 with one or more domestic or foreign stock insurers, by 4 complying with the applicable provisions of the statutes of this State governing the merger or consolidation of stock 5 corporations formed for profit, but subject to subsections 6 7 2 and 3 below. A domestic stock insurer shall not merge or consolidate with any corporation not formed for the purpose 8 9 of transacting insurance as an insurer. 10 2. No such merger or consolidation shall be effectuated unless in advance thereof the plan and agreement therefor 11 12 have been filed with the commissioner and approved in writing by him after a hearing thereon after notice to the stock-13 holders of each insurer involved. The commissioner shall 14 15 give such approval within a reasonable time after such filing unless he finds that the plan or agreement: 16 Is contrary to law; or 17 Α. в. Is unfair or inequitable to the stockholders of any 18 19 insurer involved; or **2**0 Would substantially reduce the security of and с. 21 service to be rendered to policyholders of the domestic 22 insurer in this State or elsewhere; or Would materially tend to lessen competition in the 23 D. insurance business in this State or elsewhere as to the kinds 24 of insurance involved, or would materially tend to create a 25 26 monopoly as to such business; or $\mathbf{27}$ Ε. Is subject to other material and reasonable objec-28 tions. 29 3. No director, officer, agent or employee of any 30 insurer party to the merger or consolidation shall receive any fee, commission, compensation or other valuable consider-31 ation whatsoever for in any manner aiding, promoting or 32

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assisting therein except as set forth in the plan or agree ment.

3 4. If the commissioner does not approve the plan or
4 agreement, he shall so notify the insurer in writing speci5 fying his reasons therefor.

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§ 3475. Exchange of securities between insurers

8 1. Upon application of any domestic insurer, the commissioner is authorized to approve the fairness of the terms 9 10 and conditions of the issuance by the insurer of any shares of its capital stock or of guaranty capital or bonds or its 11 12 other securities or obligations in exchange for one or more bona fide outstanding securities, claims or property 13 interest of any other insurer or corporation, domestic or 14 15 foreign, or partly in such exchange and partly for cash; but only after a hearing has been held by the commissioner 16 upon the fairness of such terms and conditions at which all 17 persons to whom it is proposed to issue securities in such 18 19 exchange shall have the right to appear and be heard.

20 2. Notice of such hearing and conduct thereof shall be
21 as provided in chapter 3 (the insurance commissioner) of this
22 Fitte.

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§ 3476. Acquisition of controlling stock

25 Any person proposing to acquire the controlling 1. 26 capital stock or guaranty capital shares of any domestic 27 stock insurer and thereby to change the control of the insurer, other than through merger or consolidation or 28 29 affiliation as provided for in this 30 chapter, shall first apply to the commissioner in writing for 31 approval of such proposed change of control. The application shall state the names and addresses of the proposed new owners 32

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of the controlling stock or shares and contain such addi tional information as the commissioner may reasonably require.

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3 2. The commissioner shall not approve the proposed
4 change of control if he finds:

5 A. That the proposed new owners are not qualified by 6 character, experience and financial responsibility to control 7 and operate the insurer, or cause the insurer to be operated, 8 in a lawful and proper manner; or

9 B. That as a result of the proposed change of control 10 the insurer may not be qualified for a certificate of author-11 ity under the provisions of section 407 (ownership, management) 12 of this Title; or

13 C. That the interests of the insurer or other stock14 holders of the insurer or policyholder would be impaired
15 through the proposed change of control; or

D. That the proposed change of control would tend
materially to lessen competition, or to create any monopoly,
in a business of insurance in this State or elsewhere.

If the commissioner does not by affirmative action 19 3. $\mathbf{20}$ approve or disapprove the proposed change of control within 21 30 days after the date such application was so filed with him, the proposed change may be made without such approval. 22 Except, that if the commissioner gives notice to the parties 23 $\mathbf{24}$ of a hearing to be held by him with respect to the proposed change of control, and the hearing is held within such 30 25 days or on a date mutually acceptable to the commissioner 26 27 and the parties, the commissioner shall have 10 days after the conclusion of the hearing within which to so approve or **2**8 29 disapprove the proposed change; and if not so approved or disapproved, the change may thereafter be made without the 30 31 commissioner's approval.

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4. If the commissioner disapproves the proposed change

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he shall give written notice thereof to the parties, setting
 forth in detail the reasons for disapproval.

3 5. The commissioner shall suspend or revoke the certi4 ficate of authority of any insurer the control of which has
5 been changed in violation of this section.

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- § 3477. Conversion of mutual to stock insurer , ov a combination stock and mutual inducer
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 A mutual insurer may become a stock insurer under

 9 such reasonable plan and procedure as may be approved by the
 10 commissioner after a hearing thereon of which notice was
 11 given to the insurer, its directors or trustees, its officers,
 12 employees and its members, all of whom shall have the right
 13 to appear and be heard at the hearing.

14 2. The commissioner shall not approve any such plan or15 procedure unless:

Its terms and conditions are fair and equitable; 16 Α. It is subject to approval by vote of not less than 17 Β. fourths of the insurer's current members entitled to 18 vote and voting thereon in person, by proxy, or by mail at 19 $\mathbf{20}$ a meeting of members entitled to vote and called for the purpose pursuant to such reasonable notice and procedure as $\mathbf{21}$ 22 may be approved by the commissioner; if a life insurer, right to vote shall be limited to members who hold policies 23 other than group policies or term policies for terms of less $\mathbf{24}$ 25 than 20 years, and whose policies have been in force for not $\mathbf{26}$ less than one year;

27 C. The equity of each member in the insurer is deter-28 minable under a fair and reasonable formula approved by the 29 commissioner, which such equity shall be based upon the 30 insurer's entire surplus as shown by the insurer's financial 31 statement filed with the commissioner, including all volun-32 tary reserves but excluding contingently repayable funds

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and outstanding guaranty capital shares at the redemption ĩ 2 value thereof, and without taking into account the value of nonadmitted assets or of insurance business in force; 3 The plan gives to each member of the insurer as D. 4 specified in subdivision E below, a pre-emptive right to 5 acquire his proportionate part of all of the proposed capital or all of the clock of a program parent composition of the insurer, within a designated reasonable period, 6 7 as such part is determinable under the plan of conversion, 8 and to apply upon the purchase thereof the amount of his 9 10 equity in the insurer as determined under paragraph C above; The members entitled to participate in the purchase 11 E. 12 of stock or distribution of assets shall include not less than all current policyholders of the insurer and each exist-13 14 ing person who had been a policyholder of the insurer within 3 years prior to the date such plan was submitted to the com-15 16 missioner;

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F. Shares are to be offered to members at a price not
greater than to be thereafter offered under the plan to
others;

 $\mathbf{20}$ G. The plan provides for payment to each member not $\mathbf{21}$ electing to apply his equity in the insurer for or upon the $\mathbf{22}$ purchase price of stock to which pre-emptively entitled, of 23 cash in an amount found to be reasonable by the commissioner but not in excess of 50% of the amount of his equity not so $\mathbf{24}$ used for the purchase of stock, and which cash payment 25 26 together with stock so purchased, if any, shall constitute full payment and discharge of the member's equity or property 27 28 interest in such mutual insurer;

H. The plan, when completed, would provide for the converted insurer paid-in capital stock in an amount not less
than the minimum paid-in capital stock required of a new
domestic stock insurer upon initial authorization to transact

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3. Any such combination stock and mutual insurer referred to in sub-

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in respective amounts

like kinds of insurance, together with expendable surplus
 funds in amount not less than one-half of such required
 capital stock; and

I. The commissioner finds that the insurer's management has not, through reduction in volume of new business written, or cancellation or through any other means sought to reduce, limit, or affect the number or identity of the insurer's members to be entitled to participate in such plan, or to secure for the individuals comprising management any unfair advantage through such plan.

Subsection 2 shall not be deemed to prohibit the 13. 11 12 . inclusion in the conversion plan of provisions under which the individuals comprising the insurer's management 13 14 and employee group shall be entitled to purchase for cash at the same price as offered to the insurer's members, 15 shares of stock not taken by members on the pre-emptive 16 offering to members, in accordance with such reasonable 17 classification of such individuals as may be included in 18 the plan and approved by the commissioner. 19

A. No director, officer, agent or employee of the 20 insurer, or any other person, shall receive any fee, commis-21 22 sion or other valuable consideration whatsoever, other than 23 their usual regular salaries and compensation, for in any $\mathbf{24}$ manner aiding, promoting, or assisting in such conversion 25 except as set forth in the plan approved by the commissioner. 26 This provision shall not be deemed to prohibit the payment of reasonable fees and compensation to attorneys at law, 27 28 accountants, and actuaries for services performed in the independent practice of their professions, even though also 29 30 directors of the insurer.

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§ 3478. Merger, consolidation of mutual insurers authorized

Any one or more mutual insurers existing under any 2 1. З of the laws of this State, may absorb by merger or consoli-4 dation, or be merged into or consolidate with, any one or 5 more domestic or foreign mutual insurers either authorized 6 to transact insurance in this State or qualified for such 7 authority. The procedure for effectuation of such merger or consolidation shall be as set forth in sections 3479 8 through 3482 of this chapter. 9

10 2. Nothing in this section shall authorize the merger
11 or consolidation of a mutual insurer with a stock insurer.
12

§ 3479. Same - Plan, agreement of merger, consolidation; approval by corporations

14 The plan and agreement for a merger or consolida-1. tion referred to in section 3478 of this chapter shall be in 15 writing signed by the duly authorized officers and under the 16 17 corporate seals of the respective insurers; and shall be acknowledged to be the act, deed and agreement of the insurer 18 19 by one of the executing officers of the respective insurers before an officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments 20 21 of deeds. The plan and agreement shall be approved and authorized by vote of the majority of the directors of the 22 23 respective insurers, and approved by vote of at least 2/3 of such policyholders of the respective insurers who are 24 entitled to vote and do vote thereon in person or by proxy 25 at a special meeting of such members called for the purpose. 26

27 2. Notice of such special meeting of members shall be 28 given by publishing the same once weekly for 3 consecutive 29 weeks in a newspaper circulated in each county of this State, 30 the last such publication to be at least 7 days prior to such 31 meeting. Notice to its members by a foreign insurer shall 32 be in accordance with the laws of its domiciliary jurisdiction.

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3. All of the members of the insurer shall be bound
 by the vote of policyholders as above provided for, and shall
 not have thereafter any right as to dissent or appraisal.
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§ 3480. Same - Approval by commissioner

6 1. The plan and agreement referred to in section 3479 7 of this chapter shall not be effectuated until filed with 8 and approved by the commissioner in writing. The insurers 9 shall furnish the commissioner such additional information 10 in relation to the proposed merger or consolidation as the 11 commissioner may reasonably require.

12 2. The commissioner shall approve the plan and agree13 ment unless he finds that it:

14

A. Is contrary to law; or

B. Is inequitable to the policyholders of any domesticinsurer involved; or

17 C. Would substantially reduce the security of and ser18 vice to be rendered to policyholders of the domestic insurer;
19 or

20 D. Would materially tend to lessen competition in the 21 insurance business in this State or elsewhere as to the kinds 22 of insurance involved, or would materially tend to create a 23 monopoly as to such business; or

E. Is subject to other material and reasonable objec-tions.

26 3. If the commissioner does not approve the plan and 27 agreement he shall so notify the insurers parties thereto 28 in writing, specifying his reasons therefor.

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§ 3481. Same - Review by Attorney General; filing with Secretary of State

31 1. Upon approval by the commissioner as provided in
32 section 3480 of this chapter, the plan and agreement of

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merger or consolidation shall be submitted to the Attorney
 General and be examined by him. If the Attorney General
 finds the plan and agreement to be properly drawn and signed
 and otherwise in conformity with the Constitution and laws
 of this State, he shall so certify thereon in writing.

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2. Within 60 days from date of approval by the commis-6 7 sioner, both an original and a copy of the plan and agreement showing thereon the certificate of the Attorney General, 8 9 shall be delivered to the office of the Secretary of State. 10 The Secretary of State shall file such copy and enter the 11 date of filing on both the copy and the original, shall 12record the copy and return the original to the surviving merged or consolidated corporation. 13

14 3. From time of filing the copy of the plan and agree-15 ment in the office of the Secretary of State, the agreement 16 shall be deemed to be the agreement and act of merger or 17 consolidation of the insurers, and the original of such 18 agreement or a certified copy thereof shall be evidence of 19 the existence of such merged or consolidated corporation 20 and of the performance of all acts and conditions necessary for the effectuation of such merger or consolidation. 21

4. If a domestic insurer is merged into or consolidated with a foreign insurer, the foreign insurer shall not
transact insurance in this State until it has procured a
certificate of authority from the commissioner therefor
under this Title.

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§ 3482. Same - Effective date of merger, consolidation; effect as to assets, liabilities, rights and powers

When the plan and agreement for merger or consoli dation has been so signed, acknowledged, approved, author ized, certified, filed and recorded as provided in sections

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1 3478 through 3481 of this chapter, then the separate exis-2 tence of all of the constituent corporations other than the 3 surviving corporation into which the other corporation or 4 corporations parties have merged or consolidated, shall 5 cease.

2. The surviving corporation shall be the merged or 6 7 consolidated corporation by the name provided for in the 8 agreement; and shall thereby possess all the rights, privileges, powers, franchises and immunities as well of a public 9 10 as of a private nature, and shall thereby be subject to all the liabilities, restrictions and duties, of each of the 11 merged or consolidated corporations, and have all and singular 12 13 the rights, privileges, powers, franchises and immunities of each of such corporations, together with all property, real, 14 personal and mixed, wheresoever located, and all debts due 15 to any of such constituent corporations on whatever account; 16 and all other things in action of each of such corporations, 17 are by virtue of such merger or consolidation automatically 18 vested in such surviving corporation. 19

20 3. All such property, rights, privileges, powers, franchises and immunities and all and every other such interest 21 22 shall be thereafter as effectually the property of the surviving corporation as they were of the respective constituent 23 24 corporations; and title to any real estate, whether by deed 25 or otherwise, under the laws of this State, vested in any of 26 such constituent corporations shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such merger or consolidation. 27 A11 rights of creditors and all liens upon the property of any of 28 such constituent corporations shall be preserved unimpaired, 29 30 limited to the property affected by such liens at the time of the merger or consolidation; and all debts, liabilities 31 and duties of the respective constituent corporations shall 32

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thenceforth attach to the surviving corporation and may be
 enforced against it to the same extent as if such debts,
 liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

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§ 3483. Bulk reinsurance

A domestic insurer may reinsure all or substantially
all of its business in force, or all or substantially all of
a major class thereof, with another insurer, stock or mutual,
by an agreement of bulk reinsurance after compliance with
this section. No such agreement shall become effective
unless filed with the commissioner, or if disapproved by him.
2. The commissioner shall disapprove such agreement

13 within a reasonable time after filing if he finds:

A. That the plan and agreement are unfair and inequitable to any insurer or to policyholders involved; or

B. That the reinsurance, if effectuated, would substantially reduce the protection or service to the policyholders of any domestic insurer involved; or

19 C. That the agreement does not embody adequate provi-20 sions by which the reinsuring insurer becomes liable to the 21 original insureds for any loss or damage occurring under 22 the policies reinsured in accordance with the original 23 terms of such policies, or does not require the reinsuring 24 insurer to furnish each such insured with a certificate 25 evidencing such assumption of liability; or

26 That the assuming reinsurer is not authorized to D. 27 transact such insurance in this State, or is not qualified as for such authorization or will not appoint the commis-28 29 sioner and his successors as its irrevocable attorney for 30 service of process, so long as any policy so reinsured or 31 claim thereunder remains in force or outstanding; or That such reinsurance would materially tend to 32 E.

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lessen competition in the insurance business in this State
 or elsewhere as to the kinds of insurance involved, or would
 materially tend to create a monopoly as to such business; or

F. That the proposed bulk reinsurance is not free ofother reasonable objections.

6 3. If the commissioner disapproves the agreement he
7 shall forthwith notify in writing each insurer involved,
8 specifying his reasons therefor.

If for reinsurance of all or substantially all of 4. 9 the business in force of an insurer at a time when the 10 insurer's capital (if a stock insurer) or surplus (if a 11 12 mutual insurer) is not impaired, the plan and agreement of 13 such reinsurance must be approved by a vote of not less than 2/3 of the insurer's outstanding stock having voting rights 14 (if a stock insurer), or of members (if a mutual insurer) 15 voting thereon, at a meeting of stockholders or members 16 called for the purpose pursuant to such reasonable notice 17 and procedure as is provided for in the agreement. 18 If a. mutual life insurer, right to vote may be limited to members 19 20 otherwise entitled to vote and whose policies are other than term policies for terms of less than 20 years, or group 21 22 policies, and have been in effect for more than 1 year.

5. No director, officer, agent or employee of any
insurer party to such reinsurance, or any other person,
shall receive any special compensation for arranging or with
respect to, any such reinsurance except as is set forth in
the reinsurance agreement filed with the commissioner.

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§ 3484. Voluntary dissolution

A solvent domestic stock or mutual insurer, which
 then is not the subject of a delinquency proceeding under
 chapter 59 of this Title, may voluntarily dissolve under a

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plan therefor in writing authorized by its board of directors, 1 2 approved or adopted by stockholders or members as hereinafter provided, and filed with and approved by the commissioner. З The plan shall provide for the disposition, by bulk reinsurance or 4 5 other lawful procedure, of all insurance in force in the insurer, for full discharge of all obligations of the insurer, 6 7 and designate or provide for trustees to conduct and administer the settlement of the insurer's affairs. 8

9 2. The commissioner shall approve the plan unless
10 found by him to be unlawful or unfair or inequitable or
11 prejudicial to the interests of any stockholder, policy12 holder or creditor.

13 3. If a mutual insurer, the plan must have been
14 approved by vote of not less than 2/3 of the policyholders
15 voting thereon at a special meeting of such policyholders
16 called and held for the purpose pursuant to such reasonable
17 notice and information as the commissioner may have approved.

18 4. If a stock insurer, the plan must have been
19 adopted by vote of not less than 2/3 of all outstanding
20 voting securities of the insurer at a special meeting of
21 such security holders called and held for the purpose.

22 Following approval of the dissolution and plan 5. 23 therefor by members or adopted thereof by stockholders as $\mathbf{24}$ above provided, and approval by the commissioner, the trus- $\mathbf{25}$ tees designated or provided for in the plan shall proceed to 26 execute the plan. When all liabilities of the corporation $\mathbf{27}$ have been discharged or otherwise adequately provided for, and all assets of the corporation have been liquidated and 28 29 distributed in accordance with the plan, the trustees shall so certify in quadruplicate under oath in writing. 30 The trustees shall deliver the original and the 3 copies of 31 32 such certificate to the commissioner. The commissioner 33 shall make such examination of the affairs of the corporation,

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and of the liquidation and distribution of its assets and 1 2 discharge of or provision for its liabilities as he deems 3 advisable. If upon such examination he finds that the 4 facts set forth in the certificate of the trustees are true, 5 he shall inscribe his approval on the certificate, file the 6 original thereof so inscribed in the office of the Secretary 7 of State, file a copy thereof in the department, and return 8 the remaining two copies to the trustees. The trustees shall file one of such copies for recording in the registry 9 10 of deeds of the county in this State in which the corporation's principal place of business is located, and retain 11 12 the fourth copy for the corporate files.

13 6. Upon filing the certificate of the trustees with 14 the Secretary of State as provided in subsection 5 above, the 15 Secretary of State shall issue to the trustees his certificate 16 of dissolution, and the corporate existence of the corporation shall thereupon forever terminate. The Secretary of State 17 shall charge and collect a fee of \$25 for the filing of the 18 trustee's certificate, and shall deposit the same with the 19 **2**0 Treasurer of State for credit to the general fund.

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Mutual member's share of assets on liquidation § 3485. 23 1. Upon any liquidation of a domestic mutual insurer, its assets remaining after discharge of its indebtedness, 24 25 policy obligations, repayment of contributed or borrowed 26 surplus, if any, retirement of guaranty fund capital shares 27 and payment of expenses of administration and of the disso-**2**8 lution and liquidation procedure, shall be distributed to **2**9 currently existing persons who had been members of the 30 insurer for at least a year and who were its members at any time within 36 months next preceding the date such liquida-31 tion was authorized or ordered, or date of last termination 32

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of the insurer's certificate of authority, whichever date 1 is the earlier; except, that if the commissioner has reason 2 to believe that those in charge of the insurer's management 3 have caused or encouraged the reduction of the number of 4 members of the insurer, or changed the identity thereof, in 5 anticipation of liquidation and for the purpose of reducing 6 7 or controlling thereby the number or identity of persons who may be entitled to share in distribution of the insurer's 8 assets, he may enlarge the qualification period in such 9 10 manner as he deems to be reasonable.

11 2. The insurer shall make a reasonable classification 12 of its policies so held by such members, and a formula based 13 upon such classification for determination of the equitable 14 distributive share of each such member. Such classification 15 and formula shall be subject to the approval of the commis-16 sioner, who shall approve the same except for reasonable 17 cause.

CHAPTER 49

CONTINUITY OF MANAGEMENT

3551 1 §-9601. Purpose 2 Enemy attack could seriously disrupt the management 3 functions of an insurance organization. Prompt resumption 4 of insurance operations following attack is in the public 5 interest and requires provision for the continuity of man-6 agement. It is essential that advance corporate action be 7 taken to provide for the reconstitution of the board of 8 directors or substitute governing body, for the succession 9 of key personnel and for the designation of alternate head-10 quarters. 3552 § 3602. Definitions; interpretation of chapter 11 When used in this chapter, the following terms shall 12 13 mean and include the following: 1. Acting director. Acting director means an acting 14 15 director elected or appointed in accordance with this chapter. 2. Acting officer. Acting officer means an acting offi-16 17 cer appointed in accordance with this chapter. 18 3. Acute emergency. Acute emergency means a period, 19 as formally declared and proclaimed by the Governor of this 20 State, in which, by reason of loss of life, epidemic disease, 21 destruction or damage of property, contamination of property 22 by radiological, chemical or bacteriological means, or disrup-23 tion of the means of transportation or communication, resulting 24 from an attack, it is impossible or impractical for the business 25 of insurance in this State to be conducted in strict accord with the provision of law or charters applicable thereto. 26 27 4. Attack. Attack means any attack, actual or imminent, or series of attacks by an enemy or a foreign nation upon the 28 29 United States causing, or which may cause, substantial damage 30 or injury to civilian property or persons in the United States in any manner by sabotage or by the use of bombs, shell fire, 31 or atomic, radiological, chemical, bacteriological or biological 32

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means or other weapons or processes.

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5. <u>Board</u>. Board means the board of directors, board
of trustees, committee or similar body having control of the
affairs of an insurance organization.

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CONT. OF MANAGEMENT

6. <u>Charter</u>. Charter means the certificate of organization or incorporation or special law incorporating a corporation together with its bylaws, or the agreement establishing
a fund or association together with its constitution and bylaws.

9 7. <u>Commissioner</u>. Commissioner means the State Insurance
10 Commissioner or person duly designated to exercise the powers
11 of that office during an attack or acute emergency.

12 8. <u>Director</u>. Director means the director, trustee or
13 member of a board.

9. <u>Domestic organization</u>. Domestic organization means
any insurance organization which is domiciled in this State.

16 10. <u>Insurance organization</u>. Insurance organization means
17 any insurer, rating organization, service or advisory organiza18 tion, joint underwriting association, welfare or pension fund,
19 which is subject, in whole or in part, to the insurance laws
20 of this State.

21 11. <u>Officer</u>. Officer means an officer of a domestic insur22 ance organization.

12. <u>Quorum.</u> Quorum means the minimum number of directors
required by charter and bylaw, exclusive of the provisions of
this chapter, to be present for valid action to be taken at a
meeting of a board with respect to each particular item of
business which may come before such meeting.

This chapter does not and shall not be construed to limit the powers of, or permit or require, any insurance organization which is not domiciled in this State or of any branch office, or agents of such insurance organization, or the directors,

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officers, members, policyholders, or stockholders of any such
 organization to act, or fail to act, in such fashion as would
 violate the laws or the jurisdiction wherein such organization

4 has its domicile. 355

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§ 3603. Emergency bylaws

6 1. With the approval of the commissioner, any domestic 7 organization may, at any time, adopt, in the same manner as 8 in the case of ordinary bylaws, emergency bylaws to become 9 operative during a period of acute emergency. Emergency 10 bylaws may contain provisions with respect to the number of directors capable of acting which shall constitute its 11 board, the number of such directors which shall constitute 1213 a quorum at a meeting of the board, the number of votes 14 necessary for action by such board, the manner in which vacancies on the board shall be filled, the line of succes-15 16 sion of its officers, and the interim management of the 17 affairs of the insurance organization; such provisions, if 18 approved by the commissioner, need not comply with the re-19 quirement of the charter of such domestic organization or of 20 the insurance or incorporation laws of this State. 2554 Section 3604 and section 3605, subsections 2 to 6, 21 2. shall not be applicable during a period of acute emergency to 22 23 any domestic organization operating in accordance with and 24 under emergency bylaws theretofore approved by the commissioner. 3554 Change of location; emergency boards of directors \$ 3604. 25

Notwithstanding any provision of its charter, any domestic insurance organization, without complying with any provision of law requiring approval, or application for approval, of a change of location of its principal office may, from time to time, change the location thereof during an acute emergency to a suitable location within the United States, and may carry on its business at such new location during such acute emergency,

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and for a reasonable time thereafter. Any insurance organization which changes the location of its principal office during an acute emergency shall notify the commissioner thereof in writing as soon as practical, stating the address of the new location, the address of the former location, and the dates when business is ceasing at the former location and commencing at the latter location.

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CONT. OF HANAGEMENT

8 Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law or with 9 its charter, if at any time during an acute emergency affect-10 ing any domestic insurance organization, no person otherwise empowered to call meetings of the board is capable of acting, 11 12a meeting thereof may be called by any director or acting director or if no director or acting director is capable of 13 14 acting, by any officer or acting officer. If it shall be 15 impracticable or impossible to give notice of a meeting of 16 the board in the manner prescribed by charter and law, other 17 than this chapter, the person calling such a meeting may give 18 notice thereof by making such reasonable efforts as circum-19 stances may permit to notify each director and acting director $\mathbf{20}$ of the time and place of the meeting, but need not specify the purposes thereof. Failure of any director or acting director 21 22 to receive actual notice of a meeting of directors and acting 23 directors shall not affect the power of the directors and acting directors present at such meeting to exercise the powers $\mathbf{24}$ 25 of an emergency board of directors as prescribed in this section. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring 26 27 a meeting of the board of such an organization to be convened in any manner different from that prescribed by its charter 28 29 and by the provisions of law other than this chapter.

30 If 3 or more directors and acting directors of any domes31 tic insurance organization are present at any meeting of its
32 board duly convened during an acute emergency affecting such

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1 domestic insurance organization, they shall constitute its $\mathbf{2}$ emergency board of directors which, notwithstanding any con-3 trary provision of law or of its charter, shall have the power, 4 subject to the limitations prescribed by this chapter, by a 5 majority of those present, to take any and every action which 6 may be necessary to enable such domestic insurance organiza-7 tion to meet the exigencies of the acute emergency and conduct 8 its business during such period, but no other powers. The powers of an emergency board of directors shall include, but 9 10 shall not be limited to, the following powers:

11 1. Fill vacancies and absentees. At any meeting, to 12 elect such acting directors as it may deem necessary, without 13 regard to the number of directors which would otherwise be 14 required, to serve in any positions on such board which are 15 vacant or in place of any directors or acting directors who 16 are absent from such meeting, but not to elect any director 17 on a permanent basis.

18 2. Acting officers and duties. To elect such acting 19 officers as it may deem necessary, without regard to the 20number of officers which would otherwise be required, to 21 serve in any offices which are vacant or in place of any 22 officers or acting officers who fail to appear and assume 23 their duties, to fix the compensation and determine the powers and duties of acting officers and to remove acting offi- $\mathbf{24}$ $\mathbf{25}$ cers but not to remove any officer or to fill any vacancy on 26 a permanent basis or to cause the insurance organization to 27 enter into any contract of employment for a term in excess of 28 one year.

3. <u>Change of location</u>. To cause the insurance organization to change the location of its principal office, pursuant to this section, or any of its places of business, and to authorize such action as it may deem appropriate to acquire

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space and facilities at new locations, but not to acquire
for use as its principal office property in fee or for a term
in excess of one year.

CONT. OF HAMAGEMENT

4. <u>Postpone meetings</u>. To postpone any meeting of the
5 stockholders, policyholders or members or directors of such
6 organization if, in the judgment of majority of the members
7 of such emergency board of directors, it would be impractic8 able to hold such meeting at the time it would otherwise have
9 been held or conducted.

10 Call meetings. If it shall appear to an emergency 5. board of directors that a quorum of the board cannot be 11 assembled within a reasonable time, to call a meeting of the 12 13 stockholders, policyholders or members of the insurance organization to be held as soon as the circumstances may reasonably 14 permit, at a place to be designated by the emergency board of 15 16 directors within this State or a contiguous state, for the 17 purpose of electing directors to fill vacancies on the board, 18 but for no other purpose, and to propose nominees for such 19 election, Any such meetings of stockholders, policyholders $\mathbf{20}$ or members shall be held upon notice given in accordance with 21 the charter of the organization and applicable law other than $\mathbf{22}$ this section.

As soon as practicable after each meeting of an emergency board of directors, the person who presided thereat shall notify the commissioner in writing of the time and place of such meeting, of the manner in which notice thereof was given, of the persons present and of all actions taken at such meeting.

No person prohibited by law or by the charter of a domestic insurance organization from serving as a member of its board shall be eligible to serve as an acting director except that no person shall be disqualified to serve as an acting director by reason of his not being a stockholder, policyholder or member

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of such insurance organization, by reason of his not being a 1 resident of this State or of a contiguous state, or by reason $\mathbf{2}$ 3 of the number of directors or acting directors who are officers, acting officers or employees of the insurance organiza-4 tion. Any person may serve as an acting director of a fund 5 who is a director, acting director, officer or acting officer 6 7 of an organization which is a party to the agreement creating 8 the fund. No oath of acting directors shall be required.

Acting directors elected under this section or appointed 9 under section 2696 shall be entitled to vote at all meetings 10 of emergency board of directors equally with directors. 11 Act-12ing directors shall not be entitled to take part in the deliberations or to vote at any meeting of the board which is duly 13 14 convened in accordance with the applicable provisions of its 15 charter and of law other than this chapter and at which a 16. quorum is present. Each acting director shall serve until the director or acting director in whose place he was elected 17 or appointed shall attend the meeting of the board or until 18 19 the director is duly elected to fill the vacancy in which 20 such acting director has been serving, whichever event occurs 21 earlier. An acting director shall be entitled to the compen- $\mathbf{22}$ sation, if any, payable to a director.

Acting officers elected pursuant to this section shall have powers and duties and receive such compensation as may from time to time be determined by the emergency board of directors. Each acting officer shall serve until the officer in whose place he was elected shall appear and assume his duties or until his successor officer or acting officer shall be elected, whichever event occurs earlier.

This section shall not be deemed applicable during a peried of acute emergency to any domestic organization operating in accordance with and under emergency bylaws theretofore approved by the commissioner.

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§ 3605. Powers of the commissioner

2 Designate additional acting directors. 1. If at any 3 time during an acute emergency, the number of directors or acting directors of a domestic insurance organization who 4 are capable of acting shall be less than 3, as determined by 5 6 the commissioner after a reasonable investigation, the com-7 missioner shall have the power to designate additional acting 8 directors in such number as will bring to 3 the number of directors and acting directors who are capable of acting. 9

10 2. Resolve controversies. To resolve controversy as to the power of any group of persons purporting to act as 11 12an emergency board of directors so to act, the commissioner 13 shall, upon a determination that such action will tend to promote the safe and sound and orderly conduct of the business 14 of any domestic insurance organization, have power to issue 15 14 orders declaring that any such group shall or shall not have 15 the powers of an emergency board of directors, or confirming, 16 modifying or vacating in whole or in part any action taken or 17 purportedly taken by any such group or by removing any acting 18 director.

19 3. Declare provisions of law operative or inoperative. At 20 any time after an attack, upon his determination that such action will tend to promote certainty as to the powers of 21 insurance organizations or individuals pursuant to this chap-22 ter or that such action is desirable to enable insurance organ-23 izations to take preparatory precautions prior to the occurrence 24 of an acute emergency, the commissioner shall have power to 25 declare that any provision of this chapter which he may specify 26 27 shall be operative with respect to any domestic insurance organ-28 ization or to the Maine business of any other insurance organization which he may designate. Upon such declaration such organiza-29 30 tion and its directors, officers, acting directors and acting officers shall have all powers conferred by this chapter. 31 The failure of the commissioner so to declare shall not be deemed 32

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to limit the powers of any organization or its directors,
 officers, acting directors or acting officers where an acute
 emergency exists in fact.

At any time after the commencement of an acute emer-4 gency or after the commissioner shall have declared any provi-5 6 sion of this chapter operative under this subsection upon his determination that an insurance organization is able, in whole 7 or in part, to carry on its business in compliance with its 8 charter and the laws, other than this chapter, the commissioner 9 10 shall have power to declare that any provision of this chapter which he may specify shall be inoperative with respect to any 11 12domestic insurance organization or in the Maine business of any other insurance organization which he may designate. 13 Upon such declaration, such organization shall be governed by its charter 14 and the provisions of law other than this chapter, except insofar 15 16 as they remain inoperative.

17 Possession of business and property. Upon the determin-4. ation that, as a result of an acute emergency, the business and af-18 fairs of an insurance organization cannot otherwise be conducted 19 $\mathbf{20}$ in a safe and sound manner, the commissioner may forthwith take $\mathbf{21}$ possession of the business and property of the insurance organization within this State or, if a domestic insurance organiza- $\mathbf{22}$ tion, its business and property wherever situated. This chapter **2**3 shall be applicable in any case in which the commissioner takes 24 possession of an insurance organization under this subsection $\mathbf{25}$ 26 as though the insurance organization were an insurer of which **27** the commissioner had taken possession under this chapter, except 28 that no such provision shall be applicable which the commissioner 29 shall have declared inapplicable under this subsection. The commissioner shall have power to declare inapplicable any such pro-30 vision upon his determination that the same is inappropriate or 31 unnecessary to protect the interest of the public or the stock-32

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1 holders or creditors of the insurance organization, in view 2 of the acute emergency and the nature of the organization.

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3 When powers exercised. The powers given the commis-5. 4 sioner by subsections 2 and 4 shall be exercised by him only in the event that there is no court of competent jurisdiction 5 6 available to which an application can be made for an order 7 permitting him to exercise such powers with respect to a 8 particular insurance organization. The powers conferred by subsection 4 shall not be exercised in a case of an insurance 9 10 organization which is not insolvent within the meaning of this chapter, unless the commissioner finds that such insur-11 ance organization lacks personnel able to manage its business 12 in the interest of the public stockholders and policyholders. 13

14 6. Regulations. The commissioner shall have power to 15 issue general and specific regulations, directives and orders consistent with and in furtherance of the purposes of this 16 chapter. 3556. § 3606. 17

18

General provisions

19 1. Presumption. In any action or proceeding it shall be 20 presumed that an acute emergency existing within any city or county within this State constitutes an acute emergency affect-2122 ing every insurance organization doing business within such 23 city or county.

2. Powers of board. During an acute emergency the board 24 25 of a domestic insurance organization which has adopted emergency 26 bylaws approved by the commissioner shall have all of the 27 powers conferred by such bylaws, and no other or different 28 powers with respect to the subject matter of this chapter, 29 and the board of a domestic insurance organization which has not adopted emergency bylaws approved by the commissioner shall 30 have all of the powers of an emergency board of directors as 31 32 the same are provided for under this chapter.

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3557 § 3697. Governor's authority; effect of other laws 1 2 The Governor of this State, or his successor in office, alone shall have the power to proclaim and declare the fact 3 that a period of "acute emergency" exists at any time or or his terminated") times), as such term is defined in this chapter. Nothing 4 5 6 in this chapter shall be deemed or construed to affect sections 471 to of this Title, to the extent 479 7 بتسمعه 8 that the latter sections may be inconsistent herewith.

1	CHAPTER 51
2	DOMESTIC MUTUAL ASSESSMENT INSURERS
3	§ 3601. Scope of chapter
4	1. This chapter applies only as to domestic mutual
5	insurers heretofore or hereafter organized and authorized
6	to transact and transacting fire and related insurances
7 8	in this State on the assessment plan, as defined in sec- department tion 3603 of this chapter, and to the assessment of insurers
9	also transacting insurance on the cash premium plan.
10	2. Insurers to the extent to which subject to this
11	chapter may in this chapter be referred to as "mutual assess-
12	ment insurers."
13	
14	§ 3602. Chapter exclusive
15	Nothing in this Title shall either directly or indirect-
16	ly apply to such mutual assessment insurers except as con-
17	tained or referred to in this chapter.
18	
19	§ 3603. Mutual assessment plans; definitions
20	1. For the purposes of this Title a mutual assessment
21	insurer is a mutual insurer which is doing business on A. a
22	post-loss assessment plan, or B. on an advance assessment or
2 3	contingent liability plan.
24	2. A post-loss assessment plan insurer is one which
2 5	depends in whole or substantial part on regular or special
26	assessments levied upon its members after a loss or series
27	of losses for payment of losses and expenses. /post-loss
2 8	assessment plan insurer may collect from each member such
2 9	initial amount as it may deem proper prior to or at the time
30	of the effectuation of the member's insurance. Future regular
31	or special assessments may be secured by use of a premium note
32	signed by the policyholder.
33	3. An advance assessment plan insurer shall by its
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.

bylaws and policies fix the contingent mutual liability of 1 its members for the payment of losses and expenses not pro-2 3 vided for by its cash funds; but such contingent liability 4 of a member shall not be less than 1 or more than 6 times 5 the advance assessment for the member's policy at the annual 6 advance assessment rate for a term of one year. Such an 7 advance assessment plan insurer may issue both assessable 8 and non-assessable advance cash premium policies. Any assess-9 ment, special or regular, levied under the contingent liability 10 provisions of this chapter shall be for the exclusive benefit 11 of the holders of policies subject to assessment, and such 12 policyholders shall not be liable to an assessment in an 13 amount greater in proportion to the total deficiency than 14 the ratio that the deficiency attributable to the assessable 15 business bears to the total deficiency.

16 4. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to prohibit
17 the acquisition, accumulation and maintenance of surplus and
18 unallocated funds.

- 19
- 20

§ 3604. Insuring powers; reinsurance

1. An assessment plan insurer shall have authority to
 transact, and shall transact only such insurance as is permit ted by its charter and by its certificate of authority.

24 2. Any such insurer shall have power to cede reinsurance 25 of any risk or part thereof which it is authorized to insure 26 direct; and shall have power to accept reinsurance from other 27 domestic assessment plan insurers of any risk which it has 28 authority to insure direct.

29

30 § 3605. Formation of new assessment plan insurers
31 Assessment plan insurers shall hereafter be formed under
32 the applicable provisions of sections 3306 (incorporation of

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domestic stock, mutual insurers) throagh 3309 (completion of incorporation; general powers, duties) of this TitTe; except, that the certificate of organization of the corporation shall stipulate that the corporation is formed to transact insurance on the assessment plan, and other provisions contained in the certificate shall be consistent with the applicable provisions of this chapter.

8

9

§ 3606. Certificate of authority required

No such insurer shall transact insurance in this State
except as authorized by a subsisting certificate of authority
.issued to the insurer by the commissioner.

13

14

§ 3607. Capital funds required - Existing insurers

15 1. A mutual assessment insurer heretofore organized to
16 transact and transacting only fire, marine and glass insurance
17 shall not have a net retention of liability on any one risk
18 in excess of \$200 until its gross assets exceed \$2,000, after
19 which its net retention of liability on every-risk-shall-not20 exceed-10% of its gross assets, including the amount at any21 time due on-its premium notes.

22 2. Mutual insurers organized prior to January 1968 to transact and transacting kinds of insurance other than 23 fire, marine and glass shall have a guaranty capital fund 24 in amount not less than as required under laws in force 25 26 immediately prior to the effective date of this Act, and if organized on or after January 1, 1968, shall have guaranty 27 capital funds of not less than \$500,000. Such an insurer 28 shall not be authorized to transact insurance until at least 29 one-fourth of its guaranty capital funds have been paid in, 30 31 in cash, and invested in such manner as is provided in chapter 13 of_this_Title. 32

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If an insurer operating under this section fails to
 comply with the commissioner's request to increase its paid-in
 guaranty capital funds within the amount otherwise required
 by law, it shall cease to write any class or kind of insurance
 other than fire, marine or glass until such time as the com missioner's request has been complied with.

7 4. Except as hereinabove provided, all such insurers
8 holding subsisting certificates of authority immediately prior
9 to the effective date of this Act may continue to be so author10 ized as long as qualified for such authority as under laws in
11 force immediately prior to such effective date.

- 12
- 13

§ 3608. Capital funds required - New mutual assessment insurers

14 A mutual insurer hereafter organized to transact property 15 insurance on the assessment plan shall not be authorized to 16 transact insurance unless it:

Establishes and maintains guaranty capital funds
 50,000,
 of at least \$25,000, all of which shall have been paid in,
 in cash, and

20 2. Receives not less than 25 bona fide written applications 21 from not less than 25 persons for insurance of the kind proposed 22 to be transacted, of not less than \$100,000 in amount at risk 23 as to principal hazards to be insured, and

3. Receives or collects the initial payment on the premium for the insurance applied for, together with such premium
notes as it is contemplated to use in connection with applications for insurance in general, and

28 4. Is otherwise qualified for such authority under this
29 chapter.

30

31 § 3609. <u>New assessment plan insurers - Conversion</u>
32 Mutual insurers hereafter organized to transact insurance

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1 on the assessment plan shall not be authorized to transact 2 any kind of insurance other than property insurance, or to 3 transact insurance of any kind on the cash premium plan, 4 unless the insurer qualifies for such authority in accord-5 ance with the requirements of domestic mutual insurers hereafter organized under chapter 47 (organization, corporate 6 7 powers, procedures of domestic legal reserve stock and mutual 8 insurers) of this Title, and by appropriate amendment to its 9 certificate of organization converts to such a legal reserve 10 insurer. 11 12 § 3610. Guaranty capital shares; dividends, investment, deposit, voting rights 13 1. Where the insurer is permitted or required to have 14 guaranty capital shares such capital shall be divided into 15 shares of \$100 each and certificates shall be issued therefor. 16 The holders of guaranty capital shares may receive 2. dividends not exceeding 7% in any one calendar year from the 17 18 net earnings of the insurer after providing for all expenses, 19 losses, reserves and liabilities then incurred. 20 3. Guaranty capital resulting from shares shall be invested in such manner as is provided in chapter 13 of this 21 22< Title. 23 Guaranty capital shareholders and members of the 4. insurer shall be subject to the same provisions of law rela-24 25 tive to their right to vote as apply respectively to stock-26 holders in stock insurers and policyholders in purely mutual 27 insurers. 28 **2**9 § 3611. Guaranty capital shares - Increase of paid-in capital 30 If an insurer heretofore or hereafter has been authorized 31 to transact insurance upon the basis of guaranty capital 32 shares not 100% paid-in, the unpaid portion of such guaranty

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or so much thereof as the commissioner deems necessary, shall
 be paid in at such times as in the opinion of the commissioner
 is necessary for the adequate protection of the policyholders.

4 5

§ 3612. <u>Guaranty capital shares - Deficiency and</u> <u>assessment</u>

6 When the cash and other available assets of an insurer 7 with guaranty capital shares are exhausted, such part of the 8 guaranty capital fund as may be required shall, with the approval of the commissioner, be drawn and used to pay losses 9 10 then due. When such fund is so drawn upon, the directors of 11 the insurer shall make good the amount so drawn by assessor in, borrowed funds as provided for under Section 34/15; ments upon the contingent funds or notes of the insurer; and 12 13 unless such fund is restored within 6 months from the date of withdrawal, the holders of guaranty fund shares shall be 14 15 assessed in proportion to the amount of such shares owned by them for the purpose of restoring such capital. 16

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§ 3613. Guaranty capital shares - Retirement

19 Guaranty capital shares may be retired by vote of the 20 policyholders of the insurer when the insurer's surplus, over and above all liabilities including guaranty capital, equals 21 or exceeds the amount of the guaranty capital shares. The 22 23 guaranty capital shares may be retired in part when the insurer's remaining net surplus and guaranty fund will not 24 25 thereby be reduced below the amount of original guaranty 26 capital. The guaranty capital shares shall be retired when-27 the-insurer's net cash assets are equal-to-3-times the amount 28 of guaranty capital.

29

30 § 3614. Notice of contingent liability; reduction
31 Where contingent liability of policyholders is provided
32 for, notice of the existence of such liability shall be plainly
33 and legibly given in each policy. Whenever any reduction is

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made in the contingent liability of members, the reduction 1 shall apply proportionally to all policies in force. $\mathbf{2}$ 3 Delivery, acceptance of policy § 3615. 4 5 The delivery of the policy to the insured and payment by the insured of the initial charge, shall be deemed an 6 acceptance of the contract. 7 8 Assessment - Remedy if not paid 9 § 3616. If any lawful assessment is not paid within 30 days 10 11 after written demand by the insurer or its agent, the direc-12tors may declare the policy suspended until the assessment 13 is paid or may at their option sue for and collect the 14 amount due on such assessment. Mailing such demand addressed to the insured at his address last of record with the insurer, 15 16 or delivering it to him in hand by an authorized agent or officer of the insurer, shall be deemed conclusive proof 17 that demand has been duly made. 18 19 Assessment - Court review; adjustment of claims where no assessment made $\mathbf{20}$ § 3617. 21 1. Whenever the directors of a mutual assessment 22 insurer make an assessment or call on its members for money, 23 or by vote determine that there exists a necessity for such $\mathbf{24}$ assessment or call, they, or any person interested in the 25 insurer as an officer, policyholder or creditor, may file 26 in the superior court in any county, a complaint praying 27 the court to examine the assessment or call or to determine 28 the necessity therefor and all matters connected therewith, 29 and to ratify, amend or annul the assessment or call or to 30 order that the same be made as law and justice may require. 31 2. The decision on such complaint, when filed by any 32 party except the insurer, or a receiver, or the commissioner,

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1 shall rest in the discretion of the court.

7	Shall lest in the discretion of the court.
2	3. Whenever the directors unreasonably neglect to
3	make an assessment or call to satisfy an admitted or ascer-
4	tained claim upon the insurer, any judgment creditor, or any
5	person holding such admitted or ascertained claim, or the
6	commissioner may make the application. Upon such applica-
7	tion, if made by the directors, or upon order of court if
8	made by application of any other party, the directors shall
9	set forth the claims against the insurer, its assets and all
10	other facts and particulars appertaining to the matter.
11	
12	§ 3618. <u>Same - Order of notice to parties</u> interested, and proceedings
13	The court before which the complaint described in
14	section 3617 of this chapter is filed shall order notice to
15	all parties interested, by publication or otherwise. Upon
16	the return thereof, the court shall proceed to examine the
17	assessment or call, the necessity therefor and all matters
18	connected therewith. Any parties interested may appear and
19	be heard thereon, and alí questions that may arise shall be
2 0	heard and determined as in other civil actions in which
2 1	equitable relief is sought. The court may refer the appor-
22	tionment or calculation to any competent person, and upon
23	the examination may ratify, amend or annul the assessment or
2 4	call, or order one to be made. In case the assessment or
25	call is altered or amended, or one is ordered, the directors
2 6	shall forthwith proceed to vote the same in legal form and
27	the record of such vote shall be set forth in a supplemental
2 8	answer.
29	

30 § 3619. Same - Proceedings before master or auditor
 31 Whenever the court appoints a master or auditor to make
 32 the apportionment or calculation for an assessment, such

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master or auditor shall appoint a time and place to hear all 1 2 parties interested in the assessment or call, and shall give personal notice thereof, in writing, to the commissioner, 3 and through the post office or in such other manner as the 4 court directs, so far as he is able, to all persons liable 5 upon the assessment or call. The auditor or master shall 6 7 hear the parties and make report to the court of all his doings respecting such assessment or call and all matters 8 9 connected therewith, and all parties interested in such 10 report or assessment have a right to be heard by the court respecting the same, in the same manner as is provided. 11 12

13

§ 3620. Same - When assessment final; costs; control of funds and payment of assessments

When an assessment or call has been ratified, 14 1. 15 ascertained or established as provided for in sections 3617 to 3619 of this chapter, a decree shall be entered which 16 17 shall be final and conclusive upon the insurer and all 18 parties liable to the assessment or call as to the necessity of the same, the authority of the insurer to make or collect 19 $\mathbf{20}$ it, the amount thereof and all formalities connected there-21 with. Where an assessment or call is altered or amended by 22 vote of directors and decree of the court thereon, such 23 amended or altered assessment or call is binding upon all parties who would have been liable under it as originally $\mathbf{24}$ 25 made, and in all legal proceedings shall be held to be such 26 original assessment or call.

27 2. All proceedings shall be at the cost of the insurer,28 unless the court for cause otherwise orders.

3. In all cases the court may control the disposal of
the funds collected under these proceedings, and may issue
all necessary processes to enforce the payment of such assessments against all persons liable therefor.

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§ 3621. Same - Assessment not sufficient; collection stayed by court

Whenever it shall appear to the court before which the 2 complaint provided for in section 3617 of this chapter is 3 pending, that the net proceeds of any assessment or call 4 will not be sufficient to furnish substantial relief to 5 6 those having claims against the insurer, it may decree that 7 no assessment shall be collected. When, on application of 8 the commissioner or any person interested, the court is of opinion that further attempts to collect an assessment then 9 10 partially collected will not benefit those having claims against the insurer, it may stay its further collection. 11 12

13

§ 3622. Nonassessable policies; assessable, nonassessable liability

A mutual insurer heretofore formed and transacting 14 1. 15 insurance under this chapter may issue nonassessable advance cash premium policies in this State upon compliance with 16 17 either of the following requirements; notwithstanding any special law or charter previously enacted by the Legislature -18 Surplus. The insurer shall have and maintain a 19 Α. **2**0 surplus to policyholders, as determined by its last annual statement filed with the commissioner, of not less than 21 \$100,000, or 22

B. <u>Surplus and uncarned premium reserve</u>. The insurer shall have and maintain a surplus to policyholders, as determined by its latest annual statement filed with the commissioner, of not less than \$75,000, provided its uncarned premium reserve is at all times less than its surplus to policyholders.

29 2. If such an insurer, after qualifying to issue a
30 nonassessable cash premium policy, fails to maintain one of
31 the above requirements it shall cease to issue a nonassess32 able policy until it has again met and maintained the

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1 requirements for a period of one year.

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§ 3623. Limit of risk

Except as provided in subsection 1 of section 3607 4 1. 5 Tof this chapter, an insurer shall not retain liability as to any one risk in an amount exceeding 10% of its gross assets, 6 including the amount at any time due on its premium notes. 7 Valid reinsurance ceded by the insurer and then in 8 2. 9 force shall be deducted from the gross risk assumed in determining net risk retained. 10

- 11
- 12

§ 3624. Unearned premium reserve

An insurer which collects a cash premium or advance
assessment shall maintain an unearned premium reserve equal
to 50% of the cash premium or advance assessment on its
policies in force.

17

18

§ 3625. Directors' residence, compensation

A majority of the board of directors of the insurer
 shall be residents of and actually reside in, this State.

21 2. The salary or compensation for services of the
22 directors of the insurer shall be fixed by the policyholders
23 at their annual meeting.

 $\mathbf{24}$

25

§ 3626. Annual statement by directors

)

The directors of every insurer shall cause a detailed account of its expenses for the year preceding, the amount of property actually insured at that time, the amount due on its premium notes and the amount of all debts due to and from the insurer to be laid before the policyholders at the annual meeting.

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1	§ 3627. Agents; liability
2	Any person who solicits insurance on behalf of any
3	insurer or transmits for a person other than himself an appli-
4	cation for, or a policy of, insurance to or from such insurer,
5	or in any manner acts in the negotiation of such insurance,
6	or in the inspection or valuation of the property insured
7	shall be deemed the agent of the insurer, and except as other-
8	wise provided shall become liable to all the duties,
9	requirements, liabilities and penalties to which an agent of
10	any insurer is subject.
11	
12	§ 3628. Agents - Licensing
13	All agents of insurers subject to this chapter shall
14	be subject to the applicable requirements of chapter 17
15	(agents, brokers, consultants, adjusters) of this Title,
16	except that:
17	1. No personal examination shall be required of the
18	applicant and no examination fee shall be charged, as to an las an agent dan unsure writing insurance coldy
19	applicant for an agont's license only for the sale of insur-
20	anco-written on the assessment plan, for the effective date of this and the applicant of the advice of officer of such maarin.
(was) 21	2. No fee shall be required by the commissioner for to any individual referred to in 1, above, as agent of such an
22	license as resident agent issued as to any mutual assessment
23	insurer.
24	
25	§ 3629. Other provisions applicable
26	The following chapters and provisions of this Title,
27	where and to the extent not inconsistent with the provisions
28	of this chapter and the reasonable implications thereof, also
29	apply as to domestic mutual assessment insurers which are
30	subject to this chapter:
31	1. Chapter 1 (general definitions and provisions).
32	2. Chapter 3 (the insurance commissioner), except that

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an insurer transacting insurance only on the assessment plan
 shall not be subject to section 228 (examination expense), of
 3 this Title, and shall not be required to pay the expense of
 4 examination of the insurer.

5 3. Chapter 5 (authorization of insurers and general
6 requirements), except that the following sections or provi7 sions shall not apply:

A. Section 410 (capital funds required);

8

9 B. Section 411 (insuring combinations without additional
10 capital funds);

11 C. Section 413 (application for certificate of authority), 12 to the extent that payment is required of a fee for application 13 for or issuance of a certificate of authority of an insurer 14 transacting insurance on the assessment plan only.

D. Section 415 (continuance, expiration, reinstatement of certificate of authority), to the extent that payment of fee for continuance of certificate of authority is required of an insurer transacting insurance on the assessment plan only.

E. Section 423 (annual statement), to the extent that payment of a fee for filing the annual statement is required of an insurer transacting insurance on the assessment plan only.

4. Chapter 7 (fees and taxes), except as otherwise
expressly provided in this chapter, and that no fee shall
be charged for the certificate of authority of an insurer
transacting insurance on the assessment plan only.

28 5. Chapter 9 (kinds of insurance), except the follow29 ing sections:

A. Section 702 ('life insurance'' defined);
B. Section 709 (''title insurance'' defined).
C. Section 721 (limits of risk).

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The following sections of chapter 11 (assets and 1 6. liabilities): 2 3 Α. Section 901 ("assets defined); 4 Β. Section 902 (assets not allowed); с. Section 922 (disallowance of wash" transactions); 5 6 and 7 D. Sections 981 through 984 (valuation of assets). Chapter 13 (investments). 8 7. Chapter 15 (administration of deposits). 9 8. 10 9. Chapter 17 (agents, brokers, consultants, adjusters). Chapter 23 (trade practices and frauds). 11 10. 11. Chapter 25 (rates and rating organizations), except 12as provided in such chapter 25. 13 Chapter 27 (the insurance contract); except that 14 12. section 2415 (charter, bylaw provisions) shall not apply as 15 to insurance written on the mutual assessment plan. 16 13. Chapter 39 (casualty insurance contracts). 17 14. Chapter 41 (property insurance contracts). 18 Chapter 43 (surety insurance contracts). 19 15. 20 16. Chapter 47 (organization, corporate powers, proce- $\mathbf{21}$ dures of domestic legal reserve stock and mutual insurers), 22 except as to the following sections: Sections 3352 through 3358 (initial qualification, 23 $\mathbf{24}$ qualifying applications for insurance, guaranty capital, and related subjects); and 25 Sections 3364 through 3367 (provisions relative to $\mathbf{26}$ в. contingent liability and nonassessable policies). 27 28 17. Chapter 49 (continuity of management). Chapter 5% (delinquent insurers; rehabilitation and $\mathbf{29}$ 18. liquidation). 30 19. Chapter 67 (transitory provisions). 31

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Chap. 53 RECIPROCAL INSURERS

1	CHAPTER 53. RECIPROCAL INSURERS
2	§ 3851. "Reciprocal" insurance defined
3	"Reciprocal" insurance is that resulting from an
4	interchange among persons, known as "subscribers," of recip-
5	rocal agreements of indemnity, the interchange being
6	effectuated through an "attorney-in-fact" common to all such
7	persons.
8	§ 3852. Scope of chapterexisting insurers
9	1. All authorized reciprocal insurers shall be
10	governed by those sections of this chapter not expressly
11	made applicable to domestic reciprocals.
12	2. Existing authorized reciprocal insurers shall
13	after the effective date of this Act comply with the provi-
14	sions of this chapter, and shall make such amendments to
15	their subscribers' agreement, power of attorney, policies
16	and other documents and accounts and perform such other acts
17	as may be required for such compliance.
18	§ 3853. Insuring powers of reciprocals
19	1. A reciprocal insurer may, upon qualifying
20	therefor as provided for by this title, transact any kind or
21	kinds of insurance defined by this title, other than life or
22	title insurances.
2 3	2. Such an insurer may purchase reinsurance upon
24	the risk of any subscribor, and may grant reinsurance as to
25	any kind of insurance it is authorized to transact direct.
26	§ 3854. Name, suits
27	A reciprocal insurer shall:
28	1. Have and use a business name. The name shall
29	include the word "reciprocal," or "interinsurer," or "inter-
30	insurance," or "exchange," or "underwriters," or "underwrit-
31	ing," or "association."

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2. Sue and be sued in its own name. 1 2 § 3855. Attorney Attorney", as used in this chapter, refers 1. 3 to the attorney-in-fact of a reciprocal insurer. The attorney 4 may be an individual, firm or corporation. 5 The attorney of a foreign reciprocal insurer, 6 2. which insurer is duly authorized to transact insurance in this 7 State, shall not, by virtue of discharge of its duties as such 8 attorney with respect to the insurer's transactions in this 9 10 State, be thereby deemed to be doing business in this State within the meaning of any laws of this State applying to 11 12foreign persons, firms or corporations. The subscribers and the attorney-in-fact com-13 3. prise a reciprocal insurer and a single entity for the 14 purposes of chapter 7 of this Title as to all operations under 15 the insurer's certificate of authority. 16 § 3856. Organization of reciprocal insurer 17 18 1. Twenty-five or more persons domiciled in this 19 State may organize a domestic reciprocal insurer and make 20 application to the commissioner for a certificate of authority 21 to transact insurance. 22 The proposed attorney shall fulfill the require-2. 23 ments of and shall execute and file with the commissioner when 24 applying for a certificate of authority, a declaration setting 25 forth: Α. 26 The name of the insurer; 27 Β. The location of the insurer's principal office, 28 which shall be the same as that of the attorney and shall be 29 maintained within this State; 30 с. The kinds of insurance proposed to be trans-31 acted; 32 The names and addresses of the original D.

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1 subscribers;

E. The designation and appointment of the proposed attorney and a copy of the power of attorney;

F. The names and addresses of the officers and
directors of the attorney, if a corporation, or its members,
if a firm;

G. The powers of the subscribers' advisory committee; and the names and terms of office of the members
thereof;

H. That all monies paid to the reciprocal shall,
after deducting therefrom any sum payable to the attorney, be
held in the name of the insurer and for the purposes specified
in the subscribers' agreement;

14 I. A statement that each of the original subscrib-15 ers has in good faith applied for insurance of a kind 16 proposed to be transacted, and that the insurer has received 17 from each such subscriber the full premium or premium deposit 18 required for the policy applied for, for a term of not less 19 than 6 months at an adequate rate theretofore filed with and 20 approved by the commissioner;

J. A statement of the financial condition of the insurer, a schedule of its assets, and a statement that the surplus as required by section 410 of this Title is on hand; and

25 K. A copy of each policy, endorsement and appli26 cation form it then proposes to issue or use.

27 The declaration shall be acknowledged by the attor28 ney in the manner required for the acknowledgment of deeds.
29 § 3857. Certificate of authority

The certificate of authority of a reciprocal
 insurer shall be issued to its attorney in the name of the
 insurer.

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2. The commissioner may refuse, suspend or revoke 1 the certificate of authority, in addition to other grounds 2 therefor, for failure of the attorney to comply with any ap-3 plicable provision of this Title. 4 ,§ 3858. Power of attorney 5 The rights and powers of the attorney of a 6 1. 7 reciprocal insurer shall be as provided in the power of attor-8 ney given it by the subscribers. 2. The power of attorney must set forth: 9 The powers of the attorney; 10 Α. Is & Dequestic receiver surver B. That the attorney is empowered to accept ser-11 vice of process on behalf of the insurer in actions against 12 the insurer upon contracts exchanged; 13 14 с. The general services to be performed by the 15 attorney; The maximum amount to be deducted from advance D. 16 17 premiums or deposits to be paid to the attorney and the general. items of expense in addition to losses, to be paid by the in-18 19 surer; and 20 Except as to nonassessable policies, a provi-Ε. 21 sion for a contingent several liability of each subscriber in 22 a specified amount which amount shall be not less than one nor 23 more than 10 times the premium or premium deposit stated in the 24 policy. 25 3. The power of attorney may: Provide for the right of substitution of the 26 Α. 27 attorney and revocation of the power of attorney and rights 28 thereunder; 29 в. Impose such restrictions upon the exercise of 30 the power as are agreed upon by the subscribers; C. Provide for the exercise of any right reserved 31 32 to the subscribers directly or through their advisory committee;

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1 and

2 D. Contain other lawful provisions deemed advis-3 able.

4 4. The terms of any power of attorney or agree5 ment collateral thereto shall be reasonable and equitable,
6 and no such power or agreement shall be used or be effective
7 in this State until approved by the commissioner.

§ 3859. Modifications

9 Modifications of the terms of the subscribers' 10 agreement or of the power of attorney of a domestic reciprocal 11 insurer shall be made jointly by the attorney and the sub-12 scribers' advisory committee. No such modification shall be 13 effective retroactively, nor as to any insurance contract 14 issued prior thereto.

15

8

§ 3860. Attorney's bond

1. Concurrently with the filing of the declara-16 tion provided for in section 3856 of this Title, the attorney 17 of a domestic reciprocal insurer shall file with the commis-18 sioner a bond in favor of this State for the benefit of all 19 persons damaged as a result of breach by the attorney of the 20 conditions of his bond as set forth in subsection 2 hereof. 21 22 The bond shall be executed by the attorney and by an author-23 ized corporate surety, and shall be subject to the commis-24 sioner's approval.

25 2. The bond shall be in the penal sum of \$25,000, 26 aggregate in form, conditioned that the attorney will faith-27 fully account for all monies and other property of the insurer 28 coming into his hands, and that he will not withdraw or appro-29 priate to his own use from the funds of the insurer, any 30 monies or property to which he is not entitled under the power 31 of attorney.

32

3. The bond shall provide that it is not subject

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to cancellation unless 30 days' advance notice in writing of
 cancellation is given both the attorney and the commissioner.

3

§ 3861. Deposit in lieu of bond

4 In lieu of the bond required under section 3860 cf this chapter, the attorney may maintain on deposit with the 6 Treasurer of State through the office of the commissioner, 7 a like amount in cash or in value of securities qualified under 8 this Title as insurers' investments, and subject to the same 9 conditions as the bond.

10

§ 3862. Action on bond

Action on the attorney's bond or to recover against 11 any such deposit made in lieu thereof may be brought at any 12 time by one or more subscribers suffering loss through a vio-13 lation of its conditions, or by a receiver or liquidator of 14 the insurer. Amounts recovered on the bond shall be deposited 15 in and become part of the insurer's funds. The total aggregate 16 liability of the surety shall be limited to the amount of the 17 penalty of such bond. 18

19

s 3863. Service of process--judgment

Legal process shall be served upon a domestic
 reciprocal insurer by serving the insurer's attorney at his
 principal offices or by serving the commissioner as the
 insurer's process agent under sections 421 and 422 of this Title.

25 2. Any judgment based upon legal process so served 26 shall be binding upon each of the insurer's subscribers as 27 their respective interests may appear, but in an amount not 28 exceeding their respective contingent liabilities, if any, the 29 same as though personal service of process was had upon each 30 such subscriber.

31 § 3864. Contributions to insurer

32

The attorney or other parties may advance to a

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1 domestic reciprocal insurer upon reasonable terms such funds 2 as it may require from time to time in its operations. Sums 3 so advanced shall not be treated as a liability of the insurer, 4 and, except upon liquidation of the insurer, shall not be withdrawn or repaid except out of the insurer's realized 5 6 earned surplus in excess of its minimum required surplus. No 7 such withdrawal or repayment shall be made without the advance approval of the commissioner. This section does not apply to 8 9 bank loans, or to other loans made upon security. § 3865. Financial condition--method of determining 10 In determining the financial condition of a recip-11 rocal insurer the commissioner shall apply the following rules: 12 1. He shall charge as liabilities the same 13 14 reserves as are required of incorporated insurers issuing nonassessable policies on a reserve basis. 15 The surplus deposits of subscribers shall be 16 2. 17 allowed as assets, except that any premium deposits delin-

18 quent for 90 days shall first be charged against such surplus 19 deposit.

20 3. The surplus deposits of subscribers shall not21 be charged as a liability.

4. All premium deposits delinquent less than 90days shall be allowed as assets.

24 5. An assessment levied upon subscribers, and not
25 collected, shall not be allowed as an asset.

26 6. The contingent liability of subscribers shall27 not be allowed as an asset.

7. The computation of reserves shall be based upon
premium deposits other than membership fees and without any
deduction for expenses and the compensation of the attorney.
§ 3866. Who may be subscribers

32

Individuals, partnerships, and corporations of this

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State may make application, enter into agreement for and hold 1 policies or contracts in or with and be a subscriber of any 2 domestic, foreign, or alien reciprocal insurer. Any corpor-3 ation now or hereafter organized under the laws of this State 4 shall, in addition to the rights, powers, and franchises speci-5 fied in its articles of incorporation, have full power and 6 authority as a subscriber to exchange insurance contracts 7 8 through such reciprocal insurer. The right to exchange such 9 contracts is hereby declared to be incidental to the purposes 10 for which such corporations are organized and to be as fully 11 granted as the rights and powers expressly conferred upon such 12 corporations. Government or governmental agencies, state or 13 political subdivisions thereof, boards, associations, estates, 14 trustees or fiduciaries are authorized to exchange nonassessable 15 reciprocal interinsurance contracts with each other and with 16 individuals, partnerships and corporations to the same extent 17 that individuals, partnerships and corporations are herein 18 authorized to exchange reciprocal interinsurance contracts. 19 Any officer, representative, trustee, receiver, or legal repre-20 sentative of any such subscriber shall be recognized as acting 21 for or on its behalf for the purpose of such contract but shall 22 not be personally liable upon such contract by reason of acting 23 in such representative capacity.

24

32

§ 3867. Subscribers' advisory committee

The advisory committee of a domestic reciprocal
 insurer exercising the subscribers' rights shall be selected
 under such rules as the subscribers adopt.

28 2. Not less than 2/3 of such committee shall be 29 subscribers other than the attorney, or any person employed 30 by, representing, or having a financial interest in the 31 attorney.

3. The committee shall:

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A. Supervise the finances of the insurer;
 B. Supervise the insurer's operations to such
 extent as to assure conformity with the subscribers' agree ment and power of attorney;

5 C. Procure the audit of the accounts and records 6 of the insurer and of the attorney at the expense of the 7 insurer; and

8 D. Have such additional powers and functions as
9 may be conferred by the subscribers' agreement.

10

§ 3868. Subscribers' liability

The liability of each subscriber, other than
 as to a nonassessable policy, for the obligations of the
 reciprocal insurer shall be an individual, several and pro portionate liability, and not joint.

15 Except as to a nonassessable policy, each sub-2. 16. scriber shall have a contingent assessment liability, in the 17 amount provided for in the power of attorney or in the sub-18 scribers' agreement, for payment of actual losses and expenses 19 incurred while his policy was in force. Such contingent lia-20 bility may be at the rate of not less than one nor more than 21 10 times the premium or premium deposit stated in the policy, 22 and the maximum aggregate thereof shall be computed in the manner set forth in section 3872 of this chapter. 23

24 3. Each assessable policy issued by the insurer
25 shall contain a statement of the contingent liability, set in
26 type of the same prominence as the insuring clause.

27

§ 3869. Subscribers' liability on judgment

No action shall lie against any subscriber upon
 any obligation claimed against the insurer until a final judg ment has been obtained against the insurer and remains unsatis fied for 30 days.

32

2. Any such judgment shall be binding upon each

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subscriber only in such proportion as his interests may appear
 and in amount not exceeding his contingent liability, if any.

3

§ 3870. Assessments

Assessments may from time to time be levied
 upon subscribers of a domestic reciprocal insurer liable
 therefor under the terms of their policies by the attorney
 upon approval in advance by the subscribers' advisory com mittee and the commissioner; or by the commissioner in
 liquidation of the insurer.

Each subscriber's share of a deficiency for 10 2. which an assessment is made, but not exceeding in any event 11 12 his aggregate contingent liability as computed in accordance with section 3872 of this chapter, shall be computed by apply-13 ing to the premium earned on the subscriber's policy or 14 15 policies during the period to be covered by the assessment, 16 the ratio of the total deficiency to the total premiums earned 17 during such period upon all policies subject to the assessment.

18 3. In computing the earned premiums for the pur19 poses of this section, the gross premium received by the
20 insurer for the policy shall be used as a base, deducting
21 therefrom solely charges not recurring upon the renewal or
22 extension of the policy.

4. No subscriber shall have an offset against any
assessment for which he is liable, on account of any claim for
unearned premium or losses payable.

26

§ 3871. Time limit for assessments

Every subscriber of a domestic reciprocal insurer having contingent liability shall be liable for, and shall pay his share of any assessment, as computed and limited in accordance with this chapter, if:

31 1. While his policy is in force or within 1 year
32 after its termination, he is notified by either the attorney

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1 or the commissioner of his intentions to levy such assessment, 2 or

3 2. If an order to show cause why a receiver, con4 servator, rehabilitator or liquidator of the insurer should
5 not be appointed is issued while his policy is in force or
6 within 1 year after its termination.

7

§ 3872. Aggregate liability

8 No one policy or subscriber as to such policy, shall 9 be assessed or charged with an aggregate of contingent lia-10 bility as to obligations incurred by a domestic reciprocal 11 insurer in any one calendar year, in excess of the amount pro-12 vided for in the power of attorney or in the subscribers' 13 agreement, computed solely upon premium earned on such policy 14 during that year.

15

§ 3873. Nonassessable policies

1. 16 If a reciprocal insurer has a surplus of 17 assets over all liabilities at least equal to the minimum 18 capital stock and surplus required to be maintained by a domes-19 tic stock insurer authorized to transact like kinds of 20 insurance, upon application of the attorney and as approved 21 by the subscribers' advisory committee the commissioner shall 22 issue his certificate authorizing the insurer to extinguish 23 the contingent liability of subscribers under its policies 24 then in force in this State, and to omit provisions imposing 25 contingent liability in all policies delivered or issued for 26 delivery in this State for so long as all such surplus remains 27 unimpaired.

28 2. Upon impairment of such surplus, the commis-29 sioner shall forthwith revoke the certificate. Such revocation 30 shall not render subject to contingent liability any policy 31 then in force and for the remainder of the period for which 32 the premium has theretofore been paid; but after such revocation

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no policy shall be issued or renewed without providing for
 contingent assessment liability of the subscriber.

The Commissioner shall not authorize a domes-3 3. 4 tic reciprocal insurer so to extinguish the contingent liability of any of its subscribers or in any of its policies 5 to be issued, unless it qualified to and does extinguish such 6 liability of all its subscribers and in all such policies for 7 all kinds of insurance transacted by it. Except, that if 8 9 required by the laws of another state in which the insurer 10 is transacting insurance as an authorized insurer, the insurer 11 may issue policies providing for the contingent liability of 12 such of its subscribers as may acquire such policies in such state, and need not extinguish the contingent liability appli-13 14 cable to policies theretofore in force in such state.

15

§ 3874. Subscribers' share in assets

16 Upon the liquidation of a domestic reciprocal 17 insurer, its assets remaining after discharge of its indebt-18 edness and policy obligations, the return of any contributions 19 of the attorney or other persons to its surplus, and the return 20 of any unused premium, savings, or credits then standing on subscribers' accounts, shall be distributed to its subscribers 21 22 who were such within the 12 months prior to the last termina-23 tion of its certificate of authority, according to such reason-24 able formula as the commissioner may approve.

25

§ 3875. Merger or conversion

1. A domestic reciprocal insurer upon affirmative vote of not less than 2/3 of its subscribers who vote on such merger pursuant to due notice and the approval of the commissioner of the terms therefor, may merge with another reciprocal insurer or be converted to a stock or mutual insurer.

31 2. Such a stock or mutual insurer shall be subject
32 to the same capital or surplus requirements and shall have the

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same rights as a like domestic insurer transacting like kinds
 of insurance.

3 3. The commissioner shall not approve any plan 4 for such merger or conversion which is inequitable to subscribers, or which, if for conversion to a stock insurer, does 5 6 not give each subscriber preferential right to acquire stock 7 of the proposed insurer proportionate to his interest in the 8 reciprocal insurer as determined in accordance with section 9 3874 of this chapter and a reasonable length of time within 10 which to exercise such right.

11

§ 3876. Impaired reciprocals

12 If the assets of a domestic reciprocal insurer 1. 13 are at any time insufficient to discharge its liabilities, 14 other than any liability on account of funds contributed by 15 the attorney or others, and to maintain the required surplus, its attorney shall forthwith make up the deficiency or levy an 16 assessment upon the subscribers for the amount needed to make 17 up the deficiency; but subject to the limitation set forth in 18 19 the power of attorney or policy.

20 2. If the attorney fails to make up such deficiency 21 or to make the assessment within 30 days after the commissioner 22 orders him to do so, or if the deficiency is not fully made up 23 within 60 days after the date the assessment was made, the 24 insurer shall be deemed insolvent and shall be proceeded 25 against as authorized by this Title.

3. If liquidation of such an insurer is ordered, an assessment shall be levied upon the subscribers for such an amount, subject to limits as provided by this chapter, as the commissioner determines to be necessary to discharge all liabilities of the insurer, exclusive of any funds contributed by the attorney or other persons, but including the reasonable cost of the liquidation. 1

CHAPTER 55. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES

2

§4101. Fraternal benefit societies defined

Any incorporated society, order or supreme 3 1. lodge, without capital stock, including one exempted under 4 the provisions of section 4142 cf-this-chapter, whether in-5 corporated or not, conducted solely for the benefit of its 6 7 members and their beneficiaries and not for profit, operated 8 on a lodge system with ritualistic form of work, having a 9 representative form of government, and which makes provision for the payment of benefits in accordance with this chapter, 10 11 is hereby declared to be a fraternal benefit society.

12 2. When used in this chapter the word "society,"
13 unless otherwise indicated, shall mean fraternal benefit society.

14

§ 4102. Lodge system defined

A society having a supreme legislative or governing body and subordinate lodges or branches by whatever name known, into which members are elected, initiated or admitted in accordance with its constitution, laws, ritual and rules, which subordinate lodges or branches shall be required by the laws of the society to hold regular meetings at least once in each month, shall be deemed to be operating on the lodge system.

22

§ 4103. Representative form of government defined

A society shall be deemed to have a representativeform of government when:

It provides in its constitution or laws for a
 supreme legislative or governing body, composed of representa tives elected either by the members or by delegates elected
 directly or indirectly by the members, together with such
 other members of such body as may be prescribed by the
 society's constitution and laws;

31

2. The representatives elected constitute a

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)

1 2 majority in number and have not less than 2/3 of the votes nor less than the votes required to amend its constitution and laws;

3 3. The meetings of the supreme legislative or gov4 erning body and the election of officers, representatives or
5 delegates are held as often as once in 4 calendar years;

6 4. The society has a board of directors charged 7 with the responsibility for managing its affairs in the interim 8 between meetings of its supreme legislative or governing body, 9 subject to control by such body and having powers and duties 10 delegated to it in the constitution or laws of the society;

Such board of directors is elected by the supreme
legislative or governing body, except in case of filling a
vacancy in the interim between meetings of such body;

14 6. The officers are elected either by the supreme
15 legislative governing body or by the board of directors; and

16 7. The members, officers, representatives or dele-17 gates shall not vote by proxy.

18

§ 4104. Organization

19 The organization of a society shall be governed as20 follows:

Seven or more citizens of the United States, a
 majority of whom are citizens of this State, who desire to form
 a fraternal benefit society, may make, sign and acknowledge
 before some officer competent to take acknowledgment of deeds,
 articles of incorporation, in which shall be stated:

A. The proposed corporate name of the society, which shall not so closely resemble the name of any society or insurance company as to be misleading or confusing;

B. The purposes for which it is being formed and the mode in which its corporate powers are to be exercised. Such purposes shall not include more liberal powers than are granted by this chapter, provided that any lawful, social,

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intellectual, educational, charitable, benevolent, moral, fra ternal or religious advantages may be set forth among the
 purposes of the society; and

The names and residences of the incorporators с. 4 and the names, residences and official titles of all the offi-5 cers, trustees, directors, or other persons who are to have and 6 7 exercise the general control of the management of the affairs and funds of the society for the first year or until the en-8 suing election at which all such officers shall be elected by 9 10 the supreme legislative or governing body, which election shall be held not later than 1 year from the date of the issuance of 11 12 the permanent certificate.

13 2. Such articles of incorporation, duly certified 14 copies of the constitution, laws and rules, copies of all proposed forms of certificates, applications therefor, and circu-15 lars to be issued by the society and a bond conditioned upon 16 17 the return to applicants of the advanced payments if the organi-18 zation is not completed within 1 year shall be filed with the 19 commissioner, who may require such further information as he 20 The bond with sureties approved by the deems necessary. 21 commissioner shall be in such amount, not less than \$5,000 22 nor more than \$25,000, as required by the commissioner. A11 23 documents filed are to be in the English language. If the $\mathbf{24}$ purposes of the society conform to the requirements of this 25 chapter and all provisions of the law have been complied with, 26 the commissioner shall so certify, retain and file the articles 27 of incorporation and furnish the incorporators a preliminary 28 certificate authorizing the society to solicit members as 29 hereinafter provided.

30 3. No preliminary certificate granted under the
31 provisions of this section shall be valid after 1 year from
32 its date or after such further period, not exceeding 1 year,

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1 as may be authorized by the commissioner upon cause shown, un-2 less the 500 applicants hereinafter required have been secured 3 and the organization has been completed as herein provided. 4 The articles of incorporation and all other proceedings there-5 under shall become null and void in 1 year from the date of the 6 preliminary certificate, or at the expiration of the extended 7 period, unless the society shall have completed its organiza-8 tion and received a certificate of authority to do business as hereinafter provided. 9

Upon receipt of a preliminary certificate from 10 4 11 the commissioner, the society may solicit members for the pur-12 pose of completing its organization, shall collect from each 13 applicant the amount of not less than 1 regular monthly premium in accordance with its table of rates as provided by its 14 15 constitution and laws, and shall issue to each such applicant 16 a receipt for the amount so collected. No society shall incur 17 any liability other than for the return of such advance pre-18 mium, nor issue any certificate, nor pay, allow, or offer or 19 promise to pay or allow, any death or disability benefit to 20 any person until:

A. Actual bona fide applications for death benefits have been secured aggregating at least \$500,000 on not less than 500 lives;

B. All such applicants for death benefits shall
have furnished evidence of insurability satisfactory to the
society;

27 C. Certificates of examinations or acceptable
28 declarations of insurability have been duly filed and approved
29 by the chief medical examiner of the society;

30 D. Ten subordinate lodges or branches have been
31 established into which the 500 applicants have been admitted;
32 E. There has been submitted to the commissioner,

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under oath of the president or secretary, or corresponding
 officer of the society, a list of such applicants, giving
 their names, addresses, date each was admitted, name and num ber of the subordinate branch of which each applicant is a
 member, amount of benefits to be granted and premiums there for; and

F. It shall have been shown to the commissioner 7 8 by sworn statement of the treasurer, or corresponding officer 9 of such society, that at least 500 applicants have each paid 10 in cash at least 1 regular monthly premium as herein provided, which premiums in the aggregate shall amount to at least 11 \$2,500, all of which shall be credited to the fund or funds 12 from which benefits are to be paid and no part of which may 13 be used for expenses. The advance premiums shall be held in 14 15 trust during the period of organization and if the society 16 has not qualified for a certificate of authority within 1 year, as herein provided, such premiums shall be returned to 17 18 the applicants.

19 5. The commissioner may make such examination and 20 require such further information as he deems advisable. Upon 21 presentation of satisfactory evidence that the society has 22 complied with all the provisions of law, he shall issue to 23 the society a certificate to that effect and that the society is authorized to transact business pursuant to the provisions 24 25 of this chapter. The certificate shall be prima facie evidence 26 of the existence of the society at the date of such certificate, 27 The commissioner shall cause a record of such certificate to be 28 made. A certified copy of such record may be given in evidence 29 with like effect as the original certificate.

30 6. Every society shall have the power to adopt a 31 constitution and laws for the government of the society, the 32 admission of its members, the management of its affairs and

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the fixing and readjusting of the rates of its members from time to time. It shall have the power to change, alter, add to or amend such constitution and laws and shall have such powers as are necessary and incidental to carrying into effect the objects and purposes of the society.

6

§ 4105. Corporate powers retained

7 Any incorporated society authorized to transact 8 business in this State at the time this chapter becomes effec-9 tive may thereafter exercise all the rights, powers and 10 privileges prescribed in this chapter and in its charter or 11 articles of incorporation as far as consistent with this chap-12 ter. A domestic society shall not be required to reincorporate.

13

§ 4106. Voluntary associations

No unincorporated or voluntary association shall be
permitted to transact business in this State as a fraternal
benefit society.

17

§ 4107. Location of office--place of meeting

18 The principal office of any domestic society shall 19 be located in this State. The meetings of its supreme legis-20 lative or governing body may be held in any state, district, 21 province or territory wherein such society has at least 5 22 subordinate branches and all business transacted at such meet-23 ings shall be as valid in all respects as if such meetings were 24 held in this State.

25

§ 4108. Consolidations and mergers

A domestic society may consolidate or merge with any other society by complying with the provisions of this section. It shall file with the commissioner:

A certified copy of the written contract con taining in full the terms and conditions of the consolidation
 or merger;

32

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2. A sworn statement by the president and secretary

1 or corresponding officers of each society showing the finan-2 cial condition thereof on a date fixed by the commissioner but 3 not earlier than December 31, next preceding the date of the 4 contract;

5 3. A certificate of such officers, duly verified 6 by their respective oaths, that the consolidation or merger 7 has been approved by a 2/3 vote of the supreme legislative or 8 governing body of each society; and

9 4. Evidence that at least 60 days prior to the 10 action of the supreme legislative or governing body of each 11 society, the text of the contract has been furnished to all 12 members of each society either by mail or by publication in 13 full in the official organ of each society.

If the commissioner finds that the contract is in 14 conformity with the provisions of this section, that the fi-15 16 nancial statements are correct and that the consolidation or merger is just and equitable to the members of each society, 17 18 he shall approve the contract and issue his certificate to 19 such effect. Upon such approval, the contract shall be in 20 full force and effect unless any society which is a party to 21 the contract is incorporated under the laws of any other state 22 or territory. In such event the consolidation or merger shall 23 not become effective unless and until it has been approved as $\mathbf{24}$ provided by the laws of such state or territory and a certi-25 ficate of such approval filed with the commissioner or, if the laws of such state or territory contain no such provision, then 26 the consolidation or merger shall not become effective unless 27 28 and until it has been approved by the commissioner of such 29 state or territory and a certificate of such approval filed 30 with the commissioner of this State.

31 Upon the consolidation or merger becoming effective
32 as herein provided, all the rights, franchises and interests

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1 of the consolidated or merged societies in and to every species 2 of property, real, personal or mixed, and things in action thereunto belonging shall be vested in the society resulting 3 from or remaining after the consolidation or merger without 4 5 any other instrument, except that conveyances of real property may be evidenced by proper deeds, and the title to any real 6 7 estate or interest therein, vested under the laws of this 8 State in any of the societies consolidated or merged, shall 9 not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the consoli-10 dation or merger, but shall vest absolutely in the society resulting from or remaining after such consolidation or merger. 11

12 The affidavit of any officer of the society or of 13 anyone authorized by it to mail any notice or document, stating 14 that such notice or document has been duly addressed and mailed, 15 shall be prima facie evidence that such notice or document has 16 been furnished the addressees.

17

§ 4109. Conversion of fraternal benefit society into mutual life insurance company

18 Any domestic fraternal benefit society may be con-19 verted and licensed as a mutual life insurance company by compliance with all the requirements of section 3352 of this Title 20 21 if such plan of conversion has been approved by the commissioner. 22 Such plan shall be prepared in writing setting forth in full the 23 terms and conditions thereof. The board of directors shall sub-24 mit such plan to the supreme legislative or governing body of such society at any regular or special meeting thereof by 25 giving a full, true and complete copy of such plan with the 26 27 notice of such meeting. Such notice shall be given as provided in the laws of the society for the convocation of a regular or 28 29 special meeting of such body, as the case may be. The affirmative vote of 2/3 of all members of such body shall be necessary 30 for the approval of such agreement. No such conversion shall 31 32 take effect unless and until approved by the commissioner

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who may give such approval if he finds that the proposed change
 is in conformity with the requirements of law and not prejudi cial to the certificate holders of the society.

4

§ 4110. Qualifications for membership

A society may admit to benefit membership any person 5 not less than 15 years of age, nearest birthday, who has fur-6 nished evidence of insurability acceptable to the society. Any 7 such member who shall apply for additional benefits more than 8 9 6 months after becoming a benefit member shall furnish addi-10 tional evidence of insurability acceptable to the society unless such additional benefits are issued pursuant to an exis-11 . 12 ting contract under the terms of which such member is entitled to purchase such additional benefits without furnishing evidence 13 of insurability. 14

Any person admitted prior to attaining the full age 15 of 21 years shall be bound by the terms of the application and 16 certificate and by all the laws and rules of the society and 17 shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges of member-18 19 ship therein to the same extent as though the age of majority 20 had been attained at the time of application. A society may 21 also admit general or social members who shall have no voice 22 or vote in the management of its insurance affairs.

23

§ 4111. Articles of incorporation, constitution and laws--amendments

24 A domestic society may amend its articles of incor-25 poration, constitution or laws in accordance with the provisions 26 thereof by action of its supreme legislative or governing body 27 at any regular or special meeting thereof or, if its articles 28 of incorporation, constitution or laws so provide, by referen-29 Such referendum may be held in accordance with the dum. 30 provisions of its articles of incorporation, constitution or 31 laws by the vote of the voting members of the society, by the 32 vote of delegates on representatives of voting members or by

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the vote of local lodges or branches. No amendment submitted for adoption by referendum shall be adopted unless, within 6 months from the date of submission thereof, a majority of all the voting members of the society shall have signified their consent to such amendment by one of the methods herein specified.

7 No amendment to the articles of incorporation, con-8 stitution or laws of any domestic society shall take effect 9 unless approved by the commissioner, who shall approve such 10 amendment if he finds that it has been duly adopted and is not inconsistent with any requirement of the laws of this State or 11 with the character, objects and purposes of the society. Un-12 13 less the commissioner shall disapprove any such amendment within 60 days after the filing of same, such amendment shall 14 15 be considered approved. The approval or disapproval of the commissioner shall be in writing and mailed to the secretary 16 17 or corresponding officer of the society at its principal office. In case he disapproves such amendment, the reasons therefor 18 19 shall be stated in such written notice.

20 Within 90 days from the approval thereof by the 21 commissioner, all such amendments, or a synopsis thereof, shall 22 be furnished to all members of the society either by mail or 23 by publication in full in the official organ of the society. The affidavit of any officer of the society or of anyone 24 25 authorized by it to mail any amendments or synopsis thereof, stating facts which show that same have been duly addressed 26 and mailed, shall be prima facie evidence that such amendments 27 or synopsis thereof, have been furnished the addressee. 28

Every foreign or alien society authorized to do business in this State shall file with the commissioner a duly certified copy of all amendments of, or additions to, its articles of incorporation, constitution or laws within 90 days

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1 after the enactment of same.

2 Printed copies of the constitution or laws as amended,
3 certified by the secretary or corresponding officer of the
4 society, shall be prima facie evidence of the legal adoption
5 thereof.

6

§ 4112. Institutions

It shall be lawful for a society to create, main-7 tain and operate charitable, benevolent or educational 8 institutions for the benefit of its members and their families 9 10 and dependents and for the benefit of children insured by the society. For such purpose it may own, hold or lease personal 11 property or real property located within or without this State, 12 with necessary buildings thereon. Such property shall be re-13 ported in every annual statement but shall not be allowed as 14 15 an admitted asset of such society.

Maintenance, treatment and proper attendance in any such institution may be furnished free or a reasonable charge may be made therefor, but no such institution shall be operated for profit. The society shall maintain a separate accounting of any income and disbursements under this section and report them in its annual statement. No society shall own or operate funeral homes or undertaking establishments.

23

27

§ 4113. No personal liability

The officers and members of the supreme, grand or any subordinate body of a society shall not be personally liable for payment of any benefits provided by a society.

§ 4114. Benefits

28 1. A society authorized to do business in this
29 State may provide for the payment of:

30 A. death benefits in any form;
31 B. endowment benefits;
32 C. annuity benefits;

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temporary or permanent disability benefits as Ð. 1 2 a result of disease or accident; hospital, medical or nursing benefits due to 3 E. 4 sickness or bodily infirmity or accident; and monument or tombstone benefits to the memory 5 F. 6 of deceased members not exceeding in any case the sum of \$300. 7 Such benefits may be provided on the lives of 2. members or, upon application of a member, on the lives of the 8 9 member's family, including the member, the member's spouse 10 and minor children, in the same or separate certificates. 11 § 4115. Benefits on lives of children 12 A society may provide for benefits on the lives of children under the minimum age for adult membership but not 13 greater than 21 years of age at time of application therefor, 14 upon the application of some adult person, as its laws or rules 15 may provide, which benefits shall be in accordance with the pro-16 visions of section 4114, subsection 1 of this chapter. A society may, 17 at its option, organize and operate branches for such children. 18 Membership and initiation in local lodges shall not be required 19 20 of such children, nor shall they have a voice in the management 21 of the society. A society shall have power to provide for the desig-22 23 nation and changing of designation of beneficiaries in the 24 certificates providing for such benefits and to provide in 25 all other respects for the regulation, government and control 26 of such certificates and all rights, obligations and liabili-27 ties incident thereto and connected therewith. Nonforfeiture benefits, cash surrender values, certificate loans and other options 28 § 4116. 29 A society may grant paid-up nonforfeiture benefits,

30 cash surrender values, certificate loans and such other options 31 as its laws may permit. As to certificates issued on and 32 after the effective date of this Act, a society shall grant at 33 least one paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, except in the case of

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pure endowment, annuity or reversionary annuity contracts,
 reducing term insurance contracts or contracts of term insur ance of uniform amount of 15 years or less expiring before age
 66.

In the case of certificates other than those for 5 which reserves are computed on the Commissioners 1941 Standard 6 Ordinary Mortality Table, the Commissioners 1941 Standard In-7 dustrial Table or the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary 8 9 Mortality Table, the value of every paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and the amount of any cash surrender value, loan or other 10 option granted shall not be less than the excess, if any, of 11 over 2 as follows: 12 1

13 1. The reserve under the certificate determined on
14 the basis specified in the certificate; and

15 2. The sum of any indebtedness to the society on 16 the certificate, including interest due and accrued, and a 17 surrender charge equal to 2½% of the face amount of the certifi-18 cate, which, in the case of insurance on the lives of children, 19 shall be the ultimate face amount of the certificate, if death 20 benefits provided therein are graded.

21 However, in the case of certificates issued on a sub-22 standard basis or in the case of certificates, the reserves for 23 which are computed upon the American Men Ultimate Table of $\mathbf{24}$ Mortality, the term of any extended insurance benefit granted 25 including accompanying pure endowment, if any, may be computed 26 upon the rates of mortality not greater than 130% of those shown 27 by the mortality table specified in the certificate for the com-28 putation of the reserve.

In the case of certificates for which reserves are computed on the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, the Commissioners 1941 Standard Industrial Table or the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, every

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paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and the amount of any cash surrender value, loan or other option granted shall not be less than the corresponding amount ascertained in accordance with the provisions of the laws of this State applicable to life insurers issuing policies containing like insurance benefits based upon such tables.

7

§ 4117. Beneficiaries

The member shall have the right at all times to 8 9 change the beneficiary or beneficiaries in accordance with the 10 constitution, laws or rules of the society. Every society by 11 its constitution, laws or rules may limit the scope of bene-12 ficiaries and shall provide that no beneficiary shall have or 13 obtain any vested interest in the proceeds of any certificate 14 until the certificate has become due and payable in conformity 15 with the provisions of the insurance contract.

A society may make provision for the payment of funeral benefits to the extent of such portion of any payment under a certificate as might reasonably appear to be due to any person equitably entitled thereto by reason of having incurred expense occasioned by the burial of the member, provided the portion so paid shall not exceed the sum of \$500.

If, at the death of any member, there is no lawful beneficiary to whom the insurance benefits shall be payable, the amount of such benefits, except to the extent that funeral benefits may be paid as hereinbefore provided, shall be payable to the personal representative of the deceased member.

27

§ 4118. Benefits not attachable

No money or other benefit, charity, relief or aid to be paid, provided or rendered by any society, shall be liable to attachment, garnishment or other process, or to be seized, taken, appropriated or applied by any legal or equitable process or operation of law to pay any debt or liability of a member or

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beneficiary, or any other person who may have a right there under, either before or after payment by the society.

3

\$ 4119. The contract

Every society authorized to do business in this 4 State shall issue to each benefit member a certificate specify-5 ing the amount of benefits provided thereby. The certificate, 6 together with any riders or endorsements attached thereto, the 7 8 charter or articles of incorporation, the constitution and laws of the society, the application for membership, and decla-9 10 ration of insurability, if any, signed by the applicant, and all amendments to each thereof, shall constitute the agreement, 11 as of the date of issuance, between the society and the member, 12 and the certificate shall so state. A copy of the application 13 for membership and of the declaration of insurability, if any, 14 shall be endorsed upon or attached to the certificate. 15

All statements purporting to be made by the member shall be representations and not warranties. Any waiver of this provision shall be void.

19 Any changes, additions or amendments to the charter 20 or articles of incorporation, constitution or laws duly made 21 or enacted subsequent to the issuance of the certificate, shall 22 bind the member and the beneficiaries, and shall govern and control the agreement in all respects the same as though such 23 changes, additions or amendments had been made prior to and 24 25 were in force at the time of the application for membership, except that no change, addition or amendment shall destroy or 26 27 diminish benefits which the society contracted to give the mem-28 ber as of the date of issuance.

29 Copies of any of the documents mentioned in this 30 section, certified by the secretary or corresponding officer 31 of the society, shall be received in evidence of the terms 32 and conditions thereof.

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A society shall provide in its constitution or laws 1 2 that if its reserves as to all or any class of certificates become impaired its board of directors or corresponding body 3 4 may require that there shall be paid by the member to the 5 society the amount of the member's equitable proportion of such deficiency as ascertained by its board, and that if the 6 7 payment be not made it shall stand as an indebtedness against the certificate and draw interest not to exceed 5% per annum 8 9 compounded annually.

10

§ 4120. Life benefit certificate provisions, standard and prohibited

No life benefit certificate shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this State unless a copy of the form shall have been filed with the commissioner and approved by him as conforming to the requirements of this section and not inconsistent with any other provisions of law applicable thereto. A certificate shall be deemed approved unless disapproved by the commissioner within 60 days from the date of such filing.

The certificate shall contain in substance the
 following standard provisions or, in lieu thereof, provisions
 which are more favorable to the member:

A. Title on the face and filing page of the certificate clearly and correctly describing its form;

B. A provision stating the amount of rates, premiums or other required contributions, by whatever name known,
which are payable by the insured under the certificate;

C. A provision that the member is entitled to a grace period of not less than a full month (or 30 days at the option of the society) in which the payment of any premium after the first, may be made. During such grace period the certificate shall continue in full force, but in case the certificate becomes a claim during the grace period before the overdue payment is made, the amount of such overdue payment

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1 or payments may be deducted an any southement under the cer-2 tificate:

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A provision that the member shall be entitled 3 \mathbb{D} to have the certificate reinstated at any time within 3 years 4 from the due date of the press default, unless the car-5 tificate has been completely to initiated through the applica-6 tion of a nonforfeiture benefit, each surrender value or 1 certificate loan, upon the production of evidence of insura-8 bility satisfactory to the society and the payment of all 9 overdue promiums and any other indentedness to the society. 10 upon the certificate, together with interest on such premiums 2.2 and such indebtedness, if any, at a rate not exceeding 6% per 12 13 annum compounded annually;

E. Except in the case of pure endowment, annuity 14 15 or reversionary annuity contract, reducing term insurance contracts; or contracts of the mounter of uniform amount 15 17 of 15 years or less expiring t fore age 66, a provision that, 1.62 in the event of default in payment of any premium after 3 19 full years premiums have been used or after premiums for a 20 lesser period have been puid in the contract so provides, the 21 socreey will grant, upon proper request not later than 60 days 22 after the due date of the present in default, a paid-up non-23 foriciture benefit on the plan stipulated in the certificate, 22 effective as of such due date, of such value as specified in 25 this chapter. The certificate may provide, if the society's 26 lays so specify or if the member shall so elect prior to the 27 expiration of the grace period of any overdue premium, that 28 default shall not occur so long as premiums can be paid under 29 the provisions of an arrangement for automatic premium lose as may be set forth in the castificate; 30

31 32 benefit as specified in the correlate shall become effective

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automatically unless the member elects another available paid up nonforfeiture benefit, not later than 50 days after the due
 date of the premium in default;

G. A statement of the mortality table and rate
of interest used in determining all paid-up nonforfeiture
benefits and cash surrender options available under the certificate, and a brief general statement of the method used in
calculating such benefits;

9 H. A table showing in figures the value of every 10 paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and cash surrender option avail-11 able under the certificate for each certificate anniversary 12 either during the first 20 certificate years or during the 13 term of the certificate whichever is shorter;

14 A provision that the certificate shall be in-I. 15 contestable after it has been in force during the lifetime of the member for a period of 2 years from its date of issue 16 17 except for nonpayment of premiums, violation of the provisions 18 of the certificate relating to military, aviation, or naval 19 service and violation of the provisions relating to suspension 20 or expulsion as substantially set forth in the certificate. 21 At the option of the society, supplemental provisions relating 22 to benefits in the event of temporary or permanent disability 23 or hospitalization and provisions which grant additional insurance specifically against death by accident or accidental 24 25 means, may also be excepted. The certificate shall be incontestable on the ground of suicide after it has been in force 26 27 during the lifetime of the member for a period of 2 years from date of issue. The certificate may provide, as to statements **2**8 29 made to procure reinstatement, that the society shall have the 30 right to contest a reinstated certificate within a period of 2 years from date of reinstatement with the same exceptions 31 32 as herein provided;

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J. A provision that in case the age or sex of the 1 member or of any other person is considered in determining 2 the premium and it is found at any time before final settle-3 ment under the certificate that the age or sex has been mis-4 5 stated, and the discrepancy and premium involved have not been adjusted, the amount payable shall be such as the premium 6 7 would have purchased at the correct age and sex; but if the correct age or sex was not an insurable age or sex under the 8 9 society's charter or laws, only the premiums paid to the society, less any payments previously made to the member, 10 11 shall be returned or, at the option of the society, the amount 12 payable under the certificate shall be such as the premium 13 would have purchased at the correct age and sex according to 14 the society's promulgated rates and any extension thereof 15 based on actuarial principles;

16 K. A provision or provisions which recite fully, 17 or which set forth the substance of, all sections of the 18 charter, constitution, laws, rules or regulations of the 19 society, in force at the time of issuance of the certificate, 20 the violation of which will result in the termination of, or 21 in the reduction of, the benefit or benefits payable under the 22 certificate; and

L. If the constitution or laws of the society provide for expulsion or suspension of a member, any member so expelled or suspended, except for nonpayment of a premium or within the contestable period for material misrepresentations in such member's application for membership shall have the privilege of maintaining his insurance in force by continuing payment of the required premium.

Any of the foregoing provisions or portions thereof not applicable by reason of the plan of insurance or because the certificate is an annuity certificate may to the extent

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1 inapplicable, be omitted from the certificate.

2 2. No life benefit certificate shall be delivered
3 or issued for delivery in this State containing in substance
4 any of the following provisions:

5 A. Any provision limiting the time within which 6 any action at law or in equity may be commenced to less than 7 2 years after the cause of action shall accrue;

8 B. Any provision by which the certificate shall 9 purport to be issued or to take effect more than 6 months 10 before the original application for the certificate was made, 11 except in case of transfer from one form of certificate to 12 another in connection with which the member is to receive cre-13 dit for any reserve accumulation under the form of certificate 14 from which the transfer is made; or

15 C. Any provision for forfeiture of the certifi-16 cate for failure to repay any loan thereon or to pay interest 17 on such loan while the total indebtedness, including interest, 18 is less than the loan value of the certificate.

19 3. The word "premiums" as used in this chapter
20 means premiums, rates, or other required contributions by
21 whatever name known.

22

§ 4121. Accident and health insurance and total and permanent disability insurance certificates

23 No society shall issue or deliver in this State 24 any certificate or other evidence of any contract or accident insurance or health insurance or of any total and permanent 25 26 disability insurance contract unless and until the form thereof, together with the form of application and all riders 27 or endorsements for use in connection therewith, shall have 28 been filed with the commissioner and approved by him as con-29 30 forming to reasonable rules and regulations from time to time made by him and as not inconsistent with any other provisions 31 of law applicable thereto. The commissioner shall, within a 32

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reasonable time after the filing of any such form, notify the 1 2 society filing the same either of his approval or of his disapproval of such form. The commissioner may approve any such 3 form which in his opinion contains provisions on any one or 4 5 more of the several requirements made by him which are more favorable to the members than the one or ones so required. 6 The commissioner shall have power, from time to time, to make, 7 alter and supersede reasonable regulations prescribing the 8 required, optional and prohibited provisions in such contracts, 9 and such regulations shall conform, as far as practicable, to 10 the provisions of chapter 33 of this Title. Where the com-11 missioner deems inapplicable, either in part or in their 12 entirety, the provisions of the foregoing sections, he may pre-13 scribe the portions or summary thereof of the contract to be 14 15 printed on the certificate issued to the member. Any filing made hereunder shall be deemed approved unless disapproved 16 within 60 days from the date of such filing. 17

18

§ 4122. Waiver

19 The constitution and laws of the society may pro-20 vide that no subordinate body, nor any of its subordinate 21 officers or members shall have the power or authority to waive 22 any of the provisions of the laws and constitution of the 23 society. Such provision shall be binding on the society and 24 every member and beneficiary of a member.

25

§ 4123. Reinsurance

A domestic society may, by a reinsurance agreement, cede any individual risk or risks in whole or in part to an insurer, (other than another fraternal benefit society), having the power to make such reinsurance and authorized to do business in this State, or if not so authorized, one which is approved by the commissioner, but no such society may reinsure substantially all of its insurance in force without the written

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permission of the commissioner. It may take credit for the 1 2 reserves on such ceded risks to the extent reinsured, but no credit shall be allowed as an admitted asset or as a deduc-3 4 tion from liability, to a ceding society for reinsurance made, 5 ceded, renewed, or otherwise becoming effective after the Act, unless the reinsurance is pay-6 effective date of this 7 able by the assuming insurer on the basis of the liability of 8 the ceding society under the contract or contracts reinsured 9 without diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding 10 society.

11

§ 4124. Annual license

12 Societies which are now authorized to transact busi-13 ness in this State may continue such business until the first 14 day of July next succeeding the effective date of this Title. 15 The authority of such societies and all societies hereafter licensed, may thereafter be renewed annually but in all cases 16 17 to terminate on the first day of the succeeding July . However, a license so issued shall continue in full force and 18 effect until the new license be issued or specifically refused. 19 20 For each such license or renewal the society shall pay the 21 commissioner \$50. A duly certified copy or duplicate of such 22 license shall be prima facie evidence that the licensee is a 23 fraternal benefit society within the meaning of this chapter.

24

§ 4125. Foreign or alien society--admission

No foreign or alien society shall transact business
in this State without a license issued by the commissioner.
Any such society may be licensed to transact business in this
State upon filing with the commissioner:

29 $l_1 \not\in k$: A duly certified copy of its charter or articles 30 of incorporation;

31 \mathcal{X} . \mathcal{X} . A copy of its constitution and laws, certified 32 by its secretary or corresponding officer;

З. A power of attorney to the commissioner as 1 prescribed in section #129 of this chapter; $\mathbf{2}$ A statement of its business under oath of its 4. 3 president and secretary or corresponding officers in a form 4 prescribed by the commissioner, duly verified by an examina-5 tion made by the supervising insurance official of its home 6 state or other state, territory, province or country, satis-7 factory to the commissioner of this State; 8 5. A certificate from the proper official of its 9 10 home state, territory, province or country that the society is legally incorporated and licensed to transact business 11 12 therein; Copies of its certificate forms; and 6. 13 Such other information as he may deem neces-7. 14 15 sary; and upon a showing that its assets are invested in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. 16 17 Any foreign or alien society desiring admission to this State shall have the qualifications required of domestic 18 societies organized under this chapter. 19 20 § 4126. Injunction--liquidation--receivership of domestic society 21 1. When the commissioner upon investigation finds 22 that a domestic society: 23 Α. Has exceeded its powers; $\mathbf{24}$ в. Has failed to comply with any provision of 25 this chapter; c. $\mathbf{26}$ Is not fulfilling its contracts in good faith; 27 D. Has a membership of less than 400 after an 28 existence of 1 year or more; or 29 Is conducting business fraudulently or in a Ε. manner hazardous to its members, creditors, the public or the 30 31 business; 32 he shall notify the society of such deficiency or deficiencies

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and state in writing the reasons for his dissatisfaction. He shall at once issue a written notice to the society requiring 2 3 that the deficiency or deficiencies which exist are corrected. After such notice the society shall have a 30-day period in 4 which to comply with the commissioner's request for correction, 5 and if the society fails to comply the commissioner shall 6 notify the society of his findings of noncompliance and re-7 8 quire the society to show cause on a date named why it should not be enjoined from carrying on any business until the viola-9 tion complained of shall have been corrected, or why an action 10 in quo warranto should not be commenced against the society. 11 12 If on such date the society does not present good

13 and sufficient reasons why it should not be so enjoined or 14 why such action should not be commenced, the commissioner may 15 present the facts relating thereto to the Attorney General 16 who shall, if he deems the circumstances warrant, commence an 17 action to enjoin the society from transacting business or in 18 quo warranto.

19 The court shall thereupon notify the officers of the 20 society of a hearing. If after a full hearing it appears that 21 the society should be so enjoined or liquidated or a receiver 22 appointed, the court shall enter the necessary order.

23 2. No society so enjoined shall have the authority24 to do business until:

A. The commissioner finds that the violation complained of has been corrected;

27 B. The costs of such action shall have been paid 28 by the society if the court finds that the society was in de-29 fault as charged;

30 C. The court has dissolved its injunction; and
31 D. The commissioner has reinstated the certificate
32 of authority.

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1 3. If the court orders the society liquidated, it 2 shall be enjoined from carrying on any further business, where-3 upon the receiver of the society shall proceed at once to take 4 possession of the books, papers, money and other assets of the 5 society and, under the direction of the court, proceed forth-6 with to close the affairs of the society and to distribute its 7 funds to those entitled thereto.

8 4. No action under this section shall be recog-9 nized in any court of this State unless brought by the Attorney 10 General upon request of the commissioner. Whenever a receiver 11 is to be appointed for a domestic society, the court shall ap-12 point the commissioner as such receiver.

5. The provisions of this section relating to
hearing by the commissioner, action by the Attorney General
at the request of the commissioner, hearing by the court, injunction and receivership shall be applicable to a society
which shall voluntarily determine to discontinue business.
§ 4127. Suspension, revocation or refusal of license

. <u>Suspension</u>, revocation or refusal of license of foreign or alien society

When the commissioner upon investigation finds
 that a foreign or alien society transacting or applying to
 transact business in this State:

22 A. Has exceeded its powers;

B. Has failed to comply with any of the provisions
of this chapter;

25 C. Is not fulfilling its contracts in good faith;
26 or

D. Is conducting its business fraudulently or in a manner hazardous to its members or creditors or the public; he shall notify the society of such deficiency or deficiencies and state in writing the reasons for his dissatisfaction. He shall at once issue a written notice to the society requiring that the deficiency or deficiencies which exist are corrected.

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After such notice the society shall have a 30-day period in 1 which to comply with the commissioner's request for correc- $\mathbf{2}$ tion, and if the society fails to comply the commissioner 3 shall notify the society of his findings of noncompliance and 4 require the society to show cause on a date named why its 5 license should not be suspended, revoked or refused. If on 6 such date the society does not present good and sufficient 7 reason why its authority to do business in this State should 8 not be suspended, revoked or refused, he may suspend or refuse 9 the license of the society to do business in this State until 10 satisfactory evidence is furnished to him that such suspen-11 sion or refusal should be withdrawn or he may revoke the 12 13 authority of the society to do business in this State.

14 2. Nothing contained in this section shall be taken 15 or construed as preventing any such society from continuing in 16 good faith all contracts made in this State during the time 17 such society was legally authorized to transact business herein.

§ 4128. Licensing of agents

18

Agents of societies shall be licensed in
 accordance with the provisions of this section.

2. Insurance agent defined--The term "insurance 22 agent" as used in this section means any authorized or acknow-23 ledged agent of a society who acts as such in the solicitation, 24 negotiation or procurement or making of a life insurance, ac-25 cident and health insurance or annuity contract, except that 26 the term "insurance agent" shall not include:

A. Any regular salaried officer or employee of a licensed society who devotes substantially all of his services to activities other than the solicitation of fraternal insurance contracts from the public, and who receives for the solicitation of such contracts no commission or other compensation directly dependent upon the amount of business obtained;

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Any agent or representative of a society who 2 в. devotes, or intends to devote, less than 25% of his time to 3 solicitation and procurement of insurance contracts for such 4 5 society. Any person who in the preceding calendar year has solicited and procured life insurance contracts on behalf of 6 7 any society in an amount of insurance in excess of \$25,000, 8 or, in the case of any other kind or kinds of insurance which 9 the society might write, on the persons of more than 25 indi-10 viduals and who has received or will receive a commission or other compensation therefor, shall be presumed to be devoting, 11 12 or intending to devote, 25% of his time to the solicitation 13 or procurement of insurance contracts for such society.

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or

14 3. License required--Any persons who in this State 15 acts as insurance agent for a society without having authority 16 so to do by virtue of a license issued and in force pursuant 17 to the provisions of this section shall, except as provided 18 in subsection 2, be guilty of a misdemeanor.

4. Payment of commissions forbidden--No society doing business in this State shall pay any commission or other compensation to any person for any services in obtaining in this State any new contract of life, accident or health insurance, or any new annuity contract, except to a licensed insurance agent of such society and except an agent exempted under subsection 2, paragraph B, of this section.

26 5. Prerequisites, issuance and renewal of insur27 ance agents' licenses--

A. The commissioner may issue a license to any person who has paid an annual license fee as provided in section 601 (fee schedule) of this fittle and who has complied with the requirements of this section, authorizing such licensee to act as an insurance agent on behalf of any society named in such license

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1 which is authorized to do business in this State.

B. Before any insurance agent's license shall be
issued there shall be on file in the office of the commissioner
of insurance the following documents:

5 (1) A written application by the prospective li-6 censee in such form or forms and supplements thereto, and 7 containing such information, as the commissioner may prescribe; 8 and

9 (2)A certificate by the society which is to be named in such license, stating that such society has satis-10 fied itself that the named applicant is trustworthy and 11 12 competent to act as such insurance agent and that the society 13 will appoint such applicant to act as its agent if the license 14 applied for is issued by the commissioner. Such certificates shall be executed and acknowledged by an officer or managing 15 agent of such society. 16

17 C. No written or other examination shall be
18 required of any individual seeking to be named as licensee
19 to represent a fraternal benefit society as its agent.

D. The commissioner may refuse to issue or renew any insurance agent's license if in his judgment the proposed licensee is not trustworthy and competent to act as such agent, or has given cause for revocation or suspension of such license, or has failed to comply with any prerequisite for the issuance or renewal, as the case may be, of such license.

E. License years shall be from July 1st of each calendar year to the last day of June of the next calendar year. Every license issued pursuant to this section, and every renewal thereof, shall expire on July 1st of the license year for which issued.

F. If the application for a renewal license shall
have been filed with the commissioner on or before

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December 3135 of the year in which the existing license was 1 issued, the applicant named in such existing license may con-2 3 tinue to act as insurance agent under such existing license, unless same shall be revoked or suspended, until the issuance 4 5 by the commissioner of the renewal license or until the expiration of 5 days after he shall have refused to renew such 6 7 license and shall have served written notice of such refusal on the applicant. If the applicant shall, within 30 days after 8 such notice is given, notify the commissioner in writing of his 9 request for a hearing on such refusal, the commissioner shall, 10 within a reasonable time after receipt of such notice, grant 11 such hearing, and he may, in his discretion, reinstate such 12 13 license.

14 Any such renewal license of an insurance agent G. 15 may be issued upon the application of the society named in the 16 existing license. Such application shall be in the form or 17 forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall contain such 18 information as he may require. Such application shall contain 19 a certificate executed by the president, or by a vice president, 20 a secretary, an assistant secretary, or corresponding officer 21 by whatever name known, or by an employee expressly designated 22 and authorized to execute such certificate of a domestic or 23 foreign society or by the United States manager of an alien 24 society, stating that the addresses therein given of the agents 25 of such society for whom renewal licenses are requested therein 26 have been verified in each instance immediately preceding the 27 preparation of the application. Notwithstanding the filing 28 of such application, the commissioner may, after reasonable 29 notice to any such society, require that any or all agents of 30 such society to be named as licensees in renewal licenses shall 31 execute and file separate applications for the renewal of such 32 licenses, as hereinbefore specified, and he may also require

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that each such application shall be accompanied by the certificate 1 2 specified in subsection 5, paragraph B, subparagraph (2) of this section. 3 Notice of termination of appointment of agent. 6. Every society doing business in this State shall, upon the 4 termination of the appointment of any agent licensed to repre-5 6 sent it in this State, forthwith file with the commissioner a statement, in such form as he may prescribe, of the facts rela-7 tive to such termination and the cause thereof. Every state-8 ment made pursuant to this section shall be deemed a privileged 9 10 communication. Revocation or suspension of agent's license--7. 11 The commissioner may revoke, or may suspend for 12 Α. such period as he may determine, any insurance agent's license 13 if, after notice and hearing as specified in this section, he 14 determines that the licensee has: 15 (1) violated any provision of, or any obligation 16 imposed by, this section, or has violated any law in the course 17 of his dealings as agent; 18 19 (2) made a material misstatement in the applica-20 tion for such license; been guilty of fraudulent or dishonest 21 (3) 22 practices; 23 (4) demonstrated his incompetency or untrustworthiness to act as an insurance agent; or 24 25 (5) been guilty of rebating as defined by the laws 26 of this State applicable to life insurance companies. 27 в. The revocation or suspension of any insurance 28 agent's license shall terminate forthwith the license of such agent. No individual whose license has been revoked shall be 29 30 entitled to obtain any insurance agent's license under the pro-31 visions of this section for a period of one year after such revocation or, if such revocation by judicially reviewed, for 32

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l year after the final determination thereof affirming the
 action of the commissioner in revoking such license.

3

§ 4123. Service of process

Every society authorized to do business in this 4 5 State shall appoint in writing the commissioner and each successor in office to be its true and lawful attorney upon whom 6 7 all lawful process in any action or proceeding against it shall be served, and shall agree in such writing that any law-8 ful process against it which is served on said attorney shall 9 10 be of the same legal force and validity as if served upon the society, and that the authority shall continue in force so 11 long as any liability remains outstanding in this State. 12 Copies of such appointment, certified by the commissioner, 13 shall be deemed sufficient evidence thereof and shall be ad-14 mitted in evidence with the same force and effect as the ori-15 16 ginal thereof might be admitted.

17 Service shall only be made upon the commissioner, or 18 if absent, upon the person in charge of his office. It shall be made in duplicate and shall constitute sufficient service 19 20 upon the society. When legal process against a society is 21 served upon the commissioner, he shall forthwith forward one 22 of the duplicate copies by registered mail, prepaid, directed 23 to the secretary or corresponding officer. Legal process shall 24 not be served upon a society except in the manner herein 25 provided. At the time of serving any process upon the 26 commissioner, the plaintiff or complainant in the action shall pay to the commissioner a fee of \$5. 27

28 29 § 4130. Injunction

29 No application or petition for injunction against 30 31 32)

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1	any domestic, foreign or alien society, or branch thereof,
2	shall be recognized in any court of this State unless made by
3	the Attorney General upon request of the commissioner.
4	§ 4131. <u>Review</u>
5	All decisions and findings of the commissioner
6	made under the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to
7	review by proper proceedings in any court of competent juris-
8	diction in this State.
9	§ 4132. Funds
10	All assets shall be held, invested and disbursed
11	for the use and benefit of the society and no member or bene-
12	ficiary shall have or acquire individual rights therein or
13	become entitled to any apportionment or the surrender of any
14	part thereof, except as provided in the contract.
15	A society may create, maintain, invest, disburse
16	and apply any special fund or funds necessary to carry out any
17	purpose permitted by the laws of such society.
18	Every society, the admitted assets of which are less
19	than the sum of its accrued liabilities and reserves under all
20	of its certificates when valued according to standards required
21	for certificates issued after 1 year from the effective date
22	of this chapter, shall, in every provision of the laws of the
23	society for payments by members of such society, in whatever
24	form made, distinctly state the purpose of the same and the
25	proportion thereof which may be used for expenses, and no part
26	of the money collected for mortuary or disability purposes or.
27	the net accretions thereto shall be used for expenses.
28	§ 4133. Investments
29	A society shall invest its funds only in such in-
30	vestments as are authorized by the laws of this State for the
31	investment of assets of life insurers and subject to the limi-
32	tations thereon. Any foreign or alien society permitted or

seeking to do business in this State which invests its funds
 in accordance with the laws of the state, district, territory,
 country or province in which it is incorporated, shall be held
 to meet the requirements of this section for the investment
 of funds.

6

§ 4134. Reports and valuations

Reports shall be filed and synopses of annual statements shall be published in accordance with the provisions of
this section.

1. Every society transacting business in this State 10 shall annually, on or before the 1st day of March, unless for 11 cause shown such time has been extended by the commissioner, 12 file with the commissioner a true statement of its financial 13 condition, transactions and affairs for the preceding calendar 14 year and pay a fee of \$50 for filing same. The statement shall 15 be in general form and context as approved by the National 16 Association of Insurance Commissioners for fraternal benefit 17 societies and as supplemented by additional information re-18 19 quired by the commissioner.

20 2. A synopsis of its annual statement providing 21 an explanation of the facts concerning the condition of the 22 society thereby disclosed shall be printed and mailed to each 23 benefit member of the society not later than June 1 of each 24 year, or, in lieu thereof, such synopsis may be published in 25 the society's official publication.

26 As a part of the annual statement herein 3. 27 required, each society shall, on or before the 1st day of 28 March, file with the commissioner a valuation of its certifi-29 cates in force on December 31 last preceding, provided the 30 commissioner may, in his discretion for cause shown, extend 31 the time for filing such valuation for not more than 2 calendar 32 Such report of valuation shall show, as reserve liabilities, months.

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the difference between the present midyear value of the pro-1 mised benefits provided in the certificates of such society 2 in force and the present midyear value of the future net pre-3 miums as the same are in practice actually collected, not 4 including therein any value for the right to make extra assess-5 6 ments and not including any amount by which the present midyear 7 . value of future net premiums exceeds the present midyear value of promised benefits on individual certificates. At the 8 9 option of any society, in lieu of the above, the valuation 10 may show the net tabular value. Such net tabular value as to certificates issued prior to 1 year after the effective date 11 12 of this chapter shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of law applicable prior to the effective date of this 13 chapter and as to certificates issued on or after 1 year from 14 15 the effective date of this chapter shall not be less than the 16 reserves determined according to the Commissioner's reserve 17 valuation method as hereinafter defined. If the premium charged is less than the tabular net premium according to the basis of 18 valuation used, an additional reserve equal to the present value 19 20 of the deficiency in such premiums shall be set up and maintained as a liability. The reserve liabilities shall be pro-21 22 perly adjusted in the event that the midyear or tabular values 23 are not appropriate.

24 Reserves according to the Commissioner's reserve 4. 25 valuation method, for the life insurance and endowment benefits 26 of certificates providing for a uniform amount of insurance 27 and requiring the payment of uniform premiums shall be the 28 excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of valuation, 29 of such future guaranteed benefits provided for by such certi-30 ficates, over the then present value of any future modified 31 net premiums therefor. The modified net premiums for any such 32 certificate shall be such uniform percentage of the respective

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1 contract premiums for such benefits that the present value, at 2 the date of issue of the certificate, of all such modified net 3 premiums shall be equal to the sum of the then present value 4 of such benefits provided for by the certificate and the ex-5 cess of A over B , as follows:

A net level premium equal to the present value, 6 Α. at the date of issue, of such benefits provided for after the 7 first certificate year, divided by the present value, at the 8 9 date of issue, of an annuity of one per annum payable on the 10 first and each subsequent anniversary of such certificate on which a premium falls due; provided however, that such net 11 level annual premium shall not exceed the net level annual 12 13 premium on the 19-year premium whole life plan for insurance 14 of the same amount at an age 1 year higher than the age at issue 15 of such certificate; and

B. A net 1-year term premium for such benefits
provided for in the first certificate year.

Reserves according to the Commissioner's reserve valuation 18 19 method for (1) life insurance benefits for varying amounts of 20 benefits or requiring the payment of varying premiums, (2) 21 annuity and pure endowment benefits, (3) disability and acci-22 dental death benefits in all certificates and contracts, and 23 (4) all other benefits except life insurance and endowment 24 benefits, shall be calculated by a method consistent with the 25 principles of this subsection.

5. The present value of deferred payments due under incurred claims or matured certificates shall be deemed a liability of the society and shall be computed upon mortality and interest standards prescribed in the following subsection.

30 6. Such valuat.on and underlying data shall be
31 certified by a competent actuary or, at the expense of the
32 society, verified by the actuary of the department of insurance

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1 of the state of domicile of the society.

A. The minimum standards of valuation for certificates issued prior to the effective date of this chapter shall be those provided by the law applicable immediately prior to the effective date of this chapter but not lower than the standards used in the calculating of rates for such certificates.

7 E. The minimum standard of valuation for certificates 8 issued after the effective date of this chapter shall be $3\frac{1}{2}$ % 9 interest and the following tables:

(1) For certificates of life insurance--American 10 11 Men Ultimate Table of Mortality, with Bowerman's or Davis' ex-12 tension thereof or with the consent of the commissioner, the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, the 13 Commissioners 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table or the 14 15 Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, using actual age of the insured for male risks and an age not more 16 than 3 years younger than the actual age of the insured for 17 18 female risks;

19 (2) For annuity and pure endowment certificates,
20 excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such
21 certificates--the 1937 Standard Annuity Mortality Table or the
22 Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, ultimate, or any modifica23 tion of either of these tables approved by the commissioner;

(3) 24 For total and permanent disability benefits 25 in or supplementary to life insurance certificates -- Hunter's 26 Disability Table, or the class III disability table (1926) 27 modified to conform to the contractual waiting period, or the tables of period 2 disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950 28 29 termination rates of the 1952 disability study of the Society of Actuaries with due regard to the type of benefit. Any such 30 table shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality 31 table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance 32

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1 certificates;

2 (4) For accidental death benefits in or supple-3 mentary to life insurance certificates--the Inter-company 4 Double Indemnity Mortality Table or the 1959 Accidental Death 5 Benefits Table. Either table shall be combined with a mortal-6 ity table permitted for calculating the reserves for life 7 insurance certificates; and

8 (5) For noncancellable accident and health benefits--9 the class III disability table (1926) with conference modifi-10 cations or, with the consent of the commissioner, tables based 11 upon the society's own experience.

12 The commissioner may, in his discretion, accept other standards for valuation if he finds that the reserves 13 produced thereby will not be less in the aggregate than re-14 15 serves computed in accordance with the minimum valuation stand-16 ard herein prescribed. The commissioner may, in his discretion, 17 vary the standards of mortality applicable to all certificates of insurance on substandard lives or other extra hazardous 18 lives by any society authorized to do business in this State. 19 20 Whenever the mortality experience under all certificates 21 valued on the same mortality table is in excess of the expec-22 ted mortality according to such table for a period of 3 23 consecutive years, the commissioner may require additional $\mathbf{24}$ reserves when deemed necessary in his judgment on account of 25 such certificates.

Any society, with the consent of the insurance supervisory officer of the state of domicile of the society and under such conditions, if any, which he may impose, may establish and maintain reserves on its certificates in excess of the reserves required thereunder, but the contractual rights of any insured member shall not be affected thereby.

32

7. A society neglecting to file the annual statement

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in the form and within the time provided by this section shall
 forfeit \$100 for each day during which such neglect continues,
 and, upon notice by the commissioner to that effect, its
 authority to do business in this State shall cease while such
 default continues.

6

§ 4135. Examination of domestic societies

The commissioner, or any person he may appoint, shall 7 have the power of visitation and examination into the affairs 8 of any domestic society and he shall make such examination at 9 least once in every 3 years. He may employ assistants for the 10 purpose of such examination, and he, or any person he may ap-11 point, shall have free access to all books, papers and docu-12 13 ments that relate to the business of the society. The minutes of the proceedings of the supreme legislative or governing body 14 and of the board of directors or corresponding body of a 15 society shall be in the English language. In making any such 16 17 examination the commissioner may summon and qualify as witnes-18 ses under oath and examine its officers, agents and employees or other persons in relation to the affairs, transactions and 19 20 condition of the society. A summary of the report of the com-21 missioner and such recommendations, or statements of the 22 commissioner as may accompany such report, shall be read at the 23 first meeting of the board of directors or corresponding body 24 of the society following the receipt thereof, and if directed so to do by the commissioner, shall also be read at the first 25 26 meeting of the supreme legislative or governing body of the 27 society following the receipt thereof. A copy of the report, 28 recommendations and statements of the commissioner shall be furnished by the society to each member of such board of direc-29 30 tors or other governing body. The expense of each examination 31 and of each valuation, including compensation and actual expense of examiners, shall be paid by the society examined or 32

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whose certificates are valued, upon statements furnished by
 the commissioner.

3

§ 4136. Examination of foreign and alien societies

The commissioner, or any person whom he may appoint, 4 may examine any foreign or alien society transacting or apply-5 ing for admission to transact business in this State. He may 6 employ assistants and he, or any person he may appoint, shall 7 have free access to all books, papers and documents that re-8 late to the business of the society. He may in his discretion 9 accept, in lieu of such examination, the examination of the 10 insurance department of the state, territory, district, pro-11 12vince or country where such society is organized. The compen-13 sation and actual expenses of the examiners making any examination or general or special valuation shall be paid by 14 15 the society examined or by the society whose certificate obli-16 gations have been valued, upon statements furnished by the 17 commissioner.

18

§ 4137. No adverse publications

19 Pending, during or after an examination or investi-20 gation of a society, either domestic, foreign or alien, the 21 commissioner shall make public no financial statement, report 22 or finding, nor shall he permit to become public any financial 23 statement, report or finding affecting the status, standing 24 or rights of any society, until a copy thereof shall have been 25 served upon the society at its principal office and the society shall have been afforded a reasonable opportunity to answer 26 27 any such financial statement, report or finding and to make 28 such showing in connection therewith as it may desire.

29

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§ 4138. Misrepresentation

30 No person shall cause or permit to be made,31 issued or circulated in any form:

1. Any misrepresentation or false or misleading

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statement concerning the terms, benefits or advantages of any
 fraternal insurance contract now issued or to be issued in
 this State, or the financial condition of any society;

Any false or misleading estimate or statement
concerning the dividends or shares of surplus paid or to be
paid by any society on any insurance contract; or

3. Any incomplete comparison of an insurance con8 tract of one society with an insurance contract of another
9 society or insurer for the purpose of inducing the lapse, for10 feiture or surrender of any insurance contract. A comparison
11 of insurance contracts is incomplete if it does not compare
12 in detail:

A. The gross rates, and the gross rates less any
dividend or other reduction allowed at the date of the comparison; and

B. Any increase in cash values, and all the benefits provided by each contract for the possible duration thereof as determined by the life expectancy of the insured; or if it omits from consideration:

20 C. Any benefit or value provided in the contract; 21 D. Any differences as to amount or period of 22 rates; or

E. Any differences in limitations or conditions or provisions which directly or indirectly affect the benefits. In any determination of the incompleteness or misleading character of any comparison or statement, it shall be presumed that the insured had no knowledge of any of the contents of the contract involved.

Any person who violates any provision of this section or knowingly receives any compensation or commission by or in consequence of such violation, shall upon conviction be punished by a fine not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, or

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by imprisonment in the county jail not less than 30 days nor more than 11 months, or both fine and imprisonment and shall in addition, be liable for a civil penalty in the amount of 3 times the sum received by such violator as compensation or commission, which penalty may be sued for and recovered by any person or society aggrieved for his or its own use and benefit in accordance with the provisions of civil practice.

8

§ 4139. Discrimination and rebates

9 No society doing business in this State shall make 10 or permit any unfair discrimination between insured members 11 of the same class and equal expectation of life in the pre-12 miums charged for certificates of insurance, in the dividends 13 or other benefits payable thereon or in any other of the terms 14 and conditions of the contracts it makes.

15 No society, by itself, or any other party, and no agent or solicitor, personally, or by any other party, shall 16 offer, promise, allow, give, set off, or pay, directly or in-17 18 directly, any valuable consideration or inducement to, or for 19 insurance, on any risk authorized to be taken by such society, 20which is not specified in the certificate. No member shall 21 receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any rebate of 22premium, or part thereof, or agent's or solicitor's commission 23 thereon, payable on any certificate or receive or accept any $\mathbf{24}$ favor or advantage or share in the dividends or other benefits $\mathbf{25}$ to accrue on, or any valuable consideration or inducement not specified in the contract of insurance. 26

27

§ 4140. Taxation

Every society organized or licensed under this chapter is hereby declared to be a charitable and benevolent institution, and all of its funds shall be exempt from all and every state, county, district, municipal and school tax other than taxes on real estate and office equipment.

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1	s 4241. Exemptions
2	Except as herein provided, societies shall be
3	governed by this chapter and shall be exempt from all other
4	provisions of the insurance laws of this State, not only in
5	governmental relations with the state, but for every other
6	purpose. No law hereafter enacted shall apply to them, unless
7	they be expressly designated therein.
8	§ 4142. Exemption of certain societies
9	Nothing contained in this chapter shall be so
10	construed as to affect or apply to:
11	1. Grand or subordinate lodges of societies,
12	orders or associations now doing business in this State which
13	provide benefits exclusively through local or subordinate
14	lodges;
15	2. Orders, societies or associations which admit
16	to membership only persons engaged in one or more crafts or
17	hazardous occupations, in the same or similar lines of busi-
18	ness, insuring only their own members and their families, and
19	the ladies' societies or ladies' auxiliaries to such orders,
20	societies or associations;
21	3. Domestic societies which limit their member-
22	ship to employees of a particular city or town, designated
23	firm, business house or corporation which provide for a death
24	benefit of not more than \$400 or disability benefits of not
25	more than \$350 to any person in any 1 year, or both; or
26	4. Domestic societies or associations of a purely
27	religious, charitable or benevolent description, which pro-
28	vide for a death benefit of not more than \$400 or for disa-
29	bility benefits of not more than \$350 to any one person in
30	any 1 year, or both.
31	Any such society or association described in paragraph 7

32 3 or 4 supra which provides for death or disability benefits

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for which benefit certificates are iscued, and any such society
 or association included in paragraph 4 which has more than
 1,000 members, shall not be exempted from the provisions of
 this chapter but shall comply with all requirements thereof.

5 No society which, by the provisions of this section, 6 is exempt from the requirements of this chapter, except any 7 society described in paragraph 2 supra, shall give or allow, 8 or promise to give or allow to any person any compensation for 9 procuring new members.

Every society which provides for benefits in case of 10 death or disability resulting solely from accident, and which 11 does not obligate itself to pay natural death or sick benefits 12 shall have all of the privileges and be subject to all the 13 applicable provisions and regulations of this chapter except 14 15 that the provisions thereof relating to medical examination, valuations of benefit certificates, and incontestability, shall 16 17 not apply to such society.

18 The commissioner may require from any society or 19 association, by examination or otherwise, such information as 20 will enable him to determine whether such society or associa-21 tion is exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

22 Societies, exempted under the provisions of this 23 section, shall also be exempt from all other provisions of the 24 insurance laws of this State.

25

§ 4143. Penalties

Any person who willfully makes a false or fraudulent statement in or relating to an application for membership or for the purpose of obtaining money from or a benefit in any society, shall upon conviction be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 or imprisonment in the county jail not less than 30 days nor more than 11 months, or both.

32 Any person who willfully makes a false or fraudulent

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statement in any verified report or declaration under oath required or authorized by this chapter, or of any material fact or thing contained in a sworn statement concerning the death or disability of a member for the purpose of procuring payment of a benefit named in the certificate, shall be guilty of perjury and shall be subject to the penalties therefor prescribed by law.

8 Any person who solicits membership for, or in any 9 manner assists in procuring membership in, any society not 10 licensed to do business in this State shall upon conviction 11 be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$200.

12 Any person guilty of a willful violation of, or 13 neglect or refusal to comply with, the provisions of this 14 chapter for which a penalty is not otherwise prescribed, shall 15 upon conviction, be subject to the penalties provided by section 16 12 (general penalty) of this Title.

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14	themselves out as organizing, or proposing to organize in
15	this State for the purpose of becoming an insurer; and
16	5. All other persons as to whom such provisions are
17	otherwise expressly made applicable by law.
18	
19	§ 4352. Short title
20	This chapter constitutes and may be cited as the "insur-
21	ers rehabilitation and liquidation law."
22	
23	§ 4353. Definitions
24	For the purposes of this chapter:
25	1. "Insurer," in addition to persons so defined under
26	section 4 of this Title, includes also persons purporting to
27	be insurers, or organizing or holding themselves out as organ-
28	izing in this State for the purpose of becoming an insurer.
29	2. "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding com-
30	menced against an insurer pursuant to sections 4351 through
3]	4385 of this-chapter for the purpose of conserving, rehabili-
32	
33	ceedings authorized by sections 4401 through 4407 of this
34	013
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CH. 59 - Sub. I DELINQUENT INSURERS REHAB/LIQUIDATION

3. "State" has the meaning ascribed in section 7, of _____
 2 _____this_Title.

3 4. "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an
4 insurer is incorporated or organized, or as to an alien
5 insurer, the state in which, at the commencement of delin6 quency proceedings the larger amount of the insurer's assets
7 are held in trust or on deposit for the benefit of policy8 holders and creditors in the United States of America.

9 5. "Ancillary state" means any state other than a dom10 iciliary state.

11 6. "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this 12 State in which in substance and effect the provisions of the 13 uniform insurers liquidation act, as defined in section 4363 14 Sof this chapter, are in force, including provisions requiring that the Commissioner of Insurance or equivalent insurance 15 16 supervisory official be the receiver of a delinquent insurer, 17 and in which effective provisions exist for avoidance of fraudulent conveyances and unlawful preferential transfers. 18

19

20

7. "Foreign country" means territory not in any state.
8. "Impairment" exists as to a stock insurer when the

insurer's assets do not at least equal the sum of its liabilities and its paid-in capital stock; and as to a mutual insurer when the insurer's assets do not at least equal the sum of the insurer's liabilities and the minimum basic surplus required under this Title to be maintained for authority to transact the kinds of insurance transacted.

9. "Insolvency" exists when the insurer fails to meet its obligations as they mature or when a stock insurer's assets are less than the sum of its liabilities and the minimum paid-in capital stock required for its authority to transact insurance in this State; or when a mutual insurer's assets are less than the sum of its liabilities and the minimum basic

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surplus required to be maintained by the insurer under this
 Title for authority to transact the kinds of insurance trans acted; or as otherwise expressly provided in this Title.

10. "General assets" means all property, real, personal 4 5 or otherwise, not specifically mortgaged, pledged, deposited 6 or otherwise encumbered for the security or benefit of speci-7 fied persons or a limited class or classes of persons; and as to such specifically encumbered property the term includes all 8 such property or its proceeds in excess of the amount necessary 9 to discharge the sums secured thereby. Assets held in trust 10 11 or on deposit for the security or benefit of all policyholders 12 or all policyholders and creditors in the United States of America are deemed general assets. 13

14 11. "Preferred claim" means any claim accorded priority
15 of payment from the insurer's general assets under applicable
16 law.

17 12. "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured by
18 deposit made under statute for the security or benefit of a
19 limited class or classes of persons, but not including any
20 general assets.

21 13. 'Secured claim' means any claim secured by mortgage, 22 trust deed, pledge, deposit as security, escrow or otherwise, 23 but not including special deposit claims or claims against 24 general assets. The term also includes claims which have be-25 come liens upon specific assets through judicial process and 26 not invalidated.

14. "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilitator,
or conservator, as context requires.

15. "Creditor" means a person having a claim, whether
matured or unmatured, liquidated or unliquidated, secured or
unsecured, or absolute, fixed or contingent.

CH. $5\hat{9}$ - Sub. I REHAB/LIQUIDATION

1

§ 4354. Jurisdiction of delinquency proceedings -Venue - Exclusiveness of remedy - Appeal

The Superior Court shall have original jurisdiction
 of delinquency proceedings under this chapter, and any court
 with jurisdiction is authorized to make all necessary or pro per orders to carry out the purposes of such sections.

6 2. The venue of delinquency proceedings against a domes-7 tic insurer shall be in the county in this State of the insurer's 8 principal place of business; or, if the principal place of busi-9 ness is located in another state, in any county in this State 10 selected by the commissioner for the purpose. The venue of 11 proceedings against foreign insurers shall be in any county in 12 this State selected by the commissioner for the purpose.

13 3. At any time after commencement of a proceeding the 14 commissioner or any other party may apply to the court for an 15 order changing the venue of, and removing, the proceeding to 16 any other county of this State in which the proceeding may most 17 conveniently, economically and efficiently be conducted.

18 4. No court shall have jurisdiction to entertain, hear or determine any petition or complaint praying for the disso-19 lution, liquidation, rehabilitation, sequestration, conservation $\mathbf{20}$ 21 or receivership of any insurer, or for an injunction or restrain- $\mathbf{22}$ ing order or other relief preliminary, incidental, or relating to such proceedings, other than in accordance with this chapter. 23 5. An appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court from any judicial 24 court granting or refusing rehabilitation, liquidation, con-25 $\mathbf{26}$ servation, or receivership, and from every order in delinquency proceedings having the character of a final order as to the 27

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§ 4355. Jurisdiction over related persons and transactions1. A court of this State in which an order of rehabilita-



particular portion of the proceedings embraced therein.

tion or liquidation has been entered in delinquency proceedings against a domestic insurer or alien insurer domiciled in this State, has jurisdiction also over persons, served as provided in subsection 2 below, in an action brought by the insurer's receiver on or arising out of such obligation or relationship, as follows:

A. Persons obligated to the insurer as a result of agency
or brokerage or transactions between such persons and the insur9 er;

B. Reinsurers of the insurer, and their representatives;and

С. Past or present officers, managers, trustees, direct-12 ors, organizers, and promoters of the insurer, and other per-13 14 sons in positions of similar responsibility with the insurer. 15 2. As to those of such persons who are in this State, 16 personal service of process shall be made as in other civil 17 actions. As to those of such persons who cannot be found in 18 this State at the time process is to be served, personal ser-19 vice of process shall be made thereon by a public officer of 20 the jurisdiction in which such person may be found, in the 21 same manner as personal service of process is required to be 22 made within this State under the laws of this State; and the 23 affidavit or certificate under oath setting forth the facts 24 of such service shall be filed in the court in this State in 25 which the action is pending.

26 § 4356. Grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurer or domiciled alien insurer

The commissioner may petition for an order directing him
to rehabilitate a domestic insurer or an alien insurer domiciled in this State on any one or more of the following grounds:
1. On any ground for liquidation of the insurer under
section 4357 of this chapter, if the commissioner believes
rehabilitation possible without substantial increase of risk

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1 to creditors, policyholders or the public;

2 2. If the insurer is in unsound condition, or is using, or
3 has been subject to, such methods and practices in conduct of
4 its business as to render its further transaction of insurance
5 presently or prospectively hazardous to its policyholders, or
6 creditors, or the public;

7 3. If the insurer's solvency is endangered by illegal8 action;

9 4. For material falsification of the insurer's records,
10 reports, or financial condition;

11 5. If the commissioner finds after hearing that any 12 individual exercising executive power with respect to or 13 otherwise materially influencing or controlling the insurer, 14 directly or indirectly, is dishonest or untrustworthy in 15 matters affecting the insurer, and has not been or cannot 16 effectively and permanently be removed from such power, influ-17 ence, or control;

18 6. For unlawful concealment or removal by the insurer19 of any of its records or assets;

For failure of the insurer, or its parent corporation, 20 7. or subsidiary or affiliated person controlled by the insurer, to $\mathbf{21}$ 22 submit its books, accounts, records and affairs to the reasonable inspection or examination of the commissioner or his 23 examiner as authorized under this Title; or if any individual $\mathbf{24}$ exercising any executive authority in the affairs of the insurer, 25 26 or parent corporation, or subsidiary or affiliated person has refused to be examined under oath, by the commissioner or his 27 28 examiner thereunto duly authorized, whether within this State or otherwise, concerning the pertinent affairs of the insurer, 29 30 or parent corporation, or subsidiary, or affiliated person, or 31 if examined under oath refuses to divulge pertinent information reasonably known to) him; or for failure of officers, employees, 32

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and other representatives of the insurer, or parent corporation,
 or subsidiary, or affiliated person to comply promptly with the
 reasonable requests of the commissioner or his examiner for the
 purposes of and during the conduct of any such examination;

5 8. That a deadlock exists in the insurer's board of
6 directors relative to the general management of the insurer's
7 affairs, that the insurer's stockholders or members (as to a
8 mutual insurer) are unable to break the deadlock, and that the
9 same threatens irreparable injury to the insurer, or its credi10 tors, or its policyholders, or to the public;

9. If the insurer has transferred or attempted to transfer substantially its entire property or business, or has entered into any transaction the effect of which is to merge or consolidate substantially its entire property or business in that of any other insurer, without first having obtained the written approval of the commissioner as required under this Title;

17 10. If the controlling stock of the insurer has been
18 transferred to others without compliance with the requirements
19 of section 3476(acquisition of controlling stock) of this Title,
20 except where such transfer is by testamentary bequest or inheri21 tance;

22 11. If the insurer has wilfully violated its charter or 23 a law of this State, or has wilfully exceeded its corporate 24 powers;

12. If the insurer has requested or consented to rehabilitation by vote or written authorization of a majority of its
directors, or stockholders, or members (as to mutual insurers); or
13. If the insurer has failed to pay any valid judgment
against it within 30 days after the same became final.
§ 4357. Grounds for liquidation of domestic insurer or

31 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order
32 appointing him as receiver (if his appointment as receiver is

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not then in effect, and directing him to liquidate the business of a domestic insurer or of the United States branch of an alien insurer having trusteed assets in this State, whether or not there has been a prior order directing him to rehabilitate the insurer, upon any one or more of the following grounds

That the insurer has failed to cure an impairment of
 surplus, or capital, or assets within the time allowed therefor
 by any lawful order of the commissioner;

2. That the insurer is insolvent, or has commenced volun-9 tary liquidation or dissolution, or attempts to commence or 10 prosecute or is the object, in this State or elsewhere, of any 11 action or proceeding to liquidate its business or affairs, or 12 13 to dissolve its corporate charter, or to procure the appoint-14 ment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or sequestrator under 15 any law except this Title. This provision shall not apply as to 16 the conversion of a stock insurer to an ordinary business corp-17 oration as authorized under section 3473 of this Title, or to 18 voluntary dissolution of the insurer pursuant to section 3484 19 of this Title;

20 3. That the insurer has ceased for a period of 1 year to
21 transact insurance business;

4. If a proposed insurer has not completed its organization
and obtained a certificate of authority as an insurer within
the time allowed therefor under any applicable law;

5. That efforts to rehabilitate the insurer and remove the causes or adverse effects thereof for which rehabilitation was instituted, have failed despite all reasonable efforts by the commissioner, or cannot be continued without material increase of risk of loss to the insurer's creditors or policyholders; or

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6. If the insurer has requested or consented to liquidation

by vote or written authorization of a majority of its directors,
 or stockholders, or members (if a mutual insurer).

§ 4358. Ground for conservation, foreign and alien insurers 3 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order appoint-4 ing him as receiver or ancillary receiver, and directing him to 5 6 conserve the assets within this State, of a foreign or alien insurer upon any of the applicable ground specified in sections 7 4356 or 4357 of this chapter, or upon the ground that the 8 insurer's property has been sequestrated in its domiciliary 9 10 sovereignty or in any other sovereignty; or, in the case of an alien insurer that the insurer has failed to make good an 11 impairment of its trusteed funds within the time required 12 therefor by order of the commissioner. 13

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§ 4359. Grounds for ancillary liquidation, foreign and alien insurers

15 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order 16 appointing him to liquidate the business of a foreign or alien 17 insurer having assets, business or claims in this State upon 18 the appointment in the domiciliary sovereignty of such insurer 19 of a receiver, liquidator, conservator, rehabilitator or other 20 officer by whatever name called for the purpose of liquidating 21 the business of the insurer.

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§ 4360. Commencement of proceeding

1. The commissioner shall commence a delinquency proceeding authorized under this chapter, the Attorney General representing him, by filing a petition in a court of proper jurisdiction praying for appointment of the commissioner as receiver of the insurer.

28 2. Upon the filing of the petition the court shall issue 29 an order directing the insurer to appear in court on the day 30 fixed in the order and show cause why the petition should not 31 be granted. Unless good cause is shown for a shorter period, 32 the order shall require the insurer to so show cause not less

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than 15 or more than 30 days from date of the order.

2 3. The order to show cause and service thereof on the 3 insurer shall constitute due and legal process and shall be 4 in lieu of any other process otherwise provided by law. 5

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§ 4361. Service of process

7 A certified copy of any order to show cause issued under section 4360 of this chapter, and a copy of the petition upon 8 9 which the same is made, shall be served upon the insurer by 10 delivering the same to its president, vice-president, secret-11 ary, treasurer, director or to its managing agent, or attorney in fact (if a reciprocal insurer); or if no such officer or 12functionary can readily be found in this State, then such pro-13 cess may be served upon the insurer by service thereof upon 14 the commissioner pursuant to sections 421 and 422 of this Title. 15

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§ 4362. Injunctions

18 1. Upon application by the commissioner for such an order 19 to show cause, or at any time thereafter, the court may without 20 notice issue an injunction restraining the insurer, its officers, 21 directors, stockholders, members, subscribers, agents and all 22 other persons from the transaction of its business or the 23 waste or disposition of its property until the further order 24 of the court.

25 2. The court may at any time during a proceeding under this chapter issue such other injunctions or orders as may 26 be deemed necessary to prevent interference with the commis-27 sioner or the proceeding, or waste of the assets of the insurer, 28 or the commencement or prosecution of any actions, or the 29 30 obtaining of preferences, judgments, attachments or other 31 liens, or the making of any levy against the insurer or against 32 its assets or any part thereof.



1 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no bond 2 shall be required of the commissioner as a prerequisite for the 3 issuance of any injunction or restraining order pursuant to 4 this section.

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§ 4363. Uniform Insurers Liquidation Act; severability; interpretation

This section, section 4353 (definitions) of this 6 1. chapter, and sections 4364 through 4369of this chapter comprise 7 8 and may be cited as the uniform insurers liquidation act. 9 2. If any provision of the uniform insurers liquidation 10 act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances 11 is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect with-12 out the invalid provision or application, and to this end the 13 provisions of the act are declared to be severable. 14

15 3. This uniform insurers liquidation act shall be so inter-16 preted as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the 17 laws of those states which enact it. To the extent that its pro-18 visions, when applicable, conflict with other provisions of this 19 Title, the provisions of the uniform insurers liquidation act 20 shall control.

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§ 4364. Conduct of delinquency proceedings against domestic insurers and certain alien insurers

1. Whenever under this chapter a receiver is to be appointed in delinquency proceedings for an insurer, the court shall appoint the commissioner as such receiver. The court shall order the commissioner forthwith to take possession of the assets of the insurer and to administer the same under the orders of the court.

27 2. As a domiciliary receiver, the commissioner shall be
28 vested by operation of law with the title to all of the property,
29 contracts and rights of action, and all of the books and records
30 of the insurer, wherever located, as of the date of entry of the
31 order directing him to rehabilitate or liquidate a domestic insur32 er or to liquidate the United States branch of an alien insurer

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1 domiciled in this State, and he shall have the right to recover
2 the same and reduce the same to possession; except that ancillary
3 receivers in reciprocal states shall have, as to assets located
4 in their respective states, the rights and powers which are herein
5 prescribed for ancillary receivers appointed in this State as to
6 assets located in this State.

7 3. The filing or recording of the order directing possess8 ion to be taken, or a certified copy thereof, in any office where
9 instruments affecting title to property are required to be filed
10 or recorded shall impart the same notice as would be imparted
11 by a deed, bill of sale, or other evidence of title duly filed
12 or recorded.

4. The commissioner as domiciliary receiver shall be responsible for the proper administration of all assets coming into his
possession or control. The court may at any time require a bond
from him or his deputies if deemed desirable for the protection
of such assets.

18 5. Upon taking possession of the assets of an insurer, 19 the domiciliary receiver shall immediately proceed to conduct 20 the business of the insurer or to take such steps as are author-21 ized by this chapter for the purpose of rehabilitating, liquidat-22 ing or conserving the affairs or assets of the insurer.

6. In connection with delinquency proceedings, the commis-23 24 sioner may appoint one or more special deputy commissioners to act for him and he may employ such counsel, clerks and assistants 25 26 as he deems necessary. The compensation of the special deputies, 27 counsel, clerks or assistants and all expenses of taking possess-28 ion of the insurer and of conducting the proceedings shall be fixed by the receiver and shall be paid out of the funds or 29 30 assets of the insurer. Within the limits of duties imposed upon them, special deputies shall possess all the powers given to and, 31 in the exercise of those powers, shall be subject to all of the 32



duties imposed upon the receiver with respect to such proceedings. 1 2 7. During such receivership the commissioner shall file in 3 the court, at regular intervals not less frequently than quar-4 terly, his true reports in summary form of the insurer's affairs under the receivership, and of progress being made in 5 6 accomplishing the objectives of the receivership. All such 7 reports, together with such additional or special reports as the court may reasonably require, shall be subject to review 8 9 by the court; and all actions of the receiver therein reported shall be subject to the court's approval, but the court shall 10 not withhold approval or disapprove any such action unless 11 . found by the court after a hearing thereon in open court to be 1213 unlawful, or arbitrary, or capricious.

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\$ 4365. Conduct of delinquency proceedings against foreign insurers

16 1. Whenever under this chapter an ancillary receiver
17 is to be appointed in delinquency proceedings for an insurer
18 not domiciled in this State, the court shall appoint the commis19 sioner as ancillary receiver. The commissioner shall file a
20 petition requesting the appointment on the grounds set forth in
21 sections 4358 or 4359 of this chapter:

A. If he finds that there are sufficient assets of the insurer located in this State to justify the appointment of an ancillary receiver, or

B. If 10 or more persons resident in this State having
claims against such insurer file a petition with the commissioner
requesting the appointment of such ancillary receiver.

28 2. The domiciliary receiver for the purpose of liquidat-29 ing an insurer domiciled in a reciprocal state shall be vested 30 by operation of law with the title to all of the property, con-31 tracts and rights of action, and all of the books and records 32 of the insurer located in this State, and he shall have the

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immediate right to recover balances due from local agents and 1 to obtain possession of any books and records of the insurer $\mathbf{2}$ found in this State. He shall also be entitled to recover the 3 other assets of the insurer located in this State, except that 4 upon the appointment of an ancillary receiver in this State, the 5 6 ancillary receiver shall during the ancillary receivership pro-7 ceedings have the sole right to recover such other assets. The ancillary receiver shall, as soon as practicable, liquidate from 8 their respective securities those special deposit claims and 9 10 secured claims which are proved and allowed in the ancillary proceedings in this State, and shall pay the necessary expenses of 11 the proceedings. All remaining assets he shall promptly transfer 12to the domiciliary receiver. Subject to the foregoing provisions, 13 the ancillary receiver and his deputies shall have the same powers 14 15 and be subject to the same duties with respect to the administration of such assets as a receiver of an insurer domiciled in this 16 17 State.

18 3. The domiciliary receiver of an insurer domiciled in a
19 reciprocal state may sue in this State to recover any assets of
20 such insurer to which he may be entitled under the laws of this
21 State.

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§ 4366. Claims of nonresidents against domestic insurers

1. In a delinquency proceeding begun in this State against a domestic insurer, claimants residing in reciprocal states may file claims either with the ancillary receivers, if any, in their respective states, or with the domiciliary receiver. All such claims must be filed on or before the last date fixed for the filing of claims in the domiciliary delinquency proceedings.

Controverted claims belonging to claimants residing in
 reciprocal states may either:

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A. Be proved in this State, or



If ancillary proceedings have been commenced in such 1 в. $\mathbf{2}$ reciprocal states, may be proved in those proceedings. In the 3 event a claimant elects to prove his claim in ancillary proceedings, if notice of the claim and opportunity to appear and be 4 heard is afforded the domiciliary receiver of this State, as 5 provided in section 4367 of-this chapter with respect to ancillary 6 proceedings in this State, the final allowance of such claim by 7 the courts in the ancillary state shall be accepted in this 8 9 State as conclusive as to its amount and shall also be accepted as conclusive as to its priority, if any, against special deposits 10 or other security located within the ancillary state. 11

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§ 4367. Claims against foreign insurers

In a delinquency proceeding in a reciprocal state against 14 1. an insurer domiciled in that state, claimants against such insurer 15 who reside within this State may file claims either with the 16 in this ancillary receiver, if any, appointed /State, or with the domi-17 ciliary receiver. All such claims must be filed on or before 18 the last date fixed for the filing of claims in the domiciliary 19 20 delinquency proceedings.

21 2. Controverted claims belonging to claimants residing in
22 this State may either:

A. Be proved in the domiciliary state as provided by the
law of that state, or

25Β. If ancillary proceedings have been commenced in this 26 State, be proved in those proceedings. In the event that any 27 such claimant elects to prove his claim in this State, he shall 28 file his claim with the ancillary receiver and shall give notice 29 in writing to the receiver in the domiciliary state, either by registered or certified mail or by personal service at least 30 40 days prior to the date set for hearing. The notice shall 31 contain a concise statement of the amount of the claim, the facts 32

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on which the claim is based, and the priorities asserted, if any. 1 2 If the domiciliary receiver within 30 days after the giving of such notice shall give notice in writing to the ancillary receiver 3 and to the claimant, either by registered or certified mail or 4 5 by personal service, of his intention to contest such claim, he 6 shall be entitled to appear or to be represented in any proceed-7 in this State involving adjudication of the claim. The final allowance of the claim by the courts of this State shall be 8 9 accepted as conclusive as to its amount and shall also be accepted 10 as conclusive as to its priority, if any, against special deposits or other security located within this State. 11

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§ 4368. Form of claim; notice; hearing

14 1. All claims against an insurer against which delinquency proceedings have been begun shall set forth in reasonable detail 15 the amount of the claim, or the basis upon which such amount can 16 be ascertained, the facts upon which the claim is based, and the 17 18 priorities asserted, if any. All such claims shall be verified 19 by the affidavit of the claimant, or someone authorized to act $\mathbf{20}$ on his behalf and having knowledge of the facts, and shall be 21 supported by such documents as may be material thereto.

22 2. All claims filed in this State shall be filed with the
23 receiver, whether domiciliary or ancillary, in this State, on
24 or before the last date for filing as specified in this chapter.

253. Within 10 days of the receipt of any claim, or within such further period as the court may fix for good cause shown, 26 27 the receiver shall report the claim to the court, specifying in $\mathbf{28}$ such report his recommendation with respect to the action to be $\mathbf{29}$ taken thereon. Upon receipt of such report, the court shall 30 fix a time for hearing the claim and shall direct that the claimant or the receiver, as the court shall specify, shall 31 32 give such notice as the court shall determine to such persons as



shall appear to the court to be interested therein. All such
 notices shall specify the time and place of the hearing and
 shall concisely state the amount and nature of the claim, the
 priorities asserted, if any, and the recommendation of the
 receiver with reference thereto.

At the hearing, all persons interested shall be entitled
to appear and the court shall enter an order allowing, allowing
in part, or disallowing the claim. Any such order shall be
deemed to be an appealable order.

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§ 4369. Attachment and garnishment of assets

12During the pendency of delinquency proceedings in this or any reciprocal state, no action or proceeding in the nature of 13 14 an attachment, garnishment or execution shall be commenced or maintained in the courts of this State against the delinquent 15 16 insurer or its assets. Any lien obtained by any such action 17or proceeding within four months prior to the commencement of 18 any such delinquency proceeding or at any time thereafter shall be void as against any rights arising in such delinquency pro-19 $\mathbf{20}$ ceeding.

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§ 4370. Limitations on appointment of receiver; action by judgment creditor

No order, judgment or decree enjoining, restraining or interfering with the prosecution of the business of any insurer or for the appointment of a temporary or permanent receiver of a domestic insurer shall be made or granted otherwise than upon the petition of the commissioner represented by the Attorney General as provided in this chapter.

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§ 4371. Deposit of monies

31 The monies collected by the commissioner in a proceeding 32 under this chapter shall be from time to time deposited in

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one or more state or national banks, savings banks or trust 1 2 companies, and in the case of the insolvency or voluntary or involuntary liquidation of any such depositary which is an 3 institution organized and supervised under the laws of this 4 5 State, such deposits shall be entitled to priority of payment on an equality with any other priority given by the banking 6 laws of this State. The commissioner may in his discretion 7 8 deposit such monies or any part thereof in a national bank 9 or trust company as a trust fund.

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§ 4372. Exemption from fees

12 The commissioner shall not be required to pay any fee to any public officer in this State for filing, recording, 13 14 issuing a transcript or certificate or authenticating any paper or instrument pertaining to the exercise by the commis-15 16 sioner of any of the powers or duties conferred upon him under 17 this chapter, whether or not such paper or instrument be executed by the commissioner or his deputies, employees or attor-18 19 neys of record and whether or not it is connected with the 20 commencement of any action or proceeding by or against the commissioner, or with the subsequent conduct of such action 21 $\mathbf{22}$ or proceeding.

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§ 4373. Escrowing on pledge of assets

25 For the purpose of facilitating the rehabilitation, 26 liquidation, conservation or dissolution of an insurer pursuant to this chapter, the commissioner may, subject to the 27 28 approval of the court, borrow money and execute, acknowledge 29 and deliver notes or other evidences of indebtedness therefor 30 and secure the repayment of the same by the mortgage, pledge, assignment, transfer in trust, or hypothecation of any or all 31 32 of the property, whether real, personal or mixed, of such



insurer, and the commissioner subject to the approval of the court shall have power to take any and all other action necessary and proper to consummate any such loan and to provide for the repayment thereof. The commissioner shall be under no obligation personally or in his official capacity to repay any loan made pursuant to this section.

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§ 4374. Termination of rehabilitation

If at any time the court finds, after hearing in open 9 court, upon petition of the commissioner or of the insurer or 10 of his own motion, that the objectives of an order to rehabili-11 tate a domestic insurer or an alien insurer domiciled in this 12 State have been accomplished, and that the insurer can be 13 returned to its own management without further jeopardy to the 14 insurer and its creditors or policyholders or stockholders or 15 to the public, the court may, upon a full report and accounting 16 17 by the commissioner relative to the conduct of the insurer's 18 affairs during the rehabilitation and of the insurer's current 19 financial condition, terminate the rehabilitation and by order 20 return the insurer, its assets and affairs, to the insurer's 21 management.

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§ 4375. Prohibited and voidable transfers, liens

1. No insurer shall make any transfer of or create any
lien upon any of its property with the intent of giving to,
or enabling any creditor or policyholder to obtain, a greater
percentage of his debt than any other creditor or policyholder
of the same class.

29 2. Any transfer of, or lien upon, any property of any
30 insurer made or created within 4 months prior to the filing of
31 a petition for an order to show cause under this chapter, which
32 gives to any creditor or policyholder or enables him to obtain

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1 a greater percentage of his debt than any other creditor or policyholder in the same class, and which is accepted by a 2 creditor or policyholder having reasonable cause to believe 3 that such a preference will occur, shall be voidable. 4 Where 5 the preference consists in a transfer, such period of 4 months 6 shall not expire until 4 months after the date of the recording 7 or registering of the transfer if by law such recording or registering is required. 8

9 Every director, officer, employee, stockholder, member 3. 10 or any other person acting on behalf of such insurer, who, within 2 years prior to the filing of a petition for an order to show 11 12cause against such insurer under this chapter, shall knowingly 13 participate in the making of any transfer or the creation of any lien prohibited by subsection 1, and every person receiving any 14 property of, or cash surrender from, such insurer or the benefit 15 16 thereof as a result of a transaction voidable under subsection 2, shall be jointly and severally liable therefor and shall be bound 17 18 to account to the commissioner as receiver, rehabilitator, liquidator or conservator, as the case may be. 19

 $\mathbf{20}$ 4. The commissioner as receiver, rehabilitator, liquidator, or conservator may avoid any transfer of or lien upon the property $\mathbf{21}$ of an insurer which any creditor, stockholder or member of such 2223 insurer might have avoided and may recover the property so trans- $\mathbf{24}$ ferred or its value from the person to whom it was transferred 25 unless he was a bona fide holder for value prior to the date of 26 the entry of an order to show cause under this chapter. Such 27 property may be recovered or its value collected from whoever may have received it except a bona fide holder for value. $\mathbf{28}$

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§ 4376. Date rights fixed on liquidation

31 The rights and liabilities of the insurer and of its credi-32 tors, policyholders, stockholders, members, subscribers and all



1 other persons interested in its estate shall, unless otherwise 2 directed by the court, be fixed as of the date on which the 3 order directing the liquidation of the insurer is filed in 4 the office of the clerk of the court which made the order, 5 subject to the provisions of this chapter with respect to the 6 rights of claimants holding contingent claims.

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§ 4377. Time to file claims

9 1. If upon the entry of an order of liquidation under
10 this chapter or at any time thereafter during liquidation pro11 ceedings the insurer is not clearly solvent, the court shall,
12 upon hearing after such notice it deems proper, make and enter
13 an order adjudging the insurer to be solvent.

After the entry of the order of insolvency, regardless 2. 14 of any prior notice that may have been given to creditors, the 15 commissioner shall notify all persons who may have claims against 16 17 the insurer to file such claims with him, at a place and within the time specified in the notice, or that such claims shall be 18 forever barred. The time specified in the notice shall be as 19 $\mathbf{20}$ fixed by the court for filing of claims and which shall be not 21less than 6 months after the entry of the order of insolvency. 22 The notice shall be given in such manner and for such reasonable period of time as may be ordered by the court. 23

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§ 4373. Allowance of contingent and other claims

1. No contingent claim shall share in a distribution of
assets of an insurer which has been adjudicated to be insolvent
by an order made pursuant to section 4377 of this chapter, except
that such claims shall be considered, if properly presented,
and may be allowed to share where:

A. The claim becomes absolute against the insurer on or
before the last day fixed for filing of proofs of claim against

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1 the assets of the insurer, or

2 B. There is a surplus and the liquidation is thereafter3 conducted upon the basis that the insurer is solvent.

Where an insurer has been so adjudicated to be insolvent
any person who has a cause of action against an insured of the
insurer, shall have the right to file a claim in the liquidation proceeding, regardless of the fact that the claim may be
contingent, and the claim may be allowed:

9 A. If it may be reasonably inferred from the proof pre-10 sented upon the claim that such person would be able to obtain 11 a judgment upon such cause of action against such insured; and

B. If such person shall furnish suitable proof, unless the court for good cause shown shall otherwise direct, that no further valid claims against the insurer arising out of his cause of action other than those already presented can be made; and

16 C. If the total liability of the insurer to all claimants 17 arising out of the same act of its insured shall be no greater 18 than its maximum liability would be were it not in liquidation.

19 3. No judgment against such an insurer, referred to in ·20 subsection 2 above, taken after the date of the entry of the $\mathbf{21}$ liquidation order shall be considered in the liquidation proceedings as evidence of liability, or of the amount of damages, and $\mathbf{22}$ 23 no judgment against an insured taken by default, inquest or by $\mathbf{24}$ collusion prior to the entry of the liquidation order shall be $\mathbf{25}$ considered as conclusive evidence in the liquidation proceeding $\mathbf{26}$ either of the liability of the insured to such person upon such 27 cause of action or of the amount of damages to which such person is therein entitled. $\mathbf{28}$

4. No claim of any secured claimant shall be allowed at a sum greater than the difference between the value of the claim without security and the value of the security itself as of the date of the entry of the order of liquidation or such other



1 Jate set by the court for the fixation of rights and liabilities as provided in section 4376 of this chapter unless the claimant shall surrender his security to the liquidator and in which event the claim shall be allowed in the full amount for which it is valued.

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§ 4379. Priorities in distribution of assets

7 The priorities in distribution of assets from the insurer's estate shall be in the order as shown in this section. The first З 9 \$50 of the amount allowed on each claim in the classes under subsections 2 to 6 shall be deducted from the claim and included in 1011 the class under subsection S. Claims shall not be cumulated by 12assignment to avoid application of the \$50 deductible provision. 13 Subject to the \$50 deductible provision, every claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate funds retained for the 14 15 payment thereof before claims of the next succeeding class receive any payment. No subclasses shall be established within 16 17 any class:

13 1. Administration costs. The costs and expenses of admin-19 istration, including but not limited to the actual and necessary 20 costs of preserving or recovering the assets of the insurer; 21 compensation for all services rendered in the liquidation; any 22 necessary filing fees; the fees and mileage payable to witnesses; 23 and reasonable attorney's fees.

24 2. <u>Wages</u>. Debts due to employees of the insurer, other 25 than officers, for services performed, not to exceed \$1,000 to 26 each employee and earned within 1 year immediately prior to the 27 filing of the petition for liquidation. This priority shall be 28 in lieu of any other similar priority authorized by law as to 29 wages or compensation of such employees.

30 3. Loss claims. All claims under policies for losses
31 incurred, including third party claims, and all claims against
32 the insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or



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destruction of tangible property which are not under policies, ٦ except the first \$200 of losses otherwise payable to any claim- $\mathbf{2}$ 3 ant under this subsection. All claims under life insurance policies and annuity contracts, whether for death proceeds, 4 5 annuity proceeds or investment values, shall be treated as 6 loss claims. Claims shall not be cumulated by assignment to avoid application of the \$255 deductible provision. 7 That por-8 tion of any loss for which indemnification is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable by the claimant 9 10 shall not be included in this class, other than benefits or ad-11 vantages recovered or recoverable in discharge of familial 12obligations of support or by way of succession at death or as 13 proceeds of life insurance, or as gratuities. No payment made 14 by an employer to his employee shall be treated as a gratuity.

4. <u>Unearned premiums and small loss claims</u>. Claims under
nonassessable policies for unearned premiums or other premium
refunds and the first \$200 of loss excepted by the deductible
provision in subsection 3, above.

All other claims, including 19 5. Residual classification. $\mathbf{20}$ claims of the federal or any state or local government, not 21 falling within other classes under this section. Claims, includ- $\mathbf{22}$ ing those of any governmental body, for a penalty or forfeiture, 23 shall be allowed in this class only to the extent of the pecun- $\mathbf{24}$ iary loss sustained from the act, transaction or proceeding out $\mathbf{25}$ of which the penalty or forfeiture arose, with reasonable and 26 actual costs occasioned thereby. The remainder of such claims 27 shall be postponed to the class of claims under subsection 8, below. $\mathbf{28}$

6. Judgments. Claims based solely on judgments. If a claimant files a claim and bases it both on the judgment and on the underlying facts, the claim shall be considered by the liquidator who shall give the judgment such weight as he deems

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1 appropriate. The claim as allowed shall receive the priority 2 it would have received in the absence of the judgment. If the 3 judgment is larger than the allowance on the underlying claim, 4 the remaining portion of the judgment shall be treated as if 5 it were a claim based solely on a judgment.

6 7. Interest on claims already paid. Interest at the legal rate compounded annually on all claims in the classes under sub-7 8 sections 1 through 6 from the date of the petition for liquida-9 tion or the date on which the claim becomes due, whichever is 10 later, until the date on which the dividend is declared. The liquidator, with the court's approval, may make reasonable classi-11 12fications of claims for purpose of computing interest, may make 13 approximate computations and may ignore certain classifications 14 and time periods as de minimis.

8. <u>Miscellaneous subordinated claims</u>. The remaining claims
or portions of claims not already paid, with interest as in subsection 7:

18 A. The first \$50 of each claim in the classes under sub19 sections 2 through 6 subordinated under this section;

B. Claims subordinated by section 4380 (subordination of
claims for noncooperation) of this chapter;

C. Claims filed late;

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D. Portions of claims subordinated under subsection 5; and
 E. Claims or portions of claims payment of which is provided
 by other benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable by the
 claimant.

9. <u>Preferred ownership claims</u>. Surplus or contribution
notes, or similar obligations, and premium refunds on assessable
policies. Interest at the legal rate shall be added to each
claim, as in subsections 7 and 8.

31 10. <u>Proprietary claims</u>. The claims of stockholders or
32 other owners of the insurer.



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1	\$ 4380. Subordination of claims for noncooperation
2	If an ancillary receiver (by whatever name called) in
3	another state or foreign country fails to transfer to the dom-
4	iciliary liquidator in this State any assets within his control
5	other than special deposits, diminished only by the expenses,
6	if any, of the ancillary receivership, the claims filed in the
7	ancillary receivership, other than special deposit claims or
8	secured claims, shall be placed in the class of claims under
9	subsection 8 of section 4379 of this-chapter.
10	
11	§ 4381. <u>Offsets</u>
12	1. In all cases of mutual debts or mutual credits between
13	the insurer and another person in connection with any action
14	or proceeding under this chapter, such credits and debts shall
15	be set off and the balance only shall be allowed or paid, except
16	as provided in subsection 2 below.
17	2. No offset shall be allowed in favor of any such person
18	where:
19	A. The obligation of the insurer to such person would not
20	at the date of the entry of any liquidation order or otherwise,
21	as provided in section 4376 of this chapter, entitle him to
22	share as a claimant in the assets of the insurer, or
23	B. The obligation of the insurer to such person was pur-
24	chased by or transferred to such person with a view of its being
25	used as an offset, or
26	C. The obligation of such person is to pay an assessment
27	levied against the members of a mutual insurer, or against the
2 8	subscribers of a reciprocal insurer, or is to pay a balance
29	upon the subscription to the capital stock of a stock insurer.
30	
31	§ 4382. Report and petition for assessment
32	Within 3 years after the date of the entry of an order of

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571 -547rehabilitation or liquidation of a domestic mutual insurer
 or a domestic reciprocal insurer, the commissioner may make
 and file his report and petition to the court setting forth:

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The reasonable value of the assets of the insurer;
 The liabilities of the insurer to the extent thus far ascertained by the commissioner;

7 3. The aggregate amount of the assessment, if any,
8 which the commissioner deems reasonably necessary to pay all
9 claims, the costs and expenses of the collection of the
10 assessments and the costs and expenses of the delinquency
11 proceedings in full; and

4. Any other information relative to the affairs or
property of the insurer that the commissioner deems material.

15

§ 4383. Order and levy of assessment

1. Upon the filing and reading of the report and peti-16 tion provided for in section 4382 of this chapter, the court, 17 18 ex parte, may order the commissioner to assess all members or subscribers of the insurer who may be subject to such an 19 20 assessment, in such an aggregate amount as the court finds 21 reasonably necessary to pay all valid claims as may be timely 22 filed and proved in the delinquency proceedings, together with 23 the costs and expenses of levying and collecting assessments 24 and the costs and expenses of the delinquency proceedings in 25 full. Any such order shall require the commissioner to assess each such member or subscriber for his proportion of the 26 27 aggregate assessment, according to such reasonable classifi- $\mathbf{28}$ cation of such members or subscribers and formula as may be made by the commissioner and approved by the court. 29

30 2. The court may order additional assessments upon the
31 filing and reading of any amendment or supplement to the
32 report and petition referred to in 1 above, if such amendment

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CH. 59 - Sub. 1 DELINQUENT INSURERS REHAB/LIQUIDATION

or supplement is filed within 3 years after the date of the
 entry of the order of rehabilitation or liquidation.

3 3. After the entry of the order to levy and assess
4 members or subscribers of an insurer referred to in 1 and 2
5 above, the commissioner shall levy and assess members or sub6 scribers in accordance with the order.

7 The total of all assessments against any member or 4. 8 subscriber with respect to any policy, whether levied pursuant to any other provision of this Title, shall be for no greater 9 10 amount than that specified in the policy or policies of the 11 member or subscriber and as limited under this Title, except as to any policy which was issued at a rate of premium below 12 13 the minimum rate lawfully permitted for the risk insured, in which event the assessment against any such policyholder 14 shall be upon the basis of the minimum rate for such risk. 15 5. No assessment shall be levied against any member or 16

17 subscriber with respect to any nonassessable policy issued in 18 accordance with this Title.

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§ 4384. Assessment prima facie correct; notice; payment; proceedings to collect

Any assessment of a subscriber or member of an
 insurer made by the commissioner pursuant to the order of
 court fixing the aggregate amount of the assessment against
 all members or subscribers and approving the classification
 and formula made by the commissioner under section 4383
 Subsection
 paragraph 1 of this chapter shall be prima facie correct.

27 2. Each member or subscriber shall be notified of the 28 amount of assessment to be paid by him by written notice 29 mailed to the address of the member or subscriber last of 30 record with the insurer. Failure of the member or subscriber 31 to receive the notice so mailed, within the time specified 32 therein or at all, shall be no defense in any proceeding to



1 collect the assessment.

2	3. If any such member or subscriber fails to pay the
3	assessment within the period specified in the notice, which
4	period shall not be less than 20 days after mailing, the
5	commissioner may obtain an order in the delinquency proceed-
6	ings requiring the member or subscriber to show cause at a
7	time and place fixed by the court why judgment should not be
8	entered against such member or subscriber for the amount of
9	the assessment together with all costs, and a copy of the
10	order and a copy of the petition therefor shall be served
11	upon the member or subscriber within the time and in the
12	manner designated in the order.
13	4. If the subscriber or member after due service of a
14	copy of the order and petition referred to in 3 above is made
15	upon him:
16	A. Fails to appear at the time and place specified in
17	the order, judgment shall be entered against him as prayed
18	for in the petition; or
19	B. Appears in the manner and form required by law in
2 0	response to the order, the court shall hear and determine
2 1	the matter and enter a judgment in accordance with its deci-
2 2	sion.
23	5. The commissioner may collect any such assessment
2 4	through any other lawful means.
2 5	
2 6	§ 4385. Federal receivership
27	1. Whenever in the commissioner's opinion, liquidation
2 8	of a domestic insurer or an alien insurer domiciled in this
29	State would be facilitated by a federal receivership, and
3 0	when any ground exists upon which the commissioner might
31	petition the court for an order of rehabilitation or liquida-
32	tion of the insurer under this chapter, or if such an order

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CH. 59 - Sub. I - Sub.II DELINQUENT INSURERS REHAB/LIQUIDATION SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS

has already been entered, the commissioner may request another 1 2 commissioner or other resident of another state to petition any appropriate federal district court for the appointment of 3 4 a federal receiver. The commissioner may intervene in any such action to support or oppose the petition, and may accept 5 6 appointment as the receiver if so designated. So much of this 7 chapter shall apply to the receivership as may be applicable 8 and appropriate. Upon the commissioner's motion, the courts of this State shall relinquish all jurisdiction over the 9 10 insurer for purposes of rehabilitation or liquidation.

If he is appointed receiver under this section, the
 commissioner shall comply with requirements necessary to give
 him title to and control over the assets and affairs of the
 insurer.

SUBCHAPTER II SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS

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§ 4401. Summary proceedings. Commissioner's corrective orders authorized

18 1. If the commissioner determines after a hearing that 19 any insurer has committed or engaged in, or is committing or 20 engaging in, or is about to commit or engage in any act, practice or transaction that would subject it to formal 21 delinquency proceedings under sections 4351 through 4407 of 22 this chapter, he may make and serve upon the insurer and 23other persons involved, such orders (other than seizure $\mathbf{24}$ orders under sections 4404 and 4405 of this chapter) as he 25 $\mathbf{26}$ deems reasonably necessary to correct, eliminate or remedy 27 such conduct, condition or ground. Orders to cure impair-**2**8 ment of capital or surplus of a domestic insurer are subject to sections 3423 and 3424 of this Title. 29

30 2. If the commissioner believes that irreparable harm
31 to the insurer, or its policyholders, creditors, or the pub32 lic may occur unless his order is issued with immediate effect,

لېزېکې کې -551he may make and serve his order without notice and before
hearing, and shall simultaneously therewith serve upon the
insurer and other persons involved the notice of hearing as
required under subsection 3 below.

3. The commissioner's order and notice of hearing hereunder shall be served by personal service in any manner provided by the laws of this State for service of process in
civil actions.

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§ 4402. Same; appeal from commissioner's order

If the commissioner has issued a summary order before 11 12 hearing as provided in subsection 2 of section 4401 of this chapter, any person upon whom such order is served may waive 13 14 the commissioner's hearing and apply for any immediate judicial relief available under law and without first exhausting 15 16 administrative remedies. Section 236 (appeal from commissioner) of this Title shall apply as to appeals from the 17 commissioner's order made after hearing. 18

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§ 4403. Same; enforcement, penalty

1. The commissioner may apply for and any superior
 court may grant such restraining orders, temporary and perman ent injunctions and other orders as may be deemed necessary to
 enforce the commissioner's order.

2. Violation of any order of the commissioner issued 25 under section 4401 of this chapter by any person as to whom 26 27 the order is in effect shall subject such person to a penalty 28 of not to exceed \$10,000, to be collected in a civil action brought by the Attorney General in the name of the State of 29 30 Maine. The Attorney General shall deposit all funds so collected with the Treasurer of State to the credit of the insur-31 32 ance division regulatory revolving fund.

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CH. 59 - Sub. II DELINQUENT INSURERS SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS

. 1	§ 4404. Same; seizure under court order
2	1. Upon filing by the commissioner in any superior court
3	of this State of his verified petition alleging any ground for
4	a formal delinquency proceeding against an insurer under
5	sections 4351 through 4385 of this chapter and that the
6	interests of the insurer's policyholders or creditors or the
7	public will be jeopardized by delay, and setting forth the
8	order deemed necessary by the commissioner, the court shall,
9	ex parte and without notice or hearing, issue the requested
10	order. The requested order may:
11	A. Direct the commissioner to take possession and control

12 of all or part of the property, books, accounts, and records 13 of the insurer and the premises occupied by it for transaction 14 of its business; and

B. Until further order of court, enjoin the insurer and its officers, managers, agents, and employees from removal, concealment, or other disposition of its property, and from transaction of its business, except with the commissioner's written consent.

20 2. The court's order shall be for such duration, specified in the order, as the court deems necessary to enable the 21 22 commissioner to ascertain the insurer's condition. On motion 23 of any party or on its own motion, the court may hold such 24 hearings as it deems desirable after such notice as it deems 25 appropriate, and extend or shorten the duration or modify 26 the terms of the order. The court shall vacate the seizure 27 order if the commissioner fails to commence a formal proceeding under sections 4351 through 4385 of this chapter after **2**8 29 reasonable opportunity to do so; and a seizure order is 30 automatically vacated by issuance of the court's order pur-31 suant to formal delinquency proceedings under such sections 32 of this chapter.

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3. Entry of a seizure order under this section does not
 constitute an anticipatory breach of any contract of the
 insurer.

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- § 4405. Same; Seizure under the commissioner's order

1. If it appears to the commissioner that the interests 6 of policyholders, creditors or the public will be jeopardized 7 8 by delay incident to requesting a court seizure order, then on any ground which would justify a court seizure order under 9 section 4404 of this chapter, and without notice and without 10 11 applying to the court, the commissioner may issue a seizure order which must contain a statement verified by him of the 12 13 grounds of his action. As directed by the seizure order, the 14 commissioner's representatives shall forthwith take possession 15 and control of all or part of the property, books, accounts and records of the insurer, and of the premises occupied by 16 the insurer for transaction of its business. The commissioner 17 shall retain possession and control until the order is vacated 18 19 or is replaced by an order of court pursuant to subsection 2 **2**0 below, or pursuant to a formal proceeding under this chapter.

2. At any time after seizure under subsection 1 above, 22 the insurer may apply to the superior court for South Kennebec 23 county or for the county in this State in which the insurer's 24 principal office is located. The court shall thereupon order 25 the commissioner to appear forthwith and shall thereafter pro-26 ceed as if the order were a court seizure order issued under 27 section 4404 of this chapter.

3. Every law enforcement officer of this State shall
assist the commissioner in making and enforcing any such
seizure, and every sheriff's and police department shall furnish him with such deputies, patrolmen or officers as are
necessary for the purpose.

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CH. 59 - Sub. II DELINQUENT INSURERS SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS

4. Entry of a seizure order under this section does not
 constitute an anticipatory breach of any contract of the
 insurer.

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§ 4406. Same; conduct of hearings, both administrative and by the court, in summary proceedings

The commissioner shall hold all hearings in summary
 proceedings privately unless the insurer requests a public
 hearing, in which case the hearing shall be public.

9 2. The court may hold all hearings in summary proceed-10 ings and judicial reviews thereof privately in chambers, and 11 shall do so on request of the insurer proceeded against.

123. In all summary proceedings and judicial reviews thereof, all records of the insurer, other documents, and all 13 14 insurance departmentfiles and court records and papers, so far as they pertain to or are part of the record of the summary 15 proceedings, shall be and remain confidential except as neces-16 sary to obtain compliance therewith, unless the court after 17 hearing arguments by the parties in chambers, shall order 18 otherwise, or unless the insurer requests that the matter be 19 20 made public. Until the court otherwise orders, all papers 21 filed with the clerk of court shall be held by him in a con-22 fidential file.

4. If at any time it appears to the court that any person whose interest is or will be substantially affected by an
order did not appear at the hearing and has not been served,
the court may order that notice be given and the proceedings
be adjourned to give such person opportunity to appear, on
such terms as may be reasonable and just.

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§ 4407. Same; Penalty for refusal to deliver property, etc.

Any person having possession or custody of and refusing
to deliver to the commissioner or his representative upon

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request any of the property, books, accounts, documents or
other records of an insurer against which a seizure order
or a summary order has been issued by the commissioner or
by the court, as provided under sections 4401 through 4406,
of this chapter, shall upon conviction thereof be subject
to a fine of not over \$10,000 or imprisonment for less than
1 year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

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CHAPTER 59

INSURANCE OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES AND PROPERTY

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§ 4501. Insurance, annuities, pensions for public employees; payment of premiums and charges

The State, any county, city or town may make con-5 1. 6 tracts of insurance with any insurer authorized to transact 7 such business within the State insuring its employees or 8 any class or classes thereof under a policy or policies of 9 group insurance covering life, health or accident insurance 10 and may contract with any such insurer granting annuities 11 or pensions for the pensioning of such employees and for 12 such purposes may agree to pay part or all of the premiums or charges for carrying such contract, raise money by taxation 13 therefor and appropriate out of its treasury money necessary 14 15 to pay such premiums or charges or portions thereof.

16 2. Like authority to make contracts of insurance and 17 appropriate out of its treasury, money necessary to pay such 18 premiums or charges or portions thereof, is granted to any 19 water district or other quasi-municipal corporation chartered 20 and organized as such under the laws of this State. Any such water district or other quasi-municipal corporation may pro-21 22 vide for the retirement and pensioning of its employees and 23 for such purpose may create and set aside out of its treasury 24 funds for a reserve or reserves, or it may contract with any 25 insurer authorized to transact such business within the 26 State and grant annuities for the retirement and pensioning 27 of its employees, and for such purposes may agree to pay a part or all of the premiums or annual charges for carrying 28 29 out such contracts or for creating such annuity reserves.

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1	§ 4502. Tax sheltered annuities for school employees
2	1. In order to extend to the employees of the school
3	administrative units of the State of Maine the benefits
4	of tax sheltered annuities available under the Internal
5	Revenue Code, it is declared to be the policy of the
6	Legislature that any school administrative unit may contract
7	with any insurer authorized to contract such business within
8	the State to grant an annuity for the pensioning of any
9	individual employed of such unit and for such purposes may
10	agree to pay part or all of the premiums or charges for
11	carrying such contracts, raise money by taxation therefor
12	and appropriate out of its treasury money necessary to pay
13	such premiums or charges or portions thereof.
14	2. It is the intent of the Legislature that employees
15	of school administrative units of the State of Maine shall
16	be extended the opportunity to share in the benefits of
17	tax sheltered annuities and all laws and regulations of
18	the State of Maine shall be construed liberally to enable
19	such employees to come within the Internal Revenue Code,
20	section 403(b) without loss to themselves, or to the school
21	administrative unit to which they belong, of any benefits,
22	subsidies or opportunities therefor that they might other-
23	wise be entitled to under the laws of the State of Maine.

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L	CHAPTER 65
2	UNCLAIMED FUNDS OF LIFE INSURERS
3	§ 4551. Short title
4	This chapter shall be known as the unclaimed funds act
5	of life insurers.
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7	§ 4552. Scope
8	This chapter shall apply to unclaimed funds, as defined
9	in section 4553 , of any life insurer doing business in this
10	State where the last-known address, according to the records
11	of the insurer, of the person entitled to the funds is within
12	this State; but if a person other than the insured or annuit-
13	ant is entitled to the funds and no address of such person
14	is known to the insurer, or if it is not definite and certain .
15	from the records of the insurer what person is entitled to the
16	funds, then in either event it shall be presumed for the pur-
17	poses of this chapter that the last-known address of the per-
18	son entitled to the funds is the same as the last-known ad-
19	dress of the insured or annuitant according to the records of
2 0	the insurer.
21	
22	§ 4553. Definitions
2 3	1. As used in this chapter:
24	A. "Life insurer" means any association or corporation,
25	including a fraternal benefit society as defined by section 410
26	of this Title, transacting within this State the business of
27	insurance on the lives of persons or insurance appertaining
28	thereto, including, but not by way of limitation, endowments
29	and annuities.
3 0	B. "Unclaimed funds" means all moneys held and owing by
31	any life insurer doing business in this State which shall have
32	remained unclaimed and unpaid for 7 years or more after it is

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or C. amounts representing claims which have been barred by the statute of limitations prior to such effective date.

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established from the records of the insurer that such moneys
 became due and payable under any life or endowment insurance
 policy or annuity contract which has matured or terminated.

2. A life insurance policy not matured by actual proof of the prior death of the insured shall be deemed to be matured and the proceeds thereof shall be "due and payable" within the meaning of this chapter if the policy is in force when the insured shall have attained the limiting age under the mortality table on which the reserve is based.

10 3. Moneys otherwise admittedly due and payable shall be 11 deemed to be "held and owing" within the meaning of this chap-12 ter although the policy or contract shall not have been sur-13 rendered as required.

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§ 4554. Reports

Every life insurer shall on or before May 1 of each 1. 16 year make to the commissioner a written report of all unclaimed 17 funds, as defined in section 4553, held and owing by it on 18 December 31 next preceding, but the report shall not be required 19 to include amounts of less than \$5 which on the effective date 20of-this Act shall have been unclaimed and unpaid for more than 21 10-years, or amounts which have been paid to another state or 22jurisdiction prior to the effective date of this Act; 23 2. The report shall be signed and sworn to by an officer $\mathbf{24}$ $\mathbf{25}$ of the insurer and shall set forth:

A. In alphabetical order, the full name of the insured or annuitant, his last-known address according to the insurer's records, and the policy or contract number.

B. The amount appearing from the insurer's records to bedue on the policy or contract.

31 C. The date the unclaimed funds became payable.
32 D. The name and last-known address of each beneficiary

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UNCLAIMED FUNDS

or other person who, according to the insurer's records, may have an interest in the unclaimed funds.

E. There of relace under The sach me, he reported in the appropriates.

E E Such other identifying information as the commissioner 3 4 may require.

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8 4555 . Notice of unclaimed funds; publication

7 1. On or before September 1 following the making of the 8 reports under section 4554, the commissioner shall cause to be published notices based on the information contained in the 9 10 reports and entitled "notice of certain unclaimed funds held and Owing by life insurance companies." Such a notice shall 11 12be published once a week for 2 successive weeks in a newspaper published or having a general circulation in each county of 13 14 this State in which is located the last-known address of a person appearing to be entitled to such funds. 15

16 2. Each notice shall set forth in alphabetical order the names of the insureds or annuitants under policies or 17 18 contracts where the last-known address of the person appearing to be entitled to such funds is in the county of publica-19 $\mathbf{20}$ tion or general circulation, together with:

21

The amount reported due and the date it became payable. Α. 22 Β. The name and last-known address of each beneficiary or other person who, according to the insurer's reports, may 23 24 have an interest in the unclaimed funds.

25

The name and address of the insurer. с.

26 3. The notice shall also state that the unclaimed funds 27 will be paid by the insurer to persons establishing to its 28 satisfaction before the following December 1 their right to receive the same, and that not later than the following 29 30 December 20 such unclaimed funds still remaining will be paid to the 31 commissioner who shall thereafter be liable for the payment 32thereof.

4. It shall not be obligatory upon the commissioner to
 publish any item of less than \$50 in such notice, unless the
 commissioner deems such publication to be in the public interest.
 5. The expenses of publication shall be charged against
 the special trust fund provided for in section 4559 of this
 6 Chapter.

8 § 4556. <u>Payment to commissioner</u> 9 1. All unclaimed funds contained in the report required 10 to be filed by section <u>4554</u>, excepting those which have ceased 11 to be unclaimed funds, shall be paid over to the commissioner 12 on or before the following December 20.

13 2. The commissioner shall have the power, for cause shown, 14 to extend for a period of not more than 1 year the time within 15 which a life insurer shall file any report and in such event 16 the time for publication and payment required by this chapter 17 shall be extended for a like period.

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§ 4557. Custody of unclaimed funds in State; insurers indemnified

Upon the payment of unclaimed funds to the commissioner, 20 21 the State shall assume, for the benefit of those entitled to receive the same and for the safety of the money so paid, the 22 23 custody of the unclaimed funds, and the life insurer making $\mathbf{24}$ such payment shall immediately and thereafter be relieved of $\mathbf{25}$ and held harmless by the State from any and all liability for any claim or claims which exist at such time with reference to 26 27 the unclaimed funds or which thereafter may be made or may come into existence on account of or in respect to any such 28 29 unclaimed funds.

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31 § 4558. Reimbursement for claims paid by insurers
32 Any life insurer which has paid moneys to the commissioner

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pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may make payment to any person appearing to such insurer to be entitled thereto, and upon proof of such payment the commissioner shall forthwith reimburse such insurer for such payment out of the special trust fund in his custody or, if the special trust fund shall be insufficient, out of the general fund of the State.

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§ 4559. Special trust fund; administration

9 Upon receipt of any unclaimed funds from life insurers by the commissioner, he shall pay forthwith three-fourths of the 10 amount thereof into the State Freasury for credit to the general 11 12 fund of the State for the use of the State. The remaining one-13 fourth shall be administered by him as a special trust fund for the purposes of this chapter, and deposited in the manner pro- $\mathbf{14}$ 15 vided by law for the deposit of such funds. At the end of each 16 calendar year, any unclaimed funds which shall have been a part of such special trust fund for a period of 7 years or more shall 17 18 be paid into the general fund of the State for the use of the 19 State, but the special trust fund shall never be so reduced to less than \$1,000. $\mathbf{20}$

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§ 4560. Determination and review of claims

Any person claiming to be entitled to unclaimed funds paid 23 $\mathbf{24}$ to the commissioner may file a claim at any time with the commissioner. The commissioner shall possess full authority to $\mathbf{25}$ $\mathbf{26}$ accept or reject any such claim. If he rejects a claim or 27 fails to act thereon within 90 days after receipt of the claim, 28 the claimant may make application to the Superior Court of 29 Kennebec County, upon not less than 30 days' notice to the 30 commissioner, for an order to show cause why he should not 31 accept and pay the claim.

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1 § 4561. Payment of allowed claims $\mathbf{2}$ Any claim which is accepted by the commissioner or ordered to be paid by him by a court of competent jurisdiction shall be 3 4 paid out of the special trust fund in his custody or, if such special trust fund shall be insuffient, it shall be paid out 5 6 of the general fund of the State. 7 § 4562. 8 Records required The commissioner shall keep in his office a public record 9 10 of each payment of unclaimed funds received by him from any life insurer. The record shall show in alphabetical order 11 12 the name and last-known address of each insured or annuitant, and of each beneficiary or other person who, according to the 13 insurer's reports, may have an interest in such unclaimed funds, 14 and with respect to each policy or contract, its number, the 15 name of the insurer and the amount due. 16 17 § 4563. Inapplicability of other statutes 18 No other statute of this State relating to escheat or 19 unclaimed funds in force on the effective date of this Act 20 shall apply to life insurers nor shall any such statute enacted 21 $\mathbf{22}$ after the effective date of this Act so apply unless specifically made applicable by its terms. 23 24



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1	CHAPTER 63
2	ROAD OF TOURIST SERVICE
3	§ 4701. Licensed companies only
4	No person shall perform or offer to perform in this State,
5	for a stipulated fee covering a certain period, any form of
6	road or other tourist service relating to the repair, opera-
7	tion and care of automobiles or to the protection and assist-
8	ance of automobile owners or drivers, other than licensed
9	insurers; or furnish or offer to furnish tourist service by
10	selling or offering to sell to any proprietor of any so-called
11	roadside house, motel or camp furnishing or offering to furnish
12	meals or lodging to the traveling public, any form of sign or
13	other insignia indicating that said roadside house, motel or
14	camp has been approved by any person, without being licensed
15	therefor by the commissioner.
16	
17	§ 4702. Licenses; fee
18	1. If the commissioner is of the opinion that an applicant
19	is reliable and entitled to confidence, such applicant shall
2 0	be granted a license to perform such road or other service in
2 1	this State, and the license shall expire on December 31st suc-
2 2	ceeding the date of issuance, but may be renewed annually there-
23	after so long as the commissioner regards the licensee as
24	financially responsible and entitled to confidence.
2 5	2. The applicant shall pay a license fee to the commissioner
2 6	as provided in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title.
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2 8	\$ 4703. Agents
2 9	No person, for himself or in behalf of any other person,
30	shall sell or offer to sell any such road or other service
31	without being licensed therefor by the commissioner.



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1	§ 4704 . Agent's license; fee
2	The commissioner shall grant a license to sell such ser-
3	vice in behalf of any person licensed therefor to any applicant
4	who shall furnish the commissioner with satisfactory evidence
5	of his integrity and authority to sell the service offered.
6	Such license, when granted, shall expire on December 31st there-
7	after, and annually thereafter may be renewed so long as the
8	commissioner shall be satisfied of the licensee's integrity,
9	authority and responsibility to provide the service stipulated.
10	The applicant shall pay a license fee to the commissioner as
11	provided in section 601 (fee schedule) of this Title.
12	
13	§ 4705. Revocation
14	The commissioner may revoke a license for cause, at any
15	time, after hearing.
16	
17	§ 4706. Penalties
18	Any person, firm, association or corporation, or any
19	officer, agent, servant or employee thereof, who shall violate
20	any of the provisions of this chapter shall be punished by a
21	fine of not more than \$300 or by imprisonment for not more
22	than 6 months, or by both.

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Sec. 2. R.S., T. 5, §86, amended. The 5th paragraph of section 86 of Title 5 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

For receiving, filing and recording copy of certificate of organization of a corporation organized under Title-13,-chapters-1-to-21 Title 24-A, \$5 in advance.

For receiving, filing and recording certificate of organization of officers of a proposed insurance company and issuing certificates of organization, \$20; for receiving and filing certificate of increase of capital stock of an insurance company, \$10.

For receiving, filing and recording certificate of officers of a proposed fraternal benefit society and issuing certificate of organization, \$5.

For filing power of attorney of a foreign corporation under #itle-13; section-591 Title 24-A, \$10; for filing instrument revoking such power of attorney, \$5; for filing copy of charter under #itle-13;-section-592 <u>Title 24-A</u>, \$10 additional; for filing certificate of increase or reduction of stock of a foreign corporation, \$10.

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Sec. 3. R.S., T. 5, § 121, amended. The 4th paragraph of section 121 of Title 5 of the Revised Statutes is repealed, as follows:

The-Freasurer-of-State-shall-receive-for-the-use-of-the-State:

For-each-certificate-of-securities-deposited-by-a-domestic-insurance company-under-Title-247-sections-321-and-3257--\$57-and-for-each-certificate granted-by-him-upon-change-of-such-securities7--\$57

For-services-required-of-him-in-case-of-proceedings-under-Title-24, section-328,-2%-of-the-amount-received-and-disbursed-by-him-

<u>Sec. 4. R. S., T. 9, § 3729, sub-§ 2, amended.</u> Subsection 2 of section 3729 of Title 9 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

2. Prohibited charges. No home repair contractor or any other person shall charge, collect or receive from any owner, directly or indirectly, any further or other amount for costs, charges, examination, appraisal service, brokerage, commission, interest, discount, expense, fee, fine, penalty, or other thing of value in connection with a home repair contract other than the charges permitted by this chapter, except court costs, attorney's fees, the expenses of retaking and storing repossessed goods which are authorized by law, and insurance premiums as authorized by Title 24-A, chapter 37, of the Revised Statutes.

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Sec. 5. R. S., T. 24, § 2301, sub-§ 1, amended. The last sentence of subsection 1 of section 2301 of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

The State, and county, city, town or other quasi-municipal corporation shall have the same right to contract with any corporation subject to this chapter as it may have under section-1701 Title 24-A, section 4501 with respect to insurance companies.

Sec. 6. R. S., T. 24, § 2301, sub-§ 5, additional. Section 2301 of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes is amended by adding thereto a new sub-

5. "Commissioner" defined. As used in this chapter "commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner of this State.

Sec. 7. R. S., T. 24, § 2305, amended. The first paragraph of section 2305 of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

The commissioner shall issue a license on payment of a fee as provided-in-section-3717-subsection-37 of \$20 if the applicant meets the following requirements:

Sec. 8. R. S., T. 24, § 2313, amended. The last paragraph of section 2313 of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

The applicant shall pay a license fee to the commissioner as-provided in-section-3717--subsection-3 of \$2.

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Sec. 9. R. S., T. 29, § 781, sub-§ 1, \mathcal{H} A, amended. The first sentence of paragraph A of subsection 1 of section 781 of Title 29 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

A. <u>Certificate</u>. "Certificate," the certificate of an insurance company authorized to transact the business specified in Title 24_7 <u>24-A</u>, that it has issued to or for the benefit of any person a motor vehicle liability policy covering the motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer involved in the accident as a result of which the action at law to recover damages referred to in section 783, subsection 2, was commenced as respects such accident; or the certificate of a surety company authorized to transact business under Title 24 <u>24-A</u> that it has issued to or for the benefit of any person a motor vehicle liability bond covering the motor vehicle, trailer or semi-trailer involved in the accident as a result of which the action at law to recover damages referred to in section 783, subsection 2, was commenced as respects such accident.

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Sec. 10. R. S., T. 36, § 2520, amended. The first sentence of section 2520 of Title 36 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

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Every attorney, agent or other representative by or through whom are issued policies or contracts of indemnity ef-the-kind-referred-to-in Fitle-247--chapter-77--subchapter-2 by a reciprocal insurer as identified in Title 24-A, chapter 5, in lieu of all other taxation, state, county or municipal, in this State, shall annually pay a tax at the rate of 2% on gross premiums or deposits actually received during the year after deducting amounts actually returned to policyholders as the unused part of such premium or deposit, or such part as may be credited on the renewal or extension of the indemnity. Sec. 11. PRepealing clause. The following chapters of Titles 13 and 24 of the Revised Statutes are repealed:

Title 13, chapter 89, as amended by section 41 of chapter 412 of the public laws of 1967; Title 24, chapter 1, as amended by section 5 of chapter 412 and section 18 of chapter 476, both of the public laws of 1967; chapter 3, as amended by chapter 467 of the public laws of 1965 and by chapter 92, section 1 of chapter 93; chapters 118, 196 and 381, all of the public laws of 1967; chapter 5, as amended by XEXXXXX chapter 163 of the public laws of 1965; chapter 7, as amended by section 6 of chapter 412 of the public laws of 1967; chapter 9, as amended by chapter 73 of the public laws of 1967; chapter 11; chapter 13, as amended section 5 of chapter 186 of the public laws of 1965; chapters 15 and 17; chapter 21, as amended by chapter 358 of the public laws of 1965 and by chapters 183, 185 and 379, all of the public laws of 1967; chapter 23; chapter 25, as amended by chapter 296 of the public laws of 1965 and by section 1 of chapter 131 and by chapter 350, both of the public laws of 1967; chapter 26, as enacted by chapter 111 of the public laws of 1965; chapter 27; and chapter 28; as enacted by chapter 124 of the public laws of 1965.

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CHAPTER 67

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

4901. Existing certificates of authority, continuation

Every certificate of authority of an insurer in force 4 immediately prior to the effective date of this Act and 5 existing under any law herein repealed shall be valid until 6 7 midnight of the last day of June next following such effective date, unless earlier terminated in accordance with this Act. 8 9 Such certificate of authority upon first renewal under this Act shall be replaced by a certificate of authority in form 10 as consistent with this Act, and shall thereafter be subject 11 to continuance, suspension, revocation, or termination as 12 though originally issued under this Act. 13

Sec. 13.

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992 Existing licenses, continuation

16 <u>1.</u> Every license of an agent, broker, surplus lines 17 broker, or adjuster in force immediately prior to the 18 effective date of this Act and existing under any law here-19 in repealed shall be valid until midnight of the date next 20 following the effective date of this Act as shown below, 21 unless earlier suspended, revoked, or terminated in accord-22 ance with this Act:

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A. Agent licenses, at midnight on June 30th.

24 в. Broker and surplus lines broker licenses, at midnight on December 31; unless any particular such license 25 would otherwise by its term expire earlier, and in which 26 27 case the old license shall be extended until such midnight on December 31 upon payment by the licensee to the commis-28 sioner of an applicable proportion of the license fee of a 29 30 full license year at the rate provided for in section 601 (fee schedule) of-this-Title. 31

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C. Adjuster licenses, at midnight on December 31st.

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S. 4905, Advisory boards; continuation

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Continuation by this Act of the advisory boards with respect to the licensing of agents and existing under any law repealed herein, preserves such boards and the tenures of the individuals serving as members thereof at the effective date of this Act. 1 2. The respective such licenses upon first renewal 2 under this Act shall be replaced by a license in form con-3 sistent with this Act, and shall thereafter be subject to 4 continuation, suspension, revocation, or termination as 5 though originally issued under this Act.

As 4003. Existing forms and filings

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Every form of insurance document and every rate 8 or other filing lawfully in use immediately prior to the 9 10 effective date of this Act may continue to be so used or 11 be effective until the commissioner otherwise prescribes pursuant to this Act; except, that before expiration of 12 13 one year from and after such effective date neither this Act nor the commissioner shall prohibit the use of any 14 15 such document, rate, or filing because of any power, pro-16 hibition, or requirement contained in this Act which did 17 not exist under laws in force immediately prior to such < **18** effective date.

Department, commissioner's tenure preserved

21 Continuation by this Act of the Insurance Department 22 and the office of Insurance Commissioner, existing under 23 any law repealed herein, preserves such department and 24 tenure of the individual holding such office at the effect-25 ive date of this Act.

27 Sec. 7. 5-4900- Continuation of deposits

Any deposit made in this State under any law repealed herein, with or through the department, or the commissioner, or the Treasurer of State, or by any insurer in compliance with a condition precedent to or in connection with its certificate of authority to transact insurance in this State,

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Cha 67 TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

or any other state or country, and so on deposit immediately 1 2 prior to the effective date of this Act, shall be given full recognition as fulfillment, to the extent of such deposit, 3 of any deposit so required for similar purposes under this 4 The deposit shall hereafter be held for the purpose 5 Act. 6 applicable thereto as specified in this Act, and shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of this Act appli-7 8 cable to similar deposits newly made under this Act.

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H905. "Chapter" defined

As used in this Act and except as otherwise required
by context, "chapter" means a particular numbered chapter
of this Act as indicated by context.

Any laws of Maine, other than this Act, remaining in force after the effective date of this Act which refer to certain provisions of law repealed under section 4912 of this Act, shall be deemed to refer to those provisions of this Act which are in substance the same or substantially the same as such repealed provisions.

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Dec. 17. Saving clause

This Act shall not impair or affect any act done, offense committed or right accruing, accrued, or acquired, or liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred, prior to the time this Act takes effect, but the same may be enjoyed, asserted, enforced, prosecuted or inflicted, as fully and to the same extent as if this Act had not been passed.

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4902 Constitutionality and severability

If any section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, 2 3 sentence, part or provision of this Act shall be found 4 to be invalid or ineffective by any court it shall be conclusively presumed that this Act would have been 5 6 passed by the Legislature without such invalid section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, sentence, part, or 7 - 8 provision, and this Act as a whole shall not be declared 9 invalid by reason of the fact that one or more sections, 10 subsections, subdivisions, paragraphs, sentences, parts 11 or provisions may be so found invalid.

Sic. 21. \$ 4910. Effective date

§ 4911 Reports

Except as otherwise expressly provided the respective
provisions of this Act, and this Act, shall be in full
force and effect on and after September 1, 1969.

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